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THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE

FROM JANUARY TO JUNE 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 1A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 15349A.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Anadi Nath Lahiri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 15350A.—The 21st December 1922.—Maulvi Siraj-ul Islam, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Khulna District.

No. 15374A.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Jiban Chandra Chatterji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is appointed to have charge of the Ranaghat subdivision of the Nadia district.

No. 15431A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Babu Annada Charan Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

No. 15435A.—The 23rd December 1922.—The services of Mr. Hem Kumar Neogi, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Jessore, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

No. 15439A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Maulvi Mir Hafizuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Chittagong Division. He is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 15442A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Babu Hemendra Nath Nandi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district.

No. 15463A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Mr. Jatindra Nath Roy, C.S.I., is appointed to be Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Department of Education.

POLICE.—No. 15370A.—The 21st December 1922.—The following probationary Assistant Superintendents of Police, who have been selected by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council and allotted to Bengal, are appointed by the Governor in Council to be Assistant District Superintendents of Police, for the purposes of the Police Act, 1861 (Act V of 1861), and are posted to the Police Training College at Sardah, Rajshahi, with effect from the dates on which they have joined :—

Mr. P. N. Jones.
" J. V. B. Janvrin.

Mr. E. B. Ellison.
" E. Springfield.

No. 15382A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. W. A. B. Price, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khulna, is transferred to the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the Tippera district and is appointed to have charge of the police work of that subdivision.

**Khulna-
Tippera.**

No. 15383A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. C. J. Minister, probationary Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bankura, is transferred to the Serajganj subdivision of the Pabna district and is appointed to have charge of the police work of that subdivision.

**Bankura-
Pabna.**

No. 15447A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Mr. E. Hodson, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Tippera, is appointed temporarily to act as Superintendent of Police of that district.

Tippera.

No. 15449A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Mr. W. E. Duckfield, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Brahmanbaria, Tippera, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional Superintendent of Police of that district.

Tippera.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 15372A.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Kanti Chandra Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ranaghat, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

Nadia.

No. 15392A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. Jnanankur, De, I.C.S., Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and eight days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 2nd November 1922.

Hooghly.

No. 15394A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. H. G. Blomfield, I.C.S., officiating Magistrate and Collector, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for four days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 19th December 1922.

Nadia.

No. 15429A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. R. N. Reid, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 17th November to the 3rd December 1922, inclusive (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit).

Rajshahi.

No. 15451A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Rai Jyotish Chandra Sen Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for one month under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th December 1922.

Dacca.

No. 15453A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector and Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Dacca Division, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days (on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental rules, with effect from the 14th December 1922.

Dacca Divn.

No. 15456A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Babu Bisweswar Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for three months under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the proviso thereunder, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 11th July 1922.

Dacca.

No. 15458A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Munshiganj, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay from the 27th November to the 23rd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Dacca.

POLICE.—No. 15354A.—The 21st December 1922.—Sir Reginald Clarke, Kt., C.I.E., Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed leave for twenty-eight months, with effect from the 15th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and seven days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Calcutta.

No. 15416A.—The 22nd December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 7th April 1922, Mr. G. W. Dixon, Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave from the 15th April 1922 to the 1st September 1923, viz. :—

- (1) Privilege leave from the 15th April 1922 to the 1st May 1922 under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations (New),
- (2) Furlough on average salary from the 2nd May 1922 to the 14th December 1922 under articles 316A and 301 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations (New), and
- (3) Ordinary furlough from the 15th December 1922 to the 1st September 1923 under articles 301 (b) and 316 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations (New).

No. 15461A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Mr. H. E. Hansen, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for four days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 19th December 1922.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2A.

POWERS.

No. 15349A.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Anadi Nath Lahiri, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Burdwan Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Burdwan Divn.

No. 15305A.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate, Rajshahi, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Rajshahi.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 9042J.—The 21st December 1922.—The services of Babu Ram Chandra Banarji, munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

Mymensingh.

No. 9045J.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Pankaj Nath Gupta, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Tangail, *vice* Babu Ram Chandra Banarji, or until further orders.

Mymensingh.

No. 9069J.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. F. K. Dobbin, Barrister-at-Law, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Chief Judge of the same court, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. Thornhill or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 9072J.—The 22nd December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Krishna Kumar Dhar Bhoomik, a member of the Mantail union board, in the Sadar south subdivision, in the district of Dacca, to be during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench, within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Mon Mohan Chakrabatti, resigned.

Dacca.

No. 9072J.—The 22nd December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Krishna Kumar Dhar Bhoomik, a member of the Mantail union board, in the Sadar south subdivision, in the district of Dacca, to be during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court, within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Mon Mohan Chakrabatti, resigned.

Dacca.

No. 9095J.—The 27th December 1922.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Berhampore Bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Murshidabad.

1. Babu Ramani Mohan Sen.

2. Babu Jogesh Charan Sen.

LEAVE.

No. 9054J.—The 21st December 1922.—In supersession of the orders contained in notification No. 8737J., dated the 7th December 1922, Babu Chittagong. Jagadish Chandra Sen, Subordinate Judge, under orders of transfer to Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules in extension of the leave already granted to him in notification No. 7321J., dated the 19th September 1922.

No. 9058J.—The 21st December 1922.—In supersession of the orders contained in notification No. 8055J., dated the 7th November 1922, Babu Maninath Nath Pasu, Subordinate Judge, is allowed leave on average pay from the 20th September 1922 to the 22nd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules in extension of the leave already granted to him in notification No. 7327J., dated the 20th September 1922.

No. 9066J.—The 22nd December 1922.—Dr. T. Thornhill, Barrister-at-Law, Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed leave for eight months and twenty-five days, with effect from the 14th January 1923, viz., furlough on double allowance for four months and ordinary furlough for the remaining period under rules 11A and 6 of the Statutory Rules under article 543, Civil Service Regulations, read with article 548 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 9085J.—The 23rd December 1922.—Babu Phanindra Mohan Chatarji, Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Dacca and Tippera, now employed at Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, with effect from the 11th December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

G. N. ROY.

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

No. 9047J.—The 21st December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards, mentioned below, during their term of office as such members, to be union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section :—

Names of the members of union boards to constitute union benches in the Sadar, Chandpur and Brahmanbaria subdivisions of the Tippera district :—

Sadar subdivision.		
Name of police-station.	Name of union board.	Names of members.
Chandina ...	Shuhilpur ...	1. Maulvi Abdur Rahaman. 2. Munshi Askor Ali Bhuiya. 3. Babu Nabin Chandra Das.
Chandina ...	Mahichail ...	1. Babu Rajani Kanta Kar. 2. Munshi Aftabuddin Bhuiya. 3. „ Jafar Ali.
Burichang ...	Shahebabad ...	1. Babu Upendra Chandra Deb. 2. „ Nagendra Chandra Bhattacharji. 3. Munshi Akamat Ali Bhuiya.
Burichang ...	Chandla ...	1. Maulvi Karim Bux Bhuiya. 2. „ Abdul Jabbar Bhuiya. 3. Babu Pravash Chandra De.
Kotwali ...	Jorekaran ...	1. Maulvi Mir Ahamed Chowdhury. 2. Munshi Halal Gazi Majumdar. 3. Babu Gagan Chandra Das Majumdar.
Daudkandi ...	Jagatpur ...	1. Pandav Chandra Nath Bhounic. 2. Munshi Abdul Aziz Sirkar. 3. „ Mahomed Sirkar.
Daudkandi ...	Mahammadpur ...	1. Babu Mahesh Chandra Dutta. 2. Munshi Syed Abdul Rahaman. 3. „ Mahamed Eusaf Ali Mian.
Chandpur subdivision.		
Chandpur ...	Bishnupur ...	1. Munshi Golam Mostapha Chowdhury. 2. „ Abdul Latif Chowdhury. 3. „ Wahed Baksha. 4. Babu Loke Nath Pal. 5. „ Prasanna Kumar Sirkar.
Do. ...	Hanar char ...	1. Munshi Abdul Kadir Mia. 2. „ Aminaddin Patari. 3. „ Nurazzaman Patari. 4. Babu Peary Mohan De.
Do. ...	Gazipur ...	1. Munshi Abdul Alim Chowdhury. 2. „ Jamiraddin Haoladar. 3. Babu Nirode Mohan Das Gupta.

Name of police-station.	Name of union board.	Names of members.
Matlab	Sadullapur	1. Munshi Ashraf Ali Mia. 2. „ Abdul Jabbar. 3. Babu Bharat Chandra Sarkar.
Do.	Durgapur	1. Munshi Muhammad Saaleque Chowdhury. 2. „ Muhammad Malessar Hosain Choudhury. 3. „ Muhammad Hosain Mia. 4. Babu Ram Dayal Majumdar.
Do.	Mohonpur	1. Munshi Nazimaddin. 2. „ Abdul Hamid. 3. „ Abdul Ghany. 4. Babu Prasanna Chandra Shaha.
Do.	Fatehpur	1. Munshi Delwar Ali Chowdhury. 2. „ Md. Azimuddin 3. „ Salimuddin Sarkar.
Do.	Char Kalia	1. Babu Mon Mohan Kukbuty. 2. Munshi Aftabuddin. 3. „ Safar Ali.
Hajiganj	Hajiganj	1. Babu Rup Chandra Saha. 2. „ Harish Chandra Shaha. 3. Munshi Mahamad Hasbim. 4. „ Kazi Abdul Wadud.
Do.	Toragar	1. Munshi Salamatulla Chowdhury. 2. „ Abdul Rahman Chowdhury. 3. Babu Abboy Charan Dutt.
Do.	Meher	1. Babu Sarada Charan Chakrabarty. 2. „ Sarat Chandra Dutta. 3. Maulvi Md. Khalilur Rahman. 4. Munshi Abdul Haque.
Faridganj	Rupsha	1. Maulvi Syed Md. Habibulla. 2. Munshi Abdur Reza Chowdhury. 3. „ Md. Muzaffar Hossain. 4. Babu Balaran Chakrabarty.
Kachua	Gohat	1. Maulvi Hamid Mia Patwari. 2. „ Samiraddin Ahmad. 3. Babu Rajani Kanta Majumdar. 4. „ Mahim Chandra Bhowmik.

Brahmanbaria subdivision.

Kasba	Mogra	1. Babu Peyari Charan Deb Barman. 2. „ Mohim Chandra Bhoumic. 3. „ Surendra Nath Ray.
Do.	Dharkhar	1. Babu Kamini Kumar Dutta. 2. „ Tarini Charan Gupta. 3. Munshi Abdul Nur Bhuiya.
Sarail	Chunta	1. Babu Protap Chandra Sen. 2. Munshi Erazuddin. 3. Babu Apurba Chandra Sen.
Nasirnagar	Bholakote	1. Babu Mohendra Chandra Gupta. 2. „ Krishna Dhan Saha. 3. Munshi Sundar Ali.
Do.	Chatalpur	1. Babu Nirode Ranjan Pal. 2. „ Lalit Mohan Roy. 3. Munshi Abdul Latif.
Bancharampur	Safullakandi	1. Babu Jogendra Chandra Dutta. 2. Munshi Hussamuddin. 3. „ Nawab Ali.
Brahmanbaria	Urshiara	1. Babu Manendra Lal Dutta. 2. Munshi Mendi Ali. 3. Babu Bipin Behari Bardhaq.
Nabinagar	Sadakpur	1. Babu Girish Chandra Rakshit. 2. „ Jogendra Mohan Chowdhury. 3. Maulvi Syed Isak Myan.
Do.	Bitghar	1. Babu Sashi Bhusan Roy Chowdhury. 2. „ Kamini Kumar Chakrabarty. 3. Munshi Swaduddin Chowdhury.

Name of police-station.	Name of union board.	Names of members.
Nabinagar ...	Natghar ...	{ 1. Babu Chandra Kishore Dutta. 2. „ Kalijay Sen. 3. Munshi Wazuddin.
Rasgillabad ...	Ibrahimpur ...	{ 1. Babu Birendra Kumar Banerji. 2. „ Ramesh Chandra Pal. 3. Munshi Mafuzzal Hossain.

G. N. ROY,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).***EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.****NOTIFICATIONS.****Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.**

No. 2712Edn.—*The 21st December 1922.*—Mr. E. F. Oaten, Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, was granted, by the High Commissioner for India, leave on average pay for four days in extension of the leave previously granted to him.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 2714Edn.—*The 21st December 1922.*—Dr. C. E. Cullis of the Indian Educational Service, on reversion to the Education Department, is appointed to be a Professor in the Bengal Engineering College, *vice* Mr. T. H. Richardson, appointed as Principal of that College, but will act until further orders as a Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. D. N. Mallik, retired.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 2717Edn.—*The 21st December 1922.*—Mr. Surendra Nath Maitra, Demonstrator in Physics, Presidency College, Calcutta, continues to act as a Professor, Bengal Engineering College, with effect from the 24th September to the 2nd December 1922, *vice* Mr. T. H. Richardson and from the 22nd December 1922, *vice* Dr. C. E. Cullis, on deputation, or until further orders.

S. W. GOODR,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).***Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.**

No. 584.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Babu Prafulla Krishna Ghosh, 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Naogaon, in the district of Rajshahi, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Sararhat, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 585.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Babu Rabatosh Sarkar, Sub-Registrar of Sararhat, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to be 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Naogaon, in the district of Rajshahi.

No. 586.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Babu Kalipada Basu Ray, Sub-Registrar, grade V (substantively *pro tempore*), Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Pakulla, in the district of Mymensingh, with effect from the afternoon of the 6th December 1922.

No. 587.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Maulvi Saiyid Dilwar Ali Mirza, Sub-Registrar grade V (substantively *pro tempore*), is allowed leave on average pay for ten days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 104 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, framed by the Local Government, with effect from the 13th December 1922.

No. 588.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Babu Prabhat Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar grade III of Khanjanpur, in the district of Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit) under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 589.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Maulvi Saiyid Ibrahim Ali, Sub-Registrar of Trishal, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Gobindaganj, in the district of Rangpur, with effect from the afternoon of the 26th November 1922.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3896 Mis.—The 21st December 1922.—In continuation of Notification No. 3631 Mis., dated the 4th December 1922, Babu Rajkumar Banerjee is declared to have passed the examination held in October 1922 for clerkships in the Lower Division of the clerical service of the Bengal Secretariat and attached offices.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6046 Com.—The 22nd December 1922.—Babu Kali Kumar Datta is appointed to act as Assistant Registrar for the Presidency of Bengal, under the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912 (V of 1912), and the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912 (VI of 1912), during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. C. Greenway, or until further orders.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 127 Marine.—The 21st December 1922.—The following draft rules which the Governor in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884 (VII of 1884), read with section 41 of the said Act, and Notification No. 1775, dated the 5th March 1921, issued thereunder by the Department of Commerce of the Government of India, intends to make to regulate the granting of certificates of competency to engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships having engines not exceeding 282 B. H.P., are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 3rd February 1923, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Draft Rules to regulate the grant of certificates of competency to engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships having engines not exceeding 282 B.H.P.

GENERAL RULES.

1. (1) Certificates of competency as engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships may be granted to such persons as pass the examinations to be held by examiners appointed for this purpose from time to time and as otherwise comply with the requisite conditions.
Certificates of competency granted to persons who pass requisite examinations.
- (2) Such examinations shall be held at the Port of Calcutta on such dates as may be fixed.
2. A candidate for examination must apply on the form prescribed for this purpose (Form Ex-3a) copies of which are obtainable at the Port Office. The form properly filled in, together with the candidate's certificate of discharge, testimonials and previous certificates, if any, must be lodged with the Port Officer not later than three days before the date of the examination at which the candidate is going to sit.
How to apply.
3. In addition to the usual certificates of discharge, a candidate shall be required to produce satisfactory testimonials as to his experience, ability, sobriety and general good conduct up to the period immediately preceding the date of his application.
Testimonials as to character.
4. (1) Testimonials as to workshop service, which must be signed by the employer, must testify to the candidate's ability and conduct, and state the nature of the work on which he was engaged, and the period of such service.
Testimonials as to service.

(2) Testimonials regarding service at sea must testify to the candidate's sobriety experience and ability and general good conduct for at least the last twelve months of such service, and must be signed by the Chief Engineer or by the Superintending Engineer who shall state clearly the periods, if any, during which the applicant was on regular watch and in regular charge of a watch on the main engines of a motor ship, dredger or tug.

5. The testimonials of service of British and foreign seamen serving in foreign vessels, which cannot be verified in the Port Office, must be confirmed either by the Consul of the country to which the ship in which the candidate served belonged, or by some other recognized official authority of that country, or by the testimony of some credible person having personal knowledge of the facts required to be established :

Foreign service.
Provided that the mere production of such proofs shall not necessarily be deemed sufficient, each case being decided on its merits, and that, if in any case the sufficiency of the proofs given appears to be doubtful, the point shall be referred to the local Government for orders.

6. Before a candidate is allowed to appear for examination the examiners shall satisfy themselves that there are no gaps in his service which are not properly accounted for.

Gaps in service.
7. If any doubt exists as to the age of a candidate, he may be required to produce a certificate of his birth or baptism.

Age.
8. Foreigners must prove to the satisfaction of the examiners that they can speak the English and Hindustani languages sufficiently well to perform the duties required of them on board a British vessel.

Foreigners must know English and Hindustani.
9. A candidate's testimonials and other papers will be returned to him when the examination is finished, and if he passes he will receive a form (Form 16) authorizing the Port Officer to whom it is addressed to issue the certificate.

Return of testimonials, etc.
10. Certificates of competency for engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships shall be made and issued by the local Government in the form hereunto annexed. Each certificate shall be made in duplicate, and one copy shall be delivered to the person entitled to the certificate and the other shall be kept and recorded by the Port Officer of Calcutta.

Issue of certificates.
11. If a candidate fails in his examination, he may not present himself for re-examination until he can produce proof of six months' further satisfactory service at sea, if the results of the examination showed that he might be expected to qualify in that time, or of such longer period of such service as may be determined by the examiners in case the examination results did not show this.

Failure
12. (1) A candidate for examination, when making his application on Form Ex-3a, will be required to pay the examination fee before any action is taken under these rules.

Fee to be paid.
(2) If it appears that the service of a candidate is not sufficient to entitle him to be examined, or that his testimonials are not satisfactory, he may be allowed to present himself again for examination without paying any further fee, when he has completed the requisite service, or is able to produce satisfactory testimonials as the case may be.

13. (1) Subject to the provisions of rule 12 the fee for each examination under these rules shall be fifteen rupees. This fee must be remitted with the application to the Port Officer at the Port Office.

Payment of fee and penalty for offering gratuity.
(2) If a candidate offers a gratuity to any servant of the department he shall be regarded as having committed an act of misconduct, and his candidature shall be rejected and he shall not be allowed to present himself for examination for a period of twelve months from the date of such rejection.

14. If a candidate fails in his examination, no part of the examination fee shall be returned to him.

Fee not to be returned on failure.

Qualifications.

15. A candidate for a certificate of competency as engine-driver of a sea-going motor ship must be not less than 22 years of age, and must possess one of the following qualifications, namely—

(a) he must have—

(i) served for not less than four years in India or a British Colony, or not less than three years in Europe, as an apprentice or journeyman in an engineering factory or workshop in the making, fitting and repairing of engines, and for not less than two years of such period he must have been employed in the making, fitting, and repairing of internal combustion engines ; and

- (d) served at sea for an additional period of not less than eighteen months in a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, other than a dredger or tug, having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., or of not less than three years in a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines as aforesaid, and throughout such period he must have been employed on regular watch on the main engines of such motor ship, dredger or tug :

Provided that workshop service of a character different from that specified in sub-clause (i) may, with the approval of—, be accepted in substitution for the same, if, in addition to the service so accepted and in addition to the service specified in sub-clause (i), the candidate is qualified by employment extending for not less than three months for each twelve months of the service accepted on marine internal combustion engines either in a workshop or on regular watch in the main engine room of a vessel propelled by such engines ; or

- (b) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than five years in the engine-room of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, of which period not less than three years must have been served as serang or principal tinal under a certificated engineer and not less than six months must have been served as a driver under a certificated engineer :

Provided that of the aforesaid periods of five and three years, periods not exceeding two and-a-half and one and-a-half years, respectively, may be served in a sea-going steam ship in lieu of in a motor ship ; or

- (c) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than one year on a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, other than a dredger or tug, having engines of not less than 170 B. H. P., or for a period of not less than two years on a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have been employed on regular watch on the engines of such motor ship, dredger or tug, and have held a certificate of competency as a first-class engine-driver under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as applied to motor-vessels ; or

- (d) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than two years on a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship other than a dredger or tug having engines of not less than 170 B. H. P., or for a period of not less than four years on a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have been employed on regular watch on the engines of such motor ship, dredger or tug, and have held a certificate of competency as a second-class engine-driver under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as applied to motor-vessels ; or

- (e) he must have served—

- (i) at sea for a period of not less than three years in the engine-room of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, of which period not less than two years must have been served as serang or principal tinal under a certificated engineer, and not less than one year must have been served as a driver under a certificated engineer ; and

- (ii) for an additional period of not less than one year in an engineering factory or workshop at the making, fitting and repairing of motor engines ; or

- (f) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than ten years in the engine-room of a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., not less than six years of which period must have been served as serang or principal tinal, and not less than one year as driver ; or

- (g) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than three years as engine-driver on regular watch on the main engines of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have held a certificate of competency under section 27 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884, as engine-driver of a steam-ship ; or,

- (h) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than four years as engine-driver on regular watch on the main engines of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have held a certificate of competency under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as a first-class engine-driver of an inland steam-vessel ; or

- (i) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than six years as engine-driver on regular watch on the main engines of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have held a certificate of competency under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as a second-class engine-driver of an inland steam-vessel.

Explanation—For the purposes of this Rule the expressions "home-trade ship" and "foreign-going ship" have the meanings respectively assigned to them in section 118 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859.

16. The candidate must satisfactorily pass a *viva voce* examination on the working of the various types of internal combustion engines and be able to name the principal parts of the machinery.

17. The candidate must know what attention is required by the various parts of the machinery; understand the use and management of the different valves, cocks, pipes and connections; and be familiar with the various methods of supplying air and fuel to the cylinders.

18. The candidate must be able to describe the chief causes which may make the engine difficult to start and to explain how he would proceed to remedy any defects connected therewith; he must also be able to show that he understands the mechanism of the starting and reversing arrangements and that he is competent to deal with defects therein.

19. The candidate must be able to overhaul the engine, to adjust the working parts and to put the engine together again in good working condition. He must also understand how to make good the result of ordinary wear and tear on the machinery and how to correct defects from accidents.

20. The candidate must be familiar with the nature and properties of the various fuel oils used in internal combustion engines. He must understand what is meant by "flash point."

21. The candidate must know the danger resulting from leakage from the fuel oil tanks and must understand the precautions to be taken against explosion. He must also be able to take the necessary precautions to guard against the escape of inflammable vapour from the vaporizer, when the engines are stopped. He must know how to deal with fire should it break out.

22. The candidate must possess a working knowledge of the management of auxiliary steam-boilers and machinery connected therewith, viz., electric light engines, steering engines, evaporators and pumps.

23. The candidate must also be able, if required, to show his practical knowledge by actually working the engines of a motor vessel in the presence of the examiner.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

Certificate of Competency as Engine-driver of a sea-going motor ship under Act VII of 1884

To

Whereas it has been reported to His Excellency the Governor in Council that you have been found duly qualified to fulfil the duties of engine-driver on a sea-going motor ship having engines of under 202 B. H. P., I do hereby, in pursuance of Act VII of 1884, grant you this Certificate of Competency.

By order of the Government of Bengal,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Given under my hand and seal this _____ day of _____ 192

No. of Certificate _____

Recd. _____, son of _____, by _____

Date and place of birth, showing village, thana and district _____

Residence, showing village, thana and district _____

Height _____

Personal description, stating particularly any permanent marks of scars _____

Signature _____

Any engine-driver who fails to deliver up a certificate which has been cancelled or suspended is liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 500.

* N.B.—Any person other than the owner thereof becoming possessed of this certificate is required to transmit it forthwith to the Port Officer, Calcutta.

Issued at Calcutta on the _____ day of _____ 192

[Signature]

Port Officer of Calcutta.

No. 129 Marine.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—Mr. G. B. Champness, Branch Pilot, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, leave on half average pay for six months on medical certificate in extension of the leave granted to him, under Bengal Government notification No. 33-Mne., dated the 16th March 1922.

No. 129 Marine.—*The 26th December 1922.*—Mr. P. Ridley, Senior Master Pilot, is granted leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and twenty-nine days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for four months, with effect from the 4th December 1922, under articles 81(h) (i) and 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 130 Marine.—*The 29th December 1922.*—Mr. A. J. May, O.B.E., Senior Master Pilot, is granted leave for twelve months, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (of which three months and fourteen days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th January 1923.

No. 131 Marine.—*The 29th December 1922.*—Captain G. D. Waller, Assistant Agent and Surveyor under the Agent for Government Consignments, Calcutta, officiating Agent, is appointed to be Agent for Government Consignments, with effect from the 5th January 1923, *vice* Commander H. J. Paterson, O.B.E., R.N.R. (retired), retired.

No. 132 Marine.—*The 29th December 1922.*—The following by-laws for the safe and convenient use of the Howrah bridge and approaches thereto, framed by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 7 and 13 of the Howrah Bridge Act, 1871 (Bengal Act IX of 1871), and which have been published in three consecutive issues of the *Calcutta Gazette* in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the said Act, are now approved by the Governor in Council in exercise of the powers vested in him by that section:—

By-laws for the safe and convenient use of the Howrah bridge.

1. In these by-laws, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "heavy motor-car" means a motor-car exceeding two tons in weight when unladen;

(b) "motor-omnibus" means a motor-vehicle (not being a motor-cab) which plies for hire and has seating accommodation for eight or more passengers;

(c) "motor-lorry" means a motor-vehicle which is ordinarily used for the carriage of goods;

(d) "trailer," means a vehicle drawn by a heavy motor-car;

(e) "axle-weight" means the aggregate weight transmitted to the surface of the road or other base whereon a heavy motor-car or trailer moves or rests by the several wheels attached to that axle when the car or trailer is laden;

(f) the expression "weight," when used in relation to a heavy motor-car or trailer, means—

(i) when the car or trailer is unladen—the weight of the vehicle, including all parts, equipments, stores, fuel, water and accumulators which are necessary for, or are ordinarily used with, the car or trailer when working, provided that, where alternative parts or bodies are used, the heaviest shall be taken for the purpose of calculating the weight, and

(ii) when the car or trailer is laden—its weight when unladen plus its full lawful load, including the weight of the driver;

(g) "vehicle" shall include any locomotive, automobile, tram-car, carriage, cart, van, dray, truck, hand-cart, bicycle, tricycle, motor-cycle or other wheeled conveyance of any description capable of being used on the streets.

2. No road-roller, heavy motor-car, motor-omnibus, motor-lorry or trailer, not in possession of a subsisting pass issued in that behalf by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, shall be allowed to cross the bridge.

3. No road-roller, heavy motor-car, motor-omnibus, motor-lorry or trailer, having an axle-weight greater than 5 tons, or a weight per wheel greater than 2½ tons, shall be allowed to cross the bridge unless under special license, on conditions to be laid down in each case by the Chief Engineer of the Commissioners.

4. No truck, cart, van, lorry or other heavy conveyance, the axle-weight of which in the opinion of the officer in charge of the bridge exceeds those mentioned in rule 3, shall be allowed to cross the bridge.

5. If required by a police-officer or a servant of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, all vehicles shall stop for examination before they enter the bridge approaches.

6. If required by a police-officer or a servant of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, passes and licenses shall be produced for inspection before any vehicle of the description mentioned in rules 2 and 3, or any vehicle carrying dangerous substances, is allowed to enter, or while any such vehicle is upon the bridge, or its approaches.

7. The officer in charge of the bridge may, at his discretion, prohibit any vehicle from crossing the bridge at or about the time of high or low water.

8. An interval of not less than one hundred feet shall be kept between two vehicles, the total axle-weights of which exceed 2 tons, when passing over the bridge in the same direction. Such vehicles shall not proceed at a speed greater than 5 miles per hour. The driver of the rear vehicle shall keep the interval prescribed in this by-law.

9. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall be punishable with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees and to a daily fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day after notice of such infringement shall have been given by or on behalf of the Governor of Bengal in Council to the person guilty of such infringement.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATION.

FISHERIES.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 6237 Fish.—The 22nd December 1922.—Mr. R. S. Finlow, officiating Director of Agriculture, Bengal, is appointed to act as Director of Fisheries, Bengal, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 17th October 1922.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 14032A.—The 20th December 1922.—Babu Devendra Nath Mitra, District Agricultural Officer, on leave, is posted at Faridpur, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 14033A.—The 20th December 1922.—Babu Shishir Kumar Das Gupta, District Agricultural Officer, Faridpur, is appointed to be District Agricultural Officer, Midnapore, vice Babu Manindra Nath Dutt, on leave.

No. 14165A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Babu Manindra Nath Dutt, District Agricultural Officer, Midnapore, is granted leave on average salary for two months, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

He is permitted to prefix Xmas holidays to his leave.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Industries, Bengal.

It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Khetra Mohan Roy, a member of the District Board of Tipperah, has been appointed a member of the Managing Committee of the Mainamati Survey School, Comilla, constituted under Government Order No. 4592, dated the 1st December 1921, vice Babu Annukul Chandra Ray, deceased.

D. B. MERR,

Director of Industries, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 11176 L.R.—The 21st December 1922.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880 (Bengal Act V of 1880), and section 2 of the Bengal Vaccination (Amendment) Act, 1911 (Bengal Act II of 1911), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare his intention to extend the said Acts to the area administered by the District Board of Darjeeling.

2. If any inhabitant of the said area objects to the extension of the aforesaid Acts thereto he may send his objection in writing to the undersigned within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and the same will be taken into consideration.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11240 L.A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bakarganj for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Badura khal to Amua done in the villages of Napitkhali, West Jorkhali, Chhota Harji, Kharghatichora and Debatra, pargana Saidpur, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17.46 acres, extending over two miles running west to east of uniform breadth of 65 feet, commencing from cadastral survey plots Nos. 567 and 568 of revenue survey manza No. 3486, Napitkhali, terminating in the Amua done, is required within the aforesaid villages of Napitkhali, West Jorkhali, Chhota Harji, Kharghatichora and Debatra.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bakarganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11241 L.A.—The 22nd December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for additional loco water-supply at Ondal station in the village of Baksa, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 bighas, 15 cottahs, 4 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 3.56 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Jagadananda Goswami, Bistu Das, Hrishikesh Sarkar, Dakhyabala Debi, Bholanath Mondal and Gokulananda Goswami,

East—By the lands of the East Indian Railway Company, Gobinda Mondal, Dakhyabala Debi and the river Damodar,

South—By the lands of Gobinda Mondal, Jagadananda Goswami and the river Damodar,

West—By the lands of Gokulananda Goswami, Dakhyabala Debi, Surya Mondal, Raman Mondal, Rakhal Mondal, Gobinda Mondal and the river Damodar,

is required within the aforesaid village of Baksa.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11261 L.A.—The 23rd December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a Mining Lecture Hall at Raniganj in the village of Kuar-Ramchandrapur, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.226 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the E. I. Railway compound and Bengal Coal Company's khas lands,

East—By the Roman Catholic Church compound and Bengal Coal Company's khas lands,

South—By the Bengal Coal Company's khas patit land,

West—By the Bengal Coal Company's private foot track,

is required within the aforesaid village of Kuar-Ramchandrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Burdwan.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11263 L.A.—The 27th December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for extension of the Bidyadhari spill operations and the conservancy of the Bidyadhari river in the village of Dhappamanpur, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4,241.3223 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the Government land,

East—By Paran Chaprasi's khal,

South—By Paran Chaprasi's khal and the Bidyadhari (Central lake channel), and

West—By the Bidyadhari (Central lake channel) and New Cut Canal and Government land,

is required within the aforesaid village of Dhappamanpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the offices of the Executive Engineer, Canals Division, and Chief Engineer, Grand Trunk Canal Project.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11264 L.A.—The 28th December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Budge-Budge Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for Budge-Budge Flood flush scheme, in the village of Nandarampore, pargana Balia, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 0.2646 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT A:

North—By the land of Debendra Nath Datta,

East—By public passage,

South—By the land of District Board, and

West—By public drain No. 3,

PLOT B:

North—By the lands of Preonath Adhikari and Panna Lall Sirkar and by public drain No. 2,

East—By the land of Preonath Adhikari,

South—By the land of Preonath Adhikari and by public drain No. 3, and

West—By the land of Preonath Adhikari and Panna Lall Sirkar,

are required within the aforesaid village of Nandarampore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, Bengal.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11266 L.A.—The 28th December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Amtallahat station, Kalighat-Falta Railway, in the villages of Kriparampur and Kristarampur, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6·8871 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Nirajan Bose and Kamal Kristo Mondal and others,

East—By the land of Kamal Kristo Mondal and others,

South—By the land of Radha Kristo Kar and Kamal Kristo Mondal and others,

West—By the land of Kalighat-Falta Railway,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Kriparampur and Kristarampur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the General Manager and Chief Engineer, Kalighat-Falta Railway.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11267 L.A.—The 28th December 1922.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the play ground of the Gulhatia High English School, in the village of Gulhatia, pargana Fatehsing, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, ·70 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By Gulhatia H. E. School building,

East—By a nala,

South—By a plot of land belonging to the school,

West—By Local Board road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Gulhatia, police-station Bharatpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Kandi.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Controller of the Currency.

In continuation of this office notification, dated the 20th November 1922, it is notified that the rate at which contributions to the Indian Civil Service and Indian Military Service Family Pension Funds and the Indian Military Widows' and Orphans Funds are recoverable during the month of January 1923 is 1s. 4d. the rupee. *This rate also applies to the payment of leave salaries, pensions, and annuities fixed in sterling.*

2. The percentage admissible as Exchange Compensation Allowance on salary paid during the same month is Rs. 6·4 per Rs. 100. The allowance is subject to the maximum of Rs. 138·14.

A. C. MCWATTERS,

Controller of the Currency.

THE TREASURY, CALCUTTA, the 20th December 1922.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.**CIVIL.***The 21st December 1922.*

No. 8779A.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif, under orders of transfer to Patuakhali in the district of Bakarganj, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Patuakhali munsifi.

No. 8787A.—Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharji, officiating Subordinate Judge of Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Jessore.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL.*The 21st December 1922.*

No. 8790A.—Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharyya, officiating Subordinate Judge of Jessore, is appointed to be a District Delegate, under section 235-A, of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865), and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Jessore.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Registrar.

Dates of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Criminal Sessions for the year 1923.

No. of Sessions.	Day of the week	Date.
First Sessions	... Monday	... February 12.
Second Sessions	... Do.	... April 30.
Third Sessions	... Do.	... June 18.

Dates of the 4th and 5th Criminal Sessions will be notified hereafter.

By order,

O. MOSES,
Clerk of the Crown.

HIGH COURT, CROWN OFFICE, the 20th December 1922.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given under Act IX of 1887 that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Dacca and Munshiganj, will, in the month of February 1923, sit in the Courts on the undermentioned dates.

For February 1923.

For Munshiganj Small Cause Court	... From 19th to 24th February 1923.
For Dacca Small Cause Court	... The rest of the working days of the month.

J. C. GOSWAMI, Judge.

DACCA, the 21st December 1922.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3918J.G.—Babu Narendra Nath Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Ghatal in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Babu Nirmal Kumar Sen.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5007J.—Mr. Alexander Jitendra Lal Mitter, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bogra district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3966J.G.—Babu Anadi Nath Lahiri, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Howrah.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5001J.—Babu Surendra Nath Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to the Nilphamari subdivision of the Rangpur district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5012J.—Babu Rajendra Chandra Sen and Babu Sarashi Mohan Das Gupta, probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors, employed on flood relief work, Naogaon, in the district of Rajshahi, are transferred to the headquarters station of the Rangpur district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 421R.G.—Maulvi Abdul Gaffur (No. II), Sub-Deputy Collector, Murshidabad Sadar, is transferred to the Baraset subdivision of the district of the 24-Parganas.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4791G.—Babu Kailaspati Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, posted to the Chittagong Division by Government notification No. 15179A., dated the 18th December 1922, is posted to headquarters station of the Chittagong district.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3941J.G.—Babu Makhan Lal Banerjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Pibla Circle in the district of Midnapore.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 21st December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5019J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—
Rai Nilmani Ghatak Bahadur, M.L.C.,
Maulvi Shah Mohammad Chowdhury, M.L.C.,
Babu Pramathanath De, L.M.S., and
Khan Sahib Maulvi Kader Baksh, B.L.,
are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Malda Jail for a term of two years.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 22nd December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1629M.—It is hereby notified for general information that in the bye-election held on the 25th November 1922 in Ward II of the Kalna Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, Babu Mathura Mohan Ganguli was duly elected as a Commissioner in place of Babu Jyotindra Nath Basu Mullick, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 20th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1644M.—It is hereby notified for general information that in the bye-election held on the 16th December 1922 in ward II of the Serampore Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, Babu Kanai Lal Goswami was duly elected as a Commissioner in place of Babu Radhica Lal Gossain, resigned.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 24th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3077L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election, by the members of the Ghatal Local Board, of Babu Mohini Mohan Das as their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 20th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3080L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election, by the members of the Midnapore Sadar Local Board, of Babu Upendra Nath Maity as their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 20th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7925J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under the proviso to section 19(1) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, Munshi Md. Janabali is appointed to be a member of the Narayanganj Local Board, Dacca, *vice* Maulvi Abul Hasnat Ahmed, removed.

A. N. MODERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACC DIVN., DACC, *the 21st December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2696M.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 11 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (III of 1885) as amended by Act V (B. C.) of 1908, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the marginally named local boards in the district of Rajshahi :—

Rajshahi.
Nator.
Naogaon.

Name of Local Board.

Names of members.

Sadar

1. The Circle Officer, Rajshahi Sadar, *ex-officio*.
2. Munshi Muhammad Yusuf Ali.
3. Haji Osman Ghani.
4. Maulvi Mir Mansur Ali.
5. Munshi Muhammad Sadaruddin.
6. Babu Kumud Nath Dutt.

Nator

1. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Ersad Ali Khan Choudhury.
2. Munshi Muhammad Ananda Sarkar.
3. Maulvi Fasil Alam Khan Choudhury.
4. The Inspector of Police, *ex-officio*.
5. Babu Sures Chandra Chakravarty.

Naogaon

1. Maulvi Tarif Mahammad.
2. " Mahammad Azimuddin.
3. " Maniruddin Akanda.
4. Munshi Rahimuddin.
5. The Inspector of Police, *ex-officio*.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.COMM'R'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 21st December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3071L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election, by the members of the Tamluk local board, of Babu Bankim Chandra Bhowmik as their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.COMM'R'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 20th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3083L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election, by the members of the Jhargram local board, of Babu Abinash Chandra Sen Gupta as their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.COMM'R'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 20th December 1922.*

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election for the election of a member for the Chatmohor thana to the Pabna Local Board in place of Babu Jogendra Nath Maitra, resigned, will be held on Tuesday, the 13th February 1923.

This supersedes the notification dated the 22nd November 1922.

H. QUINTON, *Magistrate*.MAGISTRATE'S OFFICE, PABNA, *the 19th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3111L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Nalini Nath Mallick has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. 1 of the Khalna union board in Amta police-station in the Uluberia subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.COMM'R'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 23rd December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 48176-VI-4.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Munshi Misirali Kazi to be a duly elected member of the Mohanpur union board, police-station Matlabganj, in the Tippera district, *vice* Munshi Ali Ekabbar Kazi, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 23rd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3116L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Hari Pada Bhattacharjya has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. III of the Khajurdihi union board in Katwa police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Hari Pada Banerjee, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 24th December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 113L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, read with paragraph 2 of Government notification No. 1715L.S.-G., dated the 15th July 1918, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Noda union committee in thana Noda in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Murshidabad :—

Ward No.	Names of persons elected.
I ...	{ 1. Babu Girindra Nath Biswas. 2. Munshi Khodabux Biswas.
II ...	{ 3. Babu Lalbehari Mandal. 4. Munshi Sarfaraz Khan.
III ...	{ 5. Babu Durgadas Biswas. 6. „ Rakhasdas Bhattacharjee.

2. In exercise of the power conferred on me by paragraph 2 of the above quoted Government notification issued under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid Noda union committee :—

1. Babu Pandav Nath Mandal.
2. Munshi Imanali Mir.
3. „ Jemadar Biswas.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 114L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, read with paragraph 2 of Government notification No. 351T.—L.S.-G., dated the 23rd May 1918, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Jellinghi union committee in thana Dumkal in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Murshidabad :—

Ward No.	Names of persons elected.
I ...	1. Munshi Hamejuddin Sarkar.
II ...	2. Babu Radha Ballav Mandal.
III ...	{ 3. Babu Sashi Bhusan Majumdar. 4. „ Rajkrishna Nandi. 5. Munshi Golapuddin Sarkar.
IV ...	6. Babu Krishna Chandra Sarkar.

2. In exercise of the power conferred on me by paragraph 2 of the above quoted Government notification issued under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid Jellinghi union committee:—

1. Munshi Mobarak Hossain.
2. „ Haru-uddin Mandal.
3. Babu Kalipada Pal.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 115L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, read with paragraph 2 of Government notification No. 1292L.S.-G., dated the 10th June 1918, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Patkabari union committee in thana Nouda in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Murshidabad:—

Ward No.	Names of persons elected.
I ...	1. Muhammad Mohsin-ur-Reza <i>alias</i> Raja Mian.
II ...	2. Babu Bholanath Banerjee.
III ...	3. „ Upendra Nath Dutt.
IV ...	4. E. P. W. Nichol, Esq.
	5. Babu Manmatha Nath Dutt.
	6. „ Sasadhar Biswas.

2. In exercise of the power conferred on me by paragraph 2 of the above quoted Government notification issued under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid Patkabari union committee:—

1. Kazi Makbal Hossain.
2. Munshi Khojbar Hossain.
3. „ Fakir Muhammad Biswas.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4763J.—Undersection 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Babu Hari Charan Sarma to be a member of the Bhosania union board, police-station Hcmna in the district of Tippera, *vice* Babu Ramdayal Sarma, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 21st December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 112L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Dispensary Rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the dispensary at Chowberia, in the Bongaon subdivision of the Jessore district:—

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Subdivisional Officer, Bongaon | ... <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. Babu Jogendra Nath Ray. | |
| 3. „ Bana Behari Chatterji. | |
| 4. „ Pasupati Nath Ghose. | |
| 5. „ Atal Behari Mitra. | |
| 6. Munshi Rabbani Mondal. | |
| 7. Babu Haripada Saksi. | |
| 8. „ Nagendra Nath Mukherji. | |
| 9. „ Lalit Mohan Ray. | |

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd December 1922.

THE following gentlemen have been elected and appointed members of the Committee for the management of the Collegiate School, Chittagong, under rule 3 of the rules for the managing committees of Government High English schools :—

- | | | |
|---|-----|---|
| 1. The District Magistrate, Chittagong | ... | President. |
| 2. The Head Master of the school | ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. Maulvi Abdul Mannan, M.A., B.T. | ... | Elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| 4. Rai Satish Chandra Sen Bahadur, B.L. | | |
| 5. Maulvi Syed Magbul Hossain, B.L. | | |
| 6. Mr. S. C. Ghatak | ... | Sadar Subdivisional Officer. |

H. C. GHOSE, for *Magistrate*.

CHITTAGONG, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2718M.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (2) of section 139 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), as amended by Act I of 1914, I confirm the following by-law framed by the District Board of Malda under clause (1) of the said section :—

Any person having possession of or control over any land or water on which there exists any water-hyacinth shall, if so required by a notice in writing signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the District Board, a Local Board or a Union Committee, destroy such water-hyacinth to the satisfaction of the District Board, Local Board or Union Committee, respectively, within the period (not less than seven days) mentioned in such notice, provided that such notice (a) shall be issued simultaneously for the whole of an area to be specified by the District Board, a Local Board or a Union Committee and (b) shall not be issued oftener than once a year. Non-compliance with the notice will be punished with a fine of Rs. 50 plus a fine of Rs. 5 only for each day of default.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 22nd December 1922.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

No. 15884F.—*The 22nd December 1922.*—The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, is republished for general information :—

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 1414-C.S.R., dated Delhi, the 20th December 1922.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance Department.

THE Secretary of State in Council has been pleased to approve under Section 96-B. of the Government of India, the amendment of Fundamental Rule 81 by the omission from the third sub-paragraph of sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) of the words "*plus one year*". As the inclusion of these words may have influenced the acceptance of the new rules by officers subject to the ordinary leave rules, it has been decided to give such officers the option of electing within three months from the date of this resolution to revert to the rules by which they were previously governed. Leave on average pay already granted in excess of the amount which will be admissible under the rule as now amended is allowed to stand.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Examination of candidates for Mukhtarship in mufassil courts subordinate to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

The examination of candidates for Mukhtarship will be held at Calcutta, Gauhat and Sylhet on the 30th and 31st March next.

The examination of candidates for Calcutta will take place in the Senate House of the Calcutta University.

One paper will be set each day for Mukhtarship candidates from 2-30 P.M. to 5-30 P.M., on the 30th and 31st March 1923.

In no circumstances will any candidate be admitted to the examination after these hours.

The candidates will be required to produce at the examination the extracts from the register which will be furnished to them by the District Judges through whom the applications have been sent to the Committee of Legal Education.

No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room with any memoranda or loose paper of any description (with the exception of extracts).

All writing materials will be provided, with the exception of pens, which the candidates must bring with them.

N. EDGLEY, *Secretary,*

Committee of Legal Education, High Court.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION No. 2337C.

THE Senate will shortly proceed to make an appointment to the ~~Mathematics~~ Chair of Mathematics, recently vacated by Dr. C. E. Cullis. The salary is Rs. 12,000 a year and the appointment is likely to be made in the first instance for a term of three years. Candidates are requested to send their applications (with copies of testimonials, if any), to the Registrar, on or before the 31st January 1923; a statement of (a) academic qualifications, (b) teaching experience and (c) original contributions, should be forwarded at the same time.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 23rd December 1922.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby announced for general information that Contal, in the District of Midnapore, is created a centre for holding the Matriculation Examination, 1923.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,
N. SEN, *Controller of Examinations (offg.)*.

SENATE HOUSE, the 23rd December 1922.

Result of the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination, 1922.

THE undermentioned girls are awarded Middle Vernacular Scholarships with effect from 1st January 1923. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 4 a month and it is tenable for two years in high and middle English schools and training classes and training schools:—

Name of scholar.	Name of school from which the candidate appeared.	Where the scholarship is made tenable.
DACCA DIVISION.		
1. Saibali Das	... Orphanage and Boarding School, Mymensingh	... High School, Barrackpore.
2. Saudamini Ghosh	... Ditto	... Ditto.
3. Pratiba Sen	... Government Girls' School, Faridpur	... Government M. E. Girls' School, Faridpur.
4. Usharani Sen	... Ditto	... Ditto.
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.		
1. Mayalota Devi	... Boalia Mission Girls' School, Rajshahi	... Bethune College, Calcutta.
2. Ushabala Dobi	... Sarala M. V. Girls' School, Kurigram	... Vidyamoyee High School, Mymensingh.

M. V. IRONS, *Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.*

DACCA, the 20th December 1922.

Result of the Middle English Scholarship Examination, 1922.

THE undermentioned girls are awarded Middle English Scholarships, with effect from 1st January 1923. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 5 a month and it is tenable for four years in a High English School:—

No.	Name.	School from which the candidate appeared.	School at which the scholarship will be tenable.
DACCA DIVISION.			
1	Jyotiprava Das Gupta	... Donovan Girls' School, Madaripur	... Eden High School, Dacca.
2	Kamalini Dewri	... Baptist Mission Girls' School, Barisal.	... United Missionary High School, Calcutta.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.			
1	Kamala Bhattacharjee	... Faiznessa Girls' School, Comilla	... Dr. Khastagir's H. E. School Chittagong.
2	Rangamayi Dhar	... Ditto	... Ditto
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.			
1	Hemnalini Das	... V. M. Girls' School, Bogra	... Eden High School, Dacca.
2	Annapurna Sen	... Ditto	... Nil.
3	Narmadabala Roy	... M. E. Girls' School, Dinajpur	... Bethune School, Calcutta.
4	Bibhabati Roy	... Ditto	... Ditto.
5	Hanuda Banoo	... M. E. Girls' School, Pabna	... Brahmo Girls' School, Calcutta.
6	Flora Singh	... Scots Mission Girls' M. E. School, Kurseong	... Diocesan Girls' H. E. School, Calcutta.

M. V. IRONS, *Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.*

DACCA, the 20th December 1922.

DACC A DIVISION.

Result of the Upper Primary Scholarship Examination, 1922.

Upper Primary Scholarships of Rs. 8, tenable for two years from 1st January 1923

DACC A DISTRICT.

Sadar subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

Name of scholar.	Name of school.	Tenable at—
1 Dhirendra Kumar Sarkar	... Bhringaraj Tokebari U.P.	... Baliadi M.E.
2 Kudrat Ali Bepari	... Targaon U.P.	... Kapasia Board M.E.

Narayanganj subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Akhil Chandra Saha	... Bhirindha U.P.	... Kaliganj H.E.
2 Anil Bhushan Shom	... Adharia U.P.	... Narayanganj H.E.

Munshiganj subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Sachinandan Das Babaji	... Rajabari U.P.	... Siddheswari H.E.
2 Nrietya Gopal Kunda	... Ditto	... Ditto.

Masikganj subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Hira Lal Shaha	... Sherpur U.P.	... Hili M.E. (Bogra).
2 Durga Mohan Poddar	... Matlabpur U.P.	... Rowile H.E.

Special scholarships for Muhammadans for the whole district (3).

1 Serajul Haq	... Parabo U.P.	... Kaliganj H.E.
2 Mofazzal Ali Khan	... Bhirindha U.P.	... Ditto.
3 Abed Ali	... Baraipara U.P.	... Baradi H.E.

MYMENSINGH DISTRICT.

Sadar subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Sudhir Chandra Devanath	... Boara U.P.	... Dhalla H.E.
2 Md. Ali Jlyder	... Town Pathsala U.P.	... Mymensingh Zilla.

Tangail subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Monindra Mohan De Sarkar	... Nalsonda U.P.	... Maisamura H.E.
2 Ehsanuddin Khan	... Koyla U.P.	... Pakutia H.E.

Jamalpur subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Md. Yunus Ali	... Basur Alga U.P.	... Chandrakona H.E.
2 „ Altaf Ali	... Jamalpur Practising U.P.	... Jamalpur H.E.

Keshorganj subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Mofazzuddin Bhuyan	... Asutia U.P.	... Gafargaon H.E.
2 Abdur Rahman	... Bin Kasimnagar U.P.	... Agarpur Circle.

Netrokona subdivision—Open scholarship (1).

1 Sita Nath Shaha	... Shaldigha U.P.	... Jahangirpur M.E.
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Special scholarships for Muhammadans for the whole district (3).

1 Moksed Ali	... Nalsonda U.P.	... Taggail B.B. H.E.
2 Md. Javed Ali	... Basur Alga U.P.	... Narayankhola J.M.
3 Shaikh Mongal	... Dighirpar U.P.	... Bajatpur H.E.

FARIDPUR DISTRICT.**Sadar subdivision—Open scholarships (3)**

Name of scholar.	Name of school.	Tenable at -
1 Ramlul Mazumdar	... Gauradi U.P.	... Gopalganj H.E.
2 Nirma Chandra Poddar	... Khash Kandi Board U.P.	... Faridpur M.E.
3 Panchanan Ghosh	... Maslandapur Board U.P.	... Bagat M.E.

Goalundo subdivision—Open scholarship (1).

1 Rahmat Ali Biswas	... Larua U.P.	... Baliakandi H.E.
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Madaripur subdivision—Open scholarships (4).

1 Gopal Chandra Das	... Kalargaon U. P.	... Kartikpur H. E.
2 Panchanan Sikdar	... East Gobra U. P.	... S. N. Academy, Gopal- ganj.
3 Surendra Mohan Paramanik	... Gopalganj U. P.	... Ishikpur M. E.
4 Anath Bandhu Malo	... East Gobra U. P.	... S. N. Academy, Gopal- ganj.

Special scholarships for Muhammadans for the whole district (2).

1 Essam Ali Shaikh	... Ramkol Board U. P.	... Bagduli M. E.
2 Abdul Jali Mian	... Shaikhpara U. P.	... Shibchar H. E.

BAKARGANJ DISTRICT.**Sadar subdivision—Open scholarships (2).**

1 Mahendra Lal Das	... Helencha U. P.	... Kalashkati H. E.
2 Amrita Lal Bandopadhyay	... Jhalakati U. P.	... Jhalakati Government H. E.

Bhola subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Zainul Abedin	... Medua Practising U. P.	... Tobgi Circle M. V.
2 Tafazzal Haque	... Shahapur U. P.	... Ditto.

Perojpur subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Abdul Matalab	... Chalitabari U. P.	... Buchiakati M. M.
2 Ramesh Chandra Do	... Lakhakati U. P.	... Perojpur Government H. E.

Patuakhali subdivision—Open scholarships (2).

1 Upendra Nath Ray	... W. Gaurabdi U. P.	... Patuakhali H. E.
2 Sahadat Ali	... N. Muradin U. P.	... Sebakati M. V.

Special scholarships for Muhammadans for the whole district (3).

1 Abdul Latif Taluqdar	... Jhalakati U. P.	... Jhalakati Government H. E.
2 Mosharrif Ali Molla	... Manahar U. P.	... Sreemantakati M. V.
3 Mostazuddin	... Medua Practising U. P.	... Tobgi Circle M. V.

Upper Primary scholarships reserved for backward communities (2).

1 Hirendra Nath Dhar	... Bāmid U. P.	... Kapasia Board M. E.
2 Balaram Bhunjatali	... Dighalia U. P.	... Kabirajpur M. E.

The scholarship-holders should join their schools within one month from the publication of the results in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

H. E. STAPLETON, *Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.*

DACCA, the 21st December 1922.

DACCA DIVISION.

Result of Middle English Scholarship Examination, 1922.

(Middle English scholarship of Rs. 4, tenable for four years from 1st January 1923.)

Name of scholar. Name of school. Tenable at—

DACCA DISTRICT.

Open scholarships.

1	Sailesh Chandra Chakravarty	... Chapair M. E.	... Pakuria H. E.
2	Shaikh Abdul Aziz	... Monohardi M. E.	... Lakpur Simulia H. E.
3	Jogesh Chandra Sen Peddar	... Baliadi Gopinath M. E.	... Simulia S. P. H. E.
4	Mohar Ali Khan	... Danga M. E.	... Kaliganj H. E.
5	Zahurul Karim Khan	... Manipura M. E.	... Dacca Moslem H. E.
6	Birendra Kumar Neogi	... Patgram A. B. M. E.	... Faridpur Zilla.
7	A. F. Kitabuddin Ahmad	... Toke Ramendra M. E.	... Kishoreganj H. E.

Special scholarships for Muhammadans.

1	Md. Fazole Bari	... Tetuljhura M. E.	... Savar H. E.
2	Bazlur Rahman	... Manipura M. E.	... Satirpara H. E.
3	Gholam Nabi Khan	... Naynagar M. E.	... Dacca Govt. Moslem H. E.
4	Md. Atar Ali	... Ghorasal M. E.	... Kaliganj H. E.

MYMENSINGH DISTRICT.

Open scholarships.

1	Md. Akhtar Ali	... Kishoreganj M. E.	... Mymensingh Zilla.
2	Sudhir Chandra Neogi	... Elashin M. E.	... Tangail Bindubasini.
3	Ruhini Kumar Deb Nath	... Katiadi M. E.	... Mymensingh Zilla.
4	Nibaran Chandra De	... Telegati M. E.	... Iswarganj H. E.
5	Md. Aftabuddin Khan	... Ellenga M. E.	... Tangail Bindubasini.
6	Mahabir Sanyasi	... Arrakumol M. E.	... Manikganj H. E.
7	Abdul Jabbar	... Jangalbari M. E.	... Kishoreganj Azimuddin H. E.
8	Dharanikanta Gope	... Bujitpur M. E.	... Bajitpur H. E.
9	Ruhini Kumar Datta	... Batta Bhatpara M. E.	... Mrityunjoy H. E., Mymensingh.
10	Abani Kanta Bhattacharyya	... Kumaruli M. E.	... Mymensingh Zilla.

Special scholarships for Muhammadans.

1	Md. Karimuddin	... Char Nikla M. E.	... Iswarganj H. E.
2	Abdul Hamid	... Ditto	... Ditto.
3	Md. Syed Ali	... Astadpur M. E.	... Mymensingh Zilla.
4	Md. Abdul Wahed	... Narandi M. E.	... Jamalpur Govt. H. E.
5	Md. Torabuddin	... Ditto	... Ditto.
6	Abdur Razzaq	... Jangalbari M. E.	... Kishoreganj Azimuddin H. E.

FARIDPUR DISTRICT.

Open scholarships.

1	Tabarak Hossain	... Majbari M. E.	... Goalundo H. E.
2	Saizuddin Molla	... Shibrapur M. E.	... Faridpur Zilla.
3	Ananta Kumar Sen	... Batikamari M. E.	... Bhanga H. E.
4	Abdul Wahed Mean	... Khandarpara M. E.	... Ditto.
5	Surendra Nath Sil	... Shibrapur M. E.	... Faridpur Zilla.

Special scholarships for Muhammadans.

1	Md. Mukarram Hossain	... Baharpur M. E.	... Goalundo H. E.
2	Ahn Sayid Nurul Islam	... Bagduli M. E.	... Ditto.
3	Abdul Bari Biswas	... Gimadanga Tungipara M. E.	... Gopalganj M. N. Instn.

BAKARGANJ DISTRICT.

Open scholarships.

1	Muhammad Meher Ali	... Char Hogla M. E.	... Barisal Zilla.
2	Khitish Chandra Bose	... Dandpur M. E.	... Porojpur Govt. H. E.
3	Satindra Nath De	... Maizani M. E.	... Barisal Zilla.
4	Wajed Ali Khan	... Palardi M. E.	... Ditto.
5	Bipin Behari Barai	... Rayerkati M. E.	... Porojpur Govt. H. E.
6	Khirode Kumar Datta	... Dandpur M. E.	... Ditto.

Name of scholar.

Name of school.

Tenable at—

Special scholarships for Muhammedans.

1 'Amir Hossain'	... Motbaria M. E.	... Perojpur Govt. H. E.
2 Mamnunuddin	... Aintak M. E.	... Patuakhali Jubilee H. E.
3 Md Muzammal Haq	... Poranganj M. E.	... Bhola Govt. H. E.
4 Sayed Mahubur Rahman	... Joynagar M. E.	... Ditto.

The scholarship-holders should join their schools within one month from the publication of the results in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

NR—There being no eligible candidates for two special scholarships for Muhammedans in the Mymensingh district one has been awarded to a Middle Vernacular scholar in Dacca district and another to a Middle Vernacular scholar in the Bakarganj district.

H. E. STAPLETON, *Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.*

DACCA, the 21st December 1922.

DACCA DIVISION.**Result of Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination, 1922.**

(Middle Vernacular Scholarships of Rs 4, tenable for four years from 1st January 1923).

DACCA DISTRICT.**Open Scholarships.**

Name of scholar	Name of school	Tenable at—
1 Samiruddin	... Tumulia M. V.	... Dacca Normal.
2 Waresh Ali	... Abdullapur M. V.	... Ditto.

MYMENSINGH DISTRICT.**Open Scholarships.**

1 Fatikchandra Sarkar	... Koyra M. V.	... Palsia H. E.
2 Md Serajul Haq	... Kanihari Circle M. V.	... Mymensingh Zilla.

FARIDPUR DISTRICT.**Open Scholarships.**

1 Chuta Haran Datta	... Ashfordi M. V.	... Butkaniari M. E.
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BAKARGANJ DISTRICT.**Open Scholarships.**

1 Jageswar Sonar	... Tobgi Circle M. V.	... Bhola Government H. E.
2 Tafazzal Hossain	... Tobgi Circle	... Ditto.

The two Middle English special scholarships for Muhammadans transferred from the Mymensingh district have been awarded to the following Middle Vernacular scholars of the Dacca and Bakarganj districts:—

1 Surat Ali	... Abdullapur Circle M. V. (Dacca).	Dacca Normal.
2 Jamshad Ahmed	... Kattalia Circle M. V. (Bakarganj).	Ditto.

Middle Scholarships reserved for backward communities (2).

1 Indra Mohan Pal	... Tarsil M. E. (Dacca district)	Kaliganj H. E.
2 Rah Kumar Karam	... Taldighi Model M. V. (Mymensingh district).	Dacca Normal.

The scholarship-holders should join their schools within one month from the publication of the results in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

H. E. STAPLETON, *Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.*

DACCA, the 21st December 1922.

BURDWAN DIVISION.**List of candidates elected to Middle Scholarships in the Burdwan Division, 1922.**

(The value of each of the Middle Scholarships is Rs 4 a month tenable for four years from 1st January 1923.)

No.	Name	School from which the candidate appeared.	School at which the scholarship will be tenable	M. F. or M. V.
BURDWAN DISTRICT (9+1*).				
1	Jatirmoy Misa	... Burdwan C.M.S., M.E.	Burdwan Raj Collegiate ...	M.E.
2	Amulya Ratan Chakravarti	... Gales Board's M.E.	Mankar H.E. ...	M.E.
3	Satis Ch. Das	... Sanko M.E.	Burdwan Municipal H.E. ...	M.E.
4	Radhasyam Das	... Bhatar M.E.	Mathrun H.E. ...	M.E.
5	Bisesswar Doy	... Denur M.V.	Putsuri H.E. ...	M.V.
6	Harindra Nath Sarkar	... Gotan M.E.	Amarpur H.E. ...	M.E.
7	Bhujanga Bhuvan Chatterjee	... Barabelun M.E.	Nasigram H.E. ...	M.E.
8	Ram Dulal Ghosh	... Mashagrian M.E.	Burdwan Municipal H.E. ...	M.E.
9	Sachpati Ghosh	... Nadiha M.E.	Barigunj H.E. ...	M.E.
10*	Ali Ahmad Malik	... Amreh M.E.	Burdwan Municipal H.E. ...	M.E.

BIRBHUM DISTRICT (5).

1	Ram Mehan Bandopadhyaya	... Suri M.E.	Birbhum Zilla ...	M.E.
2	Muhammad Abdul Aziz	... Tajhati M.E.	Nalhati H.E. ...	M.E.
3	Lala Benoy Krishna	... Suri M.E.	Birbhum Zilla ...	M.E.
4	Radhasyam Mondal	... Chitari	Rampurhat H.E. ...	M.E.
5	Prabhakar Roy	... Purandarpur M.E.	Birbhum Zilla ...	M.E.

BANKURA DISTRICT (5).

1	Rajani Kanta Khan	... Soranga Circle M.V.	Hooghly Normal ...	M.V.
2	Nilkautha Mohanti	... Gaigaria M.E.	Bankura Zilla ...	M.E.
3	Pyari Mohan Layek	... Bheduasole M.E.	Ditto ...	M.E.
4	Satis Chandra Pathak	... Ditto	Ditto ...	M.E.
5	Nagendra Nath Das	... Dhabeni M.E.	Hooghly Normal ...	M.E.

MIDNAPORE DISTRICT (11+1*).

1	Baroda Kanta Pramanik	... Kakgachia M.E.	Tamluk Hamilton H.E. ...	M.E.
2	Iswar Chandra Brahma	... Barainohanpur M.E.	Midnapur Collegiate ...	M.E.
3	Ashutosh Manna	... Subdi M.E.	Tamluk Hamilton H.E. ...	M.E.
4	Surendra Nath Sahu	... Nayabasan M.E.	Midnapur Collegiate ...	M.E.
	Bhupendra Nath Adak	... Hanchara M.E.	Tamluk Hamilton H.E. ...	M.E.
6	Kamala Kanta Pan	... Salboni M.E.	Garbeta H.E. ...	M.E.
7	Rajani Kanta Karmakar	... Birpur Board M.E.	Midnapur Collegiate ...	M.E.
8	Hari Pada Bera	... Basudevpur Board M.E.	Sonakhali H.E. ...	M.E.
9	Hari Shridhan Maity	... Nandanpur M.E.	Ditto ...	M.E.
10	Purna Chandra Das	... Sovarampur M.V.	Calcutta Training ...	M.V.
11	Narayan Prosad Jana	... Islampur M.E.	Contai H.E. ...	M.E.
12*	Shaikh Shaurur	... Sierampur M.E.	Tamluk Hamilton H.E. ...	M.E.

HOOGHLY DISTRICT (5+1*).

1	Basudev Santra	... Bora M.E.	Jana H.E. ...	M.E.
2	Nibaran Chandra Bhattacharyee	... Bondipur M.E.	Haripal G. D. Institution ...	M.E.
3	Bijoy Basanta Nandi	... Jamgram M.E.	Ilisba Mondlai H.E. ...	M.E.
4	Madhusudan Ghosh	... Ballavpur M.E.	Serampur Union H.E. ...	M.E.
5	Pravat Kumar Saha	... Hanabaria M.E.	Hooghly Branch ...	M.E.
6*	Kani Abdul Salam	... Dwarghasni M.E.	Hooghly Collegiate ...	M.E.

HOWRAH DISTRICT (4+1*).

1	Phelaram Shome	... Santragachin M.E.	Howrah Zilla ...	M.E.
2	Bibhuti Bhuvan Bhattacharyee	... Jhorehat M.E.	Andul H.E. ...	M.E.
3	Bimal Krishna Sarkar	... Khalsa M.E.	Khalsa H.E. ...	M.E.
4	Saty Narain Chatterji	... Panpur M.E.	Amta H.E. ...	M.E.
5*	Sheikh Yakub Ali Molla	... Khalsa M.E.	Khalsa H.E. ...	M.E.

* Reserved for Muhammadan candidates.

The scholarship-holders should join their schools within one month from the publication of the results in the Calcutta Gazette.

W. E. GRIFFITH, *Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division.*

CHINSURAH, the 28rd December 1922.

BURDWAN DIVISION.**List of candidates elected to Upper Primary Scholarships in the Burdwan Division for 1922.**

(The value of each of the Upper Primary Scholarships is Rs. 8 a month, tenable for two years from 1st January 1923.)

No.	Name.	School from which the candidate appeared.	School at which the scholarship will be tenable.
BURDWAN DISTRICT (8+1*).			
1	Gogdev Mandal	... Joykrishnapur	... Burdwan Municipal H. E.
2	Lalit Mohan Ghosal	... Jaragram U. P.	... Chakdighi H. E.
3	Jyotirmoy Kesh	... Khano U. P.	... Sanko M. E.
4	Mofindev Lal Marwari	... Damra U. P.	... Asansol E. I. Ry. H. E.
5	Sanat Kumar Konar	... Palishgram U. P.	... Mijigram M. E.
6	Kartik Chandra Do	... Musaru U. P.	... Mathrua H. E.
7 ^o	Abdul Mannan	... Bamsore U. P.	... Bhatar M. E.
8	Kanai Lal Sardar	... Dhamachi U. P.	... Jamua M. E.
9	Sudhir Ranjan Dan	... Ditto	... Ditto.
BIRBHUM DISTRICT (6).			
1	Jagabandhu Ghosh	... Pakurhans U. P.	... Kirnijhar H. E.
2	Pravakar Mandal	... Chella Board U. P.	... Illambazar M. E.
3	Kiriti Bhnsan Mandal	... Bannigram U. P.	... Fatehpur M. E.
4	Tarapada Ghatak	... Goog U. P.	... Chituri M. E.
5	Jagadish Chandra Maldal	... Tentulia U. P.	... Bishnupur Ragsmanjari H. E.
6	Mrityunjoy Nashipuri	... Sitalgram U. P.	... Bhadrapur M. E.
BANKURA DISTRICT (8+1*).			
1	Bhola Nath Karmakar	... Kapietha U. P.	... Maliara H. E.
2	Gokul Chandra Bera	... Chingra U. P.	... Saranga Circle M. V.
3	Satya Kinkar Naik	... Bonkati U. P.	... Ambikanagar M. E.
4	Dharanidhar Bhattacharjya	... Mandarbani U. P.	... Onda Mission M. E.
5	Kumala Kanta Bhattacharjya	... Binabaid U. P.	... Mijia M. E.
6	Pancharan Goswami	... Sihas Board U. P.	... Kotalpur H. E.
7	Ramanath Dey	... Vishnupur East U. P.	... Vishnupur H. E.
8	Asit Kinkar Goswami	... Magura Board U. P.	... Kuchikol H. E.
9 ^o	Shaikh Abdulla Mandal	... Ditto	... Baital M. E.
MIDNAPORE DISTRICT (12).			
1	Amulya Ratan Samanta	... Moligram U. P.	... Bagnabar M. E.
2	Maheewar Kar	... Bagasty U. P.	... Bara Mohanpur M. E.
3	Haripada Mauna	... Shyamsundarpur Board U. P.	... Bagnabar M. E.
4	Jyotilal Mahato	... Salgeria U. P.	... Datun M. E.
5	Amulya Charan Maity	... Sidhya U. P.	... Panskara H. E.
6	Niranjan Jana	... Kalicharanpur Board U. P.	... Subdi M. E.
7	Hrishikesh Giri	... Hambhunna U. P.	... Khodambari M. E.
8	Parameswar Dalui	... Ganga Narainpur U. P.	... Tamruk M. E.
9	Syamchand Shasmal	... Simulkunda U. P.	... Subdi M. E.
10	Sripati Charan Sahu	... Kalindi U. P.	... Islampur M. E.
11	Jogueswar Pradhan	... Gobra U. P.	... Ditto.
12	Sashadhar Mandal	... Jagannathpur U. P.	... Kbirpai M. E.
HOOGLY DISTRICT (8+1*).			
1	Nidhiram Dhulley	... Harit U. P.	... Goswami Malipara M. E.
2	Bhola Nath Mukerjee	... Hoera U. P.	... Itachona H. E.
3	Bhola Nath Pal	... Bhurkunda Board U. P.	... Modamohanpur M. E.
4	Ram Steen Pal	... Pakuria U. P.	... Anur M. E.
5	Shaikh Simsozzoha Molla	... Bhurkunda Board U. P.	... Kotai H. E.
6	Sailendra Nath Mittra	... Kulachora Board U. P.	... Goralgacha H. E.
7	Fakir Chandra Halder	... Kultighori Board U. P.	... Haripal H. E.
HOWRAH DISTRICT (3+1*).			
1	Batakrishna Dutta	... Chakraber U. P.	... Santragaachi, M. E.
2	Sricharan Mukherji	... Paitaheria U. P.	... Syampur M. E.
3	Manindra Nath Pal	... Kurit U. P.	... Ainta H. E.
4	*To be announced hereafter.		

* Reserved for Muhammadan candidates.
The scholarship-holders should join their schools within one month from the publication of the results in the Calcutta Gazette.

W. E. GRIFFITH, *Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division.*

CHINSURA, the 23rd Decem^r 1922.

RAJSHAHÍ DIVISION.

List of candidates who have been awarded Middle Scholarships in 1922.

(Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4 a month, tenable for four years from the 1st January 1923.)

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of the school from which the candidate appears.	Name of the school where the scholarship is tenable.
RAJSHAHÍ DISTRICT.			
M. E. (Open).			
1	Haridas Sanyal	... Pauchupur M. E.	... Rajshahi Collegiate.
2	Prafulla Kumar Lahiri	... Mainain M. E.	... Ditto.
3	Md. Mithouddin	... Nator M. E.	... Nator Maharaja H. E.
4	Shib Chandra Chakravarty	... Joari M. E.	... South Suburban H. E., Calcutta.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Enatali Pramanik	... Kaligram M. E.	... Bogra Zilla.
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M. V. (Open).

1	Nalini Nath Halder	... Walia Model M. V.	... Rangpur Normal.
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Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	T heruddin Mandal	... Basudevpur Model M. V.	... Nawabganj H. E., Malda.
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DINAJPUR DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Rasik Lal Sarkar	... Najipur M. E.	... Balurghat H. E.
2	Ananda Mohan Roy	... Dinajpur Jubilee M. E.	... Dinajpur Zilla.
3	Khorshed Ali Ahmed	... Jamalpur M. E.	... Pirganj High.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Khajeh Ahmed	... Ghoraghat M. E.	... Dinajpur Zilla.
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M. V. (Open).

1	Sankarlal Ghosh	... Jagdal M. V.	... Rangpur Normal.
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JALPAIGURI DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Jogendra Nath Das	... Mainaguri M. E.	... Jalpaiguri Zilla.
2	Ahmed Ali	... Sekowa M. E.	... Debiganj High.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Abdul Halim Meah	... Mainaguri M. E.	... Jalpaiguri Zilla.
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RANGPUR DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Ashutosh Bhounik	... Afanolla M. E. (Mahiganj)	Tajhat High.
2	Md. Osman Gani	... Bamandanga M. E.	Gaibandha Islamia I
3	Fazlur Rahman	... Mahish Koocha M. E.	Kakina High.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Abbasali, No. 1	... Jaigir Board M. E.	... K. R. H. E. Rangpu
2	Rahimuddin Ahmed	... Khoribari M. E.	... Dinula H. E.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of the school from which the candidate appears.	Name of the school where the scholarship is tenable.
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Reserved for backward races.

1	Rajendra Narayan Burma	... Dolegram M. E.	... Tushbhandar H. E.
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M. V. (Open).

1	Khorshed Rahman Sarkar	... Chaudkhana Board M. V.	... Saidpur High.
2	Maniruddin Shah	... Ditto	... Ditto.

BOGRA DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Md. Abdul Aziz Mandal	... Karpur M. E.	... Bogra Zilla.
2	Surendra Nath Shil	... Santabar M. E.	... Naogaon High (Rajshahi).
3	Dinabandhu Das	... Kajla M. E.	... Shariatkandi High.
4	Reajuddin Sarkar	... Namuja M. E.	... Bogra Zilla.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Ramjanali Mandal	... Santabar M. E.	... Naogaon High (Rajshahi).
2	Kasemali Pramanik	... Bogra Municipal M. E.	... Bogra Zilla.

M. V. (Open).

1	Fayezuddin Meah	... Govindapur M. V.	... Houghly Normal.
2	Kifoda Baksha Dewan	... Ditto	... Ditto.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Md. Kasem Ali	... Namajkhali M. V.	... Houghly Normal.
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PABNA DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Akbar Ali Mallik	... Sujanagar M. E.	... Pabna Zilla.
2	Mohajir Ali Meah	... Ditto	... Ditto.
3	Surut Chandra Kunda	... Atghoria M. E.	... Serajgunj B. L. H. E.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Mortaz Ali Sarkar	... Dwariapur Victoria M. E.	... Shahzadpur High.
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MALDA DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Baidya Nath Sarkar	... Maharajpur M. E.	... Malda Zilla.
2	Md. Ayub Ali	... Ranibati M. E.	... Nawabganj H. M. Institution (Malda).

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Md. Badiuzzaman	... Rajarampur M. E.	... Nawabganj H. M. Institution (Malda).
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DARJEELING DISTRICT.**M. E. (Open).**

1	Randhaj Rai	... Kurseong M. E.	... Darjeeling High.
2	Jagat Deyan	... Padong M. E.	... Ditto.

Reserved for Muhammadans.

1	Md. Salimullah	... Phansidewa M. E.	... Siliguri High.
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M. AHMED, Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division (offg.).

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTRESS OF SCHOOLS, DACCA CIRCLE.

THE undermentioned girls are awarded Primary Scholarships with effect from January 1923. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 3 a month, and is tenable for three years in a Middle or High School:—

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which appointed.	Where the scholarship is made tenable.
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DACCA DIVISION.

DACCA TOWN.

1	Arun Proba Das	Wari Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
2	Ashalata Gaha	Ditto	Ditto.
3	Bidyutlata Basu	Armanitola Girls' School	Ditto.
4	Basanti Lata Sen	Hussini Dahan Girls' School	Ditto.

DACCA DISTRICT.

5	Margdelena Gomez	Hashnabad Mission Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
6	Azma Lata Das	Albert Victor Girls' School, Munshiganj	Ditto.
7	Charu Lata De	Ditto	Ditto.
8	Santi Sudha Devi	West Baherak Girls' School	Bethune School, Calcutta.
9	Saroshi Bala Das	Mandrakhola Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
10	Prabashini Roy	Urban Girls' School, Manikganj	Urban Girls' School, Manikganj.
11	Bagala Bala De	Manikdi Girls' School	Morgan Girls' School, Narayan-ganj.

MYMENSINGH.

12	Amita Johara Khatoon	Kanchijhuli Muhammadan Girls' School	Vidyamoyee High School, Mymensingh.
13	Bibhabati Sen	Senbari Panchayati Union School	Ditto.
14	Sudhanshu Bala Sen	Ditto	Ditto.
15	Bidyutlata Chanda	Muktagacha Girls' School	Ditto.
16	Indumati Roy	Urban Girls' School, Jamalpur	Ditto.
17	Parul Bala Sen	Ditto	Ditto.
18	Zobaida Khatoon	Nikhil Nath Girls' School, Netrokona	Ditto.
19	Ushabati Guha	Urban Girls' School, Kishoreganj	Ditto.
20	Nagon Bala Bir	Ditto	Ditto.
21	Matangini Banik	Bajitpur Edward Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
22	Bibhabati Sircar	Ashokpur Girls' Primary School	Tangail B. B. Girls' M. V. School.
23	Taramani Saha	Alshakhanda Girls' Primary School	Ditto.
24	Prativamoyee Das	Sherpur Joydurga Girls' Primary School	Eden High School, Dacca.
25	Hassena Banoo	Barkanda Girls' Muktab	Vidyamoyee High School, Mymensingh.

FARIDPUR DISTRICT.

26	Parul Bala Debi	Mustafapur Girls' School	Barisal Girls' High School.
27	Chapala Bala De	Goalunko Girls' School	Eden High School.

BAKARGANJ DISTRICT.

28	Hiran Bala Gupta	S. Siddhakati Girls' School	Barisal High School.
29	Sushama Bala Gupta	Mullick Road Girls' School	Ditto.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

CHITTAGONG DISTRICT.

30	Amodini Choudhuri	Fatehabad Mahakali Girls' School	Dr. Khastagir's H. E. School, Chittagong.
31	Suchlata Das Gupta	Ditto	Ditto.
32	Lilabati Debi	Pahartoli Woods Girls' School	Ditto.
33	Mousada Khatoon	Tailardwip Girls' School	Ditto.
34	Parimal Dutta	West Noapara Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
35	Nirmala Dutta	Ditto	Bethune Girls' School, Calcutta.
36	Sabashini Barga	Satbaria Urban Girls' School	Dr. Khastagir's High School, Chittagong.
37	Mahmuda Khatoon	Kastali Nasir Bari Girls' Muktab	Home.
38	Kalyantamoyee Dasgupta	Saratoli Muhammadan Girls' School	Dr. Khastagir's High School.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which appeared.	Where the scholarship is available.
CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.			
39	Jyotsna Prava Biswas	Rangamati Girls' School	Dr. Khastagir's H. E. School, Chittagong.
40	Nihar Rani Mitra	Ditto	Ditto.
TIPPERA DISTRICT.			
41	Suniti Bala Pal	Faizennessa Girls' School, L. P. Branch.	Faizennessa M. E. Girls' School.
42	Prem Sadhana Ray	Ditto	Ditto.
43	Syeda Husna Begum	Hussania Girls' School	Ditto.
44	Sudhalata Dovi	Urban Girls' School, Brahmanbaria.	Ditto.
45	Tilottama Bose	Pattan Prasannamayee Girls' School.	Ditto.
46	Najjunnnessa	Goshairchar Girls' School	Home.
47	Sushila Sundari Acharjee	Sibpur Girls' School	Morgan Girls' School, Narayanganj.
48	Kanaklata Debi	Bidyakot Girls' School	Faizennessa M. E. School, Comilla.
49	Ummie Hani	Algi Durgapur Girls' School	Ditto.
50	Sukumari Ray	Nabinagar Home School	Faizennessa M. E. School, Comilla.
51	Snehalata Pal	Manoharpur Girls' School	Ditto.
52	Suramahala Dhar	Jajira Girls' School	Ditto.

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.**RAJSHAHI DISTRICT.**

53	Jyotirmayee Mazumdar	Brindeswari Girls' School, Natore	P. N. Girls' School, Rajshahi.
54	Barona Mazumdar	Ditto	Brahmo Girls' School, Calcutta.
55	Ushabala Sanyal	Belanpur Mission Girls' School	Boalia Mission Girls' School.

BOGRA DISTRICT.

56	Kalidasi Ghosh	Brahmo Samaj Girls' School, Bogra	V. M. Girls' School, Bogra.
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DINAJPUR DISTRICT.

57	Ramabala Ghosh	Thakurgaon Girls' School	Dinajpur M. E. Girls' School.
58	Nanihala Sarker	Ditto	Ditto.

RANGPUR DISTRICT.

59	Doulatnnessa Khatoon	Donor Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
60	Hemaprava Ray	Nilphamary Girls' School	V. M. Girls' School, Bogra.
61	Prava Das Gupta	Kakina Girls' School	Vidyamoyee H. E., Mymensingh.
62	Chinurama Delfi	Nilphamary Girls' School	Rangpur Girls' M. E.

DARJEELING DISTRICT.

63	Louise	Nepali Girls' School	Kalimpong Girls' School.
64	Alice	Ditto	Ditto.

Reserved scholarships for Moslem Girls ().**DACCA DIVISION.****DACCA.**

1	Ashia Khatoon	Malitola Girls' School	Eden High School, Dacca.
2	Aftabnnessa	Baghaikandi Girls' School	Ditto.
3	Jolekha Bibi	Saoratali Girls' School	Ditto.

MYMENSINGH.

4	Fatema Khatoon	Baranda Girls' Muktab	Vidyamoyee High School, Mymensingh.
5	Fatema	Pablashi Girls' Muktab	Ditto.

No. Name of scholar. Name of school from which appointed. Where the scholarship is made tenable.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

TIPPERA.

6 Jamila Khatun ... Fairnessa Girls' School, Comilla.

NOAKHALI.

7 Suruja Begum ... Dakshin Arjuna Girls' School, Noakhali Girls' School.

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.

JALPAIGURI.

8 Latifa Khatun ... Ghatiapara Girls' School, Jalpaiguri M. V. Girls' School.

N.B.—The awards of these scholarships have been made to the girls on their declaration that they would continue their studies in a High or Middle School. None of these scholarships will therefore be subsequently made tenable at home. If any of the girls fails to join her respective school by the 31st January, 1922, she should have no claim to the scholarship, which will be considered as forfeited.

M. V. IRONS, Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

DACCA, the 22nd December 1922.

TRAINING CLASS EXAMINATIONS.

THE undermentioned girls have passed the Training Class Examinations from the Vernacular Training School, Dacca, held in December 1922:—

Serial No.	Name	Class	Remarks
Senior Vernacular.			
1	Rachel Bhattacharjee	Class II	Distinction in practical work.
2	Usha Bannerjee	" II	Ditto
3	Chinnoyee Bose	" II	
4	Sondamun Acharya	" II	Ditto
5	Kamala Debi	" II	
6	Rajobala Sen	" II	
7	Nirodabala Dey	" II	
8	Sarala Kishum Sen Gupta	" III	
Junior Vernacular.			
1	Shamola Das	Class II	
2	Kuonbala Das	" II	
3	Nahimbala Debi	" II	
4	Shailabala Datta	" II	
5	Joleka Khatun	" III	
6	Martha Dewri	" II	
7	Kamalini Das	" II	

M. V. IRONS, Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.
DACCA, the 22nd December 1922.

THE undermentioned girls have passed the Junior Vernacular Training Examinations of the Kalimpong Training Class, held in December 1922:—

Serial No.	Name	Class	Remarks
1	Chiringongma Lepokazi	Class II	
2	Dowahamu Bhobayi	" II	
3	Rachel Grace Mukha	" II	
4	Gyanmaya Gutraj	" II	
5	Parnamali Pradhan	" II	Distinction in practical work
6	Barkhamaya Gungungui	" II	

M. V. IRONS, Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.
DACCA, the 22nd December 1922.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations, 1922:—

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1922.

Comparative Philology.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 • Batahyal, Kalipada | ... University Student. |
| 2 Chattopadhyay, Basantakumar | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |

History.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 Mukhopadhyay, Tarakanath | ... University Student, Presidency College. |
| 2 Bandyopadhyay, Susodhananda | ... Ditto. |

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 • Sen, Praphullachandra | ... University Student. |
| 2 Bhattacharyya, Kirankumar | ... Ditto. |
| 3 Chakrabarti, Nageschandra | ... Ditto, Presidency College |
| 4 Saha, Abinashchandra | ... Ditto. |
| 5 Mukhopadhyay, Gauripada | ... Ditto, Presidency College. |
| 6 V. Ch. John | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 7 Mukhopadhyay, Satyacharan | ... University Student. |
| 8 Bandyopadhyay, Mangobinda | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 9 Gangopadhyay, Abanibhushan | ... University Student. |
| 10 Mukhopadhyay, Kuanprakas | ... Ditto, S. C. College |
| 11 " Surendranath | ... Ditto. |
| 12 Chattopadhyay, Bhudeb | ... Ditto. |
| 13 Chakrabarti, Nareschandra | ... Ditto. |
| 14 Ray, Kahitischandra | ... Ditto. |
| 15 Biswas, Mohunimohan | ... Ditto. |
| 16 Raychaudhuri, Satikanta | ... Ditto, S. C. College |
| 17 Chattopadhyay, Manudranath | ... Ditto. |
| 18 Franjee Rustomjee | ... Ditto, S. C. College |
| 19 Sengupta, Dwijendranath | ... Ditto. |
| 20 De, Dhirendralal | ... Ditto. |
| 21 Raychaudhuri, Sitendubhushan | ... Ditto. |
| 22 Chakrabarti, Chandidas | ... Non Collegiate Student. |
| 23 Ray, Kalikaranjan | ... University Student. |
| 24 De, Binodlal | ... Ditto. |
| 25 Chattopadhyay, Nikunjabhuti | ... Ditto. |
| 26 Chaudhuri, Jyotischandra | ... Ditto, Presidency College |
| 27 Nag, Phanindramohan | ... Ditto, S. C. College. |
| 28 Ray, Sureschandra | ... Ditto. |
| 29 Nandi, Tarakdas | ... Ditto. |
| 30 Ghosh, Annyachandra | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 31 { Bhattacharyya, Mrityunjoy | ... Ditto |
| Sanyal, Sudhansubika | ... University Student |

CLASS III.

(In order of merit.)

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 Sarkar, Satindralal | ... University Student. |
| 2 { Bhattacharyya, Haribhushan | ... Ditto |
| Ray, Sudhurchandra | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 4 Raychaudhuri, Subimal | ... University Student. |
| 5 Rama, Narayan Jha | ... Ditto. |
| 6 Ray, Subhramanyachkar | ... Non Collegiate Student. |
| 7 Bhattacharyya, Paresanath | ... University Student. |
| 8 Maitra, Syamasankar | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 9 Mukhopadhyay, Harendrachandra | ... University Student. |
| 10 { Bagchi, Niradankar | ... Ditto. |
| Chaudhuri, Kanainath | ... Ditto. |
| 12 Gupta, Praphullakumar | ... Ditto. |
| 13 Biswas, Jibankrishna | ... Ditto. |
| 14 Ray, Saileshchandra | ... Non-Collegiate Student. |

15	Bagchi, Jatishchandra	...	University Student.
	Bandyopadhyay, Kumudchandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
17	Das, Kumudbihari	...	University Student.
18	Sengupta, Harendrakumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
19	Sarkar, Sudhansudhar	...	Ditto.
20	Pramanik, Radhagobinda	...	University Student
	Bandyopadhyay, Kamakhyacharan	...	Ditto.
21	Chakrabarti, Rabindranath	...	Ditto.
	Sanyal, Manotoosh	...	Ditto.

Ancient Indian History and Culture.

GROUP I.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

1	Sen, Binaychandra	...	University Student.
2	Bhattacharyya, Tarapada	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
3	Goswami, Dibakar	...	Ditto.
4	Ray, Tridibnath	...	Ditto.

CLASS III.

Bagchi, Sachindranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
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GROUP II.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

1	Goswami, Binodlal	...	University Student.
2	Ray, Jyotirmay	...	Ditto.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1	Maitra, Brajendramohan	...	University Student.
2	Sanyal, Rajanimohan	...	Ditto.

CLASS III.

Pathak, Lokendranath	...	University Student
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GROUP III.

CLASS I.

1	Chakrabarti, Nareschandra	...	University Student.
	Mukhopadhyay, Paramesprasanna	...	Ditto.

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Harihar	...	University Student.
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GROUP IV.

CLASS I.

Chandhuri, Nares Chandra	...	University Student.
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GROUP V.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

Debbarkar, Sudhirkumar	...	University Student.
Sarkar, Kshitishchandra	...	Ditto.

Political Economy and Political Philosophy.

GROUP A.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit)

1	Raymitra, Manindranath	... University Student, Presidency College.
2	Basu, Bibhutibhusan	... Ditto.
3	Bindyopadhyay, Bhujendrakumar	... Non-Collegiate Student.
4	Basu, Annyendrakisina	... University Student.
5	Dhar, Harihar	... Ditto
6	Ghosh, Sudhirkumar	... Ditto, Presidency College

CLASS II.

(In order of merit)

1	Bhattacharyya, Debeshchandra	... University Student, Presidency College.
2	Bal, Umeschandra	... Ditto, S C College.
3	Basu, Annyamadhuh	... Ditto, ditto.
4	Chattopadhyay, Nirmalkrishna	... Ditto, ditto.
5	Sarkar, Abhayapada	... Ditto, Presidency College.
6	Pal, Sureschandra	... Ditto, ditto.
7	Majumdar, Prabodhkumar	... Ditto
8	Bhaduri, Apurbaratan	... Ditto. S C Colleg
9	Chakrabarti, Nalinikanta	... Ditto.
10	Ray, Brajasundar	... Ditto.
11	Basu, Sankumar	... Ditto S C College
	Hajra, Satindrananda	... Ditto. ditto.
13	Sen, Amalchandra	... Ditto. ditto.
14	Dharbandhuri, Dwijadav	... Ditto.

CLASS III

(In order of merit)

1	Bhandari, Charnuchandra	... University Student.
2	Sengupta, Subodhchandra	... Ditto
3	Sen, Jnanendranarayan	... Ditto.
4	Ghoshray, Abanikanta	... Ditto
5	C S Narasimhamurti Rao	... Non Collegiate Student
6	Kar, Bankimchandra	... Ditto
7	Bandyopadhyay, Harisadhan	... Ditto
8	Sanyal Hariprasanna	... University Student.
9	Raychandhuri, Bipinkrishna	... Ditto.
10	Indra, BasantaKumar	... Ditto

GROUP B

CLASS I.

Ghosh, Subhamitya

... Non Collegiate Student

CLASS II

(In order of merit.)

1	Basu, Bhupendrakumar	... University Student, Presidency College.
2	Chakrabarti, Somnath	... University Student
3	Das, Santoshkumar	... Non-Collegiate Student.
4	Bandyopadhyay, Bagalapada	... University Student
5	Das, Susilkumar	... Non-Collegiate Student.
6	Chakrabarti Hariprasanna	... University Student

CLASS III

(In order of merit)

1	Nand Lal Khanna	... Non-Collegiate Student
2	Bhattacharyya, Jatindranath	... Ditto.
3	Ghoshal, Anant	... University Student.
4	Basu, Gopalhar	... Ditto.
5	Kouag, Brijchandra	... Ditto.
6	Jeevadav Sridhar Reddy, Abraham	... Non-Collegiate Student.
7	Das, Radhagobinda	... University Student.

Mental and Moral Philosophy.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

Datta, Prabhatkiran	...	University Student, S. C. College.
Maung, Hla Bu	...	Ditto, ditto.
Dasgupta, Pramaderanjan	...	Ditto, ditto.
Naraschandra	...	Ditto, ditto.
Raychaudhuri, Anilkumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
Rathi, Bijaykrishna	...	University Student.
Gupta, Susilchandra	...	Ditto.
Dasgupta, Bimalchandra	...	Ditto.
Gupta, Binaykrishna	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
Mukhopadhyay, Bholanath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
Dasgupta, Bisweswar	...	University Student.
Chakrabarti, Birendranath	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
Chattopadhyay, Radhikacharan	...	Non-Collegiate Student.

CLASS III.

(In order of merit.)

1. Pramanik, Harendranath	...	University Student.
2. Sen, Dhirendrachandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
3. Ghosh, Gopendrakrishna	...	University Student.
4. Mallik, Bibhupada	...	Ditto.
5. Ghosh, Pabitrakumar	...	Ditto.
6. Chattopadhyay, Bhutanath	...	Ditto.
7. Guha, Amitabha	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
Sanyal, Amulyamohan	...	University Student.
9. Ray, Manindranarayan	...	Ditto.
10. Bhattacharyya, Baradacharan	...	Ditto.
11. Mukhopadhyay, Himansusekhar	...	Ditto.
Sheet, Manikchandra	...	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Aghornath	...	Ditto.
12. Saha, Jaladhar	...	Ditto.
Thakur, Bhagabaliprasanna	...	Ditto.
Niyogi, Birendraprasad	...	Ditto.
Ray, Prabhaschandra	...	Ditto.

Pure Mathematics.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

1. Deb, Manindramohan	...	University Student, Presidency College.
2. Mukhopadhyay, Bholanath	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
3. Ray, Priyotosh	...	Ditto, Presidency College.
4. Chattopadhyay, Bhabanimohan	...	Ditto.
5. Basu, Parijatkusum	...	Ditto.
6. Bhattacharyya, Kumudini Nath	...	Ditto.
7. Chaudhuri, Harigehandra	...	Ditto.
8. Mandal, Guruprasad	...	Ditto.
9. De, Herambalal	...	Ditto, Presidency College.
10. Poddar, Radhikalal	...	Ditto.
11. Abdul Karim Mandal	...	Ditto.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1. Mitra, Biswanath	...	University Student.
Ramchandra Kushva	...	Ditto.
3. Biswas, Narapati	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
4. Arshaduz Zaman Khan	...	University Student.
Gupta, Jnanranjan	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
6. Ghosh, Dhirendranath	...	University Student.
Olandra, Binaykrishna	...	Ditto.
8. Biswas, Sudhirkumar	...	Ditto, Presidency College.

Physics.

GROUP B.

CLASS II.

D. Gunatalya

... Non-Collegiate Student

GROUP C.

CLASS II.

1 { L. A. Ramdas
G. Subrahmanian

... University Student, College of Science.
... Non-Collegiate Student.

Chemistry.

CLASS II.

Guha, Sureschandra

... University Student, Presidency College.

Experimental Psychology.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

1 { Bandyopadhyay, Birajkumar
Mukhopadhyay, Jyotiprasad
3 Abdur Rahman

... University Student.
... Ditto.
... Ditto.

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Durgacharan

... University Student.

CLASS III.

Muhammad Fazlul Karim

... University Student.

Anthropology.

GROUP A.

CLASS I.

Hat, Sisirkumar

... University Student.

GROUP B.

CLASS I.

Raychaudhuri, Tarakchandra

... University Student.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1 Bhattacharyya, Rajendrakumar
2 Bandyopadhyay, Niradkrishna

... University Student
... Ditto.

CLASS III.

(In order of merit.)

1 Sarkar, Sachindranath
2 " Dhirendranath

... University Student.
... Ditto.

M. Sc. EXAMINATION, 1922.

Pure Mathematics.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

1 Srinivasengar, C. N.
2 Gangopadhyay, Pranrosh
3 Majumdar, Bibhutobollian
4 Chattopadhyay, Susilkumar
5 Bandyopadhyay, Panchanan
6 Dasgupta, Praphulachandra

... University Student.
... Ditto.
... Ditto.
... Ditto.
... Ditto, Presidency College.
... Ditto.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1 { Chakrabarti, Bireswar	... University Student.
Datta, Susilchandra	... Ditto, S. C. College.
Das, Siddheswar	... Non-Collegiate Student.

CLASS III.

Mitra, Subimal Chaudru	... University Student.
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Physics.

GROUP B.

CLASS I.

Kar, Kulachandra	... University Student, College of Science.
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CLASS II.

Datta, Susikrishna	... University Student, College of Science.
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GROUP C.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1 Bhagwat Prasad	... University Student, Presidency College.
2 Gupta, Priyabandhu	... Ditto, ditto.
3 Majumdar, Narayanchandra	... Ditto, ditto.

CLASS III.

(In order of merit.)

1 Dhar, Bijaychandra	... University Student, Presidency College.
2 Sengupta, Satischandra	... Ditto, ditto.

GROUP D.

CLASS I.

De, Haraprasad	... University Student, College of Science.
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CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1 Ray, Sureschandra	... University Student, College of Science.
2 Biswas, Thakaprasad	... Ditto, ditto.

CLASS III.

De, Nitalchand	... University Student, College of Science.
----------------	---

Chemistry C.

(Organic Thesis.)

CLASS I.

Basu, Praphullakumar	... University Student, College of Science.
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CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1 { Bandyopadhyay, Sudhirkumar	... University Student, College of Science.
Bhola, Nripendranath	... Ditto, Presidency College.
3 Sat, Balaram	... Ditto, ditto.
4 Ray, Prabhakumam	... Ditto, ditto.
5 Datta, Sachindranath	... Ditto, ditto.

Chemistry.**CLASS II.**

- | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| 1 { | Chandhuri, Susitachandra | ... University Student, College of Science. |
| | Mukhopadhyay, Sripada | ... Ditto, ditto. |

CLASS III.*(In order of merit.)*

- | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|
| 1 | Mitra, Kirankumar | ... University Student, College of Science. |
| 2 | Son, Sarojkumar | ... Ditto, Presidency College. |

Physiology.**CLASS I.**

- | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| 1 { | Datta, Jyotibhushan | ... University Student, Presidency College. |
| | " Dhirendrakumar | ... Ditto, ditto. |
| | Chatteropadhyay, Banbhan | ... Ditto, ditto. |

CLASS II

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Ray, Sandhan, Subodhchandra | ... University Student, Presidency College. |
|-----------------------------|---|

Anthropology.**GROUP A****CLASS I.**

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Basu, Rahindranath | ... University Student. |
|--------------------|-------------------------|

CLASS II.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Bagchi, Mrinalkanti | ... University Student. |
|---------------------|-------------------------|

N. SEN, *Controller of Examinations (offg.)*

SENATE HOUSE, the 8rd January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

**Four Programme of
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
during January 1923.**

Date and Day	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
January.	HOURS.		
14th, Sunday ...	22-06	Leave Howrah ...	By special train. Private departure.
15th, Monday ...	2-15	Arrive Suri ...	His Excellency will alight from the train at 8 A.M. (Local time). Public arrival.
16th, Tuesday ...	.....	Halt.	

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
January.	HOURS.		
17th, Wednesday ...	4-0	Leave Suri ...	By special train. His Excellency will entrain at 10 P.M. (Local time) on 16th.
...	7-36	Arrive Burdwan ...	Public arrival.
18th, Thursday ...	.....	Halt at Burdwan.	
19th, Friday ...	10-06	Leave Burdwan ...	By special train. Private departure.
...	11-36	Arrive Howrah ...	Private arrival.

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Lytton* (Burdwan only).

Lady Hermione Lytton* (Burdwan only).

Lady Davina Lytton* (Ditto).

Hon'ble John Lytton* (Ditto).

Mr. L. Birley, C.I.E., I.C.S., M.L.C., Chief Secretary.

Lieut.-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary* (Burdwan only).

Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Major H. G. Benton, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain G. B. Fyldes, M.C., Aide-de-Camp* (Burdwan only).

(2) All letters and telegrams for the party should be addressed to Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

* Will leave Howrah at 9-06 hours on Wednesday, the 17th January, and arrive at Burdwan at 10-36 hours.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL,

Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 2nd January 1923.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 187A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 15485A.—The 29th December 1922.—The orders of the 7th December 1922, appointing Babu Nalini Ranjan Raha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, to have charge of the Lalbagh subdivision of that district, are cancelled.

No. 5A.—The 2nd January 1923.—Mr. Mahima Nath Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Jessore district.

No. 51A.—The 3rd January 1923.—Rai Suresh Chandra Sinha Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district.

No. 177A.—The 6th January 1923.—The orders of the 18th December 1922, posting Maulvi Muhammad Fariduddin, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, to the Rajshahi Division, are cancelled.

POLICE.—No. 164A.—The 6th January 1923.—The probationary Assistant Superintendents of Police named below are posted to the headquarters stations of the districts noted opposite their names on the termination of their training in settlement work :—

Mr. E. E. English, Jalpaiguri.

„ C. S. Buckner, Hooghly.

„ C. G. Grassby, Dacca.

No. 173A.—The 6th January 1923.—Mr. Sukumar Sen Gupta, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Nadia.

ECOLESIASTICAL.—No. 15487A.—The 30th December 1922.—The Reverend Alexander Sarat Chandra Saine, Pastor, Indian Baptist Church, Chittagong, is authorised under section 6 of Act XV of 1872 to solemnize marriages between persons, one or both of whom is or are a Christian or Christians, and under section 9 of the Act, to grant certificates of marriages between persons who are Native Christians.

CONFIRMATION.

POLICE.—No. 98A.—The 5th January 1923.—Mr. B. V. Shaw is confirmed in the superior scale of the Indian (Imperial) Police Service, with effect from the 18th October 1922, *vice* Mr. G. R. MacDowell, retired.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 15483A.—The 29th December 1922.—The orders of the 7th December 1922 granting leave on average pay for one week to Mr. Satyendra Nath Modak, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lalbagh, Murshidabad, are cancelled.

No. 3A.—The 2nd January 1923.—Mr. H. E. Spry, C.B.E., I.C.S., on special duty, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (including a period of two months and twenty-one days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 38A.—The 3rd January 1923.—Mr. Paresh Nath Roy Chaudhuri, District and Sessions Judge, is allowed leave on average pay for six months on medical certificate, under articles 81 and 82 of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 96A.—The 5th January 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 20th September 1922, Babu Mangal Kumar Acharjya, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on probation, Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (three days of which are on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 26th November 1922, under article 81(b) (ii) and the Local Government ruling 2 on article 104(b) of the Fundamental rules.

No. 131A.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Satis Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under article 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental rules, with effect from the 3rd December 1922.

POLICE.—No. 170A.—The 6th January 1923.—Mr. S. S. Bellairs, Superintendent of Police, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for seven months and eighteen days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 177A.—The 6th January 1923.—Mr. P. C. Bamford, Superintendent of Police, Intelligence Branch of the Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for five days (of which four days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81(b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

ECOLESIASTICAL.—No. 139A.—The 6th January 1923.—The Reverend P. H. Crozier, Chaplain of Darjeeling, is allowed combined leave for one year four months and twenty-six days, viz., privilege leave for twenty-eight days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and commuted furlough for seven months and three days and ordinary furlough for the remaining period, under articles 316(a), 301(b) and 316(c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 188A.

POWERS.

No. 15373A.—The 26th December 1922.—Maulvi Abul Khair Muhammad Saiyid, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and is directed under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 15375A.—The 26th December 1922.—Maulvi Muhammad Taher, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and is directed under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 15377A.—The 26th December 1922.—The officers named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and are directed under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), to take down evidence in the English language :—

Babu Kiran Kumar Ghosh	... Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Dacca.
Maulvi Muhammad Sadiq Khan	... Ditto.

No. 36A.—The 2nd January 1923.—Babu Nagendra Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate, Tippera, is vested under section 407 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear appeals from the decisions of the Magistrates of the second and third classes.

No. 142A.—The 6th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Prafulla Chandra Sen, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of 24-Parganas, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 144A.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Prafulla Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate, 24-Parganas, is vested with powers under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 16J.—The 2nd January 1923.—Babu Aswini Kumar Das Gupta, munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, on leave, is appointed to act as Additional Subordinate Judge of Dacca and Tippera, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Phanindra Mohan Chatterji, or until further orders.

No. 28J.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif of Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Patuakhali, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Patuakhali munsiff.

No. 31J.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Rabindra Kumar Basu, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Bankura, to be ordinarily stationed at Vishnupur.

No. 33J.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Satyendra Nath Palit, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Patuakhali, but for the present to be employed at Pirojpur, *vice* Babu Praful Chandra Ray, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 59J.—The 4th January 1923.—Babu Ashutosh Ukil Banarji, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Tangail, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Tarak Nath Basu, or until further orders.

Mymensingh.

No. 69J.—The 4th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Syed Matiur Rahman, a member of the Nasirnagar union board, in the Brahmanberia subdivision, in the district of Tippera, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Majjuddin Chaudhury, deceased.

Tippera.

No. 74J.—The 4th January 1923.—Mr. Mowndur Rahman, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed to act as Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, with effect from the 14th January 1923, in the chain of arrangement caused by the absence, on leave, of Dr. Thornhill, or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 106J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Atul Chandra Banarji, Subordinate Judge of Burdwan, is appointed to act until further orders as Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly.

Burdwan.
Hooghly.

No. 108J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Durga Kanta Ray, Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Howrah, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Banwarilal Banarji, or until further orders.

Hooghly.

No. 110J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, officiating Subordinate Judge, under orders of transfer to Chittagong, is appointed to act until further orders as Subordinate Judge of Burdwan.

Chittagong.
Burdwan.

No. 114J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharji, munsif of Chittagong, on leave, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge, Jessore, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Hem Kumar Nought, or until further orders.

Chittagong.
Jessore.

No. 117J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Prajendra Saran Sanyal, M.Sc., B.L., is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharji, or until further orders.

Chittagong.

No. 123J.—The 5th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Rama Prasanna Chakrabarti, an Honorary Magistrate of the Kushtia Bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Nadia, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

Nadia.

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Kushtia subdivision of the said district.

No. 125J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Gopal Chandra Basu, munsif of Asansol, Burdwan, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dinajpur, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

Burdwan.
Dinajpur.

No. 128J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Upendra Lal Das Gupta, munsif of Dinajpur, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Manikganj.

Dinajpur.
Dacca.

No. 131J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Manikganj, Dacca, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Tangail, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Tangail munsifi.

Dacca.
Mymensingh.

No. 134J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Manindra Nath Banerji, munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Murshidabad, to be ordinarily stationed at Kandi, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Kandi munsifi.

Mymensingh.
Murshidabad.

No. 137J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Ananya Kumar Guha, munsif of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Chamtpar.

Murshidabad.
Tippera.

No. 140 J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Suresh Chandra Sen, munsif of Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Cox's Bazar.

**Tippera.
Chittagong.**

No. 143 J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Atal Behari Datta, munsif of Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

**Chittagong.
Dacca.**

No. 146 J.—The 6th January 1923.—The services of Babu Ananga Mohan Lahiri, munsif of Dacca, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

Dacca.

No. 148 J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, munsif of Dacca, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Noakhali, to be ordinarily stationed at Sandip and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sandip munsifi.

Noakhali.

No. 151 J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Jaman Kishore Ray, munsif of Sandip, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

**Noakhali.
Dacca.**

No. 164 J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Rajendra Lal Chakrabarti, munsif of Hathazari, Chittagong, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Kishoreganj.

**Chittagong.
Mymensingh.**

No. 169 J.—The 6th January 1923.—The services of Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta, munsif of Kishoreganj, Mymensingh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

Mymensingh.

LEAVE.

No. 91 J.—The 15th December 1922.—Babu Krish Chandra De, munsif of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under article 81 (b) (A) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 24th November 1922.

Faridpur.

No. 92 J.—The 18th December 1922.—Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, munsif of Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay till the 22nd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 23rd November 1922.

Burdwan.

No. 93 J.—The 18th December 1922.—Babu Tarak Nath Basu, munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay from the 2nd January to the 29th March 1923, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

Mymensingh.

No. 94 J.—The 19th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 28th November 1922, Babu Subodh Chandra Datta, munsif of Bakarganj, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-two days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st December 1922.

Bakarganj.

No. 95 J.—The 19th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 8th September 1922, Babu Ram Chandra Banarji, munsif of Narail, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave, on average pay, for two months, with effect from the 23rd October 1922, in combination of the Civil Court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Jessore.

No. 96 J.—The 19th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 7th December 1922, Babu Kshitish Chandra Chatterji, munsif of Nilphamari, in the district of Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay till the 22nd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 26th September 1922.

Rangpur.

No. 97 J.—The 19th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 8th September 1922, Babu Rasik Mohan Bhattacharyya, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 23rd October 1922, in combination of the Civil Court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Rajshahi.

No. 98 J.—The 19th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 26th September 1922, Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharyya, munsif of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay, from the 23rd October to the 22nd December 1922, in combination of the Civil Court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Chittagong.

No. 99J.—The 10th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 8th September 1922, Babu Upendra Chandra Ghosh, munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 23rd October 1922, in combination of the Civil Court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 100J.—The 10th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 23rd August 1922, Babu Manindra Nath Bhanja, munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay from the 23rd October to the 22nd December 1922, in combination of the Civil Court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 101J.—The 10th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 26th September 1922, Babu Ashutosh Mitra, munsif of Arambagh, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay from the 23rd October to the 22nd December 1922, in combination of the Civil Court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 102J.—The 20th December 1922.—In modification of the orders of the 28th November 1922, Babu Nagendra Kumar Basu, munsif, under orders of transfer to Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay from the 18th November to the 22nd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 103J.—The 21st December 1922.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Mitra, munsif, is allowed leave on quarter average pay for six months, under article 88 of the Fundamental Rules, on medical certificate, as prescribed in the local Government's ruling on articles 74 (a) (i) and (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th June 1922.

RESIGNATION.

No. 89J.—The 3rd January 1923.—The Governor in Council accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Ramani Mohan Goswami of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Feni bench in the district of Noakhali.

POWERS.

No. 157J.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Dalbaki Lal Sen Gupta, munsif of Kishoreganj, Mymensingh, is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (i) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Kishoreganj munsif.

G. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (off.).

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 8J.—The 2nd January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards, mentioned below, during their term of office as such members, to be union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Names of the members of union boards to constitute union benches in the Katwa subdivision of the Burdwan district

Poller station	Union board	Names of members
Katwa	Srikhand	1. Babu Rajendra Kumar Roy. 2. " Panchanan Kaviraj. 3. Syed Muhammad Sultan. 4. Khondkar Azizal Bari.
Do.	Agradwip	1. Babu Heramba Lal Chatterjee. 2. " Gokal Chandra Banerji. 3. Dr. Kali Nath Roy. 4. Babu Ashutosh Bose.
Do.	Singi	1. Babu Rajendra Nath Banerji. 2. " Baman Das Bhattacharji. 3. " Radhika Nath Chowdhuri. 4. Munshi Noajesh Molla.
Ketugram	Gangatikuri	1. Babu Subdas Bhattacharji. 2. " Satya Kinkar Roy. 3. " Saradindu Mohan Ghosh. 4. " Nibaran Chandra Majumdar.
Mangalkote	Simulia	1. Babu Chandra Sekhar Roy Chowdhuri. 2. Munshi Abdul Majid. 3. Babu Tarapada Roy. 4. " Renupada Santra.

No. 76J.—The 4th January 1923.—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the Bengal Civil Service (Judicial) :—

Promoted to the selection grade on Rs. 1,200.

Babu Durga Kanta Ray, with effect from the 31st August 1922, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Chatarji, retired.

Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, with effect from the 4th December 1922, *vice* Babu Kumudini Kanta Ray, retired.

Promoted to the selection grade on Rs. 1,000.

Babu Hem Kumar Neogi, with effect from the 28th August 1922, *vice* Mr. Parada Kinkar Mukharji, confirmed in the grade of District and Sessions Judges.

Babu Jitendra Prasad Chatarji, with effect from the 31st August 1922, *vice* Babu Durga Kanta Ray, promoted.

Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, with effect from the 4th December 1922, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh promoted.

Confirmed in the grade of Subordinate Judges below the selection grades.

Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, with effect from the 28th August 1922, *vice* Babu Hem Kumar Neogi, promoted. He is also confirmed in his present appointment.

Babu Pashupati Basu, with effect from the 31st August 1922, *vice* Babu Jitendra Prasad Chatarji, promoted. He is also confirmed in his present appointment.

Babu Nani Gopal Mukharji, No. I, with effect from the 4th December 1922, *vice* Babu Sirish Chandra Chaudhuri, promoted.

Confirmed in the grade of munsifs.

Babu Sachi Kanta Ray, with effect from the 28th August 1922, *vice* Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, promoted. He is also confirmed in his present appointment.

Babu Narendra Nath Sen Gupta, with effect from the 31st August 1922, *vice* Babu Pashupati Basu, promoted. He is also confirmed in his present appointment.

Babu Priyabrata Sen, with effect from the 4th December 1922, *vice* Babu Nani Gopal Mukharji, No. I, promoted. He is also confirmed in his present appointment.

G. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 6296 L.S.-G. — The 27th December 1922.—The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (f) and (m) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in the rules published under notification No. 1918 L.S.-G., dated the 24th June 1920, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th February 1923, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned through district officers before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft amendment.

For the words and figures in brackets at the end of rule 16

Substitute the following, namely :—

“(columns 13 and 20 to 26 of the payment side of Form No. 2, or columns 13 and 25 to 31 of the same side of Form No. 3, as the case may be).”

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 6271 M.—The 27th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Tollymore Municipal Council of the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 27 of that Act, electing Babu Purna Chandra Mitra to be Chairman of that Municipality, *vice* Sahabzada Muhammad Sultan Afim, deceased.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 6278M.—The 27th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Hooghly-Chinsura Municipality in the district of Hooghly:—

The District Engineer, Hooghly, *ex-officio*.

Babu Amulya Charan Datta.

Gokul Nath Sen.

Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur, M.L.C.

Maulvi Saiyid Erfan Ali, M.L.C.

Khalilur Rahaman.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 2M.—The 2nd January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 23 (1) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1881), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the Subdivisional Officer of Goalundo to be Chairman of the Rajbari Municipality in the district of Faridpur.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 7M.—The 2nd January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Tollygunge Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 9 to 15.

2. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are also pleased, in exercise of the power conferred by section 15 of the said Act, and in modification of notification No. 3314M., the 27th November 1900, to raise the number of Commissioners to be elected by wards Nos II and III of the said municipality from 1 to 3 each.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in Charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 3057Mell.—The 29th December 1922. Assistant Surgeon Ashutosh Dutta of the Raja P. N. Roy hospital, Rajshahi, held medical charge of the Civil Station there, in addition to his own duties, from the 3rd to the 12th November 1922, both days inclusive, during the absence of the Civil Surgeon from the district to give evidence at Shaharampur in the United Provinces.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 30Mell.—The 29th December 1922.—Major W. O. Walker, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to be Civil Surgeon of Jalpaiguri, with effect from the afternoon of the 29th November 1922.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 11P.H.—The 5th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 37G of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1881 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to sanction the scheme submitted by the Commissioners of the Raekura Municipality, which provides for the construction of a new well a little lower down the river, and a new branch suction pipe leading from it to the pumps and for the extension of the distribution system, work shop, etc., with a view to secure an abundant supply of water, the particulars of which were published with notification No. 2099P.H., dated the 25th July 1922, at page 1489 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd August 1922.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 19906, dated Calcutta, the 22nd December 1922.—Assistant Surgeon Satyendra Nath Sen, 2nd Assistant Chemical Examiner to Government, Calcutta, having returned to duty on the 27th November 1922, the unexpired portion of his leave granted under this department notification No. 17429, dated 9th November 1922, is cancelled.

No. 20021, dated Calcutta, the 22nd December 1922.—Assistant Surgeon Khagendra Mohan Basu is appointed as House Surgeon, General Hospital, Howrah, with effect from the date he assumes charge of the appointment, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Surendra Nath Ghosh, II.

No. 153, dated Calcutta, the 3rd January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Satya Ranjan Sen is appointed as Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Parbatipur, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Ray..

No. 20074, dated Calcutta, the 29th December 1922.—Assistant Surgeon Dharendra Nath Sen did general duty at Noakhali, from 13th November to 18th December 1922 (both days inclusive).

No. 20076, dated Calcutta, the 29th December 1922.—Assistant Surgeon Jyoti Prasad Mitra acted as House Physician, Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Calcutta, from 15th to 28th October 1922, both days inclusive, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Manindra Nath Mallik.

No. 20076A., dated Calcutta, the 29th December 1922.—Assistant Surgeon Jyoti Prasad Mitra did general duty at the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Calcutta, from 29th October to 17th November 1922, both days inclusive.

No. 283, dated Calcutta, the 6th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Harish Chandra Sen, on return from leave, is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, until further orders.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2742Edn.—The 30th December 1922.—Miss Niharkona Sarkar, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Burdwan Division, in the Bengal Educational Service, was allowed leave for six months, with effect from the 1st May 1922, viz., leave on average pay for three months and twenty-one days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81 (c) of those rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2745Edn.—The 30th December 1922.—Mrs. Manisha Roy is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as an Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Burdwan Division, during the absence, on leave, of Miss Niharkona Sarkar, and until the appointment of a permanent successor in the post.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 25Edn.—The 6th January 1923.—Rai Sahib Debendra Kumar Roy, Superintendent, Dacca Normal School, was allowed leave on average pay from the 18th June 1922 to the 23rd September 1922 (both days inclusive) in combination with the summer vacation of the school for the period from the 8th to the 17th June 1922 under rules 81 (b) (ii) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 26Edn.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Jogendra Mohan Datta, Assistant Superintendent, Dacca Normal School, was appointed to act as Superintendent of the School, and in the Bengal Educational Service, for the period from the 18th June 1922 to the 23rd September 1922 (both days inclusive) during the absence, on leave, of Rai Sahib Debendra Kumar Roy.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2610 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Enayet Karim temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Atghoria and Sara, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Mirza Kamaluddin Ahmad, or until further orders.

Pabna.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2620 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Enayet Karim temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Atghoria and Sara, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Mirza Kamaluddin Ahmad, or until further orders.

Pabna.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2625 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—Babu Sachis Chandra Chatterjee, District Sub-Registrar of Malda, is granted leave on average pay from 7th October 1922 to 27th October 1922 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Malda.

This cancels Government notification No. 2116 Mis., dated the 21st October 1922.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2627 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—Government notification No. 2118 Mis., dated the 21st October 1922, appointing Maulvi Hamiduddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Ratua, to act as District Sub-Registrar of Malda, is hereby cancelled.

Malda.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2597 Mis.—The 22nd December 1922.—Khan Sahib Saiyid Abul Mansur, District Sub-Registrar of Rangpur, is appointed to be District Sub-Registrar of Mymensingh.

Rangpur.
Mymensingh.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2599 Mis.—The 22nd December 1922.—Maulvi Abdul Khaleq, District Sub-Registrar of Mymensingh, on leave, is appointed to be District Sub-Registrar of Rangpur.

Mymensingh.
Rangpur.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2629 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to declare the two mounds to the north of the village Bhandiswar, in the district of Birbhum, in the Burdwan Division, to be protected monuments within the meaning of the said Act.

Birbhum.

2. Any objection to the issue of this notification which is received by the undersigned within one month from the date on which a copy of the notification is posted in a conspicuous place on or near the said monuments will be taken into consideration.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2633 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to declare the *stupa* mound at Bharat Hayana, district Khulna, in the Presidency Division, to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

Khulna.

2. Any objection to the issue of this notification which is received by the undersigned within one month from the date on which a copy of the notification is posted in a conspicuous place on or near the said monument will be taken into consideration.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 2637 Mis.—The 30th December 1922.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to make the following rules for the purpose of protecting and preserving the ancient mounds described therein :—

Bogra.

Rules.

1. No excavation within the radius of four miles from the south-west corner of the Fort of Mahasthangarh, in the district of Bogra, wherein the ancient mounds mentioned

in the accompanying list are situated, shall be carried out without a license from the Collector of Bogra :—

List of Mounds at and in the vicinity of Mahasthan, district Bogra.

Serial No.	Name of mound with explanation.	Length.	Breadth.	Height.	Name of village.
		Ft.	Ft.	Ft.	
1	Khodaipathar mound (for the presence of a big engraved stone on the mound).	120	110	9	Mahaathan.
2	Mankhali ...	250	150	10	Ditto.
3	Parasuram's palace (Parasuram was a Hindu king)	400	325	9	Ditto.
4	Baragir bhita (the dwelling place of hermit) ...	300	250	10	Ditto.
5	Govinda Dhap (a mound on which a hermit named Govinda used to live).	200	125	39	North of Mahasthan.
6	Medh (a parlour or a building consecrated to a Deity).	200	110	54	Gokul.
7	Nitai Dhubani's ghat (a platform on the bank of a river used or made by a washerwoman named Nitai).	300	300	29	Do.
8	Raja Gopinath's Dhap (the mound on which or where the Hindu king Gopinath had his palace).	150	130	15	Baghapara.
9	Skanda's Dhap (the dwelling place of a hermit named Skanda).	200	150	6	Ditto
10	Khamar (a palace) ...	300	200	10	Ramanahar.
11	DhanaBhandar (treasury) ...	150	100	30	Rojakpur.
12	Sadagar's bhita (the abode of a very rich merchant of the old days named Chand Sadagar).	...	...	...	Ditto.
13	Kacherangina (a courtyard made with some glazed material).	150	150	25	Ditto.
14	Shastitala (there was a temple of Goddess Shasti).	100	90	10	Ditto.
15	Rashmancha (a temple where the Hindu festival Raslila used to take place).	100	90	20	Ditto.
16	Dulumajhir bhita (the dwelling place of a sailor named Dulu of the said merchant Chand Sadagar's vessel).	90	80	6	Ditto.
17	Ojha Dhannantari bhita (the abode of a renowned physician named Dhannantari).	100	180	20	Haripur.
18	Sannasir Dhap (the dwelling place of a hermit) ...	80	76	27	Saralpur.
19	Sannasir Dhap ...	50	50	12	Tangra.
20	Ditto ...	125	100	12	
21	Narapatir Dhap (Narapati's mound) ...	100	80	30	Ditto.
22	Dukinir Dhap (a mound where a she-devil used to live).	130	100	8	Ditto.
23	Surdighir Dhap (as it stands by the side of a big tank known as Surdighi).	90	80	37	Secunderabad.
24	Kanjirhari Dhap ...	100	90	37	Ditto.
25	Dhanapati or Dhaniker Dhap (a place where a rich man used to live).	80	75	14	Daulapur.
26	Malinir Dhap (where a woman used to live on selling and growing flowers).	30	25	30	Shamur
27	Khullamar Dhap ...	24	21	12	Ditto.
28	Khullamar Dhap ...	300	200	15	Ditto.
29	Lahamar Dhap ...	300	250	34	Ditto.
30	Madarir Darga ...	20	15	15	Chingaspur.
31	Padmarbati (abode of Padma) ...	300	200	10	Ditto.
32	Bismardan (the mound where the God Bismardan, the destroyer of enemies, had a temple).	56	50	7	Ditto.
33	Narapati Dhap ...	800	750	40	Bhasmihar.
34	Sannasir Dhap ...	65	61	7	Ditto.
35	Totaram Pandit's Dhap ...	300	200	6	Bihar.

2. Any person committing a breach of rule 1 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 200.

S. W. GOODE,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 22nd December 1922.

No. 906A.—Babu Suresh Chandra Roy, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Khulna, now under orders of transfer as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Basirhat, in the district of 24-Parganas, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 81(b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for six months, with effect from 9th November 1922.

Khulna.
24-Parganas.

2. Babu Amrita Lal Singha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Syampur, Howrah, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 145 per mensem), is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Basirhat, in the district of 24 Parganas, on an allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Roy, on leave.

3. Babu Abinash Chandra Roy is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Syampur, Howrah, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Amrita Lal Singha.

No. 907A.—Maulvi Md. Kefaitullah Sarkar, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Jamalpur, Mymensingh, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twenty days in extension of the leave granted to him in terms of this office notification No. 723A., dated the 13th September 1922.

He is permitted to affix the Puja holidays to his leave.

The arrangement already sanctioned for the performance of the absentee's duties is allowed to continue.

No. 908A.—Maulvi Syed Zillar Rahim, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Khulna, on Rs. 75 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three months and twenty-seven days in extension of the leave granted in this office notification No. 613A., dated the 19th August 1922.

The arrangement already sanctioned for the performance of the absentee's duties, is allowed to continue.

The 2nd January 1923.

No. 1A.—Miss Nirmal Hazra is appointed temporarily as Lecturer in History for the Intermediate classes attached to the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, on Rs. 150 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 150—10—300—10—400, with effect from the date she joins the appointment, against one of the posts created in terms of Government order No. 1772Edn., dated the 23rd August 1922.

No. 2.1.—Miss Suruchibala Roy is appointed to act as assistant mistress, Vidyamoyee High School for Girls, Mymensingh, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, against the post created in terms of Government order No. 1715Edn., dated the 14th August 1922, with effect from the date she joins the appointment.

No. 3A.—Babu Iswar Chandra Majhi, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Tanjukur Midnapore, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 115 per mensem), is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Contai Midnapore, on an allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Kazi Montazuddin Ahmed.

No. 4A.—Maulvi Muhammad Hamid Ali assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah (on probation), on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 80 per month), is granted leave, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, on average pay for thirteen days, with effect from 11th December 1922.

2. Maulvi Abdul Hafeez is appointed to act as assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from 11th December 1922, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Hamid Ali, on leave.

The 11th January 1923.

No. 5.1.—The following arrangements are sanctioned:—

(1) Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen Gupta, assistant master, Jhalakati Government High School, is appointed to act as assistant master, Armanitola Government High School, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Sudhansu Mohan Mitra, on deputation.

(2) Babu H. Chandra Achary, head pandit, Taki Government High School, on Rs. 60—4—160 (now getting Rs. 88 per mensem), is appointed to act as an assistant master, Jhalakati Government High School, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen Gupta, on deputation.

No. 6A.—Babu Charu Chandra Banerjee, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Kalna in the district of Burdwan, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twenty-one days, with effect from the 9th October 1922.

He is permitted to affix to his leave the holiday on 30th October 1922 on account of the Jagadhatri Puja.

2. Babu Gour Gopal Mitra, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kalna, in the district of Burdwan, on Rs. 75—5—200, will remain in charge of the office of the Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Kalna, Burdwan, during the absence, on leave of Babu Charu Chandra Banerjee.

No. 7A.—Babu Panchanan Bhattacharjee, assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, on Rs. 110 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for four months, with effect from the 1st November 1922, or from any subsequent date of which he avails himself of it.

Nadia.

He is also permitted to retain a duty lien upon his appointment as Librarian of the Krishnagar Collegiate School.

2. Babu Nishitha Nath Mondal is appointed to act as assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Panchanan Bhattacharjee, on leave, or until further orders.

3. Maulvi Abdul Aziz, assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is allowed to act as Librarian of the school on an allowance of Rs. 20 per month, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Panchanan Bhattacharjee, or until further orders.

No. 8A.—Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bancharampur, Tippera, on Rs. 145 in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Tippera, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, *vice* Maulvi Mozulul Islam, on deputation, in terms of Education Department notification No. 2419Edn., dated the 2nd December 1922.

Tippera.

The 4th January 1923.

No. 9A.—Mrs. Sarajubala Das, assistant mistress, Noakhali Sadar Girls' Middle English School, on Rs. 50—2—80 (efficiency bar)—3—110 (now drawing Rs. 107 a month), is appointed to act as head mistress of the school on Rs. 75—5—150 (efficiency bar)—5—200, with effect from the date she joins the appointment, *vice* Miss Juanada Das Gupta, on deputation, in the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules.

Noakhali.

No. 10A.—Maulvi Syed Tajamal Hossain, assistant master, Jessore Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now officiating assistant head master of the school and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of article 271 of the leave rules of July 1920, privilege leave for nine days for the period from 8th November 1922 to 16th November 1922, both days inclusive.

Jessore.

The 5th January 1923.

No. 11A.—Maulvi Mahammad Izzatulla, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Muksudpur, Faridpur (substantively *pro tempore*), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Kushtia, Nadia, *vice* Maulvi Mahammad Mudheswar Hossain, transferred.

**Faridpur.
Nadia.**

2. Maulvi Abdus Satter, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Kushtia, Nadia, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mukshudpur, Faridpur, *vice* Maulvi Izzatullah, transferred.

No. 12A.—Maulvi Salimuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Faridpur Sadar, on Rs. 75—5—200, (now drawing Rs. 145 per mensem), is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Barisal Sadar, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Ghani.

Faridpur.

No. 13A.—Maulvi Mukhlesur Rahman is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narayanganj, Dacca, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Mostehuddin Ahmed.

Dacca.

This modifies this office notification No. 728A., dated 15th September 1922, regarding the appointment of Maulvi Dewan Ali and cancels notification No. 831, dated 10th November 1922, regarding the appointment of Maulvi Hasmat Ali.

W. W. HORNBILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 590.—The 22nd December 1922.—Maulvi Saliyid Mohsen Ali, Sub-Registrar, grade V of Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-three days, the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Sub-Registrar of Khaliapur in the district of Jessore, with effect from the 30th November 1922.

**Burdwan.
Jessore.**

No. 591.—The 22nd December 1922.—Maulvi Khadim Hasan, Sub-Registrar of Nasirnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 576, dated the 20th December 1922.

Tippera.

No. 1.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Sadananda Sen, Sub-Registrar of Chandina, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the afternoon of the 17th December 1922.

Tippera.

No. 2.—The 3rd January 1923.—Maulvi Anwar Ali, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Tippera, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Chandina, in the same district, with effect from the afternoon of the 17th December 1922, *vice* Babu Sadananda Sen, on leave.

Tippera.

No. 3.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Naresh Chandra Basu, Sub-Registrar of Patarhat, on leave, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Galachipa in the same district, with effect from the 16th December 1922.

Bakarganj.

No. 4.—The 4th January 1923.—Maulvi Alauddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Madhupur, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 551, dated the 9th December 1922.

Mymensingh.

No. 5.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu John Ballav Chaudhuri, officiating second Joint Sub-Registrar of Bogra at Madla, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Trisal, in the district of Mymensingh.

**Bogra.
Mymensingh.**

No. 6.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Haripada Sen, Sub-Registrar of Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Khulna.

No. 7.—The 6th January 1923.—Maulvi Sayid Muhammad Abdullah, Sub-Registrar of Bahakandi, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Pangsa, in the same district.

Faridpur.

No. 8.—The 6th January 1923.—Maulvi Ahmad Ali, Sub-Registrar of Pangsa, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Bahakandi, in the same district.

Faridpur.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 238F.—The 8th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the India Coinage Act (III of 1906) the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the P. O. Banking Corporation, Limited, of No. 1, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, to cut or break counterfeit silver coins.

No. 58R.—The 2nd January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Indian Salt Duties Act, 1908 (X of 1908), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the rules published under Government of Bengal, Finance Department, notification No. 338, dated the 2nd April 1909, providing for the payment of duty on salt (manufactured in or imported into or transported within Bengal) within a period not exceeding six months from the date on which payment is due, and for the furnishing of security for such payment, namely:—

(1) After clause (g) of rule 3, insert the following:—

“(h) cash paid into the Imperial Bank of India to be placed on fixed deposit for six months in the name and on account of the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, with whom the fixed deposit receipt shall be lodged.”

(2) In rule 3A, after the words “each security” in both places where they occur, insert the words “other than cash held on fixed deposit with the Imperial Bank of India as described in rule 3 (h).”

(3) (a) In rule 4 (1), after the word “securities” in the first place where it occurs, insert the words “are or cash is,” and after the word “securities”, where it occurs for the second time, insert the words “or cash.”

(b) In rule 4 (2), for the words "The said amount shall be fixed according to the probable marketable value of the securities" *insert* the words "The said amount in the case of securities other than cash shall be fixed according to the probable marketable value of such securities."

(4) For rule 9, *substitute* the following, namely:—

"9. Any interest accruing on securities during the time they remain in the custody of the Collector, or on cash during the time it is held by the Imperial Bank in deposit on the Collector's account, shall be credited to the depositor's account, less such charge for commission not exceeding 1 per cent. on the net amount of interest realised as may be prescribed by the Collector."

(5) At the end of rule 11 (3) *add* the words "or on any cash held in deposit."

(6) After rule 12, *insert* the following, namely:—

"12A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rules 11 and 12, when the security consists of a Treasury Bill or of cash held on a fixed deposit with the Imperial Bank of India which falls due for repayment on or before the date fixed for the adjustment of the account under rule 10 (1), the Collector may make such adjustment by crediting to the depositor's account the proceeds of such repayment at the same time closing the account concerned; and, with the express or implied consent of the depositor, may credit any surplus to other accounts kept with the same depositor under these rules."

(7) At the end of rule 13 (2), *add* the following, namely:—

"Provided that cash held on a fixed deposit with the Imperial Bank of India shall not be repaid until the period of such deposit has expired except by common arrangement between the Collector, the Bank and the depositor concerned."

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

For reference: The 6th January 1923.—The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd December 1922, is published for general information:—

No. 6768, dated Calcutta, the 23rd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce (Merchant Shipping).

In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Shipping) Act, 1920 (XLI of 1920), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Shipping) Rules, 1922, namely:—

In sub-rule (2) of rule 11 of the said rules, for the words "experience as an operator" wherever they occur, the words "experience at sea as a Commercial Operator in a vessel of the Mercantile Marine" shall be substituted.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 1.—*The 2nd January 1923.*—The following corrections are made in this Department notifications Nos. 67 and 68, dated the 13th December 1922:—

No. 67. For "6th December 1922" *read* "7th December 1922".

No. 68. For "5th December 1922" *read* "5th and 6th December 1922".

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES, BENGAL.

EXCISE.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 11E1.—*The 3rd January 1923.*—Rai Sahib Panchu Gopal Sen, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th December 1922 or any subsequent date on which he might avail himself of it.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 12E1.—*The 3rd January 1923.*—Babu Manindra Nath Roy, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Burdwan, is appointed to act as Superintendent of Excise and Salt in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Rai Sahib Panchu Gopal Sen, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 106E1.—*The 6th January 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 86 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899) the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in the rules published under Notification No. 3018.R, dated the 30th March 1915 as subsequently amended, namely:

In rule 216 of the said rules for "Rs. 50" against Ganja substitute "Rs. 54 8".

J. T. DONOVAN

• Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.)

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 146 A.—*The 6th January 1923.*—Babu Bon Pihari Panigrahi, District Agricultural Officer, Khulna, is granted leave on average salary under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules for a period of four months, with effect from the 18th October 1922. This cancels this office notification No. 1303A, dated the 11th December 1922.

No. 197A.—*The 6th January 1923.*—Babu Sitindra Lal Sen Gupta, District Agricultural Officer, Rangpur, is granted under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for ten days, with effect from the 14th December 1922.

R. S. PINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.)

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 511.—*The 6th January 1923.*—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Pilatia Ghunya Dharma Bhandar (registered No. 173 of 1914), in the district of Mymensingh, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 11 of 1912 that the society ought to be dissolved,

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Mymensingh, to be liquidator of the said society.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 512.—*The 6th January 1923.*—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Jamalpur Co-operative Store, Limited (registered No. 460 of 1918), in the district of Mymensingh, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 11 of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Babu Aswini Mohan Ghosh, B.L., Honorary Secretary, Jamalpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., Mymensingh, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 516.—The 6th January 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an inquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Haragram Sheikhpara Co-operative Society (registered No. 109 of 1917), in the district of Rajshahi, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 11 of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Rajshahi, to be liquidator of the said society.

M. THORP,

Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 65 Exc.—The 6th January 1923.—Babu Rasick Lal Ghosh, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for six months, with effect from the 6th January 1923.

S. C. MUKHERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

ERRATUM.

No. 173 L.R.—The 6th January 1923.—In notification No. 7939 L.R., dated the 5th September 1921, published at page 1534, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem, substitute the following entries for the entries under Block No. V :—

Taluk Satali II—Area 68.06 acres.

North—Jote No. 1488.

East—Jote Nos. 1643, 3153 and Bari Basra Nadi.

South—Jote Nos. 2354 and 1168.

West—Jote Nos. 3176, 1766, 2009, 3152 and 1168.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 80 L.A.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Mathura Nath Banarji, Third Land Acquisition Officer, Calcutta, is granted leave on average pay for six months (entirely on account of privilege leave at credit), under article 81 (b) (iv) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 149 L.A.—The 5th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 8 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.24 of an acre, comprised in plots Nos. 1 and 5 of the Land Acquisition Plan in village Nabinagar, pargana Bardakhat, district Tippera, and bounded as described below, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 2937 L.A., dated the 17th March

1922, published at page 556, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, and required by the District Board of Tippera for a dispensary in the village of Nabinagar, pargana Bardakhut, district Tippera.

BOUNDARIES.

North—By foot-path,

East—By cadastral survey plots No. 2347 and part of No. 2348,

South—By cadastral survey plot No. 2346,

West—By parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2344, 2345, 2346 and 1997

No. 199L A - The 5th January 1922. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land with Chandra Mohan Das's *doba* measuring more or less, 1 cottahs 13½ chitaks of standard measurement equivalent to 0.8 of an acre which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 1220L A, dated the 30th January 1922, published at page 251, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st February 1922, as amended by erratum No. 7104L A dated the 27th July 1922, published at page 1504 Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd August 1922 and required by the Bankura Municipality for sanitary improvement and widening a bye-lane in the village of Bankura pargana Vishnupur, zilla Bankura.

No. 205L A - The 5th January 1922. In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894 the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring 0.060 of an acre included in the area notified for acquisition in declaration No. 246L A dated the 23rd January 1922 published at page 177 Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 25th January 1922, and required for widening some portion of Golak Pals Lane, in the mahalla of Mahitola, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca.

M. C. McALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 70L A - The 2nd January 1923. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Hooghly for a public purpose, viz., for a dispensary building in the village of Panlua, pargana Panlua, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 29 of an acre, bounded on the

North—By Grand Trunk Road with drain,

East—By Jiban Kati Das's garden,

South—By Pushupati Srimukherjee's house and Sasti Surnakar's waste land,

West—By Pandua Kalvanpur District Board road with drain,

is required within the aforesaid village of Pandua.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Hooghly.

M. C. McALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 11L A. - The 2nd January 1923. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Birbhum for a public purpose, viz., for Mallarpur Dispensary Building, in the village of Mallarpur, pargana Mallarpur, zilla Birbhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 1.525 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT A.

North—By Kandighi tank and plot B.

South and East—By khas patit land of Mahanta Bhagwan Das,

West—By Kandighi tank and khas patit land of Mahanta Bhagwan Das.

PLOT B :

North—By District Board road from Mahamed Pazar to Mallarpur,

South—By plot A,

East—By paddy lands of Phani Bhusan Sow, Durga Das Roy and Bhola Nath Biswas,

West—By Kandighi tank with embankment,

are required within the aforesaid village of Mallarpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Rampurhat.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1111.A.—The 4th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council

Chittagong.

that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong District Board for a public purpose, viz., for the Mahamuni Pramatha Charitable Dispensary in the village of Pahartali, thana Raozan, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4.66 acres, bounded on the—

North—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 1672 and 1675,

East—By the Raozan Road,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 1678, 1679 and 1680, and

West—By a *gopul* (cadastral survey plot No. 1685),

is required within the aforesaid village of Pahartali.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 125 L.A.—The 4th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

24-Parganas.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Tittagarh Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a pail depôt in the village of Khardah, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.0826 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the drain of Bakultala road and passage,

East—By the lands of Kripamayee Dassi and Haridhan Mukherji and by passage,

South—By Khardah khal, by the lands of Kripamayee Dassi and Haridhan Mukherji, Khardah khal, and

West—By the land of Budhu Mia and by drain of Bakultala road

is required within the aforesaid village of Khardah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Municipal Commissioners, Tittagarh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 126 L.A.—The 4th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council

24-Parganas.

that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Corporation for a public purpose, viz., for a Dispensary at No. 7, Dent Mission Road, in the village of Kidderpore, pargana Magura, zilla

24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1647 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By premises No. 6, Dent Mission Road,

East—By premises No. 12, Dent Mission Road,

South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 7, Dent Mission Road,

West—By the Dent Mission Road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Kidderpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 129L.A.—The 4th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council

Calcutta.

that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for the Improvement Scheme known as Scheme No. XVII (Lower Chitpore Road to Chatawalla Gully) in Ward No. VIII of the Calcutta Municipality, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 bighas 9 cottahs 13 chitaks 15 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 2.146 acres, bounded on the—

North—By a common passage leading from Lower Chitpore Road to Chatawalla Gully,

East and South—By Chatawalla Gully,

West—By Lower Chitpore Road,

is required within the aforesaid Ward No. VIII in the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the First Land Acquisition Collector, 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 132L.A.—The 4th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Jessore.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Jessore for a public purpose, viz., for excavation of a tank in the village of Satyabanpur, pargana Naldi, zilla Jessore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.31 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Panchu Tanti, Fazel Molla and brothers, Halat and Pitambary Dassya's lands,

East—By the lands of Sasi Bhusan Chakravarty, Halat and Pitambary Dassya and Panchu Tanti's lands,

South—By the lands of Pitambary Dassya, Halat, lands of Umacharan Mandal, Halat and the lands of Sasi Bhusan Chakravarty,

West—By the lands of Sasi Bhusan Chakravarty and Pitambary Dassya,

is required within the aforesaid village of Satyabanpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Magura.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 135L.A.—The 4th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Dacca.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for surface drain at Kagjitola and Sabjimahol in the town of Dacca, in the mahallas of

Chamartuly, Kagjitola and Sabjimahal, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose ten pieces of land measuring, more or less, 6415 of an acre, bounded on the—

Block I. (Area—2493 of an acre).

North—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 64, 68, 63, 61, 59 and 78 and by the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 65, 56, 55 and 53,
East—By Rup Lal Das lane and the cadastral survey plots Nos. 78 and 64 and remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 65,
South—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 80, 81, 78 and 70 and Rup Lal Das lane,
West—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 89, 91 and 92 and by the cadastral survey plot No. 80,

Block II. (Area—0036 of an acre).

North—By Rup Lal Das lane and cadastral survey plot No. 183,
East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 183,
South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 185,
West—By Rup Lal Das lane,

Block III. (Area—0279 of an acre).

North—By Suk Lal Das lane and cadastral survey plot No. 175,
East and South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 175,
West—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 8, 9, 10 and 11,

Block IV. (Area—0897 of an acre.)

North—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 75 and 195 and by the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 74,
East—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 195 and 77,
South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 77,
West—By Rup Lal Das lane,

Block V. (Area—0447 of an acre.)

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 192, 193, 178, 177 and 176,
East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 175,
South—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 195, 194 and 175,
West—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 176 and 180 and by the cadastral survey plot No. 194,

Block VI. (Area—0796 of an acre.)

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 122, 119 and 124 and cadastral survey plot No. 175,
East—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 167 and 125,
South—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 175, 123, 167 and 125,
West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 175,

Block VII. (Area—0021 of an acre.)

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 123,
East and South—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 172,
West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 175,

Block VIII. (Area—0010 of an acre.)

North—By the cadastral survey plot Nos. 125 and 167,
East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 125,
South—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 166,
West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 167,

Block IX. (Area—0550 of an acre.)

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 153 and by the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 152,
East—By the municipal drain and cadastral survey plot No. 155,
South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 155 and the compound wall of cadastral survey plot No. 165,
West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 125,

Block X. (Area—0936 of an acre.)

North—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 286 and 287,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 382,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 284,

West—By Debendra Nath Das lane,

are required within the aforesaid mahallas of Chamartuly, Kagjitola and Sabjimahal.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 154 L.A.—The 5th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a Model Colony staff quarters and roads for the Eastern Bengal Railway at Munshipara, Saidpur, at mile 119-120 in the villages of Niamatpur and Kaya, parganas Sharuppur and Kazirhat, zilla Rangpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 31.526 acres bounded on the—

Rangpur.

North—By the temple of Narayan and the lands of Lakshan Kundu, Lakshmi Narayan, Chulan Bhar, Munshi Unas, Radha Ballav, Golaf Shaikh, Shukhu Bhar, Raghunath, Shuhadat, Haruni, Perperia, khas land of zemindar Gimbala Dassi, Chaita Shaikh, Monatulla, Ejak Shaikh, Jali Mahmud Pramanick, Jali Mahmud Sarkar and Khatir Mahmud.

East—By the lands of H. E. School compound, Hagura Sarkar, Gadla Khalipa, Tapan Pramanick, Tara Nath Roy, Chepa Mahmud, Jeher Mahmud, Panbi Bewa, Kadimulla, Khatir Mahmud,

South—By the lands of H. E. School compound, District Board road maintained by railway, masjid and railway lands,

West—By District Board road maintained by railway and the temple of Narayan,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Niamatpur and Kaya.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Rangpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 159 L.A.—The 5th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Assam-Bengal Railway Company, Limited, for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of new Noakhali railway station in the villages of East Lakhmarayanpur and West Rajarampur, parganas Amirabad and Bhulua, zilla Noakhali, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three pieces of land measuring, more or less, 17.15 acres, bounded on the—

Noakhali.

BLOCK A :

North—By part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1586, 1584 of village East Lakhmarayanpur No. 101,

East—By the part of railway line and railway land of village East Lakhmarayanpur No. 101,

South—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 1615 and 1618 of village East Lakhmarayanpur No. 101,

West—By part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1613, 1686 and 1346 of village East Lakhmarayanpur No. 101,

BLOCK B :

North—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 1670 and 1675 of village East Lakhinarayanpur No. 101,

East—By the part of railway line and railway land of village West Rajarampur No. 108,

South—By the part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 50 and 51 of village West Rajarampur No. 108,

West—By the part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 48, 49 and 50 of village West Rajarampur No. 108,

BLOCK C :

North—By the part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1100, 1101, 1099, 1098, 1097, 1096 of village East Lakhinarayanpur No. 101,

East—By the part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1096, 1089, 1078, 1091, 1076, 1706, 1707, 1099, 1698, 1697, 1693, 1687, 1688, 1678, 1677 of village East Lakhinarayanpur No. 101 and part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 102, 101, 100, 95, 111 of village West Rajarampur No. 108,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 91 and part of cadastral survey plot No. 90 of village West Rajarampur No. 108,

West—By the railway line and railway land of villages No. 101 and 108 of East Lakhinarayanpur and West Rajarampur, respectively,

are required within the aforesaid villages of East Lakhinarayanpur and West Rajarampur. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Noakhali.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 167 L.A.—The 6th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government

Midnapore.

at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Amirabad Drainage Project, in the village of Dhobaberya, pargana Bahirimutha, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 04 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By portion of settlement plot No. 961,

East—By settlement plot No. 960,

West—By settlement plot No. 962,

is required within the aforesaid village of Dhobaberya.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Contai.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 202 L.A.—The 8th January 1923.—In line 6 of declaration No. 10689 L.A., dated the 12th December 1921, published at page 2105, Part I of the

24-Parganas.

Calcutta Gazette of the 14th idem in respect of the acquisition of the land required for the construction of a new Alms House in the village of Khanpur, pargana Khashpore, zilla 24-Parganas, for figures and words "7.0209 acres," read "6.6033 acres."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 36 For.—The 21st December 1922.—Mr. F. J. A. Hart, Assistant Conservator of Forests, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (of which

Buxa.

two days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923. He is also permitted to prefix the Xmas and New Year's holidays to this leave.

No. 37 For.—The 23rd December 1922.—Mr. J. C. M. Gardner, Deputy Conservator of Forests, on first appointment is posted as an attached officer to Darjeeling Division with headquarters at Darjeeling.

R. C. MILWARD
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

BABU REVATI MOHAN CHAKRAVORTI, No. 11, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been placed in executive charge of the Dinajpur Treasury with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Babu Raj Narayan Banerji, and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries.

N. N. ROY, Collector.

DINAJPUR COLLECTORATE, the 2nd January 1923.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 10TH JANUARY 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1923 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the twelfth day of February next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

MIRZA MOHOMED ALI NAKEY, Sheriff.

সরফ আফিস, সন ১৯২৩ সাল, তারিখ ১০ই জানুয়ারি।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামী সন ১৯২৩ সালের ১২ই ফেব্রুয়ারী সোমবার, বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯২৩ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে, ইতি।

মিরজা মহম্মদ আলি নাকি,
সরফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 27th December 1922.

No. 8875A.—Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, officiating Subordinate Judge of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Burdwan.

No. 8944A.—Babu Gopal Chandra Basu, munsifi of Dinajpur, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

No. 8947A.—Babu Gopal Chandra Basu, munsifi of Dinajpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Dinajpur.

The 22nd December 1922.

No. 8890A.—Babu Dinesh Charan Ray, munsifi of Hathazari, in the district of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Hathazari munsifi.

No. 8905A.—Babu Rajendra Lal Chakrabarti, munsif of Kishoreganj, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Kishoreganj munsifi.

No. 8908A.—Babu Jamini Kishore Ray, munsif of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Dacca.

No. 8911A.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, munsif of Sandip, in the district of Noakhali, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sandip munsifi.

No. 8914A.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ballav, munsif of Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Asansol munsifi.

No. 8923A.—Babu Atal Bihari Datta, munsif of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Dacca.

No. 8926A.—Babu Sitiesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Cox's Bazar, in the district of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Cox's Bazar munsifi.

No. 8929A.—Babu Amulya Kumar Guha, munsif of Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Chandpur munsifi.

No. 8935A.—Babu Manindra Nath Bhanja, munsif of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Kandi munsifi.

No. 8938A.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Tangail munsifi.

No. 8941A.—Babu Upendra Lal Das Gupta, munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Manikganj munsifi.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL.

The 27th December 1922.

No. 8932A.—Babu Manindra Nath Bhanja, munsif of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, is appointed to be a District Delegate, under section 235A. of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865), and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the Kandi munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

Dates of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Criminal Sessions for the year 1923.

No. of Sessions.	Day of the week.	Date.
First Sessions	... Monday	... February 12.
Second Sessions	... Do.	... April 30.
Third Sessions	... Do.	... June 18.

Dates of the 4th and 5th Criminal Sessions will be notified hereafter.

By order,

O. MOSES,

Clerk of the Crown.

HIGH COURT, CROWN OFFICE, the 20th December 1922.

ORDERS BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 3130 L. S.-G.—In this office notification No. 2905 L. S.-G., dated the 27th November 1922, published at page 2158, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th December 1922, for No. 9 “Babu Akshoy Pada Mukharjee” read “Babu Abhoy Pada Mukharjee.”

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

• *COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 31st December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 14G.—Maulvi Mir Hafizuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, posted to the Chittagong Division by Government notification No. 15439A., dated the 23rd December 1922, is posted to the headquarters station of the Chittagong district.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 3rd January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 23G.—In supersession of orders contained in notification No. 14G., dated the 3rd January 1923, Maulvi Mir Hafizuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector on leave, posted to the Chittagong Division by Government notification No. 15439A., dated the 23rd December 1922, is posted to the Cox's Bazar subdivision of the Chittagong district.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 4th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

IN accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mr. Ajoy Chandra Dutt, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Vishnupur subsidiary jail for one year from the 1st January 1923

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 28th December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

IN accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Vishindra Nath Sarkar and Mr. Ajoy Chandra Dutt, members of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be non-official visitors of the Bankura Jail for one year with effect from the 1st January 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 28th December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

IN accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Rai Baidya Nath Ghatak Bahadur to be a non-official visitor of the Bankura Jail for a period of two years.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 28th December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1644M.—It is hereby notified for general information that in the by-election held on the 16th December 1922 in Ward II of the Serampore Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, Babu Kanai Lal Goswami was duly elected as a Commissioner in place of Babu Radhica Lal Gossain, resigned.

K. O. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 24th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 116L.S.-G.—In exercise of the power conferred on me by section 19 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint Babu Saradindu Narain Rai to be a member of the Kandi local board, in the district of Murshidabad, in place of Raja Manindra Chandra Sinha, M.B.E., deceased.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 2nd January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 117L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (1) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, Babu Haran Chandra Dutt has been duly elected by the Diamond Harbour Local Board to be a member of the 24-Parganas District Board in place of Raja Manindra Chandra Singha, deceased.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 4th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 62M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B. C.) of 1908, Babu Mahasing Lama is appointed as a member of the Sadar Kurseong Local Board, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Babu Sridoyal Rai, resigned.

D. H. LUES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 6th January 1923.*

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election for the election of a member for the Chalmohor thana to the Pabna Local Board in place of Babu Jogendra Nath Maitra, resigned, will be held on Tuesday, the 13th February 1923.

This supersedes the notification dated the 22nd November 1922.

H. QUINTON, *Magistrate.*

MAGISTRATE'S OFFICE, PABNA, *the 19th December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7975J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Radha Raman Saha has been elected to be a member of the Pardhara union board, in Singair police-station, in the Manikganj subdivision, of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Digendra Lal Saha, resigned.

A. N. MORERLY, *Commissioner (offy.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 22nd December 1922.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7976J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Rajendra Lal Sarkar has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of the Dhankora union board, in Satura police-station, in the Manikganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Naresh Chandra Banerjee, deceased.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7977J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Bijoy Chandra Chakraborty has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of the Chak-Mirpur union board, in Doulatpur police-station, in the Manikganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Priya Nath Sarkar, removed.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7956J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Phanindra Chandra Ghosh has been elected to be a member of the Kaundia union board, in Sabhar police-station, in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Munshi Elahi Box Bepari, resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7957J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Sashi Mohan Biswas has been elected to be a member of the Jadabpur union board, in Dhamrai police-station, in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Lalit Chandra Adhikari, deceased.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7968J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Mahammad Joynal Abdin has been elected to be a member of the Kalukopa union board, Nawahganj police-station, in the South Sadar subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Nibaran Chandra Roy, removed.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 22nd December 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 17J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Krishna Prasad Karmakar has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of the Chonhat union board, in Dhamrai police-station, in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Kripa Nath Saha, resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 2nd January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 21L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Batu Jnan Ranjan Bahdyapathaya has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. 11 of the Karajgram union board in Katwa police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Abinash Chandra Ghosh, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 5th January 1923.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2361P.—The 9th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of issue No. 1, Volume I, of a newspaper in English entitled "The Indian Independence," dated the 15th December 1922, printed at Berlin, and commencing with the words "Our Policy and Programme" and ending with the words "Will become clearer and solvable as we will advance", and all other documents containing extracts therefrom on the ground that the said newspaper contains words which bring, or attempt to bring, into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd December 1922, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

• *Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.*

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 21st December 1922.

No. 146.—In pursuance of entry 51 in Part II of Schedule I to the Devolution Rules, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that in every province having a Legislative Council, the preparation, publication and distribution of the provincial code constitute a matter of a merely local nature.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd December 1922, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 20th December 1922.

No. 4036-558-G.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. D. Allart as Acting Vice-Consul for the Netherlands at Calcutta.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd December 1922, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 21st December 1922.

No. 2691-F.E.—Mr. B. M. Staig, I.C.S., is appointed as an officer in the General List of the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, with effect from the 28th November 1922, and is attached for training to the office of the Accountant-General, Bengal, from the same date.

G. G. SIM,

Secretary to the Government of India (offg.).

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd December 1922, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 23rd December 1922.

No. 6762.—Mr. G. N. Bower, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bombay to Calcutta with effect from the 15th December 1922.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 23rd December 1922.

No. 6757.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea, or by land, into British India of any copy of the pamphlet entitled "What do we want" by Manabendra Nath Roy.

No. 6705.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894) and in supersession of the Notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 1798, dated the 1st April 1922, No. 1899, dated the 15th April 1922, and No. 3127, dated the 24th June 1922, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, with effect from the 1st January 1923, for the articles specified in column 2 of the schedules hereto annexed, the tariff values stated in column 4 of the said schedules.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF.

Note.—In the expression "*ad valorem*" used in this schedule the reference is to "real value" as defined in section 30 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878).

No.	Name of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco.			Rs. A.	
FISH.				
1	FISH, SALTED, wet or dry ...	Indian maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.	...	Such rate or rates of duty not exceeding one rupee as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , from time to time prescribe.
2	FISHMAWS, including singally and sozille, and sharkfins.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
3	FISH, excluding salted fish (see No. 1) ...	...	"	15 " "
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.				
4	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, all sorts, fresh, dried, salted or preserved—			
	Almonds without shell ...	cwt.	72 0	15 per cwt.
	" in the shell ...	"	18 0	15 " "
	" (kagazi) { Persian ...	"	125 0	15 " "
	" { European, including half-hard round almonds.	"	35 0	15 " "
	Cashew or cajoo kernels ...	"	25 0	15 " "
	Cocoanuts, Straits and Dutch East Indies ...	thousand	135 0	15 " "
	" Maldives ...	"	30 0	15 " "
	" other ...	"	60 0	15 " "
	" kernel (khopra) ...	cwt.	18 0	15 " "
	Currents ...	"	35 0	15 " "
	Dates, dry, in bags ...	"	9 0	15 " "
	" wet, " baskets and bundles ...	"	7 0	15 " "
	" in pots, boxes, tins and crates ...	"	12 0	15 " "
	Figs, Persian, dried ...	"	15 0	15 " "
	Garlic ...	"	7 8	15 " "
	Pistachio nuts ...	"	90 0	15 " "
	Raisins, Munnakka, Persian Gulf ...	"	15 0	15 " "
	" other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	All other sorts of fruits and vegetables, fresh, dried, salted or preserved.	...	"	15 " "
GRAIN, PULSE AND FLOUR.				
5	GRAIN AND PULSE, all sorts, including broken grains and pulse, but excluding flour (see No. 6).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
6	FLOUR ...	...	"	15 " "
LIQUORS.				Rs. A.
7	ALE, Beer, Porter, Cider and other fermented liquors.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	0 8
8	LIQUORS, Cordials, Mixtures and other preparations containing spirit—			
	(a) Entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested.	"	...	30 0
	(b) If tested ...	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	...	21 14 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—<i>contd.</i>				
LIQUORS—<i>concl'd.</i>				
9	PERFUMED SPIRITS ...	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	Rs. A. ...	Rs. A. 36 0
10	SPIRIT, which has been rendered effectually and permanently unfit for human consumption.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
11	All other sorts of SPIRIT ...	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	...	Rs. A. 21 14 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof.
12	WINES— Champagne and all other sparkling wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	Rs. A. 9 0
	All other sorts of wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit. Provided that all sparkling and still wines containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit shall be liable to duty at the rate applicable to "All other sorts of Spirit."	"	...	4 8
PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES.				
13	VINEGAR, in casks ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
14	PROVISIONS, OILMAN'S STORES, AND GROCERIES, all sorts, excluding vinegar in casks (see No. 13)— Butter ...	lb.	2 4	15 per cent.
	Cassava, Tapioca or Sago (whole) ...	cwt.	13 0	15 " "
	" " " (flour) ...	"	12 0	15 " "
	China preserves in syrup ...	box of six large or twelve small jars.	10 0	15 " "
	" " dry candied ...	lb.	0 8	15 " "
	China canned fruit ...	case of 4 doz.	17 0	15 " "
	Cocum ...	cwt.	7 0	15 " "
	Ghi ...	"	50 0	15 " "
	Milk— concentrated, full cream ...	case of 48 large or 96 small tins.	28 0	15 " "
	" " skimmed ...	"	19 0	15 " "
	other sorts including cream ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Saffron, pure ...	lb.	85 0	15 " "
	Vermicelli, flour, Chinese ...	cwt.	32 0	15 " "
	" peas " ...	"	40 0	15 " "
	" rice " ...	"	17 0	15 " "
	Vinegar not in casks ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Yeast, Chinese ...	cwt.	30 0	15 " "
	All other sorts of provisions, oilman's stores and groceries.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
SPICES.				
15	SPICES, all sorts— Betelnuts, raw, whole, split, or sliced, also red whole fruit Gen.	cwt.	14 0	15 per cent.
	Peternuts, raw, whole, split, or sliced, also red whole from Straits.	"	13 0	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco —<i>contd.</i>				
SPICES—<i>concl.</i>				
			Rs. A.	
15	Spices, all sorts— <i>concl.</i>			
	Betelnuts, boiled, split or sliced ...	cwt.	17 8	15 per cent.
	" whole, from Ceylon ...	"	14 0	15 " "
	" raw, split (sun-dried) from Ceylon ...	"	25 0	15 " "
	" all other sorts ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Chillies, dry ...	cwt.	25 0	15 " "
	Cloves ...	"	65 0	15 " "
	" exhausted ...	"	20 0	15 " "
	" stems and heads ...	"	9 0	15 " "
	" in seeds, narlavang ...	"	20 0	15 " "
	Ginger, dry ...	"	25 0	15 " "
	Mace ...	lb.	0 12	15 " "
	Nutmegs ...	"	0 6	15 " "
	" in shell ...	"	0 4	15 " "
	Pepper, black ...	cwt.	26 0	15 " "
	" white ...	"	60 0	15 " "
	All other sorts of spices ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
SUGAR.				
16	CONFECTIONERY ...		<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
17	SUGAR, all sorts, including Molasses and Saccharine produce of all sorts, but excluding confectionery (see No. 16)—			
	Sugar, crystallised and soft, not inferior to 8 Dutch standard—			
	From Java, 23 Dutch standard and above ...	cwt.	16 4	25 per cent.
	" " 16 to 22 Dutch standard ...	"	14 4	25 " "
	" " 15 Dutch standard and under ...	"	13 12	25 " "
	" Japan or Formosa ...	"	18 4	25 " "
	Refined in China including Hong Kong ...	"	18 4	25 " "
	From Egypt ...	"	17 4	25 " "
	" Mauritius ...	"	14 12	25 " "
	Cane, from other countries ...	"	14 12	25 " "
	Sugar, crystallised, beet ...	"	16 4	25 " "
	Molasses ...	"	4 0	25 " "
	Sugar, all other sorts, including saccharine produce of all kinds ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	25 " "
	Sugar Candy ...	cwt.	25 0	25 " "
TEA.				
18	TEA—			
	Tea, black ...	lb.	0 10	15 per cent.
	" green ...	"	0 12	15 " "
OTHER FOOD AND DRINK.				
19	COFFEE ...	cwt.	38 0	15 per cent.
20	Hops ...			Free.
21	SALT, excluding Salt exempted under No. 22 ...	Indian maunds of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.		The rate at which excise duty is for the time being leviable on salt manufactured in the place where the import takes place.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—<i>concl'd.</i>			Rs. A.	
OTHER FOOD AND DRINK <i>concl'd.</i>				
22	SALT, imported into British India and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, for use in any process of manufacture; also salt, imported into the Port of Calcutta and issued with the sanction of the Government of Bengal to manufacturers of glazed stone ware; also salt imported into any Port in the provinces of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, for use in curing fish in these provinces.	...	...	Free.
23	ALL OTHER SORTS OF FOOD AND DRINK not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
TOBACCO				
24	TOBACCO, unmanufactured	lb.	...	Rs. A. 1 0
25	CIGARS AND CIGARETTES ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	75 per cent.
26	All other sorts of Tobacco manufactured	lb.	...	Rs. A. 2 4
II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured.				
COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL.				
27	COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL	ton	...	0 8
GUMS, RESINS AND LAC.				
28	GUMS, RESINS AND LAC, all sorts:—			
	Gambier, black	cwt.	27 0	15 per cent.
	" cube	"	27 0	15 " "
	" other sorts	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Gum Arabinic	cwt.	40 0	15 " "
	" Arabic	"	25 0	15 " "
	" Benjamin, ras	"	25 0	15 " "
	" " cowrie	"	60 0	15 " "
	" Bysabol (coarse myrrah)	"	50 0	15 " "
	" Olibanum or frankincense	"	15 0	15 " "
	" Persian (false)	"	12 0	15 " "
	Myrrh	"	50 0	15 " "
	Rosin	"	16 0	15 " "
	All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
HIDES AND SKINS, RAW.				
29	HIDES AND SKINS, raw or salted ... ..	...	...	Free.
METALLIC ORES, AND SCRAP IRON OR STEEL FOR REMANUFACTURE.				
30	IRON OR STEEL, old	cwt.	2 0	10 per cent.
31	METALLIC ORES, all sorts ... ..	...	...	Free.
OILS.				
32	KEROSENE and MOTOR SPIRIT; also any mineral oil other than kerosine and motor spirit which has its flashing point below one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer by Abel's close test.*	Imperial gallon.	...	Rs. A. P. 0 2 4

* Motor spirit is liable to an additional duty of six annas per gallon under Act II of 1917 as amended by Act III of 1919.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles	For	Tariff Valuation	Duty
II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
OILS—<i>contd.</i>				
33	MINERAL OIL which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and which is not ordinarily used for any other purpose than for the lubricating of gut or other line, or for lubrication—			
	Batching oil	ton	125 0	7½ per cent
	Other sorts		<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
33a	Mineral oil which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and which is not ordinarily used except in fuel for sanitary or hygienic purpose—			
	(i) imported in bulk	ton	65 0	7½ per cent
	(ii) otherwise imported		<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
34	All sorts of animal, essential, mineral, and vegetable non-essential oils not otherwise specified (see Nos 32, 33 and 33a) —			
	Castor oil	cwt	30 0	15 per cent
	Turpentine oil, raw and refined	gallon	4 8	15 "
	All other sorts of oil		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 "
SOLIDS				
35	Oil seeds imported into British India from the territories of the Prince of Chindia			Free
36	SEEDS, all sorts of pulse and seeds specified in No 35.		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent
TALLOW, STEARINE AND WAX				
37	VEGETABLE WAX	wt	65 0	15 per cent
37a	TALLOW AND STEARINE including grease and animal fat, and WAX of all sorts not otherwise specified		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 "
TEXTILE MATERIALS				
38	COTTON RAW		...	Free
39	WOOL, raw, and WOOLLEN			Free
40	TEXTILE MATERIALS, the toll with			
	Silk waste, and raw silk including cocoons —			
	Bokhara	lb	10 0	15 per cent.
	Flora		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 "
	Raw silk—Yellow	lb	9 0	15 "
	" from India, China, and places in China other than Shanghai including reeled		9 0	15 "
	" from other parts of China including reeled		6 0	15 "
	Mathew		5 0	15 "
	Panama		8 0	15 "
	Persian		8 0	15 "
	Sham		8 0	15 "
	White Shanghai, Phoukoon " Dupion		5 8	15 "
	" other kinds including reeled		8 8	15 "
	" other kinds of China including reeled		10 0	15 "
	Waste and Kachra		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 "
	All other sorts, including cocoons			15 "
	Raw hemp	cwt.	22 0	15 "
	Hair yarn		11 0	15 "
	Raw Flax, Jute, and all other unmanufactured textile materials not otherwise specified		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A.	
	WOOD AND TIMBER.			
41	FIREWOOD ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
42	WOOD AND TIMBER, all sorts, not otherwise specified, including all sorts of ornamental wood.	...	" "	15 " "
	MISCELLANEOUS			
43	CANES AND RATTANS ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
44	COWRIES AND SHELLS—			
	Cowries, bazar, common	cwt.	7 0	15 per cent
	" yellow, superior quality	"	8 0	15 " "
	" Maldivé	"	11 0	15 " "
	" Sankhli	"	140 0	15 " "
	Mother-of-pearl, naere	"	20 0	15 " "
	Nakhla	"	135 0	15 " "
	Tortoise-shell	lb	7 0	15 " "
	" nakh	"	2 4	15 " "
	All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
45	IVORY, unmanufactured—			
	Elephants' grinders	cwt.	300 0	15 per cent
	" tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points), each exceeding 20 lb in weight, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing 10 lb and over.	"	875 0	15 " "
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points), not less than 10 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb each, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing less than 10 lb.	"	700 0	15 " "
	Elephants' tusks, each less than 10 lb. (other than hollows, centres, and points).	"	450 0	15 " "
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each not less than 4 lb. ...	"	200 0	15 " "
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each not less than 3 lb and under 4 lb.	"	165 0	15 " "
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each less than 3 lb. ...	"	100 0	15 " "
	All other sorts unmanufactured not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
46	MANURES, all sorts, including animal bones and the following chemical manures—basic slag, nitrate of ammonia, nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, kainit salts, nitrate of lime, calcium cyanamide, mineral phosphates and mineral superphosphates	...	...	Free.
47	PRECIOUS STONES, unset and imported unset and PEARLS, unset.	...	...	Free.
48	PRECIOUS STONES, unset and imported cut ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
49	PULP OF WOOD, RAHAM and other paper-making materials.	...	...	Free.
50	ALL OTHER RAW MATERIALS AND PRODUCE, and articles mainly unmanufactured not otherwise specified	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured.			Rs. A.	
APPAREL.				
51	APPAREL, including drapery, boots and shoes, and military and other uniforms and accoutrements, but excluding uniforms and accoutrements exempted from duty (No. 52) and gold and silver thread (Nos. 89 and 91) and articles made of silk (No. 100).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
52	UNIFORMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use.	...	...	Free.
ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES.				
53	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 56, ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES, that is to say,—			Rs. A.
	(1) Firearms other than pistols, including gas and air-guns and rifles.	each	...	15 0
	(2) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	...	15 0
	(3) Pistols, including automatic pistols and revolvers.	"	...	15 0
	(4) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	...	15 0
	(5) Main springs and magazine springs for firearms, including gas-guns and rifles.	"	...	5 0
	(6) Gun stocks and breech blocks	...	...	3 0
	(7) Revolver cylinders, for each cartridge they will carry.	"	...	2 0
	(8) Actions (including skeleton and waster), breech bolts and their heads, cocking pieces, and locks for muzzle-loading arms.	"	...	1 0
	(9) Machines for making, loading or closing cartridges for rifled arms.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
	(10) Machines for capping cartridges for rifled arms.	...	"	30 " "
54	GUNPOWDER for cannons, rifles, guns, pistols and sporting purposes	...	"	30 " "
55	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 56 all ARTICLES, other than those specified in entry No. 53, which are ARMS OR PARTS OF ARMS within the meaning of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (excluding springs used for air-guns which are dutiable as hardware, under No. 70), all tools used for cleaning or putting together the same, all machines for making, loading, closing or capping cartridges for arms other than rifled arms and all other sorts of ammunition and military stores, and any articles which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , declare to be ammunition or military stores for the purposes of this Act.	...	"	30 " "

or 30 per cent. *ad valorem* whichever is higher.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuations	Duty.
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A.	
	ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES—<i>contd.</i>			
56	The following ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES :— (a) Articles falling under the 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th or 10th item of No. 53 when they appertain to a firearm falling under the 1st or 3rd item and are fitted into the same case with such firearm ; (b) Arms forming part of the regular equipment of a commissioned or gazetted officer in His Majesty's Service entitled to wear diplomatic, military, naval, Royal Air Force or police uniform ; (c) A revolver and an automatic pistol and ammunition for such revolver and pistol up to a maximum of 100 rounds per revolver or pistol, (i) when accompanying a commissioned officer of His Majesty's regular forces, or of the Indian Auxiliary Force or the Indian Territorial Force or a gazetted police officer, or (ii) certified by the commandant of the corps to which such officer belongs, or, in the case of an officer not attached to any corps, by the officer commanding the station or district in which such officer is serving, or in the case of a police officer, by an Inspector General or Commissioner of Police, to be imported by the officer for the purpose of his equipment ; (d) Swords for presentation as army or volunteer prizes ; (e) Arms, ammunition, and military stores imported with the sanction of the Government of India for the use of any portion of the military forces of a State in India which may be maintained and organized for Imperial Service ; (f) Morris tubes and patent ammunition imported by officers commanding British and Indian regiments or volunteer corps for the instruction of their men.	...	...	Free.
57	EXPLOSIVES, namely blasting gunpowder, blasting gelatine, blasting dynamite, blasting coburite, blasting tonite, and all other sorts, including detonators and blasting fuse.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
	CARRIAGES AND CARTS.			
58	CARRIAGES AND CARTS, including tram cars, motor omnibuses, motor-lorries, motor-vans, junkshas, bath-chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheel barrows, and all other sort of conveyances not otherwise specified, and such component parts and accessories thereof as are not also adapted for use as parts or accessories of motor cars, motor cycles, motor-scooters, bicycles or tricycles (<i>see</i> No. 69)†.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.

† Under Government of India notification No. 1776, dated 1st April 1922, bicycles and tricycles and articles adapted for use as parts and accessories thereof, are liable to duty at 15 per cent. provided that such articles are not ordinarily also used as parts and accessories of motor cars, motor cycles or motor-scooters.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—contd.

[illegible]

* Under Government of India notification No. 1778, dated 1st April 1932, bicycles and tricycles and articles adapted for use as parts and accessories thereof, are liable to duty at 10 per cent. provided that such articles are not ordinarily also used as parts and accessories of motor cars, motor cycles or motor scooters.

* Under Government of India notification No. 1793, dated 1st April 1922, urea is exempt from the payment of import duty.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Unit	Tariff Valuation,	Duty.
			Rs. A.	
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES—<i>concl'd</i>				
64	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, all sorts, not otherwise specified— <i>concl'd</i>			
	Cubeba	cwt.	155 0	15 per cent
	Galangal, China	"	12 0	15 "
	Salep	"	350 0	15 "
	Storax, liquid (rose mellos or salaras)	"	50 0	15 "
	All other sorts of drugs, medicines, and narcotics.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 "
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS				
65	The following AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, namely, winnowers, threshers, mowing and reaping machines, binding machines, elevators, seed crushers, chaff cutters, root cutters, ensilage cutters, horse and bullock gears, ploughs, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod-crushers, seed drills, hay tedders, and rakes, also agricultural tractors, also component parts of these implements or tractors, provided that they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the implements or tractors for which they are imported, and that they cannot ordinarily be used for purposes unconnected with agriculture.	...	...	Free
66	CLOCKS AND WATCHES, and parts thereof ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent
67	CUTLERY, excluding plated cutlery (see No. 69) ... ..	...	"	15 "
68	The following DAIRY APPLIANCES, namely, cream separators, milk sterilizing or pasteurizing plant, milk aerating and cooling apparatus, churns, butter dryers, and butter workers, also component parts of these appliances, provided that they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the appliances for which they are imported, and that they cannot ordinarily be used for other than dairy purposes.	...	...	Free.
69	ARTICLES PLATED WITH GOLD AND SILVER ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
70	HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY AND TOOLS, all sorts, not otherwise specified ... ..	...	"	15 " "
71	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS AND APPLIANCES, imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling ... ..	...	.	Free
72	MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
73	TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS, and parts thereof, imported by, or under the orders of, a railway company ... ..	...	"	10 " "
74	WATER-LIFTS, SUGAR MILLS, OIL PRESSES, and parts thereof, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power ... ..	...	...	Free.
75	All other sorts of IMPLEMENTS, INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS AND APPLIANCES, and parts thereof, not otherwise specified ^a ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent

^aUnder Government of India notification No. 5184, dated the 26th November 1921 the following electrical instruments, apparatus and appliances are liable to duty at 2½ per cent *ad valorem*—

1. Switchboards imported complete or in parts provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they are for use on high pressure circuits.

Explanation.—The expression "high pressure" has the meaning assigned to it in the Indian Electricity Rules, 1911.

2. Oil switch boxes and oil circuit breakers.

3. Motor starters and controllers of all types with their accessories and redrums, provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they are for use with machinery and not for motor vehicles, tractors, lifts or the like.

4. Regulators in rheostats of all types with their accessories and redrums, except regulators for fans (other than induced or forced draft fans) and resistances intended for purposes other than the control of machinery.

5. Transformers, with their accessories or parts, static converters and static condensers of K. V. A. capacity or over.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Name of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>			Rs. A.	
DYES AND COLOURS.				
76	DYEING AND TANNING SUBSTANCES, all sorts and PAINTS AND COLOURS and painters' materials, all sorts—			
	Alizarine dye, dry, not exceeding 40 per cent.	lb.	1 12	15 per cent.
	" " " over 40 per cent. but not exceeding 50 per cent.	"	2 0	15 " "
	" " " over 50 per cent. but not exceeding 60 per cent.	"	2 4	15 " "
	" " " over 60 per cent. but not exceeding 70 per cent.	"	2 8	15 " "
	" " " over 70 per cent. but not exceeding 80 per cent.	"	2 12	15 " "
	" " " over 80 per cent. ...	"	3 4	15 " "
	" " moist, not exceeding 10 per cent. ...	"	0 6	15 " "
	" " " over 10 per cent. and not exceeding 16 per cent.	"	0 8	15 " "
	" " " over 16 per cent. and not exceeding 20 per cent.	"	0 10	15 " "
	" " " exceeding 20 per cent. ...	"	1 8	15 " "
	Aniline dye, moist ...	"	2 4	15 " "
	" dyes, black, of sulphur series ...	"	1 0	15 " "
	" " congo red ...	"	1 4	15 " "
	All other aniline dyes, dry ...	"	2 6	15 " "
	Anilino salts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Avar bark ...	cwt.	4 8	15 " "
	Cochineal ...	lb.	0 14	15 " "
	Gallnuts (myrabolams) ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	" Persian ...	cwt.	35 0	15 " "
	Gamboge ...	lb.	2 0	15 " "
	All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Lead, red, dry ...	cwt.	27 0	15 " "
	" white, dry ...	"	42 0	15 " "
	Ochre, other than European, all colours ...	"	2 0	15 " "
	Turpentine ...	Imperial gallon	8 0	15 " "
	Vermilion, Canton ...	box of 90 bundles.	200 0	15 " "
	Zinc, white, dry ...	cwt.	50 0	15 " "
	All other sorts of paints, colours and painters' materials not otherwise specified, including glue and putty.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
FURNITURE, CABINETWARE AND MANUFACTURES OF WOOD.				
77	FURNITURE, CABINETWARE, and all other manufactures of wood not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE.				
78	GLASS AND GLASSWARE, lacquered ware, earthenware, China and porcelain; all sorts, except glass bangles, beads and false pearls and aerated water bottles (Codd's pattern) (see Nos. 78a and 79).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
78a	Aerated water bottles (Codd's pattern)—			
	8 ozs. and under ...	gross	45 0	15 " "
	Over 8 ozs. ...	"	55 0	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation ¹	Duty.
			Rs. A.	
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>			
	GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE—<i>concl'd.</i>			
79	GLASS BEADS AND FALSE PEARLS ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
	GLASS BANGLES—			
	<i>China—</i>		Rs. A. P.	
	Nimuchi	100 pairs	2 0 0	30 " "
	Bracelet Jodi and pasala	"	3 8 0	30 " "
	Fancy	"	4 0 0	30 " "
	<i>Rajawarakh—</i>			
	(a) Jada	"	9 0 0	30 " "
	(b) Barik	"	6 0 0	30 " "
	(c) Patli	"	11 0 0	30 " "
	<i>Japan—</i>			
	Reshmi, plain and fancy, all colours, including vakmel.	dozen pairs	0 2 0	30 " "
	Sonerikuda (golbala)	"	0 4 0	30 " "
	<i>European—</i>			
	Common, plain colours, excluding garnet, amber, lavender and ruby.	"	0 6 6	30 " "
	Common, plain colours, amber, lavender and ruby	"	0 9 0	30 " "
	" " " garnet	"	1 6 0	30 " "
	Gilt and fancy, all sizes, including Kerihira, Chaudtera, Sahnadar, "K" flower and Monachi.	"	2 0 0	30 " "
	Pasala and machine polished, thin, including patli flowered.	"	1 2 0	30 " "
	Fancy round ring, flowered	"	0 14 0	30 " "
	Common mirror bangles including chasma	"	1 0 0	30 " "
	All other kinds ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 ...
	IV.—JEWELLERY, SILVER, GOLD, SKINS AND LEATHER.			
3	HIDES AND SKINS not otherwise specified, LEATHER AND LEATHER MANUFACTURES, all sorts, not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	MACHINERY.			
1	MACHINERY, namely, prime-movers and component parts thereof, including boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire-engines, motor tractors designed for purposes other than agriculture, and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	MACHINERY (and component parts thereof), meaning machines or sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power not being manual or animal labour, or which, before being brought into use, require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts; and including belting of all materials for driving machinery. ²	...		2½ " "
	Provided that the term does not include tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, and provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of machinery as are indispensable for the working of the machinery and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose.			
	<i>Note—</i> This entry includes machinery and component parts thereof made of substances other than metal.			

¹ See footnote on page 14.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manu- factured—<i>contd.</i>			Rs. A.	
MACHINERY—<i>contd.</i>				
82	MACHINERY and component parts thereof, meaning machines or parts of machines to be worked by manual or animal labour, not otherwise specified (<i>see</i> Nos. 65, 68 and 74).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
METALS, IRON AND STEEL				
83	IRON—			
	ANGLE—			
	Angle and T, not fabricated—			
	Crown and superior qualities ...	ton	230 0	10 " "
	Other kinds ...	"	180 0	10 " "
	" " if galvanised, tinned, or lead coated.	"	230 0	10 " "
	Angle and T, fabricated ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	BAR, ROD AND CHANNEL, including channel for carriages—			
	Bar, qualities superior to Grade A of the British Engineering Standard Association.	ton	400 0	10 " "
	" Grade A of the British Engineering Standard Association and Crown quality and intermediate qualities—			
	Over $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter or thickness...	"	230 0	10 " "
	$\frac{1}{2}$ inch and under in diameter or thickness.	"	260 0	10 " "
	" common ...	"	180 0	10 " "
	" " if galvanised, tinned, or lead coated	"	220 0	10 " "
	Channel, including channel for carriages ...	"	200 0	10 " "
	All other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	Pig ...	ton	95 0	10 " "
	RICE BOWLS ...	cwt.	27 0	10 " "
84	IRON OR STEEL—			
	ANCHORS AND CABLES ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.
	BEAMS, joists, pillars, girders, screw-piles, bridge work and other descriptions of iron or steel, imported exclusively for building purposes; including also ridging, guttering and continuous roofing.	...	"	10 " "
	BOLTS and nuts, including hook bolts and nuts for roofing.	...	"	10 " "
	HOOPS AND STRIPS—			
	Hoops, Crown and superior qualities ...	ton	265 0	10 " "
	" other kinds ...	"	220 0	10 " "
	" " if galvanised, tinned, planished, lead coated or aluminium coated.	"	275 0	10 " "
	STRIPS, Crown and superior qualities ...	"	265 0	10 " "
	" other kinds ...	"	220 0	10 " "
	" " if galvanised, tinned, planished, lead coated, or aluminium coated.	"	275 0	10 " "
	NAILS, RIVETS AND WASHERS, all sorts—			
	Nails wire or French ...	cwt.	14 0	10 " "
	" rose, deck and flat-headed ...	"	20 0	10 " "
	" other kinds, including galvanised, tinned or lead coated and panel pins and tacks.	"	35 0	10 " "
	Rivets, black ...	"	16 0	10 " "
	" other sorts ...	"	22 0	10 " "
	Washers, galvanised, nickel plated, tinned or lead coated and dome-shaped, spring or locking washers.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	" other sorts ...	cwt.	22 0	10 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manu- factured—<i>contd.</i>		R. A.	
	METALS, IRON AND STEEL—<i>contd.</i>			
84	IRON OR STEEL—<i>contd.</i>			
	PIPES AND TUBES, and fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.
	RAILS, chairs, sleepers, bearing and fish plates, spikes (commonly known as dog spikes), switches and crossings, other than those des- cribed in No. 95, also lever boxes, clips and tie- bars.	...	"	10 " "
	SHEETS AND PLATES, not fabricated, all sorts, excluding discs, circles and expanded metal sheets which are dutiable under No. 86— Plates, boiler, firebox and special qualities above ½ inch in thickness.	ton	375 0	10 per cent.
	Sheets ½ inch and under in thickness, annealed, which have been either cold-rolled, smoothed (including planished), pickled, or cleaned by acid or other material or process.	"	250 0	10 " "
	Sheets, corrugated, galvanised or black up to and including 26 gauge.	"	280 0	10 " "
	" " galvanised or black above 26 gauge.	"	375 0	10 " "
	Sheet and plate cuttings	...	140 0	10 " "
	Tin plates	...	400 0	10 " "
	" cuttings	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	Sheets, other kinds, black, up to and including ½ inch in thickness.	ton	175 0	10 " "
	Plates, ship, tank, bridge and common above ½ inch in thickness.	"	150 0	10 " "
	Sheets, other kinds, if galvanised, tinned, lead coated or aluminium coated, up to and includ- ing 26 gauge, also chequered and galvanised plates.	"	350 0	10 " "
	Sheets, other kinds, if galvanised, tinned, lead coated or aluminium coated, above 26 gauge, including tin taggers.	"	425 0	10 " "
	SHEETS AND PLATES, fabricated, all sorts, excluding discs, circles and expanded metal sheets which are dutiable under No. 86.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	WIRE, including fencing wire, piano-wire, and wire-rope, but excluding wire-netting which is dutiable under No. 86.	...	"	10 " "
85	STEEL—			
	ANGLE—			
	Angle and T, not fabricated, if galvanised, tinned, or lead coated.	ton	190 0	10 per cent.
	All other sorts	...	130 0	10 " "
	Angle and T, fabricated	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	BAR, ROD AND CHANNEL, including channel for carriages—			
	Bar, Swedish and similar qualities	ton	250 0	10 " "
	" common merchant over ½ inch in diameter	"	130 0	10 " "
	" " " nail-rod, round-rod, and square, ½ inch in diameter and under.	"	150 0	10 " "
	" galvanised, tinned, planished, polished, or lead coated.	"	190 0	10 " "
	" crucible, cast steel (tool steel) including— (a) High speed. (b) Carbon steel.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	" high tensile steel	...	"	10 " "
	Channel, including channel for carriages	ton	160 0	10 " "
	All other sorts, including taggot steel	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	CAST, including spring, blistered and tub steel	...	"	10 " "
	INGOTS, BLOOMS, BILLETS AND SLAB,	...	"	10 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Vatation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
METALS, IRON AND STEEL—<i>contd.</i>				
86	All sorts of IRON AND STEEL and manufactures thereof, not otherwise specified— Iron or steel cans or drums, when imported containing kerosene and motor spirit which is separately assessed to duty under No 32, namely :—			
	Cans, tinned, of four gallons capacity ...	can	0 6	15 per cent.
	Cans or drums, not tinned, of two gallons capacity—			
	(a) with faucet caps ...	can or drum	1 8	15 " "
	(b) ordinary ...	"	0 4	15 " "
	Drums of four gallons capacity—			
	(a) with faucet caps ...	drum	2 4	15 " "
	(b) ordinary ...	"	2 0	15 " "
	Iron or steel cans or drums, other sorts ...		<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Iron or steel, all other sorts, including discs or circles wire netting and expanded metal sheets.		"	15 " "
METALS OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL				
87	CURRENT NICKEL, BRONZE, AND COPPER COIN of the Government of India	...	...	Free
88	GOLD AND SILVER BULLION and coin ...	...	..	Free
89	GOLD PLATE, GOLD THREAD and WIRE, and GOLD MANUFACTURES, all sorts.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent
90	LEAD, sheets, for tea-chests ...	...		24 " "
91	SILVER PLATE, SILVER THREAD and WIRE, and SILVER MANUFACTURES, all sorts.	...	"	30 " "
92	ALL SORTS OF METALS OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL and manufactures thereof, not otherwise specified—			
	Aluminium circles ...	lb.	0 15	15 " "
	" sheets ...	"	0 14	15 " "
	Brass, patent or yellow metal, sheets and sheathing, weighing 1 lb. or above per square foot, and braziers, and plates.	cwt.	65 0	15 " "
	" patent or yellow metal (including gun metal) ingots.	"	32 0	15 " "
	" patent or yellow metal, old ...	"	20 0	15 " "
	" sheets, flat or in rolls, and sheathing, weighing less than 1 lb. per square foot	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	" wire ...	...	"	15 " "
	" all other sorts ...	...	"	15 " "
	Copper, bolt and bar-rolled ...	...	"	15 " "
	" braziers, sheets, plates and sheathing ...	cwt.	72 0	15 " "
	" sheets, planished ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	" nails and composition nails ...	...	"	15 " "
	" old ...	cwt.	84 0	15 " "
	" pigs, tiles, ingots, cakes, bricks, and slabs.	"	55 0	15 " "
	" China, white, copperware ...	lb.	3 0	15 " "
	" foil or danksana, plain, white, 10 to 11 in. x 4 to 5 in.	hundred leaves.	2 4	15 " "
	" foil or danksana, plain, coloured, 10 to 11 in. x 4 to 5 in.	"	2 12	15 " "
	" wire, including phosphor-bronze ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	" all other sorts, unmanufactured and manufactured, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	...	"	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manu- factured—<i>contd.</i>			Rs. A.	
METALS, OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL —<i>contd.</i>				
92	All sorts of metals, <i>etc.</i> — <i>contd.</i>			
	German silver ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
	Lead, pig	cwt	18 0	15 " "
	Lead, all sorts (except sheets for tea chests and pig)	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Quicksilver	lb	2 4	15 " "
	Tin, block	cwt	125 0	15 " "
	" foil, and other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Zinc or spelter, tiles, slabs or plates, hard or soft	cwt	25 0	15 " "
	" " all other sorts, including boiler tiles and sheets	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	All other sorts of metals, and manufactures thereof.	...	"	15 " "
PAPER, PASTEBOARD AND STATIONERY				
93	TRADE CATALOGUES AND ADVERTISING CIRCULARS imported by packet, book, or parcel post	...	...	Free.
94	PAPER AND ARTICLES MADE OF PAPER AND PAPER MACHINE, PASTEBOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARD- BOARD, all sorts, and STATIONERY, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, drawing and copy books, labels, adver- tising circulars, sheet or card almanacs and calendars, Christmas, Easter, and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also waste-paper and old newspapers for packing except old newspapers in bales, and bags, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book, or parcel post (see No. 93) and also including the descrip- tions given below	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
	coated or aluminium faced, above		Rs. A. P.	
	Old newspapers in bales and bags	cwt	8 8 0	15 " "
	News printing paper	lb	0 3 3	15 " "
	Printing paper—			
	Photo	"	0 14 0	15 " "
	Real Art	"	0 9 0	15 " "
	Imitation Art, machine finish, super calendered, ivory finish, account book (printing), antique, stereo, litho poster, cartridge, cover paper and machine glazed pressings	"	0 6 0	15 " "
	Other sorts, including coated papers ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Packing and wrapping paper—			
	Nature brown, Manila machine glazed and un- glazed, sulphate envelope, kraft and imitation kraft	lb.	0 4 0	15 " "
	Tissues, white and coloured	"	0 9 0	15 " "
	Writing paper—			
	Bond, bank, loan, circuit laid and wove and also white and coloured, glazed and unglazed	"	0 9 0	15 " "
	Other sorts including handmade ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Straw boards	cwt.	14 8 0	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manu- factured—<i>contd.</i>				
YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS—<i>contd.</i>				
100	<i>Japan—<i>concl.</i></i>		Rs. A	
	Fancies, printed and woven, including (Gor- gettes, Kobe crepes crepe de-chine (Chirum), unions and gauzes.	lb	42 0	30 per cent.
	Embroideries, excluding Burmese scarves ...	"	55 0	30 " "
	Shawls, dhuties, scarves excluding Burmese, mufflers, handkerchiefs and hosiery	"	44 0	30 " "
	Dupettas and China silk patkas ...	"	23 0	30 " "
	Burmese scarves—(a) Pat ...	"	38 0	30 " "
	(b) Other kinds ...	"	46 0	30 " "
	Cotton and silk mixed satins, embroidered ...	"	16 0	30 " "
	Cotton and silk mixed satins, other kinds ...	"	12 0	30 " "
	Cotton and silk mixed hosiery ...	"	26 0	30 " "
	Cotton and silk mixed Puga and Boreki, all kinds.	"	12 0	30 " "
	Silk Fouta ...	"	14 0	30 " "
	<i>China (including Hongkong but excluding Canton)—</i>			
	Honans, all kinds, and patkas ...	"	9 0	30 " "
	Shantung, all kinds, and patkas ...	"	5 8	30 " "
	Curled, all kinds, except Woohow ...	"	8 0	30 " "
	White cord (Woohow), all kinds ...	"	16 0	30 " "
	Crepe gauze, and gauze, all kinds ...	"	23 0	30 " "
	Satins and fancies, all kinds ...	"	31 0	30 " "
	Cantons, all kinds ...	"	Ad valorem	30 " "
	Silk piece-goods, apparel and other manufactures of silk not otherwise specified	...	"	30 " "
MISCELLANEOUS				
101	AEROPLANES, aeroplane parts, aeroplane engines and aeroplane engine parts	...	Ad valorem	2½ per cent.
102	ART, the following works of—(1) statuary and pictures intended to be put up for the public benefit in a public place, and (2) memorials of a public character intended to be put up in a public place, including the materials used or to be used in their construction, whether worked or not	...	...	Free.
103	ART, works of, excluding those specified in No. 102	...	Ad valorem	15 per cent.
103a	Bangles—			
	Celluloid, plain flat, without border ...	dozen pairs	2 0	15 " "
	" other sorts ...	"	2 8	15 " "
	(rubber) rings ...	"	0 12	15 " "
104	Books, printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts, and plans, proofs, music and manu- scripts	...	...	Free.
105	BRUSHES AND BROOMS ...	...	Ad valorem	15 per cent.
106	BUILDING AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS, including asphalt, bricks, cement other than Portland cement, chalk and lime, clay, other than China clay (<i>see</i> No 107a), pipes of earthenware, tiles, and all other sorts of building and engineering materials not otherwise specified.	...	"	15 " "
	Portland cement ...	cwt.	3 8	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Unit	Tariff Valuation	Duty
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>			Rs. A.	
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>				
107	CANDLES ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent
107a	China clay	ton	90 0	15 " "
108	CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS—			
	Exposed standard positive films, new or used ...	foot	0 4	15 " "
	Other films ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
109	CORDAGE AND ROPE AND TWINE OF VEGETABLE FIBRE	...	"	15 " "
110	FIREWORKS* ... ..	...	"	30 " "
111	FURNITURE, PACKER AND APPLIANCE, not otherwise described for steam, sailing, rowing and other vessels	...	"	15 " "
112	IVORY, manufactured ... ..	...	"	30 " "
113	JEWELLERY AND JEWELS ... ..	...	"	30 " "
114	MATCHES —		Rs. A.	
	(1) In boxes containing on the average not more than 100 matches	gross of boxes	"	1 8
	(2) In boxes containing on the average more than 100 matches	for every 25 matches or fraction thereof in each box per 100 of boxes	"	0 6
115	MATS AND MATTING ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
116	OILCAKES ... ..	...	"	15 " "
117	OILCLOTH AND FLOOR CLOTH ... ..	...	"	15 " "
118	PACKING—ENGINE AND BOILER—all sorts excluding packing forming a component part of any article included in No. 81 and No. 95	...	"	15 " "
119	PERFUMERY, not otherwise specified—			
	Gowla, husked and unhusked	cwt	50 0	15 " "
	Kapurkachri (zedony)	"	25 0	15 " "
	Patch leaves (patchouli)	"	30 0	15 " "
	Rose-flowers, dried	"	20 0	15 " "
	Rose water	Imperial gallon.	" 0	15 " "
120	PITCH, TAR AND DAMMER—			
	Coal pitch	cwt	7 8	15 " "
	Coal tar, in casks	"	7 8	15 " "
	" " in drums	"	10 0	15 " "
	* Stockholm tar	"	25 0	15 " "
	* Dammer Batu	"	7 8	15 " "
	Other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
121	*PNEUMATIC RUBBER TYRES AND TUBES for motor cars, motor lorries, motor cycles, motor scooters, bicycles and tricycles.*	...	"	30 " "
122	POLISHES AND COMPOSITIONS ... ..	...	"	15 " "

* Under the Government of India notification No. 4187, dated 12nd September 1922, such fireworks as are specially prepared as dangerous for the use of ships are liable to duty at 15 per cent *ad valorem*.

* * Under Government of India notification No. 1778, dated 1st April 1922, pneumatic rubber tyres and tubes for bicycles and tricycles are liable to duty at 15 per cent.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles	Unit	Tariff Variation.	Duty
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manu- factured—<i>contd.</i>			Rs. A.	
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>				
123	PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIAL namely, presses, type, ink, aluminium lithographic plates brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, stereoblocks wood blocks, half-tone blocks, electrotypes blocks roller moulds, roller frames and stocks roller composition, standing screw and hot presses perforating machines, gold blocking presses galley presses proof presses, aiming presses, copper plate printing presses, rolling presses, ruling machines ruling pen making machines, lead and rule cutters, type casting machines, type setting and casing machines ink bending machines, ink mixing machines, bronzing machines, leads, wooden and metal quoins, shooting sticks and galleys stereotyping apparatus, metal furniture paper folding machines and packing machines, but excluding paper (<i>see</i> No 94)	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent
124	PRINTS, ENGRAVINGS AND PICTURES, including photographs and picture post cards	...	,	30 , ,
125	Sticks for the withering of tea leaf . . . . .	..	..	24 , ,
126	Rubber tyres and other manufactures of rubber not otherwise specified (<i>see</i> No 121)	..	..	15 , ,
127	SHIPS AND OTHER VESSELS for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers launches boats and barges, imported entire or in sections.		,	10 , ,
128	SMOKERS REQUISITES excluding tobacco (Nos 24 to 26) and matches (No 114)	..	..	30 , ,
129	SPICE . . . . .	...	,	15 , ,
130	STARCH AND FARINA . . . . .	..	,	15 , ,
131	STONE AND MARBLE and articles made of stone and marble	..	,	15 , ,
132	TEA CHIFFS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in sections, provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they are imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk	.	..	24 , ,
133	TOYS REQUISITES not otherwise specified . . . . .	...	..	15 , ,
134	TOYS, games, playing cards and requisites for games and sports (excluding bird shot)	...	,	30 , ,
	Bird-shot	cwt	40	80 , ,
135	ALL OTHER ARTICLES wholly or mainly manufactured, not otherwise specified	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 , ,
IV.—Miscellaneous and unclassified.				
136	ANIMALS, living all sort . . . . .	...	...	Free
137	CORAL . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
138	FODDER, BRAN AND POLLARD . . . . .	...	..	24 , ,

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*concl'd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
IV.—Miscellaneous and unclassified—<i>concl'd.</i>			Rs. A.	
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>concl'd.</i>				
139	SPECIMENS illustrative of natural science, and medals and antique coins	...	...	Free.
140	UMBRELLAS, including parasols and sunshades and fittings therefor.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent
141	ALL OTHER ARTICLES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, including articles imported by post.	...	"	15 "

SCHEDULE III.—EXPORT TARIFF.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
JUTE OTHER THAN BIMLIPATAM JUTE.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
1	RAW JUTE—			
	(1) Cuttings	Bales of— 400 lbs.	...	1 4
	(2) All other descriptions	400 "	...	4 8
2	JUTE MANUFACTURES when not in actual use as coverings, receptacles or bindings for other goods—			
	(1) Sacking (cloth, bags, twist, yarn, rope and twine).	Tons of— 2 240 lbs.	...	20 0
	(2) Hessians and all other descriptions of jute manufactures not otherwise specified.	2,240 "	...	32 0
RICE.				
3	RICE , husked or unhusked, including rice flour, but excluding rice bran and rice dust, which are free.	Indian maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight	...	0 3
TEA.				
4	TEA	100 lbs.	...	1 8
RAW HIDES AND SKINS IF EXPORTED FROM BURMA.				
(1) ASSENIATED AND AIR-DRIED HIDES—				
	(a) Cows (including calf skins)	lb.	0 5 0	15 per cent.
	(b) Buffaloes (including calf skins)	"	0 2 0	15 "

SCHEDULE III.—EXPORT TARIFF—*concl.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
	RAW HIDES AND SKINS IF EXPORTED FROM BURMA— <i>concl.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
	(2) DRY SALTED HIDES—			
	(a) Cows (including calf skins) ...	lb.	0 2 0	15 per cent.
	(b) Buffaloes (including calf skins) ...	"	0 1 0	15 "
	(3) WET SALTED HIDES—			
	(a) Cows (including calf skins) ...	"	0 2 0	15 "
	(b) Buffaloes (including calf skins) ...	"	0 1 0	15 "
	(4) GOAT AND KID SKINS ...	Piece	1 0 0	15 "
	(5) SHEEP SKINS ...	"	0 8 0	15 "
6	RAW HIDES AND SKINS IF EXPORTED FROM ANY PLACE IN BRITISH INDIA OTHER THAN BURMA.			
	(1) ARSENICATED AND AIR DRIED HIDES—			
	(a) Cows (including calf skins) ... { Framed ...	lb.	0 6 0	15 per cent.
	Unframed	"	0 2 6	15 "
	(b) Buffaloes (including calf skins) ... { Framed ...	"	0 2 6	15 "
	Unframed	"	0 1 6	15 "
	(2) DRY SALTED HIDES—			
	(a) Cows (including calf skins) ...	"	0 2 0	15 "
	(b) Buffaloes (including calf skins) ...	"	0 1 0	15 "
	(3) WET SALTED HIDES—			
	(a) Cows (including calf skins) ...	"	0 2 0	15 "
	(b) Buffaloes (including calf skins) ...	"	0 1 0	15 "
	(4) GOAT AND KID SKINS ...	Piece	1 0 0	15 "
	(5) SHEEP SKINS ...	"	0 8 0	15 "

N.B.—Provided that, subject to such conditions as the Governor General in Council may by notification in the *Gazette of India* prescribe, a rebate shall be granted to the exporter of two-thirds of the duty levied on hides or skins exported to any part of His Majesty's dominions or of the territories of any Indian Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty, or of any territories under the protection of His Majesty or in respect of which a mandate of the League of Nations is exercised by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions.

STAMPS.

The 23rd December 1922.

No. 6733.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Stamp Rules, 1914, namely:—

After rule 13 of the said rules, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"13-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules whenever the stamp duty payable under the Act in respect of any instrument cannot be paid exactly by reason of the fact that the necessary stamps are not in circulation, the amount by which the payment of duty shall on that account be in defect shall be made up by the affixing of one anna and half-anna adhesive stamps."

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 22nd December 1922, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 22nd December 1922.

PART B.

RESIGNATIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 2112.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

The Calcutta Port Defence Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant S. L. Digory. Dated 31st August 1921.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India (offg.).

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 30th December 1922, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 28th December 1922.

No. F-848.—In continuation of the Home Department notification No. F-531-II-Est, dated the 28th June 1922, it is announced, for general information, that nine appointments will be made to the Indian Civil Service as a result of the competitive examination to be held at Allahabad in January 1923.

J. CREER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 30th December 1922, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 29th December 1922.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 2123.—The Reverend Dr. J. A. Graham, D.D., C.I.E., is appointed Honorary Chaplain to the Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles, with effect from the 1st October 1920.

No. 2124.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

The Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

To be Lieutenant.

Leslie Barker Sutcliffe. Dated 23rd November 1922.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India (offg.).

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 1st January 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BHALEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1923.

No. 1-I.E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in, and appointments to, the said Order :—

To be Companions.

Doctor NELSON ANNANDALE, Director, Zoological Survey of India.

Lieutenant-Colonel ANDREW THOMAS GAGE, Indian Medical Service, Superintendent of the Royal Botanical Gardens, Calcutta, and Director, Botanical Survey of India, Bengal.

ABDUR RAHEEM, Esquire, Merchant and Landholder, Bengal.

JOHN ARTHUR JONES, Esquire, Editor, *Statesman*, Calcutta, Bengal.

KESHAB CHANDRA ROY, Esquire, Director, Associated Press of India.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1923.

No. 1-Gen.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire :—

To be Knights Commanders.

CIVIL DIVISION.

MAJOR FREDERIC GAUNTLETT, Esquire, C.I.E., C.B.E., Indian Civil Service, Auditor-General.

To be Officers.

CIVIL DIVISION.

JOHN ELLIOT ARMSTRONG, Esquire, Deputy Inspector-General of Police (on special duty in connection with Munitions cases), Bengal.

To be Members.

MILITARY DIVISION.

Lieutenant HAROLD BROWN, Calcutta Scottish (A. F. I.).

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

KNIGHTHOOD,**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 1st January 1923.*

No. 2-Gen.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on :—

THOMAS CLARE PILLING GIBBONS, Esquire, K.C., Advocate-General for the Presidency of Bengal.

CAMPBELL WARD RHODES, Esquire, C.B.E., Chairman, Bengal Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

KAISAR-I-HIND MEDAL.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 1st January 1923.*

No. 8-Gen.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the First Class for Public Service in India to :—

Sister BLANCHE ANNIE, Sister in charge of Nursing Presidency General Hospital Bengal.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTIFICATIONS.*Delhi, the 1st January 1923.*

No. 18-Gen.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Mahamahopadhyaya, as a personal distinction, upon—

Pandit Parbat Charan Tarkaturtha, 72-2, High Bazar Street, Calcutta, Bengal

No. 17-Gen.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Haji Muhammad Zakariah, Sugar Merchant, Bengal.
Chauthury Rahmat Jan, Zamindar, Bengal.

No. 18-Gen.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Babu Jatindra Mohan Sinha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bengal
Babu Girindra Nath Mukharji, Subordinate Judge (retired) and Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, Bengal.

Babu Rajendra Nath Ray, District and Sessions Judge (retired), Bengal.

Babu Phanindralal Das, Merchant, Calcutta, Bengal.

Babu Nalini Nath Sett, Solicitor and Landholder, Bengal.

Babu Surendra Chandra Sen, B.L., Vakil, High Court, Bengal

Rai Sahib Bama Charan Bhaumik, Deputy Superintendent of Police (retired),
Pabna, Bengal.

Babu Kailash Chandra Bose, Government Pleader, 24-Parganas, Bengal.

Babu Amulya Chandra Mitra, Medical Practitioner Burdwan, Bengal.

Rai Sahib Surat Chandra Banerjee, B.A., Assistant Accounts Officer, office of the
Accountant-General, Central Revenues.

No. 22-Gen.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer
the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maulvi Wajihuddin Ahmed, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner,
Rajshahi, Bengal.

Maulvi Abdul Khaleque, Secretary, Feni Co-operative Bank, Bengal.

No. 23-Gen.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer
the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Babu Munna Lal Parukh, Banker and Merchant, Calcutta, Bengal.

Babu Bidhu Bhushan Chatterji, Assistant Secretary, Mahajan Sabha, Bengal.

Babu Umesh Chandra Chakladar, Honorary Magistrate and Vice-Chairman,
Mymensingh Municipality, Bengal.

Babu Jiban Krishna Banarji, Superintendent, District Office, 24-Parganas, Bengal.

Babu Ramn Chandra Biswas, Head Assistant, Audit Branch, Finance Department,
Bengal Secretariat.

Babu Tapendra Kumar Ghose Chaudhuri, Deputy Superintendent of Police,
Bengal.

Babu Jyotirmay Bose, Jailor, Bengal.

Babu Surendra Nath Banarji, Assistant Settlement Officer, Bankura, Bengal.

Babu Banka Behari Sarkar, Pleader, Thakurgaon, Dinajpur, Bengal.

Babu Broja Madhab Bose, Assistant Head Master, Scottish Churches Collegiate
School, Calcutta, Bengal.

Jnan Ranjan Guha, Officiating Assistant Audit Officer (Government Examiner of
Accounts), Assam Bengal Railway.

Mr. Jnanendra Nath Das, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, East India Railway.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Depart-
ment, published in the *Gazette of India, Extraordinary*, dated the 1st January 1923,
is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

KING'S POLICE MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

(POLICE.)

Delhi, the 1st January 1923.

No. F-45—IV.—His Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to
confer the King's Police Medal, and in one case a bar to the medal previously awarded,
on the following officers and men of the Indian Police establishments:—

BENGAL.

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
23. Keraenat Shah, Constable, No. 2856, of the Midnapur District Police.	On the 4th February 1922, at about 1 P.M., when at a village, this constable got information that a gang of dacoits had been attacking some persons in a cart at a place about a mile away. He could only get one villager with whom he ran to the spot armed with a musket and found that a dacoity was being committed. He shouted to the dacoits to desist, but they attacked him with <i>batjis</i> and swords. He pluckily stood his ground and fired twice killing two of the dacoits and putting the rest to flight. The two men who were killed proved to be two of the most notorious dacoits in the district.

Name of officer and rank.

Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

BENGAL—contd.

24. **Ram Chandra Upadhyā,**
Constable, No. 3688, of
the Murshidabad District
Police.
- On the morning of the 15th November 1921, Constable Bindhachal Ram, who was on sentry duty at Jangipur sub-treasury in Murshidabad, shot dead officiating Head Constable Ramraj Missir. He also threatened to shoot another head constable. Constable Ram Chandra Upadhyā very pluckily approached Bindhachal Ram and when every one else fled through fright, snatched away his musket thereby averting further murders.
25. **Frederick Douglas Bartley,**
Deputy Commissioner of
Port Police, Calcutta.
- Mr. Bartley joined the Indian Police in Bengal at the end of 1908, and was employed with the district police for the first seven years of his service, including 10 months in the then Special Department. He was deputed to Delhi for a month for the Royal Visit in 1912 and then held charge of the districts of Birbhum and Faridpur. Towards the end of 1915, he was posted to the Intelligence Branch and in March 1916 was appointed Special Intelligence Officer. In May 1918 he was appointed Deputy Commissioner of the Port Police, Calcutta, which office he now holds. Mr. Bartley was seriously injured in the riots of September 1918, being stabbed in the neck while endeavouring to persuade the crowds to disperse. He was also injured in the riot at Belliaghata Tramway Depot in November 1921 while acting as Deputy Commissioner, Headquarters, and was instrumental in securing the dispersal of the mob.
26. **Ernest Albert Hartley,**
Assistant Commissioner of
Police (temporary), South
Town Division, Calcutta.
- Mr. Hartley was appointed a 2nd class European Constable in the Calcutta Police on 19th July 1904 and has risen to the rank of Assistant Commissioner. He has marked detective ability which he has used with conspicuous success in many important cases since his appointment to the Detective Department in 1916. His services in connection with the Lyons Range robbery case of 1921 have been brought to the special notice of Government and are typical of the results which his detective ability has achieved. He was, until recently, in charge of the special Goonda department and succeeded in securing the conviction of some 200 Goondas and in compiling the histories of the majority of the notorious members of this class in Calcutta.
27. **Manunatha Nath Sen, Ins-**
pector of Police, Nadia.
- This officer joined the Bengal Police as a Sub-Inspector in the year 1905 and has by his good work risen to his present position. He played an important part in the investigation of several political dacoity cases during the years 1909, 1912, 1915 and 1917 and obtained important information at considerable personal risk. In dealing with ordinary crime he was also responsible for unearthing several formidable gangs of dacoits. He is a good detective and has shown great devotion to duty.
28. **Beni Madhab Chaudhuri,**
Sub-Inspector of Police,
Chittagong.
- As the officer in charge of the Kotwali police-station, Chittagong, he took an active part in maintaining peace and order in the town during the strike on the Assam-Bengal Railway and throughout the whole non-co-operation movement. His work has been marked by conspicuous courage and ability. On several occasions he displayed considerable tact in conducting enquiries of a secret nature involving great personal risk and proved most useful and reliable. He has shown great devotion to duty and absolute fearlessness at critical moments.

Name of officer and rank.

Statement of services for which in particular the decoration
has been conferred**BENGAL—concl'd.**

29. Subadar Shanku Singh, Inspector of Police, Special Armed Force, Birbhum.

On the 10th March 1922, the District Magistrate of Birbhum visited a village in connection with the realization of Union Board taxes. The inhabitants showed a defiant attitude and formed an unlawful assembly. They stoned the Magistrate and other officials. On receiving the news the Inspector proceeded to the spot, when about a dozen men came running towards him from the opposite direction with *lathis* and stones. Seeing their hostile attitude, he pointed his revolver at them and they dispersed. He then proceeded on, and when he was in a narrow lane, he found himself again surrounded by the villagers who stoned him. He then fired a shot from his revolver, which dispersed the mob. The mob did not pursue the District Magistrate further. The Inspector rendered very good services in going pluckily into the narrow lanes of the village at considerable personal risk and facing an angry mob single handed. Mr. Blackwood, the District Magistrate, remarks that it was due to the prompt and opportune action of the Inspector that the mob did not pursue him further. The Inspector has also a good record of service both in the military and in the police.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India (offg.).

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 6th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. RILEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 3rd January 1923.

No. 51-1032-Genl.—With reference to Notification No. 3891-1032-Genl., dated the 4th December 1922, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Cavaliere Uff. Dr G. Cecchi, C. B. E., as Consul-General for Italy at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Examination of candidates for Mukhtarship in mufassil courts subordinate to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

The examination of candidates for Mukhtarship will be held at Calcutta, Gauhati and Sylhet on the 30th and 31st March next.

The examination of candidates for Calcutta will take place in the Senate House of the Calcutta University.

One paper will be set each day for Mukhtarship candidates from 2-30 P.M. to 5-30 P.M., on the 30th and 31st March 1923.

In no circumstances will any candidate be admitted to the examination after these hours.

The candidates will be required to produce at the examination the extracts from the register which will be furnished to them by the District Judges through whom the applications have been sent to the Committee of Legal Education.

No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room with any memoranda or loose paper of any description (with the exception of extracts).

All writing materials will be provided, with the exception of pens, which the candidates must bring with them.

N. EDGLEY, *Secretary,*

Committee of Legal Education, High Court

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

SUBJECT to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress, the Kumud Kanta Memorial Scholarship is awarded to Sailesh Chandra Goswami, who passed the last Matriculation Examination of Calcutta University from the Mymensingh Zilla School and who is eligible for it in terms of the Government of Bengal, Education Department order No. 1606, dated 11th September 1920.

The value of the scholarship is Rs. 5 per month and it is tenable for two years from 1st June 1922 at the A. M. College, Mymensingh.

E. F. OATEN, .

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 3rd January 1923.

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.

List of candidates who have been awarded Upper Primary Scholarships
in 1922.

(Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 3 a month, tenable for two years from the 1st January 1923.)

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.
RAJSHAHI (Sadar).			
1	Taher Uddin Molla	... Mayerpura U. P.	... Sridharpur M. V.
2	Amanatulla Shakhidar	... Bhagnadi U. P.	... Brikutsha M. E.
NATORE.			
1	Sasthicharan Pramanik	... Sanwail U. P.	... Kalam M. E.
2	Samserali Miah	... Madhnnagar U. P.	... Natore Maharaja's H. E.
3	Sabiruddin Khan	... Sanwail U. P.	... Kalam M. E.
NAOGAON.			
1	Hemanta Kumar Sarkar	... Pabarpur U. P.	... Manam M. E.
2	Masruddin Mandal	... Chakgowri Model U. P.	... Chakratitha H. E.
3	Amanullah Molla	... Chakpian U. P.	... Naogaon K. O. H. E.
4	Lahara Urawan	... Jwanpur U. P.	... Mahadebpur M. E.
DINAJPUR (Sadar).			
1	Muhammed Khatibuddin	... Kalaibari U. P.	... Manai M. E.
2	Muhammed Saifuddin	... Krishana Charanpur U. P.	... Raiganj H. E.
3	Annada Prasad Das	... Talpukur U. P.	... Dinajpur Municipal M. E.
BALURGHAT.			
1	Manmatha Nath Pal	... Panchagram U. P.	... Balurghat H. E.
2	Abdul Haliz	... Sibpur U. P.	... Bakshiganj Junior Madrasa.
3	Patmuddin Ahmed	... Chata Maharandi U. P.	... Najpur M. E.
THAKURGAON.			
1	Ran Mahammed	... Palashbari U. P.	... Mathurapur M. E.
2	Fazir Mahammed	... Chhatil U. P.	... Setabganj M. E.
JALPAIGURI.			
1	Abbas Hossain Mia	... Bhatibari U. P.	... Ahpur-Duars H. E.
2	Tamizuddin Ahmed	... Hatpukur U. P.	... Dwanikamari M. V.
3	Aviruddin Mahammed	... Santoshpara U. P.	... Gadia M. E.
RANGPUR (Sadar).			
1	Ananda Mohan Barman	... Itakumari U. P.	... Topa Taramohan M. E.
2	Separuddin Ahmed	... Ranipukur U. P.	... Jaipurhat Board M. E.
3	Jabaruddin	... Durgapur U. P.	... Lalmanirhat H. E.
KURIGRAM.			
1	Afseruddin	... Khaliganj U. P.	... Kurigram H. E.
NILPHAMARI.			
1	Manerji Ali	... Nitai U. P.	... Kholisha Belpukur Junior Madrasa.
2	Mahammed Hossain	... Ditto	... Kesoriganj M. E.
3	Jafaruddin Sarkar	... Garagram U. P.	... Ditto.
GAIDANDHA.			
1	Abdul Kaddus Khondkar	... Nakshat U. P.	... Bharatkhal M. V.
2	Ajimuddin Sarkar	... Badiakhali U. P.	... Ditto.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.
BOGRA.			
1	Birajuddin Sarkar	... Chakkagail U. P.	... Behar M. V.
2	Nalini Mohan Datta	... Katnar U. P.	... Bogra Zilla School.
3	Mahammed Meheruddin	... Chakkagail U. P.	... Gokul M. E.
4	Md. Kaderali	... Behigram U. P.	... Santa M. E. (Dinajpur).
5	Esauf Ali Pramanik	... Katnar U. P.	... Bogra Zilla School.
6	Mufizuddin Ahmed	... Kohgram U. P.	... Dhapsultauganj Madrasa. Junior
7	Abdul Gaffur Mia	... Kundagram U. P.	... Talora H. E.
PABNA (Sadar).			
1	Khalimuddin Sekh	... Nischintapur U. P.	... Satbaria H. E.
2	Abdul Gani Mollah	... Ditto	... Ditto.
SERAJGANJ.			
1	Roshan Ali Akanda	... Jhikrabandar U. P.	... Ullapara H. E.
2	Abdus Sobhan Talukdar	... Bhatpeary U. P.	... Serajganj B. L. H. E.
3	Mozafar Hossain Sarkar	... Chikrabandar U. P.	... Ullapara H. E.
4	Radhika Lal Poddar	... Haripur U. P.	... Serajganj Jnanadayani M. E.
5	Kamini Kumar Pal	... Ditto	... Ditto.
6	Taozuddin Sarkar	... Raipur U. P.	... Dwaripur Victoria M. E.
MALDA.			
1	Lalit Mohan Sarkar	... Gobindapur U. P.	... Chanchal Bindheswari.
2	Quaddus Ali Biswas	... Radhakantapur U. P.	... Ranihati M. E. Institution.
3	Ditindra Narayan Roy	... Singhabad U. P.	... Rajbalhat H. E. (Hooghly).
4	Upendra Nath Tambuli	... Bhingole U. P.	... Bhingole M. E.
5	Diljan Sek	... Domaichak U. P.	... Kaliachak M. E.
DARJEELING.			
1	Manbahadur	... Turzan U. P.	... Ghoom M. E.
2	Janaklal	... Kurseong Scots Mission U. P.	... Kurseong M. E.
3	Mahadao	... Ditto	... Ditto.
4	Mukundamurari Singh	... Phulbarjot U. P.	... Phanshedewa M. E.

MATLOOB AHMED,

Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division (offg.).

JALPAIGURI, the 28th December 1922.

BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, DACCA.**NOTIFICATION.**

In continuation of this office notification, dated the 19th May 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st June 1922, the following text-books are prescribed for the Intermediate Examinations in 1924:—

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION.**I.—Vernacular.**

The following pieces from Bibidha Prabandha of Bankim Chandra Chatterjee have been selected:—

From Part I—Bangalir Bahubal, Bhato-bashar Attyachar, Jnan, Bharat Kalanka, Prachin Bharater Rajniti.

From Part II—Bangadesher Krishak, Bangla Bhashah, Lok-shiksha.

GROUP "A" (ARTS COURSE).**(a) History.**

Breasted and Robinson (Ginn and Company). Outlines of European History, Part I, sections 1—22, 58 and 59.

Grant, A. J. (Longmans Green & Co.). Outlines of European History.

Higham, C. S. S. (Longmans Green & Co.). History of the British Empire.

(The books are to be supplemented by a general course of lectures on Indian, Chinese and Islamic history and civilisation.)

(b) Logic.

The subject of Logic is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. The following books are recommended :—

Ray, P. K.	...	A Text-book of Deductive Logic.
Welton, J.	...	Manual of Logic, volume II (Inductive).

(c) Classical Language.**(i) ARABIC.**

Calcutta University Selections, compiled and edited by E. D. Ross, C.I.E., Ph. D. (the whole).

(ii) PERSIAN.

Calcutta University Selections, compiled and edited by E. D. Ross, C.I.E., Ph. D., omitting all Arabic portions and also pages 62–76

GROUP "D" (COURSE IN DYEING).**Chemistry.****(a) ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

Cohen's Class Book of Organic Chemistry, to be supplemented by Organic Chemistry by J. C. Ghosh.

Principles of Dyeing.

The following books are recommended for reference :—

Knecht, E., Rawson, C., Loewenthal, R.	...	Manual of Dyeing.
Hubner, J.	...	Dyeing of Vegetable Fibrous Materials
Hummel, J.	...	Dyeing of Textile Fibres.
Beech, F.	...	Cotton Dyeing.
Do.	...	Wool Dyeing.
Hus, G.	...	Silk Dyeing

GROUP "E" (COMMERCIAL COURSE).**History.**

The following books are recommended to be used by students in studying the subjects in accordance with the syllabus prescribed

Grant, A. J.	...	Outlines of European History.
Higham, C. S. S.	...	History of the British Empire.
Fraser	...	British India (Story of the Nations Series).
Imperial Gazetteer of India,	...	volume III, Chapter V, pages 267-306

As the information given in the Imperial Gazetteer has now become in some respects out of date, it should be revised by the teacher in the light of the three following books —

Hamilton, C. J.	...	Trade Relations between India and England.
Ainscough, T. M.	...	Review of the Conditions and Prospects of British Trade in India.
Cotton	...	Hand-book of Commercial information for India.

Geography.

Howarth (Oxford Geographies)...	Commercial Geography.
Franklin & Shearman (Johnston)	Commercial Atlas Geography.
Unstead and Taylor (Philip) ...	Commercial Geography, General and Regional.

For reference.

Chisholm's	...	Hand-book of Commercial Geography.
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Atlases.

Fawcett, Allen (Cambridge University Press).	An Atlas of Commercial Geography.
Bertholomew and Lyde (Oxford University Press).	An Atlas of Economic Geography.

NON-EXAMINATION SUBJECTS.**History.**

Higham, C. S. S. ... History of the British Empire.
 Indian History of the Matriculation Standard.

Economics.

Moreland ... Introduction to Economics.

NOTE.—In the Intermediate Arts Course, Group 'A' in English Literature, Tagore, R. N. "Post Office" is prescribed in place of Stevenson, R. L. Inland Voyage.

K. I. HUQUE, *Secretary.*

DACCA, the 24th December 1922.

BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, DACCA.**NOTIFICATION.**

In continuation of the notification, dated the 19th May 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 21st June 1922, the following list of text-books are prescribed for the High School Examination of 1924:—

High School Examination, 1924.**VERNACULAR.****(I) Urdu.**

Shikwa-i-Hind, by Altaf Husain.
 Ghadr-ki-Afsane, by Hasan Nizami (2 parts)
 Subhe-Zendagi, by Rashid-al-Kharr.

CLASSICAL LANGUAGES.**(I) Arabic.**

Calcutta University Selections, compiled and edited by E. D. Ross, C.I.E., Ph.D., omitting pages 1-10 and 52-57.

(II) Persian.

Calcutta University Selections, compiled and edited by E. D. Ross, C.I.E., Ph.D., omitting pages 1-5 and 57-68.

URDU.

(For those who offer Bengali as their Vernacular.)

Urdu-i-Mu'alla, by Ghahib.
 Junaid-Bughdadi, by A. Hakim Sharar.
 Majnun-i-Nazm-i-Shibli (Urdu).

MENSURATION.

Stevens and Shaw ... Mensuration for beginners.
 Todhunter and Mallik ... Ditto.
 Pierpont ... Mensuration, Part I.

DRAWING AND PRACTICAL GEOMETRY.

Hall and Stevens ... Experimental and Practical Geometry.
 Morris ... Geometrical Drawing for Arts Students.
 S. K. Bose ... Helps to Geometrical Drawing, Part I (Plane).

K. I. HUQUE, *Secretary.*

DACCA, the 24th December 1922.

BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, DACCA.

ERRATA.

In the list of successful candidates at the Matriculation Examination of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, held in the month of March 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 10th May 1922.—

for
“Sarkar, Narendranath” ... 16-9 ... K. L. Jubilee School.”

please read

“Sarkar, Narendrachandra” ... 16-9 ... K. L. Jubilee School.”

K. HUQUE, *Secretary, Board of Intermediate
and Secondary Education, Dacca.*

DACCA, the 6th December 1922.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

Award of Middle Scholarships for the year 1922.

(Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 1 a month tenable for four years in a recognised High English School and for two years in a Government Normal School with effect from the 1st January 1923.)

No.	Name.	School from which the candidate applied	School at which the scholarship will be tenable.
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TIPPERA DISTRICT.

(Open scholarships.)

1	Ali Mian	... Comilla M. E.	... Comilla Zilla
2	Adinath Chakravarti	... Bardia M. E.	... Comilla Iswar Pathasala.
3	Pratap Chandra Bhattacharya	... Narayanpur M. E.	... Svarnagram H. E., Dacca
4	Bijajal Poddar	... Narsingpur M. E.	... Lakshmipur H. E.
5	Jumut Ali Bhuiyah	... Boppani Circle	... Chittagong Normal.
6	Abdul Aziz Mirza	... Rampur Circle	... Matlabganj H. E.

(Reserved scholarships for Muhammadans.)

1	Emdadul Rahman	... Shahbazpur M. E.	... Sarail Annada H. E.
2	Abdul Haq	... Rammohan M. E.	... Comilla Zilla
3	Abdul Rahim	... Chandla M. E.	... Ditto.
4	Amjad Ali	... Balukandi Circle	... Ditto.

(Reserved scholarships for backward classes.)

1	Chanda Kumar Nath	... Mogra M. E.	... Brahmaubaria Annada H. E.
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NOAKHALI DISTRICT.

(Open scholarships.)

1	Majibul Haq	... Pratappur M. E.	... Feni H. E.
2	Abdul Mukতার	... South Musapuri Gurudasa M. E.	... Sandwip H. E.
3	Mokhesur Rahman	... Gopalpur Ali Haidar M. E.	... Noakhali Zilla.
4	Chandrabari De	... Hajipara Circle	... Beganganj H. E.

(Reserved scholarships for Muhammadans.)

1	Belayetul Hussain	... Dagonbhuiyan M. E.	... Noakhali Zilla
2	Ali Ahmed	... Chausiddin M. E.	... Sandwip H. E.
3	Habibul Rahman	... Karaya Circle	... Chittagong Normal.

(Reserved scholarships for backward classes.)

1	Jashoda Kumar Rudrapal	... Munshirhat Circle	... Noakhali Zilla.
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CHITTAGONG DISTRICT.

(Open scholarships.)

1	Haralal Chaudhury	... Colonel's Hat M. E.	... Chittagong Collegiate.
2	Indubhusan Sen Gupta	... Satbaria Model M. E.	... Baranali H. E.
3	Sriram Praend Lalfer	... Pahartali Vernon M. E.	... Chittagong Collegiate.
4	Muhammad Ishaque	... Bazalla M. E.	... Satbaria H. E.

	School from which the candidate appeared	School at which the scholarship will be tenable
(Reserved scholarships for Muhammadans.)		
1 Abdul Hakim.	... Harbhargh Model M. E.	... Chittagong Collegiate
2 Siddiq Ahmed	... Sarkar's Hat M. E.	... Sitakund H. E.
3 Mir Hossain	... Chittagong Government M. E.	... Chittagong Collegiate

(Reserved scholarships for backward classes.)

1 Nalin Ranjan Barua	... Binajuri School M. E.	... Raozan H. E.
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AHSAN-ULLAH,

Inspector of Schools Chittagong Division.

CHITTAGONG, the 5th January 1923.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.**Award of Upper Primary Scholarships for the year 1922.**

(Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 3 a month tenable for two years with effect from the 1st January 1923.)

No	Name	School from which the candidate appeared	School at which the scholarship will be tenable.
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TIPPERA DISTRICT.**Sadar Subdivision (Open scholarships).**

1 Chand Mian	... Rainnagar U. P.	... Fogachar Circle
2 Jatindra Chandra Sil	... Pithar U. P.	... Barkanta H. E.
3 Wali Ahmed Akbar	... Sutsda U. P.	... Bingora H. E.

Brahmanbaria Subdivision (Open scholarships).

1 Mohamad Azam	... Puntali U. P.	... Mahaddimganj Circle
2 Abdul Khaleq	... Patasari U. P.	... Kashi H. E.

Chandpur Subdivision (Open scholarships).

1 Anil Kumar Choudhuri	Khudpur U. P.	... Nityanandapur M. E.
2 Nurul Haq	Kudla U. P.	... Kampan Circle
3 Abdul Sattar Mian	Gollal U. P.	... Burson M. E.

(Reserved scholarships for Muhammadans in the Tippera district.)

1 Bakhat Ali	... Montupi U. P.	... Matlabganj H. E.
2 Abdul Qader	... Kishara U. P.	... Burson M. E.

NOAKHALI DISTRICT.**Sadar Subdivision (Open scholarships).**

1 Syed Afizur Rahman	... Azizpur U. P.	... Senbag Circle
2 Muhammad Faiz	... Kothari U. P.	... Hajipara Circle
3 Nakul Chandra Chakravarti	... Batagram U. P.	... Datto
4 Mahendra Kumar Nath	... Panchpara U. P.	... Dalibazar M. E.
5 Kaji Mohan Nath	... Munip U. P.	... Ranganj Union H. E.

(Reserved Scholarships for Muhammadans.)

1 Hashmatulla	... Nityanandapur U. P.	... Chhayan M. E.
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Feni Subdivision (Open Scholarships).

1 Nibaran Chandra Karmakar	... Dwangany U. P.	... Feni H. E.
2 Akshoy Kumar Chakravarti	... Jagatpur U. P.	... Fentappur M. E.

(Reserved scholarships for Muhammadans.)

1 Lakiatullah	... Ghoshal Thakur U. P.	... Feni H. E.
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CHITTAGONG DISTRICT.**Sadar Subdivision (Open scholarships).**

1 Nagendra Lal Dhar	... Chhandandi U. P.	... Kachurkhal H. E.
2 Raj Kumar Nath	... Rajapur U. P.	... Dotgapur H. E.
3 Surendra Lal Sil	... Kachurkhal U. P.	... Kachurkhal H. E.
4 Bhupen Mohan Das	... Allah Joykhal U. P.	... Saratani H. E.
5 Kana Lal Nandi	... Pathaudandi U. P.	... Baranja M. E.
6 Sachindra Lal Choudhuri	... Gomdandi U. P.	... Kachurkhal H. E.

No.	Name	School from which the candidate appeared	School at which the scholarship will be feasible
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Cox's Bazar Subdivision—(Open scholarships).

1	Harimohan Chaudhuri	... Idgaon U. P.	... Cox's Bazar M. E.
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(Reserved scholarships for Muhammadans.)

1	Maniruzzaman	... Ramu Praotising U. P.	... Ramu Kherari M. E.
2	Muhammad Isaque	... Idgaon U. P.	... Kutubdia Kiran M. E.
3	Syed Ahmed Hossain	... Sultanpur Victoria U. P.	... Baozan H. E.

CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.**(Open scholarships.)**

1	Bimal Chandra Khusha	... Chhota Mohaprung U. P.	... Rangamati B. E.
2	Jagat Chandra Ghikma	... Karalyachari U. P.	... Ditto "

(Reserved scholarships for backward classes in the Division.)

1	Soni Kumar Mali	... Mahush U. P.	... Durgapur H. E.
2	Nrodbandhu Dhuip	... Narottampur U. P.	... Beganganj H. E.

AHSAN-ULLAH,

*Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division.**CHITTAGONG, the 5th January 1923.***DACCA TRAINING COLLEGE.****B. T. & L. T. Course.**

THE course starts on July 1st and ends on March 31st. Applications for admission must be received by March 31st.

Special consideration is given to students who apply for admission without stipend. No tuition fees. Monthly cost of living in hostel about Rs. 14-15 (everything included).

The course comprises, besides Educational Psychology, Method and Hygiene, tuition also in the subject matter of the students' teaching subjects and practice teaching in these subjects.

Methods of educational measurement and research are a part of the B. T. course, and students of ability in this direction may later proceed to the higher degree of Master of Teaching without further residence.

Students whose special work or interest is in Primary Education are able to do practical work in Methods of Teaching and Inspection of Primary Schools.

M. WEST, *Principal, Training College.**DACCA, the 2nd January 1923.***UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.****NOTICE**

SCHOOLS applying for the first time for recognition are required to submit their applications, normally, as soon as they open class IX, i.e., in January.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.**SENATE HOUSE, the 5th January 1923.***RESULTS OF THE BENGAL VERNACULAR TEACHERSHIP EXAMINATION, 1922**

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Vernacular Teachership Examination held in December 1922:—

Seniors.**CLASS I***(Arranged alphabetically.)*

Serial No.	Name	Institutions
1	Bhawas, Nroj Nalini	... Brahmo Training Class, Calcutta.
2	Das, Sushiladevi	... United Missionary Training College, Calcutta.
3	Das Dey, Surashi Bala	... Ditto
4	Mondal, Wahangini	... Roman Catholic Training Class, Calcutta.
5	Sarkar, Mary	... Ditto.

CLASS II.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Serial No.	Name.	Institutions.
1	Baidya, Sabina	... Roman Catholic Training Class, Calcutta.
2	Banerji, Protiva	... Brahmo Training Class, Calcutta.
3	Bhattacharyya, Beni Madhab	... Pundits' Training Class, Calcutta.
4	" Rajendra Nath	... Ditto.
5	" Sanat Kumar	... Ditto.
6	Biswas, Labanya Lata	... United Missionary Training College, Calcutta.
7	" Martha	... Roman Catholic Training Class, Calcutta.
8	" Nazarina	... Ditto.
9	" Pushpalata	... United Missionary Training College, Calcutta.
10	Dutt, Binodini	... United Free Church Training Class, Calcutta.
11	Ghose, Bhaktiusha	... Brahmo Training Class, Calcutta.
12	" Kanak Nolini	... United Missionary Training College, Calcutta.
13	" Surendra Nath	... Pundits' Training Class, Calcutta.
14	Kanjilal, Basanta Kumar	... Ditto.
15	Patra, Renukanika	... Brahmo Training Class, Calcutta.
16	Sahu, Seraphina	... Roman Catholic Training Class, Calcutta.

H. ROSE, *Inspectress of Schools,*
Presidency and Burdwan Divisions (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 5th January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1923.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 3RD JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 90L.R.

READ—

(1) Resolution on 7383L.R., dated the 20th August 1921.

On the 7th July 1921, a Resolution was passed by the Bengal Legislative Council recommending to Government that a Committee should be appointed consisting of officials and non-officials to consider and report what amendments are needed in the Bengal Tenancy Act, and on the 20th August 1921, orders were issued by the Governor in Council appointing the Committee. Their full report, which consists of the main report, a draft Bill, the notes on the clauses of that Bill and several minutes of dissent, was received by Government on the 23rd December 1922. The Committee have devoted themselves to the consideration of the many difficult problems with which they were confronted in a very thorough manner and have given a clear and concise exposition of these problems. His Excellency in Council has now therefore much pleasure in thanking His Excellency the Hon'ble Sir John Kerr, K.C.S.I., K.C., the President of the Committee, and the Members of the Committee, for their valuable advice and for the report.

The Committee recommend that the report should be circulated for the purpose of obtaining opinion thereon before a Bill is introduced in the Legislative Council. In view of the intricacy and importance of the proposed legislation the Governor in Council accepts this recommendation and directs that the full report be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for information and criticism. All opinions thereon should reach Government before the 1st May 1923.

By order of the Governor in Council,

M. C. McALPIN. .

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE AMENDMENT OF THE BENGAL TENANCY ACT.

In a Resolution passed on the 7th July, 1921, the Bengal Legislative Council recommended the Government to appoint a Committee consisting of officials and non-officials to consider and report what amendments are needed in the Bengal Tenancy Act. Orders appointing our Committee were issued in Government Resolution No. 7883 L.R., dated the 20th August, 1921.

2. Our task has proved heavy and onerous. The Bengal Tenancy Act was passed in 1885, and the discussions which led up to it are now nearly forty years old. During the last generation great changes have occurred in the economic and agrarian conditions of Bengal. There has been a vast amount of litigation and some conflict of judicial decisions in regard to many of the fundamental provisions of the Act. Moreover, during the last twenty years, a cadastral survey has been made and a record-of-rights prepared for an area covering nearly two-thirds of the Presidency as now constituted, and these operations have brought to light many defects in the working of the Act and have indicated that it is in many respects unsuited to modern conditions. It is no wonder, therefore, that there has, for some time past, been a growing conviction in the minds of the Government and of the public that a radical revision of the Act is required. It has been our task to undertake that revision. We have held no less than 43 meetings during the last year, and have discussed in detail practically all the important sections of the Act. We have not been able to reach complete unanimity in our conclusions, and, in a matter affecting such diverse and complicated interests, unanimity is hardly to be expected. We are, however, agreed on most of the broad principles, which should govern a revision of the Act, and, where we differ as to the details arising out of the application of these principles, we have endeavoured to indicate the various considerations on either side, with the object of lightening the labours of the Government and of the Legislature, with whom the ultimate decision must rest.

3. We desire to make it clear at the outset that the difficulties of the problem are not due in any considerable measure to the existence in Bengal of disturbed agrarian relations or of bad feeling between landlord and tenant. Such questions, which were so prominent in the discussions of earlier tenancy legislation, are now relatively unimportant, but, while our task has been lightened by the absence of unpleasant and unprofitable controversy, it has been sufficiently formidable in other respects. The main defect of the Bengal Tenancy Act at the present day is that it does not provide adequately for the extraordinarily complicated state of agrarian relations which has grown up owing to the widespread adoption both by landlords and by tenants of the practice of subdivision and subinfeudation of rights in land. The most difficult part of our labours has been to adapt the law to meet this state of things. We are conscious that our proposals may be criticised on the ground that they will make the law unduly complicated, but the situation with which we have had to deal is complicated in the extreme, and there is no way of meeting it which is not complicated, short of forbidding subinfeudation and subdivision of tenures and holdings altogether—a measure which it would be impracticable to enforce without wholesale disturbance of existing rights.

4. The essential feature of tenancy legislation in Bengal has always been the recognition of a right of occupancy in certain classes of tenants, that is, broadly speaking, a heritable right to hold land subject to the payment of rent, accompanied by protection from ejectment so long as the conditions of the tenancy are fulfilled. The regulations passed in connection with, and subsequent to, the Permanent Settlement recognised the existence of this right in the resident raiyats of the village, who were generally known as

khud hasht or *kadimi*. On the other hand, new comers were required to take settlement of lands on the terms imposed by the landlord and might be merely tenants-at-will. The old regulations contained no indication as to the length of time required for the establishment of *kadimi* rights, and no legal definition of the classes of tenants entitled to occupancy rights was attempted until 1859. In Act X of that year, every raiyat who had cultivated or held land for twelve years was declared to have a right of occupancy in that land so long as he paid the rent payable on account of the same. But this rule did not apply to proprietor's private land let out on lease for a term of years, or year by year, and the accrual of occupancy rights in any land could also be barred by a written contract. In the twenty-six years which followed the passing of the Act of 1859, these provisions were strongly assailed. It was urged that to make the accrual of occupancy rights dependant on twelve years' cultivation of a particular piece of land and to allow such accrual to be barred by a written contract was a serious infringement of the customary rights of the resident raiyats of the country. On the other hand, it was argued that the effect of the twelve years' rule was to confer rights of occupancy on a large class who were previously mere tenants-at-will. The whole question was reviewed by the Rent Commission, which drew up the first draft of what eventually became the Tenancy Act of 1885. In the end, they made an important modification of the twelve years' rule. It was laid down that every person who for a period of twelve years has continuously held as a raiyat land situate in any village shall be deemed to have become at the end of that period a settled raiyat of the village, and that every settled raiyat of a village shall have a right of occupancy in all lands for the time being held by him as a raiyat in that village. As in the Act of 1859, the accrual of occupancy rights can be barred in proprietor's private land let out for a term of years or from year to year.

5. The principle of the settled raiyat adopted by the framers of the Bengal Tenancy Act has been generally accepted as a satisfactory recognition of the customary rights of the resident raiyats of a village as introduced in the old regulations. It affords almost a complete solution of the status problem in areas where conditions are simple and there are only two persons interested in the land, namely, the proprietor landlord and the cultivating tenant. But in Bengal, at the present day, conditions are rarely so simple as this. There is often a whole chain of persons interested in the land, both as rent-receivers and as rent-payers, between the proprietor at the top and the cultivating tenant. Under the law as it stands, the occupancy tenant right can only be enjoyed by one person in the chain, and, as the law is not properly adapted to the complicated state of subinfeudation which actually exists, it frequently happens that the occupancy tenant right gets into the hands of the wrong person, and the cultivating tenant who ought to have the right finds himself in the position of a tenant-at-will. It is this limitation of the legal occupancy right to a single individual among the numerous persons who may be interested in the land that is at the root of most of the difficulties experienced in the administration and interpretation of the Act in Bengal, and we are convinced that it is necessary to recast this fundamental provision of the Act, in order to meet the requirements of modern conditions. The problem is beset with difficulties, and no solution that we have considered is entirely free from risks and objections, but it is, in our opinion, essential to tackle the problem and to adopt some solution which, even though it may not be ideal, will be better suited to present day conditions than the existing law.

6. The principle which we put forward for consideration is based on the fact that, although the law confers the occupancy tenant right on only one person, yet as a matter of custom and practice the essentials of the occupancy right are ordinarily enjoyed by most of the persons in the chain of those who are interested in the land as rent-receivers or as rent-payers or as both. There are variations for different classes in regard to such matters as the limitations on enhancement and the methods of settlement of rent, the right of transfer and so on, but such matters are merely

incidental and are not essential to what we may call briefly the occupancy status, meaning thereby a heritable right to hold land subject to the payment of the rent legally payable for the time being. This is the essential element of a permanent tenure, which is defined in the present Act as a tenure which is heritable and not held for a limited time, and most tenures in Bengal other than those held under leases for limited periods, fall within this definition. The same essential element attaches under the existing Act to all raiyati holdings other than those of non-occupancy raiyats and under-raiyats, and even in the case of under-raiyats the possibility of the acquisition of a right of occupancy by custom is recognised in section 183, though the precise incidents of such a right in the case of under-raiyats are nowhere defined. We are convinced that no mere tinkering with the description of the differences between a raiyat and tenure-holder contained in section 5 of the Act will meet the case. No definition of the term "raiayat" will serve to prevent the acquisition of the occupancy raiyati status by the wrong person if that status is limited to one person. In these circumstances, we consider that the best solution of the difficulty will be to give to all persons holding land under the person who enjoys the legal status of raiyat a right of occupancy as against his immediate landlord. We would except only cases of temporary subletting by persons who for genuine reasons are unable temporarily to cultivate the land themselves. In such cases we think it is reasonable that the temporary sub-tenants should be debarred from acquiring occupancy rights to the detriment of their lessors if the latter are able within a reasonable time to resume cultivation themselves. But, in all other cases, we would give the tenant an occupancy right as against his immediate landlord, that is, a permanent heritable right to hold the land so long as he pays the legal rent and complies with the conditions of the tenancy, and we would add to this the same protection against unreasonable enhancement of rent as is enjoyed by occupancy raiyats under the present Act and the same rights of transfer as we propose to give to occupancy raiyats. We feel, however, that it would in some cases be unjust to the superior landlord to force him to recognise the under-raiyat as his tenant in the event of the holding of the immediate landlord of the under-raiyat being sold in execution of a decree for arrears of rent, and we do not therefore propose to treat the occupancy right of the under-raiyat as a protected interest under section 160. We also propose some modifications in sections 86 and 87 to meet cases of surrender and abandonment by the immediate landlord.

7. The necessity for a radical alteration in the status provisions of the Act was forcibly brought to our notice in the course of our endeavours to find a solution of the difficulties which have arisen out of the existing law regarding the transfer of occupancy holdings. So far back as 1912, the High Court brought this matter to the notice of Government and represented the desirability of legislation to make it clear whether, in the absence of a usage entitling a raiyat to sell his holding without the landlord's consent, such a sale is void *ab initio* or merely voidable at the will of the landlord. The High Court suggested that the practice of selling holdings has become so universal that to make it wholly invalid would possibly prove unworkable in practice. This view being generally accepted, various attempts were made to devise regulations to govern the transfer of occupancy holdings without touching the main provisions of the Act, but they proved unsuccessful and it was eventually decided that the matter must stand over until a general amendment of the Act was undertaken. It was accordingly put in the forefront of the points which Government desired us to take into consideration. The question was much discussed before the passing of the Bengal Tenancy Act in 1885, and various alternatives were considered and discarded, with the result that the only reference to the matter, which appears in the Act as passed, is contained in the illustration to section 183, which lays down that a usage under which a raiyat is entitled to sell his holding without the consent of his landlord will not be affected by the Act. This provision is useless and mischievous, because it is seldom possible for a raiyat or his transferee to prove the existence of the usage, and no guidance is afforded to the Courts in regard to the law to be applied to the numerous transfers which are effected without

the landlord's consent and without any proof of usage being put forward. We agree therefore with the High Court as to the necessity for positive legislation, but here again no solution of the problem is possible which will be entirely free from objection. It is desirable that the law on the subject should be clear and simple, but unfortunately the problem is far from simple. It has reached its present state of complexity, because the practice has been left to grow up unregulated for more than half a century. Any attempt to regulate it now by simple and direct methods must necessarily interfere with existing rights and customs to some extent, but the longer the matter is left untouched, the more complicated it will become, and it is necessary to ask landlords and tenants to submit to some modification of their existing or potential rights in return for the great advantage of having the matter put on a clear and definite basis.

8. The pressing importance of the question is shown by the fact that the number of transfers of occupancy holdings effected by registered deed has risen from 43,000 in 1884 to over 2,50,000 in 1913, and with the growing pressure of the population on the soil, leading to an ever-increasing demand for land and an ever-growing rise in the value of land, transfers are certain to increase in number, whatever the law on the subject may be. It is an established fact that occupancy rights are at present freely transferred without reference to and without the knowledge of the landlord. In most cases, the transferee secures recognition by going to the landlord either immediately after the sale or at some later period and paying him a *salami* and the arrears of rent due from the old tenant. In some cases, the landlord is unwilling for some reason or other to accept the transferee as his tenant, and the result is litigation on a question to which no positive law can be applied. We are convinced that, as matters stand, the only remedy is to recognise the existing widespread practice of transfer, and to admit the transferability of occupancy holdings subject to the safeguards necessary to protect the interests of the landlords and to secure the general welfare of the agricultural community. Apart from the question of the transfer fee, the landlord is entitled to object to an undesirable person being forced on him as a tenant, while it is clearly not in the interests of the agricultural community that occupancy holdings should be bought up by money-lenders and non-agriculturists and settled on a rack rent with cultivating tenants who would be mere tenants-at-will. Our proposal to give a limited occupancy right to all under-*rai*yats of whatever grade will, to a considerable extent, avoid the latter evil, but it is more difficult to meet the reasonable demands of the landlords. Any provision enabling the landlords to sue for the ejectment of a transferee whom they considered undesirable might lead to an enormous crop of litigation, and it would be difficult to define the grounds on which such suits should be brought. It is most desirable that these transfer transactions should, as far as possible, be settled by the parties themselves without reference to the Courts, and on the whole we think that the best method of enabling the landlord to get rid of a transferee whom he considers undesirable will be to give the landlord a right of pre-emption or rather of subsequent purchase from the transferee to be exercised within a reasonable time after the transfer is brought to his notice.

9. Our proposals for dealing with the whole question are contained in clause 22 of the draft Bill. Briefly, we provide that all transfers by private sale shall be made by registered instrument, and that the registering officer shall immediately cause a notice of the transfer to be served upon the landlord. The transferee is required within two months to tender payment to the landlord of the transfer fee, which may be deposited in Court on the conditions applicable to the deposit of rent and will be recoverable as an arrear of rent. Except where the transfer is made to a person whom the landlord can have no reasonable objection to accepting as his tenant, such as a natural heir or a co-sharer in the holding, the landlord may within two months of the receipt of the notice of the transfer have the holding transferred to himself on payment to the transferee of the consideration money with 10 per cent. as compensation, together with any sum which

the transferee may have paid in respect of rent or landlord's fee. Analogous provisions, with the necessary modifications, are made to meet the case of transfer by will or bequest or by sale in execution of a decree. We have tentatively proposed to fix the transfer fee at 25 per cent. of the consideration money, because from the enquiries made by Government this appears to be the rate usually levied at present. The rate is however by no means uniform. In some localities more than 25 per cent. is charged, and in others less. Occasionally, the rent is also enhanced. We therefore recommend that the question of the rate to be prescribed by law should be further considered in the light of the opinions which will be received on our Bill.

10. In view of the widespread difficulties and disputes that exist regarding the rights of raiyats in trees, we have endeavoured to introduce some clearer definition of these rights into the law. Under the present law they are practically left to custom. We have not complete information regarding this custom throughout the province, but it has been ascertained that it is variable, and that where disputes have arisen between landlord and tenant regarding trees such disputes have been difficult of decision owing to the uncertainty of that custom. Frequently moreover the right is not of much monetary value. In these circumstances we consider that we are justified in proposing that the rights of the raiyat should be made as uniform as they can reasonably be made. Thus, it is reasonable in our opinion, that the raiyat should have complete rights in trees on his holding, except in respect of valuable trees. In the latter case, we would provide that the tenant should be required to pay to the landlord a fee equivalent to one-fourth of the value of the timber used, or disposed of; on the precise fraction we are not, however, in agreement. The new section 23 A which we propose regarding trees has therefore been drafted on the above lines; and an explanation has been added indicating what constitutes valuable timber. We also propose to give similar rights to occupancy under-raiyats. The whole matter is however beset with difficulty, and our proposals should be regarded as tentative only and subject to further consideration on the receipt of fuller information as to the custom prevalent in different localities.

11. We have made important modifications in section 40 of the Act dealing with the commutation of produce-rents into money-rents, because the present section is not generally workable in the province as now constituted. The majority of us are agreed that produce-rents are generally against the public interest; they encourage indifferent cultivation and are against the best interests of agriculture: in but few cases can the rents ever be described as moderate, and they tend to reduce the cultivator to the status of a labourer. We have therefore, having regard also to the fact that a tenant who pays his rent in produce has had for thirty-seven years a statutory right to commutation in the face of any contract to the contrary, retained the provisions for commutation, but have endeavoured to improve them in two important respects. In the first place, we consider that, when the landlord is dependent upon the produce-rent for the subsistence of himself and his household, it is inequitable that such a rent should be converted into a money-rent. There are many cases, particularly in Eastern Bengal, where middle class persons have sublet lands on produce-rents for their own subsistence. We therefore propose to except such and similar cases from commutation. In the second place, in view of the disparity which exists in many parts of Bengal between the average value of the rent in kind obtained by the landlord and the money-rent into which it can be equitably converted, we consider that some compensation should be payable to the landlord as a premium for commutation. These are the two main principles on which the amendments to the section have been drafted; and, if we are not in agreement as to details, we agree on these two principles. In particular, we consider that the amount of premium payable should be further considered.

Our attention has, however, been drawn to the practice which exists in some parts of treating a person who hands over a part of the produce to the

original owner of the land as a labourer. Some of us consider this is justifiable; the majority, however, incline to the opinion that the practice has been extended merely to defeat the operation of the section under consideration, and that it is definitely against the public interest to reduce the status of a cultivator to that of a labourer. The majority therefore propose that a *bonâ fide* cultivator paying a share of the produce to the original owner of the land shall be deemed to be a tenant, notwithstanding any future contracts to the contrary. For this purpose a *bonâ fide* cultivator is to be defined as a person who himself supplies the ploughs, cattle and implements of agriculture.

We propose to extend the provisions of section 40 to under-raiyats with rights of occupancy, partly in accordance with the general principles already enunciated regarding the rights of such under-raiyats and partly in order to restrict the growth of a large class of under-raiyats holding on produce-rents under money-lenders, which the proposed sections relating to the transferability of occupancy rights might otherwise encourage. In fact, this proposal is a necessary corollary to those sections.

We also propose, in view of the obvious hardship which is caused by the payment of three years arrears of a large produce-rent to make the period of limitation for such rent-suits one year.

12. As our examination of the present Act proceeded it became obvious that, owing to the large number of cases in which many co-sharers were concerned in one tenancy either as landlord or tenant, it was necessary to try to simplify matters both for the landlord and tenant in the application of the law to such cases. Thus, as will appear from the notes on clause 63, we propose to introduce a common agent to act on behalf of co-sharer landlords for the receipt of notices of transfer and for the realisation of transfer fees, and, if the landlords desire it, for the realisation of rent also. Then, in the proposed sections 146A and 146B, we have endeavoured to meet the difficulties which landlords experience in trying to ascertain all the heirs and co-sharers in a holding before a rent-suit is brought with the possibility that a sale of the holding in execution of a decree obtained in that suit may subsequently be held to be invalid as a rent-sale under Chapter XIV on the ground that a small absentee co-sharer had been omitted from the suit. We propose that each co-sharer tenant should be jointly and severally liable for the rent of the tenancy, with the result, as at present, that a decree in a rent-suit purporting to be brought against the entire body of tenants would be a rent-decree. Further, if it appears later that a landlord has made parties to the rent-suit defendants whose shares in the tenancy aggregate three-fourths of the total, the decree obtained would remain a rent-decree, due provision being made for monetary compensation for co-sharers who were not parties to the suit. If, on the other hand, it appears that such shares aggregate less than three-fourths of the tenancy, the decree for rent would become a money-decree binding only on the parties to the suit. We have adopted the fraction of three-fourths, because we consider that any landlord may reasonably be expected to ascertain the owners of three-fourths of the shares of any tenancy under him. We do not, however, propose to interfere with the rulings according to which the decree is a valid rent-decree, if it is proved that the defendants in the suit represented the entire body of tenants in the holding, and we propose that a definite provision should be made in the law to this effect. Again, in section 148A, we have endeavoured to meet the difficulties of co-sharer landlords in realising their individual shares of rents due to them through the Courts. Briefly, we propose that a co-sharer landlord should be allowed to bring a suit for the arrears of rent due to him alone, making the other landlords parties as defendants; they would then have an opportunity to come forward as plaintiffs, but, if they do not, any decree they might subsequently obtain for rents due to them at the time of the institution of the case would be merely a money decree. The decree obtained by the original plaintiff co-sharer would, however, be a rent-decree valid against the entire tenancy. The same simple principle underlying this amendment we propose should be extended to a number of cases which are

at present governed by section 188 of the Act, which states that, when two or more persons are joint landlords, anything which the landlord is under the Act required to or authorised to do must be done either by both or all those persons acting together, or by an agent authorised to act on behalf of both or all of them. These cases are suits for ejectment, suits or applications for the alteration of rent and applications for the determination of the incidents of a tenancy under section 158. In certain other cases at present governed by section 188 we consider that it would suffice if the plaintiff co-sharer landlord made the other landlords parties as defendants. These are applications for the appraisement of produce, regarding improvements, for measurement, for records of private land, for declarations under section 186 (3) and suits under section 106.

13. The proposals in regard to the fundamental question of status and transferability have necessitated a number of further changes in various sections of the Act. These are set out in the Amending Bill and in the notes on the clauses and need not be discussed in detail here. A number of other changes have also been proposed, which are adequately explained in those notes, probably the most important being the simplification of the procedure in connection with the transfer of permanent tenure, the abolition of the chapter on distraint, some simplification of judicial procedure and a reconciliation of the differences between the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907, and the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908. We have also made proposals for improving the service of processes in rent-suits—a matter of growing importance and difficulty now-a-days, when many of the persons affected by a rent-suit are often non-resident in the village concerned. We recommend that the opinion of the High Court be specially invited on this portion of the Bill.

14. We appointed a Sub-Committee to enquire into the question of modifying the law relating to *utbandi* tenancies and we agree generally with the proposals which they have made for the purpose of enabling such tenancies to be converted into ordinary raiyati holdings. The *utbandi* problem is, however, a local one, affecting portions of a few districts only and having little connection with the main principles underlying the general Amendment Bill. We think that it will be more convenient to deal with this matter by separate legislation, and we have therefore inserted no provision relating to it in this Bill.

15. Another Sub-Committee was appointed to examine the status of the jotedars of Rangpur, and, following their advice, we propose to treat such persons as permanent tenure-holders, subject however in respect of the right of transfer to the provisions which we propose to apply to the transfer of occupancy holdings. Here again the problem is a local one, but it cannot be dealt with apart from the general principles of the law relating to status and transferability, and our proposals on the subject will be found in clause 113 of the Bill.

16. It will be seen that we are not unanimous regarding the detailed amendments proposed in all cases, but we sign this report in token of our agreement in the matter of the general principles which should be followed in the amendment of the Act and of the subjects which should receive consideration in that connection.

17. In conclusion, we desire to express our warm appreciation of the work done in connection with the drafting of the Bill by Mr. C. Tindall, C.S., Secretary in the Legislative Department. The amount of labour involved is only partially apparent from the Bill itself, since this merely contains the final draft which, in the case of the more important and difficult clauses, has been adopted after consideration of various alternatives. Mr. Tindall has spared neither time nor trouble in working out our proposals in legislative form and his services have been simply invaluable to the Committee.

18. We recommend that our report and draft Bill be circulated for the purpose of obtaining public opinion on this intricate problem before a Bill is introduced in the Legislative Council.

*† J. H. KERR.
* KSHAUNISH CHANDRA RAY.
* BAN BEHARI KAPUR.
* SHIB SHEKHARESWAR RAY.
* BRAJENDRA KISHORE RAY CHAUDHURI.
* ASHUTOSH CHAUDHURI.
* SURENDRA CHANDRA SEN.
* A. K. FAZLUL HAQ.
* YAQUINUDDIN AHMAD.
* M. C. McALPIN.
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* BHISHMADEV DAS.
* PANCHANAN BARMA.
* L. BIRLEY.
* F. A. SACHSE.
* W. H. THOMPSON.
* MUHAMMAD ABDUL MUMIN.
* PRANANDRA NARAIN CHAUDHURI.

Note *—Signed subject to minutes of dissent appended.

†—Signed before making over charge.

Mr. Duval being in England has not been able to sign the report.

PRELIMINARY DRAFT OF A BENGAL TENANCY (AMENDMENT) BILL.

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BILL

Further to amend the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885.

WHEREAS it is necessary further to amend the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, in the manner hereinafter appearing;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act has been obtained to the passing of this Act;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Shows title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Amendment of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885.

2. The amendments hereinafter set forth shall be made in the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (as amended by subsequent legislation), hereinafter referred to as "the said Act."

Amendment of section 1 of Act VIII of 1885.

3. For sub-section (3) of section 1 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) It extends by its own operation to the whole of Bengal, except—

(i) the town of Calcutta,

(ii) any area constituted a municipality under the provisions of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884, or part thereof, and specified in a notification in this behalf by the Local Government,

(iii) the district of Darjeeling and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, and

(iv) those portions of the District of Jalpaiguri to which this Act is not for the time being extended by notification under the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874.

Explanation.—The words "the town of Calcutta" mean, subject to the exclusion or inclusion of any local area by notification under section 637 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the area described in Schedule I to that Act."

Repeal of section (2) of section 2 of Act VIII of 1885.

4. (1) Sub-section (2) of section 2 of the said Act is repealed.

(2) Sub-sections (3) and (4) are renumbered as sub-sections (2) and (3).

Amendment of
section 8 of Act
VIII of 1922.

5. In section 8 of the said Act—

(a) To clause (3) the following shall be added, namely:—

"Where a proprietor, tenant or occupant of land permits a person to cultivate such land on condition that the produce is shared between that person and the proprietor, tenant or occupant, and where that person himself provides the ploughs, cattle and implements of agriculture, that person shall, notwithstanding any contract made after the first day of November 1922, be deemed to be a tenant, unless in any contract made before the first day of November 1922, the contrary appears."

(b) after clause (4) the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4a) 'co-sharer landlord' includes a joint landlord, and 'co-sharer tenant' includes a joint tenant."

(c) the words "or deliverable" in clause (5) shall be omitted,

(d) in clause (9), after the word "raiyyat," the words "or under-raiyyat" shall be inserted,

(e) after clause (9) the following shall be added, namely:—

"(9a) 'Homestead' means a building, not being a shop, occupied by a raiyyat or under-raiyyat, and required by him, by reason of his connection with his holding, as a dwelling-house, together with the site thereof and the land immediately appertaining thereto and the out-buildings on such land which are required by him as store-houses or for other domestic or agricultural purposes and the sites thereof,"

(f) (i) in clause (10), as inserted by section 4(2) of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907 after the words "the Government", where they occur for the first time, the words "which has been adopted by notification in the Calcutta or Eastern Bengal and Assam Gazette or" shall be inserted,

(ii) to that clause the proviso to clause (10) as inserted by section 4(2) of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908, shall be added, with the following modifications, namely:—

"for the words "Eastern Bengal and Assam Gazette" the words "Calcutta Gazette" shall be substituted, and after the words "Board of Revenue" the words "accorded under the provisions of section 115A" shall be inserted, and

(14) clause (10) as inserted by section 4(2) of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907, and as so modified, shall be substituted for clause (10) as inserted by section 4(2) of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908, and

(15) for clause (11) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(11) ‘Agricultural year’ means the Bengali year commencing on the first day of Baisakh:

Provided that where, immediately before the commencement of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1921, any other year has prevailed for agricultural purposes that year shall continue to prevail for those purposes until the first day of Baisakh next following the date of the commencement of that Act.”

Substitution of new section for section 4 of Act VII of 1905.

3. For section 4 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“4. There shall be, for the purposes of this Act, the following classes of tenants, namely:—

Classes of tenants.

(i) tenure-holders including—

(a) permanent tenure-holders, which expression means tenure-holders and under-tenure-holders holding a tenure which is heritable and which is not held for a limited time;

(b) temporary tenure-holders, which expression means tenure-holders and under-tenure-holders holding for a limited time;

(ii) raiyats including—

(a) raiyats holding at fixed rates, which expression means raiyats holding either at a rent fixed in perpetuity or at a rate of rent fixed in perpetuity, whether such raiyats are or are not occupancy raiyats;

(b) occupancy raiyats, that is to say, raiyats having a right of occupancy in the land held by them, whether or not such raiyats hold at fixed rates;

(c) non-occupancy raiyats, that is to say, raiyats not having such a right of occupancy, whether or not such raiyats hold at fixed rates; and

(iii) under-raiyats including—

(a) occupancy under-raiyats, that is to say, under-raiyats having a right of occupancy in the land held by them;

(b) non-occupancy under-raiyats, that is to say, under-raiyats not having such a right of occupancy.”

Amendment of
section 5 of Act
VIII of 1885.

7. In section 5 of the said Act—

(a) in sub-section (2) after the word "land" the words "either immediately under a proprietor or immediately under a tenure holder" shall be inserted;

(b) for sub-section (3) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) Under-raiyat means primarily a person who has acquired a right to hold land under a raiyat or under-raiyat for the purpose of cultivating it by himself or by members of his family or by hired servants or with the aid of partners and includes also the successors in interest of persons who have acquired such a right," and

(c) the *Explanation* below sub-section (2) shall be transferred below sub-section (3).

Amendment of
section 7 of Act
VIII of 1885.

8. For sub-section (3) of section 7 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) In determining what is fair and equitable the Court—

(a) shall presume, until the contrary is proved, that the rent for the time being payable is fair and equitable;

(b) shall have regard to the circumstances under which the tenure was created, for instance, whether the land comprised in the tenure, or a great portion of it, was first brought under cultivation by the agency or at the expense of the tenure-holder or his predecessors in interest, whether any fine or premium was paid on the creation of the tenure and whether the tenure was originally created at a specially low rent for the purpose of reclamation;

(c) shall have regard to the improvements, if any, made by the tenure-holder or his predecessors in interest; and

(d) shall not leave to the tenure-holder as profit less than 10 per cent. of the balance which remains after deducting from the gross rents payable to him the expenses of collecting them."

Substitution of
new section for
section 8 of Act
VIII of 1885.

9. For section 8 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"8. If it thinks that an immediate increase of rent would produce hardship, the Court may direct that the enhancement shall take effect gradually at such times and by such instalments over a period not exceeding ten years as the Court may think fit."

Amendment of
section 9 of Act
III of 1884.

10. To section 9 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely:—

and for the purposes of this section, if an order for gradual enhancement of such rent has been made by a Court in accordance with the provisions of section 8, the full rent fixed by such order shall be deemed to have come into effect from the date of such order."

Substitution of
new sections for
sections 12 to 15
of Act III of
1884.

11. For sections 12 to 15 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"12. (1) A transfer of a permanent tenure by sale, ^{Voluntary transfer of permanent tenure} exchange, gift or mortgage (other than a transfer by sale in execution of a decree or by summary sale under any law relating to *patni* or other tenures) can be made only by a registered instrument.

(2) A registering officer shall not register any instrument purporting or operating to transfer by sale, exchange, gift or usufructuary mortgage a permanent tenure, unless it is accompanied by a notice in the prescribed form and by such fee, if any, as may be prescribed for the service of such notice on the landlord.

(3) When the registration of any such instrument is complete, the registering officer shall serve the notice on the landlord named in the notice or on his common agent, if any, in the prescribed manner.

"13. When a succession to a permanent tenure takes place, the person ^{No notice of succession to permanent tenure} succeeding shall give notice of the succession in the prescribed form to the lowest Civil Court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for rent of the tenure and shall deposit therewith the prescribed fee for the service of the notice on the landlord, and the Court shall cause the notice to be served on the landlord or his common agent, if any, in the prescribed manner:

Provided that where mutation is made within six months of the succession at the instance of the person succeeding in the rent rolls of the landlord by the landlord or his agent, the person succeeding shall not be required to give notice under this section.

Explanation.

In this Chapter "succession" includes relinquishment or surrender by a Hindu widow, accelerating succession to the immediate reversioner.

"13A. If a person succeeding to a permanent tenure and required to give notice of the succession in accordance with the provisions of section 13 fails to do so within six months of the succession, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, to be imposed after summary enquiry by the Court.

^{Penalty for failure to give notice of succession to permanent tenure.}

" 14. (1) When a permanent tenure is transferred by sale, exchange (other than partition), gift or usufructuary mortgage or by succession, a fee of the following amount (hereinafter called "the landlord's fee") shall be payable to the landlord, namely:—

Payment of landlord's fee on transfer of permanent tenure.

(a) when rent is payable in respect of the tenure, a fee of two *per centum* on the annual rent of the tenure, provided that no such fee shall be less than one rupee or more than one hundred rupees; and

(b) when rent is not payable in respect of the tenure, a fee of two rupees.

(2) The transferee shall, within two months of the date on which the registration is complete or within six months of the date on which the succession takes place, as the case may be, tender payment of the landlord's fee to the landlord or his common agent, if any, and the provisions of this Act relating to the tender and deposit in Court of an arrear of rent shall apply to the tender and deposit in Court of the landlord's fee, and such fee shall be recoverable as an arrear of rent:

Provided that—

(a) in the case of the transfer of a share, that share alone may be sold in execution of a decree for realization of the landlord's fee;

(b) in no case shall a tenure or share be sold without due notice to the transferor.

" 15. (1) When a permanent tenure is sold in execution of a decree other than a decree for arrears of rent due in respect thereof, or when

Transfer of permanent tenure by sale in execution of a decree other than a decree for rent.

a mortgage of a permanent tenure other than a usufructuary mortgage thereof is foreclosed, the Court shall, before confirming the sale under rule 92 of Order XXI in Schedule I to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or making a decree or order absolute for the foreclosure, require the purchaser or mortgagee to pay into Court the landlord's fee prescribed by section 14, together with costs necessary for its transmission to the landlord and such further fee as may be prescribed for service on the landlord of notice of the sale or final foreclosure.

(2) When the sale has been confirmed or when a decree or order absolute for the foreclosure has been made, the Court shall send to the landlord or to his common agent, if any, the landlord's fee and a notice of the sale or final foreclosure in the prescribed form and manner."

Amendment of
section 16 of Act
VIII of 1885.

12. In section 16 of the said Act the word "distrain" shall be omitted and for the words "until the Collector has received the notice, fees and costs referred to in the last foregoing section" the words "until the duties imposed on him by section 13 or the proviso to that section have been performed" shall be substituted.

Insertion of
new section 16A
in Act VIII of
1885.

13. After section 16 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"16A. In sections 13 to 16 the words 'person succeeding,' 'transferee,' 'purchaser,' 'mortgagee' and 'person entitled to a permanent tenure by succession,' where they occur, include the successors in interest of such persons."

Amendment of
section 18 of Act
VIII of 1885.

14. (1) Section 18 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as section 18 (1) and in that sub-section as renumbered—

(i) the word "and" at the end of clause (a) shall be omitted;

(ii) after clause (b) the following shall be added, namely:—

• "and

(c) shall be deemed to be a settled raiyat of the village if he complies with the conditions set forth in section 20."

(2) After that sub-section as renumbered the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"(2) The provisions of sections 23 to 39 (both inclusive) shall not apply to raiyats holding at fixed rates, even though such raiyats have a right of occupancy in the lands of their holdings."

Amendment of
section 18A of Act
VIII of 1885.

15. For section 18A of the said Act, as inserted by section 8 of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907, section 18A of the said Act, as inserted by section 8 of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908, shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 18B of Act
VIII of 1885

16. For clause (a) of section 18B of the said Act, as inserted by section 8 of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907, clause (a) of that section, as inserted by section 8 of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908, shall be substituted.

Substitution of
new section 18C of
Act VIII of 1885

17. For section 18C of the said Act, as inserted by section 8 of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907, and for section 18C of the said Act, as inserted by section 8 of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"18C. All landlords' fees deposited with the Collector before the passing of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1922, under Chapter III or Chapter IV may, unless accepted or claimed by the landlord within three years from the date of such deposit, be forfeited to the Government."

Amendment of
section 19 of Act
VIII of 1886.

18. For section 19 of the said Act, as modified by section 9 of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1908, section 19 of the said Act, as modified by section 9 of the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1907, shall be substituted.

Substitution of
new section for
section 22 of
Act VIII of 1886.

19. For section 22 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“22. (1) Where the immediate landlord of an occupancy holding is a proprietor or permanent tenure-holder and the entire interests of the landlord and the raiyat in the holding become united in the same person by transfer, succession or in any other way whatsoever, such person shall have no right to hold the land as a raiyat, but shall hold it as a proprietor or permanent tenure-holder, as the case may be.

(2) Where the entire raiyati interest in an occupancy holding is acquired by transfer, succession or in any other way whatsoever by a person who is a proprietor or permanent tenure-holder, and is interested in the lands of the holding as a co-sharer immediate landlord, the raiyati interest with all the rights attached thereto in the lands of the holding shall be extinguished and the interest thereafter held by such proprietor or permanent tenure-holder in virtue of such acquisition shall be deemed to be a permanent tenure created in respect of such lands under the operation of this sub-section, and he shall pay to the immediate landlords of the former raiyat on account of such tenure the same rent as was paid by the former raiyat on account of the former holding, subject to the principles of this Act regulating the enhancement and reduction of rents of permanent tenure-holders:

Provided that, if the former raiyat held at a rent or rate of rent fixed in perpetuity, such rent or rate of rent shall not be changed except in accordance with the provisions of section 52:

Provided also that the rent of such permanent tenure shall not be limited on the ground that the rate of rent is above the customary rate payable by persons holding similar tenures in the vicinity or that the profit of the permanent tenure-holder is less than ten per cent. of the balance that remains after deducting from his gross rents the expenses of collection.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), the person, if any, who was the immediate under-raiyat of the former occupancy raiyat, if such under-raiyat was an occupancy under-raiyat in respect of such lands or a settled raiyat of the village, shall become an occupancy raiyat in respect of the lands of the former raiyati holding and if he

was a non-occupancy under-raiyat of the village, he shall become a non-occupancy raiyat in respect of such lands, and the rent thereafter payable by such person as raiyat shall in either case be the rent that was payable by him as under-raiyat, subject to the provisions contained in this Act as to the enhancement and reduction of the rent of occupancy or non-occupancy raiyats, as the case may be.

(4) If there is any incumbrance on the lands of the former raiyati holding, such incumbrance, unless it is annulled in proceedings under Chapter XIV, shall thereafter be deemed to be an incumbrance on the interest of the landlord, as proprietor or permanent tenure-holder, which continues under sub-section (1) or accrues under sub-section (2) in respect of such lands.

(5) If the right of an occupancy under-raiyat and his immediate landlord becomes united in the same person by transfer, succession or in any other way whatsoever, or if an occupancy under-raiyat becomes an occupancy raiyat under the provisions of sub-section (4), the right of the occupancy under-raiyat, as such, shall be extinguished, and any incumbrance on the holding of such occupancy under-raiyat shall, unless it is annulled under the provisions of Chapter XIV, attach to the interest of the said immediate landlord or to the interest of the said occupancy raiyat, as the case may be.

Any immediate under-raiyat of such occupancy under-raiyat shall, unless his interest is annulled under the provisions of Chapter XIV, hold as under-raiyat under the said immediate landlord, or the said occupancy raiyat, as the case may be, and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act as to the enhancement and reduction of such rent, pay to such immediate landlord or to such occupancy raiyat, as the case may be, the rent that was payable by him to his former landlord immediately before the extinguishment of the interest of that landlord.

(6) Nothing contained in this section shall affect—

(i) the rights of a landlord who purchases a holding at a sale in execution of a decree for arrears of rent to annul incumbrances on such holding in the manner provided in Chapter XIV;

(ii) the rights of purchase conferred on co-sharer immediate landlords by section 26G, where the entire raiyati or under-raiyati interest in an occupancy holding has been acquired by another co-sharer immediate landlord of the same;

(iii) any right of ejectment which may be exercised by a landlord under section 26H.

These rights may be exercised as if the occupancy holding of the former raiyat and any holding of an under-raiyat thereunder had continued to exist.

- (7) A person holding land as a temporary tenure-holder or farmer of rents shall not, while so holding, acquire a right to hold as a raiyat any land comprised in his temporary tenure or farm.

Explanation.—A person having a right to hold the lands of an occupancy holding as a raiyat does not lose it by subsequently becoming jointly interested in the land as proprietor or permanent tenure-holder, or by subsequently holding the land as a temporary tenure-holder or in farm.

Illustrations.

1. X, a raiyat having the entire raiyati interest in an occupancy holding immediately under A, a sole proprietor, purchases the interest of A. X is a proprietor in respect of the lands formerly held by him as raiyat.
2. A is a sole proprietor. X is a raiyat having the entire raiyati interest in an occupancy holding under A. Y is an under-raiyat under X in respect of half the lands of the holding of X. X cultivates the remainder. A purchases by private purchase the interest of X. Y becomes a raiyat under A in respect of the lands held by him and A holds the remainder *khas* as proprietor. A then settles the *khas* lands with Z, a raiyat. Z is a raiyat under A in respect of those lands.
3. A, B and C are co-sharer permanent tenure-holders, and are the immediate landlords in respect of an occupancy holding held by X. A purchases the raiyati interest of X who cultivates the holding himself. A becomes a permanent tenure-holder under A, B and C in respect of the lands, and, if he thereafter settles them with Z, a raiyat, Z becomes raiyat under the permanent under-tenure-holder A.

Amendment of
section 23 of Act
VIII of 1885

20. In section 23 of the said Act the words "but shall not be entitled to cut down trees in contravention of any local custom" shall be omitted.

Insertion of new
section 23A in
Act VIII of 1885.

21. After section 23 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely :—

"23A. Subject to the provisions of section 23, when a raiyat has a right of occupancy in respect of any land, he shall be entitled—

*Rights of occupancy
raiylats in trees.*

- (i) to plant,
 - (ii) to enjoy the flowers, fruits and other products of,
 - (iii) to fell, and
 - (iv) to utilize or dispose of the timber of,
- any tree on such land :

Provided that, if any such raiyat fells any valuable tree on such land or utilizes or disposes of the timber of any such tree which has fallen or been felled, he shall pay to the proprietor, or, where tenure-holders intervene, then subject to the provisions of any contract reserving the right to any landlord of a superior grade, to the tenure-holder, who is the immediate landlord of the raiyati holding, a fee of 25 per cent. of the value of such timber.

Explanation.—"Valuable trees" include jack fruit (kathal) trees, tal trees, jain trees, mango trees and trees valuable for their timber."

Insertion of
new sections 26A
to 26K in Act
VIII of 1885.

22. After section 26 of the said Act the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"26A. The provisions of sections 26B to 26K shall apply to all transfers of holdings or portions or shares of holdings of occupancy raiyats and the occupancy rights therein made after the 192 .

Application of sections
26B to 26K.

"26B. The holding of an occupancy raiyat or a share or a portion thereof, together with the right of occupancy therein, shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be capable of being transferred in the same manner and to the same extent as other immovable property.

Holdings of occupancy
raiya and occupancy
rights transferable

"26C. Every transfer shall be made by registered instrument, except in the case of a bequest or a sale in execution of a decree.

Manner of transfer and
notice to landlord.

The registering officer shall not register any such instrument unless it is accompanied by a notice giving particulars of the transfer in the prescribed form and accompanied by the fee prescribed for the service of such notice on the landlord, and in the case of a transfer of more than one holding, or of portions or shares of more than one holding, or of a holding and a portion or share of another holding, unless the sale price of each holding, portion or share transferred is stated separately in the instrument. The registering officer shall cause the notice to be served upon the landlord or upon his common agent, if any, appointed under section 99A, in the prescribed manner. In the case of a transfer by bequest, the transferee shall within two months of taking possession or obtaining probate or letters of administration, whichever is earlier, cause a notice in the same form to be served on the landlord or his common agent, if any, in the prescribed manner through the lowest Civil Court, having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for the rent of the holding.

"26D. The transferee shall, except in the case of the transfer of a rent-free holding or of a transfer by bequest in favour of a natural heir, within two months of the date on which the notice is presented to the registering officer or to the Civil Court, as the case may be, tender payment to the landlord or his common agent, if any, of a fee which shall amount—

Landlord's fee for transfer.

- (a) in the case of the sale of a holding or portion or share of a holding, in respect of which a produce rent is payable in whole or in part, to 25 per cent. of the consideration money;
- (b) in the case of the sale of a holding or portion or share of a holding, in respect of which a money rent is payable, to 25 per cent. of the consideration money or to six times the annual rent of the holding or of the transferred portion or share thereof, whichever is greater;
- (c) in the case of a transfer by exchange, gift or bequest, to six times the annual rent of the holding, or of the transferred portion or share:

Provided that—

- (i) in the case of a transfer of a holding or portion or share thereof by exchange, gift or bequest; and
- (ii) in the case of the transfer, other than a sale in execution of a decree, of a portion or share of a holding, the division of the holding by distribution of the rent of X respect thereof has not blf. A with the express consent of A, landlord or of his agent duly authorized in that behalf, that the landlord may within two months of the receipt of the notice of transfer apply to the lowest Civil Court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for rent of the holding to determine the market value of the holding or of the transferred portion or share, and the landlord's fee shall amount to 25 per cent. of such market value:

26E. The provisions of this Act relating to the deposit in Court and tender of an arrear of rent shall apply to the deposit in Court and tender of a landlord's fee payable under section 26D, and such fee may be recovered by the landlord as an arrear of rent, together with interest or damages:

Provided that—

- (a) in the case of the transfer of a share that share alone may be sold in execution of a decree for realization of the fee;

(b) in no case shall the holding or share be sold without due notice to the transferor.

“26F. (1) When the holding of an occupancy raiyat or a portion or share thereof is sold in execution of a decree other than

Procedure on sale in execution of a decree or foreclosure of mortgage.

a decree for an arrear of rent or dues recoverable as such, and neither the purchaser nor decree-holder is the sole landlord, the Court shall, before confirming the sale, require the purchaser to deposit in addition to the purchase money a fee calculated at the rate of 25 per cent. of the purchase money, or six times the annual rent of the holding or portion or share thereof, whichever is greater, and to file a notice in the prescribed form. The Court shall then cause the fee to be paid to the landlord and notice of the sale to be served upon him:

Provided that the landlord may within one month of receiving the notice apply to the Court to fix the market value of the holding or portion or share thereof, and the purchaser shall be liable to pay to the landlord any additional fee calculated upon such market value in excess of the fee which he has already paid.

(2) When a mortgage of a holding of an occupancy raiyat or of a portion or share thereof is foreclosed, and the decree-holder is not himself the sole landlord, the Court shall, before making a decree or order absolute for the foreclosure, determine the market value of the holding and require the mortgagee to deposit a fee calculated at 25 per cent. of such market value and to file a notice in the prescribed form, and on making such decree or order absolute shall forward the fee, together with the notice of the foreclosure, to the landlord.

(1) Except in the case of a transfer by bequest in favour of a natural heir, or to a co-sharer in the tenancy

Power to immediate landlord to purchase.

whose existing interest has accrued otherwise than by purchase, or of the transfer of a rent free occupancy holding or portion or share thereof, the immediate landlord of the holding may, within two months of the completion of the registration of the instrument of transfer or of the service of the notice of the transfer issued under section 26C, or, in cases to which section 26F applies, of the service of the notice issued under that section, apply to the Court that the holding or portion or share thereof shall be transferred to himself. The application shall be dismissed, unless such landlord at the time of making it, or within such period as the Court may fix, deposits in Court the amount of the consideration money paid by the transferee, as stated in the notice served on him, together with compensation at the rate of 10 per



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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REVISION OF PAY OF OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous—Registration.

CALCUTTA, THE 2ND JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 44Mis.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

THE maximum and minimum pay of Sub-Registrars has remained practically unchanged since 1905 when payment by salaries was introduced in place of the commission system in the Registration Department. In the

meantime the cost of living has increased, and it is agreed that the scales of pay of the officers of the Registration Department require revision.

The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are now pleased to issue the following orders :—

(a) The Registrar and Sub-Registrar of Calcutta will be placed on the scales of pay Rs. 450—25—500 and Rs. 300—20—400, respectively.

(b) There will be two Inspectors of Registration offices who will be placed on the scale of Rs. 350—20—450. Their chief function will be to assist the Inspector-General of Registration in inspecting Registration offices.

(c) Sub-Registrars will be placed on the scale of Rs. 80—6—140 (efficiency bar)—6—200 (efficiency bar)—10—250. Probationers will each get Rs. 60 per mensem and will be required to pass their departmental examination before being confirmed as Sub-Registrars. They will remain for one year on the above pay or until they pass the examination, whichever period is longer.

(d) Sub-Registrars in charge of Sadar offices in 25 districts of Bengal (excluding Calcutta, Chittagong Hill Tracts and Darjeeling), who correspond roughly to the present "District Sub-Registrars," which designation is now abolished, will get their time-scale pay *plus* incremental special pay of Rs. 75—5—100 which will count towards leave and pension. One of their most important functions will be to inspect Sub-Registry offices in their districts, but they will also be in charge of the Sadar Registration offices. In respect of routine office duties, they will, where necessary, be assisted by a Joint Sub-Registrar at Sadar. They will be vested with the powers and duties of the Registrar to whom they are subordinate, and will ordinarily do all original registration work under section 30(I) of the Indian Registration Act. They will also hear all appeals under section 72 and all applications under section 73 of the Act.

(e) At present there is only one Inspector of Muhammadan Marriage Registration offices. The post of another Inspector of Muhammadan Marriage Registration offices is now sanctioned. These Inspectors of Muhammadan Marriage Registration offices will be included in the cadre of Sub-Registrars.

(f) The revision of pay which includes a measure of re-organisation will take effect from the 1st December 1922. The existing leave and casualty reserves have been amalgamated in the ordinary cadre, and subsequent orders will be issued fixing the strength of the cadre.

3. Officers will be brought on to the new time-scale in accordance with the following principles :—

(1) Officers who are brought on the time-scale will be permitted to count all continuous temporary, probationary, acting or substantive *pro tempore* service in a corresponding post followed by confirmation as if it were service on the new time-scale, and to draw pay at the point which they would have reached on this hypothesis, provided that a deduction of one year shall be made from the total service thus calculated, but no such deduction shall be made in the case of Sub-Registrars who began service not less than one year before the introduction of salary system on 1st October 1905, as they have already lost the whole period of their service under the commission system. Officers who are entitled to the incremental special pay referred to in clause (d) of paragraph 2 will be placed in this incremental scale in accordance with the number of years of service as permanent District Sub-Registrars.

(ii) An officer who originally entered on any of the appointments which are now put on a time-scale at a pay higher than the lowest of those appointments will draw an initial pay not less than that of the officer next below him in the present grade who entered on the lowest pay.

(iii) An officer whose promotion has been accelerated for good work will draw on the time-scale the same initial pay as the officer next below him.

(iv) An officer who has been degraded or punished by having his promotion permanently retarded will draw the same pay as the officer next above him.

(v) Subject to the proviso that no officer will draw less than the minimum of the new scale or more than the maximum, the initial pay must not exceed the substantive, provisionally substantive, or substantive *pro tempore* pay drawn on the 1st of December 1922 by more than—

- (1) Forty per cent. in the case of those drawing pay of not more Rs. 100 on that date,
- (2) Thirty per cent. in the case of those drawing pay from Rs. 101 to Rs. 200 on that date,
- (3) Twenty per cent. in the case of those drawing pay more than Rs. 200 on that date,

with necessary adjustments at points where percentages change, to avoid anomaly of treatment.

(vi) When the pay of an officer determined with reference to the percentage limitation does not coincide with a point in the new time-scale the officer shall enter the time-scale at the point next below and shall receive a personal allowance, to be absorbed in his next increment, equal to the difference between the point at which he enters the time-scale and the amount admissible to him under clause (v) of this paragraph.

(vii) Where an officer is already on a progressive or time-scale pay, the date of his increment in the new time-scale will be the same as in the old scale. In all other cases the incremental period will be reckoned from 1st December 1922.

As the Government of Bengal make appointments in the Registration Department, they alone are competent to enable the holders of these appointments to pass beyond the efficiency bar. The Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal, has therefore been requested to submit for the approval of Government the nominal roll of the existing officers of the Registration Department in the following form, with a statement of the reasons for his not allowing to pass the efficiency bar those officers whom he does not consider fit for doing so :—

Serial No.	Name of officer.	Date of appointment in the Registration Department.	Pay on the new scale on 1st December 1922.	Remarks.

ORDER.—Ordered that the resolution be communicated (1) to the Finance Department of this Government for information and communication to the Accountant-General, Bengal; (2) to the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal, for information and necessary action.

Ordered also that the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information

By order of the Government of Bengal.

(Ministry of Education),

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

**RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO
ADVISE ON THE EXTENSION OF THE BOUNDARIES OF CALCUTTA.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 12TH JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 76M.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, M.A.

WHEN the Calcutta Municipal Bill was introduced in the Legislative Council, the Minister for Local Self-Government referred to the fact that proposals for the amalgamation with Calcutta of some of the suburban areas (Cossipore-Chitpur, Maniktola and Garden Reach Municipalities) had been made by the Corporation of Calcutta. He had invited the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of those municipalities to a conference held in March 1922, and had ascertained from them that they and their constituencies were entirely opposed to these alterations in boundaries. He had assured them that "Government would not favour these changes, if they went wholly and decisively against the wishes of the people concerned", and he informed the Legislative Council that in view of the opposition which was offered, he had decided not to adopt the proposals made by the Corporation, save in respect of a small area within the Tollygunge Municipality. When the Bill was subsequently referred to a Select Committee, it appeared that several of the members were strongly in favour of the extension of the city boundaries in the interests of the health of Calcutta. The Minister for Local Self-Government, as President of the Committee, thereupon decided that it was desirable for Government to appoint a small committee to advise on the inclusion of certain areas within Calcutta, with the view that their enquiries might be of considerable help to the Select Committee and might assist Government in determining whether the decision set out in the Minister's speech in the Legislative Council required in the light of further information to be modified.

2. A Committee consisting of Mr. S. R. Das, Advocate-General, Dr. S. C. Banerji, President of the Improvement Trust Tribunal, and Mr. J. A. Woodhead, I.C.S., Land Acquisition Collector (Secretary), was appointed by resolution No. 4601 L.S.-G., dated the 29th August 1922. The Committee's report was submitted on the 4th January 1923. They held 13 sittings and took every possible step to obtain the views of the local bodies, associations and persons likely to be affected by the proposed alterations of the city boundaries. Forty-seven witnesses were examined.

3. The report deals first with the proposal to include the new Dock Extension area within Calcutta. The Committee are of opinion that the loss of revenue at present enjoyed by the Garden Reach and South Suburban municipalities from the new Dock Extension area would seriously cripple the finances of these two local bodies, and that the amalgamation of the Dock Extension area with Calcutta so far as it lies within the Garden Reach Municipality should not be effected unless the whole of that municipality were incorporated in Calcutta. Similarly they are of opinion that the South Suburban Municipality should continue to administer that portion of the Dock Extension area which lies within their boundaries.

4. As regards the Ballygunge Pumping Station and the High Level Outfall Sewer, the Committee are of opinion that this small area which lies within the Tollygunge Municipality should be amalgamated with Calcutta on the Corporation refunding to the latter municipality a sum of Rs. 2,632 expended on local drainage within this area. It is to be observed that the Committee are of opinion that the Tollygunge Municipality's claim to a recurring compensation for the net loss of income (Rs. 3,000) derived from this area should not be admitted.

5. As regards the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality, the Committee observe that the weight of public opinion is opposed to amalgamation, that the municipality is efficiently managed, and that its financial position is one of considerable and growing strength.

In these circumstances they do not recommend that Cossipore-Chitpur should at present be amalgamated with Calcutta.

6. The case of Maniktola in their opinion stands on a different footing. Its municipal services are admittedly unsatisfactory, and the Commissioners also state their inability to carry out the costly drainage and other improvement schemes which are essential, if this important area is to enjoy the ordinary amenities of a large modern town.

The Committee were informed that the improvement of Maniktola would involve a capital expenditure of not less than 30 lakhs of rupees on which the loan charges would amount roughly to 2½ lakhs per annum, while it was estimated that an additional recurring expenditure of rupees one lakh per annum would be required to bring the municipal services to a proper standard. The Committee came to the view that local opinion almost unanimously favours amalgamation, if some guarantee can be given for the execution of the necessary improvements within a reasonable period. In view of these facts, the Committee have recommended that Maniktola should be amalgamated with Calcutta on condition that a statutory obligation is placed upon the Calcutta Corporation to spend on an average three lakhs of rupees per annum, over and above the amount realized as revenue from the absorbed area, until such time as Government are satisfied that all its more urgent improvements have been carried out.

7. The report of the Committee has been laid before the Select Committee and it is for them to decide what recommendations they will make in this regard to the Legislative Council.

The Minister has directed that the report of the Committee should be published so that the public, and particularly the municipal boards and residents of the areas affected, may have an opportunity of studying the important issues raised.

He desires in conclusion to record his warm appreciation of the services rendered by the members of the Committee and to thank Mr. Woodhead for the manner in which he has discharged the onerous duties of Secretary in addition to his ordinary work.

By order of the Government of Bengal

(Ministry of Local Self-Government).

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Report of the Committee appointed to advise on the extension of the boundaries of Calcutta.

I. Constitution.—The Committee was appointed by resolution No. 4601 L.S.-G., of the Government of Bengal, dated the 29th August 1922.

II. Terms of Reference.—The terms of reference were to advise on the inclusion of the following areas within the boundaries of the Calcutta Corporation:—

- (a) the new Dock Extension area,
- (b) the Ballygunge Pumping Station and the High Level Outfall Sewer up to a certain point,
- (c) Maniktola, and
- (d) Cossipore-Chitpore.

III. Meetings held and witnesses examined.—The Committee held thirteen sittings. Advertisements were published in the local papers requesting persons interested in the proposed extensions of the city boundaries to favour the Committee with their views. Written opinions were obtained from all the local bodies affected by the proposed extensions and from private individuals and associations. The Committee also examined 47 witnesses.

IV. The New Dock Extension Area.—The new Dock Extension area is the area acquired by the Port Commissioners for the construction of the King George's Dock and the works in connection therewith. The Port Commissioners intend constructing a road within the outer boundary of this area, and the Calcutta Corporation has proposed that the Calcutta municipal limit should be at a distance of 200 feet beyond this boundary line. This area falls within the jurisdiction of—

- (a) the Garden Reach Municipality,
- (b) the District Board of the 24-Parganas, and
- (c) the South Suburban Municipality.

It will be convenient to consider the three divisions of this area separately.

King George's Dock falls very largely within the Garden Reach Municipality. The Port Commissioners favour the inclusion of this area within the city of Calcutta for the following reasons. First, the Port Commissioners desire that King George's Dock and the surrounding area should be provided with a high standard of municipal administration, and above all that a system of underground drainage and an adequate water-supply should be installed. Secondly, they apprehend that the Garden Reach Municipality will not be able to provide municipal services of this high standard, and they maintain that they are fortified in this view by the fact that, in spite of the large sum at present paid to the Garden Reach Municipality as taxes by the Port Commissioners, the municipality has failed to supply those municipal services which the Port Commissioners as ratepayers can reasonably expect, and in particular has failed to cleanse the existing service privies or to provide a water supply to the Dock area. In consequence of this failure the Port Commissioners have been compelled to spend a considerable sum on the installation of septic tanks and the sinking of tube wells. Thirdly, they expect that amalgamation with Calcutta will ensure the provision of an underground sewage system and an adequate water supply within a reasonable period. Fourthly, the existing boundary line and that retained in schedule I of the Draft Municipal Bill of 1921 will become, after the closing of the existing Shahapur, Goragachha and Taratola roads, an imaginary line cutting through sheds and railway yards and running at one place through the water of King George's Dock. Such an imaginary boundary will inevitably lead to difficulty in assessment and municipal administration.

The Commissioners of the Garden Reach Municipality oppose the proposed amalgamation on the ground that the loss of this area will mean municipal bankruptcy for their municipality. They point out that the income realized from the Port Commissioners' area is Rs. 79,000 a year and the expenditure on that area Rs. 12,000 a year, that the budget of 1922-23 showed a balance of receipts over expenditure of Rs. 40,000 and that the loss of the

income from the Dock area will turn this surplus into a deficit of Rs. 27,000 a year. A drainage scheme costing 7 lakhs is under preparation and an experimental tube well has been sunk with the object of supplementing the water supply received from the Calcutta Corporation. The loss of the income from the Dock area will inevitably necessitate the abandonment of these schemes, and the return of the municipality from a condition of progress to one of stagnation.

Local opinion and the opinion of the District Magistrate of the 24-Parganas support the views expressed by the Commissioners of the Garden Reach Municipality. Both the Chairman of the municipality and the District Magistrate of the 24-Parganas in the course of their oral evidence before us stated that it would be preferable to amalgamate the whole of the Garden Reach Municipality with Calcutta than to cripple the former by the severance of the Dock area.

Criticism has been and probably will be directed against the fact that the Garden Reach Municipality spends such a small portion of the income derived from the New Dock area on the municipal services of that area. It is beyond our province to say whether the expenditure incurred on the New Dock area bears the correct proportion to the receipts from that area, but in this connection we wish to draw attention to two points. First, the receipts by the Calcutta Corporation from the Dock area at present included within the city boundaries exceeds by a very considerable amount the municipal expenditure on that area and we see no reason to presume that if the New Dock area be amalgamated with Calcutta the expenditure by the Calcutta Corporation on the New Dock area will in any way approach the receipts from that area. Secondly, it is impossible to divide any municipality into water-tight compartments and demand that the expenditure and receipts of each of these compartments shall exactly balance. The richer areas must always contribute towards the cost of the municipal services in the poorer areas.

We agree with the Port Commissioners that the maintenance of a high standard of municipal administration in the New Dock area is of the greatest importance, and we are of opinion that the Port Commissioners are probably correct in concluding that the Calcutta Corporation will be able to provide and maintain a more efficient service than the Garden Reach Municipality. At the same time it must be remembered that the completion of King George's Dock will be accompanied by an increase in the population—in all probability due to an influx of the poorer classes—and in an intensification in the industrial character of the Garden Reach municipal area, and that the maintenance of an efficient municipal administration in the urban area adjoining the docks will be almost as essential as the improvement of the municipal services within the New Dock area. In considering therefore the advisability of amalgamating the New Dock area with the Calcutta Municipality we must not only consider the beneficial effect on the area severed but also the effect on the remaining portion of the Garden Reach Municipality. It would be useless recommending proposals for the improvement of the administration of one area if those proposals must necessarily bring in their train a great deterioration in the standard of municipal administration in an adjoining urban area. We are satisfied that the loss of the revenue derived from the New Dock area will result in the crippling of the finances of the Garden Reach Municipality, will render it difficult for that body to maintain the present services in a state of efficiency, and will postpone indefinitely all schemes for the improvement of the municipal services particularly those relating to drainage and water supply. The amalgamation of this portion only is also open to the serious objection that it will transfer an area which under any municipal administration will yield a surplus of receipts over expenditure from a relatively poor municipality to a richer body, and that the surplus will be diverted thereby to improving an area which is capable of financing its own schemes of improvements without this additional revenue. We have given the case our very careful consideration and have come to the conclusion that we cannot recommend the amalgamation with Calcutta of that portion of the New Dock area which falls within the Garden Reach Municipality. We express no opinion as to whether at the present time the whole of the Garden Reach Municipality should be amalgamated with Calcutta, but if there is any question of the amalgamation of the new Dock Extension area we are of opinion that this should not be done unless the Government is prepared to extend the

boundaries of Calcutta so as to include the whole of the Garden Reach Municipality.

The case for the amalgamation of that portion of the New Dock area which falls within the South Suburban Municipality is practically the same as that relating to the area falling within the Garden Reach Municipality. Out of the total revenue of Rs. 63,000, Rs. 16,000 is realized from property belonging to the Port Commissioners and the expenditure on the services rendered to the Port Commissioners is much less than the receipts. As in the case of the Garden Reach Municipality the severance of the Port Commissioners' area would seriously interfere with the stability of the finances of the municipality and would very adversely affect the efficiency of the municipal administration. The fact that this portion of the Port Commissioners' land will in all probability be chiefly occupied by a large marshalling yard not requiring such a high standard of municipal service renders the amalgamation of this area with Calcutta less urgent. We accordingly do not recommend the amalgamation of this portion of the New Dock area with Calcutta.

The remaining portion of the New Dock area lies within the jurisdiction of the District Board of the 24-Parganas. As we have negatived the proposals to amalgamate the areas falling within the two municipalities, we cannot recommend the amalgamation of this area at the present time.

The difficulty in assessment and administration which will arise owing to the boundary between the Calcutta Municipality on the one hand and the Garden Reach Municipality, the South Suburban Municipality, and the District Board on the other becoming in a few years an imaginary line is one with which it is at present difficult to deal, because the exact lay out of the New Dock area has not yet been decided upon. This difficulty and other similar difficulties as to the boundaries of Calcutta, we think, may be avoided by the insertion in the Calcutta Municipal Bill of a clause authorising Government to appoint a Committee to advise on any change of boundaries which may appear necessary, and on a consideration of that report to amend by notification the definition of Calcutta as contained in schedule I of the Act.

V. The Tollygunge Pumping Station and the High Level Outfall Sewer.—The small area of the Tollygunge Municipality which it is proposed should be amalgamated with Calcutta, we think, may be conveniently included within the Calcutta Municipality. The Chairman of the Tollygunge Municipality gave evidence before us and he stated that he had no objection to the area being included within the Calcutta Municipality if the Tollygunge Municipality was compensated for the loss of income incurred by the severance. According to the Chairman this net loss of income is about Rs. 3,000 a year. It also appears that the Tollygunge Municipality has recently paid the Calcutta Corporation the sum of Rs. 2,632 for the cost of connecting the drain from this area with the Pumping Station. On amalgamation the Tollygunge Municipality will be entitled to the refund of this latter amount of Rs. 2,632, but we are of opinion that the claim to compensation for the net loss of revenue should not be admitted.

VI. The Cossipore-Chitpur and the Maniktola Municipalities.—The Calcutta Corporation has suggested the amalgamation of these two municipal areas with Calcutta. The reasons given by the Calcutta Corporation may be summarized as follows. First, Maniktola and Cossipore-Chitpur are integral parts of Calcutta; the population of Calcutta is overflowing into these areas and the residents of these areas are in close and daily contact with the city. Secondly, the standard of municipal administration in these areas is low, and the absence of a proper system of drains and sewers and an adequate water supply is productive of conditions which at any time may turn a serious menace to the health of Calcutta.

Thirdly, these areas are developing rapidly but owing to the low standard of municipal administration this development is uncontrolled. The continuance of this lack of control will produce the evils prevalent in Calcutta of a century ago and will necessitate very heavy expenditure in the future, whereas if the Calcutta Corporation is able to control development through its stronger executive and the greater powers it possesses under the Calcutta Municipal Act, these evils and the consequent heavy expenditure, which will be necessary to remove them, will be avoided. Fourthly, the financial resources of the two suburban municipalities and their powers under the Bengal Municipal Act are too limited to allow of these muni-

cipalities introducing and maintaining a high standard of municipal administration. Fifthly, the longer the amalgamation is postponed, the more expensive it will be to carry out the comprehensive schemes of improvement which will be necessary. Sixthly, the Calcutta Corporation is in a position to carry out the necessary improvements in these two municipalities.

VII. Maniktola.—In Maniktola local opinion is sharply divided. The Municipal Commissioners and a considerable body of ratepayers are opposed to amalgamation. This section of the ratepayers admits that the standard of administration in the municipality is low, that radical improvements in drainage, roads, water supply, and the disposal of sewage are urgently required, and that at present there is no possibility of the municipality being able to carry out these improvements. They however oppose amalgamation because they believe that while amalgamation will bring increased burdens in the shape of heavier taxation, the Calcutta Corporation in its present financial position will find it impossible to carry out the necessary improvements within a reasonable time. In support of the latter contention they point to the slow progress made by the Calcutta Corporation in carrying out improvements in the area added in the year 1889.

Another large section of the ratepayers is in favour of amalgamation because they expect that amalgamation will bring about an immediate improvement in the general standard of administration and that the Calcutta Corporation will carry out gradually the expensive schemes of improvement which are so urgently required. A third section of the ratepayers is in favour of amalgamation even if the Calcutta Corporation for financial reasons should find it impossible to carry out in the near future expensive schemes of improvement. This section appears to be so dissatisfied with the present municipal administration and the apparent impossibility of obtaining improvements even in the general administration from the existing governing body that they would welcome amalgamation, because it would introduce an administrative body which would do its best standard of the municipal services. Local opposition to the amalgamation is therefore based not on the ground that the municipality is able to manage its own affairs in an efficient manner but on the fear that their condition after will be no better than before amalgamation in spite of what they consider as one inevitable result of amalgamation an increase in taxes. The persons opposing amalgamation including the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and the Municipal Commissioners admit that if the provision of an adequate drainage system and an improvement in the water supply can be guaranteed within a reasonable time, they would favour amalgamation.

The geographical position of Maniktola with reference to Calcutta renders it particularly suited to receive the population which is being driven gradually to reside further away from the centre of the city owing to the gradual conversion of the central residential areas to business purposes combined with the improvements being effected by the Calcutta Improvement Trust. This is well illustrated by the increase in its population. The figures from the last three census are as follows:—

1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.
40,000	48,000	56,000	67,000

With improved sanitary conditions this increase very probably will be still more marked in an area which is growing so rapidly, and we are of opinion that the present municipal body is not in a position to direct development along sound lines.

The present sanitary condition of the municipality owing to the absence of any system of drainage and inadequate arrangements for the disposal of sewage is highly unsatisfactory, and if the population continues to increase at the present rate, as we anticipate it will, conditions will certainly become worse and will be likely to become a menace to the health of Calcutta. Extensive and expensive improvement schemes are required very urgently and the present municipal body admits its inability to carry out these schemes.

Mr. Atkins, the Chief Engineer of the Calcutta Improvement Trust, has prepared a rough scheme for the drainage of the Maniktola area. He is of opinion that the best method is to discharge the greater part of the storm water and sewage from the municipal area into the present Calcutta

storm water and sewage canal and to pump the balance into the Calcutta pumping station which it is proposed to erect south of the present sewage canal. He further pointed out that he considered it essential that the drainage system of Maniktola should be linked up with the Calcutta system before Calcutta embarked upon any large scheme consequent on the difficulties now being experienced with the Bidyadhari. The scheme which is now being considered by Calcutta for the improvement of the outfall for its sewage and storm water does not provide for the drainage of Maniktola being discharged into the Calcutta drains. If the silting up of the Bidyadhari should take place while Maniktola is a separate municipality, Maniktola would be faced with either prevailing upon the Calcutta Corporation to allow it to discharge its sewage and storm water into the Calcutta sewers or being compelled to discharge its sewage and storm water through some other outfall by a much longer and more expensive route. He considered the drainage of Maniktola to be connected so closely with the drainage of Calcutta that on this ground alone amalgamation was not only justified but essential.

As regards Maniktola the following three facts appear to be clearly established. First, the intimate connection which exists between Calcutta and Maniktola. Secondly, the unsatisfactory character of the municipal services provided at present in Maniktola, and the admission by the existing municipal body that they cannot effect any radical improvement in those services. Thirdly, local opinion practically unanimously favours amalgamation with Calcutta if some guarantee can be given that the Calcutta Corporation will carry out the necessary improvements in a reasonable time.

The rate at which taxes are levied in Maniktola is high and in the case of holdings of a low annual value the rate is considerably higher than the rate at present levied in Calcutta. The following table gives the rates at which the taxes are levied on holdings with a latrine, a water connection and within 300 feet of a light (gas) post:—

Annual valuation.	Rates.	
Rs.		
100	28·2	per cent.
200	25·	"
300	23·5	"
400	22·75	"
500	22·3	"
800	22·	"
1,200	21·33	"
1,500	20·7	"
3,000	19·5	"
5,000	19·5	"
10,000	19·5	"

Out of 8,832 holdings in the municipality, 7,828 are assessed at an annual valuation of Rs. 200 and under. The Calcutta Corporation in the written note which they submitted to us stated that they expected an increase of revenue of 80 per cent. directly if the reassessment by the Calcutta Corporation had been carried out. The Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation, however, in the course of his oral evidence was not of this opinion. He thought that the immediate increase in revenue which would be derived from Cossipore-Chitpur and Maniktola after amalgamation would be 1½ lakhs. This is equivalent to about a 20 per cent. increase on the present revenue. It is extremely difficult and almost impossible to estimate the increase in revenue which the Calcutta Corporation may reasonably expect to get from the Maniktola area on a reassessment. We presume that this reassessment would take place immediately on amalgamation. We doubt, however, whether the increase will be very great. Two factors we believe will render a large increase unlikely. First, the high rate at which the taxes are at present levied on certain holdings, and, secondly, the very large number of holdings the annual valuation of which is under Rs. 200. For the efficient administration of the present municipal services in the Maniktola Municipality the Calcutta Corporation in their note estimated an increased recurring expenditure exclusive of any capital expenditure of about 1 lakh of rupees a year. The capital expenditure required to carry out the drainage scheme,

to give an improved water supply, for the construction of new and the improvement of old roads will not be less than 30 lakhs. The loan charges on a sum of 30 lakhs will be about Rs. 2,50,000 a year. Within a short time therefore of amalgamation an increased expenditure of 3½ lakhs a year would be required if the improvement of Maniktola is to be taken in hand seriously. The Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation stated before us that the Calcutta Corporation would be able to spend 3 lakhs a year from its own revenue on improvements in the suburban municipalities of Maniktola and Cossipore-Chitpur and he specified the headings under which he expected to make savings whereby the allocation of a sum of 3 lakhs for this purpose would be possible. The financial position of the Calcutta Corporation owing to the heavy expenditure entailed by the new water supply scheme is not of the brightest, but in spite of a certain degree of financial stringency we are of opinion that the Calcutta Corporation will experience no insuperable difficulty in allotting 3 lakhs of rupees a year for the improvement of Maniktola. An increase of ½ per cent. in the rate of Calcutta would yield this sum of 3 lakhs. The improvement of Maniktola is so urgent and the possibility of the improvements being financed out of the income realised from the Maniktola area so remote that we consider the Calcutta Corporation should be prepared to devote the sum of 3 lakhs from its own resources for the improvement of Maniktola. In this connection we would point out that the allocation of 3 lakhs of rupees a year for the improvement of the area added in the year 1889 has proved to be inadequate.

We accordingly recommend that Maniktola be amalgamated with Calcutta, but we would make the amalgamation subject to a statutory obligation being placed upon the Calcutta Corporation to spend an average of three lakhs of rupees a year over and above the amount realised as revenue from Maniktola until such time as the Government is satisfied that the more urgent improvements have been carried out. We consider the imposition of this statutory obligation of the greatest importance and an integral part of our proposals. Without this statutory obligation we are not prepared to recommend the amalgamation. We place great stress upon this statutory obligation for two reasons. First, rightly or wrongly, the opposition to amalgamation is based very largely on the alleged failure of the Calcutta Corporation to supply within the area added in 1889 municipal services of a reasonably high standard within a reasonable time. Witness after witness has reiterated this and has raised strong objection to the Calcutta Corporation realising heavier taxes than are realised in the majority of the suburban municipalities and giving in the added area services of a standard very little higher than those supplied by suburban municipalities. If this statutory obligation be accepted this objection will largely disappear and increased taxation will be willingly paid because the taxpayers will be assured of improvements being taken in hand immediately. Secondly, after amalgamation the Maniktola area will be represented by a small number of Commissioners on the Calcutta Municipal body. It is feared that the influence exercised by those members may be inadequate to prevail upon the other Commissioners of the Calcutta Corporation to devote large sums for the improvement of the most recently added area while improvements are still required in areas added over 30 years ago.

VIII. Cossipore-Chitpur.—In Cossipore-Chitpur the weight of local opinion is opposed to amalgamation. The Magistrate of the 24-Parganas also does not favour amalgamation. The municipality is efficiently managed and its financial position is one of considerable strength. An underground drainage scheme for the more densely populated portion is under preparation and it does not seem improbable that the municipality with its rapidly growing income will be able to carry out this scheme within the next few years. In view of the present financial position of the Calcutta Corporation and the burden which will be thrown on that body by the amalgamation of Maniktola, we doubt whether the Calcutta Corporation would find it possible to carry out any expensive scheme of improvement in the Cossipore-Chitpur area within the next few years. We accordingly do not recommend the amalgamation of Cossipore-Chitpur at the present time.

Our proposals are therefore as follows :—

1. We do not recommend the amalgamation of the new Dock Extension area and the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality with Calcutta.
2. We recommend the amalgamation of the Ballyganj pumping station, the high level outfall sewer, and the Maniktola Municipality with Calcutta.

The former subject to the payment of the sum of Rs. 2,532 to the Tollygunge Municipality by the Calcutta Corporation and the latter subject to the statutory obligation, which we have proposed, being placed upon the Calcutta Corporation.

S. R. DAS. *
S. C. BANERJEE,
J. A. WOODHEAD,

CALCUTTA, *the 4th January 1923.*

I agree in the conclusion embodied in the re-commendations contained in our report, but as the reasons which have led me to those conclusions are somewhat different from the reasons given in the report and as the matter is in my humble opinion of some importance I have taken the liberty to record my reasons briefly in a separate note.

In my opinion the proposals for the further extension of Calcutta by the inclusion therein wholesale or in part of the neighbouring suburban municipalities is open to the fundamental objection, that it is calculated to defeat one of the primary objects of all institutions of local self-government, firstly, by creating a single centralized authority for the administration of a local area which would be too large for purposes of local self-government and, secondly, by virtually depriving the people of the suburban area concerned of the right which they at present enjoy of administering their own local affairs.

The principle underlying the creation of institutions for local self-government is that matters which directly relate to the health, safety and convenience of persons residing within a defined area should be administered by the chosen representatives of persons belonging to the locality concerned. The object of these institutions is that all such persons should take a personal interest and have a voice in the administration of matters which directly and in the first instance concern their well-being. These institutions have always been regarded as training grounds for the acquisition of those qualities which go to make a nation fit for self-government in its higher stages. They are the steps which lead to those higher and more enlarged forms of self-government which, leaving aside matters of purely local interest, are more properly concerned with things which affect the nation as a whole or larger section of the nation. In a country like India which is, and must for some time to come be, on the way to that complete self-government for the attainment of which she is striving, the importance of these institutions of local self-government lies not so much in the immediate good which they may do to the local areas under their charge but in their educative effect on the people in teaching them the lessons of self-government. They are the stepping stones to the realisation of a higher civic life but to fulfil that purpose they must retain their local character so that the people may through their chosen representatives take an effective part in the details of the administration of their local affairs. To lose sight of the fundamental distinction between institutions of local self-government and institutions representing higher and more centralized stages of self-government would be prejudicial to the cause of the steady progress of the nation towards the highest forms of self-government in much the same way as the intellectual progress of a nation would be jeopardised if in the matters of its educational institutions the distinction between primary schools and institutions for the imparting of higher education were lost sight of.

It is therefore essential that the unit of area to be taken for an institution of local self-government in this country should not be so large that the residents of one part of it cannot be reasonably expected to take a personal interest in the welfare of another part. The consequence of having too large an area for a municipality may easily be imagined. In such a municipality Commissioners taking personal interest in different parts would not be all of the same ability so that the parts represented by the abler Commissioners would be better attended to than other parts, and among these other parts again those which are represented by Commissioners who attach themselves to the ablest among them would have better chances of getting some crumbs than the others. So that, in the

*Please see my notes.

absence of a very strong and just controlling authority at the top, there would be grave inequalities in the attention which different parts of the municipality will receive. The improvements effected by the Calcutta Corporation in what is generally referred to as the "added area" may not unfittingly be referred to in this connection. Nothing is more calculated than a state of things of that kind to undermine the faith of people in self-government and nothing can be more prejudicial to the cause of self-government in a country where the people are taking the first steps in it.

It is undoubtedly necessary that with regard to matters which affect the mutual welfare of several neighbouring municipalities there should be co-operation and that there should be an authority to regulate and, if need be, to enforce such co-operation. This can easily be provided for without bringing about the total extinction of the small municipalities for the benefit of their more powerful neighbour.

Judged by the considerations which I have stated above it must, I think, be admitted that the area covered by the Calcutta municipality as it exists at present is already too large for a single municipality. A resident of Baghbazar cannot reasonably be expected to take that amount of personal interest in the welfare of places like Dhakuria or Chetla or Kidderpore which is necessary to constitute the bond to hold together an institution of local self-government. It may be said that some special considerations apply to the case of a city which aspires to the position of the second or third city in the Empire and naturally the instance of London with its vast area is referred to. We find, however, that what is called the administrative County of London is really a federation of twenty-nine municipal corporations, namely, the city of London and twenty-eight metropolitan boroughs which manage their own local affairs with the London County Council as the central authority to deal with all matters which require uniformity of action throughout the whole of London. That is the scheme on which the municipal administration of a large metropolis is carried on in a self-governing county where what I have referred to as the educative effect of these municipal institutions is certainly not a matter of such vital importance as here. Having regard to the circumstances of this country and to the fact that the area included within Calcutta is already too large to be administered by a single authority it would be undesirable except for very special reasons to make any further increase in its area without introducing into its administration some measure of decentralization on similar lines.

Then again, with the scheme of administration set out in the Bill the effect of the proposed extension of the limits of Calcutta will be virtually to deprive the inhabitants of the several areas proposed to be included of the privilege which they now enjoy of administering their own local affairs. It is not difficult to imagine that in the administration of the amalgamated area questions of vital importance to the areas proposed to be added to Calcutta may arise upon which they and the whole of present Calcutta would be ranged on opposite sides. I may refer to one instance which arises on the written note of the Chairman of the Corporation of Calcutta and upon the note submitted to the Trust by Mr. Bompas and referred to in the note of Mr. S. N. Mallik and also on the evidence given by Mr. I. J. Cohen, namely, the removal of all trades and factories from present Calcutta into these areas. On questions like those the people of the areas concerned will have absolutely no chance. Furthermore, the scheme of the Bill is that different branches of the administration would be placed in the hands of standing committees and as it is not likely that the representatives from these areas would have a place on each of those committees the result would be that in the branches of the administration entrusted to committees on which they are not represented they will have no effective voice. Now, the taking away or a material impairing of an existing right is in itself an evil and it is all the more an evil in a case like the present when the right which is in danger of being affected is one which, in the interests of the country, should be fostered. If the people whose rights are sought to be so affected or a majority of them object to the extension it cannot be justified unless a clear case is made out that it is necessary either to avert a greater evil which threatens them or to secure for them a benefit which would compensate them for the loss or the impairment of their right.

These considerations, on which I venture to attach great importance, have led me to the conclusion that, that in the absence of very special circumstances, it would be undesirable to allow any further extension of the

limits of Calcutta unless the Municipal Government of Calcutta is remodelled by the introduction into it of an adequate measure of decentralization on lines similar to what were suggested by Mr. Greer in the year 1905 in the Bengal Council in a speech which is referred to in the sixth paragraph of the report of the Special Committee of the Corporation on the provisions of the Bill relating to the constitution and government of the Calcutta Municipality, dated the 1st October 1918. Such more or less fanciful considerations as the securing of natural, as distinguished from artificial, boundaries and the desire to include whatever may be a geographical elongation of Calcutta or even such considerations as the desirability of including within Calcutta all neighbouring places which are connected with the city by interests of trade or business, should not be taken as adequate reasons to justify any extension of Calcutta. I would venture to go further and hold that even more considerations of efficiency of administration or of administrative convenience should not be allowed to prevail in deciding the question in issue. If the administration of any municipality is found to be inefficient the proper action to take would be, not to put an end to its individual existence by merging it into another municipality which may be supposed to be more efficiently administered, but to take such steps as would make it more efficient.

I am therefore in entire agreement with my colleagues that no case has been made out for the acceptance of the proposal for amalgamation so far as it relates to Cossipore-Chitpur or to the Dock area, and it is only because I am satisfied on the evidence before us that Maniktola is in urgent need of improvement which it will not be in a position to carry out within any reasonable limit of time and that bulk of local opinion there is in favour of its amalgamation with Calcutta provided that it is guaranteed that it lead to the requisite improvements being made within a reasonable time, that I have agreed to the conditional recommendation contained in our report regarding the inclusion of the Maniktola Municipality within the limits of Calcutta.

S. C. BANERJEE,

The 4th January 1923.

REVISION OF PAY OF MINISTERIAL OFFICERS IN THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES BELOW THE BENGAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Education Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 13TH JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 119 Edn.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

READ—

The report of the Committee appointed to consider the question of the reorganization of the Educational Services below the Bengal Educational Service.

The Committee recommended the introduction of time-scale pay in place of the present graded system, and, for the purpose of working out proposals, with this end in view they divided the officers concerned into four categories according to the nature of their work:—

- I.—Teaching.
- II.—Inspecting.
- III.—Ministerial.
- IV.—Miscellaneous.

The cases of the officers in the first two categories have been dealt with in Resolution No. 464 Edn., dated the 3rd March 1922. The present resolution deals with the revision of the pay of ministerial officers comprising category III. A separate resolution will issue covering the officers included in category IV.

2. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) have not been able to adopt in their entirety the principles laid down in the Committee's report and have after full consideration of the recommendations made by the Committee, decided to apply to ministerial establishments serving in offices subordinate to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, the standard scales sanctioned on the recommendations of the McAlpin Committee in respect of the pay of ministerial officers serving under the local Government.

3. The new rates of pay shown in the statements appended to this resolution will take effect from 1st September 1921, and the *ad interim* allowances will cease from that date. The allowances granted to clerks in certain offices who perform the duties of shorthand typists will continue until further orders.

4. The following general principles are to be observed in bringing officers on to the new scales:—

- (a) An officer will draw the pay at a stage of the new scale applicable to him next above the stage that is nearest to one and one-third times his present pay, or if two stages are equidistant next above the higher stage, subject to the condition that no officer shall draw less than the minimum or more than the maximum of the scale in which he is placed. Nor shall he draw less than his present pay *plus ad interim* allowance. If his present pay *plus ad interim* allowance exceeds the maximum of the scale in which he is placed he will draw that maximum and a personal allowance equal to the difference.

Present pay for this purpose is defined as the rate of substantive pay drawn for 31st August 1921, or in the case of officers on long leave or on deputation on the 1st September 1921 the substantive pay of their posts on 31st August 1921. The sum of the pay and allowances of an officer actually drawn under the old rates for the period from 1st September 1921 to the end of January 1923 will be adjusted against the amount admissible under the revised scales but when the former exceeds the latter no recoveries of amounts drawn correctly under the rates previously in force will be made. Example:—

An officer going into the scale of Rs. 40—40—45—2—65—2—85—

if his present pay is Rs. 25 (*ad interim* allowance Rs. 7½) will draw Rs. 55;

if his present pay is Rs. 30 (*ad interim* allowance Rs. 9) will draw Rs. 45;

if his present pay is Rs. 40 (*ad interim* allowance Rs. 12) will draw Rs. 55;

if his present pay is Rs. 100 (*ad interim* allowance Rs. 20) will draw Rs. 85, *plus* a personal allowance of Rs. 35.

(b) The pay of an officer appointed on or after 1st September 1921 will be regulated according to the principles indicated below—

(i) if his present pay *plus ad interim* allowance is less than the minimum of the scale in which he is placed he will draw that minimum;

(ii) if his present pay *plus ad interim* allowance exceeds the minimum of the new scale he will start in that scale at a point equal to that sum, or, if there be no such point at the next higher point in the scale.

(c) Individual cases not covered by the above rules should be referred specifically for the orders of Government.

5. Increments in the revised scales will be earned by the service in those scales in accordance with the sanctioned terms.

6. Holders of temporary posts have not been included in the scheme of revision sanctioned in this resolution. They will continue on their present terms.

7. The following allowances are sanctioned with effect from 1st September 1921:—

(a) A town allowance of 10 per cent. of pay to ministerial officers (other than typists and stenographers) serving in Calcutta, Alipore Sadar and Howrah Sadar in the offices of a Divisional Inspector of Schools (including the office of the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal), Inspectress of Schools, Presidency and Burdwan Divisions, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, District Inspector and Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, and in the offices attached to high and training schools.

(b) A hill allowance to all ministerial officers serving at the following stations:—

(1) Darjeeling, Kalimpong, and Kurseong—25 per cent.

(2) Siliguri—20 per cent. in the case of officers on Rs. 50 and less and 10 per cent. subject to a minimum of Rs. 10 in the case of those drawing more.

(3) Chittagong Hill Tracts—30 per cent. subject to a maximum of Rs. 20 per mensem.

(4) Alipur Duars—40 per cent.

8. In terms of Resolution No. 464 Edn., dated the 3rd March 1922, the 14 Assistant Inspectors of Schools (excluding the Special Assistant Inspectors of Schools for Muhammadan Education) have been placed in charge of districts with the designation of District Inspectors. The 14 clerks previously attached to the establishments of those Assistant Inspectors are now placed under District Inspectors and will be distributed according to the requirements of the various districts and subdivisions. The Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, is empowered to make such distributions.

9. Arrangements are being made with the Accountant-General, Bengal, to enable officers to draw their pay under the new scales as soon as possible.

ORDER—Ordered that the resolution be communicated—(1) to the Finance Department of this Government for information and communication to the Accountant-General, Bengal; (2) to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, for information and necessary action.

Ordered also that the resolution and the appendix be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Government of Bengal,

(Ministry of Education),

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

III.—Ministerial.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay	No.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.		Rs.	
Presidency College—				
1. Steward ...	O. G. S. 150—10—250	1	150—10—250	2
2. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 150	1		
3. Accountant ...	S. E. S. 125	1	125—5—175	1
4. Head Librarian ...	S. E. S. 100	1	125—5—150	1
5. Cashier ...	O. G. S. 75— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	1	100—5—125	2
6. Second clerk...	O. G. S. 75	1		
7. Assistant librarian ...	S. E. S. 60	1		
8. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 50	1	40—40—45— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	6
9. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	Probationary rate of	
10. Assistant accounts clerk...	S. E. S. 60	1	Rs. 40.	
11. Assistant clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	(Efficiency bar at Rs. 70.)	
12. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 25	1		
13. Stenographer ...	S. E. S. 100	1	80—5—175	1
14. Typist ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	45— $\frac{1}{2}$ —70	1
15. Store-keeper, Chemical Laboratory.	S. E. S. 60	1	40—40—45—2—85	1
16. Steward, Eden Hindu Hostel.	O. G. S. 75	1	(Efficiency bar at Rs. 65.)	
17. Store-keeper, Eden Hindu Hostel.	O. G. S. 30	1	75—5—100	1
	Total ...	17	.....	17
Rajshahi College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	100—5—150	1
2. Librarian ...	O. G. S. 50— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	1	80—4—120	1
3. Cashier ...	O. G. S. 35—2—45	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$	4
4. Assistant clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	80. (Efficiency bar at	
5. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	Rs. 60.)	
6. Assistant Librarian ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1		
7. Accountant ...	O. G. S. 80	1	80— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	1
	Total ...	7	.....	7
Chittagong College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 150	1	100—5—150	1
2. Librarian ...	O. G. S. 35—2—45	1	80—4—120	1
3. Assistant Clerk ...	O. G. S. 35—2—45	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$	2
4. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 30—1—35	1	—80. (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	
	Total ...	4		4
Krishnagar College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 100	1	100—5—150	1
2. Librarian ...	O. G. S. 50— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	1	80—4—120	1
3. Second clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$	1
	Total ...	3	—80. (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	3
Sanskrit College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 150	1	150—5—200	1
2. Librarian ...	S. E. S. 75	1	125—5—150	1
3. Second clerk ...	O. G. S. 40	1	40—40—45—2—85	
4. Second librarian ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1	(Efficiency bar at Rs. 65.)	2
	Total ...	4		4
Hooghly College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	100—5—150	1
2. Librarian ...	O. G. S. 50— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	1	80—4—120	1
3. Second clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$	1
	Total ...	3	—80. (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	3

III.—Ministerial—continued.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca Intermediate College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	O. G. S. 50— $\frac{1}{2}$ —75	1	80—5—120	1
2. Librarian ...	O. G. S. 50— $\frac{1}{2}$ —75		75—5—100	1
3. Second Clerk ...	O. G. S. 30		35 35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80	2
4. Clerk attached to the hostel.	O. G. S. 20		(Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	
Total ...		4		4
Bethune College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	100—5—150	1
2. Librarian ...	O. G. S. 50— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	1	75—5—100	1
3. Second clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	40—40—45—2—85	2
4. Third clerk ...	O. G. S. 35	1	(Efficiency bar at Rs. 65.)	
Total ...		4		4
Bengal Engineering College—				
1. Personal Assistant ...	O. G. S. 250—10—350	1	250—10—350	1
2. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 200	1	150—10—250	1
3. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	100—5—125	1
4. Accountant ...	O. G. S. 80—7—150	1	125—5—175	1
5. Assistant clerk ...	S. E. S. 60	1	40—40—45— $\frac{1}{2}$ —100	4
6. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	1		
7. Assistant accounts clerk ...	S. E. S. 60	1		
8. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 50	1		
			(Efficiency bar at Rs. 70.)	
9. Cashier ...	O. G. S. 60—4—80	1	75—5—100	2
10. Librarian ...	S. E. S. 60	1		
11. Typist ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	45— $\frac{1}{2}$ —70	1
12. Draftsman ...	S. E. S. 100	2	50—5—165	2
13. Ditto ...	S. E. S. 75		(Efficiency bars at Rs. 80 and Rs. 115.)	
14. Store-keeper ...	O. G. S. 25—2—45	1	40—1—60	1
15. Assistant Superintendent	O. G. S. 75	1	75—5—100	1
Total ...		15		15
Dacca Training College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	80—4—120	1
2. Second „ ...	O. G. S. 25—1—130	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80	1
			(Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	
Total ...		2		2
David Hare Training College—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 60	1	80—4—120	1
2. Second „ ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80	1
			(Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	
Total ...		2		2
Calcutta Madrasah—				
1. Head Clerk ...	O. G. S. 100	1	125—5—175	1
2. Second „ ...	S. E. S. 60	1	40—40—45—2—85	1
			(Efficiency bar at Rs. 65.)	
3. Librarian ...	S. E. S. 125	1	125—5—150	1
4. Typist ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	45— $\frac{1}{2}$ —70	1
Total ...		4		4
Dacca Madrasah—				
1. Clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80	3
Chittagong Madrasah—				
1. Clerk ...	O. G. S. 25—1—30	1		
			(Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	
Hooghly Madrasah—				
1. Clerk ...	O. G. S. 25—1—30	1		
Total ...		3		3

III.—Ministerial—continued.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
Absanulla School of Engineering, Dacca—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	100—5—150	1
2. Second " ...	O. G. S. 35—2—45	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	3
3. Third " ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1		
4. Fourth " ...	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1		
5. Store-keeper ...	O. G. S. 40	1	40—1—60	1
Total ...		5		5
High and Training Schools for boys and girls—				
1. Clerks, High Schools ...	O. G. S. 40—2—50	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60.)	50
	Clerical service 30—1—50	43		
2. Clerks, Training Schools	O. G. S. 30	1		
	O. G. S. 25—1—35	1		
	O. G. S. 25—1—30	1		
	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1		
	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	2		
Total ...		50		50
Eden High Schools for girls, Dacca—				
1. Store-keeper ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	40—1—60	1
Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division (including the clerks of second Inspectors and Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education)—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 125	1	125—10—225	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	90—5—120	1
3. Assistant clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65.)	10
4. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 45	1		
5. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	1		
6. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	2		
7. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 30	1		
8. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	2		
9. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 15—1—20	1		
10. Clerk, Text-book Committee.	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1		
11. Shorthand typist ...	O. G. S. 50—5—100	1	80—5—175	1
Total ...		13		13
Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division (including the clerks of second Inspectors and Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education)—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 150	1	125—10—225	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 100	1	90—5—120	1
3. Assistant clerk ...	S. E. S. 100	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65.)	8
4. Ditto ...	S. E. S. 75	1		
5. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1		
6. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 35—2—45	1		
7. Ditto ...	S. E. S. 60	1		
8. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	2		
9. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 30	1		
10. Typist ...	O. G. S. 30—1—50	1	45— $\frac{1}{2}$ —70	1
Total ...		11		11

III.—Ministerial—continued.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.		Rs.	
Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division (including the clerks of second Inspectors and Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education)—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 125	1	125—10—225	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	90—5—120	1
3. Assistant clerk ...	S. E. S. 60	2	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65)	10
4. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1		
5. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 30	1		
6. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1		
7. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 25	1		
8. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	2		
9. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1		
10. Text-book Clerk. • Committee	O. G. S. 30	1		
11. Typist ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	45—4—70	1
	Total ...	13		13
Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division (including the clerks of second Inspectors and Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education)—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 200	1	125—10—225	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 60	1	90—5—120	1
3. Assistant clerk ...	O. G. S. 45	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65)	8
4. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 40	2		
5. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 30	1		
6. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1		
7. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 25	1		
8. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	2		
9. Typist ...	O. G. S. 45	1	45—4—70	1
	Total ...	11		11
Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division (including the clerks of second Inspectors and Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education)—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 150	1	125—10—225	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	90—5—120	1
3. Assistant clerk ...	O. G. S. 50	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65)	5
4. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	1		
5. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 35	1		
6. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	2		
7. Typist ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	45—4—70	1
	Total ...	8		8
Inspector of European Schools—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 100	1	125—10—225	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	90—5—120	1
3. Assistant clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65)	3
4. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1		
5. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1		
6. Typist ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	45—4—70	1
	Total ...	6		6

III.—Ministrial—continued

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
Inspectress of Schools, Presidency and Burdwan Divisions—				
1. Head clerk ...	O. G. S. 50	1	80—4—120	1
2. Second clerk ...	O. G. S. 40	1	35—35—40—2—68— 80. (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60)	3
3. Assistant clerk ...	O. G. S. 30	1		
4. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1		
5. Typist ...	O. G. S. 25	1	45—4—70	1
Total ...		5		5
Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle—				
1. Head clerk ...	S. E. S. 100	1	80—4—120	1
2. Second clerk ...	S. E. S. 60	1	35—35—40—2—68— 80. (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60)	3
3. Third clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1		
4. Fourth clerk ...	O. G. S. 25	1		
5. Typist ...	O. G. S. 30	1	45—4—70	1
Total ...		5		5
Assistant Inspectresses of Schools—				
Clerks ...	O. G. S. 25—1—30	4	35—35—40—3—60 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 50)	12
	O. G. S. 25	2		
	O. G. S. 20—1—25	1		
	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	4		
	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1		
Total ...		12		12
District and Subdivisional Inspectors of Schools—				
Clerks ...	O. G. S. 30	3	35—35—40—3—60 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 50)	89
	O. G. S. 25	6		
	O. G. S. 20—1—25	2		
	O. G. S. 20	1		
	O. G. S. 15—1—20	1		
	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	2		
	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	7		
	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	11		
	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	31		
	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	25		
Total ...		89		89
Librarian, Bengal Library—				
1. Head Clerk ...	S. E. S. 100	1	125—5—175	1
2. Munshi ...	S. E. S. 60	1	60—4—100	2
3. Pandit ...	O. G. S. 50	1		
4. Assistant clerk ...	S. E. S. 75	1	40—40—45—4—100 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 70)	3
5. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	1		
6. Ditto ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1		
Total ...		6		6
Inspector of Residence of Students, Dacca—				
1. Clerk ...	L. S. E. S. 30—1—35	1	35—35—40—3—60 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 50)	1

III.—Ministerial—concluded.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.		Rs.	
Advisory Committee for Indian Students, Calcutta—				
1. Clerk	O. G. S. 45—1—60	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65)	1
Advisory Committee for Indian Students, Dacca—				
1. Clerk	O. G. S. 45—1—60	1	35—35—40—2—68— $\frac{1}{2}$ —80 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 60)	1
Education Clerk, Darjeeling—				
1. Clerk	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	35—35—40— $\frac{1}{2}$ —50 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 50)	1
Sanskrit Association, Calcutta—				
1. Head Clerk	O. G. S. 75—5—100	1	80—4—120	1
2. Assistant clerk	O. G. S. 40—2—50	1	40—40—45—2—85 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 65)	2
3. Ditto	O. G. S. 30—2—40	1		
Total ...		3		3
Bose Institute—				
1. Assistant	S. E. S. 200	1	75—5—200 (Efficiency bar at Rs. 150)	3
2. Do.	S. E. S. 125	1		
3. Do.	S. E. S. 50	1		
Total ...		3		3
GRAND TOTAL ...		317		317

**REVISION OF PAY OF OFFICERS IN THE MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH OF THE
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES BELOW THE BENGAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Education Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 13TH JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 122 Edn.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

READ—

The report of the Committee appointed to consider the question of the reorganization of the Educational Services below the Bengal Educational Service.

The Committee recommended the introduction of time-scale pay in place of the present graded system, and, for the purpose of working out proposals, with this end in view they divided the officers concerned into four categories according to the nature of their work:—

- I.—Teaching.
- II.—Inspecting.
- III.—Ministerial.
- IV.—Miscellaneous.

The cases of the officers in the first three categories have been dealt with in Resolutions No. 464 Edn., dated 3rd March 1922, and No. 119 Edn., dated the 13th January 1923. The present resolution deals with the revision of the pay of officers included in the fourth and last category namely, the miscellaneous group. In consideration of the fact that the work of certain officers included by the Committee in category IV—Miscellaneous is approximately similar to the work of ministerial officers, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) found it desirable to transfer them to category III—Ministerial.

2. Having regard to the work generally performed by the officers covered by this resolution, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) do not consider it necessary to fix the new scales of pay for these officers on the same general principles as have been followed in fixing the pay of the officers included in the first three categories. They are of opinion that the pay of these officers should be regulated according to the market value and the new scales have been drawn up on this basis.

3. The revised rates of pay shown in the statements appended to this resolution will take effect from 1st September 1921.

4. The following general principles should be observed in bringing officers on to the new scales:—

- (a) Subject to the proviso that no officer will get less than the minimum or more than the maximum of the new scale in which he is placed, an officer is allowed to start in the new scale at a stage next above his present pay.

Present pay for this purpose is defined as the rates of substantive pay drawn from 31st August 1921 or in the case of officers on long leave or deputation on 1st September 1921 the substantive pay of their posts on 31st August 1921. The sum of the pay and allowances of an officer actually drawn under the old rates

for the period from the 1st September 1921 to the end of January 1923 will be adjusted against the amount admissible under the revised rates but when the former exceeds the latter no recoveries of amount drawn correctly under the rates previously in force will be made.

(b) Individual cases not covered by the above rules should be referred specially for the orders of Government.

5. Increments in the revised scales will be earned by the service in those scales in accordance with the sanctioned terms.

6. Holders of temporary posts have been excluded from the scheme of revision sanctioned in this resolution. They will continue to serve on their present terms.

7. Arrangements are being made with the Accountant-General, Bengal, to enable officers to draw their pay under the new scales as soon as possible.

ORDER.—Ordered that the resolution be communicated—(1) to the Finance Department of this Government for information and communication to the Accountant-General, Bengal; (2) to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, for information and necessary action.

Ordered also that the resolution and the appendix be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Government of Bengal,

(Ministry of Education),

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IV.—Miscellaneous.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
Presidency College—				
	Rs.		Rs.	
1. Master Mechanic ...	O. G. S. 75—5—125	1	75—5—125	1
2. Carpenter ...	O. G. S. 30—2—40	1	30—1—50	1
3. Mechanic ...	O. G. S. 20—1—40	1	30—1—40	1
4. Instrument keeper ...	L. S. E. S. 25—1—30	1	20—1—30—1—35	1
5. Electrician ...	O. G. S. 20—2—30	1	30	2
6. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 25	1		
7. Compounder ...	O. G. S. 15—1—20	1	20—1—30	1
8. Section Cutter ...	O. G. S. 12—1—20	1	20—1—25	1
Total ...		8		8
Rajshahi College—				
1. Mechanic ...	O. G. S. 30	1	30	1
2. Electrician ...	O. G. S. 20—2—30	1	20—2—30	1
3. Gasman ...	O. G. S. 20—1—30	1	20—1—30	1
4. Compounder ...	O. G. S. 20—1—30	1	20—1—30	1
Total ...		4		4
Krishnagar College—				
1. Mechanic ...	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1	30	1
2. Compounder ...	O. G. S. 12	1	20—1—30	1
Total ...		2		2
Hooghly College—				
1. Mechanic ...	O. G. S. 20—1—30	1	30	1
2. Compounder ...	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1	20—1—30	1
Total ...		2		2
Dacca Intermediate College—				
1. Mistri ...	O. G. S. 30	1	30	1
2. Compounder attached to the Hostel.	O. G. S. 20—1—25	1	20—1—30	1
Total ...		2		2
Bethune College—				
1. Matron ...	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	25—1—35	1
Bengal Engineering College—				
1. Turner and Fitter ...	L. S. E. S. 35—2—45	1	40—1—60	1
2. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 30—1—40	1	30—1—50	1
3. Coppersmith ...	O. G. S. 30—1—45	1	40—1—60	1
4. Hostel compounder ...	O. G. S. 20—1—30	1	20—1—30	2
5. Ditto ...	O. G. S. 15—1—20	1		
Total ...		5		5
Eden High School for Girls, Dacca—				
1. Matron ...	O. G. S. 25	1	25—1—35	1

IV.—Miscellaneous—concluded.

EXISTING SCALE.			REVISED SCALE.	
Designation.	Pay.	No.	Pay.	No.
1	2	3	4	5
High and Training Schools for boys and girls—	Rs.		Rs.	
1. Carpenter, Dacca Collegiate School.	O. G. S. 30	1	30—1—50	1
2. Atalique, N. B. Institution, Murshidabad.	L. S. E. S. 20—1—25	1	25—1—30	1
3. Compounder, Hostel, Dacca Collegiate School.	O. G. S. 20—1—30	1	20—1—30	2
4. Compounder, Hostel, N. B. Institution, Murshidabad.	O. G. S. 20—1—25	1		
5. Matron, Vidhyamoyee High School.	O. G. S. 20	1	25—1—35	4
6. Matron, Dr. Khastagir's High School.	O. G. S. 20	1		
7. Matron, Bethune Collegiate School.	L. S. E. S. 15—1—20	1		
8. Matron, Vernacular Training School, Dacca.	O. G. S. 30	1		
	Total ...	8		8
	GRAND TOTAL ...	33		33

**CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY BUDGET ESTIMATES, 1922-23, PASSED BY THE
SENATE ON THE 16TH SEPTEMBER 1922.**

Statement showing position of each fund according to the Budget Estimates.

	Opening Balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Expenditure.	Closing Balance.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Post-Graduate Teaching Fund.	76,654	4,39,356	5,16,010	5,16,010	...
2. University Science College	...	2,45,350	2,45,350	2,45,350	...
3. Fee Fund ...	{ - 4,67,596 + 1,04,048 ² }	9,57,140	5,93,592	{ 10,05,626 + 1,04,048 ² }	{ - 48,486 - 4,67,596 [†] }
4. Law College Fund	97,494	1,90,000	2,87,494	1,94,750	92,744
5. Hardinge Hostel Fund	29,834	40,000	69,834	44,300	25,534
6. Inspection and General Administration Fund.	25,460	...	25,460	24,860	600
7. Travelling Allowance Fund	8,715	...	8,715	6,000	2,715
8. Ramtanu Lahiri Fellowship Fund.	6,348	6,300	12,648	11,550	1,098
9. Students' Mess Fund	- 10,744	66,128	55,384	71,160	- 15,776
10. Readership Fund	11,056	4,000	15,056	15,000	56
11. Minto Professorship Fund	7,944	13,000	20,944	13,000	7,944
12. Hardinge Professorship Fund.	1,099	12,000	10,099	10,800	2,299
13. George V Professorship Fund.	19,560	12,000	31,560	14,200	17,360
14. Carmichael Professorship Fund.	2,532	16,746	19,278	19,260	18
15. Sir Rashbehary Ghosh Fund—					
(a) First Gift	7,460	42,400	49,860	42,410	7,450
(b) Second Gift	25,637	42,405	68,042	67,350	692
16. Sir Taraknath Palit Fund (1st Trust).	- 5,083	28,990	23,907	25,565	- 1,658
17. Sir Taraknath Palit Fund (2nd Trust).	10,501	21,470	31,971	21,965	10,006
18. Sir Taraknath Palit Foreign Scholarship Fund.	1,260	15,853	17,113	5,200	11,913
19. Khaira Fund	5,386	36,550	41,936	36,400	5,536

* This represents salaries and bill due on the 30th June 1922 which could not be paid before for want of funds.

† Deficit for last year.

The second figures against the heads of expenditure in the third column indicate liabilities incurred but not paid.

DETAILED ESTIMATES.

1. Post-Graduate Teaching in Arts and Science.

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
1.—POST-GRADUATE TEACHING.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Government grant ...	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
2. Fees from students ...	88,756	96,000	1,05,792	1,05,000
3. Fees from students attached to the Presidency College.	20,743	25,000	17,484	52,000*
4. Refund and Miscellaneous ...	14	2,000	3,175	1,500
5. Share of Examination Fees (one-third) ...	2,33,070	1,84,000	2,03,771	2,04,500
Total ...	3,57,583	3,22,000	3,45,222	3,78,000
6. Contribution from Fee Fund ...	1,67,342	2,65,945	2,65,945	61,856
Total ...	5,24,925	5,87,945	6,11,167	4,39,856
Opening balance ...	23,500	- 23,200	- 23,200	76,654
GRAND TOTAL ...	5,48,425	5,64,745	5,87,967	5,16,010

*For 3 years (1920-21, 1921-22 and 1922-23).

EXPENDITURE.

A.—POST-GRADUATE TEACHING IN ARTS.				
I.—PROFESSORS AND TEACHERS.				
1. Professors and Teachers ... Rs. 3,34,560	3,88,215	3,90,000	3,61,970 +30,825	3,36,000†
To be kept in abeyance ... 58,672				
2. Pension Contribution of Teachers ...	900	...	...	...
3. Travelling allowance of Teachers ...	4,469	2,500	3,364	2,500
II.—SCHOLARSHIPS.				
Scholarships 2 (Rs. 50), 12 (Rs. 25), 28 (Rs. 15) ...	7,520	4,780	7,715	9,840
III.—OFFICE.				
1. Secretary 1 (Rs. 500—50—750) ...	2,400	6,600	5,500	6,500
2. Assistants 1 (Rs. 100—10—150), 1 (Rs. 75—10—125), 7 (Rs. 50—5—75), 9 (Rs. 40—4—60), 1 (Rs. 50), 4 (Rs. 40), 1 (Rs. 30), 1 (Rs. 25), 1 (Rs. 20).	23,053	20,000	19,235	19,300
3. Duffries and Bearers 2 (Rs. 20), 1 (Rs. 19), 17 (Rs. 17).				
4. Contingencies and Stationery ...	2,837	2,500	1,616	1,500
5. Furniture ...	1,957	1,500	692	500
6. Refund ...	72	...	311	500
7. Proportion of electric expenses ...	18,450	3,500	3,276	3,500
8. " Municipal tax ...	...	...	...	2,200
IV.—LIBRARY.				
Books and periodicals ...	16,751	10,000	6,092 +4,830	10,000
Goods for the Anthropology Department ...	...	...	824	1,000
V.				
Indian Vernacular Scheme ...	1,552	1,500	3,075	2,500
VI.				
Provident Fund ...	12,082	13,500	10,416 +1,011	11,000
Total (Arts) ...	4,65,058	4,60,580	4,28,097 +37,166	4,11,040

† Includes Rs. 50,800 due to the Government of Bengal for the Professors of the Presidency College for the years 1920-21 and 1921-22, and Rs. 50,836 on account of the salary for May 1923.

Post-graduate Teaching in Arts and Science.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
3. POST-GRADUATE TEACHING IN SCIENCE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—PROFESSORS AND TEACHERS.				
Professors and Teachers ... Rs. 45,700	84,617	85,000	67,559	82,800*
To be kept in abeyance ... " 4,690			+ 3,875	
Travelling allowance of teachers ..	1,162	2,000	697	500
II.—OFFICE.				
1. Secretary 1 (Rs. 500) ...	5,000	6,000	5,500	6,500
2. Assistants, 1 (Rs. 60—5—100), 1 (Rs. 50—5—75), 1 (Rs. 40—4—60).	3,855	2,400	+ 500 2,401	2,600
3. Duffries and hearers, 1 (Rs. 20), 2 (Rs. 18), 1 (Rs. 16).		865	864	870
4. Contingencies and Stationery ...	146	200	105	100
5. Furniture ...	40	200	...	190
6. Refund ...	156	...	...	...
III.—LIBRARY.				
Books and Periodicals ...	8,472	5,000	2,758 + 4,882	10,000
IV.				
Provident Fund ...	2,119	2,500	1,332 + 114	1,500
Total (Science) ...	1,06,567	1,04,165	83,216 + 9,371	1,04,970
GRAND TOTAL, ARTS AND SCIENCE ...	5,71,625	5,64,745	5,11,313 + 46,537	5,16,010
Closing balance ...	- 23,200	...	76,654 - 46,537	...
GRAND TOTAL ...	5,48,425	5,64,745	5,87,967	5,16,010

* Includes Rs. 37,860 due to the Government of Bengal for the Professors of the Presidency College for the years 1920-21 and 1921-22, and Rs. 3,975 on account of salary for May 1922.

Science College.

RECEIPTS.

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts from Palit Trust—				
Contribution from First Trust ...	30,645	29,100	29,298	24,000
" " Second Trust ...	24,900	27,900	12,847	18,000
Receipts from Ghosh Trust—				
Contribution from First Trust— ...	75,138	42,200	38,875	39,900
" " Second Trust ...	..	56,000	55,523	61,200
Receipts from Khaira Fund—				
Contribution ...	...	11,500	11,325	26,100
Receipts from Fee Fund—				
Contribution for Laboratories and Repairs...	34,738	99,290	53,365 + 19,700	59,350
" " house allowances of Ghose Professors.	...	7,200	5,826	4,800
Government grant ...	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Miscellaneous ...	472	...	241	...
Total ...	1,77,888	2,65,190	2,19,800 + 19,700	2,45,350

Science College.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
PHYSICS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Palit Professor (Rs. 800—50—1,000) H. A. (Rs. 125).	12,847	13,500	13,448	13,500
2. Ghose Professor (Rs. 500), H. A. (Rs. 100)	6,000	7,200	7,200	7,200
3. " " of Applied Physics ...	3,000	...	...	...
4. Guruprasad Singh Professor (Rs. 500) ...	...	3,500	3,400	6,000
5. Asst. Professor and Asst. 1 (Rs. 200—25—300), 1 (Rs. 100—25—150).	3,000	3,900	4,222	3,900
6. Laboratory Staff ...	3,189	3,400	3,811	3,950
7. Equipment and Working expenses ...	17,207	8,000	6,267 + 1,644	8,000
8. Special Laboratory for the Guruprasad Professor.	...	10,000	+ 637	1,500
9. Research grant for the Palit Professor ...	...	1,500	...	...
10. " " " Ghose " ...	...	1,000	...	3,400
Total ...	45,243	52,000	38,348 + 2,281	47,450
APPLIED PHYSICS.				
Ghose Professor (Rs. 500), H. A. (Rs. 100)	...	7,200	7,200	7,200
Grant to Professor for appliances ...	...	3,000	1,530	10,000
Total ...	...	10,200	8,730	17,200
CHEMISTRY.				
1. Palit Professor (Rs. 800—50—1,000) [...]	11,743	12,000	12,000	12,000
2. Ghose Professor (Rs. 500), H. A. (Rs. 100)	6,900	7,200	7,200	7,200
3. " " of Applied Chemistry ...	6,000	...	...	...
4. Guruprasad Singh Professor (Rs. 500) ...	...	4,500	4,400	6,000
5. Assistant Professor and Demonstrator 2 (Rs. 200—25—300), 1 (Rs. 150).	4,758	9,000	8,625	8,400
6. Laboratory Staff ...	3,536	3,700	3,382	3,500
7. Special Laboratory for the Guruprasad Professor.	...	10,000	1,849 + 2,144	1,500
8. Research grant for the Palit Professor ...	...	1,500	...	...
9. " " " Ghose " ...	...	1,000	...	3,400
10. Equipment and Working expenses ...	26,171	8,000	7,090 + 2,062	8,000
Total ...	59,113	56,900	44,546 + 4,200	50,000
APPLIED CHEMISTRY.				
1. Ghose Professor (Rs. 500), H. A. (Rs. 100)	...	7,200	7,200	7,200
2. Demonstrator and Draftsman 1 (Rs. 200), 1 (Rs. 150).	...	4,200	3,703	4,200
3. Menials ...	...	600	560	600
4. Equipment and Working expenses ...	...	10,000	12,090	10,000
Total ...	...	22,000	23,553	22,000

Science College.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
APPLIED MATHEMATICS.				
1. Ghose Professor (Rs. 500), H. A. (Rs. 100)	6,000	7,200	6,160	4,500
2. Student-Assistants and Menials ...	822	840	695	840
3. Working expenses ...	1,384	500	96	100
Total ...	8,206	8,540	6,951	5,440
BOTANY.				
1. Ghose Professor (Rs. 500), H. A. (Rs. 100)	6,000	7,200	6,000	6,000
2. Laboratory Staff ...	1,681	2,000	2,925	3,500
3. Research grant for the Ghose Professor ...	...	1,000	1,183	3,400
4. Microscopes ...	...	18,000	18,070	...
5. Equipment and Working expenses ...	14,678	8,000	2,918 + 702	3,500
Total ...	22,359	36,200	31,096 + 702	16,400
AGRICULTURE.				
1. Guruprasad Singh Professor (Rs. 500) ...	...	3,500	3,000	6,000
2. Menials ...	...	250	...	350
3. Equipment and Working expenses ...	...	5,000	+ 295	1,500
Total ...	...	8,750	3,000 + 295	7,850
ZOOLOGY.				
1. Laboratory Staff ...	963	1,500	994	1,480
2. Equipment and Working expenses ...	6,845	6,000	1,813 + 4,700	8,500
Total ...	7,811	7,500	2,807 + 4,700	9,980
EXP. PSYCHOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGY.				
1. Laboratory Staff ...	1,483	1,500	1,316	1,550
2. Equipment and Working expenses ...	4,284	5,000	10,582 + 2,788	7,000
Total ...	5,767	6,500	11,898 + 2,788	8,550
BIO-CHEMISTRY.				
1. Laboratory Staff ...	1,382	2,000	1,568	1,980
2. Equipment and Working expenses ...	1,245	2,000	62	1,000
Total ...	2,627	4,000	1,620	2,980
WORKSHOP.				
1. Mechanics, Turner, Carpenter ...	1,670	2,000	2,068	3,250
2. Appliances ...	5,045	2,500	1,428 + 466	1,000
3. Workshop for Applied Chemistry and Physics ...	...	25,000	25,000	25,000
Total ...	6,715	29,500	28,496 + 466	29,250

Science College.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
I.—GENERAL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Durwans 2 (Rs. 18), Malis 1 (Rs. 18), 1 (Rs. 14), Sweepers 3 (Rs. 12).	1,314	1,500	1,212	1,250
2. Gas and Electricity ...	3,508	4,000	4,007	4,000
3. Repairs and alterations ...	4,400	25,000*	1,403 + 4,262	8,000
Total, General ...	9,122	30,500	6,622 + 4,262	13,250
J.—SCHOLARSHIP.				
1. Palit Research Scholars 3 (Rs. 125), 1 (Rs. 100), 2 (Rs. 75).	6,050	3,600	3,850	4,200
2. Ghose Research Scholars 8 (Rs. 75) ...	4,875	9,000	7,758	7,200
3. Khaira " " 2 (Rs. 75) ...	...	...	525	3,600
Total Scholarships ...	10,925	12,600	12,133	15,000
Grand Total, Science College ...	1,77,888	2,95,190	2,19,800 + 19,700	2,45,350

* Repairs of the Science College Building at an estimated cost of Rs. 25,000 could not be undertaken for want of funds.

3. Fee Fund.

RECEIPTS.

No. of Candidates.					
Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
		I. Fees for Examinations—			
19,133	19,200	1. Matriculation ...	2,86,875	2,52,500	2,86,995
5,650	5,700	2. Intermediate ...	2,01,420	1,71,000	1,69,500
2,799	2,800	3. B. A. (Pass) ...	1,76,805	1,12,500	1,25,955
505	500	4. B.Sc. (Pass) ...	27,450	22,500	22,725
(442 + 172)	600	5. B.A. & B.Sc. (Hon.) ...	6,660	6,000	6,140
496	500	6. M.A. & M.Sc. ...	47,600	48,000	39,680
3,368	3,400	7. Pre., Int. & Final Law ...	1,31,370	97,500	1,01,040
2	2	8. M.L. ...	700	500	200
...	1	9. D.L. ...	...	100	...
6	5	10. Ph.D. ...	400	500	600
5	5	11. B.Sc. ...	400	500	500
32	80	12. L.T. ...	1,650	1,500	960
51	50	13. B.T. ...	3,680	3,600	2,040
447	450	14. Pr. So. M.B. ...	8,575	8,750	11,175
443	450	15. First M.B. ...	13,950	13,950	14,040
542	650	16. Final M.B. ...	15,480	15,480	23,340
27	20	17. M.D., M.O., & D.P.H. ...	1,850	2,000	2,700
62	60	18. I.E. ...	1,110	1,200	1,290
48	40	19. B.E. ...	1,260	1,200	1,340
		Total Fees for Examination ...	9,27,595	7,69,220	8,10,220

Fee Fund—contd.

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
II. Other Fees—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Graduates' Registration Fees and Subscriptions (Ch. IV of Regulations).	11,100	11,000	8,650	8,700
2. Students' Registration Fees (Ch. XV of Regulations).	15,220	14,000	13,052	13,100
3. Fees for Diplomas ...	945	1,000	2,090	2,100
4. " " Duplicates of Certificates ...	1,691	1,700	1,826	1,850
5. " " Marks ...	8,996	9,000	7,580	7,600
6. " " Crossed-Lists ...	599	600	344	350
7. " " Provisional Certificates ...	3,398	3,500	3,245	3,300
8. " " Attending Pali Class ...	2,430	2,500	1,847	2,000
9. " " " Arabic and Persian Classes.	2,461	2,400	1,788	1,800
10. " " " Modern Language Classes.	388	500	253	250
11. " " Scrutinising answer papers	720	800	450	400
12. Re-entry Fees ...	497	200	224	200
Total other Fees ...	48,445	47,300	41,299	41,650
III. Miscellaneous—				
1. Rebate of Electric Charges ...	16,777	16,000	15,443	15,500
2. Printing work done for Mathematical Society.				
3. Sale-proceeds of old answer papers				
4. Re-funds ...				
5. Fees for change of Names ...				
6. Migration Fees ...	...	...	4,160	4,200
7. None-Collegiate Fees ...	...	...	5,730	5,800
Total Misc. ...	...	...	25,333	25,500
IV. Sale-proceeds of University Publications	1,12,808	75,000	62,774	60,000
V. Calcutta Review ...	...	...	6,543	6,500
VI. Interest on Deposits ...	4,360	...	...	...
VII. Sale-proceeds of Investments ...	2,19,987	...	...	...
VIII. Contribution from the Law College Fund on account of house-rents.	12,795*	...	...	6,000
IX. Contribution from the General Administration Fund.	15,000	12,000	12,000	...
X. Government grant for Students' welfare	...	...	...	4,000
Total ...	18,57,717	9,49,430	9,58,169	9,57,140
Opening balance	—2,48,108	—1,48,055	—1,48,055	—2,62,548
GRAND TOTAL ...	11,08,609	7,71,375	8,10,114	5,98,592

* Contribution from the Capital Account.

Fee Fund—contd.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
Fee Fund.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I. Supervising Staff and Establishment—				
1. Registrar (Rs. 800—50—1,000) E. A (Rs. 150).	13,352	13,800	12,650 + 1,150	14,950
2. Controller of Examinations (Rs. 1,000) ...	13,150	12,000	11,000 + 1,000	13,000
3. Assistant Registrar (Rs. 250—25—500)	4,718	3,250	3,191	3,400
4. Assistant Controller (Rs. 200—20—300)	2,789	3,200	3,086	3,850
5. Assistants (Registrar's Department)— 2 (Rs. 200—20—300), 3 (Rs. 150—10— 200), 8 (Rs. 100—10—150), 5 (Rs. 75—10— 125), 14 (Rs. 60—5—100), 8 (Rs. 50— 5—80), 3 (Rs. 40—4—60), 1 (Rs. 65), 1 (Rs. 60), 1 (Rs. 40).	50,486	54,250	53,486	54,500
6. Assistants (Controller's Department)— 5 (Rs. 100—10—150), 2 (Rs. 75—10—125), 6 (Rs. 60—5—100), 2 (Rs. 50—5—80), 11 (Rs. 40—4—60).	22,184	23,200	24,685	26,000
7. Menials (Registrar's Department)— 5 Duffries (Rs. 91), 1 jamadar (Rs. 25), 3 durwans (Rs. 54), 26 peons (Rs. 449), 1 mali (Rs. 17), 9 methars and bhisties (Rs. 145).	8,938	9,000	8,812	9,000
8. Menials (Controller's Department)— 4 Duffries Rs. (71), 3 durwans (Rs. 51), 14 peons (Rs. 237).	4,528	4,600	4,457	4,500
9. University Mess Superintendents 6 (Rs. 30), 1 (Rs. 25), 6 (Rs. 20) and Medical Officer 1 (Rs. 75), durwans 5 (Rs. 67).	4,362	4,500	4,980	5,600
10. Sub-Agent, Sir T. N. Palit Estate (Rs. 60) and menial (Rs. 78).	1,476	1,500	1,611	1,700
Total Supervising Staff and Establishment ...	1,26,073	1,29,300	1,27,958 + 2,150	1,36,000
II. Teaching Staff—				
1. French Lecturer (Rs. 200) ...	2,300	2,400	2,200 + 200	2,600
2. Pali Teachers 2 (Rs. 100), 5 (Rs. 25) ...	3,900	3,900	3,575 + 325	4,250
3. Arabic and Persian Teachers 4 (Rs. 75)...	3,525	3,600	2,959 + 300	3,900
Total Teaching Staff ...	9,725	9,900	8,734 + 825	10,750
III. Examination Expenses—				
1. Remuneration to Examiners—				
(a) Matriculation ...	92,150	74,800	73,877	76,000
(b) Intermediate ...	63,695	48,400	49,225	43,500
(c) B.A. and B.Sc. ...	64,922	49,500	50,161	36,500
(d) M.A. and M.Sc. ...	34,360	12,500	13,504	13,500
(e) Ph.D. and M.Sc. ...	3,100	3,000	3,100	3,000
(f) L.T. and B.T. ...	397	1,200	1,088	1,200
(g) Law ...	23,011	19,500	7,602	15,000
(h) Medical ...	19,240	36,500	+ 7,520 41,074	42,300
(i) Engineering ...	3,940	2,700	+ 1,120 3,797	4,000
2. Expenses of Examinations at centres ...	33,950	30,000	22,351 + 15,710	53,000
3. Answer-books ...	670	20,000	1,161 + 8,306	30,000
Total Examination Expenses ...	3,39,435	2,98,100	2,66,940 + 32,656	3,18,000

Fee Fund—contd.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
IV. SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Jubilee Post-Graduate Scholarships...	8,448	9,200	8,128	9,216
2. Prizes and Medals ...	13,120	13,500	11,878 + 4,200	20,000
Total Scholarships and Prizes ...	21,568	22,700	20,006 + 4,200	29,216
V. LIBRARY—				
1. Librarian (Rs. 150—10—200) ...	1,730	1,850	1,853	1,970
2. Library Assistants 1 (Rs. 60—5—100), 1 (Rs. 50—5—80) ...	1,548	1,600	1,408	1,600
3. Menials 3 (Rs. 17) ...	632	650	598	650
4. Books and Manuscripts ...	13,085	10,000	17,598 + 8,181	16,000
5. Book-binding ...	3,659	2,500	1,774 + 185	2,000
Total Library ...	20,654	16,600	23,324 + 6,558	22,220
VI. Printing—				
A. UNIVERSITY PRESS—				
1. Superintendent (Rs. 200—20—300) ...				
2. Readers 1 (Rs. 100—10—150), 1 (Rs. 50—5—75), 3 (Rs. 40—4— 80), 2 (Rs. 30—2—40) and Section-holders 2 (Rs. 40—4— 60), 1 (Rs. 40—2—50), Com- puters 1 (Rs. 40—4—60), 1 (Rs. 30—2—40), Assistants 1 (Rs. 40—4—60), 1 (Rs. 25—2— 35). Menials 1 (Rs. 17), 2 (Rs. 16), 2 (Rs. 15). Compositors (Piece rates) ...	42,574	46,000	42,413	44,000
3. Types and Furniture ...	11,039	5,000	1,010 + 288	2,500
4. Paper, Ink, Glue, etc. ...	52,363	45,000	16,590 + 14,356	45,000
5. Duffries' work ...	21,275	20,000	8,322 + 2,268	14,000
6. Contingencies ...	249	300	328	350
7. Insurance of Building ...	375	375	375	375
8. Municipal Taxes ...	532	550	532	532
9. Repair of Motors ...	...	500	...	500
B. Printing at Out-side Presses—				
1. Question papers ...	26,582	25,000	20,659 + 2,125	24,000
2. Calendars ...	12,088	6,500	...	6,500
3. Selections ...	2,549	2,000	2,560 + 6,500	2,500
4. Theses, Notices, Examination results, etc. ...	7,066	15,000	3,188 + 7,766	15,000
Total Printing ...	1,76,742	1,66,225	95,977 + 34,803	1,55,257
VII. CONTRIBUTION TO POST-GRADUATE TEACH- ING, SCIENCE COLLEGE, ETC.—				
1. To Post-graduate Teaching Fund—(a) one-third of fees for Matricula- tion, I.A. I.Sc., B.A. and B.Sc. Examinations. (b) Additional Contribution ...	2,33,070	1,84,000	2,03,771	2,04,500
2. To Science College ...	1,67,342 34,788	2,65,945 99,290	2,65,945 58,365 + 19,700	61,856 59,350
3. To George V. Professorship Fund and Palit Fund. ...	1,000	...	...	...
4. To house allowance of Professors ...	4,200	8,400	8,227	7,900
Total Contribution ...	4,40,350	5,57,635	5,51,808 + 19,700	2,82,406

Fee Fund—contd.

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
VIH. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS OF BUILDINGS, ETC.—				
1. Repairs and additions to buildings other than the Science College.	16,309	6,000	2,561	3,000
2. Insurance of Senate House, Darbhanga Library and Science College building.	1,375	1,375	1,375	1,375
3. Municipal taxes (excluding Palit House).	16,073	16,100	17,048	12,700*
Total Maintenance of Buildings ...	33,757	23,475	20,984	17,075
IX. Supplies and Services and Contingencies—				
1. Stationery ...	19,065	19,000	10,749 + 470	12,000
2. Stamps ...	10,637	10,500	9,755	10,500
3. Furniture and Office equipment ...	4,907	4,500	2,113	2,500
4. Convocation Expenses ...	1,399	5,000	3,631 + 647	3,000
5. Law Expenses ...	3,379	5,000	1,732	2,500
6. Travelling Expenses ...	2,000	...	...	...
7. Office Contingencies ...	9,698	10,000	10,313 + 133	10,500
8. Electric Expenses ...	3,450	3,500	3,276 + 1,927	3,500
9. Telephone Charges ...	200	820	770	3,000
10. Electric Lift ...	737	750	478	1,500
11. Sanitary Repairs ...	1,237	2,500	548	1,000
12. Short-hand Reporter's Charges ...	925	850	1,100	1,200
13. University Extension Lectures ...	...	...	500	...
Total Supplies and Services and Contingencies.	57,634	62,420	44,995 + 3,177	51,200
X. MISCELLANEOUS—				
1. Pension ...	3,549	4,250	4,278	4,250
2. Honorarium for editing Selections and Text Books.	2,504	2,000	1,100	1,500
3. Gowns ...	285	250	2,884 + 125	2,000
4. Refund of Fees ...	1,376	2,500	2,918	3,000
5. Portraits of Chancellors and Vice-Chancellors.	...	500	443 + 125	500
6. Allowance for Research Assistants...	1,853	...	275	300
7. Students' Welfare— (a) Boats ... (b) Medical Examination of Students ...	21,159	15,000	15,352	19,500
8. Calcutta Review ...	...	...	6,186 + 431	6,500
Total Miscellaneous ...	30,726	24,500	33,436 + 681	37,550
Total Expenditure ...	12,56,664	13,10,855	11,73,662	11,09,674
Closing balance ...	- 1,48,055	- 5,39,480	- 3,63,548 - 1,04,048	- 5,16,082
GRAND TOTAL ...	11,08,609	7,71,375	8,10,114	5,93,592

* One-third of the Municipal Tax for the Darbhanga Library Building is debitable to the Post-Graduate Teaching Fund and

4.—Law College.

RECEIPTS.

				Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
IV.—LAW COLLEGE.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.	Fees from students	...	...	1,69,565	1,53,000 5,600 1,700	1,66,542	1,60,000
2.	Admission fees	...	...		
3.	Percentage fees	...	...		
4.	Government grant	...	...	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
5.	Refund	...	...	42	...	8	...
Total				1,99,607	1,90,300	1,96,550	1,90,000
Opening balance				68,623	56,755	56,755	97,494
GRAND TOTAL				2,68,230	2,47,055	2,53,305	2,87,494

EXPENDITURE.

IV.—LAW COLLEGE.							
1.	Principal, Vice-Principal and Professors	1 (Rs. 1,000), 1 (Rs. 500), 6 (Rs. 250), 44 (Rs. 175), 5 (Rs. 100), 5 (Rs. 200), 1 (Rs. 1,000).		1,67,114	1,58,400	1,22,024 + 11,025	1,44,000
2.	Assistants and Menials	3 (Rs. 150), 1 (Rs. 80), 1 (Rs. 60), 1 (Rs. 140), 5 (Rs. 56), 5 (Rs. 48), 12 (Rs. 17), 4 (Rs. 18), 1 (Rs. 19).		16,829	18,160	17,345	18,000
3.	Superintendents,	7 (Rs. 30), Medical Officer 1 (Rs. 100).		3,660	3,720	3,790	3,800
4.	Books and Periodicals	...	...	11,947	16,000	4,729 + 896	6,500
5.	Book-binding	...	...	693	3,000	459	1,500
6.	Scholarships	...	...	2,082	3,216	1,866	2,000
7.	Furniture	...	...	1,194	3,000	41	500
8.	Refund of Fees	...	...	37	...	120	100
9.	Stationery and Contingencies	...	...	1,291	2,000	306 + 375	500
10.	Proportion of Electric Expenses	...	...	3,450	9,722	3,276	3,500
11.	" " Municipal Taxes	...	...	...	...	...	2,200
12.	Drill Instructors	...	...	...	1,200	...	1,200
13.	Contribution to the University Corps	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
14.	" " College Athletic Fund	...	...	...	1,000	1,350	1,500
15.	" " for Principal's quarters	...	...	...	3,000	...	...
16.	Printing syllabuses	...	...	1,403	5,320	235	500
17.	Foundation Day Celebration	...	...	825	750	270	750
18.	House rent at Rs. 500 per month	...	...	...	...	...	6,000
19.	Medical Inspection of students	...	...	...	1,200	...	1,200
20.	Miscellaneous	...	...	950	3,000	...	...
TOTAL				2,11,475	2,31,368	1,55,811 + 12,296	1,94,750
Closing balance				56,755	15,687	97,494 - 12,296	92,744
GRAND TOTAL				2,68,230	2,47,055	2,53,305	2,87,494

5.—Hardinge Hostel.

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
HARDINGE HOSTEL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Hostel fees and fines ...	40,888	37,290	39,657	40,000
2. Admission fees ...		480		
3. Forfeiture of caution money ...		320		
4. Sale-proceeds of old utensils ...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	40,888	38,090	39,657	40,000
Opening balance ...	24,410	26,838	26,838	29,834
GRAND TOTAL ...	65,298	64,928	66,495	69,834

EXPENDITURE.

HARDINGE HOSTEL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Officers ...	7,242	11,100	7,640	7,800
Cooks and Servants ...				
Durwans, Bearer, Sweepers and Bhisti				
Messing of Boarders...	21,047	21,360	19,855	21,500
„ Officers ...				
„ Cooks and Servants ..				
Repair of Building ...	1,489	6,000	1,540	2,000
Insurance ...	125	125	125	125
New Furniture ...	1,422	2,000	...	5,000*
„ Utensils, etc. ...				
Repair of Furniture and petty repairs	...	3,000	41	100
Contingencies ...	41	300	13	75
Electric Light expenses	2,967	7,000	3,300 + 198	3,500
„ Installations, repairs and purchase of bulbs				
„ Motor and Pump ...				
Municipal Taxes ...	4,119	4,119	4,119	4,200
Refund ...	8	728	28	...
Total ...	38,460	55,732	36,661 + 198	44,300
Closing balance ...	26,838	9,196	29,834 - 198	25,534
GRAND TOTAL ...	65,298	64,928	66,495	69,834

* Old utensils have been replaced by new ones.

6.— Inspection and General Administration Fund.**RECEIPTS.**

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government grant	25 000	25,000	50,000 ^a	...
Opening balance	18,088	8,420	8,420	25,460
GRAND TOTAL	43,088	33,420	58,420	25,460

EXPENDITURE.

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Inspector of Colleges—				
Salary, 1 (Rs. 800—50—1,000) ...		10,250	9,350	11,750
2. Assistant, 1 (Rs. 150—10—200) ...	12,016	2,210	+ 900 2,090	2,210
3. Peons, 2 (Rs. 17)		450	396	450
4. Travelling Expenses of Inspector and Joint Inspectors.	6,176	6,000	8,406 + 214	8,500
5. Travelling Expenses of Vice-Chancellor ...	...	1,000	...	1,000
6. Travelling allowance to Examiners in practical subjects.	1,258	1,300	665 + 184	850
7. Contingencies	220	200	53	100
8. Contribution to Fee Fund	15,000	12,000	12,000	...
Total	34,668	33,410	32,960 + 1,298	24,860
Closing balance	8,420	10	25,460 - 1,298	600 ^a
GRAND TOTAL	43,088	33,420	58,420	25,460

7.— Travelling Allowance Fund.**RECEIPTS.**

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government grant	5,000	5,000	10,000 ^a	...
Opening balance	30	2,617	2,617	8,715
GRAND TOTAL	5,030	7,617	12,617	8,715

EXPENDITURE.

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Travelling expenses of Fellows and University Teachers, etc., for attending meetings.	2,413	3,000	3,902 + 793	6,000
Closing balance	2,617	4,617	8,715 - 793	2,715
Total	5,030	7,617	12,617	8,715

^a For two years.

8. Ramtanu Lahiri Fellowship Fund.

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sale-proceeds of "Select poems" ...	12,386	11,000	6,270	6,300
" " Investments ...	...	...	15,000	...
Opening balance ...	18,638	8,713	8,713	6,348
GRAND TOTAL ...	31,024	19,713	29,983	12,648

EXPENDITURE.

Salary of the Fellow (Rs. 350) ...	4,200	4,200	3,850 + 350	4,550
Research Assistants (Rs. 400)... ..	2,400	4,800	4,300 + 400	5,200
Investment •	14,231	...	15,000	...
Two gold medals	200	200	200	200
Paper for and binding "Select Poems" ...	1,280	1,500	220	1,500
Contingencies ... ..	...	100	65	100
Total	22,311	10,800	23,635 + 700	11,550
Closing balance	8,713	8,913	6,348 — 700	1,098
GRAND TOTAL	31,024	19,713	29,983	12,648

9. Students' Mess Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Government grant	17,415	13,128	13,128	13,128
Seat-rent	67,622	68,000	52,850	53,000
Total	85,037	81,128	65,978	66,128
Opening balance	—7,358	—5,671	—5,671	—10,744
GRAND TOTAL	77,679	75,457	60,307	55,384

Students' Mess Fund.

EXPENDITURE.

Inspector (Rs 200—20—300)	6,004	3,580	3,530	3,600
Conveyance allowance of the Inspector (Rs. 50).		360	600	600
Assistants 2 (Rs. 50—5—80)		1,500	1,400	1,610
Peons 1 (Rs 19), 1 (Rs. 17)		450	621	450
Contingencies	216	200	428	400
House-rent	77,130	77,200	64,382	64,500
TOTAL	83,350	83,290	71,051	71,160
Closing balance	—5,671	—7,833	—10,744	—15,776*
GRAND TOTAL	77,679	75,457	60,307	55,384

* This deficit is due from the Government of Bengal.

10. Readership Fund.

RECEIPTS.

		Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government Grant and Refund ...	...	4,000	4,000	4,017	4,000
Opening balance ...	...	10,006	11,039	11,039	11,056
Total ...	...	14,006	15,039	15,056	15,056

EXPENDITURE.

Readers' Honoraria and Travelling Expenses ...	...	2,967	15,000	4,000	15,000
Closing balance ...	...	11,039	39	11,056	56
Total ...	...	14,006	15,039	15,056	15,056

11. Minto Professorship Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Government Grant ...	...	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
Opening balance ...	...	6,944	5,944	5,944	7,944
Total ...	...	19,944	18,944	18,944	20,944

EXPENDITURE.

Salary and Trav. Exp. of the Professor (Rs. 1,000)	...	14,000	14,000	11,000 + 1,000	13,000
Closing balance ...	...	5,944	4,944	7,944 - 1,000	7,944
Total ...	...	19,944	18,944	18,944	20,944

12. Hardinge Professorship Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Government Grant ...	...	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Opening balance ...	...	8,149	3,949	3,949	1,099
Total ...	...	20,149	15,949	15,949	13,099

EXPENDITURE.

Salary and Allowance of Professor (Rs. 1,350)...	...	16,200	15,949	14,850 + 1,350	10,800 ^a
Closing balance ...	...	3,949	...	1,099 - 1,350	2,299
Total ...	...	20,149	15,949	15,949	13,099

^a Term of the present Professor will expire on the 31-11-22.

13. George V Professorship Fund.**RECEIPTS.**

			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government grant	...	...	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Opening balance	...	...	19,000	20,065	20,065	19,560
		Total	31,000	32,065	32,065	31,560

EXPENDITURE.

Salary of Professor (Rs. 1,000) and Pension contribution.	10,935	15,000	12,505 + 1,000	14,200
Closing balance	20,065	17,065	19,560 - 1,000	17,860
	Total	31,000	32,065	32,065
				31,560

14. Carmichael Professorship Fund.

			Rs.
3½ per cent. G. P. Notes	...	...	50,000
4 " Debentures	...	...	30,000
6 " Ten-year Bonds	...	...	21,600
TOTAL			1,01,600

RECEIPTS.

Interest on Investments	...	...	3,612	4,246	4,246	4,246
Sale-proceeds of "	...	...	21,632	...	...	...
Sale-proceeds of Sanskrit Grammar and Selections	...	...	17,353	16,000	12,384	12,500
		Total	42,597	20,246	16,630	16,746
Opening balance	...	...	14,054	8,127	8,127	2,532
		GRAND TOTAL	56,651	28,373	24,757	19,278

EXPENDITURE.

Salary of Professor (Rs. 1,250)	...	...	17,645	18,000	15,750 + 1,250	16,250
Pension contribution of Professor	...	...	2,470	3,060	2,750 + 250	3,000
Cost of paper and binding Sanskrit Selection and Grammar, and Proof Reading.	...	...	6,800	5,000	3,714	...
Bank Commission	...	...	9	20	11	10
Investments	...	...	21,600	...	...	...
		Total	48,524	26,020	22,225 + 1,500	19,260
Closing balance	...	...	8,127	2,353	2,532 - 1,500	18
		GRAND TOTAL	56,651	28,373	24,757	19,278

15. Sir Rashbehary Ghose Fund.

FIRST GIFT.

4 per cent. Calcutta Municipal and Port Trust Debenture ... Rs. 10,00,000.

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Interest ...	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Contribution from Fee Fund for H. A. of Professors.	2,700	4,800	3,426	2,400
Mis. ...	72	...	234	...
Opening balance ...	5,515	6,659	6,659	7,460
GRAND TOTAL ...	48,287	51,459	50,319	49,860

EXPENDITURE.

Salary of Professor of Mathematics (Rs. 500) ...	6,000	6,000	5,134	4,500
" " Physics (" 500) ...	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
" " Chemistry (" 500) ...	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
" " Botany (" 500) ...	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
House allowances of Professors ...	2,700	4,800	3,426	2,400
Scholarships ... 8 (Rs. 75) ...	4,350	7,200	6,558	7,200
Bank Commission and Stamped Cheques ...	113	110	112	110
Travelling Expenses ...	1,215	1,500	446	...
Contribution for Laboratory ...	8,500	8,000	8,000	10,200*
Research grant for the Physics Professor ...	...	1,000	...	...
" " Chemistry " ...	750	1,000	...	...
" " Botany " ...	...	1,000	1,183	...
TOTAL ...	41,628	48,610	42,859	42,410
Closing balance ...	6,659	2,849	7,460	7,450
GRAND TOTAL ...	48,287	51,459	50,319	49,860

* Physics Department—Rs. 2,400 ; Chemistry Department—Rs. 3,400 ; Botany Department—Rs. 3,400.

SECOND GIFT.

3½ per cent. G. P. Notes ... Rs. 11,43,000.

RECEIPTS.

Interest ...	40,005	68,750	76,304	40,005
Market Value of 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes for Rs. 10,50,000 withdrawn from Bank.	...	...	6,24,750	...
Contribution from Fee Fund ...	1,500	2,400	2,400	2,400
Mis. ...	64	...	271	...
Opening balance ...	10,387	7,586	7,586	25,637
GRAND TOTAL ...	51,956	78,736	7,11,311	68,042

EXPENDITURE.

Salary of Professor of Applied Chemistry (Rs. 500).	4,758	6,000	6,000	6,000
" " Physics (" 500) ...	3,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
House allowances of Professors ...	1,500	2,400	2,400	2,400
Demonstrator (Rs. 200) ...	1,200	2,400	2,053	2,400
Draughtersstaff (Rs. 150) ...	285	1,800	1,650	1,800
Laboratory for Applied Chemistry Dept. ...	30,000	10,000	12,090	10,000
Bank Commission ...	102	2,700	2,693	150
Scholarship ...	525	1,800	1,200	3,600
Travelling Expenses ...	3,000	1,500	58	...
Workshop ...	...	25,000	25,000	25,000
Grant to Professor of Physics ...	...	3,000	1,530	10,000
Investment on Mortgage ...	...	...	6,25,000	...
TOTAL ...	44,370	62,600	6,85,674	67,350
Closing balance ...	7,586	16,136	25,637	692
GRAND TOTAL ...	51,956	78,736	7,11,311	68,042

16. Sir Taraknath Palit Fund (First Trust).

	Rs.
(1) 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes (Interest Rs. 5,005) ...	1,43,000
(2) 4 per cent. C. M. D. (Interest Rs. 6,800) ...	1,70,000
(3) 5 per cent. War Loan (Interest Rs. 2,480) ...	49,600
(4) 4½ per cent. (S. N. T.) Mortgage (Interest Rs. 4,800) ...	1,00,000
(5) 250 Delhi-Saharanpur Light By. Co.'s Shares (Dividend Rs. 1,750) ...	25,000
(6) 145 Barasat-Basirhat " " (Dividend " 580) ...	14,500
(7) 125 Olive Mills Co.'s A Preference " (Dividend " 875) ...	12,500

Total ... 5,14,600

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Interests and Dividends ...	23,235	23,235	17,562	27,490*
Contribution from Second Trust for H. A. of Professor of Physics.	...	...	...	1,500
TOTAL ...	23,235	23,235	17,562	28,990
Opening balance ...	16,667	6,717	6,717	- 5,083
GRAND TOTAL ...	39,902	29,952	24,279	23,907

* Includes Rs. 5,300 being the unrealised income of last year.

EXPENDITURE.

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Salary of Professor of Chemistry (Rs. 800— 50—1,000).	11,748	12,000	12,000	12,000
Salary of Professor of Physics (Rs. 800—50 —1,000).	11,347	12,000	11,948	12,000
House allowance of Professor of Physics (Rs. 125).	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Scholarship 3 (Rs. 100) ...	6,050	3,600	3,850	...
Bank Commission and Stamped Cheques ...	40	50	64	65
Travelling expenses ...	2,500	...	...	...
Total ...	33,185	29,150	29,362	25,565
Closing balance ...	6,717	802	- 5,083	- 1,658
GRAND TOTAL ...	39,902	29,952	24,279	23,907

17. Sir Taraknath Palit Fund (Second Trust).

	Rs.
(1) 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes (Interest Rs. 7,689) ...	2,19,700
(2) 4 per cent. C. M. D. (Interest Rs. 2,600) ...	65,000
(3) 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 (Interest Rs. 3,575) ...	65,000
(4) 33 Imperial Bank of India Shares (Dividend Rs. 2,640) ...	16,500
(5) 6 per cent. (N. N. D. & B. N. D.) Mortgage ...	3,000
(6) 6 per cent. (H. K. S.) ...	1,750
(7) Land and House property (Rent Rs. 1,965) ...	70,481

Total ... 4,41,431

RECEIPTS.

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Interests, Dividends and House-rents ...	20,324	22,700	19,025	18,470
Repayment of Loan ...	...	1,000	500	600
Sale-proceeds of property ...	7,597	...	...	...
Contribution from Fee Fund for house allow- ance of Professors.	1,003	...	2,400	2,400
Refund and Miscellaneous ...	...	...	150	...
Total ...	28,921	23,700	22,125	21,470
Opening balance ...	20,558	13,975	13,975	10,501
GRAND TOTAL ...	49,479	37,675	36,100	31,971

EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Investment	2,750	1,000	10,080	...
Rents and Taxes, etc.	2,136	2,500	2,464	2,500
Bank Commission and Stamped Cheques	54	50	32	35
Miss Rani Palit Annuity	255	180	180	180
Repair of house property	4,820	2,000	25	1,000
Insurance of buildings ... ..	...	...	...	250
Salary of Assistant Professors and Assistants 2 (Rs. 250—25—300), 1 (Rs. 200—25—300), 1 (Rs. 100), 1 (Rs. 150).	9,900	14,700	12,848	12,300
Contribution for Laboratory	15,000	12,000	...	...
to First Trust for H. A. of Prof. of Physics.	...	...	...	1,500
Research Grants	589	3,000	...	...
Research Scholars ... ..	...	...	...	4,200
TOTAL	35,504	35,430	25,599	21,965
Closing balance	18,975	2,245	10,501	10,006
GRAND TOTAL	49,479	37,675	36,100	31,971

18. Sir Taraknath Palit Foreign Scholarship Fund.

	Rs.
(1) 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 (Interest Rs. 275) ...	5,000
(2) 6 per cent. U. P. Bonds (Interest Rs. 5,478) ...	91,300
(3) 6 per cent. U. P. Bonds (Interest Rs. 600) ...	10,000
Total ...	1,06,300

RECEIPTS.

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Interest	846	14,500	14,249	6,353
Sale-proceeds of 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 for Rs. 10,000.	...	...	...	9,500
Repayment (A) Loan ... ..	...	85,000	85,000	...
(B) Scholarship ... ..	...	9,217	9,424	...
Total	846	1,08,717	1,08,673	15,853
Opening balance	15,364	- 1,916	- 1,916	1,260
GRAND TOTAL	16,210	1,06,801	1,06,757	17,113

EXPENDITURE.

Scholarship	18,128	9,600	11,288	5,200
Investment ... ..	...	96,069	94,209	...
Total	18,128	1,05,669	1,05,497	5,200
Closing balance	- 1,916	1,132	1,260	11,913
GRAND TOTAL	16,210	1,06,801	1,06,757	17,113

CHAIRMAN FUND.

	Rs.
6 per cent Bonds ...	3,90,000
5½ " War Bonds ...	10,000
Mortgage (12 per cent.) ...	60,000
" (6 ") ...	90,000
Total ...	5,50,000

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1920-21.	Budget, 1921-22.	Actuals, 1921-22.	Budget, 1922-23.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sale-proceeds of 5½ per cent. War Bonds	60,170	...
Interest	22,250	23,643	36,550.
Miscellaneous	125	...
Total	22,250	83,938	8
Opening balance	5,386
GRAND TOTAL	83,938	41,936

EXPENDITURE.

Paid to Receiver of the High Court ...	...	2,950	2,950	...
Salary of Professor of—				
Fine Arts ...	...	4,000	4,000	6,000
Chemistry ...	...	4,500	4,400	6,000
Physics ...	...	3,500	3,400	6,000
Agriculture ...	...	3,500	3,000	6,000
Phonetics ...	...	...	...	4,000
Investment ...	...	...	60,000	...
Scholarships ...	...	...	525	3,600
Bank commission ...	...	...	277	300
Research grants ...	...	...	...	4,500 ^a
Total ...	...	18,450	78,552	36,400
Closing balance ...	...	3,800	5,386	5,536
GRAND TOTAL ...	...	22,250	83,938	41,936

^a Professor of Physics—Rs. 1,500; Professor of Chemistry—Rs. 1,500; Professor of Agriculture—Rs. 1,500.

J. C. GHOSH, Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, the 11th September 1922.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Notice under section 47 (3) of Bengal Act V of 1911.

IT is hereby notified that the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta have applied to the Local Government for sanction to Improvement Scheme No. XVIIIA (Eden Hospital Road to Chatawalla Gullee) which was originally published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and in local newspapers on the 8th February 1922.

T. EMERSON, *Chairman, Calcutta Improvement Trust.*

CALCUTTA, the 13th January 1923.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Water-works station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 23rd December 1922.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1922.							
17th Dec.	55.15	10.2	55.25	...	...	55.0	H. T. at 10-12. F. T. at 8-3.
18th "	55.0	11-10	55.25	6-20	54.75	54.8	H. T. at 11-13. F. T. at 7-50.
19th "	54.95	12-0	55.2	7-40	54.6	54.75	H. T. at 12-17. F. T. at 8-25.
20th "	54.9	1-12	55.15	8-20	54.55	54.75	H. T. at 1-30. F. T. at 9-15.
21st "	54.8	2-20	55.15	9-10	54.35	54.4	H. T. at 2-35. F. T. at 10-25.
22nd "	54.65	3-12	55.1	10-20	54.1	54.2	H. T. at 3-30. F. T. at 11-25.
23rd "	54.65	4-15	55.05	11-12	54.0	54.05	H. T. at 4-30.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			High.		
27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide.
5th September	1909	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	68.45
13th "	1912	...	...	67.10
31st "	1915	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	69.12
2nd "	1919	...	...	68.8
9th September	1920	66.4	Taken at low tide.
28th July	1921	...	...	68.4
Low.					
23rd February	1907	...	...	51.06
13th "	1908	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	50.80
22nd February	1915	...	...	50.80
15th "	1916	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	51.40
26th "	1919	...	...	50.4
18th "	1920	...	...	50.9
19th "	1921	...	...	50.9

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works = - 48.51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

B. CHATTERJI, for *Executive Engineer,*

CALCUTTA, the 3th January 1923.

Khulna Division.



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 454A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 383A.—*The 16th January 1923.*—Mr. S. E. Stinton, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, is appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly.

No. 386A.—*The 16th January 1923.*—Mr. D. C. Patterson, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, is appointed to be Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas.

No. 430A.—*The 18th January 1923.*—Maulvi Tauhiduddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector on probation, Bogra, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dinajpur district.

POLICE.—No. 378A.—*The 16th January 1923.*—In modification of notification No. 164A., dated the 6th January 1923, Mr. C. S. Buckner, probationary Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dinajpur district on the termination of his training in settlement work.

No. 416A.—The 18th January 1923.—Mr. E. H. Corbett, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Intelligence Branch, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, in addition to his own duties.

Calcutta.
No. 428A.—The 18th January 1923.—Mr. E. H. Le Brocq, probationary Assistant Superintendent of Police, who has been selected by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council and allotted to Bengal, is appointed by the Governor in Council to be an Assistant District Superintendent of Police for the purposes of the Police Act, 1861 (Act V of 1861), and is posted to the Police Training College at Sardah, Rajshahi, with effect from the date on which he has joined.

Rajshahi.
ECCLIESIASTICAL.—No. 425A.—The 18th January 1923.—The Reverend Thomas Stafford Devlin, M.A., is appointed to be Chaplain of St. Thomas' Church, Howrah, with effect from the 8th January 1923.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 376A.—The 15th January 1923.—Mr. Srigopal Bhattacharji, Magistrate and Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay up to the 5th February 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th August 1922.

No. 407A.—The 17th January 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 21st September 1922 and the 27th November 1922, Maulvi Abdul Majid, No. 11, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for five months and twenty-six days, with effect from the 7th October 1922, viz., leave on average pay for four months and fifteen days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the note thereunder, and leave on half average pay for one month and eleven days, under article 81 (d) of those rules.

POLICE.—No. 395A.—The 17th January 1923.—Major P. A. R. Pritchard, Superintendent of Police, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for three months.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 189Pl.—The 18th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Mehendiganj police-station, in the district of Bakarganj, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following Schedules A and B which have hitherto been included in that police-station shall be included in the police-stations Muladi and Barisal respectively, in the same district :—

Bakarganj.

Schedule A.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Mehendiganj.
1. *Kazir char	... Revenue Survey No. 1633.
2. Commissioner's char	... " " 3522.
3. Decree char	... " " 3523.
4. Char Misua	... " " 3525.

* Of Char Hasmaddi, Revenue Survey No. 1633.

Schedule B.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Mehendiganj.
1. †Char Chandra Mohan	... Revenue Survey No. 1583.
2. †Bheduria Tum char	... ..
3. †Hokkar char	... ..
4. Char Sinherkati	... Revenue Survey No. 3519.
5. West Keutia	... " " 1585.

† Shown in the jurisdiction list as Ghagra Tum char including Tum char.

No. 190Pl.—The 18th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Badartuni police-station, in the district of Bakarganj, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule which have hitherto been included in that police-station shall be included in the police-station Mehendiganj in the same district:—

<i>Schedule.</i>				General jurisdiction list number of thana Mehendiganj.
Names of villages.				
1.	Debua South Char	...	...	1456
2.	Debua	...	...	1241
3.	Char Bausia	...	...	1242
4.	Char Memania	...	...	1243

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

— No. 455A.

POWERS.

No. 391A.—The 17th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Surendra Nath Ray, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Dacca, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 393A.—The 17th January 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Ray, Deputy Magistrate, Dacca, is vested with the powers under section 133 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 366J.—The 15th January 1923.—Babu Santosh Kumar Mitra, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Rangpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Kurigaon, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Phanindra Kumar Singh, or until further orders.

No. 380J.—The 15th January 1923.—Babu Narendra Nath De, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at Narail, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Surendra Nath Ray, or until further orders.

No. 383J.—The 16th January 1923.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ballav, munsif, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Burdwan, to be ordinarily stationed at Asansol, and is vested with the functions of a District Court, under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Asansol munsifi.

No. 385J.—The 16th January 1923.—Babu Dinesh Charan Ray, munsif, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Hathazari.

No. 392J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Anath Nath Mitra the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Midnapore, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Ghatal subdivision of the said district, and
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Chandrakona bench in the said district.

No. 394J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Sricharan Bag the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Midnapore, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Ghatal bench in the said district.

No. 396J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Suchandra Mukharji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bankura, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sadar Independent Bench in the said district.

No. 398J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Bidhu Bhusan Singh the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Kandi subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Kandi bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 400J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Haji Khundkar Muhammad Mahasan the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kandi bench in the said district.

No. 402J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the gentlemen named below to be Presidency Magistrates in Calcutta and to empower each of them to sit singly as a Presidency Magistrate—

Calcutta.

- (1) Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray.
- (2) Rai Debendra Prasad Bagchi Bahadur.
- (3) Mr. Nityananda Bhar.

No. 403J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the gentlemen named below to be Presidency Magistrates in Calcutta—

Calcutta.

- (1) Mr. S. M. Zackariah.
- (2) „ L. M. Medley.
- (3) „ John Cottle.
- (4) „ Syed Ali Mahammad Shoostri.
- (5) Babu Gokul Chand Boral.

No. 404J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower each of the Presidency Magistrates, Calcutta, named below to sit singly as a Presidency Magistrate—

Calcutta.

- (1) Mr. Noor Mahmud Ismail.
- (2) Rai Fanindra Lal De Bahadur.
- (3) Babu Barendra Nath Mitra.

No. 410J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Wajihuddin Ahmad the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Rajshahi, for a period of three years from the 18th February 1923 in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district ;
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

He is also vested with the powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 412J.—The 11th January 1923.—The orders of the 10th October 1922, appointing Sub-Assistant Surgeon Upendra Chandra Chakrabatti, as an Honorary Magistrate of the Munshiganj bench in the district of Dacca, are cancelled.

LEAVE.

No. 368J.—The 3rd January 1923.—Babu Basanta Kumar Ray, munsif of Iswarganj, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for eight days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules with effect from the 11th December 1922.

No. 369J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Ray, munsif of Narail, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay from the 20th November to the 22nd December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 370J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Raj Kumar Basu, munsif of Sudharam, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 19th January 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay from the 20th to the 31st January 1923, under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 371J.—The 5th January 1923.—Babu Phanindra Kumar Singh, munsif of Kurigaon, in the district of Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay for forty days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

POWERS.

No. 378J.—The 15th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Rai Sahib Nilmoni Bhattacharji, an Honorary Magistrate of the Berhampore bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Murshidabad, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

- (a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and
- (b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him when sitting singly, within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district.

No. 407J.—The 16th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Sarada Prasad Bhaerji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Midnapore, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884) and the by-laws framed thereunder and under the Police Act, V of 1861, occurring within the municipality of Kharar as may be made over to him sitting at Kharar.

No. 419J.—The 18th January 1923.—Babu Indu Bhusan Mallik, an Honorary Magistrate of the Meherpur bench, in the district of Nadia, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Indu Bhusan Mallik, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Nadia, to order at the time of passing sentences of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

No. 421J.—The 10th January 1923.—In modification of the orders of the 24th November 1922, Babu Atul Chandra Ganguli, munsif of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (of which three days on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), with effect from the 23rd October 1922, in combination of the civil court vacation of 1922, under articles 81 (b) (ii) and 82 of the Fundamental Rules.

Jessore.

G. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 88L.S.-G.—The 16th January 1923.—The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (k) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in the rules published under notification No. 1998L.S.-G., dated the 3rd July 1920, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 22nd February 1923, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned through district officers before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment

Add the following explanation at the end of rule 2 of the said rules:—

Explanation.—For the purpose of this rule an employee of Government or local authority or Company, occupying a house provided by his employer, shall not be deemed to occupy that house if his occupation is essential in the interest of his employer. In such cases the occupation will be the occupation by Government, local authority or Company, as the case may be.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 112Medl.—The 19th January 1923.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. D. Megaw, M.D., I.M.S., Director and Professor of Tropical Medicine, School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, Calcutta, is allowed an extension of study leave for six days under rule 5 of the Study Leave Rules of Indian Medical Service Officers, with effect from the 29th October 1922 to the 3rd November 1922.

Calcutta.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 98P.H.—The 17th January 1923.—In pursuance of section 37F of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), it is hereby notified, for general information, that the scheme submitted by the Commissioners of the Pittagarh Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for providing sewerage to that municipality has been approved by the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) and that the particulars of the said scheme are as follows:—

24-Parganas.

- (a) The scheme provides for the construction of sewers, remodelling of surface drains and widening of roads in the town. The sewage is to be discharged at a central pumping station from which it will be pumped to outfall works where it will be purified and finally disposed of on land. Besides the sewage proper, the town sullage and also rain water (up to a dilution of six times the estimated daily dry weather flow) will be disposed of. The scheme is designed to serve an ultimate population of 100,000 persons.

The pumping plant will consist of crude oil engines and centrifugal pumps arranged in suitable units to deal with the daily and seasonal fluctuation in flow.

- (b) The estimated cost of the scheme is Rs. 10,90,272 including land acquisition.
 (c) The estimated cost of maintenance is Rs. 20,000 per annum.
 (d) The estimated cost of the work will be met as follows :—

	Rs.
A.—Grant from Government	3,55,424
B.—Contribution from the mills with interest accrued and accruing thereon	7,34,848
Total	10,90,272

- (e) The annual charge of Rs. 20,000 will be met from the savings expected under the head ' Conservancy ' when the scheme is in operation.

2. The said scheme will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st April 1923 and any objections or suggestions with regard thereto which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 773, dated Calcutta, the 13th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Dabiruddin Ahmad is appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta.

No. 775, dated Calcutta, the 13th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Akhil Ranjan Majumdar is appointed Registrar of Medical cases, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, vice Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Chandra Aich.

No. 771, dated Calcutta, the 13th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Ganesh Chandra Sarkar, House Physician, Second Physician's Ward, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, is placed on supernumerary duty at that Hospitals, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his present charge.

No. 851, dated Calcutta, the 16th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Benode Behari Hajra is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from 8th January 1923.

No. 862, dated Calcutta, the 16th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Bidhu Blusan Pal, on return from leave, did supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, from 6th to 28th December 1922, both days inclusive.

No. 865, dated Calcutta, the 16th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Surendra Nath Ghosh, II, is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from 5th January 1923.

No. 868, dated Calcutta, the 16th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Dharendra Nath Sen did supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, from 28th to 30th December 1922, both days inclusive.

No. 870, dated Calcutta, the 16th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Dharendra Nath Sen is appointed to act at the Arambagh subdivision and dispensary, Hooghly district, with effect from 2nd January 1923, vice Assistant Surgeon Monojnath Gupta.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 36 Edn.—The 8th January 1923.—Babu Sisir Kumar Bardhan, Lecturer, Hooghly College, in the Bengal Educational Service, was allowed leave on average pay from the 26th October to the 22nd December 1922 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 37 Edn.—The 8th January 1923.—Babu Tarapada Sanyal was appointed to act as Lecturer, Hooghly College, and in the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 6th November 1922, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sisir Kumar Bardhan.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 171Edn.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Adyanath Roy, head master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, with effect from the 1st February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of the leave, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 172Edn.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Asutosh Sarkar, assistant head master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, Calcutta, is appointed to act as head master of the school and in the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Babu Adyanath Roy, granted leave, or until further orders.

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 168Edn.—The 19th January 1923.—In resolution No. 119Edn., dated the 13th January 1923, published at pages 63-65 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th January 1923, for "Rs. 55" in line 26, paragraph 4 (a), read "Rs. 40."

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 89Mis.—The 18th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Nazir Ahmed to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Baruipur, Protappnagar, Canning and Sonarpur, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 90Mis.—The 18th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Nazir Ahmed to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Baruipur, Protappnagar, Canning and Sonarpur, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 99Mis.—The 19th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 18 (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to direct that the two inscribed pillars at Paikore in the district of Birbhum, which contain inscriptions of the Chedi King Karna and of Vijayasena and are now lying under the shade of a tree by the side of a tank, shall not be moved unless with the written permission of the Collector of that district.

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

CORRIGENDUM.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 95 Mis.—The 18th January 1923.—In Government Resolution No. 44Mis., dated the 2nd January 1923, published in the supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, for sub-paragraph 2 (b) of the Resolution, substitute the following:—

"2(b). There are at present four Inspectors of Registration Offices on the cadre, but all these appointments are at the moment not filled. Orders regarding all posts of Inspectors of Registration Offices are deferred until the report of the Retrenchment Committee is received."

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

Calcutta, the 9th January 1923.

No. 14 A.—Babu Bisweswar Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Onda Circle, in the district of Bankura, on Rs. 110 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twenty-six days, with effect from 5th February 1923.

He is also permitted to prefix Sunday, the 4th February 1923 and to affix the Doljatra holiday, the 3rd March 1923, and Sunday, the 4th March 1923 to his leave.

No. 15 A.—Babu Charu Chandra Das Gupta, assistant master (Science teacher), Ansanullah School of Engineering, Dacca, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 175 per mensem), is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for fifteen days, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

He is permitted to prefix the Christmas and the New Year's day holidays to his leave.

No. 16 A.—The following arrangement is sanctioned :—

Babu Sarat Chandra De, F. A., L. T., Sub-Inspector of Schools, Rangpur Sadar, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Jalpaiguri, on Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Promotha Nath Das Gupta on deputation.

No. 17 A.—In modification of this office notification No. 902-A (2), dated the 19th December 1922, Srimati Ushabala Dovi is appointed to act as assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date she joins the appointment, *vice* Miss Anasuya Sinha, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 18 A.—Maulvi Izzatullah, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mukshndpur, Faridpur (*sub-pro tem*), on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay under rule, 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules for four months, with effect from the 3rd January 1923.

2. Maulvi Dewan Ali is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of schools, Mukshndpur, Faridpur, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Izzatullah, on leave.

No. 19 A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 879 A., dated the 11th December 1922, Babu Jyotish Chandra Sikdar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chhatra, Bankura, on Rs. 75—5—200, now drawing Rs. 145 per mensem, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

He is permitted to prefix the Christmas and New Year's day holidays to his leave.

The 10th January 1923.

No. 20 A.—Babu Kanai Lal Das, M.A., assistant master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 90 a month), is appointed to act as Lecturer in Logic, Chittagong College, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, *vice* Dr. Nalini Kumar Dutt, temporarily promoted to the Bengal Educational Service.

No. 21 A.—Maulvi Muhammad Khalil, assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 80 per mensem), is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for the period from 24th November 1922 to 9th December 1922, both days inclusive, in extension of the leave granted in this office notification No. 876 A., dated the 7th December 1922.

The 11th January 1923.

No. 22 A.—Maulvi Badiul Alam, Arabic teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three months, with effect from 6th January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

2. Maulvi Muhammad Quasem is appointed to act as Arabic teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 60 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Badiul Alam, on leave, or until further orders.

The 12th January 1923.

No. 23A.—The orders published in this office notification No. 899A., dated the 19th December 1922, granting leave on average pay for two months with effect from the 13th December 1922, to Babu Srish Chandra Guha, assistant master, Bethune Collegiate School, are hereby cancelled.

No. 24A.—Babu Bepin Chandra Chakravarti, assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now drawing Rs. 110 per month, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month and ten days, with effect from 2nd January 1923.

He is also permitted to retain a duty lien upon his appointment as Librarian of the school during his absence.

He is also permitted to prefix the Christmas and the New Year's day holidays to his leave.

2. Maulvi Syed Ali Ahmed is appointed to act as assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Bepin Chandra Chakravarty, on leave, on until further orders.

No. 25A.—Babu Sarat Kumar Banerjee is appointed to act as assistant, Physical Laboratory, Rajshahi College, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from 27th November 1922, *vice* Babu Kalipada Ghosh, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 26A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Miss Daisy Bose, assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 175 per mensem), is appointed on probation for one year, to be assistant head mistress, Bethune Collegiate School and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date on which she joins the appointment, *vice* Mrs. Victoria David, resigned.

(2) Pending the arrival of Miss Daisy Bose, Babu Nikunja Behari De, assistant master, Bethune Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 145 per month) is appointed to act as assistant head master, Bethune Collegiate School and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the 5th January 1923, *vice* Mrs. Victoria David, resigned.

The 13th January 1923.

No. 27A.—Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha, Lecturer in Naya, Sanskrit College, on Rs. 190 in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, is granted leave for six months, with effect from the 23rd December 1922, *viz.*, leave on average pay for four months and on half average pay for two months.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 16.—*The 16th January 1923.*—Maulvi Khundkar Abu Muhammad Fazlul Karim, Sub-Registrar of Kalihati, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 17.—*The 16th January 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Sarwarjan, Sub-Registrar of Muksudpur, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 534, dated the 7th December 1922.

No. 18.—*The 16th January 1923.*—Qara Husain Qaisar Mirza, Sub-Registrar, grade III, on leave, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Bolpur, in the district of Birbhum, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Maulvi Abdus Samad Khan, on leave.

No. 19.—*The 16th January 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Shujauddin, Sub-Registrar, grade IV (sub. *pro tempore*), Alipore, in the district of 24-Parganas, is appointed to the until further orders as Sub-Registrar of Sonamukhi, in the district of Bankura, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Babu Kamakhya Kumar Banarji, on leave.

No. 20.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Jaynagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 8, (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the afternoon of the 8th January 1923.

24-Parganas.
No. 21.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Jatindra Nath Basu, Sub-Registrar, grade V of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Jaynagar, in the same district, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Surendra Nath Mukherji, or until further orders, with effect from the afternoon of the 8th January 1923.

Chittagong.
No. 22.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Bhupati Ranjan Sen, probationer of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for two days under subsidiary rules framed under rule 104 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Sub-Registrar of Fatikchhari, in the same district, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th December 1922.

Chittagong.
No. 23.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Promode Ranjan Barua, Sub-Registrar, grade V of Chittagong, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Fatikchhari, in the same district, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th December 1922.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 143Mis.—The 18th January 1923.—Under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Bengal Amusements Tax Act, 1922, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise Babu Surendra Nath Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, to enter any place of entertainment within the Municipality of Dacca with a view to seeing whether the provisions of chapter I of the said Act or any rules made thereunder are being complied with.

Dacca.
No. 144Mis.—The 18th January 1923.—Under rule 12 of the rules made under sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Bengal Amusements Tax Act, 1922, published under Notification No. 2928Mis., dated the 16th September 1922, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Surendra Nath Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, to be the officer referred to in clauses (1) and (2) of that rule, and to authorise him to exercise all the functions of that officer within the Municipality of Dacca.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 40Com.—The 4th January 1923.—The following draft of amendments which, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council and in exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for regulating the importation, possession, and transport of petroleum, published under the Government of Bengal, Marine Department, notification No. 143Marine, dated the 30th November 1914, and subsequently amended, are published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft amendments will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th March 1923, and any objections or suggestions with regard thereto received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

For rules 7 and 8 of Chapter I of Part II of the said rules the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“7. The efficiency of every lightning conductor connected with an installation shall be tested at least once every year, in the manner prescribed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives, by an officer appointed in that behalf by the licensing authority; and any such officer shall

Testing of lightning conductors.

Service Regulations on account of journeys and halts made for the purpose of two such inspections :—

	Rs.
Boilers up to 100 sq. ft. H.S. Rs. 20 and two additional fees of Rs. 40, <i>i.e.</i> , Rs. 60	
„ from 101 sq. ft. H.S. to 300 sq. ft. H.S. Rs. 25 and two additional fees of Rs. 50, <i>i.e.</i> , 75	
„ „ 301 „ „ „ 500 „ „ „ „ 30 „ „ 60, <i>i.e.</i> , 90	
„ „ 501 „ „ „ 700 „ „ „ „ 35 „ „ 70, <i>i.e.</i> , 105	
„ „ 701 „ „ „ 900 „ „ „ „ 40 „ „ 80, <i>i.e.</i> , 120	
„ „ 901 „ „ „ 1,100 „ „ „ „ 45 „ „ 90, <i>i.e.</i> , 135	
„ above 1,100 „ „ „ „ 50 „ „ 100, <i>i.e.</i> , 150	

An additional fee of Rs. 50 shall be charged for the inspection of a boiler on a Sunday, Christmas Day, New Year's Day, Good Friday and King's Birthday. Of the additional fee so charged one-half shall be paid to the Inspector and the balance credited to the Steam Boiler Fund.

Formula for calculating heating surface.

The heating surface for these purposes may be defined generally as the total surface of all plates and tubes exposed to heat on one side and in contact with water on the other, measured on the water side. For Lancashire and Cornish boilers the total heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the furnaces between the end plates and of cross tubes, where fitted, and the part of the external shell below the side flue covers. In estimating the areas, furnaces may be considered as plain cylinders, the area of their wetted surface is to be taken as their mean external circumference \times the length of the boiler between end plates. For the shell the width of that part of the circumference below the flue covers is to be taken as πD , and this width \times the length between end plates is to be taken as the area of shell heating surface. The part of the surface of the back end plate exposed to heat is to be neglected.

The formula for the total heating surface of a Lancashire boiler having plain furnaces without cross-tubes is therefore H. S. in square feet $= 2L (3.14d + D)$. L is the length of the boiler between end plates, D is the mean external diameter of the largest belt of shell, d is the diameter of furnace flue all sizes in feet.

For steam and water drums of water tube boilers the heating surface of the drum may be taken as half the external mean circumference into the clear length of drum between the outer brick walls or centres of cross boxes as the case may be. The surface of the tubes may be taken as the external surface of the inclined tubes between tube plate and headers. The heating surface of the headers is to be neglected.

For Marine type boilers the heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the furnaces between the tube plates (considered in the same way as for Lancashire boilers), the wetted surface of the combustion chambers (less the area of the tube holes) and the wetted surface of the tubes between tube plates. The parts of the front tube plate exposed to heat are to be neglected.

For Locomotive type boilers the heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the fire-box above the foundation ring (less the area of the tubes and the fire-hole and ring) and the wetted surface of the tubes between tube plates. The smoke box tube plate is to be neglected.

For vertical boilers of ordinary type the heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the fire-box above the foundation ring (less the area of fire-hole and ring and tube holes, if any) and the wetted surface of any cross or other tubes and uptake below the lowest water level shown in the gauge-glass. For any other heating surface not provided for in the foregoing instructions the same general procedure shall be observed. No deduction should be made for stays, etc., in calculating the heating surface.

4. *De'eta* rule XXII of the said rules.

5. In column 2 of Division II of Form No. 1 for the word "horse-power" substitute the words "Heating Surface".

6. In Division IV of Form No. 1 for the existing scale of fees substitute the following, namely :—

	Rs.
Boilers up to 100 square feet heating surface ...	20
„ from 101 square feet H. S. to 300 square feet H. S. ...	25
„ „ 301 „ „ „ 500 „ „ „ ...	30
„ „ 501 „ „ „ 700 „ „ „ ...	35
„ „ 701 „ „ „ 900 „ „ „ ...	40
„ „ 901 „ „ „ 1,100 „ „ „ ...	45
„ above 1,100 „ „ „ ...	50

Formula for calculating heating surface.

(As per rule XXI.)

7. In column 5 of Form No. 2 for the word "horse-power" substitute the words "Heating Surface."

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 4 Marine.—The 15th January 1923.—Mr. D. L. Vine, senior master pilot, is granted, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three months (of which twenty-eight days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 15th January 1923.

No. 6 Marine.—The 18th January 1923.—Mr. A. B. Ellis, Leadsman Apprentice, is promoted to the grade of 2nd Mate Leadsman, with effect from the 12th January 1923.

No. 7 Marine.—The 18th January 1923.—Mr. E. C. Rowlings, Provisional 1st Mate Leadsman, is granted leave on average pay for one month, with effect from the 1st January 1923.

No. 8 Marine.—The 19th January 1923.—Captain G. D. Waller, officiating Agent for Government Consignments, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (of which twenty days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**ESTABLISHMENT.****NOTIFICATION.**

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Nanda Lal De, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the proviso thereunder, leave on average pay for three months from the 18th October 1922, as recommended by the Medical Board, in extension of the leave already granted.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.**ESTABLISHMENT.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 7.—The 15th January 1923.—Mr. H. V. Williams, Assistant Executive Engineer, Grand Trunk Canal (Construction) Division, is granted leave on average pay for twenty-five days (of which four days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, from 6th to 30th November 1922 (both days inclusive).

No. 8.—The 16th January 1923.—Mr. W. K. Robson, Assistant Executive Engineer, Cossye Division, is granted leave on average pay from 7th to 17th October 1922 (both days inclusive, of which six days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 9.—The 16th January 1923.—Mr. G. Connell, Dredging Engineer, has been granted, by the High Commissioner for India, leave on half average pay on medical certificate for three months in extension of the leave previously granted.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 263 Agri.—The 17th January 1923.—Mr. F. Smith, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Eastern Circle, Bengal, was allowed leave on average pay for twenty-one days from the 18th September 1922 to 8th October 1922 (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 261 Agri.—The 17th January 1923.—Mr. F. Smith, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Eastern Circle, Bengal, is allowed leave for fifteen months, viz., leave on average pay for eight months, with effect from the 27th November 1922, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

This cancels notification No. 5711 Agri., dated the 27th November 1922.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 270 Excise.—The 18th January 1923.—Babu Ashwini Kumar Basu, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for three months and eleven days (of which two months and seven days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th January 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 271 Excise.—The 18th January 1923.—Babu Tarakeswar Bhattacharji, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Nangaon, in the district of Rajshahi, is appointed to be Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present duties.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 67 Exc.—The 16th January 1923.—Mr. Godfrey Gyanendra Nath Adhikari, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, is allowed three weeks' extension of leave on average pay, in continuation of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 38 Exc., dated the 15th September 1922.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 595 L.R.—The 19th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Maulvi Mafizuddin Fakir, Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Malda, the functions of a revenue officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VI, Part I of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid district.

No. 421 L.R.—The 17th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (d) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands included within the boundaries of the following Government estates in the district of Tippera :—

Tippera.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Taxi No.
1. Char Seaton	... ..	3170
2. Char Umed	... ..	1873
3. Taluq Rankanta Sing	... ..	233
4. Dehi North Kismat Ibrahimpur	... ..	1861*
5. Joard Darora Taluq Ajadharam Das	... ..	2691
6. Ditto	Chand Tola Das	2692
7. Ditto	Gobindaram Das	2693
8. Ditto	Harekrishna Das	2694
9. Ditto	Jagannath Das	2695
10. Ditto	Kalikaprasad Das	2696
11. Ditto	Krishnaram Das	2697
12. Ditto	Nayaballav Das	2698
13. Ditto	Patrik Jibika	2699
14. Ditto	Ramdas Das	2700
15. Ditto	Hridoyram Das	2701

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following :—

- (a) the name of each tenant or occupant ;
- (b) the class to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rents or rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat or under-raiyat, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure ;
- (c) the situation and quantity (and one or more of the boundaries) of the lands held by each tenant or occupier ;—
- (d) the name of each tenant's landlord ;
- (e) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared ;
- (f) the mode in which the rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court, or otherwise ;
- (g) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which and the steps by which it increases ;
- (h) the rights and obligations of each landlord and tenant in respect of—
 - (i) the use by the tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well, or any other source of supply ; and
 - (ii) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land ;
- (i) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy ;
- (j) any right of way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared ;
- (k) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and if so entitled, under what authority.

No. 422 L.R.—The 17th January 1923.—Under section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Act V of 1875), Babu Prabhat Chandra Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector of Tippera, is appointed to be Assistant Superintendent for the purpose of carrying out the survey directed to be made under Government notification No. 421 L.R., dated the 17th January 1923, in the district of Tippera.

Tippera.

No. 596 L.R.—The 19th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 158(A) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, for the purpose of that section, Maulvi Mafizuddin Fakir, Sub-Deputy Collector, to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for the recovery of any arrears of rent (including cesses) due to the Mathurapur Zamindari Company, Limited, in the district of Malda.

Malda.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 392 L.A.—The 15th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act (I of 1894), the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 bighas 1 chitak of standard measurement, equivalent to 1.654 acres, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7489 L.A., dated the 10th August 1922, published at page 1636, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, and required by Government for the construction of thana building in the village of Manipur, pargana Vishnupur, zilla Bankura.

Bankura.

No. 475 L.A.—The 17th January 1923.—Mr. M. H. M. Furrakh, Sadar Subdivisional Officer of the Rajshahi district, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Rajshahi.

No. 592 L.A.—The 19th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring more or less, .837 of an acre, in mauza Ketugram, police-station Ketugram, district Burdwan, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6318 L.A., dated the 4th August 1919, published at pages 1211-12, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 6th August 1919, and required by the District Board of Burdwan for an inspection bungalow.

Burdwan.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 533 L.A.—The 18th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Model Middle English School Committee, Manikganj, for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the playground and for the construction of a privy and latrine attached to the Model Middle English School, Manikganj, in the village of Dakhin Seota, pargana Selimprotap zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .26 of an acre, bounded on the—

Dacca.

North and West—By the Local Board Road (plot No. 1),

East—By Middle English School compound (plot No. 3),

South—By nal land of Satish Chandra Chakraborty (plot No. 5),

is required within the aforesaid village of Dakhin Seota.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 536 L.A.—The 18th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for staffquarters at Kayatkhali for the Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar Railway, in the villages of Balashpu

Mymensingh.

and Kayatkhalī, pargana Alapsingh, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·139 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By the land already acquired for the Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar Railway,

East—By the river Brahmaputra,

West—By the District Board road,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Balashpur and Kayatkhalī.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 600 L.A.—The 19th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Corporation for a public purpose, viz., for widening Nritya Gopal Ghose Lane to 40 feet, in the village of Kidderpur, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 1 bigha 19 cottahs 9 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 654 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT A.

North—By the premises Nos. 9 and 10-2, Watganj Street,

East—By Municipal Pail Depot,

South—By Nritya Gopal Ghose Lane,

West—By Watganj Street,

PLOT B.

North—By Nritya Gopal Ghose Lane,

East—By Government land,

South—By the remaining portion of premises Nos. 7 and 4, Watganj Street,

West—By Watganj Street,

PLOT C.

North—By Nritya Gopal Ghose Lane

East—By Munshiganj road,

South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 33, Munshiganj road,

West—By Government land,

PLOT D.

North—By the remaining portion of premises No. 32, Munshiganj road,

East—By Munshiganj road,

South—By Nritya Gopal Ghose Lane,

West—By Government land,

are required within the aforesaid village of Kidderpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, No. 3, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 604 L.A.—The 19th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a ring bund at 6th and 7th miles of Taccavi embankment No. I, Hoodah No. I, in the village of Radhakrishnapur, pargana Dnokiabazar, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·46 acres, and comprising portions of settlement plots Nos. 32, 58, 59, 60, 62, 104, 106, 155, 107, 109 and 120 is required within the aforesaid village of Radhakrishnapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Midnapore.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 462 For.—The 17th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), the Governor in Council declares that the forest situated in the Jalpaiguri district, taluks Kumergram, Paglarhat, Chengmari, Morakhata, Narathali, in pargana Bhalka, tahsil Kumergram, and taluks Chawkirbash and Turturi, pargana Bhatibari, tahsil Alipur Duars, and the limits of which are specified below, is reserved forest, with effect from the 8th March 1923. This forest will be known as Extension to Rydak Reserved Forest. Its approximate area is 6,000 acres.

Boundaries.

North—A straight line from the north-east corner of jote No. 1297 of taluk Turturi across khas land to the north-west corner of jote No. 1384 of the same taluk; thence a line along its western boundary to its south-west corner; thence a line along the southern boundary of jote No. 1384, western boundaries of jotes Nos. 1312 and 3303 and eastern and northern boundary of jote No. 1470 of the same taluk to its north-west corner; thence a line along the western and southern boundaries of jote No. 1470 and western boundaries of jote Nos. 1313, 1367 and 3164 to the point where it meets the existing forest boundary; existing forest boundary up to a point opposite pillar No. 3 on the western boundary of the New Lands Tea Estate; and a straight line from that point to the pillar No. 3.

East—A line from pillar No. 3 southwards along the western boundary of the New Land Tea Estate to its south-west corner; thence to north-west corner of jote No. 3165 of taluk Kumergram; thence along the western boundaries of jotes Nos. 3165, 991 and 990 of taluk Kumergram and northern boundary of jote No. 1153 of the same taluk to the north-western corner thereof; a straight line from the north-western corner of jote No. 1153 to the north-west corner of jote No. 3184 of taluk Kumergram; western boundary of jote No. 3184 and a straight line from its extreme south-west corner to the westernmost corner of jote No. 3143 of the same taluk; thence a line along the existing western boundaries of jotes Nos. 3143, 3182, 3056, 3306 to the north-east corner of jote No. 3028; then along the northern boundary of that jote to the south-east corner of jote No. 3078, then the eastern, northern and western boundary of that jote, western boundary of jote No. 3028 and along its southern boundary to the north-west corner of jote No. 3029, then western boundary of jote No. 3029 and western and southern boundaries of jote No. 3024 in taluk Kumergram and western boundaries of jotes Nos. 3016 and 2904 of taluk Paglarhat to the westernmost point of jote No. 2904 of the same taluk; from there a straight line to the south-east corner of jote No. 3002 of taluk Chengmari; thence a straight line to the north-east corner of jote No. 3236 of taluk Morakhata; northern boundary of that jote No. 3236; a straight line from the north-west corner of the said jote No. 3236 across khas land to the north-west corner of jote No. 3167 of the same taluk; the western boundary of that jote No. 3167; a straight line from the south-west corner of the said jote No. 3167 to the westernmost corner of jote No. 3157 and on to meet the western boundary of jote No. 3001 of the same taluk Morakhata; thence a line along the western boundary of that jote No. 3001 to the south-west corner thereof; thence a straight line to the south west corner of jote No. 1028 of taluk Narathali; thence a straight line to the westernmost point of jote No. 1423 and then along the western boundary to the south-west corner thereof; thence a straight line to the northernmost

corner of jote No. 3014 of the same taluk; western boundary of that jote No. 3014; a straight line from the extreme south-west corner of that jote to the north-west of jote No. 3073 of the said taluk Narathali; thence a straight line to the north-west corner of jote No. 2914; the western boundary of that jote to the north-east corner of jote No. 2877 of the same taluk; thence a line along the northern and western boundaries of jotes Nos. 2877 and 2916 to the south-west corner of the latter; thence a straight line to the north-west corner of jote No. 3085; thence a line along the western boundaries of jotes Nos. 3085, 1083, 2940 all in taluk Narathali, to the extreme south-west corner of jote No. 2940.

South—From the aforesaid extreme south-west corner of jote No. 2940 a line along the northern boundary of jote 2933 in taluk Narathali, to north-west corner of the latter; thence a straight line to the northern extremity of jote No. 3005; thence a straight line to the north-east corner of jote No. 1848 in taluk Chaukirbash; northern boundaries of jotes Nos. 1848, 1849 and 1811 of the same taluk and a straight line from the north-west corner of jote No. 1811 across the new Rydak river to the south-east corner of plot No. 1 of jote No. 1851 on the western bank of the river in taluk Chaukirbash.

West—A straight line from the aforesaid extreme south-east corner of plot No. 1 of jote No. 1851 to the south-east corner of jote No. 3299; eastern boundaries of jotes Nos. 3299 and 3298; a straight line from north-east corner of jote No. 3298 to south-east corner of jote No. 3260; eastern boundary of jote No. 3260; thence from the north-east corner of jote No. 3260 a straight line to the south-east corner of jote No. 3096; eastern boundary of jotes Nos. 3096, 3302, 3099; thence a straight line from north-east corner of jote No. 3099 to westernmost extremity of jote No. 2174; south and east boundary of jote No. 2174 to north-east corner thereof; a straight line to south-east corner of jote No. 2176; eastern and northern boundary of jote No. 2176; northern boundary of jotes Nos. 2190 and 1540; east boundary of jotes Nos. 2219, 2187, 2184, 2185 all in taluk Chaukirbash; thence the eastern boundary of Koochinor Tea Estate, Dhaulajhora Tea Estate, jote No. 1216 and Dhaulajhora Tea Estate again; north boundary of Dhaulajhora Tea Estate up to south-east corner of jote No. 1809; thence a line along the eastern and northern boundaries of jote No. 1809 of taluk Turturi and along the eastern boundaries of jotes Nos. 3113B, 3113A, 3115, 3114, 3332, 3261, 3272, northern boundaries of jotes Nos. 3272 and 3035, eastern boundary of jote No. 1260 and southern and eastern boundaries of jote No. 1297 of the same taluk Turturi to its north-east corner.

No special rights and privileges are granted in the extension to the Rydak Reserved Forest.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 483C.P.—The 20th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collector) Regulations, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Maulvi Mafizuddin Fakir, Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Malda, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance, for the purposes of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the Mathurapur estate in the district of Malda, belonging to the Mathurapur Zamindari Company, Limited, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of land revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Bengal,

A. K. JAMESON,

Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 10TH JANUARY 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1923 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the twelfth day of February next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

MIRZA MOHAMED ALI NAKEY, *Sheriff*.

• সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৯২৩ সাল, তারিখ ১০ই জানুয়ারি।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম হুগের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তা জন্য আগামী সন ১৯২৩ সালের ১২ই ফেব্রুয়ারী সোমবার, বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯২৩ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে, ইতি।

মিরজা মহম্মদ আলি নাকি,

সরিফ।

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of February 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Court of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

February 1923.			Working days.	
Hooghly—from 1st to 8th	7
Serampore—from 9th to 19th	7
Howrah—from 20th to 28th	8

(Sundays and holidays excepted.)

NAGENDRA NATH GHOSE, *Judge*.

SMALL CAUSE COURT, SERAMPORE, the 16th January 1923.

ORDERS BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 90J.G.—In modification of the orders contained in notification No. 3517J.G., dated the 20th November 1922, Babu Kula Bhushan Dutt, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Circle Officer of the Memari circle in the district of Burdwan.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 12th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 94J.G.—In supersession of the orders contained in notification No. 3684J.G., dated the 30th November 1922, Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarty, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Katwa in the district of Burdwan.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 12th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 181J.—Babu Birendra Kumar Basu, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, employed on flood relief work, Bogra, is transferred to the Serajganj subdivision of Pabna district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 18th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 229J.—Maulvi Chaudhuri Abid Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, employed on flood relief work, Bogra, is transferred to the headquarters station of the district of Malda.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 16th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 225J.—Babu Lalit Kumar Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, employed on flood relief work, in the district of Rajshahi, is transferred to the Balurghat subdivision of the district of Dinajpur.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 16th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 221J.—Babu Sarat Chandra Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, employed on flood relief work, Bogra, is transferred to the headquarters station of the district of Dinajpur.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 16th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 141J.G.—Babu Naresh Chandra Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, of Gangajalghaty, in the district of Bankura, is allowed, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three weeks (of which eleven days on account of privilege leave at credit), with effect from the 25th November 1922.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 18th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 186J.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Rajshahi Central Jail for the period of their memberships of the Bengal Legislative Council :—

1. Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri, M.A., B.L., M.L.C.
2. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Emaduddin Ahmed, M.L.C.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 13th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 192 G.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the general election held on Monday, the 8th January 1923, the following gentlemen have been duly elected Commissioners in the various wards of the Brahmanbaria Municipality in the district of Tippera :—

Ward No.

I	...	{ 1. Babu Jagat Chandra Roy. 2. „ Gopi Mohan Roy.
II	...	{ 1. „ Abinash Chandra Bhattacharjee. 2. Khan Sahib Maulvi Ansor Ali.
• III	...	{ 1. Munshi Ahmed Husain. 2. Babu Kamala Kanta Banik.
IV	...	{ 1. Maulvi Ali Ahmed Khan. 2. Babu Dwarika Nath Banik.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 15th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 32 of the Election Rules framed under the Local Self-Government Act (III) B. C. of 1885, it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Mohini Mohan Singh Deb, one of the elected members of the Vishnupur Local Board for Indas thana, having died, a bye-election will be held at the Indas High English School premises on the 29th March 1923, corresponding to 15th Chaitra 1329 B. S., between the hours of 11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

P. GHOSE, *for Magistrate.*

BANKURA, the 16th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 32 of the election rules framed under section 138 (a) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, the following dates as noted against each group are fixed for holding election of members for the Local Boards of Hooghly Sadar, Serampore and Arambagh in all the thanas of the three subdivisions in the district of Hooghly :—

Police-station in which the groups of unions situated.	Number of groups.	Names of unions in each group.	Number of members to be elected.	Date of election.
Sadar.				
Balagarh •	I	{ Guptipara Bakulia-Dhobapara	1	4th April 1923.
	II	{ Somra Ektarpur Mahipalpur	1	5th „ „
	III	{ Sripur-Balagori Dumurdaha-Nityanandapur... Sija-Kamalpur	1	4th „ „
Pandua •	IV	{ Ratke-Boinchee Harat Daspur Berrella Kochmali Simlagori-Bhitasin	1	5th „ „
	V	{ Pandua Toregaon-Panchpara	1	4th „ „
	VI	{ Ilsoha Daspur Mondlai-Jangram Sikra-Daspur	1	4th „ „
	VII	{ Itachona-Khanyan Beloon-Dhamasin Jiar-Dwarbasini Rameswarpur-Gopalnagar	1	5th „ „
	• VIII	{ Magra Digsui-Hoera	1	5th „ „
	IX	Akna-Debanandapur	1	4th „ „
Magra	...			
Chinsura	...			

Police-station in which the groups of union situated.	Number of groups.	Names of unions in each group.	Number of members to be elected.	Date of election.
Sadar—concl'd.				
Polba	X	{ Akna Rajhat Polba Sugandhya	1	5th April 1923.
	XI	{ Amnan Harit Mahanad Gossain-Malpara	1	4th " "
Dadpur	XII	{ Satithan Dadpur Babnan Makhalpur	1	5th " "
	XIII	{ Dhaniakhali Kaukrakuli Gurbari	1	4th " "
Dhaniakhali	XIV	{ Bhandershahi Mandra Belmuri	1	4th " "
	XV	{ Dasghara Gopinathpur Parambua-Shahbazar	1	5th " "
	XVI	{ Bhastara Guropo Melki	1	5th " "
Serampore.				
Jangipara	I	{ Rajballhat Rasidpur	1	4th " "
	II	{ Dilakash Antpur-Jangipara Radhanagore	1	3rd " "
	III	{ Mondolika-Kotalpur Phurfura	1	5th " "
	IV	{ Begampur Monoharpur	1	5th " "
Chanditolah	V	{ Janui	1	6th " "
	VI	{ Chanditolah Nababpur-Kumirmora	1	2nd " "
	VII	{ Akuni-Echapashar Shehakhala	1	3rd " "
Uttarpara	VIII	{ Makla-Nawapara		
Serampur		{ Pearapur (No. 2)	1	2nd " "
Bhadreswar		{ Rajyadharpur Bighati-Khalsini		
	IX	{ Anandanagar Nashibpur	1	5th " "
Singur	X	{ Singur Borra	1	3rd " "
	XI	{ Gopalnagar Bolorambati	1	4th " "
	XII	{ Haripal Dwarhatta-Gopinathpur	1	2nd " "
Haripal	XIII	{ Kaikala Jejur Faridpur	1	3rd " "
	XIV	{ Nalikul Bandipur Illipur	1	2nd " "
	XV	{ Tarakeswar Baligori	1	4th " "
Tarakeswar	XVI	{ Talpur Ramnagore Champadanga	1	5th " "

Police-station in which the groups of union situated.	Number of groups.	Names of unions in each group.	Number of members to be elected.	Date of election.
Arambagh.				
Arambagh ...	I	{ Mayapur Madhabpur Tirole	1	5th April 1923.
	II	{ Batanal Malaypur	1	3rd " "
	III	{ Harinkhola Arandi	1	5th " "
	IV	{ Shalepur Gourhati	1	3rd " "
Pursura ...	V	{ Bhangamora Dehibatpur	1	5th " "
	VI	{ Pursura Shampur	1	3rd " "
Badanganj ...	VII	{ Badanganj Fului Shyambazar Paschimpara	1	5th " "
Goghat ...	VIII	{ Bengai Kumargunj Raghubati	1	3rd " "
	IX	{ Bhadur Kumarsha Goghat	1	5th " "
	X	{ Kamarpukur Mandaran Hajipur	1	5th " "
	XI	{ Nakunda Sheora Bali	1	5th " "
	XII	{ Natibpur Sabalsingpur	1	5th " "
Khanakul ...	XIII	{ Kishorepur Ghosepur Pole	1	3rd " "
	XIV	{ Ataghara Balipur Chingra	1	3rd " "
	XV	{ Khanakul Rajhati	1	5th " "
	XVI	{ Thakuranichak Jagatpur	1	5th " "

M. N. MUKHERJI, for *Magistrate*.

HOOGHLY MAGISTRACY, CHINSURA, the 17th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 118J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Rash Behari Sarkar has been elected to be a member of the Ghior union board in Ghior police-station in the Munikganj subdivision of the district of ~~Dacca~~, *vice* Munshi Taslimuddin Ahmed, deceased.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant*, for *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 15th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 227J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Pyari Mohan Bhattacharjee has been elected to be a member of the Panchgaon union board in Tangibari police-station in the Munshiganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Kanini Kumar Ghattak, deceased.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant*, for *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 15th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 111L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Syed Ahammed Ali has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Gotishta union board in Mangalkot police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Maulvi Abul Barakat, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 16th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 114L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sashi Bhusan Maiti has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. III of the Atghora union board in Khanakul police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasad Chakravarty, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 16th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 117L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sirish Chandra Ghosh has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. III of the Shyam-bazar union board in Badanganj police-station, in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Samanta, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, Personal Assistant, for Commissioner on tour.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 16th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 146L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Molla Haidar Ali has been appointed by the Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Hetampur union board in Dubrajpur, police-station, in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Munshi Nader Ali, deceased.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 17th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 262J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Kedareswar Ray Choudhury has been appointed by the Magistrate of Faridpur to be a member of the Gopalganj union board, in police-station Gopalganj, in the Gopalganj subdivision of the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Satindra Nath Sen, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 17th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 265J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Maulvi Ahammadali Khan has been elected to be a member of the Srifaltali union board in Kaliakoir police-station, in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Chakraborty, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 17th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 137 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Rakhai Chandra Mondal has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Charicha union board in Muhammadbazar police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Hari Narayan Show, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 17th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 156 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Nobi Box has been appointed by the Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Kankrakuli union board in Dhaniakhali police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Munshi Moniruddin, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner (on tour).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 18th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 143 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Ahmad Reza Khan has been appointed by the Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Rajnagore union board in Rajnagore police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Maulvi Mostaq Hossain, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 17th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 140 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Lala Damodar Prasad has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Rajnagore union board in Rajnagore police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Lala Harish Chandra, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 17th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 134 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Mahadeb Mukharjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Matpalsa union board in Sainthia police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Bhudeb Mukharjee, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 17th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 181 M.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Bera union committee, in the district of Pabna :—

1. Babu Promotha Nath Bagchi.
2. " Hari Narayan Chakrabarty.
3. " Jadu Nath Bhoomik.
4. Munshi Wazimuddin Ahmed.
5. " Helatuddin Ahmed.
6. " Mobarak Ali Sarkar.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed as members of the said union committee under section 41 of the Local Self-Government Act :—

1. Babu Narendra Nath Bhownik.
2. " Hriday Nath Sarkar.
3. " Sasadhar Bhownik.

D. H. LEE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 18th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 131L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Tinkori Khan has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. III of the Naguri union board in Suri police-station, in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Ramnath Roy, resigned.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum as members of the union boards noted below of Suri police-station, under section 13 of the Village Self-Government Act :—

Name of union board.		Name of members.	
Purandarpur	...	Babu Kiriti Bhusan Chandra, <i>vice</i> Babu Bisseswar Chatterjee, deceased.	
Naguri	...	Babu Dhajadhari Ghose, <i>vice</i> Babu Kisori Mohan Roy, resigned.	

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 17th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER the Rules for the managing committees of Government High Schools, promulgated with Government of Bengal letter No. 895, dated the 10th April 1916 (General Department, Education Branch), the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the managing committee of the Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad :—

- | | | |
|---|-----|---|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Lalbagh, President | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Head Master, Vice-President and Secretary | ... | |
| 3. The Munsif of Lalbagh, official other than an educational officer | ... | |
| 4. Maulvi Sadruddin Ahmed, B.A. | ... | } An elective representative of the teaching staff. |
| 5. Khan Bahadur Haji Khondkar Fazlul Haq, B.A., Dewan to the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad | ... | |
| 6. Babu Kanti Bhusan Roy, B.L., Revenue Secretary to the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad | ... | } Representatives of the parents and guardians of pupils. |
| | | |

The members other than the *ex officio* members will hold office for three academic years, 1922 to 1924.

W. S. ADIE, *Magistrate.*

DISTRICT OFFICE, MURSHIDABAD, BERHAMPORE, the 15th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 61 (3), section IX of the Rules for the managing committees of Government High School, the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the committee for the management of the Jessore Zilla School :—

- | | | |
|--|-----|--|
| 1. The District Magistrate, Jessore, President | ... | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| 2. The Head Master of the School, Vice-President | ... | |
| 3. The Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Official Member | ... | |
| 4. Maulvi Syed Tajammal Hossain, B.A., B.T., officiating Assistant Head Master | ... | } Representative of the teaching staff. |
| 5. Babu Kshiti Nath Ghosh, B.A., B.E., District Engineer | ... | |
| 6. Maulvi Rafiuddin Ahmed, M.L.C., Pleader, Judge's Court | ... | } Representatives of the parents and guardians of the school pupils. |
| | | |

C. C. V. R. SELLS, *District Magistrate.*

JESSORE, the 16th January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th January 1923, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 8th January 1923.

No. F.-1526.—His Majesty the King Emperor has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. E. B. H. Panton, I.C.S., at present acting as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to be a Judge of that Court, with effect from the 6th December 1922, *vice* the Hon'ble Justice Sir William Teunon, Kt., I.C.S., resigned.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th January 1923, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

No. F.-1234.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 10th January 1923.

RESOLUTION.

In a Resolution, dated the 14th June 1922, the Government of Bengal appointed a Committee to examine the possibility of retrenchment in the public expenditure of that province. The High Court at Calcutta was, however, not included within the scope of this Committee's enquiries in view of the special position of the Court and the advisability that any investigation of the working of the Court should be conducted by persons

having experience in judicial administration and procedure. While the expenditure connected with this Court is met from the provincial revenues of Bengal, the control and general superintendence over the Court, unlike other High Courts, vest directly in the Governor General in Council. In the present circumstances there is, however, no doubt that the possibilities of introducing economies in the expenditure of the Court should also be explored and after consulting the Government of Bengal and the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, the Governor General in Council has appointed a special Committee for this purpose.

The Hon'ble Sir Alexander Muddiman, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., President of State, has consented to serve as President, and the Members will be—

The Hon'ble Justice Sir T. W. Richardson, Kt., I.C.S. (Bar-at-Law), Judge, High Court, Calcutta ;

T. E. Moir, Esq., C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Member of the Legislative Assembly ; and

Babu Surendra Nath Roy, Member of the Legislative Council, Bengal.

Mr. R. Douglas, I.C.S., Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, will act as Secretary to the Committee.

The terms of reference to the Committee will be the consideration of—

- (1) economies in the strength of the establishment of the Court both superior and inferior, and
- (2) such changes and modifications of the working of the Court as will tend to economy.

2. His Excellency the Governor General in Council desires that the Committee should meet in Calcutta on such date as may be appointed by the President and hopes that it will be possible for the Committee to submit their recommendations to the Government of India on an early date. The Governor General in Council has no doubt that the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Judges will afford the Committee every assistance in dealing with this matter, the importance of which in the present circumstances cannot be questioned.

ORDER.—Ordered that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* and that a copy be forwarded to the Government of Bengal, the Registrar of the High Court of Calcutta and the President and Members of the Committee.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

TELEGRAPHS.

Delhi, the 13th January 1923.

No. 45-P. W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6975-137, dated the 16th September 1909, namely :—

1. For rule 36 of the said rules, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"36. *Persons entitled to send.*—The following classes of persons shall be entitled to send State telegrams, subject to the conditions specified in the case of each class :—

- (a) All officials of the British Government, except those who are on leave, provided that the telegrams sent by them relate solely to the business of the British Government.
- (b) The Registrars of the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Patna, Rangoon, Delhi and the Punjab, the Presidents of the District Educational Councils in the Madras Presidency and their Secretaries, and the Astronomer in charge of the G. V. Juggarao Observatory, Vizagapatam, provided that the telegrams relate solely to the business of the University, the Council, or the Observatory as the case may be."

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, Colonel,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

STAMPS.

Delhi, the 13th January 1923.

Not.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20, sub-section (2), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), and of all other powers in this behalf, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 787-S. R., dated the 17th February 1899, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following rates of exchange for the conversion of the currencies hereinafter specified respectively into the currency of British India for the purposes of calculating *ad valorem* duty on instruments chargeable therewith :—

Currency.	Sum.	Equivalent in currency of British India.
British	£ 1 sterling ...	Rs. 15.
French	1 franc ...	$\frac{5}{21}$ of a Rupee, i.e., francs 63=Rs. 15.
German	1 mark ...	$\frac{1}{2,300}$ of a Rupee, i.e., marks 34,500=Rs. 15.
United States or Canadian	1 dollar ...	Rs. 3 0 0
Chinese	1 tael ...	" 2 0 0
British (Asiatic Possessions)	1 dollar*	} " 1 8 0 " 0 4 0
Mexican	1 dollar*	
Japanese	1 yen ...	
Persian	1 kran ...	

* That is the "British Dollar" and the "Mexican Dollar" which are in current use in the Straits Settlements and elsewhere.

D. T. CHADWICK.

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Examination of candidates for Mukhtarship in mufassil courts subordinate to the High Court of Judicature at Port William in Bengal.

The examination of candidates for Mukhtarship will be held at Calcutta, Gauhati and Sylhet on the 30th and 31st March next.

The examination of candidates for Calcutta will take place in the Senate House of the Calcutta University.

One paper will be set each day for Mukhtarship candidates from 2-30 P.M. to 5-30 P.M., on the 30th and 31st March 1923.

In no circumstances will any candidate be admitted to the examination after these hours.

The candidates will be required to produce at the examination the extracts from the register which will be furnished to them by the District Judges through whom the applications have been sent to the Committee of Legal Education.

No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room with any memoranda or loose paper of any description (with the exception of extracts).

All writing materials will be provided, with the exception of pens, which the candidates must bring with them.

N. EDGLEY, *Secretary,*

Committee of Legal Education, High Court.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

DACCA TRAINING COLLEGE.

B. T. & L. T. Courses.

THE course starts on July 1st and ends on March 31st. Applications for admission must be received by March 31st.

Special consideration is given to students who apply for admission without stipend. No tuition fees. Monthly cost of living in hostel about Rs. 14-15 (everything included).

The course comprises, besides Educational Psychology, Method and Hygiene, tuition also in the subject matter of the students teaching subjects and practice teaching in these subjects.

Methods of educational measurement and research are a part of the B. T. course, and students of ability in this direction may later proceed to the higher degree of Master of Teaching without further residence.

Students whose special work or interest is in Primary Education are able to do practical work in Methods of Teaching and Inspection of Primary Schools.

M. WEST, *Principal, Training College.*

DACCA, the 2nd January 1923.

ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA BOARD, BOMBAY.

A complete official list of Government Diplomates in Accountancy.

THE Government Diploma in Accountancy of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay, has, on the recommendation of the Accountancy Diploma Board, been awarded by the Government of Bombay, up to 31st December 1922, to the undermentioned forty candidates who have duly passed the prescribed professional examination and undergone the practical training in Accounts prescribed by the Regulations.

2. In terms of the Government of India order No. 247E.D. of 6th March 1919, no permanent unrestricted Auditor's certificate will be granted by a Local Government under section 144 (1) of the Indian Companies Act of 1913 to a new applicant unless he has been awarded this Diploma. The holder of such an Auditor's certificate is entitled to practise as an auditor in any part of British India or Burma.

3. These are the only candidates who have been authorised by Government to style themselves "Government Diplomates in Accountancy" and to attach the letters "G. D. A." to their names.

Diplomates of 1919.

1. Mr. Minocher Shapurji Joshi, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
2. " Hoshang Navroji Metha, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
3. " Erash Jamshedji Dastur, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
4. " Ramanlal Govindlal Shah, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
5. " Jeyshankar Amritlal Gandhi, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
6. " Phirozsha Manekji Modi, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
7. " Apaji Babaji Amin, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
8. " Chaturbhai Shankerbhai Patel, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
9. " Manibhai Ishwarbhai Patel, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
10. " Bhagwanlal Kasaanlal Gandhi, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
11. " Nariman Ruttanji Paymaster, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
12. " Sorabji Framji Tity, G. D. A., of Bombay.
13. " William John Stromani, G. D. A., of Madras.
14. " L. S. Mathurbutham Ayyar, B. Com., G. D. A., of Madras.

Diplomates of 1920.

15. Mr. Papanasam Narayanaswami Aiyar Swaminathan, B.A., G. D. A., of Bombay.
16. " Manicka Kandasawmy Mudaliar, G. D. A., of Madras
17. " Narayan Dattatraya Karmarkar, G. D. A., of Bombay.
18. " Dinshaw Darabshaw Shroff, G. D. A., of Bombay.

Diplomates of 1921.

19. Mr. Vidyadhar Labhshankar Desai, G. D. A., of Bombay.
20. " Bomanshaw Framji Cama, G. D. A., of Bombay.
21. " Kumbakonam Tyagaraja Krishnamurti, G. D. A., of Madras.
22. " Hakim Roy Bahri, G. D. A., of Delhi.
23. " Hormusji Framji, Captain, G. D. A., of Bombay.
24. " Dorab Rustomji Davar, G. D. A., of Bombay.
25. " A. Venkatasubbier Subramanyam, G. D. A., of Bombay.
26. " Ratansha Shapurji Bharucha, G. D. A., of Bombay.

Diplomates of 1922.

27. Mr. Narendra Kumar Majumdar, M.A., G. D. A., of Calcutta.
28. " Hari Shankar Sohoni, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
29. " James Augustine Coelho, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
30. " Nusseorwanji Dombabhoy Khariwalla, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
31. " Jamshed Pestonji Dordi, B.A., G. D. A., of Bombay.
32. " Melapaliyam Sudhirsan Krishnaswami, G. D. A., of Bombay.
33. " Kalkhasru Dinshawji Sethna, G. D. A., of Bombay.
34. " Kondoro Venkata Subbaya Naidu, G. D. A., of Madras.
35. " Thiruvalliangudi, Ramanuja Narasimham, G. D. A., of Burma.
36. " Kaikobad Dinshaw Sethna, B.A., G. D. A., of Bombay.
37. " Bhikaji Edulji Kumana, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
38. " Nariman Burjorji Bajan, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
39. " Mohamad Iyob, B. Com., G. D. A., of Bombay.
40. " Arni Ganak Venkatesami Rao, G. D. A., of Bombay.

N. B.—The names of these Diplomates have been arranged in order of the dates on which they qualified for the Diploma; and after the name of each candidate has been added the name of the province in which each of them received his practical training for the Diploma.

K. SUBRAMANI AIYAR, B.A., F.S.A.,

Secretary, Accountancy Diploma Board, Bombay,

BOMBAY, the 11th January 1923.

Abstract statement of the Receipts and Expenditure of the School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene Endowment Fund during the year 1921-22.

APPENDIX A.

RECEIPT.

Particular.	Securities.			Cash.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Opening balance on 1st April 1921	17,400	0	0	2,21,540	5	11
2. Interest on Capital	.....			22,428	0	0
3. Interest on other investments	.....			4,431	4	0
4. Indian Research Fund Association	.....			14,166	10	8
5. Indian Jute Mill Association	.....			26,577	0	0
6. Indian Mining Association	.....			20,625	0	0
7. Indian Tea Association	.....			15,000	0	0
8. Royalty on the sale of Sodium Gynocardate by Messrs. Smith Stanistreet & Co.	.....			7,208	5	3
9. Interest on $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Government Promissory Notes deposited in the Bank of Sir David Yule	.....			8,750	0	0
10. Donation from Messrs. Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd.	.....			5,000	0	0
11. Donation from anonymous donor	15,000	0	0	.....	
12. Miscellaneous (subscriptions, casual donations, etc.)	.....			7,379	0	0
13. Securities purchased during year	2,25,000	0	0	.....	
14. Minto Medal Fund (through Accountant-General, Bengal)	500	0	0	.....	
15. Maturity of securities	.....			3,00,000	0	0
16. Recoupment of expenses incurred on behalf of Government and other bodies	.....			41,861	14	9
For 1920-21	14,608	2	1	.....	
" 1921-22	23,753	12	8	.....	
Total	7,57,900	0	0	6,94,467	8	7

EXPENDITURE.

Particular.	Securities.			Cash.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Salaries—						
Kala Azar	23,285	0	0			
Hookworm	18,373	1	11			
Leprosy	22,216	7	3			
Dysentery	1,500	0	0			
Other Researches	3,950	5	0			
				69,324	14	2
2. Travelling allowances	.....			1,812	3	9
3. Establishment—						
Kala Azar	828	8	10			
Hookworm	828	8	10			
Leprosy	828	8	10			
Other Researches	828	8	11			
				3,314	3	5
4. Establishment, Travelling allowance (Leprosy)	.....			63	11	0
5. Fixtures and Furniture	.....			37,391	4	0
6. Hospital Requisites	.....			22,992	10	6
7. Appliances and Chemicals	.....			62,633	5	4
8. Petty contingencies	.....			1,332	15	6
9. Miscellaneous	.....			8,142	5	0
10. Maturity of Securities during the year	3,00,000	0	0	.....	
11. Cost of purchasing securities	.....			2,20,140	10	0
12. Books, etc., for Library	.....			5,497	12	5
13. Advances made on account of Government (subsequently recouped).	.....			26,909	7	2
By balance on 31st March 1922	4,57,900	0	0	2,34,912	2	4
Total	7,57,900	0	0	6,94,467	8	7

Includes Rs. 1,75,000 deposited in Alliance Bank of India as fixed deposit.

Dr. Mitra Memorial Research Scholarship Fund, 1921-22.**RECEIPT.**

Particular.	Cash.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
Opening balance	383	15	9
1. Amount of interest received from Accountant-General, Bengal, on account of $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. War Bonds for Rs. 17,000, less commission	982	10	8
2. Interest paid by Mrs. Mitra on the balance of the unpaid capital of Rs. 83,000	1,663	12	0
3. Additional amount received from Mrs. Mitra	860	0	0
Total	3,780	6	5

EXPENDITURE.

Particular.	Cash.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Salary of the Research Scholar at Rs. 250 per month	3,000	0	0
2. Bank charges	2	9	0
Total	3,002	9	0
Balance	777	13	5
	3,780	6	5

A. A. E. BAPTIST,

Honorary Secretary.

[ILLEGIBLE.]

*Examiner, Outside Accounts, Calcutta.**The 8th December 1922.***Orders by the Principal, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.**

THE undermentioned pupils of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, are awarded Special Middle English Scholarships, with effect from the 1st January 1923, on the usual condition of good conduct and satisfactory progress. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 5 a month and is tenable for four years in the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca—

- | | | |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|
| 1. Sudhamaya Devi. | \| | 2. Niramal Sen. |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|

The undermentioned pupils of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, are awarded Special Middle Vernacular Scholarships, with effect from the 1st January 1923, on the usual condition of good conduct and satisfactory progress. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 4 a month and is tenable for two years in the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca—

- | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------|
| 1. Renu Lahiri. | \| | 2. Subala Datta. |
|-----------------|--|------------------|

The undermentioned pupils of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, are awarded Special Lower Primary Scholarships, with effect from the 1st January 1923, on the usual condition of good conduct and satisfactory progress. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 3 a month and is tenable for three years in the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca—

- | | | |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. Suchandrima Bose. | \| | 3. Renu Banerjee. |
| 2. Banalata Mitra. | | |

RAJKUMARI DAS,
Principal, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.

Dacca, the 10th January 1923.

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

NOTIFICATION 2.

It is hereby notified for general information that the ensuing examinations to be conducted by the Board will be held on Mondays, the 5th and 19th March 1923, respectively, and the following days, in the order given below:—

Date.	Day.	Subject.	Time.
Matriculation Examination, 1923.			
5th March	Monday	English, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		English, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
6th "	Tuesday	Mathematics (Compulsory)	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Vernacular Composition	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
7th "	Wednesday	Second Language (Compulsory)	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Second Language (Additional)	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
8th "	Thursday	Mathematics (Additional)	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Mechanics	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
10th "	Saturday	History	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Geography	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

Intermediate Examination in Arts and Science, 1923.

19th March	Monday	English, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		English, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
20th "	Tuesday	English, 3rd paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Vernacular Composition or alternative paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
21st "	Wednesday	Mathematics, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Mathematics, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
22nd "	Thursday	Physics, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Physics, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
24th "	Saturday	Chemistry, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Chemistry, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
26th "	Monday	(1) Second Language, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		(2) Bengali Literature, 1st paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
		(1) Second Language, 2nd paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		(2) Bengali Literature, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
27th "	Tuesday	History, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		History, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
28th "	Wednesday	Geography, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Geography, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
29th "	Thursday	Logic, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Logic, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

Intermediate Examination in Group "D" (Dyeing), 1923.

20th March	Tuesday	English	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Vernacular	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
21st "	Wednesday	Mathematics, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Mathematics, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
22nd "	Thursday	Physics, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Physics, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
24th "	Saturday	Chemistry, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Chemistry, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
26th "	Monday	Principles of Dyeing	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Practical Test in Dyeing	From 2 P.M.
28th "	Wednesday	Oral Test in English	From 10 A.M.

Intermediate Examination in Group "E" (Commerce), 1923.

20th March	Tuesday	English	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Vernacular	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
21st "	Wednesday	Mathematics, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Mathematics, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
22nd "	Thursday	Book-keeping and Simple Accountancy	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Shorthand (1 hour)	From 2 P.M.
24th "	Saturday	Commercial Correspondence, etc., 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Commercial correspondence, etc., 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
26th "	Monday	Economics, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Economics, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
27th "	Tuesday	History, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		History, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
28th "	Wednesday	Oral Test in English	From 10 A.M.

Date.	Day.	Subject.	Time.
Special Islamic Matriculation Examination, 1923.			
5th March	Monday	English, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		English, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
6th "	Tuesday	Arithmetic and Geometry	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Vernacular (1 hour)	2 P.M. to 3 P.M.
7th "	Wednesday	Arabic, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Arabic, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
8th "	Thursday	Kalam	10 A.M. to 12 noon.
		Fiqh	2 P.M. to 4 P.M.
10th "	Saturday	History	10 A.M. to 12 noon.
		Logic	2 P.M. to 4 P.M.

Special Islamic Intermediate Examination, 1923.

19th March	Monday	English, 1st paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		English, 2nd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
20th "	Tuesday	English, 3rd paper	10 A.M. to 12 noon.
		Arabic, 1st paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
21st "	Wednesday	Arabic, 2nd paper	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Arabic, 3rd paper	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
22nd "	Thursday	Islamic History	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Fiqh and Usul	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
24th "	Saturday	Hadis and Tafsir	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Koran and Kalam	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
28th "	Wednesday	Oral Test in English	From 10 A.M.

No examination will be held on Fridays, the 9th and 23rd and Sunday, the 25th of March 1923.

The centres for the Special Islamic Matriculation Examination are Dacca, Chittagong, Chinsurah and Serajganj. All other examinations will be held only at Dacca.

JOGESH CHANDRA SEN, *Secretary (offg.).*

DACCA, the 9th January 1923.

Results of the Higher Grade Schools' Final Examination of European Schools in Bengal, November 1922.

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name.	School.	Remarks.
1	4	Allen, George Edward	Calcutta Free Boys'	Distinction in Arithmetic.
2	8	Hynes, Oscar Allivyn	Ditto	Distinction in Trigonometry.
3	10	Richards, Cyril Archibald	Ditto.	
4	11	Wade, Denzil Evelyn	Ditto.	
5	30	O'Brien, Peter Ames	St. Gregory's, Dacca.	
6	29	Scutt, Marion	B. N. Ry., Khargpur.	
7	16	Douyere, Kathleen Beryl	Calcutta Free Girls'	
8	9	Paul, Harold Victor	Calcutta Free Boys'	
9	31	Debeno, Dorothy	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.	
10	21	Imbert, Gertrude	Loreto Boarding, Entally.	
11	6	Gade, Harold John	Calcutta Free Boys'	
12	17	Grose, Helen	Calcutta Free Girls'	
13	1	Ahyee, Joseph	Catholic Male Orphanage, Calcutta.	
14	19	Lopez, Gladys	Loreto Orphanage, Entally.	
15	32	Bastien, Anna	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.	
16	14	Duncan, Norma Winifred	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.	
17	23	Paul, Mary Phyllis	Loreto Day, Scaldah.	
18	6	Gade, Robert Victor	Calcutta Free Boys'	
19	12	Stevens, Charles Henry E.	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.	
20	33	D'Cruxe, Cecilia	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.	
21	3	Brown, Charles	Catholic Male Orphanage, Calcutta.	
22	13	Joyce, Frank Austin	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.	
23	20	Lawrence, May	Loreto Orphanage, Entally.	

W. F. PAPWORTH,
Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 18th January 1923.

THE undermentioned candidates of the Telegraph Class attached to the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong, who sat for the Higher Grade Schools' Final Examination of European Schools in Bengal, held in November 1922, have satisfied the Examiners in the subjects mentioned against their names :—

1. Chadleurn, Thomas	...	English Composition ; Commercial Geography.
2. Donaldson, Frank	...	Ditto ditto.
3. De Hone, Paul	...	Ditto ditto.
4. Harde, Horace	...	Commercial Geography.
5. McMahon, Donald	...	English Composition.
6. Tice, Harry	...	English Composition ; Commercial Geography.
7. Wiggins, Roland	...	English Composition ; Commercial Geography and Arithmetic
8. Clayburn, Noel	...	English Composition ; Commercial Geography.
9. Finlay, Kenneth	...	Ditto ditto.

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.)

CALCUTTA, the 18th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following candidates are permitted to join the first year class of the Dow Hill Training College, Kurseong, in March 1923. They will be on probation for two months, and if at the end of that period the Lady Principal reports that they are likely to profit by further instruction, they will be permitted to continue with their training (*vide* article 115 of the European School Code) :—

Name of student	Address.
1. Miss Norah Edna Burnell	... 12, Traffic Quarters, Adra.
2. „ Nancy Pratt	... 26-8, South Road, Moghulpura, Lahore.
3. „ Elsie Harding	... Queen Mary's College, Madras.
4. „ Vera Marum	... 164, Dharamtalla Street, Calcutta.
5. „ Leonora A. Grange	... West View, Darjeeling.
6. „ Blanche McCarthy	... LaMartiniere Girls, Lucknow.
7. „ Edna Alma Tiery	... 57, McLeod Street, Calcutta.
8. „ Noreen Kathleen Hope Bull	... 14, ditto.

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.)

CALCUTTA, the 18th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

With reference to the resolution of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 1725F.E., dated the 23rd August 1922, prescribing revised rules and schedules for the examination of candidates in India for admission to the Indian Audit and Accounts Service (copies may be obtained from the undersigned), it is hereby notified that candidates for nomination from the Province of Bengal, including Native States under the Government of Bengal, should submit their applications, together with the necessary documents and the treasury receipt of the fee deposited, through the Principals of their Colleges, in strict accordance with the rules, so as to reach this office on or before the 1st of March 1923.

2. If any of the required particulars are not supplied by a candidate in due time, his application for nomination will not be considered.

3. The applications should, in addition to the information called for by the rules, be accompanied by a statement of particulars under the heads detailed below :—

- (a) Date of birth and age on 1st of March 1923.
- (b) Father's name and profession.
- (c) Where educated—particulars from the fourteenth year of age.
- (d) The nature of the candidate's employment, if any.
- (e) Two optional subjects in which the candidate would, if nominated, offer himself for examination.

4. Nominations will be restricted to native of India within the meaning of the Statute 33 Vict., Chap. 3, section 6, including the subjects of Native States. The possession of high educational qualifications is essential.

E. F. OATEN,

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 9th January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the M. A. Examination held in November 1922 :—

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1922.

English—Group A.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit)

1	Gangopadhyay, Manikanta	...	University Student.	
2	{ Ghosh, Harijiban	...	Ditto.	Presidency College.
	{ De, Akshaykumar	...	University Student.	

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

1	Bandyopadhyay, Susilkumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
2	{ J. D. Asirvadam	...	Ditto.	
	{ Maitra, Somnath	...	Ditto.	
4	Ernest, S. Merriman	...	Ditto.	
5	Datta, Nútibhari	...	University Student.	
6	Sarkar, Sibakuli	...	Ditto.	
7	Sengupta, Saralendubhushan	...	Ditto.	
8	{ Sinha, Narendranath	...	Ditto.	
	{ Sen, Pradyotkumar	...	Ditto.	
10	Bandyopadhyay, Nirmalkumar	...	Ditto.	Presidency College.
11	Gangopadhyay, Pasupati	...	Ditto.	ditto.
12	Ray, Pramathanath	...	Ditto.	ditto.
13	Bandyopadhyay, Amiyanath	...	University Student.	
14	Saha, Jagatbandhu	...	Ditto.	Presidency College.
15	C. Rama Rao	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
16	Ray, Sudhonduranjan	...	University Student, Presidency College.	
17	Saha, Rasikchandra	...	University Student.	
18	Qazi Akram Hussain	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
19	Mukhopadhyay, Niharanchandra	...	University Student.	
20	Mahanti, Suryamani	...	Ditto.	
21	Majumdar, Hemchandra	...	Ditto.	Presidency College.
22	Rakshit, Binaybhushan	...	Ditto.	S. C. College.
23	Ray, Durgadas	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
24	{ Sinha, Jogesachandra	...	University Student.	
	{ Chaudhuri, Sibsaran	...	Ditto.	
26	Vajhala Gopalam	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
27	Basu, Hirankumar	...	University Student.	
28	P. Jagannadhaswami	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
29	Adhikari, Budhabikram	...	University Student.	
30	Datta Pankajkumar	...	Ditto.	Presidency College.
31	Bhattacharyya, Priyanath	...	University Student.	
32	{ Chakrabarti, Anilkrishna	...	Ditto.	
	{ Sarkar, Jatindranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
34	{ Datta, Harendranath	...	University Student, Presidency College.	
	{ R. S. Ramachandra Rau	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
36	Chakrabarti, Harihar	...	University Student, Presidency College.	
37	Ray, Gaurisankar	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
38	{ De, Dhanakrishna	...	University Student.	
	{ Dattagupta, Rabindrakumar	...	Ditto.	Presidency College.
40	Sarkar, Kiranmohan	...	Ditto.	Ditto.
41	De, Lalmoan	...	University Student.	
42	Sarkar, Sibsaran	...	Ditto.	
43	Chakrabarti, Sudhirchandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
	{ Chattopadhyay, Haricharan	...	University Student.	
44	{ Mukhopadhyay, Pholanath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
	{ Gangopadhyay, Debendrachandra	...	University Student.	
47	Majumdar, Bibhutibhushan	...	Ditto.	
48	Mukhopadhyay, Batakrisna	...	Ditto.	
49	Bardhan, Satischandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
50	Bhattacharyya, Bhupendranath	...	University Student.	
51	{ Raychaudhuri, Gangaprasad	...	Ditto.	
	{ Bandyopadhyay, Sureschandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.	
53	Mukhopadhyay, Sibadas	...	University Student.	
54	Lahiri, Sailendranath	...	Ditto.	
55	Sen, Jyotibhushan	...	Ditto.	

* Submitted a thesis in lieu of Papers VI and VIII.

56	{ Ohanda, Debendranath	...	University Student.
	{ Sanyal, Bijalibhushan	...	Ditto, Presidency College.
58	Das, Satishchandra	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
59	Lahiri, Charandras	...	University Student.
	{ Ghatak, Kshitishchandra	...	Ditto.
60	{ Mukhopadhyay, Satyacharan	...	Ditto.
	{ Basu, Kamalabhushan	...	Ditto, Presidency College.
	{ D. Satyanarayana Naidu	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ Mukhopadhyay, Harendranath	...	University Student.
	{ Mahanti, Unesobandha	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ Dasgupta, Nalinibhushan	...	University Student.
64	{ Basak, Harigopal	...	Ditto.
	{ Chattopadhyay, Sukumar	...	Ditto.
	{ Das, Pramadachandra	...	Ditto.
	{ Sengupta, Jnanendrakumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student.

CLASS III.

(In order of merit.)

1	Samanta, Nimaichand	...	University Student.
2	Basak, Subalkrishna	...	Ditto.
3	Raychaudhuri, Haripada	...	Ditto.
	{ Chakrabarti, Tarankrishna	...	Ditto.
4	{ Maitra, Haridas	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ " Sukumar	...	University Student.
7	{ Basu, Srihari	...	Ditto.
	{ Raychaudhuri, Amarendranath	...	Ditto.
9	Sen, Himansukumar	...	Ditto.
10	Gangopadhyay, Khageswranath	...	Ditto.
11	Kargupta, Rebati Mohan	...	Ditto, Cotton College, Gauhati.
12	Chaudhuri, Sailendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
13	Hajra, Batakrisna	...	University Student, Presidency College.
14	Ghosh, Bidhuranjan	...	University Student.
15	Chaudhuri, Manindranath	...	Ditto.
16	Sengupta, Kalikinkar	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
17	S. Parthasaradhi	...	Ditto.
	{ Rakshit, Atindrachandra	...	University Student.
18	{ Das, Satyendranath	...	Ditto.
	{ " Rajanikanta	...	Ditto.
	{ Raisuddin Ahmed	...	Ditto.
21	{ Sinha, Nirmalchandra	...	Ditto.
	{ Khara, Upendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ Sengupta, Nirmalchandra	...	University Student.
24	{ Bakshi, Dhirendrakumar	...	Ditto.
	{ Bandyopadhyay, Ramranjan	...	Ditto.
27	{ Ghosh, Phanindranath	...	Ditto.
	{ Mitra, Matindranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
29	{ Gupta, Jatishchandra	...	University Student.
	{ Datta, Asutosh	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
31	{ Mitra, Brindabanchandra	...	Ditto.
	{ Chattopadhyay, Umacharan	...	University Student, S. C. College.
32	{ " Harigopal	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ Chaudhuri, Ramgobinda	...	Ditto.
35	{ Raychaudhuri, Santikumar	...	University Student.
	{ Das, Bibhutibhushan	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
37	Basu, Nilratag	...	University Student.
38	" Niradbaran	...	Ditto.
39	Datta, Harendrakrishna	...	Ditto.
40	{ Biswas, Nirmalkumar	...	Ditto.
	{ B. Subramain	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
42	{ Guha, Narendranath	...	University Student.
	{ Gangopadhyay, Bimalchandra	...	Ditto, Presidency College.
44	{ Mukhopadhyay, Ramdas	...	Ditto, S. C. College.
45	{ Basu, Sudhendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
46	{ " Girindranath	...	University Student.
	{ Mitra, Nirmalchandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
48	{ Sengupta, Anadinath	...	University Student, Presidency College.
	{ A. V. Gurumurti	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
50	{ Halder, Bholanath	...	University Student.
	{ Sil, Bijayendrakrishna	...	Ditto.
52	{ Ray, Binanupada	...	Ditto.
	{ Mukhopadhyay, Jogeschandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ Chakrabarti, Hemendrachandra	...	University Student.
54	{ Mitra, Panabicharan	...	Ditto.
	{ Datta, Sarasikanta	...	Ditto.
	{ Emily Asirvatham	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
58	{ Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath	...	University Student.
	{ Chakrabarti, Dhirendramohan	...	Ditto.
59	{ Basu, Bhuveshchandra	...	Ditto.
	{ Guntur, Suryanarayana	...	Non-Collegiate Student.

62	Majumdar, Tikendrajit	...	University Student.
63	{ Das, Satyalal	...	Ditto Presidency College.
	{ Ghosh, Bibhutibhusan	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
65	{ Bhattacharyya, Narendranath	...	University Student, S. C. College.
	{ Sengupta, Binaykumar	...	University Student.
67	Ray, Ramanibhusan	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
68	{ Bhattacharyya, Sriinbas	...	Ditto.
	{ Swarnakar, Bholanath	...	Ditto.
	{ Bikwas, Gauriprasanna	...	University Student.
71	{ Dasgupta, Sukhamay	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
	{ Golam Rohman	...	University Student.
	{ De, Krishnadhan	...	Non-Collegiate Student.

Group B.**CLASS II.***(In order of merit.)*

1	Thakur, Amarendrasundar	...	University Student, Presidency College.
2	Saha, Jatindramohan	...	Non-Collegiate Student.
3	Gangopadhyay, Jnanadakanta	...	Ditto.
4	Bandyopadhyay, Bijaykumar	...	University Student.

CLASS III.

Sengupta, Birendranath	...	University Student.
------------------------	-----	---------------------

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1922.**Sanskrit—Group A.****CLASS I.**

Chakrabarti, Srinath	...	University Student.
----------------------	-----	---------------------

CLASS II.

Sengupta, Dineschandra	...	University Student.
------------------------	-----	---------------------

CLASS III.*(In order of merit.)*

1	Chattopadhyay, Bhabaniprasad	...	University Student.
2	Maitra, Girijamohan	...	Ditto.
3	{ Bhattacharyya, Jyotirmay	...	Ditto.
	{ Goswami, Jibankrishna	...	Ditto.

Group B.**CLASS II.***(In order of merit.)*

1	Ray, Mohinimohan	...	University Student.
2	Dasak, Rasbihari	...	Ditto.

Group C.**CLASS II.**

Palit, Sarasijakanta	...	University Student.
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Group D.**CLASS I.***(In order of merit.)*

1	Bhaduri, Sadananda	...	University Student, Presidency College.
2	Chattopadhyay, Kshetrachandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student.

Group E.**CLASS I.**

Chattopadhyay, Sudhirschandra	...	University Student.
-------------------------------	-----	---------------------

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Mallik, Raghunath | ... | University Student, S. C. College. |
| 2 | Acharyya, Debendrachandra | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |

Group F.

CLASS I.

- | | | |
|----------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Bhattacharyya, Sriji | ... | University Student. |
|----------------------|-----|---------------------|

Group G.

CLASS II.

- | | | |
|----------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Das, Rasbihari | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
|----------------|-----|-------------------------|

Group H.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| 1 | Mukhopadhyay, Bishnucharan | ... | University Student. |
| 2 | Vidyabhushan, Priyadati | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |

Group I.

CLASS II.

- | | | |
|------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Ohhotaraya, Kokileswar | ... | University Student. |
|------------------------|-----|---------------------|

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1922.

INDIAN VERNACULARS.

Bengali as Principal Language.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------|
| 1 | { Rudra, Sachindranath (2) | ... | University Student. |
| | { Sen, Anathbandhu (3) | ... | Ditto. |
| 3 | { Bandyopadhyay, Sachindranath (4) | ... | Ditto. Presidency College. |
| | { Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendrakrishna (5) | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 5 | Chakrabarti, Mokshadacharan (6) | ... | University Student. |
| 6 | Majumdar, Narendranath (7) | ... | Ditto. |
| 7 | Ray, Jnanendranath (8) | ... | Ditto. |
| 8 | Sarkar, Bankinchandra (9) | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Das, Pareschandra (10) | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 2 | *Abdul Mojid (12) | ... | University Student. |
| 3 | Bandyopadhyay, Praphullachandra (13) | ... | Ditto. |
| 4 | Ghosh, Manindrakumar (14) | ... | Ditto. |
| 5 | De, Harendranath (15) | ... | Ditto. |
| 6 | { Poddar, Jatindramohan (16) | ... | University Student, S. C. College. |
| | { Das, Jogendrachandra (17) | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 8 | Kundu, Pramathanath (18) | ... | Ditto. |
| 9 | Das, Sukdeb (19) | ... | University Student. |
| 10 | Datta, Lebkumar (20) | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
| 11 | Mukhopadhyay, Prabhadeb (22) | ... | University Student. |

CLASS III.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Biswas, Upendranath (23) | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
|--------------------------|-----|-------------------------|

Hindi as Principal Language.

CLASS II.

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Mahadev Singh Sharma, (21). | ... | Non-Collegiate Student. |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------------|

* Submitted a thesis in lieu of papers III and IV.

Uriya as Principal Language.**CLASS I.**

Mahapatra, Loknath (1).

... University Student.

CLASS II.

Sahu, Laksmi Narayan (1).

... Non-Collegiate Student.

Subsidiary subjects.

- | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| (1) Bengali. | (9) Maithili. | (17) Assamese. |
| (2) Hindi. | (10) Maithili. | (18) Uriya. |
| (3) Kanarese. | (11) Uriya. | (19) Hindi. |
| (4) Assamese. | (12) Urdu. | (20) Hindi. |
| (5) Maithili. | (13) Tamil. | (21) Urdu. |
| (6) Maithili. | (14) Sinhalese. | (22) Hindi. |
| (7) Assamese. | (15) Hindi. | (23) Maithili. |
| (8) Malayalam. | (16) Hindi. | |

A. C. BOSE, Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, the 24th January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1923.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 261L., dated Calcutta, the 20th January, 1923.—With reference to the foot-notes to the Report of the Select Committee on the Calcutta Municipal Bill, 1921 (A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to the Municipal Affairs of the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta) published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, Extraordinary, dated the 19th January, 1923, and in continuation of this office Notification No. 173-L., dated the 15th January, 1923, it is notified that Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul Haq, M.L.C., Babu Surendra Nath Mallik, M.L.C. and Mr. G. Morgan, M.L.C., have appended the following notes of Dissent to the report :—

THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL BILL, 1921.

Note of Dissent by Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq, M.L.C.

I am opposed to the inclusion of the suburban municipalities within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Corporation, both because such an inclusion is opposed to the weight of public opinion and also because it will be harmful to Muhammadan interests. In most of these suburban municipalities, at present, Muhammadan influence is predominant. I am afraid all this influence will be lost if these municipalities are merged in the Calcutta Corporation. The safeguard of communal representation that has been provided in the Act will not be sufficient to compensate the Muhammadan community for the loss of influence and power which will follow the absorption of the suburban municipalities in the higher body.

As regards Muhammadan representation, I am of opinion that the number of seats to be ear-marked for Muhammadans should be at least 25 per cent of the total number.

With these remarks, I sign the report.

Note of Dissent by Babu Surendra Nath Mallik, M.L.C., and Mr. G. Morgan, M.L.C.

The Select Committee, while recommending the amalgamation of Maniktala, the Port Commissioners' new dock area and a small portion of the Tollygunge Municipality with Calcutta have negatived by a very narrow majority the proposal to include Cossipore-Chitpore. We are strongly of opinion that this area should also be included.

2. Cossipore-Chitpore is virtually an integral part of Calcutta and the present boundary between it and the city is purely artificial. The portion between the river and Barrackpore Trunk Road is practically a trading and commercial centre of Calcutta, and is geographically only an elongation of the city. The bulk of the people of Cossipore-Chitpore are in close and daily contact with the city and practically form a part of the city population. There is an acute shortage of housing accommodation in Calcutta where the land values are extraordinarily high. It is urgently necessary to find room for expansion both for residential and commercial purposes. The population of Calcutta is massed in the north where the density is 160 per acre (i.e. about the same as in the slum areas of London) and there is a natural tendency for the population to move towards Cossipore-Chitpore and Maniktala instead of to Bhowanipur or Ballygunge. We may note in this connection that a large area of nearly three square miles on the south of the city, from Tollygunge to Behala, has been acquired by the Port Commissioners for a marshalling yard and has been lost to the city. Not only is the natural flow of population towards the north, but that is the only direction in which there is room for expansion. The case for the amalgamation of Cossipore-Chitpore and Maniktala is based on the unquestionable necessity of finding room for the expansion of Calcutta, and it is inconceivable how the Cossipore-Chitpore municipal area can be left out of the scheme. People are spreading to Cossipore-Chitpore and are developing land with inadequate means of access, and the evils of the worst parts of Calcutta will before long be reproduced here, unless effective measures are taken to check them. The portion of Cossipore-Chitpore south of Dum Dum Road and Shell Factory Road is a large industrial centre which requires a high standard of municipal administration and efficient inspection and control. If Cossipore-Chitpore is included in Calcutta, the Corporation will be able to control building operations and to regulate future development and to exercise their extensive powers in the interests of sanitation and public health. Moreover, the Corporation pumping station and reservoir, from which the whole city is supplied with filtered water, are situated at Talla, which forms a part of the Cossipore-Chitpore municipal area. The Corporation are considerably expanding their water-works and we agree that for this reason, if for no other, this area should be under their control.

3. Another argument for incorporating Cossipore-Chitpore in Calcutta is the extent of its dependence on the city for some of its essential municipal amenities. The whole of its filtered water supply is obtained from the Corporation on payment, and it also takes a supply of unfiltered water from Calcutta. There is no adequate supply of unfiltered water for fire extinguishing purposes, and although, owing to the large number of jute warehouses situated there, the fire-risks are particularly heavy and the provision of an adequate supply of water is urgently necessary and has been repeatedly pressed by the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade, no satisfactory arrangements have yet been made. Gas lighting in Cossipore-Chitpore is possible only because of the arrangements made in Calcutta, and it is only as an extension of the city system that any development of tramways in Cossipore-Chitpore can be hoped for. The present city of Calcutta and the municipalities of Cossipore-Chitpore and Maniktala form really one organic whole, and it is only by approaching from the standpoint of this organic unity the difficult problems of sanitation, drainage, water-supply, housing accommodation and communications, all of which will require expert knowledge and control, which only a central authority can provide, that the present wants of the large aggregation of population in these areas can be satisfied and their future interests safeguarded.

4. The Committee appointed by Government to consider the question of amalgamation turned down the proposal, mainly on the ground that the financial position of the municipality is one of considerable strength, that a

drainage scheme is under preparation, and with its rapidly growing income it is not improbable that the municipality will be able to carry out this scheme within the next few years, and that in view of the present financial position of the Corporation and the burden which will be thrown on them by the amalgamation of Maniktala, it is doubtful whether they will find it possible to carry out any scheme of improvement in Cossipore-Chitpore within the next few years. We desire to point out that it is a far cry between the preparation of a scheme of drainage and its actual execution, and the mere fact of the Cossipore-Chitpore Municipality having a drainage scheme under preparation affords very little ground for satisfaction or hope. A very rough estimate prepared by the Corporation engineers places the estimate for draining two-thirds of Cossipore-Chitpore at Rs. 86 lakhs, including half the cost of a combined outfall for both Maniktala and Cossipore-Chitpore. The arrangements in connection with the water-supply are estimated to cost about Rs. 15 lakhs for the two municipalities; it may be taken at half this figure for Cossipore-Chitpore. These two schemes alone will entail a capital outlay of half a crore, which will in turn will involve an annual recurring expenditure of 4½ lakhs in interest and sinking fund charges. The total income of Cossipore-Chitpore in 1921-22, exclusive of the opening balance of about Rs. 1½ lakhs and certain special receipts, was Rs. 5,42,000, and even making every allowance for future growth of income, we are convinced that the municipality will not be in a position to undertake this capital outlay. As to the position of the Corporation, whatever difficulty there may be is only temporary, owing to their having on hand a large scheme for improving the water-supply; but we understand that this scheme will cost considerably less than the original estimates, by reason of the Corporation having let certain contracts at very favourable rates, and the saving effected will provide the outlay required for Cossipore-Chitpore. Further, the revenues of the Corporation are rapidly expanding, and they have an ample margin of borrowing power with which they can easily finance the loans required for improving Cossipore-Chitpore.

5. Another argument which is urged against amalgamation is that, with all the drawbacks in Cossipore-Chitpore, the death rate there is lower than is Calcutta. In our opinion the comparison is altogether fallacious, as owing to the special facilities available in Calcutta, people from all parts of Bengal come to the city for treatment and help to swell the vital statistics. A detailed analysis of the vital statistics of Calcutta to refute the above argument would be out of place here, and we would therefore only point out that in a big industrial and railway centre like Calcutta there are special factors which affect the mortality rates and which are quite unconnected with the general sanitary condition of the town. Further, a large part of the population of Cossipore-Chitpore consists of mill hands and labourers, who generally leave the place and go to their villages up-country when they get sick or become old and unfit for work. It would therefore be altogether wrong to deduce from the lower death rate of Cossipore-Chitpore that it is healthier than Calcutta, a conclusion which is contrary to actual facts and to almost universal testimony.

6. We are convinced that it would be a short-sighted policy to leave out Cossipore-Chitpore which, as in the case of the Added Area 34 years ago, is bound to be included, in its own interest, in Calcutta at no distant date. The only result of its exclusion now will be that when it comes to be taken over a considerably larger amount of expenditure will have to be incurred by the Corporation to undo the mischief that will be done in the interval. The only way to avoid this unnecessary waste of money, and to keep the cost of improvements within reasonable limits is to amalgamate it now with the Corporation.

We recommend therefore that Cossipore-Chitpore should also be included in Calcutta, subject, as in the case of Maniktala, to a statutory limit of expenditure on improvements. The area may be divided into three wards and be allotted 5 seats (*i.e.*, 3 general and 2 Muhammadan seats) as recommended by the Corporation, the total number of Councillors and Aldermen constituting the Corporation being correspondingly increased.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal
and Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 999A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 456A.—The 20th January 1923.—Mr. T. J. Y. Roxburgh, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the Tippera district.

Tippera.

No. 466A.—The 20th January 1923.—Mr. H. C. Stork, I.C.S., officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tippera and Chittagong, is appointed to act until further orders, as District and Sessions Judge, Tippera.

Tippera.
Chittagong.

No. 470A.—The 24th January 1923.—Mr. T. J. Y. Roxburgh, I.C.S., is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tippera and Chittagong.

Tippera.
Chittagong.

No. 478A.—The 20th January 1923.—Khan Bahadur Muhammad Abdul Mumin, Settlement Officer, Jessore, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector, Noakhali.

Jessore.
Noakhali.

No. 494A.—The 20th January 1923.—Mr. O. H. Bompas, C.S.I., I.C.S., on leave, is appointed to be a Commissioner of a Division, with effect from 2nd January 1923.

No. 503A.—The 25th January 1923.—Mr. Rajendra Lal Sadhu, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Faridpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge of that district.

Faridpur.

No. 565A.—The 25th January 1923.—Mr. Khagendra Chandra Nag, M.B.E., Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed temporarily to act as Fourth Additional District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 596A.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. Jnanankur De, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, on leave, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.

No. 606A.—The 26th January 1923.—Maulvi Zohurul Quyum, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Rajshahi Division.

No. 609A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Deb Narayan Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

No. 612A.—The 26th January 1923.—Maulvi Saadat Hossain Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, on leave, is posted to the Dacca Division.

No. 617A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Dwijendra Mohan Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Mymensingh district.

No. 620A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Faridpur, is appointed to have charge of the Kushtia subdivision of the Nadia district.

No. 623A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Lalit Chandra Guha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kushtia, Nadia, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.

No. 626A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Anadi Ranjan Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district.

No. 629A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Kumud Behari Mallik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 626A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Purna Chandra Acharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is transferred to the Bongaon subdivision of the Jessore district.

No. 882A.—The 27th January 1923.—Maulvi Chaudhuri Afsar Ali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Jalpaiguri district.

No. 887A.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Manoranjan Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Rajshahi Division.

POLICE.—No. 880A.—The 27th January 1923.—Mr. W. Murray, Deputy Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Additional Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas, and under the provisions of section 1 of Act V of 1861, to perform the duties of a Superintendent of Police in that district.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.—No. 972A.—The 29th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 3 of Act V (B. C.) of 1881, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend John Reid to act as a member of the Christian Burial Board for the town and suburbs of Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of the Reverend H. Anderson.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 460A.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. A. J. Chotzner, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave from the 9th February to the 8th October 1923, viz., (1) leave on average pay from the 9th February to the 5th August 1923 (including a period of one month and three days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and (2) leave on half average pay from the 5th August ~~to the~~ 8th October 1923, under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 463A.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. J. Bartley, I.C.S., officiating District and Sessions Judge, Tippera, is allowed leave from the 5th February to the 8th October 1923, viz., (1) leave on half average pay from the 5th February to the 10th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, and (2) leave on average pay from the 10th March to the 8th October 1923 (including a period of one month and six days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of those rules.

No. 474A.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. O. M. Martin, I.C.S., officiating Magistrate and Collector, Noakhali, is allowed leave for eight months and fifteen days, with effect from the 7th February 1923, viz., (1) leave on average pay for eight months (of which a period of two months and eight days is on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and (2) leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 437A.—The 20th January 1923.—The orders of the 19th December 1922, allowing leave on average pay for three months under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules to Babu Mohit Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, are cancelled.

No. 459A.—The 20th January 1923.—Babu Rebat Mohan Chakrabarti (No. II), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty-one days (the entire amount being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 29th January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 491A.—The 20th January 1923.—Babu Kali Mohan Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 496A.—The 20th January 1923.—Babu Ashutosh Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 24th December 1922 to the 31st March 1923, under article 81 (c) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 23rd October 1922.

This cancels the orders of the 19th December 1922, posting the Sub-Deputy Collector to the Presidency Division.

No. 528A.—The 20th January 1923.—Babu Satis Chandra Mazumdar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tamuk, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and thirteen days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 19th December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 532A.—The 26th January 1923.—Maulvi Nazimuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, Nadia, is allowed leave for four months, viz., leave on average pay for three months and twenty-four days (of which two months and twenty-one days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 3rd January 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 534A.—The 26th January 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Fariduddin, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 1st November 1922.

This cancels the orders of the 18th December 1922, posting the Sub-Deputy Collector to the Rajshahi Division.

No. 548A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Priya Ranjan Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (of which two days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 19th December 1922.

No. 550A.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Banarji (No. I), Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for three months, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th August 1922.

POLICE.—No. 513A.—The 24th January 1923.—Sardar Bahadur S. W. Laden La, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Darjeeling, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (of which one month and sixteen days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th January 1923.

No. 515A.—The 24th January 1923.—Babu Upendra Kumar Basu, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Sirajganj, Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 544A.—The 26th January 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-five days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th August 1922.

No. 576A.—The 27th January 1923.—Mr. W. G. Thrupp, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, 24 Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 524A.—*The 24th January 1923.*—The report of the Central Examination Committee having been received the result of the second half-yearly Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, held on the 20th November 1922 and the four following days, is published for general information :—

SECOND OR HIGHER STANDARD.

(i) The officers named below who passed partially at previous examination have now passed in the remaining subject or subjects mentioned opposite their names :—

Civil Officers.

Ajit Kumar Bose	... Law, Parts I and III.
Bazlur Rahman (II)	... Law, Part III.
Kiran Kumar Ghose	... Law, Parts I and III.
R. H. Hutchings, I.C.S.	... Law, Part III.
Birendra Kishore Kar	... Law, Accounts and Hindustani.
Hem Chandra Sen	... Law, Part I.
A. H. Sayeedulha	... Law, Parts I and III, and Accounts.
Binod Bihari Das Gupta	... Law, Part I.
Muhammad Ilahdad	... Law, Part III.
Mahammad Sadiq Khan	... Law, Part III and Accounts.
Mirza Muhammad Abdul Aziz	... Law, Part I.
Abul Khair Muhammad Abdul Latif	... Law, Part III and Accounts.
Gyan Chandra Chakrabatti	... Accounts.
Syed-ud-din Ahmad	... Law, Part I and Accounts.
A. S. Hands, I.C.S.	... Hindustani.
Charu Chandra Sen	... Accounts.
Bir Chandra Mukharji	... Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.
L. W. H. D. Best, I.C.S.	... Law, Part III, Accounts, Bengali and Hindustani.
Phanindra Nath Ghosh	... Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.
J. D. Tyson, I.C.S.	... Accounts and Bengali.
Promode Kumar Bhattacharji	... Law, Part I.
Phani Bhusan Ghosh	... Ditto.
Jyotish Chandra Chatarji	... Law, Part III and Accounts.
Nirmal Kumar Sen	... Law, Part III.
Anadi Nath Lahiri	... Law, Part I.
Narendra Nath Mukharji.	... Law, Part III.
Upendra Nath Ghatak	... Law, Part I and Accounts.
Kumud Kumar Banarji	... Ditto.
Pramada Kumar Basu	... Law, Parts I and II and Accounts.
Khundkar Muazzam Hossain	... Law, Parts I and III.
Saiyid Ali Ahmad	... Law, Part III.
Akshay Kumar Mazumdar	... Ditto.
Hem Bhusan Dutt	... Ditto.
Fazlul Azim	... Law, Part III and Accounts.
E. T. Coates, I.C.S.	... Law, Part III, Accounts, Bengali and Hindustani.
Salamat-ulla Chaudhuri	... Law, Part III.
N. V. H. Syomns, I.C.S.	... Bengali and Hindustani.
Sudanshu Ranjan De	... Law, Part III, Accounts and Hindustani.
Satkari Lal De	... Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.
W. McC. Sharpe, I.C.S.	... Hindustani.
Nazir Husain	... Law, Part I and Accounts.
N. L. Hindley, I.C.S.	... Bengali and Hindustani.
Saiyid Manzur Murshed	... Accounts.
Abani Kumar Sen	... Law.
Nripendra Kumar Sen	... Law, Part III and Accounts.
Shyama Pada Bhattacharji	... Law, Parts I and III, and Accounts.
Shaikh Abdulla, II	... Law, Part III.
Satyendra Nath Bose	... Law, Parts I and III.
Suresh Chandra Das Gupta	... Law, Part III.

(ii) The undermentioned Police officers have passed in subject or subjects mentioned opposite their names :—

Narendra Kumar Mallik	... Law with books.
C. G. Grassby	... Bengali and Accounts.
E. E. English	... Accounts.
V. S. Backner	... Law with books and Accounts.
E. S. O. Sen	... Law with books.
T. J. Clark	... Ditto.
E. H. O'Donovan	... Law with and without books.
D. A. Brayden	... Law with books.
C. Weale	... Law with and without books.
Muhammad Yusuf	... Law with and without books and Hindustani.
A. J. Kennedy	... Law with books.

(iii) The officers named below have passed partially and are still liable to examination in subject or subjects mentioned opposite their names :—

Civil officers.

Serial No.	Names.	Now passed in—	Still liable to examination in—
1	C. A. Noronha	... Law, Parts II and III and Hindustani.	Bengali.
2	A. G. McCall, I.C.S.	... Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III, Accounts Bengali and Hindustani.
3	T. I. M. Nurannabi Chandhuri, I.C.S.	... Law, Part II and Accounts.	Law, Part III.
4	Ahmad Meah	... Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III, Accounts and Hindustani.
5	Narendra Nath Das Gupta	... Ditto	Ditto.
6	Bisay Lal Ghosh	... Law, Part II	Law, Parts I and III, Accounts and Hindustani.
7	Ananta Kumar Malakar	... Law, Part I and Accounts.	Law, Parts II and III.
8	Upendra Nath Gangali	... Ditto	Law, Part III.
9	Khurshed Ali	... Law, Parts I and II and Accounts.	Law, Part III.
10	Subodh Chandra Das Gupta	... Law, Part I and Hindustani.	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
11	Jasoda Kinkar Ghosh	... Law, Parts I and II...	Law, Part III and Accounts.
12	Muhammad Ali Husain Bhuiyan	... Law, Part I	Law, Part III and Accounts.
13	Harendra Chandra Barori	... Law, Part II and Accounts.	Law, Part III.
14	Rajendra Lal Mukharji	... Law, Part I and Hindustani.	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
15	Judu Bhuvan Nag	... Law, Part III	Hindustani.
16	Khagendra Nath Mitra	... Law, Part III and Accounts.	Ditto.
17	Dinesh Chandra Gupta	... Law	Ditto.
18	Ashutosh Das Gupta	... Law, Part I	Law, Part III, Accounts and Hindustani.
19	Ashutosh Banarji	... Law, Part I, Accounts and Hindustani	Law, Part III.
20	Sadas Husain Chandhuri	... Accounts	Ditto.
21	Charu Chandra Ray	... Law and Accounts	Hindustani.
22	Badanya Kumar Ray	... Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
23	Muhammar Hussain	... Ditto	Law, Part III.
24	Prabhat Chandra Chatterji	... Ditto	Law, Part III and Accounts.
25	Kazi Fazlul Karim	... Ditto	Ditto.
26	Madhu Sudan Mandal	... Ditto	Law, Parts II and III, Accounts and Hindustani.
27	Hanendu Sen	... Law, Parts I and II, Accounts and Hindustani.	Law, Part III.
28	Jyotibaran Chakrabarti	... Law, Part I and Accounts.	Law, Part III and Hindustani.
29	Jagadish Chandra Bardhan	... Hindustani	Law, Parts I, II and III and Accounts.
30	Upendra Nath Das Gupta	... Law, Part III and Hindustani.	Accounts.
31	Khundkar Abdul Hannan	... Law, Part II	Law, Part III and Accounts.
32	Surendra Nath Sen Gupta, No. II	... Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.	Hindustani.

Serial No.	Names.	Now passed in—	Still liable to examination in—
33	Parkriti Nath Bose	... Law, Part I and Accounts.	Law, Part III
34	B. E. J. Burge, I.C.S.	... Law, Parts I and II and Bengali.	Law, Part III, Accounts, and Hindustani.
35	Shoy Chand Banarji	... Accounts	Law.
36	K. K. Chatarji, I.C.S.	... Law, Parts I and III	Law Parts II and Accounts.
37	R. C. Sen, I.C.S.	... Law, Part III and Accounts.	Hindustani.
38	Nagendra Nath Das	... Law, Part III and Hindustani.	Accounts.
39	Phanindra Nath Chatarji	... Law, Parts I and III	Ditto.
40	Khundkar Fazle Quadir	... Ditto	Law, Part II and Accounts.
41	Fazlur Rahman, II.	... Law, Parts I and II and Hindustani.	Law, Part III and Accounts
42	G. G. Hooper, I.C.S.	... Law, Part III, Bengali and Accounts.	Hindustani.
43	Satya Priya Bhattacharji	... Law, Part II	Law, Parts I and III, Accounts.
44	Sakhawat Husain Molla	... Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts and Hindustani.
45	Bidyut Kumar Raha	... Law, Part II and Hindustani.	Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.
46	C. N. Chandra, I.C.S.	... Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.	Bengali.
47	Anil Chandra Bose	... Accounts	Law.
48	Nut Bihari Chatarji	... Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.	Hindustani.
49	Shib Charan Mitra	... Law, Parts I and II and Accounts.	Law Part III.
50	Naresh Chandra Dutt	... Hindustani	Law, and Accounts.
51	Satya Prasanna Banarji	... Law, Part II	Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.
52	Narayan Das Gangali	... Hindustani	Law and Accounts.
53	Durga Pada Banarji	... Accounts	Law.
54	S. Abdur Rahim	... Law, Part I	Law, Part III and Accounts.
55	Kula Bhushan Datta	... Ditto	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
56	L. G. Durno, I.C.S.	... Law, Parts I and III, Accounts and Bengali.	Hindustani.
57	H. G. S. Bivar, I.C.S.	... Law, Parts I and III	Ditto.
58	Ahmad Husain	... Law, Parts I and II	Law, Part III and Accounts.
59	Mir Hussein	... Accounts	Law, Part III.
60	A. K. Ghyasuddin Sofdar	... Law, Part I and Accounts	Law, Part III and Hindustani.
61	Jyotish Chandra Aich	... Law, Parts I and II and Accounts.	Ditto.
62	Nur Mhammad Chaudhuri	... Law, Part I and Hindustani.	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
63	Mafizuddin Ahmud	... Law, Part I and Accounts.	Law, Parts II and III and Hindustani.
64	Seshanka Sikhar Chaudhuri	... Law, Part I, Accounts and Hindustani.	Law, Part III.
65	Muhammad Taher	... Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
66	Satyajiban Ghosh	... Ditto	Law, Parts II and III, Accounts and Hindustani.
67	Khurshed Alam Chaudhuri	... Ditto	Ditto.
68	A. H. Nurul Huda	... Law, Parts I and II	Law, Part III and Accounts.
69	S. M. Siddique Ahmad	... Law, Part III	Accounts.
70	Atawar Rahman	... Law, Parts I and II	Law, Part III and Accounts.
71	Fazlul Karim I.	... Accounts	Law, Part III.
72	Fazlul Karim II.	... Law, Parts I and III	Accounts.
73	Kabiruddin Ahmad Khan	... Law, Parts I and II	Law, Part III and Accounts.
74	Manzur Ahmad Chaudhuri	... Law, Parts I and II and Accounts.	Law, Part III.
75	Praphulla-Kumar Mandal	... Law, Part I	Law, Part III, Accounts and Hindustani.
76	Muhammad Osman Ghani	... Law, Part I and Hindustani.	Law, Part III and Accounts.
77	Charu Chandra Bhattacharji	... Law, Part II	Ditto.
78	Sati Kumar Maitra	... Law, Part III	Law, Part II.
79	T. B. Jaimeson, I.C.S.	... Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III, Accounts, Bengali and Hindustani.
80	Zillur Rahman	... Law, Parts I and II	Law, Part III and Accounts.
81	Motaharul Haq	... Law, Parts I and II, and Hindustani.	Law, Part III and Accounts.

Serial No.	Names.	Now passed in—	Still liable to examination in—
82	Akhil Chandra Das	Accounts	Law, Part III.
83	M.M.O. Carter, I.C.S.	Law, Parts II and III	Accounts, Bengali and Hindustani.
84	S. K. Ghosh, I.C.S.	Law, Parts I and II, Accounts and Hindustani.	Law, Part III.
85	Anshu Kumar Shaha	Hindustani	Law and Accounts.
86	Jitendra Nath Mukharji	Law	Accounts.
87	Dhirendra Nath Banerji	Accounts	Law, Part III.
88	Mohammad Fariduddin	Law, Part I	Ditto.
89	Atindra Nath Mukharji	Law, Parts I and II...	Ditto.
90	Siddiq Ghulam Rahman Khan	Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
91	Habibur Rahman	Hindustani	Law and Accounts.
92	Keshab Chandra Banerji	Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.	Law, Part II.
93	A. H. M. Wasir Ali	Law, Part I and Hindustani.	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
94	Harendra Nath Mukharji	Law, Part I and Accounts	Law, Part III.
95	Shamsul Abedin	Law, Part I	Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
96	Kamar Adhikram Masumdar	Law, Part II	Law, Parts I and III and Accounts.
97	Rajendra Nath Biswas	Law, Part I	Law, Part III.
98	Saiyid Abbas Ali	Accounts	Law Parts I and III.
99	Saiyid Furrokh Mirza	Accounts and Bengali	Law, Part III.
100	Satya Charan Banerji	Law, Part I and Accounts.	Law, Parts II and III.
101	Abdul Azim	Hindustani	Law and Accounts.
102	Saiyid Mojawar Ali Mirza	Law, Parts I and II...	Law, Part III.
103	Abdul Gaffur	Law, Part II and Accounts.	Ditto.
104	Abdur Rahim	Accounts	Law.
105	Sanat Kumar Mukharji	Law, Part III	Law, Parts I and II, and Accounts.

(iv) The following Excise officers have passed in the subject or subjects mentioned opposite their names :—

Gunendra Nath Ray Chaudhuri	... Excise Law with and without books, Accounts and Hindustani.
Muhammad Ghulam Kader	... Excise Law with and without books and Hindustani.
Abdul Wahab Khan	... Hindustani.
Saiyid Ahmad Rasul	... Excise Law without books.

(v) The undermentioned Forest officer has passed in Hindustani (higher standard) :—

C. T. Trigg.

First or Lower Standard.

(i) The following officers have passed completely :—

Civil officers.

Ahmad Meah.
Anwaruddin Ahmad.
Subodh Chandra Das Gupta.
Jasoda Kinkar Ghosh.
Rajendra Lal Mukharji.
Ramendu Sen.
B. E. J. Burge, I.C.S.
Muhammad Taher.
Abu Hamid Nurul Huda.
Manzur Ahmad Chaudhuri.
Motaharul Haq.
Anil Chandra Bose.

(ii) The officers named below who passed partially at previous examination have now passed in the remaining subject mentioned opposite their names :—

Civil officers.

Abu Ahmad Faizul Mohi	... Law, Part I.
Satya Priya Bhattacharji	... Law, Part II.
Bidyut Kumar Raha	... Law, Part I.
Amar Nath Mukharji	... Ditto.
Satya Prasanna Banarji	... Law, Part II.
Kula Bhusan Datta	... Law, Part I.
Satya Jiban Ghosh	... Law, Part II.
Atawar Rahman	... Ditto.
Kabiruddin Ahmad Khan	... Ditto.
A. S. Larkin, I.C.S.	... Law, Part I.
Tauhiduddin Ahmad	... Ditto.
Samsul Abedin	... Ditto.
Kumar Adhikram Mazumdar	... Law, Part II.

(iii) The officers named below have passed partially and are still liable to examination in the remaining subject mentioned opposite their names :—

Name.	Now passed in—	Still liable to examination.
Narendra Nath Das Gupta	... Law, Part I	Law, Part II.
Sanat Kumar Mukharji	... Ditto.	Ditto.
Madhusudan Mandal	... Ditto.	Ditto.
Kamakshya Prosad Sen	... Law, Part II	Law, Part I.
Sakhawat Husain Molla	... Law, Part I	Law, Part II.
Narayan Das Gangali	... Ditto	Ditto.
Anil Kumar Ray	... Ditto	Ditto.
Susil Kumar Shaha	... Ditto	Ditto.
A. H. M. Wazir Ali	... Ditto	Ditto.
Abdul Azim	... Ditto	Ditto.

(iv) The following Police officers have passed in Bengali (lower standard).

C. J. Minister.
C. G. Grassby.
E. E. English.
W. A. B. Price.

(v) The undermentioned Forest officers have passed in the subject or subjects mentioned opposite their names :—

W. E. Hodge	... Forest Law and Procedure and Accounts.
F. J. A. Hart	... Forest Law and Land Revenue.
S. J. Curtis	... Bengali.

(vi) The officers of the Irrigation Department named below have passed in the subject or subjects mentioned opposite their names :—

Surendra Kumar Guha	... Canal Law, Parts B & C.
Debendra Nath Sen Gupta	... Canal Law, B.

(vii) The undermentioned medical officer has passed the colloquial test in Bengali.

A. R. Duckworth.

L. BIRNEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 834P.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7, sub-section (c) of the Cinematograph Act, II of 1918, as amended by Act XXIII of 1919, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the film entitled "Salome" produced by the Fox Film Company shall be deemed to be an uncertified film in the whole of the Bengal Presidency.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 327Pl.—The 26th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Singair police-station, in the district of Dacca, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule which have hitherto been included in that police-station shall be included in the police-station Dhamrai in the same district :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Manikganj.	Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Manikganj.
Char Ganga Malanga ...	547	Char Baradail	561
Khaser Char Pratham Khanda ...	558	Fordnagar-Dwitiya Khanda	562
Char Sungar ...	560		

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1,000 A.

POWERS.

No. 580A.—The 25th January 1923.—The Sub-Deputy Magistrates, on probation, named below, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, and are directed, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take down evidence in the English language :—

Tippera.
Noakhali.

Maulvi Abu Hamid Nurul Huda, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Tippera.

„ Nur Muhammad Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Tippera.

Babu Jyotirindra Nath Das, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Tippera.

„ Satyajiban Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Noakhali.

No. 582A.—The 25th January 1923.—Babu Sudhir Chandra Bhaduri, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Rangpur, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, and is directed, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take down evidence in the English language.

Rangpur.

No. 837A.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Manoranjan Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Rajshahi division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Rajshahi Divn.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 528J.—*The 27th January 1923.*—Babu Krishna Kumar Sen, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Bogra, on leave, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Midnapore.

Bogra.
Midnapore.

No. 531J.—*The 27th January 1923.*—Babu Kumud Bandhu Gupta, munsif of Comilla, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharji transferred, and is vested with the functions of a district court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Chittagong.

Tippera.
Chittagong.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 563J.—*The 27th January 1923.*—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Rai Sahib S. Raghavalu Chettiar of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar Bench,

Howrah.

Howrah.

No. 565J.—*The 27th January 1923.*—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Babu Chandra Kumar Chatarji, an Honorary Magistrate of the Balurghat Independent Bench,

Dinajpur.

Dinajpur.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 525J.—*The 27th January 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897 (VIII of 1897), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower each of the following Presidency Magistrates, Calcutta, to exercise the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section :—

1. Pandit Sunder Lal Misser.
2. Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray.
3. Rai Debendra Prasad Bagchi Bahadur.
4. Mr. Nityananda Bhar.

No. 534J.—*The 27th January 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule should henceforth be excluded from the local limits of the Manikganj munsifi and shall be included within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi in the district of Dacca :—

Dacca.

Schedule.

Name of village.			General jurisdiction list number of this Manikganj.
1.	Char Ganga Malanga	...	547
2.	Khaser Char, Pratham khanda	...	558
3.	Char Sungar	...	560
4.	Char Baradail	...	561
5.	Fordnagar, Dwitiya khanda	...	562

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

ERRATUM.

No. 523J.—*The 25th January 1923.*—In the last line of column 2 of notification No. 9047J., dated the 21st December 1922, published at page 5, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 3rd January 1923, for "Bitghar" read "Shibpur."

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 136M.—The 25th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Major Arthur Harold Gordon Peiniger to be a Commissioner of the Tollygunge Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Sahibzada Muhammed Sultan Alug, deceased.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 105L.S.-G.—The 17th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint substantively Mr. T. Emerson, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be Chairman of the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 171L.S.-G.—The 26th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Jainagar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 23 (2) of that Act, electing Babu Nanda Gopal Dutt to be Chairman of that Municipality.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (*offg.*).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 150Medl.—The 27th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (ii) of section 69B of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and clause (k) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to substitute the following revised rule for rule 38 (paragraph I) of the rules for the establishment and management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, published under Government notification No. 138T-Medl., dated the 7th June 1915, at pages 1052-1066 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, as subsequently modified:—

Revised rule 38 (paragraph I)—"Any person attending at a charitable dispensary will ordinarily receive advice and medicines free of charge; but the Medical Officer should impress upon all but the poor the duty of subscribing to the dispensary or paying for the medicines supplied to them, and should bring to the notice of the Committee or Manager any cases in which the privilege of free treatment is abused. The Managing Committees of class III, viz., Municipal and District Board dispensaries are however authorised to levy charges at rates to be fixed by them, provided that fees shall not be levied from patients in poor and indigent circumstances."

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (*offg.*).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 157P.H.—The 29th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 290 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) make the following rules subject to which the Commissioners of the Krishnagar

Municipality may allow communication-pipes to be laid down from the service-pipes of the Commissioners for the purpose of leading water to premises for domestic purposes only :—

Rules.

So long as the Commissioners deem it practicable and consistent with the maintenance of an efficient water-supply, they may allow any owner or occupier of a holding paying a water rate imposed under the provisions of Part VII of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884, on the annual value of such holding, when such annual value is not less than Rs. 100, to lay down communication-pipes from the service-pipes of the Commissioners for the purpose of leading water to such holding for domestic purposes only, subject to the following rules and conditions :

Provided that no connection shall be allowed to holdings other than masonry buildings without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting :—

1. The owner or occupier of any holding requiring water to be laid on to such holding for domestic purposes, or requiring any addition or alteration to an existing water-supply, must apply for the same on a printed form to be supplied, free of cost, at the municipal office.

2. A fee of Rs. 100 must be paid to the Commissioners by such owner or occupier for each connection to a municipal main supply pipe or a common communication-pipe laid in accordance with rule 3 before any work is commenced, such fee to be in addition to all other costs and charges imposed under these rules.

3. Except as provided below each holding must have a separate connection to the municipal main supply-pipe, and extensions from the communication-pipe of one holding to another holding shall not be permitted :

Provided that with the consent of the Commissioners in meeting connections to two or more holdings may be permitted from a common communication-pipe. Any such communication-pipe must be laid in a street or common passage, and a stop-cock and meter as provided for in rule 7 must be fixed on the connection to each holding :

Provided also that no holding shall have more than one separate connection, but if in any case the Commissioners are satisfied that an adequate supply to any holding cannot be given through a single connection, they may sanction a second connection thereto.

4. The owner or occupier of the holding in respect of which the connection is required must pay the entire cost of the connection, including the supply and fixing of the fittings referred to in rule 7, and must also pay the cost of such alterations in, or repairs to, roads, drains, sewers, gas or water-mains or pipes, and the cost of such other works as may be necessitated by, or result from, the work of making such connection.

5. The owner or occupier of the holding to which a connection has been given must at any time, on receipt of notice to do so from the Commissioners, pay the entire cost of any repairs or alterations to the connection or any part thereof that the Commissioners may consider necessary to put it into a satisfactory condition or which may be necessitated by any change in the municipal water-works or system of distribution or by the defective condition of the connection or any part thereof or by any other cause whatever.

6. (1) The works required under rules 4 and 5 may, at the option of the Commissioners, either be carried out by the Commissioners themselves at the expense of the owner or occupier of the holding in respect of which the works are required, or may be carried out by a person or firm employed by such owner or occupier and approved by the Commissioners.

(2) No work shall be carried out under sub-rule (1) except under the supervision of a municipal officer.

7. A holding connection shall comprise the following parts of fittings :—

- (a) a brass or gun-metal ferrule inserted in the main supply pipe ;
- (b) a galvanized iron communication-pipe from the ferrule to the meter ;
- (c) a stop-cock and its surface box ;
- (d) a meter ;
- (e) service-pipes from the stop-cock to the taps ; and
- (f) taps.

8. (1) All the fittings referred to in rule 7 shall be exact duplicates of standard samples kept in the office of the Commissioners, and approved by them in meeting.

(2) All fittings shall be inspected and tested and stamped by an officer of the municipality before being fixed.

(3) If any owner or occupier shall desire to adopt any fitting of a pattern different from the standard patterns he must present such fitting for the approval of the Chairman.

and any fittings so presented may, if considered satisfactory by the Chairman, be stamped, and samples thereof may be purchased and placed among the standard fittings.

9. The holding connection, when fitted in position, must be capable of standing a pressure of 40 feet, and no water shall be supplied until it has stood such a test applied by the Commissioners.

10. The size of the ferrule and the diameter of the communication-pipe referred to in clauses (a) and (b) of rule 7, and the number of taps shall be fixed in accordance with the annual valuation of the holdings as follows:

Annual valuation of holdings.		Size of ferrule.	Diameter of communication-pipe.	Number of taps.
Rs.	Rs.	Inch.	Inch.	
From 100 to 199		1	1	1
" 200 " 399		1	1	2
" 400 " 599		1	1	3
" 600 " 899		1	1	4
" 900 " 1,199		1	1	5
" 1,200 " 1,499		1	1	6
" 1,500 " 1,999		1	1	7
" 2,000 and above	special sanction of the Commissioners.			

11. (1) On every communication-pipe a brass or gun-metal stop-cock having the same water-way as such pipe shall be placed as near as practicable to the point where that pipe enters the holding to be supplied.

(2) The stop-cock shall be built in a brick chamber provided with a cast-iron surface cover-box so designed that it can be locked and the key of this box shall remain under the control of the Chairman.

(3) The stop-cock shall be capable of adjustment so that the supply to the holding may be regulated thereby.

12. (1) The meter shall be placed as near to the stop-cock as possible and in a position where it can be conveniently examined.

(2) The meter must be fixed in a brick chamber covered over with a cast-iron surface box of approved pattern.

13. Neither the stop-cock nor the meter must be placed in any private premises.

14. The Commissioners shall depute an authorized person to read every meter not less than once a quarter, and shall give notice to the occupier at least twenty-four hours before the reading is recorded.

15. (1) Every owner or occupier of any holding, in respect of which a connection has been made, under these rules, shall be entitled to a supply of—

(a) two thousand two hundred and fifty gallons of water per quarter per rupee of water tax paid during the quarter;

(b) a further proportionate number of gallons per quarter for every additional fraction of a rupee paid by him quarterly as water-rate in respect of such holding.

(2) For all water in excess of the amount allowed under sub-rule (1) such owner or occupier shall be charged quarterly as follows:—

	Per 1,000 gallons.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
(a) For any excess quantity of water not exceeding one-half of the amount of the allowance prescribed in sub-rule (1) ...	0	8	0
(b) For any excess quantity of water exceeding one-half of the amount of the allowance prescribed in sub-rule (1), but not exceeding that amount ...	0	10	0
(c) For any excess quantity of water exceeding the amount of the allowance prescribed in sub-rule (1), but not exceeding twice that amount ...	0	14	0
(d) For any excess quantity of water exceeding twice the amount of the allowance prescribed in sub-rule (1) ...	1	4	0

16. The Commissioners may cut off the connection between any water-works of the municipality and any holding to which water is supplied from such works, or may turn off such supply, in any of the following cases, namely:—

(a) if the holding is unoccupied;

(b) if the occupier refuses to admit any officer duly empowered in that behalf into the holding for the purpose of making any examination or inspection authorized under this Act, or under any by-law or rule framed under this Act, or prevents such officer from making such examination or inspection;

- (c) if the owner or occupier of the holding touches or interferes with his meter in any way except with the permission of the Chairman, or wilfully injures or damages it ;
- (d) if the owner or occupier of the holding wilfully or negligently permits waste of water in such volume as will, in the opinion of the Chairman, endanger the water-supply in the neighbourhood ;
- (e) if the owner or occupier of the holding shall refuse or neglect to pay any of the fees or charges imposed in accordance with these rules for a space of fourteen days after he has been served with a notice of demand for the same ;
- (f) if the owner or occupier of the holding constructs or fixes any cisterns, tanks, reservoirs, taps, pipes or any other works in connection with the water-supply not authorized by these rules ;
- (g) if the pipes, taps, ball-cocks, cisterns, or any other parts of the connection are, in the opinion of the Commissioners at a meeting, in a leaking condition or a state of disrepair :

Provided that such disconnection or turning off of water-supply shall not relieve any person from any liabilities which he may have incurred under these rules.

In the circumstances contemplated in clause (d) an officer authorized by the Commissioners in this behalf by a general order shall have the power to turn off the supply for a period not exceeding eight hours on his previously recording his reason in writing.

17. Every tap shall be of the same size as the pipe to which it is attached and shall be of brass and of the pattern known as "Screw-down." Every tap shall be at least 3 feet above the surface of the ground beneath.

18. No cistern, tank or reservoir of any description which is intended to be supplied with water from the municipal water-works shall be permitted to any holding except with the sanction of the Commissioners in meeting, and such sanction shall distinctly specify the dimensions and capacity of the cistern, tank or reservoir allowed. The inlet to every such cistern, tank or reservoir must be controlled by an efficient ball-cock so that the discharge thereinto is completely stopped when the cistern, tank or reservoir is full. Any taps fed from such cistern, tank or reservoir must be included in the number of taps allowed under rule 10.

19. No connection shall be permitted to any holding unless and until the owner or occupier makes effective provision to the satisfaction of the Commissioners for draining all waste water away.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 155 P.H.—The 29th January 1923.—The following draft of additional by-laws, which have been framed by the Commissioners of the Manikata Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 350 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to confirm under section 351 of the Act, is published for the information of persons affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st April 1923, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft by-laws.

1. Every baker or confectioner who keeps for sale any bread, sweetmeats or other prepared articles of food and every vendor or hawker of such articles shall keep the same in a glass case or other covered receptacle, so as to exclude flies and dust therefrom.

Fine, Rs. 10 ; on a second or subsequent conviction, Rs. 50.

2. Any person having possession of or control over any land or water on or in which there exists any water hyacinth shall, if so required by a notice in writing signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Municipality and stating clearly the boundaries of the area to which the notice applies, destroy or remove such water hyacinth within the period mentioned in such notice.

Penalty, Rs. 10 ; on a continuous offence, Rs. 2 per day.

S. W. Goode,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 1126, dated Calcutta, the 24th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Chandra Aich is placed on general duty at the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Calcutta, with effect from the 14th January 1923.

No. 1232, dated Calcutta, the 24th January 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Abdul Majed is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from 19th January 1923, until further orders.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 215Edn.—The 24th January 1923.—Babu Sri Kumar Banarji, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, in the Bengal Educational Service, acted in the Indian Educational Service from the 26th June to the 17th December 1922 (both days inclusive) during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. S. Sterling, Professor of that College.

No. 226Edn.—The 25th January 1923.—Maulvi Abul Hashem Khan Chandhuri, District Inspector of Schools, Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 1st December 1922, or from any subsequent date on which he availed himself of it, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 228Edn.—The 25th January 1923.—Babu Suraj Mohan Ray, District Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for four months (on account of privilege leave on full pay), with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 229Edn.—The 25th January 1923.—Babu Narendra Nath Ganguli, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, is appointed to act as District Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad, and in the Bengal Educational Service, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Suraj Mohan Ray, or until further orders.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 120Mis.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Shah Amjad Ali temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within chaukidari unions Nos. 12 to 21, 24, 30 and 31 in police-station Iswarganj at Dattapara in the district of Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 121Mis.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazi's Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Shah Amjad Ali temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within chaukidari unions Nos. 12 to 21, 24, 30 and 31 in police-station Iswarganj at Dattapara in the district of Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 122 Mis.—The 27th January 1923.—Rai Gyanendra Nath Roy Bahadur, Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal, is appointed temporarily to act, in addition to his own duties, as Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal, Registrar of Parsi Marriages beyond the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Court under section 7 of Act XV of 1865, and as Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages under Act VI of 1886, during the absence of the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Aminul Islam.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 15th January 1923.

Bankura. No. 28A.—Maulvi S. M. Abdul Gaffar is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bankura, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Anadi Nath Roy, or until further orders.

Nadia. No. 29A.—Maulvi Abu Tayeb, Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Meherpur, Nadia, on Rs. 75—5—200, now drawing Rs. 90 per mensem, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (iii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twenty-three days, with effect from 1st December 1922.

He is also permitted to suffix the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

The 16th January 1923.

**Murshidabad.
Khulna.** No. 30A.—Maulvi Sadaruddin Ahmed, assistant head master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for four months, with effect from the 12th December 1922 or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of the leave.

2. Babu Umapada Sen Gupta, assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as assistant head master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Sadaruddin Ahmed, on leave or until further orders.

3. Maulvi Syed Ali Reza is appointed to act as assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Umapada Sen Gupta.

Chittagong. No. 31A.—*Erratum.*—In this office notification No. 897A., dated 18th December 1922, granting leave for one day, viz., the 9th November 1922, to Maulvi Muhammad Waliullah, English teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, on Rs. 60—4—160 (now drawing Rs. 74) read "Rs. 76" for "Rs. 74."

Midnapore. No. 32A.—Babu Sasadhar Roy is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Tamuk, Midnapore, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Iswar Chandra Majhi.

**Hooghly.
Chittagong.** No. 33A.—Maulvi Abdul Mannan, senior English Teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, now officiating assistant head master, Chittagong Collegiate School, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for 75 days, with effect from 16th January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

2. Babu Manindra Mohan Das Gupta, assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as assistant head master, Chittagong Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, during the absence on leave of Maulvi Abdul Mannan, or until further orders.

Howrah. No. 34A.—Babu Asoke Kumar Sen, assistant master, Utterpara Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now drawing Rs. 90 per mensem, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twelve days, with effect from 5th November 1922.

Howrah. No. 35A.—Babu Surendra Chandra Bhattacharjee, assistant master, Utterpara Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay for eight days, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules.

He is also permitted to prefix the Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

The 17th January 1923.

**Chittagong.
Barisal.** No. 36A.—In modification of the order published in this office notification No. 5A (2), dated the 3rd January 1922, Babu Laksmi Kumar Sen Gupta, assistant master, Chittagong Normal School, on Rs. 60—4—160 (now drawing Rs. 68 per mensem), is appointed to act as assistant master, Jhalakati Government High School, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen Gupta, on deputation.

No. 37A.—Pandit Rajendra Nath Vidyabhusan, lecturer in Kavya, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, on Rs. 350 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for five days from 7th to 11th November 1922, both days inclusive.

No. 38A.—Miss Kahirole Mani Sen, assistant mistress, Dr. Khastagir's High School for Girls, Chittagong, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month in extension of the leave granted in this office notification No. 896A., dated 18th December 1922.

2. The officiating arrangement already sanctioned is allowed to continue.

No. 39A.—Babu Satish Chandra Sikdar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandrakona, Midnapore, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 145 per mensem), is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools in the district of Bogra and in the scale of Rs. 150—5—250 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Bose, transferred.

The 18th January 1923.

No. 40A.—Maulvi Zahiruddin Ahmad, English teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, now officiating assistant head master, Birbhum Zilla School, on Rs. 150—10—250, is appointed to be assistant head master, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from 25th January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Dutta about to retire.

The 18th January 1923.

No. 41A.—Babu Nageendra Kumar Roy, head master, Charis Guru Training School, Chittagong, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 42A.—Maulvi Abdul Jalil, assistant mauvi, Junior Section, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for seven days, with effect from 7th December 1922.

2. Maulvi Muhammad Osman is declared to have acted as assistant mauvi, Junior Section, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, with effect from 9th December 1922, against the vacancy on Rs. 75—5—200, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Jalil, on leave.

No. 43A.—Mrs. Snehalata Sen, assistant mistress, Bethune Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for four months, with effect from the 1st November 1922, in extension of the leave granted to her in this office notification No. 426A., dated the 26th May 1922.

2. The officiating arrangement already made for the conduct of her duties is allowed to continue.

No. 44A.—Maulvi Abdul Aziz, officiating Arabic Teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted, in terms of clause 2(a) of Finance Department notification No. 19463-F., dated 23rd December 1921, leave on full pay for twenty-one days, with effect from 13th November 1922.

2. He is also permitted to prefix Sunday, the 12th November 1922, to his leave.

The 20th January 1923.

No. 45A.—Miss Sophia Quasi is appointed to act as assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date she joins the appointment, *vice* Miss Daisy Bose, transferred.

The 24th January 1923.

No. 46A.—Babu Sree Kanta Routh, assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three months, with effect from the 7th November 1922.

2. Maulvi Mahammad Abdur Rauf is appointed to act as assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 22nd December 1922, until further orders.

No. 47A.—Babu Krishna Kishore Ganguli, gymnastic master, Hooghly College, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twenty-six days, with effect from the 6th November 1922.

He is also permitted to prefix Sunday, the 5th November 1922, to his leave.

No. 48A.—Babu Mohini Mohan Neogi, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Panskura, in the district of Midnapore, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three months, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

He is also permitted to prefix the Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

No. 49A.—Babu Amrita Lal Gupta, assistant master, Hindu School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now officiating lecturer in History, Chittagong College, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for two months and twenty-three days (of which twelve days are on account of privilege leave), with effect from the 22nd November 1922.

2. Babu Jatindra Lal Nandi is appointed to act as lecturer in History, Chittagong College, on an allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, with effect from the 22nd November 1922, *vice* Babu Amrita Lal Gupta, on leave.

No. 50A.—Babu Ram Chandra Mukharjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bakarganj, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for seven months, viz., leave on average pay for five months in terms of rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and the remaining period on half average pay in terms of rule 81 (d) of these rules, in extension of the leave granted in this office notification No. 357A., dated the 6th May 1922.

2. The officiating arrangement already sanctioned is allowed to continue.

No. 51A.—Maulvi Mahoruddin Ahmed, lecturer in Persian, Krishnagar College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

He is also permitted to prefix the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

The 26th January 1923.

No. 52A.—Babu Aditya Kumar Bhattacharjee, assistant master of Sanskrit, Dacca Intermediate College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay or the period from 6th December 1922 to 1st February 1923, inclusive.

No. 53A.—Maulvi Shaikh Badiur Rahman, English teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay for one month and twenty-three days, with effect from the 1st November 1922.

He is also permitted to affix the Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

2. The officiating arrangement sanctioned in this office notification No. 459A., dated the 10th August 1922, is allowed to continue.

No. 54A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 419A., dated the 4th November 1922, Maulvi Syed Muhammad Hossain, head mauvi, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month and thirteen days, with effect from the 9th October 1922.

He is also permitted to prefix to his leave the Puja vacation extending from 24th September 1922 to 8th October 1922.

2. Maulvi Muhammad Afzal, second mauvi, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on Rs. 50—2—80—3—110, is appointed to act as head mauvi of the same Institution, on the pay of his own grade, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Syed Muhammad Hossain.

3. Maulvi Sultan Syed Jafar Ali is appointed to act as second mauvi, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on an allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, with effect from the 23rd October 1922, against a vacancy in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Syed Muhammad Hossain, or until further orders.

No. 55A.—Babu Mahan Lal Ganguli, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Pirojpur, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of clause 2(a) of Government notification No. 19463F., dated the 22nd December 1921, leave on full pay for eight days, with effect from the 7th October 1922.

He is also permitted to prefix the Puja holidays to his leave.

No. 56A.—In modification of this office notification No. 535-A (3), dated the 11th November 1922, **Babu Kall Krishna Sen Gupta**, officiating assistant master, **Rajshahi Collegiate School**, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as head master, **Naogon Gura Training School**, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* **Babu Nirmal Chandra Sen Gupta**, transferred.

The 20th January 1923.

No. 57A.—This office notification No. 753A, dated the 16th September 1922, deputing **Miss Kabeed Moni Sen**, assistant mistress, **Dr. Khastagir's High School for Girls, Chittagong**, on Rs. 75—5—200, to the English Training class attached to the **Eden High School for Girls, Dacca**, for one year with effect from the 2nd January 1923 and appointing **Miss Sandamini Rakshit** to act in her place, is hereby cancelled.

No. 58A.—**Maulvi Mukhtar Ahmed Siddiqui**, Sub-Inspector of Schools, **Kasba (Homna), Tippera**, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave without allowances, for six months, with effect from the 1st August 1922, in terms of rule 85 of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this office notification No. 579A, dated the 3rd August 1922.

No. 59A.—In modification of the orders published in this office notification No. 870-A (3), dated the 1st December 1922, **Babu Mahendra Nath Bhattacharji**, second pandit, **Rajshahi Collegiate School**, on Rs. 50—2—80—3—110 (now drawing Rs. 86 per mensem), is appointed as head pandit, **Jalpaiguri Zilla School**, and in the scale of Rs. 80—4—120 (efficiency bar)—4—160, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* **Babu Ramani Bhusan Bhattacharji**, transferred.

2. This cancels the appointment of **Babu Raj Krishna Datta** as head pandit of the **Jalpaiguri Zilla School**.

No. 60A.—**Miss Santiprava Das Gupta** is appointed temporarily as lecturer in Sanskrit and Bengali for the I. A. classes attached to the **Eden High School for Girls, Dacca**, on Rs. 150 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—300 (efficiency bar)—10—400, with effect from the 20th December 1922, against one of the posts sanctioned in terms of Government order No. 1772Edn., dated the 23rd August 1922.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 24.—*The 20th January 1923.*—**Babu Sadananda Sen**, Sub-Registrar of Chândina, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 1, dated the 3rd January 1923.

No. 25.—*The 20th January 1923.*—**Maulvi Ulfatul Karim**, Sub-Registrar of Monohardi, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (eighteen days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he is relieved.

No. 26.—*The 20th January 1923.*—**Maulvi Kazi Abdul Majid**, Sub-Registrar, grade V of Dacca, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Monohardi, in the district of Dacca, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* **Maulvi Ulfatul Karim**, on leave.

No. 27.—*The 25th January 1923.*—**Babu Ambika Charan Sen**, Sub-Registrar, grade III, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-two days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 563, dated the 15th December 1922.

No. 28.—*The 26th January 1923.*—**Babu Mahendra Lal Maitra**, Sub-Registrar of Rajganj, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 491, dated the 15th November 1922.

No. 29.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Haripada Sen, Sub-Registrar of Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 6, dated the 6th January 1923.

No. 30.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Sailendra Nath Mitra, Sub-Registrar, grade V (substantive *pro tempore*), of Howrah, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Babu Haripada Sen, on leave.

No. 31.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Kishori Mohan Basu, Sub-Registrar of Barasat, in the district of the 24 Parganas, under orders of transfer to Khanakul, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (one month and two days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th January 1923.

No. 32.—The 26th January 1923.—Maulvi Farid Bakht Masumdar, Sub-Registrar of Gunabati, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 518, dated the 26th November 1922.

No. 33.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Nikunja Behari Sen Gupta, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for five weeks (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Sub-Registrar of Muladhi, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 34.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Narendra Nath Chatterjee, probationer of Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under subsidiary rules framed under rule 104 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of it.

No. 35.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Mahendra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar of Anandpur, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (twenty-four days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 36.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chakrabarty, Sub-Registrar of Shujanagar, in the district of Pabna, was on leave on average pay for fifteen days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 23rd December 1922 to the 6th January 1923.

No. 37.—The 27th January 1923.—Ghulam Arab Ali Khan, Sub-Registrar of Salanga, in the district of Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for sixteen days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 23rd December 1922 to the 7th January 1923.

No. 38.—The 27th January 1923.—Maulvi Amiruddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Raiganj, in the district of Dinajpur, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Pirganj in the same district.

No. 39.—The 29th January 1923.—Maulvi Amiruddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar, grade III of Raiganj, in the district of Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one month under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 40.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen Gupta, Sub-Registrar, grade IV of Gangarampur, in the district of Dinajpur, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Raiganj in the same district, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 41.—The 29th January 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Asharul Haq, Sub-Registrar of Goghat in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit) under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 40 Com.—The 4th January 1923.—The following draft of amendments which, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council and in exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for regulating the importation, possession, and transport of petroleum, published under the Government of Bengal, Marine Department, notification No. 143 Marine, dated the 30th November 1914, and subsequently amended, are published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft amendments will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th March 1923, and any objections or suggestions with regard thereto received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

For rules 7 and 8 of Chapter I of Part II of the said rules the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"7. The efficiency of every lightning conductor connected with an installation shall be tested at least once every year, in the manner prescribed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives, by an officer appointed in that behalf by the licensing authority; and any such officer shall be permitted to enter the installation for the purposes of such test at any time after sunrise and before sunset. A certificate showing the date of the last test shall be posted in a conspicuous place within the installation.

8. The fee payable for tests carried out under rule 7 shall be twenty rupees a year for each conductor tested, subject to a limit of two hundred rupees for any number of conductors in one installation: provided that in addition such fees the licensee shall be liable to pay a fee of fifteen rupees for each unsuccessful test of a conductor, subject to a limit of twenty rupees for any number of unsuccessful tests made on one day on a single conductor."

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

EXCISE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 370 Ex.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (1 of 1878), and with the previous approval of the Governor-General in Council, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in the rules published under the Bengal Government Notification No. 7418 R., dated the 2nd March 1918, namely:—

For the schedule of exempted preparations annexed to rule 34 of the said rules, substitute the following:—

"Schedule."

1. Anodyne pine expectorant.
2. Apocodeine hydrochloridum.
3. Syrupus Apomorphinae.
4. Linctus Apomorphinae C. Codeina.
5. Capsules Codeinae C. Ext. Cannabis Indica.
6. Syrupus Codeinae Phosphatis.
7. Linctus Codeinae.
8. Haustus Apomorphinae Co.
9. Mistura Apomorphinae et Terebenti.
10. Powells' Balsam of Aniseed.
11. "Camphorodyne."
12. Chlorodyne."

* Provided that they do not contain more than 2 grains of morphine per fluid ounce.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 371Ex.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), and with the previous approval of the Governor-General in Council, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in the rules published under the Bengal Government Notification No. 5628.R., dated the 2nd March 1918, as subsequently amended, namely:—

For the schedule of exempted preparations annexed to rule 64 of the said rules, substitute the following:—

"Schedule.

1. Frompton Consumption and Cough Specific.
2. Mistura Pepsinae Company C. Bismutho.
3. Linctus Opiatus.
4. Lotio Plumbi C. Opio.
5. Mistura Scillae Co.
6. Syrupus Camphorae Co.
7. Tintura Anti-periodica.
8. Pulv. Ipecac Co. or Dovers' powder.
9. Ung: Gallae C. Opio.
10. Enteronol or choleraol.
11. A specific containing opium for cholera, diarrhoea and dysentery prepared by Bell Drug and Chemical Company, London, and labelled as such."

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 372Ex.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 90 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in paragraph 37 of Notification No. 5968.R., dated the 30th March 1915, published on pages 562-578, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st idem, as subsequently amended, namely:—

"Delete clause (2 a) of paragraph 37 of the said Notification."

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 444Ex.—The 27th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 86 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the rules, published under Notification No. 6018.R., dated the 30th March 1915, as subsequently amended, namely:—

(1) After clause (21) of rule 1 of the said rules, insert the following, namely:—

"(22) 'Wanchu' means a fermented liquor specially prepared from rice by the Chinese in Calcutta as their national drink on special occasions."

(2) After rule 181 of the said rules, insert the following, namely:—

"181A.—Licenses may be granted to Chinese families in Calcutta for the home-brewing of 'Wanchu' up to such limit as the Collector may consider reasonable to meet the requirements of special occasions, such as child birth, etc., at the rate of Rs. 2 for each household for each such occasion."

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 446Ex.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Sarat Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, is appointed to act as Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, during the absence on leave, of Babu Rasick Lal Ghosh for six months, with effect from the 16th January 1923, or until further orders.

J. T. DOHOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 872A.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Debendra Nath Mitra, District Agricultural Officer, is granted leave on average pay for thirty-six days, with effect from the 17th November 1922, with permission to affix the Christmas holidays. He is also granted leave on average pay for one day in extension of the leave sanctioned in this office notification No. 1600T.A., dated the 3rd November 1922.

No. 1254.—*The 18th January 1923.*—Babu Debendra Nath Mitra, District Agricultural Officer, on leave, is appointed to act as District Agricultural Officer, Khulna, for the period from the 25th October to 15th November 1922.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (off.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 1249.—*The 23rd January 1923.*—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Shukhua Joutha Bank (registered No. 121 of 1913), in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.
Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.
And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Rai Nalini Nath Banerji Bahadur, B.L., Secretary, Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., Tippera, to be Liquidator of the said Society.

No. 1251.—*The 23rd January 1923.*—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Eddarpur Joutha Bank (registered No. 22D of 1919), in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.
Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.
And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Comilla, to be Liquidator of the said Society.

No. 1266.—*The 23rd January 1923.*—Whereas the Commissioner of the Dacca Division has, on appeal, set aside the cancellation of registration of the Faridpur Co-operative Stores, Ltd. (registered No. 256 of 1919), a registered Co-operative Society in the district of Faridpur, which was put under liquidation by this Department notification No. 8359, dated the 16th June 1922, it is hereby ordered that the said notification No. 8359, dated the 16th June 1922, be cancelled.

No. 1283.—*The 26th January 1923.*—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Pabna Co-operative Stores, Limited (registered No. 190 of 1919), in the district of Pabna, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.
Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.
And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Pabna, to be liquidator of the said Society.

No. 1325.—*The 26th January 1923.*—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Daulatpur Co-operative Samity (registered No. 218D of 1919), in the district of Mymensingh, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Babu Joy Chandra Chakrabarty, B.L., a director and assistant secretary of the Kishoreganj Central Co-operative Bank, Limited, to be liquidator of the said Society.

No. 1321.—*The 26th January 1923.*—Whereas the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division has, on appeal, set aside the cancellation of registration of the Chittagong Co-operative Store, Limited (registered No. 743 of 1917), a registered co-operative society in the district of Chittagong, which was put under liquidation by this department notification No. 16550, dated the 23rd December 1921, it is hereby ordered that the said notification No. 16550, dated the 23rd December 1922, be cancelled.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 68 Exc.—The 19th January 1923.—Babu Surendra Kumar Das Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is granted leave on average pay for thirty days, with effect from the 2nd February 1923.

No. 69 Exc.—The 26th January 1923.—Babu Tara Das Banerjee, Inspector of Excise, in charge of the Konnagore distillery, is granted leave on average salary for fourteen days.

S. C. MUKERJEE,
Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

APPORTIONMENT ORDER.

No. 832 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Under section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council has determined that in police-stations Bishnupur, Jaypur, Siromanipur, Kotalpur, Indas, Patrasair, Sonamukhi and Radhanagar in the district of Bankura, where the preparation of a record-of-rights has been undertaken under notification No. 7535 L.R., dated the 13th September 1918, the landlords' and tenants' share of cost of the survey and the preparation of records-of-rights, including the estimated cost of maintenance of boundary marks for a period of fifteen years, shall be apportioned and recovered as specified below :—

1. A rate of Re. 1 per acre shall be levied on all cultivated lands and a rate of six annas per acre on all lands classed as jungle and waste.

Common lands such as roads, streams, burning ghats shall be excluded from assessment.

2. Of the Re. 1 rate, raiyats and all persons holding non-agricultural tenancies shall pay six annas and their landlords of all grades together ten annas per acre. Of the six annas rate, the former class will pay two annas and their landlords of all grades together four annas.

3. Landlords shall pay the raiyats' share for lands in their khas possession and raiyats shall pay the full raiyati rate for lands covered by their holdings.

4. As between the different grades of landlords, the landlords' share shall be apportioned thus :—

- (a) Permanent tenure-holders whose rent or rate of rent is fixed in perpetuity shall pay their own share of the cost and that of landlords superior to them.
- (b) Other permanent tenure-holders and temporary tenure-holders whose lease has over 15 years to run shall pay three-fourths of the landlords' share and their landlords shall pay the remaining one-fourth.
- (c) Temporary tenure-holders whose lease has 15 years to run shall pay fifteen-sixteenths of the share they would pay in accordance with (b) above if they are permanent tenure-holders and so on proportionately according to the number of years of lease to run.
- (d) Temporary tenure-holders who do not hold on a lease for a fixed term shall pay half of the landlords' share.

Explanation.—The calculation shall be made from the lowest grade of landlords immediately above the raiyats. The period for which the lease of the tenure or the under-tenure is to run is to be reckoned in each case from the close of the agricultural year in which the record is finally published.

5. Rent-free holders whether of the degree of the raiyat or landlord shall pay the whole of the landlords' share for their lands.

6. (a) All under-raiyats with right of occupancy shall pay at the rate of three annas per acre for the land in their possession.

(b) Under-raiyats with no right of occupancy shall pay two annas for each khatian which they are entitled to get.

7. (a) The minimum charge for any tenancy or part of a tenancy recorded in one village shall be four annas, subject to clause 6 (b).

(b) Broken portions of an acre will always be calculated as a full acre and broken portions of an anna as a full anna.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 332L.R.—The 20th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Kali Mohan Sen, Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Midnapore, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights. He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VI, Part I of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the forerelaid area.

No. 333L.R.—The 20th January 1923.—Babu Kali Mohan Sen, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer, under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in that district, for the purpose of revision of orders passed either by himself or by any other Revenue Officer, under sections 105, 105-A, 106 and 107 of the said Act.

No. 334L.R.—The 20th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 108-A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Kali Mohan Sen, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, to make corrections in the records-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in that district, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

No. 339L.R.—The 22nd January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Maulvi Masfuddin Fakir, Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Malda, who has, by notification No. 483O.P., dated the 20th January 1923, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector, in the Mathurapur Estate in the district of Malda, for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the records-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purposes of the said work of the maintenance of the records-of-rights.

No. 393L.R.—The 24th January 1923.—The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division, *ex-officio* Vice-President of the Committee for the management of the Eden Sanitarium and Eden Hospital at Darjeeling, is appointed to be the *ex-officio* President of that Committee, *vice* the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Medical Department.

No. 397L.R.—The 24th January 1923.—The Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, *ex-officio* member of the Committee for the management of the Eden Sanitarium and Eden Hospital at Darjeeling, is appointed to be the *ex-officio* Vice-President of that Committee, *vice* the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division.

No. 393L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 108-A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Abani Kumar Sen, Assistant Settlement Officer, Jessore, to make corrections in the records-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th January 1914, as modified by notification No. 2606Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

No. 357L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Rajani Kanta Sen Gupta, settlement kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Pabna-Bogra, the functions of a revenue officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

No. 391L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer of Khulna, is also appointed to be a Settlement Officer in the district of Jessore, with effect from the date on which he may join his duties in that settlement.

No. 902 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Jessore, is appointed to discharge, in the district of Jessore as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275 L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606 Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights. He is also vested with the powers of a Settlement Officer under Chapter VI, Part I of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid areas.

No. 903 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (16) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Jessore, is appointed to discharge the functions of a Collector, under section 58 of that Act, in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275 L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606 Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914.

No. 904 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer, under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275 L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606 Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914, for the purpose of revision of orders passed either by himself or by any other revenue officer under him, under sections 105, 105-A, 106 and 107 of the aforesaid Act.

No. 905 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 108-A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Jessore, to make corrections in the records-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275 L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606 Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

No. 906 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 109-C of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Jessore, to settle rents in accordance with the provisions of that section, in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275 L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606 Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914.

No. 907 L.R.—The 26th January 1923.—Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Collector under—

- (1) the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822),
- (2) the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825),
- (3) the Bengal Land Revenue Assessment (Resumed Lands Regulation), 1828 (III of 1828),
- (4) the Bengal Land Revenue (Settlement and Deputy Collectors) Regulation, 1833 (IX of 1833),

to be exercised in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275 L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606 Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914.

No. 908 L.R.—The 20th January 1923.—Babu Pramodranjan Das Gupta, Deputy Collector, employed as an Assistant Settlement Officer in the districts of Pabna and Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for eighteen days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 28th November 1922.

No. 954L.A.—The 20th January 1923.—Lieut. Col. F. C. Hirst, I.A., Director of Surveys, Bengal, is allowed leave for two years, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (of which three days on account of privilege leave at credit), with effect from the 21st February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, under article 81 (3) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay, in continuation, for the remaining period under article 81 (a) of the said rules.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 706L.A.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.1682 of an acre in plot No. 2 which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7166L.A. of 21st August 1920, published at page 1511, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* and required by the Eastern Bengal Railway for officers' quarters in the village of Radhanagore, pargana Magura, district 24-Parganas:—

North and East—By the land acquired under declaration No. 7166L.A. of 21st August 1920.

South—By the Judge's Court Road.

West—By premises No. 32, Judge's Court Road.

No. 936L.A.—The 29th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, .0991 of an acre, which was covered by declaration No. 4406L.A., dated 18th April 1922, published at page 817, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 26th April 1922, and was required for surface drain at Jindabahr 1st Lane in Dacca town, in the mahalla of Jindabahr, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 624L.A.—The 20th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Salimganj High English School in the village of Barail, pargana Bardakhat, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .909 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 139 and 201,

East—By ditto ditto 557 and 553,

South—By ditto ditto 210, 209 and 553,

West—By ditto ditto 207, 205 and 201,

is required within the aforesaid village of Barail.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 342L.A.—The 26th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for the erection of a Theodolite Block in the village of Konnagore, pargana Horo, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 chitaks 16 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to .0045 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By land of Ramgopal Mukherjee tenanted by Messrs. D. Waldie & Co.,

East—By land of Ibrahim Salaji and portion of the land of Rangopal Mukherjee tenanted by Messrs. D. Waldie & Co.,

South—By land of Ibrahim Salaji and portion of road to river Hooghly and

West—By the land of Ramgopal Mukherjee tenanted by Messrs. D. Waldie & Co., and road to river Hooghly,

is required within the aforesaid village of Konnagore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Hooghly.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 848 L.A.—The 26th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor-in-Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a brick-field in connection with the construction of public buildings for the new district headquarters of Noakhali, in the villages of Majdi and East Lakhinarayanpur, parganas Bhuina and Amirabad, zilla Noakhali, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 26.07 acres, bounded on the—

BLOCK A :

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 1858 and remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1864, 1872, 1873, 1874 and 1888 of Majdi and by cadastral survey plot No. 22 and remaining portion of plot No. 21 of East Lakhinarayanpur,

East—By the portion of cadastral survey plot No. 1892 of Majdi,

South—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 562, 569, part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 570, 559 of East Lakhinarayanpur, the remaining portion of cadastral survey plot No. 2776 of Majdi, and by the remaining portion of cadastral survey plot No. 568 of East Lakhinarayanpur,

West—By the remaining portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1855, 1856, 1947, 1948, 2775, 1944 of Majdi and the part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1852, 1850, 1848 of Majdi,

BLOCK B :

North—By the part of block A,

East—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 1984, 1986, 1987, 1993 of East Lakhinarayanpur, the part of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1988, 568 of East Lakhinarayanpur, the remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 630, 633, 2063 of East Lakhinarayanpur and by the remaining portion of plots Nos. 3086, 3087, 2837, 2838, 2781, 2776 of Majdi,

South—By the part of Public Works Department land,

West—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 1996, 631, the part of cadastral survey plot No. 1997 of East Lakhinarayanpur, the remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 612, 630 of East Lakhinarayanpur, the remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2776, 2781, 2783, 2784, 2786, 2826, 2835, 2837, 2838 of Majdi and by the portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 612, 630, 2063 of East Lakhinarayanpur, police-station Noakhali,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Majdi and East Lakhinarayanpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Noakhali.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 627 L.A.—The 20th January 1923.—In line 11 of declaration No. 7386 L.A., dated the 7th August 1922, published at page 1545, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, for the acquisition of land required by the District Board, Bakarganj, for the excavation of a tank at Galua Durgapur, for the words and figures "plots Nos. 61, 57, 30 and 35" read "plots Nos. 30, 33 and plots Nos. 61 and 57."

No. 920 L.A.—The 27th January 1923.—In line 21 of declaration No. 1046 L.A., dated the 29th January 1918, published at page 194, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem regarding acquisition of land required for the construction of a new hospital for the Calcutta Police, in the village of Bhawanipur, pargana Dihi Panchannagram, district 24-Parganna, for the words "6-1, Russa Road North" read "77-1, Samshu Nath Pandit Street."

No. 2227 L.A.—The 20th January 1923.—In line 2 of declaration No. 3277 L.A., dated the 24th March 1922, published at page 609, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th issue, in respect of land required by the East Indian Railway Company for bridge No. 11 at mile 3 of the Kanta Coal Branch Railway, for "Barkala, pargana Bardham" read "Barkala, or Barkand, pargana taluk Pundra," and in line 14 for "Barkala" read "Barkala or Barkand."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 211 Jur.—The 24th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of all previous orders relating to the area in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dacca and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the limits of that subdivision shall include the local areas of the following police-stations:—

Police-station.	No. and date of notification defining jurisdiction.
Dacca (Kotwali) ...	No. 11311P., dated the 20th September 1915.
Lalbagh ...	" 11312P., dated the 20th September 1915.
Sutrapur ...	" 11313P., dated the 20th September 1915.
Keraniganj ...	" 5323J., dated the 21st September 1896, No. 302T.R., dated the 19th May 1915, and No. 2237P.J., dated the 28th June 1919.
Joydehpur ...	" 7923., dated the 5th April 1910.
Teagaon ...	" 2227P.J., dated the 28th June 1919, and No. 620P.J., dated the 12th February 1920.
Kapasia ...	" 9330P., dated the 22nd July 1916.
Kaliganj ...	" 9331P., dated the 22nd July 1916.
Sripur ...	" 9329P., dated the 22nd July 1916.
Nawabganj ...	" 639T.R., dated the 28th May 1915, and No. 2720P.J., dated the 10th September 1918.
Dohar ...	" 9801P., dated the 16th July 1917, No. 2720P.J., dated the 10th September 1918 and No. 3745P.J., dated the 7th November 1919.
Sabhar ...	" 5326P., dated the 29th June 1914.
Dhamrai ...	" 5328P., dated the 29th June 1914, and No. 327P.L., dated the 26th January 1923.
Kallakoir ...	" 5327P., dated the 29th June 1914.

No. 912 Jur.—The 26th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of notification No. 5415 Jur., dated the 18th May 1922, relating to the area in the Manikganj subdivision of the district of Dacca and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the limits of that subdivision shall include the local areas of the following police-stations:—

Police-station.	No. and date of notification defining jurisdiction.
Manikganj ...	No. 304P.J., dated the 21st January 1918, and Nos. 1549P.J., and 1550P.J., dated the 30th April 1919.
Singair ...	" 303P.J., dated the 21st January 1918, and No. 327P.L., dated the 26th January 1923.
Satucia ...	" 302P.J., dated the 21st January 1918, and Nos. 1549P.J. and 1550P.J., dated the 30th April 1919.
Sibhalay ...	" 4096P.J., dated the 12th October 1920.
Gheor ...	" 4093P.J., dated the 13th October 1920.
Daulatpur ...	" 4097P.J., dated the 13th October 1920, and No. 1902P.L., dated the 18th May 1922.
Harirampur ...	" 109, dated the 27th August 1874, and No. 1824P.J., dated the 7th June 1918.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 1-For.—The 19th January 1923.—Mr. W. E. Hodge, Assistant Conservator of Forests, is posted to the charge of the Pankhabari Range with headquarters at Pankhabari, with effect from the 1st January 1923.

R. O. MILWARD,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 276L., dated the 25th January, 1923.—It is hereby notified, in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral rules, that Dr. Pramad Nath Banerjee has been declared, under rule 12 (7) of the said rules, to have been duly elected by the Calcutta East (Non-Muhammadden) Constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

C. TINDALL,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.

Orders by the Controller of the Currency.

In continuation of this office notification, dated the 30th December 1922, it is notified that the rate at which contributions to the Indian Civil Service and Indian Military Service Family Pension Funds and the Indian Military Widows and Orphans' Funds are recoverable during the month of February 1923 is 1s. 4¼. the rupee. This rate also applies to the payment of leave salaries, pensions, and annuities fixed in sterling.

2. The percentage admissible as Exchange Compensation Allowance on salary paid during the same month is Rs. 4-8-9 per Rs. 100. The allowance is subject to the maximum of Rs. 101.

A. C. MOWATERS, Controller,
THE TREASURY, CALCUTTA, the 30th January 1923.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 18TH JANUARY 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1923 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the twelfth day of February next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

MIRZA MOHAMED ALI NAKHY, Sheriff.

সরিক আফিস, সন ১৯২৩ লাল, তারিখ ১৫ই জানুয়ারি।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে-যে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম হাউস অফ ফোর্ট উইলিয়াম ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোর্টরারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামী সন ১৯২৩ সালের ১২ই ফেব্রুয়ারী সোমবার, বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত দেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত যাহে সন ১৯২৩ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান সমিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন ক্রিমিনেল বিকসে কোর্টরারী মিহিক করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া সোকদর্য করে, ততী

মিরজা মোহম্মদ আলি নাকি,
সরিক।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 24th January 1923.

No. 437A.—Babu Kamad Bandyopadhyay, munsif of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Bader munsif of Chittagong.

No. 1434.—Babu Kamaud Bantha Gupta, Munsif of Chittagong, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralisation Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Chittagong.

No. 1435.—Babu Krishna Kumar Sen, Subordinate Judge of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsif of Midnapore.

The 21st January 1923.

No. 1436.—Babu Indu Behari Das, Additional Munsif of Kuchua and Ranaghat, now employed at Kuchua, in the district of Nadia, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Kuchua munsif.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDULY,

Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of February 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Court of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below:—

February 1923.	Working days.
Hooghly—from 1st to 8th	7
Serampore—from 9th to 19th	7
Howrah—from 20th to 28th	8

(Sundays and holidays excepted.)

NAGENDRA NATH GHOSH, Judge.

SMALL CAUSE COURT, SERAMPORE, the 16th January 1923.

ORDERS BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2 Jct.—Messrs Nural Haq, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, on leave, is posted to Nafer subdivision of the Rajshahi district.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAH DIVN., CAMP ALIPUR DUAR, the 22nd January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 245 J.G.—In supersession of this office notification No. 3759 J.G., dated the 7th December 1922, Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Soanmukhi Circle, Bankura, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty days (on account of privilege leave at credit) under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th January 1923.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 279 J.—Babu Shambhu Chand Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, employed on food relief work in the district of Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay for eight days (on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th December 1922.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAH DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 455R.G.—Babu Purna Chandra Achary, Deputy Collector on probation at the Sadar station of the district of Nadia, is transferred to the Bangson subdivision of the district of Jessore.

J. LANG, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 15th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 457R.G.—Babu Nripendra Kumar Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, Chaudanga, Nadia, is granted leave on average pay for one month and nine days, with effect from the 7th July 1922.

J. LANG, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 26th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the managing committee of the Barisal Zilla School has been reconstituted with the following members:—

- (1) The District Magistrate, Barisal—President (*ex-officio*).
- (2) The Head Master, Barisal Zilla School—Vice-President and Secretary (*ex-officio*).
- (3) Babu Sital Chandra Banerjee, Elected representative of the teaching staff.
- (4) Khan Bahadur Maulvi Hamayetuddin Ahmed, B.L. } Non-official representatives of parents and guardians
- (5) Rai Mathura Nath Sen Bahadur, B.L. } of pupils
- (6) The Additional District Magistrate of Bakarganj (*ex-officio*)—An official other than an Educational officer.

H. P. V. TOWNSEND, District Magistrate.

BARISAL, the 18th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 162J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 53 (f) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby re-appoint Babu Gagan Behari Ghosh and Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen to be non-official visitors of the Vishnupur subsidiary jail for a period of two years from 24th January 1923.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 28M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 17th March 1923, has been fixed as the date for holding a bye-election in ward No. III of the Bashirhat Municipality, in the district of the 24 Parganas, to elect a Commissioner for that ward in place of Babu Binoda Bihari Das, deceased.

J. LANG, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 32 of the Election Rules framed under the Local Self-Government Act (III) B. C. of 1885, it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Mohini Mohan Singh Deb, one of the elected members of the Vishnupur Local Board for Inda thana, having died, a bye-election will be held at the Inda High English School premises on the 29th March 1923, corresponding to 15th Chaitra 1923 B. S., between the hours of 11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

P. GHOSE, for Magistrate.

BANKURA, the 16th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1217 L. S. G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, at the last general elections the following gentlemen have been duly elected under section 4 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, to be members of the various local boards representing the towns noted against each :—

Name of Local Board.	Name of town.	Name of member elected.
	Phulbala	Babu Bijoy Krishna Das.
	Deulaspur	Babu Biswa Nath Nandi.
	Tarakpur	Manvi Shamsar Rahman.
	Patelhat	Babu Prabhush Chandra Chatterjee.
	Batiaghata	Babu Umesh Chandra Golder.
	Dumuria	{ Babu Bishu Chandra Bhattacharyya. Hira Lal Ghose.
Khuina	Dacope	{ Babu Loke Nath Mondal. Rati Kanta Nag.
	Paikgacha	{ Babu Abanul Kanta Roy Chaudhury. Hem Nath Banerjee. Munshi Takimuddin Ahmad.
	Bagerhat	{ Babu Suk Lal Nag. Mohendra Nath Biswas. Kiran Chandra Das.
	Morrelganj	{ Babu Haripada Banerjee. Rajendra Kumar Nag.
	Mollahat	{ Babu Rajendra Nath Malakar. Ram Chandra Roy Chaudhury.
	Rampal	{ Babu Kumal Bandhu Ghose. Bangsadhar Nag.
	Kachua	Babu Rasik Lal Chakrabarti, B.A.
Bagerhat	Fakirhat	Babu Mohendra Kumar Ghose, M.A., B.L.
	Sarakhola	Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
	Satkira	{ Munshi Abdor Rauf Khan Chowdhury. Matias Rahman Chowdhury. Mir Ahmad Ali.
	Kalaroa	{ Munshi Sheikh Abdus Samad. Babu Ramaranjan Misra.
	Magura (Tala)	{ Babu Surendra Nath Ghose. Jitendra Nath Ghose. Lalit Mohan Chatterjee.
	Assasuni	{ Munshi Mahatapuddin Ahmad. Abdul Gafur.
Satkira	Kaliganj (includ- ing Pratapnagar Bast House).	{ Babu Rajendra Nath Nandy. Munshi Muhammad Elias Khan. Jamaluddin Ahmad.
	Debhatta	Munshi Neamuddin Ahmad.
	Szangore	Babu Bishu Chandra Chatterjee Adhikari.

J. LANG, Commissioner.

COMM. S. OFFICE, PENSY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 187 L. S. G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election by the members of the Contal Local Board of Babu Bepin Behari Sasmal as their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMM. S. OFFICE, BORDWAI DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 120 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 4 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government (Amendment) Act, V of 1908, I appointment, under section 11 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen to be members of the several local boards in the district of Khulna:—

Name of local board.	Name of member appointed.
Khulna	1. Munshi Mohammad Jeyal Sardar.
	2. " Abdul Wahab.
	3. " Abdul Samad Molla.
	4. Babu Sasi Bhushan Paul.
	5. " Surendra Kumar Nag.
	6. Munshi Alisaruddin Ahmed.
Bagerhat	1. Babu Sriah Chandra Mukherjee.
	2. " Sihanath Mandal.
	3. Kazi Saibuddin Ahmad.
	4. " Abdul Majid.
	5. Muhammad Fazle Haq.
	6. Maulvi Serajuddin Jamadar.
Satkhira	1. Circle Officer, Satkhira, <i>ex officio</i> .
	2. Babu Hem Chandra Das Gupta.
	3. " Satyendra Nath Roy.
	4. Maulvi Atiquar Rohaman Khan.
	5. Babu Annada Prosad Ghosh.
	6. Muhammad Saifulla Khan.
	7. Babu Aurobinda Nath Roy Chowdhury.

J. LANG, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 160 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 12 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Shaik Golam Rabbani has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Kaikala union board in Haripal police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly vice Babu Ashutosh Chatterjee, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 19th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 197 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 11 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Manik Ali Khan has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Pola union board in Khanakul police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, vice Babu Syama Charan Pujari, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 218 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 12 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Ghetum Bhattacharjee has been appointed by the Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Bipratikuri union board in Labpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, vice Babu Satindra Nath Banerjee, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2197 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919) Syed Alaui Rahane has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. 1 of the Nowanagore union board in Nazim police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Munshi Syed Ghedai Akbar, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 207 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sachī Dulal Chowdhury has been appointed by the Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Chahata union board in Lohpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Mukherjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 223 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Indra Narayan Banerji has been appointed by the Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Ektarpur union board in Balagarh police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Narayan Das Ghosal, removed.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 26th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 16 Met.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Naimuddin Sarkar has been duly elected a member of ward No. II of the Salua union board in thana Charghat, in the Sadar subdivision of the Rajshahi district, in place of Munshi Alam Sarkar, deceased.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHİ DIVN., CAMP RANGPUR, the 27th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1 Met.—It is notified for general information that, under the proviso to clause (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, Mr. Wahī Waudl is appointed as a member of the Darjeeling District Board, *vice* Babu Prem Sing, resigned.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHİ DIVN., CAMP ALIPUR DUAR, the 21st January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 254 G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries, Maulvi Nur Ahmed Chaudhuri of Lalagarh has been appointed a member of the managing committee of the District Board dispensary at Raizan in the district of Chittagong in place of Maulvi Abdul Quahir, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (off.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 279G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries, the following gentlemen and officers have been appointed by the Noakhali Municipality as members of the Committee for the management of the Sadar Hospital and Dispensary and the Birendra Kishore Manikya Female Hospital at Noakhali :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate, Noakhali | ... | ... | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| 2. The Subdivisional Officer | ... | ... | |
| 3. The Civil Surgeon | ... | ... | |
| 4. The District Engineer | ... | ... | |
| 5. The Chairman, Municipality | ... | ... | |
| 6. The Chairman, District Board | ... | ... | |
| 7. The Secretary, Bar Association | ... | ... | |
| 8. The Secretary, Criminal Bar | ... | ... | |
| 9. The Superintendent, Bhulna Estate | ... | ... | |
| 10. The Superintendent of Saraswati Estate | ... | ... | |
| 11. Maulvi Abdul Jabbar. | | | |
| 12. Babu Nagendra Kumar Guha Ray. | | | |

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (*offg.*).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 304G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries the gentlemen and officers named below have been appointed to be members of the following District Board dispensaries in the district of Tippera :—

- | Dispensaries. | Members. |
|---------------|--|
| Chunta | 1. Munshi Md. Mughar. |
| | 2. Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharjee. |
| | 3. Munshi Arajuddin. |
| | 4. Babu Abinash Chandra Sen. |
| | 5. " Apurba Krishna Sen. |
| | 6. " Pratap Chandra Sen. |
| | 7. Pandit Paramananda Bidyaratna. |
| | 8. Babu Sudarsan Bhattacharji. |
| | 9. " Dinesh Chandra Sen, B.A. |
| | 10. " Aghor Chandra Sen. |
| | 11. " Mohesh Chandra Deb, B.L. |
| | 12. " Rajani Kanta Dey Sarkar. |
| Muradnagar | 1. The Sub-Registrar |
| | 2. The Postmaster, Muradnagar |
| | 3. The Officer-in-charge of Muradnagar police-station. |
| | 4. Munshi Muzafar Ahmed. |
| | 5. Babu Jogindra Nath Mukherjee. |
| | 6. Munshi Nazir Ahmed Bhuiya. |
| | 7. " Maniruddin Ahmed Khan. |
| | 8. " Kalimuddin Sarkar. |
| | 9. Babu Kailash Chandra Datta. |
| | 10. " Haran Chandra Saha. |
| | 11. " Hari Mohan Poddar. |
| | 12. Maulvi Abdul Gani. |
| Nasirnagar | 1. The Sub-Registrar |
| | 2. The Senior Sub-Inspector of Police, Nasirnagar. |
| | 3. The Branch Postmaster, Nasirnagar |
| | 4. The Muhammadan Marriage Registrar, Nasirnagar. |
| | 5. The Tahsildar, Sarail Wards' Estate, Nasirnagar. |
| | 6. Babu Suresh Chandra Bhadra. |
| | 7. Maulvi Moswood Ali Meah. |
| | 8. " Abidul Hossain. |
| | 9. Babu Mohim Chandra Das. |
| | 10. " Banga Chandra Bhattacharjee. |
| | 11. Maulvi Syed Mutior Rahaman. |
| | 12. Babu Darika Nath Roy. |

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (*offg.*).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 24th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 15R.L.—Whereas after local enquiry and in consultation with the District Board of Khulna the Collector of the district has found that the construction of an embankment and a sluice gate at the mouth of the khal which passes through mauza Bangdaha and other adjoining villages of thana Asasuni in the district of Khulna is necessary for the improvement of the agricultural and sanitary conditions of the locality, and whereas after recording an order, under section 4 and taking the steps prescribed by sections 5 and 6 of the Bengal Agricultural and Sanitary Improvement Act, 1920, the Collector has referred the scheme to me under section 9 of the Act, I, in exercise of the power conferred upon me by section 9 of the Bengal Agricultural and Sanitary Improvement Act No. VI of 1920 and in accordance with the provisions of rule 7 of the rules framed by Government under section 35 of the said Act and published under notification No. 3173D.H., dated the 30th September 1921, appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the committee to be constituted for the purpose of the scheme under the Act with the Collector of the District as Chairman of the Committee:—

1. M. Abdur Rauf Khan Chaudhury	} Representing the Khulna District Board.
2. M. Mahtabuddin Ahmad	...	...
3. Babu Jatindra Nath Ghose	...	...
4. " Hem Nath Banerjee	...	...
5. Subdivisional Officer, Sakhira	...	...
6. M. Matiar Rahman Chaudhury	} Representing the land-owning, cultivating and other interests.
7. Babu Jogesh Chandra Bose	...	...
8. " Manmatha Nath Bose	...	...
9. " Upendra Nath Mitra	...	...
10. " Natabar Shaha	...	...

J. LANG, Commissioner.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 25th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 268G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following persons are appointed to be non-official visitors of the District Jail and for the period noted against their names:—

District Jail at Chittagong.	1. Rai Upendra Lal Roy Bahadur, M.L.C.	...	} For the period of his membership of the Bengal Legislative Council.
	2. Babu Annada Churan Dutt, M.L.C.	...	
District Jail at Comilla.	1. Mr. Kazi Golam Mohiuddin Forouqi, M.L.C.	...	} Ditto.
	2. Mr. Indu Bhusan Dutt, M.L.C.	...	
District Jail at Noakhali.	1. Babu Rasik Chandra Rishi, M.L.C.	...	} Ditto.
	2. Munshi Makramali, M.L.C.	...	

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (offg.).

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 269G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following persons are appointed to be non-official visitors of the sub-jails noted against their names for two years:—

COX'S BAZAR SUB-JAIL, DISTRICT CHITTAGONG.

1. Babu Mohini Mohan Dutt.
2. Maulvi Abdul Halim, B.L.

CHANDPUR SUB-JAIL, DISTRICT TIPPERA.

1. Babu Lalit Mohan Das Gupta.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (offg.).

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 20th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the Committee for the management of the Government High School at Pabna under rule 3 of the rules for the managing committees of the Government High Schools :—

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. The District Magistrate | President. |
| 2. Rai Prasanna Narayan Choudhuri Bahadur. | Representative of the parents and guardians of the school pupils. |
| 3. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Wasmuddin Ahmed, M.L.C. | Ditto. |
| 4. Maulvi Mohammed Talimuddin Ahmed Tarikul Alam, M.A., B.L. | An official other than an Inspecting Officer of the Education Department. |
| 5. Babu Sudhangsu Mohan Mitra, B.T., officiating Assistant Head Master. | Elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| 6. Babu Bhuban Mohan Choudhuri, B.A., Head Master. | Vice-President and Secretary. |

H. QUINTON, *Magistrate.*

MAGISTRATE'S OFFICE, PABNA, *the 19th January 1923.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 881F.—The 25th January 1923.—The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, is republished for general information.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 1440-C.S.R., dated Delhi, the 30th December 1922.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance Department.

IN continuation of the Resolution in the Home Department, No. D-449 Police, dated the 26th July 1921, promulgating the revised rates of pay for the Indian Police Service, the Government of India are pleased, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, to announce that officers of the Indian Police Service holding selection grade posts will be eligible for the lower grade additional pension provided for in article 475-A. of the Civil Service Regulations.

2. These orders will take effect from the 30th April 1921.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th January 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 15th January 1923.

No. 205-926-Gen.—With reference to Notification No. 2507-906G., dated the 14th August 1922, Mr. Max Staub, Consul for Switzerland at Calcutta, has resumed charge of his office.

The 16th January 1923.

No. 217-1059Gen.—With reference to Notification No. 3856-1059Gen., dated the 19th November 1922, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Cavaliere E. Benasaglio as Vice-Consul for Italy at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th January 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 19th January 1923.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 58.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

The Calcutta Battalion.

To be Second Lieutenant.

David John Christie Wallace. Dated 25th October 1922.

General List.

To be Captain.

Henry Paul Jordan. Dated 1st July 1922.

RESIGNATIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 83.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

4th (Cossipore) Brigade, Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant R. B. Laird. Dated 11th November 1922.

1st Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Lieutenant G. J. Harris. Dated 30th November 1922.

The Assam Bengal Railway Battalion.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur John Cooper, V.D. Dated 1st September 1922, and to retain his rank and to wear the uniform of his corps on retirement.

REWARDS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 93.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Major Edward Albert Houseman, late of the 3rd Calcutta Light Horse.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following Resolution issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. F.-829.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 20th January 1923.

RESOLUTION.

In the Government of India (Home Department) Resolution No. F.-57-1, dated 1st June 1922, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council was pleased to appoint a Committee to examine the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, and to make specific recommendations in regard to them. The Committee have made various suggestions for the amendment of the Rules, and the Report submitted by them is published below for general information.

2. The Governor General in Council has under separate consideration the various recommendations made by the Committee, and effect will be duly given to such of them as are accepted.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*; and that a copy be forwarded to all local Governments and Administrations and the several Departments of the Government of India.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

INDIAN ARMS RULES COMMITTEE.

REPORT.

Introductory.—A resolution was moved in the Assembly on the 8th of February 1922 by Baba Ujagar Singh Bedi, to the effect that a Committee with a non-official majority should be appointed by the Governor General in Council to examine the new Arms Rules, 1920, and to submit a report before the next session making specific recommendations with a view further to amend them. The Resolution was carried and was accepted by the Governor General in Council subject to adherence to the principles, (1) that there should be no racial discriminations in the rules, and (2) that the Government must retain the power to impose restrictions to prevent arms and particularly firearms from falling into the possession of lawless or dangerous persons. In accordance with the instructions contained in Resolution No. F.-57-1-Police, dated the 1st June 1922, we have examined the Arms Rules, 1920, and submit our recommendations to the Government of India for such action as they think desirable.

2. Our conclusions have been reached after an exhaustive examination of the views of local Governments, the recommendations of the Committee appointed in 1919 to advise as to the principles on which the rules should be framed, and a larger number of memoranda submitted to us by various members of the public many of which were sent in response to a general invitation issued by the Government of India to those interested in the subject under discussion to communicate their views to Government for the information of the Committee. We have examined orally 13 official and 16 non-official witnesses including representatives of the army and the trade, whose evidence was taken in public of which much has already appeared in the columns of the press. We commenced our sessions in the month of July and spent ten days in recording evidence. We were unable to conclude our work then and for unavoidable reasons were compelled to postpone our deliberations until the September Session of the Legislature. For this reason there has been some delay in the submission of our report.

3. **Exemptions.**—We propose to deal first with the question of the retention, extension, or contraction of the list of exemptions. Their total abolition has been advocated generally as a counsel of perfection, and the majority of the Committee would prefer this course if it were practicable. Local Governments, however, are of opinion that at this stage the entire abolition of exemptions would create grave dissatisfaction amongst the classes hitherto exempted and would be unwise and inexpedient. With this conclusion the majority of the Committee are in agreement. A large number of non-official Indians both in their oral evidence and in their written memoranda maintain that the Schedule of Exemptions should be enlarged. After careful consideration of the views put before us and after examining in detail the entries in Schedule I we are of opinion

that the existing list of exemptions contained in that Schedule is imperfect in some respects and we make the following recommendations regarding it:—

Under *entry 1 (a)* we would include Ministers and Members of the Imperial Legislature during their terms of office and Privy Councillors. The Committee by a majority do not recommend a similar concession to Members of the Provincial Legislatures.

In regard to *entries 6 (d), 6 (f), (i) and 6 (g)* we doubt whether the terms Great Sardars or Zamindars are sufficiently precise and we do not know what interpretation is placed upon them by the local Governments concerned, namely the Punjab, the United Provinces and the Central Provinces. We therefore recommend that enquiries should be made from these local Governments whether they maintain lists of these categories, whom they include, and whether they are sufficiently elastic. It has been represented to us that in some cases gentlemen who are in fact big Zamindars are excluded because they are not on the provincial Durbar List. If this is so, we think that it is an undesirable restriction. We are further of opinion that due regard should also be paid to lineage and family position and the lists revised accordingly. If such lists of exemptions under this entry are not maintained we recommend that they should be prepared after the terms in question have been more precisely defined. We append a note by our colleague, Baba Ujagar Singh Bedi, making certain suggestions in this connection which we think may suitably be placed before the local Governments concerned for consideration.

Entry No. 7.—We were impressed with the evidence of Khan Bahadur Muhammad Saifullah Khan, Khan of Isa Khel, who explained that the proviso in column 3 rendered this privilege to a large extent ineffective, and we accordingly recommend the removal of the proviso. We are also of opinion that the same privilege should be extended to the districts of Campbellpur, Rawalpindi and any other district adjoining the North-West Frontier Province which are exposed to raids and dacoities unless the local Government take exception to this course.

Entries 11, 11 (a) and 11 (b).—We consider that it is unnecessary to retain these exemptions in the actual Schedule of exemptions. These items were included with a view to protecting what may be termed the vested rights of the classes named on the 1st of January 1920, and we are of opinion that these rights should continue to be protected. We therefore recommend that all the present exemptees in the entries 11, 11 (a) and 11 (b) should be granted a life license conferring on them the same privileges in respect of arms exempted from license and fee which they now possess. The majority of the Committee do not recommend that this privilege should be extended to title holders who received titles after the 1st of January 1920.

Entry 13.—We recommend that an addition should be made to provide for the gift of swords or other arms by the Commander-in-Chief or on his behalf. A similar addition should also be made in Schedule II, entry 3 (*vii*). Our colleague, Baba Ujagar Singh Bedi, has pointed out that some confusion exists in regard to entry 11 (*d*) and entry 13. He considers that it should be made clear that entry 13 relates only to those who were presented with swords and arms after 1920. This follows as a matter of course if our recommendations are accepted, as entries 11, 11 (a) and 11 (b) will be omitted, and entry 13 will be renumbered. We are content to leave this point of drafting to the special officer who, we propose, should be appointed for the purpose of redrafting the rules.

4. We considered the proposal that all stipendiary and honorary magistrates should be included in the list of exemptions; but we are of opinion that a firearm cannot be regarded as a necessary part of the equipment of a magistrate as such and are unable to recommend this. The case of the police is sufficiently met by the fact that a revolver is already a part of the equipment of police officers above the rank of head constable. While in our view it is reasonable that all Government servants who in the opinion of the local Government require arms for the adequate discharge of their duty should be exempt from the payment of fees, we cannot recommend that all Government servants should be included in Schedule I among the exempted classes.

5. In the case of all exemptees we consider it of the highest importance that they should register all the arms they have in their possession; and we recommend that registration should be compulsory. In regard to the limit imposed by certain local Governments on the number of arms which may be possessed we have no evidence that such restrictions are irksome and indeed from the rules we have seen we are convinced that the scale allowed is generous. We therefore recommend no interference with the restrictions at present imposed by local Governments on the number and kind of arms which can be possessed by exempted persons. It follows that we do not recommend a fixed scale which shall be uniform throughout India. Conditions vary in different provinces and under the rules framed by the various local Governments exemptees can carry as many weapons as they reasonably require for purpose of protection or other legitimate purposes.

6. A proposal has been put before us that the power of cancelling individual exemptions should be given to local Governments. We consider that the existing rules by which this power is vested in the Governor General in Council should remain.

7. Our colleagues Mr. Bajpai, Mr. Reddi and Mr. Faiyaz Khan favour the adoption of a system by which licenses should be issued without restriction to all applicants on payment of the prescribed fee save in the case of undesirable persons specified in a list

kept for the purpose. This proposal, however, does not commend itself to the majority of the Committee, who regard it as entirely outside the scope of practical politics. It is not only exposed to the objections we have urged to the total abolition of exemptions, but is open to the serious criticism that a suitable or proper classification of undesirable persons would be impossible.

8. Entitled Class.—We next come to the entitled class. The evidence on the question whether licenses are often withheld from those who belong to this class is divided, but we would recommend removal of restrictions in two directions. In our view eligibility to be included in the entitled class should be considerably extended, and the existing procedure in the matter of enquiry is susceptible of material relaxation. As to the eligibility we recommend that the payment of Rs. 500 land revenue, Rs. 100 in roads and public works cesses, any payment of income-tax and in the case of a Government servant, receipt of a pay of Rs. 100 a month and over should be sufficient qualification. In the case of the Punjab, Madras and the Central Provinces we suggest that enquiry should be made whether the limit of land revenue should not be Rs. 250 instead of Rs. 500. Further the heads of Joint Hindu families should be included in this class, and the adult brothers and sons of entitled persons living jointly with them should be similarly regarded as belonging to it. As to the relaxation of the procedure of enquiry we think that lists of entitled persons should be maintained and that any member of the entitled class applying for a license should be granted one immediately without enquiry unless the District Magistrate has some definite reason to think that the applicant is an unfit person, in which case he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse the grant of a license or cause enquiry to be made: in cases of refusal we would recognize a right of revision by the Commissioner or some officer of equal status nominated in this behalf by the local Government. In the existing rules no mention is made of the entitled class, the principles regarding it being contained in a Resolution of the Government of India No. 2125-C.-Police, dated the 21st March 1919. We are of opinion that it would be more satisfactory to the general public if the provisions regarding the entitled class with the modifications we suggest were embodied in the rules, and we strongly recommend that this should be done.

9. Licenses.—We have given careful consideration to the various questions which arise in connection with the grant of licenses, especially licenses for the possession of arms. Complaints have been made to us regarding the administration, in practice, of the Rules, especially as regards the delays in dealing with applications, the irksome nature of the enquiries sometimes instituted, the difficulty of securing renewal of licenses already granted, and in the difference in the restrictions imposed by the various local Governments. Indeed we are constrained to place it on record that in our opinion the vigorous criticism which has been directed against the Arms Rules in some quarters is due not so much to inherent defects in the rules themselves as to the method in which they have been put into practice. We have therefore given our particular attention to methods of improving the executive machinery.

10. Enquiry.—We have referred above to the unnecessary inconvenience caused in some respects to would-be license holders by reason of the delay in issuing licenses. We recognise that this delay is frequently caused by the necessity for making enquiries about the fitness of a person to possess a weapon, and while we do not recommend that enquiry can be dispensed with in every case, we believe that the present practice by which enquiries are almost entirely carried out by the police is open to objection by the public and should as far as possible be abandoned. We suggest that in any case in which a previous enquiry is necessary, particularly in cases of entitled persons, the District Magistrate should make it, if possible, by any agency, official or non-official, he may choose other than the police, and whenever possible, through a Magistrate. In any case in which it is found necessary to have an enquiry made through the agency of a police officer we are strongly of opinion that a license should not be refused merely on the strength of the report of such an officer alone but that the District Magistrate should order a magisterial enquiry also before coming to a final decision.

11. Limitation of number of Licenses.—In some provinces we have found that the custom obtains of limiting the number of licenses issued. We have even found that the practice of individual District Magistrates in the same province varies. Any arbitrary limitation of the number of licenses issued in a district or province may clearly lead to the refusal of a license to a fit and proper person and we can see no justification for the adoption, save in exceptional circumstances, of this practice. In our view the normal practice should be that no limit should be placed on the number of licenses which may be issued in any district or province. We recognise, however, that circumstances may arise in which a rapid increase in the number of arms in a particular area may be fraught with danger and we think it advisable that local Governments should have discretionary power, without being compelled to resort to the extreme measure of disarming, to limit the number of arms in any area or district if there is reason to apprehend serious danger from the free grant of licenses and if such restriction is necessary for the maintenance of the public tranquillity.

12. Revision and Prosecution.—We would recognise a right of revision in the case of refusal to grant a license, but we would not disturb the existing rule which requires the sanction of the District Magistrate to a prosecution.

13. Duration of License.—The period covered by the license varies in different provinces, but we recommend that it should now be the Calendar year. The scale of fees is discussed in paragraph 21 below. Persons should be allowed as at present to take licenses for three years on payment of a composition fee. We gather this rule is not widely known at present, and we think it would be desirable that the necessary steps should be taken to ensure its publicity.

14. Temporary Licenses.—In some quarters the criticism has been made that persons desirous of purchasing a weapon are put to inconvenience because they cannot produce the weapon when applying for the license necessary for its possession, and it was therefore recommended that a temporary license should be given to cover such purchase pending the grant of a license for possession. We do not agree with this, and in our view a permanent license should be issued at the time the applicant applies for a license and the number and description of the weapons purchased should be filled in by the firms from whom the purchase is made and communicated by them to the District Magistrate concerned. In this matter a uniform practice should be adopted throughout India.

15. Licenses for persons arriving by Sea.—Another instance in which the present system has been shown to operate to the inconvenience of the license holders or would-be license holders is that of persons arriving at Bombay, Madras or Calcutta, etc., by sea, who are not in possession of licenses and are therefore compelled to deposit their weapons with their agents or in the Customs House until a regular license can be obtained. We therefore recommend that customs and police officers should be permitted to issue a temporary license for fourteen days on payment of the full fee, a receipt being given to the licensee. On receipt of the proper license from the authority empowered to issue the same no further fee should be payable.

16. Loss of weapons.—We attach some importance to the stricter enforcement of condition 7 of the conditions under which a license for the possession of arms and ammunition is granted. It has been suggested to us that the procedure in the case of failure to report the loss of firearms should be tightened up. But we are of opinion that the contingency is provided for by the conditions of the license, and all that is required is its more rigid enforcement. We recommend, however, that the license should also specify the penalty laid down in the Act for breaches of this or any of the conditions under which the license is granted.

17. Crop Protection Licenses.—The question of a freer issue of crop protection licenses was raised by a number of witnesses. The evidence given by official witnesses goes to prove that crop protection licenses are issued freely, but in some cases conditions are imposed such as annual production of evidence of the purpose for which the license is required, before renewal is granted. We recommend the freer issue of such licenses and particularly on applications by or recommendations of landlords who are well acquainted with the local conditions and the extent to which damage is done to crops by wild animals.

18. Form of license.—We have been impressed with the fact that licenses are frequently granted on flimsy paper which quickly perishes, and we recommend the universal adoption of the Calcutta form. There the license is printed on stout paper, and is enclosed in covers such as are used in the case of passports. To the license a leaflet of instructions, in the vernacular of the province or in English at the option of the licensee, should be annexed. These instructions should indicate the procedure laid down for the renewal of the license and the restrictions to which the licensee is subject. In this matter we plead for uniformity throughout India. It has been suggested that the all-India, the provincial, and the district license forms should bear distinctive marks, and a different colour for each has been proposed. We do not regard this suggestion as of vital importance, but pass it on to the Government of India for consideration.

19. Single License.—A single license form should be used for all the weapons licensed and not a separate license for each arm. We have found diversity of practice in the different provinces in this respect and we recommend that there should be uniformity.

20. Renewal of Licenses.—As regards the renewal of licenses we are of opinion that the existing procedure is susceptible of improvement. We see no reason why when a license has once been issued, it should be necessary for a District Magistrate to sanction renewal. The licensee may have changed his district or he may live in an inaccessible locality. The inconvenience then caused is considerable and easily avoidable. We therefore recommend that licenses should be renewed by any Magistrate or an Subdivisional Magistrate in the district in which the licensee is residing or in any other district in which he is known. In the case of a renewal of a license in a district other than that in which the license was originally issued we recommend that the original license should be renewed and the authority which issued the original license supplied with information of renewal. The production of firearms should not in our opinion be a precedent condition to the renewal of a license.

21. Fees.—In regard to the scale of fees we find that there are indications that the present fees are regarded as too high (except for a provincial license in the North-West Frontier Province) especially in the case of breech-loading guns. We recommend the

following scale in all provinces (except for provincial or district licenses in the North-West Frontier Province and possibly frontier districts of the Punjab):—

Initial fee.—Revolver, Rs. 10; Rifle, Rs. 5; Breech-Loading Gun and .22 bore Rifle, Rs. 3; Muzzle Loading Gun or Air Gun requiring a license, annas 12; the enhancement of the fee from annas 8 to annas 12 being intended to meet the cost of the improved and more expensive form of license. *The fees on renewal* should be reduced and we recommend that they should be respectively Rs. 5, 2-8, 1-8 and annas 8; but if renewal applications are not made within a month after the expiry of the period covered by the license we recommend that it should be open to the District Magistrate in lieu of prosecution to levy the initial fee in full. No reduction of fee on account of composition is required.

Payment of fees should be by non-judicial stamp and applicants should be allowed to send their applications for licenses or renewal of licenses by post.

Exemption from Fees.—As stated earlier in our report all Government servants, who are, in the opinion of their local Government, required to possess arms for the adequate discharge of their duty and all members of the Auxiliary and Territorial Forces should be permitted to possess two arms without payment of fees. Exemptions should as at present pay no fees and those who will, if our recommendations are accepted, receive a life license should similarly pay no fees for the arms which they are entitled to possess. We consider that the question of the extended issue of firearms free of fee in the North-West Frontier Province and Frontier districts should be carefully examined by the local authorities and we strongly recommend that, subject to such enquiries, action on these lines should be taken. We sympathise with the view of the arms dealers that the existence of a separate fee for a license for import into India and transport to destination is a distinct hardship, and in our opinion there should be a single fee only.

22. **Restriction on limit of possession of Ammunition.**—Under the rules no limits are placed on the amount of ammunition which may be possessed; but local Governments have themselves imposed limitations. From the evidence before us we consider that these restrictions are in some cases unnecessary and calculated to inconvenience the *bona fide* sportsman. A uniform procedure in this respect is desirable throughout India, and we accordingly recommend that no limit of ammunition should be fixed in the case of shot guns or .22 bore or target rifles. In the case of revolvers we recommend a limit of 100 rounds and in the case of rifles a limit of 200 rounds per rifle. Any person who can prove that he needs more than 100 rounds for a revolver or 200 rounds for a rifle should be given a license for a large number. At the time of the purchase of revolver and rifle ammunition the license should, in our judgment, be produced. We are also of opinion that measures should be taken to facilitate the export of arms and ammunition to persons residing in feudatory states.

23. **All-India Licenses and more expeditious procedure.**—We have discussed in some detail questions affecting the issue of licenses because we feel that the public have legitimate grievances, and we believe that improvements can be effected for their benefit without in any way impairing the efficiency of the Arms Act administration. We desire now to make two proposals which we think may have material effect in allaying whatever dissatisfaction may remain. In the first place, we recommend that the issue of all-India licenses should be as unrestricted as possible and should be generally encouraged, and that certainly every member of the entitled class to whom a license is not refused should get an all-India license if he desires it. Further, we see no sufficient reason why Assam and Burma should be excluded from the all-India license and would recommend their inclusion. In this connection we also recommend with reference to entry No. 1 in Schedule II that enquiry should be made from the Punjab, Burma, North-West Frontier Province and Delhi whether the retention of these provinces in column 1 is really required and whether the power given in column 3 is not sufficient to meet all reasonable requirements. Secondly we strongly advocate greater expedition in dealing with applications for licenses and renewals. We have dwelt already on the possible inconvenience caused to the public. With the object of remedying the existing state of affairs it has been proposed that in each district a special department or a local advisory board should be established to deal exclusively with matters connected with the administration of the Arms Act. We are not in favour of the establishment of such a department or board, as the result would probably be even greater delay than at present, but we recommend that local Governments should be asked to issue instructions to district officers that they should appoint additional staff when necessary to deal expeditiously with applications for licenses and renewals, when applications are received in such numbers that the District Magistrate is not able to deal with them promptly with his ordinary staff.

24. **Points of detail.**—We now come to a number of miscellaneous points of detail and we propose merely to give a brief record of our conclusions.

25. **Restrictions on Revolvers.**—It has been suggested by the military authorities that the restrictions on the possession of revolvers should be tightened up. We recognise that the unrestricted possession of revolvers might be a menace to the public tranquillity; nevertheless, we do not recommend any tightening up of the existing restrictions which seem to the adequate. At any rate they have not been shown to have failed. The existing restrictions should, however, remain.

26. **Revolvers of .303 and .450 bore.**—Enquiry has been made whether the import into India of .303 bore revolvers should be prohibited. The military authorities see no

APPENDIX.

BOTHWELL LODGE,

Simla.

September 20th, 1922.

SIR,

As suggested by the Arms Rules Committee to elicit opinions of certain Provinces on Schedule I of the Arms, Rules, 1920, for which the Punjab Government have also been called upon to submit their view regarding clause (d), section 6, of Schedule I; in which connection I was also asked to suggest some definition which might be helpful to the Punjab Government in their this effort.

I may be permitted to submit the following few suggestions which might be taken into account both by the Punjab Government as well as the Government of India, before giving it a legal shape.

Although the Punjab Government has defined the Great Sardars and Jagirdars of the Punjab as those who are Provincial Durbaris, yet it seems to me that there is no well-defined criterion which governs the creating and selecting of Durbaris. It entirely rests with the arbitrary choice and recommendation of District Magistrates. Hence the definition is not for Great Sardars and Jagirdars.

There may be certain Provincial Durbaris who may be regarded as Great Sardars and Jagirdars and yet may not be paying such high revenues as are paid by, or bearing such traditional qualifications as are enjoyed by, those who are neither Provincial Durbaris nor regarded as Great Sardars and Jagirdars by the Punjab Government.

Therefore it has become imperative that a comprehensive definition should be provided for in the Law.

Not even to ignore the idea of the Punjab Government, let Provincial Durbaris be regarded as Great Sardars and Jagirdars.

But over and above that, it may be pointed out that although the evidence given by the non-official witnesses from the Punjab and also certain other Provinces presses Rs. 500 as annual land revenue as definition of Great Sardars and Jagirdars, yet to make it more restricted I beg to propose that a man whose land is assessed to land revenue of Rupees one thousand annually, or at the most Rs. 1,500, or is a Jagirdar of the same value, and is also from the Punjab Chiefs Family, in both cases, may also be regarded as a Great Sardar and Jagirdar within the meaning of the clause referred to above.

Might I here elucidate the matter: the Punjab Government itself has considered the highest value of the revenue tax-payer to be Rs. 1,000 as given in the Electoral Rules to qualify a person as an elector to Landholders' Constituency in the Punjab for the Legislative Assembly and that is the highest limit in the Punjab.

It is therefore obvious that such revenue payers in the Punjab are very limited in their number. The definition that I have given above will remove the trouble.

There seems no reason why the persons who come of high families of the Punjab Chiefs and are Jagirdars and still pay high revenues are excluded from this privilege and merely persons picked up by the sweet will of District Magistrates should alone be and are regarded as Great Sardars and Jagirdars.

I presume that I have made the point clear, and that it will invite the attention of the Government: and I may be informed at an early date of the decision which may be arrived at by them.

Yours sincerely,

BABA UJAGAR SINGH BEDI,
M. L. A.

To The President, Arms Rules Committee, Simla.

I think that in view of the fact that land-revenue in the Punjab is very low land-lords paying Rs. 1,500 per annum as land-revenue in the Punjab may be exempted.

S. P. BAJPAI,
M. L. A.

While approving the view of my friend Mr. Bedi, I would also suggest to define the the word or expression 'Ancient zamindar' in Madras also.

M. K. REDDI,
M.L.A.

I agree with these views for Punjab.

H. A. J. GIDNEY.
ABUL KASEM.

For the reasons pointed out above I am of opinion that in the special circumstances of the Punjab landholders in the Punjab paying an annual land-revenue of Rs. 1,500 who are at the same time Punjab Chiefs should be exempted.

HARCHANDRAI.

Minute of dissent by Rai Bahadur S. P. Bajpai, M.L.A., Member, Arms Rules Committee.

Paragraph 7.

I do not agree with the majority of the Committee that my proposal to issue licenses to all applicants on the payment of the prescribed fee save in the case of undesirable persons specified in a list to be kept for the purpose is outside the range of practical politics. The policy of the Government of India in regard to the administration of Arms Rules has all along been a subject of hostile criticism in the country. It is urged that innumerable restrictions and limitations imposed on the possession of firearms have led to the emasculation of the Indian manhood. Those of us who were connected with the recruiting work during the Great War know with what difficulty recruits could be procured for combatant strength in the army. The reason is obvious. People in the interview who have seldom seen a breech-loading gun would hardly agree to become soldiers and fight in the trenches. I think it is not impossible to prepare a schedule of exclusions. The Police maintains a register of bad characters, and a list of persons convicted of heinous offences can be obtained from the office of the District Magistrate. Bad characters, persons convicted of heinous offences and members of criminal tribes may be excluded. I think the time has now come for the Government of India to take courage in both their hands and adopt my suggestion which, I believe, will not only disarm criticisms levelled in season and out of season against the Government but also prove a source of considerable strength to the British Empire in the hour of need.

Paragraph 3, entry 1 (a).

I think it is only fair that the members of the Provincial Legislatures should also be exempted. To me it appears an invidious distinction to exempt members of the Central Legislature and to deny the same privilege to Provincial Legislatures. After all a considerable body of both the Legislatures is drawn from the same class of citizens. This distinction, I am sure, will lead to considerable bitterness and heart-burning. I shall, therefore, recommend to the Government of India to exempt the members of Provincial Legislatures as well.

Entry 6 (g).

(a) In Oudh all Talukdars as such are exempt. Some of them pay nominal land revenue, while non-Talukdar Zamindars to enjoy the privilege of exemption are required to pay twenty thousand rupees land revenue. I think with a view to feelings which are running very high with regard to the exemption of Zamindars in the Provinces of Agra and Oudh I shall suggest that all Zamindars who pay Rs. 3,000 or over as land revenue should be exempted. My recommendation coincides with the recommendation made by the United Provinces Landholders' Conference which met at Lucknow in July last.

(b) Heads of Joint Hindu families who pay Rs. 3,000 or upwards as land revenue should also be exempted and the adult male members on the analogy of the entitled class be considered as belonging to it.

Entries 11, 11 (a) and 11 (b).

I do not agree with the majority of the Committee in their recommendations to grant a life license to exemptees falling under these categories. I am not convinced that the removal of these entries from Schedule I will satisfy title-holders who received these distinctions after the year 1920. They will continue to feel that while their more fortunate brethren are exempt to all intents and purposes, they are called upon to apply for licenses. Most of the title-holders who received these decorations after 1920 feel that a rare privilege is denied to them.

Big landholders and a large number of title-holders have got large stakes in the country. I, therefore, see no reason why they should not be exempted. Consequently I recommend that entries 11, 11 (a) and 11 (b) should not only be retained but that all future title-holders, etc., should also be exempted.

Paragraph 4.

I do not agree with the majority of the Committee when they recommend that Magistrates, etc., should not be exempted. I think all Magistrates, stipendiary or honorary, honorary munsiffs and honorary Assistant Collectors should be exempted. Magistrates do need firearms to protect themselves when they are put in charge of processions, etc.

Paragraph 5.

I think it unnecessary to place restrictions on the number of fire-arms to be possessed by an exemptee. I shall, therefore, recommend that no restrictions be placed on the possession of firearms by exemptees who are almost always loyal and law-abiding citizens.

S. P. BAJPAI, M.L.A.,
Member, Arms Rules Committee.

SIMLA ;

The 27th September 1922.

Minute of dissent by Mr. Muhammad Faiyaz Khan, M.L.A., Member of the Arms Rules Committee.

I am sorry that I have disagreed on some points in the Arms Rules Revising Committee, which runs as follows:—

(1) I do not agree on the ground of principle that the Members of the Imperial Legislature should be exempted from the operation of the Arms Act only so long as they continue to be the members. A person may not enjoy any concession, but if he does, he should not be deprived of it during his life-time, unless there is something to prove that he has become less trustworthy. A Member of the Imperial Legislature does not lose any part of his worth or his sense of responsibility by ceasing to be a member. Membership is only an apparent proof of a man's qualities, and his retirement does not involve any kind of turpitude at all. I therefore strongly hold that the Members of the Imperial Legislature should enjoy this privilege during their life-time.

(2) I fail to understand why the entitled class should only be based on money consideration. A person may not be a Government servant or may not be paying the prescribed sum to the Government as revenue or taxes, but still he may be as good or even a better citizen than many of the Government servants and those paying the prescribed sum to the Government as revenue or taxes. The Professor of a Communal College is an instance in point, who is neither a Government servant nor paying anything as tax. Again, the son or sons of a Zamindar may be thoroughly satisfactory men for keeping a weapon and still may not be paying any revenue or income tax in their name.

I really do not see why education be not also regarded as a sufficient qualification for coming under this class. Wealth may lead a man astray and may even bring him down to the position of a beast, but education alone is a sure agent for ennobling character. I would therefore suggest the inclusion of the following to the entitled class:—

- (a) Barristers, Pleaders, Vakils of High Court of 5 years' standing;
- (b) Professors, Readers and Lecturers at Colleges affiliated to an Indian University;
- (c) M. A.s;
- (d) B. A.s of seven years' standing;
- (e) Government pensioners drawing Rs. 100 and over per month.

(3) It should be expressly provided in the Arms Act that the licenses will not be held back on the basis of the individual political views, and to those who come under entitled class will get their licences as a right and not as a favour. What justification was there for the forfeiture of licences and arms of such revered, noble and peace-loving citizens as Pandit Motilal Nehru, Lala Bhagwan Das, Khawaja Abdul Majid and S. Asif Ali, etc.? The refusal to issue or renew a licence to Indians of this position, though a proof of the "frame" being made of "steel", has the inevitable effect of lowering the prestige of the Government in the country. Big Zamindars and money-lenders paying a large revenue to the Government have been refused licences on the ground of their wearing "Khaddar."

On the refusal of the forfeiture of licences, I have received a good many letters from respectable people; and the following are the copies of a few interesting letters in my possession which will reveal the methods sometimes adopted by some of the District Magistrates. A gentleman who is paying as much as rupees twenty-five thousand as Government revenue, who is also a Municipal Commissioner and the Secretary of an important orphanage and a girls' school, writes:

"The local officials are simply on account of the reason that I wear Khaddar in response to the country's call have forfeited my licence of arms. I do not know what justification there is, the licenses are being granted to my petty cultivators only if they say that they are the members of the Aman Sabha, but without giving any reason whatsoever they have done that against me, and together with me other very big and prominent Rases of..... whose fathers and they themselves are held in great esteem for no reason apparent except to suit their own wishes..... As far as I could ascertain and my knowledge goes the licences were introduced that undesirables should not get licences, and should not possess firearms, but every day experience will show that murders and dacoities are being committed every day and Budmashes never show in wanting, they always have it and people of my social status do not get a licence. We have to travel to go to our villages which are apart some 40 miles, and travel with that money unsafe absolutely at the mercy of robbers and all, and nothing to protect us. I hope you will do something to relieve the present situation in the country and save gentry from these Bureaucrats who are pleased with a few on flattery." In another letter the same gentleman, writes, "As regards myself, we are followers of Swadeshi and wear 'Khaddar,' I manage my estate, cases go to the courts, but certainly I am Congressman and so is my friend..... But my friend..... does not even wear Khaddar and still wears English suits though of course he has also committed the crime of being a Congressman."

But I will quote you a most important example that the licence of..... had been forfeited, and the reason of this forfeiture I shall explain in full (instead of the explanation from the writer of this letter the very gentleman referred to in the above letter, wrote me the reason why his licence was forfeited, which runs as follows): His name is.....

..., Rais and Talukdar of.....he is one of the very big landholders of the United Provinces and is a confirmed loyalist always dancing before the Collector and the Commissioner of..... so timid as afraid of wearing Khaddar because that displeases the officials, so he must wear Christy's cap.

Here is what he himself says about the reasons of the forfeiture of his licence. "The whole estate is in the name of my father who pays the revenue of about Rs. 5,000 to the Government, my father is supposed to be one of the big zamindars of this place, his name is.....as he has practically retired from all worldly cares and anxieties, so I am carrying the whole business from the last six years, and hence the licences of firearms were in my name, which have been forfeited, and the forfeiture of arms has caused me very great inconvenience. I had to shift my residence from.....to..... permanently, as it was not quite safe at.....owing to the dacoities and robberies, though it is not quite safe over here too. I was never taking any part in politics, and why I was a prey of Bureaucrats. I shall explain to you in detail. The remote reasons of displeasure of the Bureaucrats was that when I was residing in.....a few Congress Volunteers came for subscriptions, and I also paid a sum but that was not the immediate cause of displeasure, I was serving as a Punch in the Tehsil of.....and I was called upon by the Collector to resign my seat from there, which as a gentleman I could not do so, as I had given my words that I will serve as a Punch for a month, this was the immediate cause of displeasure and he said that if you do not resign your seat from village "Panchayat" I shall forfeit your arms, and on my refusal the arms were forfeited. I at least was under the impression that Panchayats were no cause of displeasures to the Government, and on the other hand they were encouraged."

Another letter gives quite a different method adopted by a District Magistrate, which runs as follows :

"I have also a stubborn grievance against the licence regulations which seem to exist only in name. We are told that the reform scheme had given the honourable zamindars an opportunity to apply for licences for firearms such as rifles, revolvers, etc., but we have fully experienced the Reform Scheme to be dead letter. For this I may quote instances. I am a big landholder of.....my father is paying a considerable Government revenue of Rs. 8,000. When I applied for the licence of a rifle in the Collectorate, the Collector disposed of the case to the Deputy Collector, and I was called and I appeared before him and he told me that if I gave Rs. 200 as a contribution to a Government fund I could be given the licence applied for. I plainly told him that I had already contributed a considerable amount and that this has no concern with the present matter, whereupon he said that if I were not ready to comply with his order, I should not insist for the said licence. Dismayed and embittered I left the court. Such measures I say can never compel us to co-operate. Leaving aloof my own case there are hundreds that will readily attract your attention. The whole district is seething with discontent on account of the severity in granting the licences. It is better that I do not quote more instances of the same nature." A cousin of the above writer also writes, "My case is a bit different because I have not been refused the licence of a pistol which I require, but I have every reason to preclude that if I were to apply for it I should have been flatly refused. This statement of mine is not without foundation and validity, because my cousin who applied for the licence of a rifle was not given the licence he asked for. We are one of the greatest zamindars of our district, our family is paying Government revenue of Rs. 8,000 (the whole family jointly paying Rs. 25,000 Government revenue) and myself exclusively paying Rs. 2,000. We really regret that being supporters of British Raj we are not so much trusted as to allow us to keep firearms. These measures instead of creating amicable relations with the Government bring about the greatest breach of fair connection with the landholders."

The above are a few of the typical cases I have selected, and I would "only like to give one more letter from a person holding a responsible Government post in judicial line, which will show how the other party thinks of the present arms rules. The letter runs as follows :

"As for the Arms Rules in my opinion either the exemptions should be totally abolished or Gazetted Officers of 1st class must be exempted. You can well imagine the anomaly that a common man who has been hanging at the coat-tails of a District Magistrate and thus becomes a Khan Bahadur prior to 1920 is exempted, whilst a sub-judge who is entrusted with the decision of the Rais cases of the value of crores is not..... In my opinion if enquiry is at all necessary it must be entrusted to a District Committee comprising of officials and non-officials and their decision should be binding."

Before I finish quoting examples let me quote one more recent amusing example of the decision of a queer District Magistrate. A leading practising Vakil in a District recently applied for a licence of a Double Barrel Breech Loading shot gun, and the licence was duly granted with the following note on the application :

"A licence for a Double Barrel Breech Loading gun for British India has been sanctioned in the name of the applicant, now he deposit the stamps for fee of the licence submitted for orders. The applicant is a pleader practising in the District." After a month or so the gentleman happened to go and see the District Magistrate. No one knows what conversation was passed between them, but one can pretty accurately guess what conversation could have passed between these two, which led the District Magistrate to write the following amusing and entertaining remarks on his application. The remarks ran as follows: "Deposit meanwhile. I have seen the gentleman, who seems

very uncertain whether he is an enemy of the established Government or not." Curiously one would like to know from the District Magistrate whether he himself is "the enemy of the established Government or not" because by forfeiting the licence of such a respectable gentleman, has he not sown the seed of hatred and discontent with the established Government? one who sows the seeds of discontent with the established Government, then who should be called the "enemy of the established Government, the Magistrate or the license?" There is one more and the last example of the misuse of the Arms Act by a District Magistrate which I would like to show, and I believe these examples to be enough to throw some light on the actual working of the Arms Act. A few months ago at Kashipore the shopkeepers observed Hartal on a particular day, the District Magistrate got enraged and issued an order of the forfeiture of the Arms of some of these shopkeepers who observed Hartal, and the order of the District Magistrate with the reply of the shopkeepers runs as follows:

Arms Act Rules.

A KASHIPUR CASE.

(From a Correspondent.)

True copies of the order of the Deputy Commissioner and the reply of nine gentlemen upon whom the order was served are sent herewith:

All these gentlemen are either zemindars or wholesale cloth merchants. They are men of respectable families. None of them is a non-co-operator. Even then the bureaucracy would force them to be so. Well, Sir, was it any sin to close the shops on 13th of April? Is that Hartal declared to be an illegal act? Can Government force a man to either become a co-operator or a non-co-operator? Is it not coercion, intimidation? Are the peace-loving citizens to be thus deprived of their lawful activities? It is rumoured that a gentleman is going to be deprived of his honorary magistrateship if he does not soon publicly do some work for the Aman Sabha.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S ORDER.

On 13th April 1922, a Hartal was observed at Kashipur in pursuance of the non-co-operation movement. A number of those who closed their shops on that day are in possession of arms licenses. Some of these have apologised. Others have not. The names of the latter are given below.

By observing Hartal these persons showed their sympathy with the non-co-operation movement, and also showed themselves undeserving of holding arms licences granted by the Government.

I therefore hereby suspend the licences of the persons named below and a notice will be served on each of them accordingly to deposit his weapons in the police-station forthwith.

If within one month of service of the notice the licensee files a petition in my court expressing his regret and assuring me of his non-sympathy with the non-co-operation movement, the weapon will be restored. Otherwise the licence will be cancelled on the expiry of one month.

(1) Lala Sukhdeo Prasad Khatri, Honorary Magistrate, Kashipur; (2) Lala Raghbir Saran Khatri, Kashipur; (3) Lala Kunj Behari Lal, son of Lala Sukhdeo Prasad, Kashipur; (4) Lala Brij Kishore Khatri, cousin of Lala Sukhdeo Prasad; (5) Lala Puran Pershad Khatri; (6) Lala Shiv Lal Khatri; (7) Lala Ganga Prasad; (8) Lala Chodda Lal Khatri; (9) Lala Shyam Saran Har Saran Khatri; (10) Lala Sudama Lal Raghbir Saran; (11) Lala Shiva Lal Vaish; (12) Lala Nazari Lal Vaish; (13) Chaubey Amar Nath, Chairman, Municipal Board, Kashipur,

THE REPLY.

To

THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,

NAINI TAL.

SIR,

In compliance with your order dated 7th June 1922, some of us have deposited our weapons in the police-station, Kashipur, and others with Sheikh Abdul Wahid, a local licensed dealer in arms. As under the law both the courses are open to us, those of us who have elected the latter have done so in the hope that it will facilitate the disposal of these arms and enable us to realise a part of their value in case you are not pleased to rescind the above mentioned order.

2. Under resolution No. 2125C. of the Government of India, Home Department, dated the 21st March 1919, payment of not less than Rs. 1,000 per annum as land revenue or payment of an income-tax of not less than Rs. 3,000 for a period of three years as well as under the United Provinces Government Resolution No. 5572-X-844, dated 10th November 1919, payment of the above sums as land revenue or income-tax, respectively, or being an honorary magistrate, etc., is to be regarded as a sufficient qualification for entitling a person to obtain licences for the possession of firearms, including rifles, smooth bores, etc. In accordance with these statutory rules every one of us is duly qualified and entitled to a licence and some of us are possessed of more than one qualification.

3. The law for the suspension and cancellation of licences is clearly laid down in the Arms Act. Under section 11 a licence is liable to be suspended or cancelled only if the licensee is convicted of an offence against the Arms Act or the Rules or if it is necessary to do so for the security of the public peace. None of us has been so far convicted of such an offence, nor has it been alleged by anybody and it is not stated or even suggested in your order that it is necessary to suspend or cancel our licences with a view to preserve public peace. So, we venture to submit that your order is quite illegal and *ultra vires*. We have, jointly as well as severally, a profound concern in the maintenance of public peace. Even if we were unmindful of the public weal, our own self-interest as well as self-regarding instinct would constrain us to discountenance everything that may tend to disturb the public peace even remotely or indirectly. We cannot help stating that we have a distinct stake in the land as each one of us is connected either with a zamindari or with a recent business concern, or with both, and as such we have everything to lose and nothing to gain by any breach of the public peace at any time. We beg leave to submit that the closing of the shops on the 13th of April last—whether all of us did so or not; and though some of us, namely, Lala Chedlal, Lala Brijkishore, and Lala Sukhdev Prasad have no shop in any bazar and Lala Hazarilal none in Kashipur, so that it was not possible for them to close any—has no bearing in the matter of our licences and the suspension thereof on this account is not warranted by the law of the land.

4. As a condition precedent to the restoration of the weapons you want an assurance of non-sympathy with the non-co-operation movement from each of us. We are at a loss to understand the full import of these words. As we have stated above, we have to come in contact occasionally, if not frequently, with public servants for various purposes, such as the determination or payment of land revenue or income-tax, or for purposes of irrigation or settlement, and in connection with proceedings in courts, and the like. The very fact of our being in possession of these arms is significant enough. Besides we are rendering public services, however humble they may be, in various other spheres, e.g., in the municipality, in the furtherance of the co-operative credit movement, in the management and maintenance of the aided high school in our town, and one of us, Lala Sukhdev Prasad, also, an honorary magistrate. Under these circumstances it would not be impertinent to enquire what we are required to undertake by giving an assurance of non-sympathy with the non-co-operation movement. Unity among all races and creeds, uplift of the depressed classes, encouragement of cottage industries and indigenous manufacture of cloth, revival of the purity and simplicity of oriental living, social and temperance reform, cultivation and development of the individual and national sense of self-respect, and above all, the realisation of the paramount necessity of the maintenance of public peace and order under all possible conditions and circumstances and an immutable determination to adhere to the above principles and to cultivate feelings of personal amity and good will among individuals are some and by far the main planks in the contemporaneous non-co-operation platform. Are we required to run in a counter direction and to turn our stiff backs against one and all of these and, if so, would our conduct be of public advantage and conducive to the progress of the State? Further, is any of these activities prohibited by law and, if not, is one to be deprived of his legal rights and privileges because of his legitimate actions and lawful actions if he cannot succeed in persuading his conscience to accept the executive view of the matter or to disregard its counsel?

5. There is a still graver aspect of this question, and we can only hope that it did not strike you at the time you passed the preliminary order suspending our licenses. As was well known to your predecessor in office, Kashipur subdivision and its vicinity is infested with dacoits as well as wild animals and their ravages have rendered serious havoc—villages have been deserted, land has gone waste and population is steadily dwindling—dacoities have never been scarce in these parts while during the last two or three years arson, pillage, assassination and inhuman outrages have been the order of the day and a reign of terror has been supreme for a considerable period, as even one having no local knowledge can easily gather from the Subdivisional Magistrate's judgment in a recent case (*K. E. vs. Umraosingh* of May 1922). The report of the land revenue administration in these provinces just published also bears testimony to this. 'Agriculture in the Naini Tal talai was hampered by the prevalence of dacoity, and the Commissioner remarks that dacoity was disastrous and the police were helpless' (*vide* paragraph 60 of the report). It is reported that a public spirited citizen offered to lead the police in March last to the dacoits' camp in the neighbourhood of Kashipur town, and in response to this the superintendent of police did proceed to Kashipur and reached the railway station with a force of about a hundred strong one evening but,.....he retraced his steps and returned back to his headquarters with his party by the next train. Presumably he did this out of regard for public interests, and you will see from this how very irksome is our position, specially as some of us have already received threatening letters purporting to have been written to us by the members of the gang. In a case in which a person was convicted for being in possession of a pistol without a license at Kashipur, the High Court held in revision that a serious view should not be taken of the matter 'as the applicant was living in a part of the province where dacoities had been fairly numerous of late years' and there was a 'presumption that any person found in possession of such a weapon had obtained it for the purpose of self-protection' (Revision No. 680 of 1918).

Under these circumstances we beg leave to admit that possession of such weapons as we have surrendered in obedience to your orders is absolutely essential for purposes of self-defence for persons of our status, and we hope that on reconsideration you will be pleased to cancel your orders under reference so that our arms may be restored to us.

It is unfortunate indeed that sometimes the zamindars and other respectable people are deprived of the right of possessing firearms by license, while Anglo-Indians of the position of a railway-guard are being granted licenses, even for revolvers. The Government of India, whose vision is certainly broader than most of the District Magistrates may not perhaps like them to be so narrowminded, but their impetuosity has no limit. Let us, therefore, put a brake upon their rashness and local prejudices by an express provision of the Act.

(4) The present Arms Act requires, or it is at least a practice in some of the districts, to bring or send the arms, after having bought it, to the collectorate to have the number of the arms endorsed on the license, and I know a good many instances of a few Englishmen of higher service—District Judge and Joint Magistrate—who instead of sending or bringing their arms to the collectorate, they just send a letter or a chit to the collectorate and give the number of arms in it for endorsement. I am of opinion that nobody should be required to bring or send his arms for endorsement to the collectorate, he should just mention the number of the arms in a letter addressed to the authority concerned, or if it is necessary at all that the arms should be presented before the endorsement authority, then each and every one, whatever position he may hold, should be required to present his arms before the endorsement authority and no letter or chit should be permitted to any one.

(5) The limit of two hundred cartridges per rifle is one of the most important questions from the sportsman's point of view; if this limit means 200 cartridges per rifle per year then certainly it will be most objectionable; 200 cartridges will never be sufficient even for a month in a sporting district, but if it means that not more than 200 cartridges can be bought or kept at one time then there is not much objection. But why limit the number of ammunition at all? When the Government relies on a person for an arm with a certain limited number of ammunition, then I fail to understand why the same person should not be relied upon for an unlimited number of ammunition. Why should the Government of India be responsible for this sort of an act and restriction, which is bound to create discontent in the country, or at least among the sportsmen, and make the Government unpopular? I know of no country in the world putting such sort of restriction on the amount of ammunition to be possessed by a licensee.

(6) There is one more important point to which I would like to draw the attention of the Government, which is about the punishment meted out to the holders of unlicensed arms and ammunition. Cases have been known where an Anglo-Indian has been fined a few rupees, and his arm confiscated, for unlawfully possessing an arm, while an Indian had to undergo a few months' simple or rigorous imprisonment for even unlawfully possessing a sword. In the eye of law there is no such distinction between an Englishman, Anglo-Indian or an Indian, then why the distinction in the punishment? There is no reason why should an Englishman or an Anglo-Indian escape by merely paying a few rupees as fine and a poor Indian has to undergo simple or rigorous imprisonment for the same offence. If I am right there is a provision in the Government Order No. 454-VI-989, dated 14th March 1887, which clearly says that the offences against the Arms Act "would as a rule be sufficiently punished by fine". I am afraid this order of the Government is never acted upon. There must be a uniformity in the punishment of an Englishman, Anglo-Indian or an Indian under this Act, and this will undoubtedly allay the bitter feeling of the racial distinction.

There is every probability that under the new rules, more applications for licenses will be coming in. If then, the reforms are in reality the first step on the road to self-government, then these applications should be dealt with in the spirit of real justice and right and not as a favour. There are no doubt several District Magistrates whose attitude towards such applicants has been reasonable, but unfortunately the majority of them are still too proud and not yet prepared to consider themselves as servants but always pose themselves as masters, and do not feel that a new era has set in. They ought to be told in plain words that the grant of a license to an entitled person is never a special favour or a privilege but they deserve it as a matter of right. Let me quote here a sentence from the speech of Mr. Iswar Saran, M.L.A., delivered in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th September 1922 at Simla, who in other words truly represents the public opinion and this applies in each and every case, he says, "We do not want the white man to be our perpetual ruler, our perpetual trustee, our perpetual guardian. We, have had enough of this everlasting trust. We extend to the white man, and I speak with absolute truth and sincerity, the hands of fellowship and good comradeship, but I do resent, and as long as there is the last breath of life left in me, I shall continue to resent, the perpetual domination of the Civil Service or any other service....."

Unless the principle is accepted by the Government and faithfully acted upon by the District Magistrates any improvement upon the present arms rules will be a farce, I cannot emphasise upon this point too much. The entitled class should never be debarred from holding the license except on the only ground of moral turpitude. I must, however, make it clear that I do not regard any attempt on the part of an Indian to

criticise the policy or the official of the Government or any desire on his part expressed in words or act to bring about a fundamental change in the policy of the Government, as amounting to moral turpitude. The District Magistrates must not allow themselves to be carried away by what they hear from the police or those unfortunate class of non-official people who are called the flatterers, official favour seekers, title and job hunters, and sycophants, who as a matter of fact have taken on themselves the duty to always misrepresent the true spirit and condition of the country and the individuals, simply to satisfy their personal aggrandizements, and those unfortunate officials who are misled by this class of people, not only ruin their own reputation and position but that of the Government too along with them. They should always coolly form their own opinion, and without the least fear of contradiction I can say, that this class of people,—who are never considered anybody in public eye, who always mislead the officials and hence the Government—are unfortunately the chief and the only root cause of all the present discontent and situation in the country. The personal considerations would defeat the ends of justice and fair play and bring a bad name to the Government.

With due respect to the President of the Arms Rules Revising Committee, I may say, that I do not for a moment accept the arguments sometimes put forward before the witnesses, that the presence of too many arms may prove dangerous to the public on such occasions as the Arrah or Katarpore riots. I wonder why no such riots ever take place or have ever taken place in any of the Indian States, although the use of arms there is almost freer than in British India. It entirely depends, if I may say so, on the temperament of the people and the way in which delicate situations are handled by the Government. In the Indian States, there are no such things as quarrels between the Hindus and the Musalmans, probably because their rulers do not seem to have yet adopted the unwise policy of "divide and rule."

If I remember it right the Committee had decided that the powers of fixing the number of licenses in any district, in the case of necessity, should still remain with the local Governments. May I just say a few words about this—and finish this minute of dissent with the hope that these new rules will be dealt with a new and broader vision—I do not think there is any harm if the local Governments be given such powers, but, before limiting or reducing the number of licenses in any particular district, I hope the local Government will kindly announce through their local gazettes—at least a month before—the name with the date of the district where this new order is to be enforced, and also the reasons for doing so, with the opinion, if possible, of some of the leading officials and non-officials of the district concerned, then and then alone should the local Governments be empowered to enforce this order.

MD. FAIYAZ KHAN.

18th October 1922.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th January 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 26th January 1923.

RESIGNATION.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

The Calcutta Battalion.

No. 137.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to resign his commission, with effect from the 14th December 1922 :—

Major Walter Francis Papworth.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Examination of candidates for Mukhtarship in mufassil courts subordinate to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

The examination of candidates for Mukhtarship will be held at Calcutta, Gauhati and Sylhet on the 30th and 31st March next.

The examination of candidates for Calcutta will take place in the Senate House of the Calcutta University.

One paper will be set each day for Mukhtarship candidates from 2-30 P.M. to 5-30 P.M., on the 30th and 31st March 1923.

In no circumstances will any candidate be admitted to the examination after these hours.

The candidates will be required to produce at the examination the extracts from the register which will be furnished to them by the District Judges through whom the applications have been sent to the Committee of Legal Education.

No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room with any memoranda or loose paper of any description (with the exception of extracts).

All writing materials will be provided, with the exception of pens, which the candidates must bring with them.

N. EDGLEY, *Secretary,*

Committee of Legal Education, High Court.

CALCUTTA, the 31st December 1922.

DAOGA TRAINING COLLEGE.

B. T. & L. T. Course.

THE course starts on July 1st and ends on March 31st. Applications for admission must be received by March 31st.

Special consideration is given to students who apply for admission without stipend. No tuition fees. Monthly cost of living in hostel about Rs. 14-15 (everything included).

The course comprises, besides Educational Psychology, Method and Hygiene, tuition also in the subject matter of the students teaching subjects and practice teaching in these subjects.

Methods of educational measurement and research are a part of the B. T. course, and students of ability in this direction may later proceed to the higher degree of Master of Teaching without further residence.

Students whose special work or interest is in Primary Education are able to do practical work in Methods of Teaching and Inspection of Primary Schools.

M. WEST, *Principal, Training College.*

DAOGA, the 2nd January 1923.

Results of the Higher Grade Schools' Scholarship Examination of European Schools in Bengal, November 1922.

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name.	Age.	M.	School.	Subject in which distinction gained.
1	15 ^o	Rodgers, Bertha Irene	11	0	Calcutta Free, Girls'	English Composition and Grammar, Dictation, Arithmetic, Nature Study.
2	32 ^o	Hatton, Cyril	12	0	B. N. Ry., Khargpur	Dictation, Geography and Drawing.
3	26 ^o	Brown, Lewin	10	0	Ditto	Dictation and Drawing.
4	24 ⁺	Bose, Indira	12	0	St. Agnes', Howrah	Dictation, English Composition and Grammar and Geography.
5	35 ^o	Harrie, Charles	12	5	St. Andrew's, Kalimpong	English Composition and Grammar and Dictation.
6	25 ^o	Da Fonseca, May	12	0	St. Agnes', Howrah	Dictation and Geography.
7	19 ^o	Debenham, Lionel	12	9	St. Thomas', Howrah	Dictation.
8	28	Morden, Arthur	11	0	B. N. Ry., Khargpur	Nature Study and Drawing.
9	27	Bird, Roy	12	0	Ditto	Dictation and Geography.
10	13	MacDonagh, Hector C.	12	0	Calcutta Free, Boys'	Dictation.
	14	Smith, Reginald J.	12	0	Ditto	English Composition and Grammar.
	30	Sanders, William	12	0	B. N. Ry., Khargpur	Dictation.
13	34	Steward, Ernest	12	0	St. Andrew's, Kalimpong	Dictation and Arithmetic.
14	20	Roe, John	12	4	St. Thomas', Howrah	Dictation.
15	36	Jamieson, Alexander	12	9	St. Andrew's, Kalimpong	Ditto.
16	12	Lewis, Maurice M. E.	12	0	Calcutta Free, Boys'	Ditto.
17	21	Saxby, Thomas	12	4	St. Thomas', Howrah	Ditto.
	23	Jones, Iris	11	0	St. Agnes', Howrah	Ditto.
	33	Magry, Gwendoline	11	0	B. N. Ry., Khargpur	Ditto.
20	29	Stray, Lillian	11	0	Ditto	Dictation and Nature Study.
21	18	Phillips, Kathleen S.	12	0	Calcutta Free, Girls'	Ditto.
22	37	Nicholas, John	12	7	St. Andrew's, Kalimpong	Ditto.
23	39	Wiles, Edward	12	8	Ditto	Ditto.
24	22	Gibbons, Mervyn	12	4	St. Thomas', Howrah	Ditto.
25	34	Magry, Phyllis	10	0	B. N. Ry., Khargpur	Ditto.
26	81	Doman, Esme	12	0	Ditto	Ditto.
27	42	Fox, Margaret	12	4	St. Andrew's, Kalimpong	Ditto.
28	10	Fernandez, Charles	12	2	Catholic Male Orphanage	Nil.
29	9	Rodgers, Percy	11	10	Ditto	Dictation.

* Two scholarships of the value of Rs. 24 a month are awarded to those candidates with effect from 1st January 1923, tenable for four years in a secondary school, subject to the conditions that satisfactory proof of age is furnished that the candidate was under thirteen years of age on the 31st day of December 1922. Information is also required as to the name of the institution at which the scholarship is to be tenable.

** Four scholarships of the value of Rs. 12 a month are awarded to those candidates with effect from 1st January 1923 tenable for four years in a higher grade or secondary school, subject to the conditions that satisfactory proof of age is furnished that the candidate was under thirteen years of age on the 31st day of December 1922. Information is also required as to the name of the institution at which the scholarship is to be tenable.

† Ineligible for a scholarship on account of nationality.

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 19th January 1923.

The undermentioned candidates who sat for the Higher Grade Schools' Scholarship Examination held in November 1922 failed to satisfy the examiners either in English or Arithmetic, or in both:—

1. Holmes, William.
2. Thomas, William.
3. Leon, Andrew.
4. Gray, Charles.
5. D'Souza, Frank.
6. Jackson, Edward.
7. Green, Cyril.

8. Rodgers, Mervyn.
9. D'Crane, Arnold.
10. Cox, Grace Winifred.
11. Rodrigues, Eileen A.
12. Tripp, Cathleen.
13. Newbold, Irene.
14. Dunning, Annie.

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 19th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

(Bentley.)

The following candidates are permitted to join the first year class of the Dow Hill Training College, Kurseong, in March 1923. They will be on probation for two months, and if at the end of that period the Lady Principal reports that they are likely to profit by further instruction, they will be permitted to continue with their training (*vide* article 115 of the European School Code).—

	Name of student.	Address.
1.	Miss Nora Edna Burnell	12, Trading Quarters, Adra.
2.	" Nancy Pratt	26-B, South Road, Moghulpura, Lahore.
3.	" Elsie Harding	Queen Mary's College, Madras.
4.	" Vera Marum	164, Dharamtalla Street, Calcutta.
5.	" Leonora A. Grange	West View, Darjeeling.
6.	" Blanche McCarthy	La Martinière Girls, Lucknow.
7.	" Edna Alma Tiery	57, McLeod Street, Calcutta.
8.	" Noreen Kathleen Hope Bull	12, Rawdon Street, Calcutta.
9.	" Marion Zella Wilson	12B, Ekbalpore Road, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 18th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

SUBJECT to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress the Junior Muhammadan Educational Fund Settlement Scholarships (now known as the "Jack Muhammadan Settlement Scholarships") attached to the Dacca Intermediate College of the value of Rs. 90 each per annum are awarded to the following students:—

- (1) Shamsul Huda Ghoushury ... Noakhali Zilla School.
- (2) Muhammad Abul Khair ... Islamia High English School, Madaripur.

2. The scholarships are tenable at the Dacca Intermediate College for two years with effect from the 1st June 1922.

3. The scholars must reside in the Dacca Intermediate College Hostel.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 26th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

SUBJECT to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress the Senior Muhammadan Educational Fund Settlement Scholarships (now known as the "Jack Muhammadan Settlement Scholarships") attached to the Dacca University of the value of Rs. 90 each per annum are awarded to the following students:—

- (1) Afzaruddin Ahmed ... 1st year B. A.
- (2) Afzaruddin Ahmed ... 1st year B. Sc.

2. The scholarships are tenable at Dacca University for two years with effect from the 1st June 1922.

3. The scholars must reside in the Muslim Hall, Dacca University.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 26th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Graduate Scholarships for the year 1922 are awarded to the following students on the combined results of the last B.A. and B.Sc. Degree Examinations of the Calcutta University :—

(The scholarships take effect from the 1st June 1922.)

Serial No.	Name of scholar.	College from which graduated.	Where tenable.
Three scholarships of Rs. 30 a month each tenable for two years.			
1	Apurbadhan Mukhopadhyay	... Hooghly College	... B. E. College, Sibpur.
2	Dinabandhu Ghosh	... Ditto	... Medical College, Calcutta.
3	Hrishikesh Chakrabarti	... Rajshahi College	... Calcutta University.

One scholarship of Rs. 30 a month tenable for two years open to students who have graduated from the Sanskrit College.

1	Nityadhan Bhattacharyya	... Sanskrit College	... Calcutta University.
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Two scholarships for Muhammadans of Rs. 25 a month each tenable for two years (1. A. or 1. B. from the Presidency College).

1	Syed Gholam Kabir	... Presidency College	... Presidency College.
2	Md. Qudra U. Khuda	... Ditto	... Ditto.

Five scholarships attached to the Presidency College tenable for two years.

One Dwarka Nath Tagore ... a month.

1	Jatindra Nath Talukdar	... Presidency College	... Presidency College.
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One Ryan Scholarship of Rs. 40 a month.

2	Saibal Kumar Gupta	... Presidency College	... Presidency College.
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One Hindu College Foundation Scholarship of Rs. 40 a month.

3	Sushil Kumar Roy	... Presidency College	... Presidency College.
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One Hindu College Foundation Scholarship of Rs. 30 a month.

4	Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharyya	... Presidency College	... Presidency College.
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One Hindu College Foundation Scholarship of Rs. 25 a month.

5	Dwarka Nath Ghosh	... Presidency College	... Presidency College.
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One Durga Charan Laha Scholarship of Rs. 40 a month tenable for two years.

1	Jogendra Mohon Saha	... Scottish Churches College	Calcutta University.
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One Durga Charan Laha Sanskrit Scholarship of Rs. 25 a month tenable for one year.

1	Ramkali Bhattacharyya	... Wesleyan College, Bankura	Calcutta University.
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E. F. OATEN,

Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 19th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

SUBJECT to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress, the Fuller Memorial Scholarship of Rs. 15 only a month is awarded to Mahammad Nazir Hossain for two years, with effect from 1st June 1922.

The scholarship is tenable at the Dacca Intermediate College.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 20th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

SUBJECT to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress the two Muhammadan Educational Fund Settlement Scholarships (now known as the "Jack Muhammadan Settlement Scholarships") attached to the Presidency College of the value of Rs. 90 each per annum are awarded to the following students :—

- (1) Md. Jan Baksh—3rd year B. A., Roll 17.
- (2) Basir Rahman Khan—3rd year B.A., Roll 71.
2. The scholarships are tenable for two years at the Presidency College with effect from the 1st June 1922.
3. The scholars must reside in a hostel approved by the Principal.

W. W. HORNELL.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 26th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Prasanna Kumar Tagore Law Scholarship of Rs. 20 a month, tenable for one year with effect from 1st June 1922, is awarded to L. A. Gopalakrishna who passed the final B. L. Examination held in the year 1922 from the University Law College.

W. W. HORNELL.

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 29th January 1923.

Orders by the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

IN the list of the Primary scholarship-holders of the Dacca Circle, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 3rd January 1923, *Pal* should be substituted for *Kar* against Snehadata in No. 51 of the list.

M. V. IRONS, *Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.*

DACCA, the 25th January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

1. The following entry in Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 20th September 1922, publishing the results of the Final B. L. Examination, held in July 1922, is hereby cancelled :—

Number in order of merit.	Name	College.	Division in which he passed.
133	Bhuyan, Gaganeswar ...	Earle Law College, Gauhati ...	Second.

2. In the list of successful candidates at the Final B. L. Examination held in July 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 20th September 1922, on page 1331,

for

" Bhuyan, Gaganeswar ... Earle Law College, Gauhati "

please read

" Sarmaray, Aswinikumar ... Earle Law College, Gauhati "

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 27th January 1923.

Departmental Examinations of Training Schools, Session 1922.]

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the Departmental Examinations of Training Schools, Presidency and Burdwan Divisions, held in December 1922 :—

SECOND DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION.

No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
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(Arranged in order of merit.)

High (2).

Yrs. m.

1	Madhab Chandra Nayek	20	0	Calcutta Training School.
2	Kartie Chandra Paul	...	...	18	1	Hooghly Training School.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Medium (28).

1	Bera, Satish Chandra	...	...	20	3	Hooghly Training School.
2	Betal, Daibaki Nandan	...	...	21	0	Calcutta Training School.
3	Bhunia, Rajani Kanta	...	...	21	0	Ditto
4	Biswas, Eusof	...	...	20	0	Private (Krishnagar).
5	" Satyuranjan	...	...	19	10	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
6	Chakravarty, Horsha Gopal	...	...	24	10	Hooghly Training School.
7	Chiyara, Bejoy Kumar*	...	...	18	0	Calcutta Training School.
8	Das, Debendra Nath*	...	...	18	0	Ditto.
9	" Jatindra Nath	...	...	21	9	Hooghly Training School.
10	" Niranjan Prosad	...	...	30	4	Ditto.
11	Dutta, Nagendra Nath	...	...	21	0	Calcutta Training School.
12	Jana, Giridhar	...	...	20	0	Ditto.
13	Kabiraj, Jagannath*	...	...	17	0	Hooghly Training School.
14	Karkun, Pran Krishna	...	...	20	0	Ditto.
15	Khan, Sabed Ali	...	...	17	0	Ditto.
16	Laha, Sibesh Chandra	...	...	18	10	Ditto.
17	Majhi, Gunadhar	...	...	17	4	Ditto.
18	Mandal, Mohadev	...	...	18	0	Ditto.
19	" Rohimuddin*	...	...	20	0	Ditto.
20	Misra, Bhaskar Chandra	...	...	20	0	Calcutta Training School.
21	Mukherjee, Nitya Gopal	...	...	16	11	Hooghly Training School.
22	Mazumdar, Bhola Nath	...	...	22	4	Ditto.
23	Nandi, Upendra Nath	...	...	21	0	Calcutta Training School.
24	Pramanik, Golam Akber	...	...	18	3	Hooghly Training School.
25	Samui, Girish Chandra	...	...	16	10	Ditto.
26	Saren, Trilok Chandra	...	...	20	7	Ditto.
27	Sarkar, Muksed Ali	...	...	19	0	Calcutta Training School.
28	Sinha, Madan Mohan	...	...	19	7	Hooghly Training School.

Low (18).

1	Banerjee, Jotindra Mohan	...	...	17	10	Private (Hooghly).
2	Barik, Jiban Krishna	...	...	19	0	Calcutta Training School.
3	Bhandari, Nalini Kanta	...	...	22	0	Private (Calcutta).
4	Bhattacharjee, Ganga Rotan	...	...	20	8	Hooghly Training School.
5	Biswas, Sirajuddin	...	...	19	8	Ditto.
6	Dafadar, Sadaruddin	...	...	19	0	Calcutta Training School.
7	Das, Hare Krishna	...	...	20	1	Hooghly Training School.
8	" Keshab Lal	...	...	30	4	Private (Calcutta).
9	Deuri, Satish Chandra	...	...	19	7	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
10	Mahanti, Abinash Chandra	...	...	18	7	Hooghly Training School.
11	Mandal, Debendra Kumar	...	...	21	9	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
12	" Nakari Chandra	...	...	19	1	Hooghly Training School.
13	Mullick, Daniel	...	...	22	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
14	" Noho Kumar	...	...	20	0	Ditto.
15	Patra, Shyama Charan*	...	...	19	0	Calcutta Training School.
16	Roy, Gopal Chandra	...	...	22	7	Hooghly Training School.
17	Rohaman, Habibar*	...	...	17	8	Ditto.
18	Samanta, Surendra Nath	...	...	18	0	Calcutta Training School.

* Not passed in English.

FIRST DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION

High (2).

(Arranged in order of merit.)

1	Nirad Baran Karmaker	...	...	20	0	Calcutta Training School.
2	Lambodar Mandal	...	...	17	3	Hooghly Training College.

No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of School.
(Arranged alphabetically.)			
Medium (55).			
		Yrs. m.	
1	Abdul Rafique Molla	12 9	Hooghly Training School.
2	Adhikari, Nilkantha	19 2	Ditto.
3	Akanda, Ahmed Ali	17 0	Calcutta Training School.
4	Baroi, Ananda Kumar	18 7	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
5	Bhunia, Gunadhar	20 0	Calcutta Training School.
6	Chakravarty, Baloya Nath	16 7	Hooghly Training School.
7	" Bhaba Tarau	19 0	Calcutta Training School.
8	Chowdhury, Upendra Kumar	16 9	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
9	" Sanker Prosad	15 10	Hooghly Training School.
10	Das, Charu Chandra	18 0	Calcutta Training School.
11	" Iswar Chandra	21 6	Hooghly Training School.
12	" Khudiram	18 0	Calcutta Training School.
13	" Probhat Kumar	18 8	Hooghly Training School.
14	Ghosh, Bhola Nath	16 11	Ditto.
15	" Nagendra Nath	18 0	Calcutta Training School.
16	Ghoshal, Ramendra Sundar	18 0	Ditto.
17	Halsana, Surendra Nath	18 8	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
18	Khanra, Nalini Kanta	21 0	Calcutta Training School.
19	Maiti, Gobinda Chandra	18 0	Ditto.
20	" Hemanta Kumar	19 0	Ditto.
21	Mandal, Md. Hamizuddin	19 0	Ditto.
22	" Padhika Nath	19 4	Hooghly Training School.
23	" Surjya Kanta	19 0	Calcutta Training School.
24	" Tribhanga Murari	21 10	Hooghly Training School.
25	Manna, Hare Krishna	15 4	Ditto.
26	Misra, Harish Chandra	17 0	Calcutta Training School.
27	Mullick, Md. Nabiruddin	18 0	Ditto.
28	Parui, Sakhi Charan	18 0	Ditto.
29	Paul, Chambhu Nath	14 11	Hooghly Training School.
30	Purkait, Manshadass	20 0	Calcutta Training School.
31	Roy, Ram Satya	17 0	Ditto.
32	Sahu, Upendra Nath	19 0	Ditto.
33	Santra, Bipin Behari	19 0	Ditto.
34	Sardar, Rahim Buknesh	18 0	Ditto.
35	Sasmal, Bhola Nath	19 0	Ditto.

Low (19).

1	Biswas, Amrita Lal	17 0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
2	" Upendra Nath	20 8	Hooghly Training School.
3	Chatterjee, Dinabandhu	24 0	Ditto.
4	Chowdhuri, Bhupati Bhushan	16 9	Ditto.
5	Hudait, Basanta Kumar	17 12	Ditto.
6	Jana, Naba Kumar	18 0	Calcutta Training School.
7	Maiti, Alinash Chandra	19 0	Ditto.
8	Muhammad Abdul Majid	22 0	Ditto.
9	Muhammad Karimbox	18 9	Hooghly Training School.
10	Mandal, Kali Pada	16 1	Ditto.
11	Murnu, Babu Lal	29 0	Private (Hooghly).
12	Pain, Tripura Charan	18 11	Hooghly Training School.
13	Pradhan, Arjun Chandra	17 0	Calcutta Training School.
14	Shaha, Giridhar	22 0	Hooghly Training School.
15	Sahu, Kedar Nath	26 0	Calcutta Training School.
16	Samanta, Nriya Gopal	16 9	Hooghly Training School.
17	Sardar, Mafizuddin	21 10	Ditto.
18	Sarkar, Yakub Hossain	18 0	Calcutta Training School.
19	Saran, Syama Charan	15 9	Hooghly Training School.

* Not passed in English.

CHINTA HARAN CHAKRAVARTTY,

Principal, David Hare Training College (offy.).

CALCUTTA, the 24th January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre is created at Dacca for holding the B. A. Examination, 1923, in Honour, subjects, for those candidates who were unsuccessful at the above examination held by the Dacca University in 1922, and who will appear at the examination this year as non-collegiate candidates of the Calcutta University.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 27th January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

THE undermentioned candidate has been admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Science. The subjects of the theses submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners are stated against his name :—

Name of the candidate.

Theses.

Nripendranath Sen, M.Sc. ...

1. On Vortex Rings of Finite Section.
2. On Liquid Motion inside certain Rotating Curvilinear Rectangles and certain Analytical Theorems connected with that problem.
3. Higher order Tides in Canals of Variable Section.
4. On Some Problems of Tidal Oscillations.
5. On the Steady Motion of a Viscous Fluid due to the rotation of two Spheroids about their common axis of revolution.
6. On the Motion of two Spheroids in an infinite liquid.

A. C. ROSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 20th January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate.

THE privilege of recognition, enjoyed by the Jorasanko High School, Calcutta, has been withdrawn, with effect from 1st February 1923.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 29th January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1923, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1923 at 12 o'clock for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.																				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10																				
2376	Ph. Sahapora, mahal Baragat.	Rs. A. P. 8,220 6 7 including Police and Paikan.	Residue share excluding S. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 14. The following share of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauzas— <table><tr><td></td><td>A. GDS.</td></tr><tr><td>Baragar</td><td>... 10 0</td></tr><tr><td>Dinashekharpur</td><td>... 1 5</td></tr><tr><td>Debra Khamat</td><td>... 10 0</td></tr><tr><td>Gabindapur</td><td>... 1 5</td></tr><tr><td>Kashuaman Paikan</td><td>... 8 0</td></tr><tr><td>Kanchibhak</td><td>... 8 0</td></tr><tr><td>Lingulia chat</td><td>... 8 0</td></tr><tr><td>Paohgeria</td><td>... 8 0</td></tr><tr><td>Ramgore</td><td>... 19 0</td></tr></table> All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.		A. GDS.	Baragar	... 10 0	Dinashekharpur	... 1 5	Debra Khamat	... 10 0	Gabindapur	... 1 5	Kashuaman Paikan	... 8 0	Kanchibhak	... 8 0	Lingulia chat	... 8 0	Paohgeria	... 8 0	Ramgore	... 19 0	Kamul Dast and four others.	Rs. A. P. 1,339 7 5 including Police and Paikan.	Rs. A. P. 89 0 9 including Police January 1921 to September 1922.	Revenue— 73 0 6 Police— 16 0 3 Oasa— 123 14 9 Rmbkt.— 451 8 8
	A. GDS.																												
Baragar	... 10 0																												
Dinashekharpur	... 1 5																												
Debra Khamat	... 10 0																												
Gabindapur	... 1 5																												
Kashuaman Paikan	... 8 0																												
Kanchibhak	... 8 0																												
Lingulia chat	... 8 0																												
Paohgeria	... 8 0																												
Ramgore	... 19 0																												

Midnapore, the 1st December 1922.

K. M. SEN, for Collector.

Advertisement of sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Bogra, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on Saturday, the 24th March 1923, corresponding with the Poush, at 10th Chaitra, 1329 B.S.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The sale will become final on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming it, and a regular conveyance will then be granted to the purchaser.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN HIGHS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM MAJOR LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	Acres and decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres and decimals.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
1	Bogra ...	Pargana Fateh-jangpur, mauza Haste.	62	Western ...	0 1 13	030	.....	.....	1 to 3 ...	North—Lot No. 2. East—Railway land. South and West—Chandra Krishna Ghosh's land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	62	Ditto ...	0 1 4	020	.....	.....	.....	North—Lot No. 3. East—Railway land. South—Lot No. 1. West—Munja Bawa's land.
3	Do. ...	Pargana Fateh-jangpur, mauza Basantapur.	62	Ditto ...	0 1 16	032	.....	.....	.....	North and East—Railway land. South—Lot No. 2. West—Kishant Molla's and Munja Bawa's lands.

Bogra Collectorate, the 18th January 1923.

S. C. SEN, Collector.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 19th January 1923.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.
Subscribed Capital		11,25,00,000	0 0	Government Securities		8,39,78,000	0 0
Capital paid up		5,62,50,000	0 0	Other authorized securities under the Act ...		1,25,67,000	0 0
Reserve		4,22,50,000	0 0	Loans		19,77,95,000	0 0
Public Deposits		15,30,42,000	0 0	Cash credits		28,84,21,000	0 0
Other Deposits		54,00,41,000	0 0	Inland bills discounted and purchased ...		6,66,79,000	0 0
Loans against securities per contra ...		68,94,000	0 0	Foreign bills discounted and purchased ...		18,71,000	0 0
Contingent liabilities ... ..		.....		Bullion ... ..		.....
Sundries		63,39,000	0 0	Dead Stock		2,45,07,000	0 0
				Liability of constituents for contingent liabilities per contra ... ..		.....
				Sundries		30,08,000	0 0
				Balances with other Banks		10,16,000	0 0
				Cash		67,88,37,000	0 0
						12,59,89,000	0 0
						80,48,26,000	0 0

The above balance sheet includes—

Deposits in London	£	167,200
Advances in London	£	610,400
Cash and balances at other Banks in London	£	62,700

Percentage 17.83.

Bank Rate 8 per cent.

R. AITKEN,
W. B. HUNTER,
Managing Governors.
(193—1)

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

Notice of sale under sections 118 and 119 of the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890 (B.C.).

NOTICE is hereby given that the liability of the Commissioners for the undermentioned goods consigned to order ex the undermentioned vessels has, in terms of section 118 of the abovementioned Act, ceased on the expiration of three clear days from the date of landing. These goods accordingly remain on the Port Commissioners' premises at the sole risk and expense of the owners, and if not cleared on or before the 5th March 1923 on payment of all charges due, will be sold by public auction.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. 7.			
SS. "Falkenfels."			
27th Dec. 1922 ...	087 in a double triangle, A G on top, H S on side, & Co below.	4	Cases transfer pictures.
27th " " ...	= 769 =	2	Ditto.
27th " " ...	= 705 =	1	Case transfer pictures.
27th " " ...	= 707 =	1	Ditto.
27th " " ...	= 774 =	1	Ditto.
26th " " ...	A G F A	1	Keg dry colour.
28th " " ...	Dr. S.	4	Cases homeopathic remedies.
28th " " ...	E R G 267	2	Cases Berlin wool.
27th " " ...	E R G 136	2	Cases cotton goods.
28th " " ...	India N F N	1	Case merchandise
27th " " ...	J A	1	Case paper goods.
27th " " ...	Jopa	2	Cases glass ware.
26th " " ...	Khannah in a double triangle, R J on top, & Co below.	10	Cases glass beads.
26th " " ...	K H K 600	100	Kegs wire nails.
28th " " ...	1000 in a diamond, K K on top	1	Case toyl.
* 26th " " ...	A triangle, M L on top, P below	10	Cases machinery.
27th " " ...	M L B M M B	9	Cases dyeing material.
28th " " ...	M C	1	Case leather goods.
27th " " ...	M & Co	4	Cases merchandise.
28th " " ...	992 in a diamond, N on top, S S on side	1	Case cotton goods.
28th " " ...	1000 in a diamond, N on top, S S on sides.	1	Ditto.
27th " " ...	U W	1	Case electric sparklers.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
	SHED NO. 7.—conold.		
	SS. "Falkenfeld"—conold.		
26th Dec. 1922 ...	Z 672 In a diamond, R P on top, W below	2	Cases empty tins.
27th " " ...	454 300 In a block, Belgica on top	2	Cases lamps.
27th " " ...	454 300 In a block, Belgica on top	1	Case lamps.
	SHED No. 8.		
	SS. "City of Calcutta."		
27th Dec 1922 ...	A L & Co in a triangle, L 1 on top, M below.	2	Cases cotton yarn.
23rd " " ...	2033 02392 in a diamond, G A on top, & Co below.	1	Case cycles.
22nd " " ...	D & Co in a triangle, D C on top, M below.	4	Cases merchandise.
2nd Jan. 1923 ...	D C A in a diamond, Lucknow below, 1416.	1	Case cycles.
27th Dec. 1922 ...	E Z C in a diamond, D C on top	7	Cases cotton piece-goods.
21st " " ...	E & Co	1	Case calendar.
21st " " ...	1393 29337 in a diamond, G A on top, & Co Agra below, 2.	1	Case merchandise.
21st " " ...	1591 in a diamond, 1 S on top, 1 L below.	1	Case rubber heels.
26th " " ...	P & C & M Co in a diamond, Meerut below	1	Case cycles.
	SHED No. 8.		
	SS. "Glan Macintyre."		
26th Dec. 1922 ...	F P & Co in a diamond, 4-8	2	Cases condensed milk.
23rd " " ...	G A W, 1-8	6	Cases whisky (lying at wine godown).
30th " " ...	No mark	...	A quantity of loose marble stone.
30th " " ...	Ditto	...	A quantity of scrap wood.
30th " " ...	Ditto	1	Case merchandise.
28th " " ...	P P F, 1-10 6298	10	Cases worked marble.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. 5—rould.			
SS. "Nanerie."			
5th Jan. 1923 ...	B 13965 in a diamond, I G on top, E O below, 13810-18, F0332-33, 30923, 48275 (lying at M. Ghat).	13	Cases switch board material, motor and parts.
3rd " " ...	C O E in a diamond, M W on top, & Co below, 101.	1	Case dry goods.
3rd " " ...	C A 600	1	Case sample tools.
2nd " " ...	829 in a diamond, E L on top, & Co 88 below, 690-92.	3	Cases hosiery.
2nd " " ...	7299 in a diamond, I O on top ...	1	Case files.
3rd " " ...	L C M R	1	Case advertising matter.
2nd " " ...	3609 in a diamond, M M on top, 58421 below, 1.	1	Case Sezodent tooth powder.
2nd " " ...	3642 in a diamond, M M on top, 58252 below, 1-7.	7	Cases merchandise.
3rd " " ...	16 in a block, M M on sides, 58407 Calcutta below, 1-6.	6	Ditto.
2nd " " ...	16 in a block, M M on sides, 58406 Calcutta below, 1-2.	2	Cases asthma cure.
2nd " " ...	3643 in a diamond, M M on top, 58255 below, 1-3.	3	Bundle cases sulphur bitter.
2nd " " ...	Ditto. 4	1	Case sulphur soap.
2nd " " ...	3643 in a diamond, M M on top, 58254 below, 1.	1	Case asthma cure.
3rd " " ...	P 14163 in a diamond, I C E on top ...	1	Case compensatory parts.
SHED No. 6.			
SS. "Tokushima Maru."			
2nd Jan. 1923 ...	739 in a block, A V M on top, O B on side, 36-40.	2	Cases bobbins.
2nd " " ...	A H M E D I in a triangle, Bombay below, 26-50.	25	Cases cotton socks.
2nd " " ...	Anchor, B C on top, 6-8. ...	3	Cases empty glass bottles.
30th Dec. 1922 ...	237 in a diamond, K C on top, 16, 49-50	3	Cases glass beads.
3rd Jan 1923 ...	K S in a diamond, 3398-3406 ...	9	Cases organs.
30th Dec. 1922 ...	50 in a diamond, K U on top, 77-80 ...	4	Cases glass beads.
2nd Jan 1923 ...	K S 182 in a diamond, R B on top, M G below, 1-5.	5	Cases porcelain.
2nd " " ...	K S in a diamond, 1	1	Case violin bow and string.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. 6.—concl.			
SS. "Tokushima Maru."—concl.			
2nd Jan. 1923 ...	M B Y, 102-11 ...	10	Cases umbrella sticks.
30th Dec. 1922 ...	995 in a diamond, M A on top, N A Rangoon below, 24-03.	1	Case merchandise.
3rd Jan. 1923 ...	No mark ...	2	Bundles thread.
2nd " "	R 1882 in a diamond, C C on top, C J below, 896-925.	80	Cases glassware.
2nd " "	R 120 in a diamond, C C on top, C J below, 903-909.	7	Cases burners.
30th Dec. 1922 ...	= R 106 =, 402-03 ...	2	Cases glassware.
30th " "	R 026 in a triangle, R N on top, D below, 12-25.	14	Ditto.
30th " "	= 040 =, 1-4 ...	4	Ditto.
2nd Jan. 1923 ...	R 1859 in a diamond, C C on top, C J below, 7026-31.	6	Cases merchandise.
30th Dec. 1922 ...	183 in a triangle, R N on top, D below, 141-150.	10	Cases glassware.
30th " "	696 in a diamond, 9 ...	1	Case cotton piece-goods.
3rd Jan. 1923 ...	5010 in a diamond, S M on top, F E below, 3-4.	2	Cases spectacle cases.
2nd " "	012 in a diamond, S M on top, I C below, 65-67.	3	Cases cotton lace.
2nd " "	= $\frac{47}{013}$ = 8 ...	1	Case merchandise.
2nd " "	S A R in a block, 10 ...	1	Ditto.
2nd " "	S H M in a diamond, 38 ...	1	Case shell button.
2nd " "	S M I C in a diamond, 2105 ...	1	Case sample of tin toy.
30th Dec. 1922 ...	$\frac{21}{9}$ in a block, 7-19 ...	13	Cases glass ware.
30th " "	9463 in a triangle, Y S on top, 10-11 ...	2	Cases folding mirrors.
30th " "	= 8346 =, 12-13 ...	2	Ditto.
30th " "	= 3459 =, 14-17 ...	4	Ditto.
SHED No. 3.			
SS. "Maldan."			
18th Dec. 1922 ...	A M E in a block, N N ...	1	Bag poultry food.
23rd " "	C in a diamond, S on top, S & on side, Co below, 910.	1	Case woollen goods.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
	<i>Unidentified goods (A. Ghat).</i>		
	Nil	20	Bundles flat.
	Nil	12	Pieces flat.
	Nil	2	Casks cement (without top).
	Nil ... ..	...	A quantity of cement sweeping weighing about 9 cwt.
	<i>Mint Siding.</i>		
	Nil	9	Bars tees.
	Nil	5	Bars angles.
	Nil	2	Pieces casting (broken).
	Nil ... ..	...	A quantity of loose bars iron weighing about 1 cwt.
	Nil ... ..	...	A quantity of hoopbands weighing about 10 cwt.
	Nil ... ..	...	A quantity of wire weighing about 1 cwt.

W. A. BURNS, Traffic Manager.

Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta, the 24th January 1923.

(174-1)

SALE NOTICE.

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Rangpur.

Jatindra Mohon Lahiri, of Nawabgonj, police-station Kotwali, district Rangpur, decree-holder,

versus

Purna Chandra Roy Choudhury, of Gopalpur, police-station Badargonj, district Rangpur.

MONEY EXECUTION CASE No. 808 of 1922.

TAKE notice that the following properties of the judgment-debtor will be sold by the Nazir of the Judge's Court of Rangpur in execution of the money decree No. 808 of 1922 in the sale-room of the district at 12 noon on the 5th of March 1923. Rs. 10,680-12-6 is due under the decree:—

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTIES.

1. Zamindari property bearing No. 338 of the Rangpur Collectorate, mahal Alamnagore O Gayaraha within police-station Kotwali, district Rangpur, pargana Kundi, of which the judgment-debtor has one anna and fifteen ganda share. Revenue payable for which is Rs. 256-2-3 and for which a separate account No. 338-5 has been opened. Upset price of which is Rs. 2,000.

2. A zamindari property bearing No. 207 of the said Collectorate, mahal Arsadpur, pargana Arsadpur, police-station Kotwali, district Rangpur. Revenue payable for entire sixteen annas is Rs. 735-5-3 in which the judgment-debtor has two annas and five ganda share and for which a separate account No. 207-5 has been opened. Upset price of which is Rs. 3,000.

9. Zamindari property bearing No. 169 of the said Collectorate, pargana Kundi, police-station Kotwali, district Rangpur, mahal Chandanpat, kismat Gayaraha. Revenue payable for the entire sixteen annas is Rs. 2,068-15-8 in which the judgment-debtor has eight annas and ten ganda share for which a separate account No. 169-3 has been opened. Upset price of which is Rs. 100.

10. Zamindari property bearing No. 163 of the said Collectorate, pargana Kundi, police-stations Kotwali and Badargonj, hishya annas 7, the revenue for the entire 16 annas being Rs. 19,567-10-3, mahals Alamnagore, Jote ralanu Shaha Lalchandpur, kismat Barakali janna, Hariarkutti jote, Khalia, Ulipur kismat, Fatepur kismat, Gopinathpur kismat, Jinahar kismat, Krishnapur kismat, Roypur kismat mauza in which the judgment-debtor has 4 annas share and Akkelpore, Alamnagore kismat O Gayaraha mauza in which the judgment-debtor has 8 annas share and the other 8 annas share belongs to Sri Chandra and Jyotish Chandra Bandopadhyaya, under them the judgment-debtor holds a pattani right in mauza kismat Balarampur, pattani rent of which is Rs. 722 and kismat Pailchara pattani rent of which is Rs. 261 and Kutti Khamar kismat O Gayaraha. The pattani rent of which is Rs. 37. The judgment-debtor is the enjoyment of 16 annas in mahal No. 163 both in zamindari and pattani right, the upset price of which is Rs. 2,000.

N.B.—The properties Nos. 9 and 10 of the Schedule together with mahal No. 584 and No. 565 of the Rangpur Collectorate Helencha O, Gayaraha hishya 4 annas and No. 169 of the said Collectorate hisya Bangalpur O, Gayaraha are mortgaged to Babu Mukunda Lal Ray of Nawabgonj, Rangpur, for Rs. 15,000 and interest due thereon up to Pous 1329 is Rs. 7,000 and also to Rangpur Loan Office, Ltd., Rangpur, for Rs. 97,000 and interest due up to Pous 1329 Rs. 45,292-12.

RANAMALI SEN, Subordinate Judge.

Rangpur, the 18th January 1923. (183—1)

SALE NOTIFICATION.

In the First Court of the Subordinate Judge at Alipore.

PRESENT:

Babu Nalini Kanta Bose, Sub-Judge.

EXECUTION CASE No. 270 of 1922.

Messrs. Dinraj Hukum Chand, decree-holder,

versus

Shiva Nath Biswas, judgment-debtor.

THE following mortgaged properties within the district of 24-Parganas of the judgment-debtor above-named will be put up to sale by public auction by the Nazir of the District Judge's Court, 24-Parganas, at a sale to be held on the 12th February 1923 at 12 noon in the Court premises for realisation of Rs. 18,062-9-3 only.

Schedule of properties.

Half share of 2 annas 10 gandas 3 karas 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ dantis of tauzi No. 141-4 (annual revenue Rs. 7,501-10-2) and of tauzi No. 151-2 (annual revenue Rs. 2,610-2-6) in and of zamindari Chak Hatooria, commonly known as Chira Coal.

Undivided one-ninth share of Patni taluk bearing tauzis Nos. 151, 151-1, 151-5, 151-15, 151-7-8-9, total annual Patni rent payable respectively for the same being Rs. 1,474-0-3, Rs. 220-0-8, Rs. 327-6-9 and Rs. 138-10-0, Rs. 440-1-4.

Half share of 3 annas 11 gandas 4 dantis of tauzi No. 436 in pargana Ajimabad in zamindari Chak Julari (annual revenue Rs. 98-10-2) and of tauzi No. 348 in pargana Baridhati in zamindari Manraj (annual revenue Rs. 1,608-1-5) and of tauzi No. 352 in pargana Balia, zamindari Nahajari (annual revenue Rs. 1,18-48 6.)

Half share of 2 annas 16 gandas 3 karas 5 dantis of tauzi No. 344 in pargana Balia zamindari Jajatballavpore (annual revenue Rs. 188-14-4)

Approximate value Rs. 14,000.

N. K. Bose, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 11th January 1923. (145—1—239)

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(ORDER 5, RULES 1 AND 5.)

In the Court of the Judge of Small Causes at Cawnpore District.

SUIT No. 2521 of 1922.

Ganges Flour Mills, Cawnpore, plaintiffs,

versus

Firm Chandra Kanta Dass, through Chandra Kanta Dass, defendant.

To Firm Chandra Kanta Dass, through Chandra Kanta Dass, dwelling at Dinajpore.

WHEREAS plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 453-3-6, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the 6th day of February 1923, at 10-30 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence, and all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before-mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 9th day of January 1923.

(ILLISIBLE), Judge.

(89—1—235)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the 2nd Munsif at Midnapore.

Midnapore Zamindari Company, Limited, of Godapiasal, pargana Bhanjabhum, thana Salboni, Midnapore, plaintiffs,

versus

(1) Srischandra Mallik, (2) Nogendra Mallik, of Dhannaghari, (3) Binodebehari Kayal, son of late Uday Kayal, by his guardian mother Sm. Tarangini Das, of Gohaldanga, (4) Akhil Ch. Mandal, of Jamboni, (5) Nibaran Mallik, (6) Kirtibash Mallik, of Dhannaghari, (7) Bholanath Ghosh, of Keranitola, town Midnapore, (8) Nilambar Santora, of Bouncha, pargana Midnapore, defendants.

TITLE SUIT No. 502 of 1922.

TAKE notice that Midnapore Zamindari Company, Limited, has instituted suit No. 502 of 1922 in the 2nd Munsif's Court, Midnapore. In the record of-rights of pargana Bhanjabhum in district Midnapore various rights and profits are recorded in favour of the tenants of Bhanjabhum in the khas patit and khas jungles of the Company in that pargana. The Company seek in that suit a declaration that the entry in the record-of-rights regarding mauza Dhannaghari, thana No. 59, interest No. 103, in Bhanjabhum pargana is *ultra vires* and wrong, and that the tenants have no such rights. As all the tenants of the pargana Bhanjabhum are interested in the suit and as the remedies are sought against all of them, any persons having any land in Bhanjabhum and desirous of defending their allied rights may appear in the suit on 7th February 1923 and contest, if they like, under Order 1, Rule 8, C. P. C., within fifteen days from the service of this notice.

S. BANERJEE, Munsif.

Midnapore, the 18th January 1923. (177—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bakarganj.

PRESENT :

W. H. Carter, Esq., I.C.S., officiating District Judge.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that one Hira Lal Pal, son of late Ananda Mohan Pal, at present of Paterhat, police-station Mehendiganj, district Bakarganj, has applied to be adjudicated an insolvent and that the 8th February 1923 has been fixed for hearing the petition and for examination of the petitioner.

W. H. CARTER, District Judge (offg.).

Barisal, the 20th January 1923. (196—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 921 of 1921.

Re : Shaik Mahomed Ishaq, *ex parte* the debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the above estate and that the same will be paid on or after the 6th day of March 1923, except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee of Calcutta.

Calcutta, the 19th January 1923. (182—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bankura.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1921.**

Chintamani Dutta, insolvent.

THE abovenamed insolvent having failed to deposit the costs of publication of the notice of the date of hearing of his application for discharge, the order of adjudication, dated the 20th August 1921, be and the same is hereby annulled.

H. M. VERTUH, District Judge

Bankura, the 26th January 1923.

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

[Notice under the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920.]

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 36 of 1922.

NOTICE is hereby given to their creditors that the insolvency petition filed by the judgment-debtors (1) Krista Chandra Garain and (2) Tarapada Garain, of Samudragar, thana Purbasthali, district Burdwan, as proprietors of the firm under the name and style of Tarapada Garain, has been admitted and that 17th February 1923 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

P. E. CAMMIADÉ, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 26th January 1923. (201—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

[Notice under the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920.]

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given to his creditors that the insolvency petition filed by the judgment-debtor Kazi Abdul Aziz, of Sargachi, thana Satgachia, district Burdwan, has been admitted and that 6th February 1923 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

P. E. CAMMIADÉ, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 26th January 1923. (202—1—238)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Under Act V of 1920, section 19]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1923.**

(1) Ashraf Ali, son of Ali Mohammad, (2) Ashraf Ali alias Ali, son of Nasarat Ali, (3) Abul Khair, son of Badal Gazi, of Puchari, police-station Chakaria, district Chittagong, debtors.

WHEREAS an application has been filed by Mahim Chandra Guha Deb Barma, son of late Sarat Chandra Guha Deb Barma, of Chandanpura, district Chittagong, for declaration of the abovenamed persons insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920, this is to give notice to creditors that the Court has fixed 8th February 1923 for hearing of the aforesaid petition.

J. W. NELSON, District Judge.

Chittagong, the 26th January 1923. (198—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Dacca.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1923.

ON the application of Dinabandhu Banik, son of Pitambar Banik, resident of Karrah, police-station Sreemagar, district Dacca, to be declared insolvent, the 5th March 1923 has been fixed for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and for the examination of the debtor.

W. N. DELEVINGNE, District Judge.
Dacca, the 20th January 1923. (206—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 40 of 1922.

Aswini Kumar Pal, son of late Sasi Bhushan Pal, of Panchar Dakshinkandi, police-station Matharerohar, district Faridpur, debtor-applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed debtor was adjudicated insolvent by this Court on 5th January 1923, and that he was directed to apply for discharge by 6th July 1923.

Dated this 18th day of January 1923.

A. J. DASH, District Judge.
(184—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 37 of 1922.

Satis Chandra Gun, son of Kamini Kumar Gun, at present residing at Upashi, police-station Palong, district Faridpur, debtor-applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed debtor was adjudicated insolvent by this Court on 20th December 1922, and that he was directed to apply for discharge by 21st May 1923.

Dated this 18th day of January 1923.

A. J. DASH, District Judge.
(185—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 88 of 1922.

Kamini Kumar Gun, son of late Madan Mohan Gun, at present residing at Upashi, police-station Palong, district Faridpur, debtor-applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed debtor was adjudicated insolvent by this Court on 20th December 1922, and that he was directed to apply for discharge by 21st May 1923.

Dated this 18th day of January 1923.

A. J. DASH, District Judge.
(186—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 33 of 1922.

NOTICE is hereby given that Chuni Lal Dutta, son of late Hari Das Dutta, of Baidyabati, thana Bhadreswar, district Hooghly, was on the 28th November 1922 adjudged an insolvent. The 10th February 1923 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 14th December 1922. (2588—1—183)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 15 of 1922.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rampada Mullik, son of late Sitaram Mullik, of Bijolkona, thana Goghat, district Hooghly, was, on the 24th November 1922, adjudged an insolvent. The 10th February 1923 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 14th December 1922. (2589—1—182)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 23 of 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that Anukul Chandra Pal, son of late Behari Lal Pal, of Shehakhala, thana Chonditola, district Hooghly, was on the 30th November 1922 adjudged an insolvent. The 3rd February 1923 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 14th December 1922. (2590—1—181)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 39 of 1922.

NOTICE is hereby given that Hari Das Ghosh, son of late Bhairab Chandra Ghosh, of Hati, thana Arambagh, district Hooghly, was on the 25th November 1922 adjudged an insolvent. The 10th February 1923 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 13th December 1922. (2591—1—184)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 33 of 1922.

Taslimuddin Ahamed, applicant.

THE above-named applicant having failed to apply for discharge within the time allowed, it is ordered that the order of adjudication, dated the 8th day of July 1922, against the applicant be and the same is hereby annulled.

C. BARTLEY, District Judge.
Dinajpur, the 19th day of January 1923. (188—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 72 of 1921.

Sefazuddin Mahomed, applicant.

THE abovenamed applicant having failed to apply for discharge within the time allowed, it is ordered that the order of adjudication, dated the 9th day of January 1922, against the applicant be and the same is hereby annulled.

C. BARTLEY, District Judge.
Dinajpur, the 19th day of January 1923. (189—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Jaipalguri.**

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos. 91 AND 92 OF 1921.

(1) Porandhan Das, (2) Sukeswar Das, applicants.

THE abovenamed applicants having failed to apply for discharge within the time allowed, it is ordered that the order of adjudication, dated the 14th day of January 1922, against the applicants be and the same is hereby annulled.

C. BARTLEY, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 19th day of January 1923. (190—1)

NOTICE.

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Jessore.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 18 OF 1921.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 5th December 1921, filed by the petitioner-debtor Santosh Kumar Kundu, son of Bhola Nath Kundu of Sarushuna, police-station Salikha, in the district of Jessore, and on examining him and hearing his pleader, the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on the 6th January 1923.

B. BHATTACHARYYA, for District Judge.

Jessore, the 19th January 1923. (178—1)

NOTICE.

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Jessore.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 OF 1922.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 26th May 1922, filed by the petitioner-debtor Paras Nath Saha, son of late Budhimanta Saha, of Bardia Bazar, police-station Lohagara, in the district of Jessore, and on examining him and hearing his pleader, the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on the 18th December 1922.

B. BHATTACHARYYA, for District Judge.

Jessore, the 19th January 1923. (179—1)

NOTICE.

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Jessore.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 19 OF 1921.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 5th December 1921, filed by the petitioner-debtor Benode Behary Kundu, son of Bhola Nath Kundu, of Sarushuna, police-station Salikha, in the district of Jessore, and on examining him and hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on the 6th January 1923.

B. BHATTACHARYYA, for District Judge.

Jessore, the 19th January 1923. (180—1)

NOTICE.

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Jessore.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 16 OF 1922.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 7th August 1922, filed by the petitioner-debtor Abhaya Charan Haldar, son of late Govinda Chandra Haldar, of Khaertala, police-station Kotwali, in the district of Jessore, and on examining him and hearing his pleader, the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on the 4th January 1923.

B. BHATTACHARYYA, for District Judge.

Jessore, the 19th January 1923. (181—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Midnapore.**

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 10 OF 1922.

PRESENT :

M. Yusuf, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 24th March 1922, filed by Kunja Behari Das, son of late Radha Mohan Das, of Pariachak, pargana Doroh, thana Satahata, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself, and on reading the petition of insolvency and on examining the debtor, and hearing Babu Jitendra Nath Bose, pleader, it is ordered that it be and the same is hereby declared that the debtor was adjudged insolvent, by order of the Court, dated 28th November 1922. Notice is hereby given that the 24th February 1923 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date and that the insolvent must apply for his discharge within six months from 28th November 1922, the date of adjudication.

Dated this 25th day of January 1923

M. YUSUF, District Judge.

(199—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 36 OF 1922.

WHEREAS Shahibjan Pramanik, son of late Munda Pramanik, of Sultanganjpara, police-station Bogra, district Bogra, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 20th December 1922, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 8th February 1923, for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtors.

G. C. SEN, District Judge.

Pabna, the 24th January 1923. (194—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 OF 1923.

WHEREAS Abdul Gani Meah, son of late Munshi Basiruddin Meah, of Lakshminipur, police-station Santhia, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 15th January 1923, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 16th February 1923 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtors.

G. C. SEN, District Judge.

Pabna, the 24th January 1923. (195—1)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge,
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 198 of 1922.

Shaikh Uzir, of Satu Babu Lane, thana Entally, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Amin Khan, of 7-1, Dormagall, Taltola, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 27th day of October 1922 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 26th February 1923 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

A. T. PAL, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 4th January 1923. (82—1—153)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge,
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 239 of 1922.

Haruni Mia, of Khardah, thana Khardāh, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Chandica Sing, of Khardah, Kolbazar, thana Khardah, 24 Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 6th day of November 1922 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 26th February 1923 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

A. T. PAL, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 4th January 1923. (85—1—155)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge,
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 218 of 1922.

Nirodo Chandra Mitra, of 7, Ultadangi Main Road, thana Maniktola, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Jagat Tarini, of 60-6, Ramkrishnapur Ghat Road, and others, creditors.

ON the 31st October 1922 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 26th day of February 1923 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

A. T. PAL, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 4th January 1923. (87—1—154)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 30 of 1922.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 24th July 1922 filed by Mothur Mohan Pal and Purna Chandra Pal, carrying on business jointly in the name of the firm Bibhakar Rice Mill for husking paddy at 22, Tollynagar Circular Road, 24-Parganas, and on the application of creditors and on reading their application and hearing their pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. They must apply for discharge within one year.

Dated this 13th day of November 1922.

E. B. H. PANTON, District Judge.
(2386—1—156)

NOTICE.

SEALED tenders are invited for the construction of a screwpile bridge of 3 spans of 20' feet each over the Fakhi Khari in the 4th mile of Bogra-Serajmij Road, and will be received by the undersigned up to 10th February 1923.

Prescribed tender form and copies of specification can be obtained on payment of Rs. 1 and copies of drawing on payment of Rs. 2.

Each tender must be accompanied by Government Currency notes for Rs. 300 as earnest money which will be returned on rejection of tender or completion of work.

Tenders may be submitted for the whole work, i.e., construction and completion at site, or in piecemeal, or only for the materials necessary for the bridge or in parts.

The District Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

SYED RIYAZ UDDIN QUAZI, Chairman.

Bogra, the 25th January 1923. (207—2)

Road Cess notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that under section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 111 (B.C.) of 1885, the District Board of Nadia have at their special meeting held on the 13th January 1923, determined to levy the road cess in the district of Nadia during the ensuing year 1923-24 at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands, etc., as prescribed by law.

J. N. SARKAR,

for Chairman, District Board, Nadia.

Krishnagar, the 24th January 1923. (192—1)

REMOVAL NOTICE.**Bengal Surveys.****Calcutta.****No. 55, Bentinck Street.**

THE undermentioned offices of the Bengal Survey Department are being removed and will reopen at Premises No. 41-1, Judge's Court Road, Alipore (24-parganas) on Monday, the 12th February 1923 :—

(1) Director of Surveys, Bengal.

(2) Bengal Traverses Party.

(3) Bengal Drawing Office :—

(i) Map Reproduction Section.

(ii) Thana Mapping and Drawing Section.

(iii) Map Issue and Copying Section.

(iv) Map Record Section.

Postal and Telegraphic address - Alipore, 24-Parganas.

Telegraphic Code address—'Cadastré' Calcutta will remain unchanged.

All communications, remittances, and enquiries, etc., should be made accordingly.

DAMODAR RAO,

Personal Assistant to Director of Surveys, Bengal.
Calcutta, the 18th January 1923

NOTICE is hereby given that all Exhibits filed in the Court of the Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, during the year 1920, will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them within a month from the date of this notice.

The undersigned will not be responsible for the Exhibits filed in these Courts for the years 1921 and 1922 if not taken back by the parties within six months from the date of disposal of each case.

D. SWINHOE,

Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Calcutta, the 18th January 1923.

Proclamation.

IT is notified for general information that the following rogue elephant is proclaimed as dangerous to human life and property and a reward of Rs. 100 for the destruction of the animal is offered and will be paid, when its identity has been proved, by the Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri.

The description of the animal is given below :—

A makna, height about 9 feet, which frequents the Rydak Forest (near the Dhaula Tea Estate).

W. H. NELSON, Deputy Commissioner, Jalpaiguri.

Jalpaiguri, the 19th January 1923.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Exhibits filed in cases disposed of in this Court during 1920 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1923.

A. N. M. ALI, Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1923.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1920 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1923.

N. N. GUPTA, Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1923.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Coroner's Court, Calcutta, has been removed to the new buildings at No. 2-2, Nil Madhab Sen Lane, off Central Avenue.

F. K. DOBBIN, Coroner of Calcutta.

The 6th January 1923.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 30 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominees predecease them after five years of admission. The second quinquennial valuation of the fund has been completed by the Actuary to the Government of India and his report discloses very favourable results. For forms of application and rules of the Fund apply to the Accountant-General, Central Revenues, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 8002061 for Rs. 200 and D006350 for Rs. 100 of the 6 per cent. loan of 1930, the first note originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, and the last in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Rajendra Nath Bose, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been partially destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—Rajendra Nath Bose.

Residence—5, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, Baghbaraz P. O., Calcutta.

(35—3—49)

Lost.

A RECEIPT numbered 910, dated 29th January 1921, and granted by the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the security :—

G. P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount.	Holder's name.
		Rs.	
005679	1922	100	Sree Kissen Lall.

Name of the proprietor—Sree Kissen Lall.

Residence—49, Satbigha Lane, Howrah.

(176—1—221)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 074533 and 230924 of the 3 per cent. and 3½ per cent. loan of 1896-97 and 1900-01 for Rs. 500 and Rs. 100, respectively, originally standing in the name of The East Indian Railway Co. and last endorsed to Lachmina Koer, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—CHAKAURI RAM.

Residence—22, Ross Road, Howrah.

(2474—3)

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 048834 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1922 for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of the Alliance Bank of India, Limited, and last endorsed to Ashita Ranjan Chakravarty, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—Ashita Ranjan Chakravarty.

Residence—Nawab Katchari, Bajitpur (Mymensingh).

(1720—3—143)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Henry Mitchell Henderson, deceased.

PURSUANT to section 320 of Act X of 1865 and section 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866 notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of the abovenamed Henry Mitchell Henderson, deceased, late of Lynhale, Kington, in the county of Hereford, England, deceased, who died at Woodlands Castle, Connell, county Limerick, Ireland, on the 31st day of May 1922, and probate of whose Will dated 25th day of January 1923 was granted out of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on the 17th day of January 1923, to Francis James Mitchell, one of the executors in the said Will named, are hereby required on or before the 25th day of February 1923 to send in particulars of such claims to the said Executor at the Punjab Club, Lahore, or to the undersigned the Solicitors to the said Executor at the undermentioned address after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets of the estate will be distributed.

Dated this 26th day of January 1923.

MORRAN & Co.,

Solicitors to the Executor.

1, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

(205—1)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, and

In the matter of the Duars Tea Association, Ltd., Jalpaiguri.

THE Duars Tea Association, Limited, Jalpaiguri, having by a special resolution in an extraordinary general meeting held on 2nd December 1922 and subsequently confirmed on 17th December 1922 unanimously resolved to voluntarily wind it up for the purpose of amalgamating it with the Taripur Duars Tea Association, Limited (The Taripur Tea Company, Ltd), a joint stock Company of Jalpaiguri, to carry on the business with the joint effort of both the Companies with the assets and liabilities of each Company being distributed among the share-holders of the other Company, the undersigned as the liquidator of the Company hereby notifies that a meeting of the creditors of the Company winding up will be held at 3 P.M. on Sunday, the 4th February 1923, at the registered head office of the said Company.

ANIL CHANDRA MUKERJEE, Liquidator.

Jalpaiguri, the 27th December 1922. (32—1—236)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of Issur Chunder Coondoo & Co., Ltd. (In Liquidation).

AN extraordinary general meeting of the Company was held at the registered office of the Company, 10, Strand Road, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 18th January 1923, at 10 A.M., to consider the present position of the Company and the following resolution was passed as an extraordinary resolution :—

"That as the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business it is advisable to wind up and that it be and is placed into voluntary liquidation forthwith in terms of section 233(3) of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, and that Mr. S. K. Dey, of 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta, be and is hereby appointed liquidator."

N. K. SARKAR, Chairman.

Calcutta, the 19th January 1923. (172—1—179)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of Issur Chunder Coondoo & Co., Ltd. (In Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 209 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that a meeting of the creditors of the abovenamed Company will be held at 6,

Hastings Street, Calcutta, on Wednesday, 14th February 1923, at 3 P.M.

S. K. DAY, Liquidator.

Calcutta, the 19th January 1923.

(173—1—180)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of the Bengal Telephone Co., Ltd. (In Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 217 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that a general meeting of the members of the abovenamed Company will be held on Monday, the 5th March 1923, at 4 P.M., at 25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, in order that there may be laid before the said Company an account showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and to pass an extraordinary resolution as to the disposal of the books, accounts and documents of the Company, and in order that the said Company may hear any explanation that may be given by the liquidators.

C. E. WALKER, for self and co-liquidators.

25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, the 26th January 1923.

(204—1—237)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and

In the matter of American Motors, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from date, the name of American Motors, Limited, will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the Register, and the company will be dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies under Act VII of 1913.

Calcutta, the 26th January 1923.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of Bobbins, Limited (In Liquidation).

PURSUANT to section 217 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, notice is hereby given that a general meeting of shareholders will be held at 79, Park Street, Calcutta, on the 26th February 1923 for the purpose of laying before them the accounts and any explanation necessary.

For Bobbins, Ltd.,
E. PENNIE, Liquidator.
(208—1)

Notice.

THE next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April 1923. All issues of the said Reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during the months of April and May.

C. TINDALL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

Legislative Department.

Legislative Dept., Book Depot Branch, the 8th January 1923.

Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Sastri and Babu Siva Chandra Gui, M.A., B.L., of that College, are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

Notice.

The 10th June 1922.—In supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the following revised rates have been fixed for the *Calcutta Gazette* and its parts, with effect from the date of this notice. This will not, however, affect the subscriptions already paid at previous rates until they have expired :—

Per annum.	For Calcutta.	For the Mufassal including postage.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Parts I and IA together, or any one of them	6 0	10 0
Part IB	4 0	7 0
Part II	2 0	4 0
Parts III and IV together, or any one of them... ..	4 0	6 0
Parts V and VI together, or any one of them	4 0	6 0
Appendix (Marine)	1 0	3 0
Do. (Bengal Library Catalogue)	2 0	3 0
Supplement	6 0	9 0
Entire	22 8	27 8

Per issue.	Price.
	Rs. A.
Part I	0 4
Part IA	0 2
Part IB	0 4
Part II	0 4
Parts III and IV together, or any one of them... ..	0 4
Parts V and VI together, or any one of them... ..	0 4
Appendix (Marine)	0 2
Do. (Bengal Library Catalogue)	0 8
Supplement	0 4
Entire (without Bengal Library Catalogue)	0 12

Postage according to weight.

A special price will be fixed for specially heavy issues of the *Calcutta Gazette* or any particular part.

N.B.—Extraordinary issues of the *Gazette* can be obtained from the Officer in charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Dept., at the rate of one anna for every four pages or a fraction thereof. Postage according to weight.

Rates for advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

	Rs.
Full page, per issue	20
Half page, per issue	10

Casual advertisements, 4 annas per line per insertion.

POST OFFICE.**Despatch of Sea-borne Mails.**

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America	Thursday ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon	Daily ...	4-15	4-45	3-15	3-45
† Australia and New Zealand (via Colombo) ...	Feb. 8 ...	4-15	4-45	3-15	3-45
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam and China (via Nagapattinam)	Jan. 31 ...	4-15	*4-45	3-15	3-45
Burma	Feb. 1 ...	7-30	8-0	5-0	6-0
Port Blair (via Rangoon)	Do. 1 ...	7-30	8-0	5-0	6-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for despatch by the Homeward English mail is Wednesday, 8 P.M., and Thursday noon respectively.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for Foreign countries.

† When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 5-15 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay and correspondence for Australia, New Zealand and Japan posted up to 4-15 P.M. to Colombo for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 29th January 1923.

A. J. D'CAUZ, Presidency Post Master (off.).

CINCHONA FACTORY PRODUCTS.

By order of the Government of Bengal Cinchona Factory Products will be sold by the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipore, at the undernoted rates from the 1st November 1922 :—

Sulphate of Quinine.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	...	...	...	Rs. 27 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	...	" 28 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 29 "

Quinine Hydrochloride.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	...	...	...	Rs. 44 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	...	" 45 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 46 "

Quinine Di-Hydrochloride.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	...	...	...	Rs. 47 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	...	" 48 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 49 "

Cinchonidine Sulphate and Cinchonine Sulphate.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	...	Rs. 16 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 17 "

Cinchona Febrifuge Powder.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	...	Rs. 8 per lb.
For quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 9 "

Cinchona Febrifuge Tablets and Quinoidine Tablets.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	..	...	...	Rs. 9 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 10 "

Quinoidine (In Mass).

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	...	Rs. 8 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ...	...	...	...	" 9 "

Quinidine Sulphate for any quantity less than 6 lbs.—Rs. 52 per lb.

Quinine Sulphate is for sale to Government Institutions and Missionaries only. It is not for sale to Private Firms or the General Public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in Powder and Tablet form (when in stock) is for sale to Government Institutions, Missionaries and the General Public.

Quinine Sulphate will be supplied to Hospitals and Dispensaries of this Presidency only at the wholesale rate of Rs. 27 per lb., irrespective of quantities. For all other purchasers the rates given above will apply.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Drugs are sold for cash only preferably by remittance transfer receipts or Treasury chalang payable in advance. Price and postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or post-office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail, Steamer or by Post. A scale of postage is given below.

[For $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 4 annas, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 5 annas, 1 lb. 8 annas, $1\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 11 annas, 2 lbs. 14 annas, $2\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. Re. 1-1, 3 lbs. Re. 1-1, $3\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. Re. 1-4, 4 lbs. Re. 1-7, $4\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. Re. 1-13, 5 lbs. Re. 1-13, 6 lbs. Re. 2.]

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M., and 2 to 4 P.M.

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

Government reserve the right to alter the price without notice.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

At the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, and by the following Agents:—

AGENTS IN INDIA.

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|--|--|
| <p>Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta and Simla.
 Messrs. Newnan & Co., Calcutta.
 Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras.
 Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.
 Messrs. A. J. Combridge & Co., Calcutta.
 The Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.
 Mrs. Radhabai Atmaran Sagoon, Bombay.
 Messrs. R. Canbray & Co., Calcutta.
 Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Proprietors of the Mufid-i-ain Press, Lahore, Punjab.
 Messrs. Thompson & Co., Madras.
 Messrs. S. Marthy & Co., Madras.
 Messrs. Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.
 Messrs. B. Banorjee & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.
 Messrs. S. K. Lahiri & Co., Printers and Booksellers, College Street, Calcutta.
 Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Booksellers, etc., Madras.
 Messrs. D. B. Taraporewalla & Sons, Booksellers, 190, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
 Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.
 The Indian School Supply Depot, 309, Bowbazar, Calcutta.
 Mr. Ramnath Sunder, Bombay.
 Messrs. A. M. and J. Ferguson, Ceylon.
 Messrs. Temple & Co., Madras.
 Babu S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students & Co., Cooch Behar</p> | <p>Messrs. Ramchandra Govind & Son, Booksellers and Publishers, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
 Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.
 The Weldon Library, 18-5, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.
 Rai M. C. Sarker Bahadur & Sons, 90-2A, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
 The Proprietor of the Newal Kishore Press, Lucknow.
 The Standard Literature Company, Limited, 13-1, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
 Mr. G. N. Halder, Calcutta.
 Messrs. Vas & Co., Madras.
 Messrs. A. H. Wheeler & Co., Allahabad, Calcutta and Bombay.
 M. R. Ry. E. M. Gopalakrishna Kone, Madras.
 Messrs. Rama Krishna & Sons, Anarkali Street, Lahore.
 The Manager, "Hitavada," Nagpur.
 The Young Men's Christian Association Press, Calcutta.
 Messrs. Lal Chand & Sons, 76, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.
 The Standard Bookstall, Karachi.
 Mr. Mangaldas Harkisandas, Surat.
 Messrs. Karsandas Narandas & Sons, Surat.
 Munshi Seeta Ram, Managing Proprietor, Indian Army Book Depot, Juhri, Cawnpore.
 The Proprietor, New Kitabkhana, Poona.
 Babu Jadunath Halder, Muktear and Revenue Agent, Gorabazar, Murshidabad.
 The Proprietor, International Buddhist Book Depot, 4, Chandney Chowk, 1st Lane, Calcutta.</p> |
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AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

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| <p>Messrs. A. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, London, W.C.
 Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S.W.
 Messrs. Kegan, Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68-74, Carter Lane, London, E.C.; Oriental Department, 39, New Oxford Street, London, W.C.
 Mr. B. Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, London, W.
 Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, Ludgate Hill, London, E.C.
 Messrs. P. S. King & Son, 2 & 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, London, S.W.
 Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, London, E.C.</p> | <p>Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50-51, Broad Street, Oxford.
 Messrs. Deighton Bell & Co., Ltd., Trinity Street, Cambridge.
 Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.
 Messrs. Oliver and Boyd, Tweeddale Court, Edinburgh.
 Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Limited, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.
 Mr. T. Fisher Unwin, Limited, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C.
 Messrs. J. Wheldon and Wesley, Limited, 28, Essex Street, London, W.C.</p> |
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AGENTS ON THE CONTINENT.

Mr. Ernest Leroux, Rue Bonaparte, Paris, France.
 Mr. Otto Harrassowitz, Leipzig.

Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.
 Messrs. R. Friedländer & Sohn, Berlin.

NOTICE.—Books required for private use can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by remittance in each case.

All remittances on account of subscriptions to or prices of Gazettes, Indian Law Reports or other Government publications available for sale at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, or for cost of advertisements published in the Gazette should be made payable to the "Treasurer, Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta." Advices of such remittances, if separately sent, should be addressed to the "Accountant, Bengal Secretariat." All advertisements intended for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette* should be sent direct to the Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal.

Books required for the Public Service should be obtained through the Heads of Departments.

NEW PUBLICATIONS ISSUED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Acts, Bills and Legislative Council Proceedings.

- Bengal Act IX of 1879 [Court of Wards] as modified up to 1st June 1922. As. 8. (1a.)
- India Act II of 1910 [Indian Paper Currency] as modified up to 1st December 1921, in Bengal. As. 12. (1a.)
- India Act II of 1922 [Indian Factories (Amendment)] in Bengal. As. 8. (1a.)
- India Act XIV of 1922 [Indian Press Law Repeal and Amendment] in Bengal. As. 12. (1a.)
- A Bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code, 1860, in Bengal. Foolscap. As. 8. (6p.)
- Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meetings held on the 18th, 20th to 24th and 29th to 31st March 1922, Vol. VII, No. 8. Rs. 2. (6½a.)

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS.

Administration—

Report on the—of Bengal during 1919-20. Foolscap, board, cloth. Rs. 7. (12a.)

Civil List—

Quarterly—for Bengal, as corrected up to 1st July 1922. Super royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 3. (11a.)

Co-operative—

List of—Societies in the district of Jessore, corrected up to 31st December 1920. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 5-8. (11a.)

Irrigation—

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment of—Department, corrected up to 1st April 1922. Rs. 1-6. (2a.)

Jails—

Rules for the superintendence and management of—and subsidiary—in Bengal, Vol. II, Appendices. Sixth edn. Super royal 8vo. Board paper cover. Rs. 4-8. (12a.)

Motor—

List of—Vehicles registered in Calcutta, corrected up to 31st March 1922. Royal 8vo, Board paper cover. Rs. 3. (6a.)

Public Works—

Classified List and Distribution Return of — Department Establishment, corrected up to 1st April 1922. Rs. 1-5. (2a.)

Records—

Catalogue of the English —, 1758-1858, preserved in the Historical Record Room of the Government of Bengal. Demy 4to, board, paper cover. Rs. 3-12. (6a.)

Proceedings of the Controlling Council of Revenue at Murshidabad, Vol. V, 1st April to 15th July 1771. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 11-8. (14a.)

Trade—

Report on the—carried by rail and river in Bengal during 1920-21. Foolscap, board, paper cover. Rs. 2-8. (1a.)

Trade of Calcutta during April 1922. Foolscap, paper cover. As. 2. (1a.)

NEW PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BETWEEN 1st JANUARY 1922 and 30th JUNE 1922.

Acts, Bills and Legislative Council Proceedings.

- Bengal Act I of 1922 [Calcutta Improvement Amendment]. 3 pies. (6p.)
- Bengal Act II of 1922 [Bengal Children]. As. 3. (1a.)
- Bengal Act III of 1922 [Bengal Stamp Amendment]. As. 3-6. (1½a.)

Bengal Act IV of 1922 [Bengal Court-fees Amendment]. A. 1-6. (1a.)

Bengal Act V of 1922 [Bengal Amusement Tax]. A. 1-6. (6p.)

India Act II of 1899 [Indian Stamp] as modified by India Acts up to the 1st August 1921 and by the Bengal Stamp (Amendment) Act, 1922. As. 14. (4a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on the 19th December 1921, Vol. VI. As. 7. (2a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on the 17th to 20th, 23rd to 27th, 30th and 31st January and 1st, 6th and 7th February 1922, Vol. VII, No. 1. Rs. 3-12. (10a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on the 20th to 23rd February 1922, Vol. VII, No. 2. Rs. 1-4. (4a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on the 27th and 28th February and 1st to 3rd March 1922, Vol. VII, No. 3 and Appendix. Rs. 1-6. (5½a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on the 8th to 10th and 14th to 16th March 1922, Vol. VII, No. 4. Rs. 1-8. (5½a.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

Education—

Annual Report on the Progress of—, Burdwan Division, 1920-21. Rs. 24-10. (6a.)

Annual Report on the Progress of—, Dacca Division, 1920-21. Rs. 17. (7a.)

Annual Report on the Progress of—, Rajshahi Division, 1920-21. Rs. 11. (5a.)

Mines—

General—Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act applicable to Mica, Manganese and Limestone Mines. In Bengal. In sheet or pamphlet form. As. 2. (1a.)

Pharmacopœia—

Of the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, Revised Edition, 1921. As. 8. (1½a.)

Public Works Department—

Classified List and Distribution Return of establishment of the—, Bengal, corrected up to 1st January 1922. Rs. 1-5. (2a.)

31-1-1923.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Saturday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 800 L., dated Calcutta, the 29th January, 1923.—His Excellency the Governor having pleased to order, under rule 18 of the Bengal Legislative Council Rules, 1920, the publication of the following Bills, together with the Statements of Objects and Reasons which accompany them, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the Bills and the Statements of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information.

It is proposed to introduce the Bills at the session of the Council continuing on the 5th and 9th February, 1923.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA AMEND- MENT BILL, 1923.

A BILL

*to amend the law relating to the University of
Calcutta.*

WHEREAS the University of Calcutta was established and incorporated by Act II of 1875 ;

And whereas by Act VIII of 1904 certain alterations were made in the constitution of the said University ;

Whereas it is expedient to amend the law relating to the University of Calcutta ;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act ;

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and
commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the University of Calcutta Amendment Act, 1923; and

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Government of Bengal may fix in this behalf by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Act to be part of
other Acts
relating
to the Calcutta
University.

2. This Act shall be deemed to be part of the Acts by which the University of Calcutta was established and incorporated or by which the constitution thereof was altered.

Amendment of
section 4 of Act
VIII of 1904.

3. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Universities Act, 1904, after the words "the Chancellor" the brackets, letter and words "(b) The Rector (The Minister of Education for the time being ex-officio Rector.)" shall be inserted.

(2) For clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the same Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

(c) "the Ordinary Fellows—

- (i) elected by registered graduates,
- (ii) elected by professors, lecturers and teachers of affiliated colleges,
- (iii) elected by Principals of Colleges affiliated for conferment of degrees,
- (iv) elected by University professors, lecturers and teachers,
- (v) elected by the governing bodies of colleges,
- (vi) elected by the Bengal Legislative Council,
- (vii) nominated by the Government of Bengal,

(Clauses 4, 5.)

(viii) nominated by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and

(ix) nominated by the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce."

Amendment of
section 6 of Act
VIII of 1904.

4. For sub-section (1) of section 6 of the same Act, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) In case of the University of Calcutta the number of Ordinary Fellows shall not be less than one hundred and thirty nor exceed one hundred and fifty, and of such number—

(a) eighteen (of whom at least six shall be Muhammadans) shall be elected by the registered graduates other than graduates in law, medicine and engineering,

(b) twelve (of whom at least four shall be Muhammadans) shall be elected by registered graduates in law,

(c) ten (of whom two at least shall be Muhammadans) shall be elected by registered graduates in medicine,

(d) four shall be elected by registered graduates in engineering,

(e) twenty-five (of whom at least four shall be Muhammadans) shall be elected by the professors, teachers and lecturers of affiliated colleges,

(f) six shall be elected by the Principals of Colleges affiliated for teaching up to the degree standards from among themselves,

(g) five (of whom one at least shall be a Muhammadan) shall be elected from the governing bodies of affiliated colleges,

(h) ten (of whom two at least shall be Muhammadans) by the University Professors, lecturers and teachers,

(i) ten (of whom at least three shall be Muhammadans) shall be elected by the members of the Bengal Legislative Council,

(j) two shall be nominated by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and

(k) two shall be nominated by the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce."

Amendment of
section 7 of Act
VIII of 1904.

5. In section 7 of the same Act—

(i) In sub-section (2) for that portion of the sub-section commencing with the words and brackets "(b) has graduated" to the end of that sub-section the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(b) "has graduated in any faculty not less than seven years before registration," and shall, subject to the payment of an initial fee of two rupees, be entitled to have his name entered in the register.

(Clauses 6, 7.)

(ii) for sub-section (3) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“(3) the name of any graduate entered on the register shall, subject to the payment of an annual fee of two rupees, be retained thereon; and in case of default shall be removed therefrom but shall at any time be re-entered upon payment of all arrears :—

Provided that a graduate whose name has already been entered on the register may at any time compound for all subsequent payments of the annual fee by paying fifty rupees.”

(iii) The following shall be added at the end of sub-section (4), namely :—

“and no person shall be qualified to vote for or be elected from more than one of the bodies mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 6.”

Repeal of sections 8 and 9 of Act VIII of 1904.

6. Sections 8 and 9 of the same Act are hereby repealed.

Insertion of new section 30 in Act VIII of 1904.

7. After section 29 of the same Act, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

“30. All regulations of the University of Calcutta now in force shall cease to be operative on the 31st day of March 1924; the Senate shall frame new regulations before the 31st day of December 1923; in default of the Senate so framing the regulations the same shall be framed by the Government of Bengal.”

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Bengal Legislative Council passed a Resolution in 1921 for rendering the constitution of the University of Calcutta more popular and for introducing a large elective element in the governing body. This Bill is intended to give effect to the desire embodied in the above Resolution.

JATINDRA NATH BASU,

Member-in-charge.

THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY BILL, 1923.

A

BILL

*further to amend the Calcutta University Act, 1857,
and the Indian Universities Act, 1904.*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Calcutta University Act, 1857, and the Indian Universities Act, 1904, so far as the Calcutta University is concerned with a view to obtain a wider constitution for that University and to provide for an improvement in the financial administration of that University;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act:

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Calcutta University Act, 1923.

Amendment of
section 8 of
Act II of 1857.

2. In section 8 of the Calcutta University Act, 1857, after the word "Chancellor" in the two places where it occurs, the words "Rector who shall be the Hon'ble Minister in charge of Education for the time being" shall be inserted.

Amendment of
section 15 of
Act II of 1857.

3. In section 15 of the Calcutta University Act, 1857, for the words "such fees" the words "all fees paid to the University and all income of the University subject to any trust" shall be substituted.

Insertion of
new section 15A.

4. After section 15 of the Calcutta University Act, 1857, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

15A. (1) There shall be appointed a Statutory Board of Accounts consisting of nine members, of whom three shall be nominated by the Local Government, three shall be elected by the University and three shall be elected by the Bengal Legislative Council.

(2) The functions of the said Board shall be—

(a) to appoint with the approval of the Local Government a treasurer to the University as well as his staff. The said treasurer shall be in charge of all monies belonging to the University and shall have the power to draw money on behalf of the University from Banks by means of cheques;

(b) to see that no money is paid which is not provided for in the budget;

(c) to compare once in every three months the actuals of the receipts and disbursements with those respectively

(Clause 5.)

provided for in the budget on that behalf and to report the result of such comparisons to the Local Government and the Senate;

(d) to prepare the draft budget at least three months before the beginning of the sessions in each year; and

(e) to exercise such other powers and duties as may be given to the Board by the Regulations framed under the Acts in force."

Amendment of
section 4 of Act
VIII of 1904.

5. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, after the brackets, letter and words "(a) the Chancellor," the brackets, letter and words "(b) in the case of the University of Calcutta, the Rector" shall be inserted.

(2) In sub-section (1) of the same section after clause (e) the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"or in the case of the University of Calcutta, the Ordinary Fellows—

- (i) elected by the registered graduates at least thirty in number in such proportion for representing the various professions as may be determined by the Regulations framed under the Act,
- (ii) elected by the members of the Bengal Legislative Council, not necessarily from among themselves, at least twelve in number,
- (iii) elected by the teachers and professors of affiliated colleges, at least twenty-five in number,
- (iv) elected by the teachers and professors of colleges maintained by the University, at least ten in number, and
- (v) nominated by the Government at least thirty-three in number of whom at least eleven are to be Muhammadans.

Such elections are to be held according to the Regulations that may be hereafter framed in that behalf under the Acts for the time being in force:

Provided that so far as the first election after this Act comes into force, is concerned, the same shall be held under rules to be framed by the Government for holding the said election which the Local Government is hereby authorised to frame.

Provided also that the Government, however, shall have the power to raise the total number of Ordinary Fellows to one hundred and fifty as the maximum but in doing the same they shall maintain the proportion stated above as far as the same may be practicable."

*(Clauses 6-9.)*Insertion of
new section 4A.

6. After section 4 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"4A. The Ordinary Fellows of the University of Calcutta shall vacate their seats within six months of the commencement of the Calcutta University Act, 1923, unless they are again elected or nominated under the said Act"

Amendment of
section 6.

7. In sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the words "of Calcutta" shall be omitted.

Amendment of
section 25.

8. After section 25 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the following be added, namely :—

"(3) The Government may after consulting the Senate modify the existing regulations or make new regulations consistent with the provisions of the Act of Incorporation as amended by the previous Acts and with this Act, to provide for all matters relating to the University of Calcutta other than those that are purely academic."

Insertion of
new section 26A.

9. After section 26 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"26A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 26, in the case of University of Calcutta, within three months after the commencement of the Calcutta University Act, 1923, or within such further period as the Government may fix in this behalf,—

(a) the Senate as constituted under that Act shall cause a revised body of regulations to be prepared and submitted for the sanction of the Local Government;

(b) this Government may sanction the proposed body of regulations or, if any additions to, or alterations in, the draft submitted appear to them to be necessary, the Government, after consulting the Senate, may sanction the proposed body of regulations with such additions and alterations as appear to the Government to be necessary.

(2) Where a draft body of regulations is not submitted by the Senate within the period of three months after the commencement of the Calcutta University Act, 1923, or within such further period as may be fixed under sub-section (1), the Government may, within three months after the expiry of such period or of such further period, make regulations which shall have the same force as if they had been prepared and sanctioned under sub-section (1)."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It appears from the Report of the Accountant-General (*vide* page 173 of Appendix No. 30 to the Report of the Government Grant Committee appointed by the Senate) that the deficit of the Calcutta University amounted to Rs. 38,000 in 1918-19, Rs. 1,77,000 in 1919-20 and Rs. 2,08,000 in 1920-21. The Report further says at page 171: "It may be noted here that the credit balance of Rs. 76,654 in favour of the post-graduate teaching fund, is the result of book adjustments whereby funds have been transferred from the fee fund to the post-graduate teaching fee fund, when there was no balance available from the fee fund. Ordinarily the fee fund should not show a debit balance, as transfers from that fund to other funds can only be permitted to the extent of the surplus available. The book adjustments that have been made in the accounts have the effect of giving an erroneous impression of the financial position of the two funds." This discloses a state of things regarding the administration of the University finances which can very well be characterized as lamentable. Then again, at any rate for the last few years, the University though a public body, totally disregarded the extremely salutary practice of preparing the annual Budget. The said Report of the Accountant-General says (at page 180)—"In the case of all public bodies, such as Calcutta Corporation, Calcutta Port Trust, Calcutta Improvement Trust, it is the invariable standing practice to prepare a complete estimate of all classes of receipts and expenditure on different accounts and get it duly sanctioned by proper authority before the year, to which it appertains, commences. The authorities entrusted with the expenditure know fully well beforehand what grants are placed at their disposal, and regulate their expenditure accordingly. They also closely watch the receipts and advise their superiors to take early action if there is a falling off in them. The Calcutta University on the other hand allows the expenditure to go on for months against no grant sanctioned by the Senate, and does not prepare an estimate till the year sufficiently advances. Estimate for 1919-20 was passed by the Senate on 29th November 1919, 1920-21 on 4th December 1920 and 1921-22 on 4th March 1922. Thus the expenditure up to those dates was incurred without any sanctioned grant." These and various other serious defects in the administration of the financial affairs of the University appear in the said Report of the Accountant-General. One of the objects of this Bill is to improve the financial administration of the Calcutta University.

The other object of this Bill is to introduce more of the elective element in the constitution of the Senate with due and proper regard to academic interests.

Some of the other amendments proposed in this Bill are more or less consequential.

Provision has been made to empower the Local Government to frame rules according to which only the first elections after this Act comes into force, have got to be held.

SURENDRA NATH MALLICK,

Member-in-charge.

C. T. MALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

First Forecast of the Wheat Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

[NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1920-21, the area under wheat in Bengal has represented some 0.4 per cent of the total area under wheat in India. The ratio of the irrigated wheat acreage to total wheat acreage in (a) British India and (b) in the territory now reported on, has in the five years ending 1920-21, averaged (a) 48.8 and (b) 16.0 per cent, respectively.]

Explanatory.—Three forecasts of the wheat crop are published. This forecast deals only with the area sown and the general condition of the crop in its early stages.

Acreage.—According to the estimates of the District Officers, the total area sown amounts to 115,400 acres against 124,800 and 124,100 acres reported, respectively, in the corresponding and final forecasts of last year.

Character of the season.—The weather was generally favourable in September and October for the preparatory tillage. Sowings though generally commenced at the usual time were somewhat late in parts of the flood-affected tracts of North Bengal. Continuous day weather since sowing has to some extent retarded the development of the crop in some districts including the important district of Malda. The present condition is generally reported as fair.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

DACCA,

The 18th January 1923.

APPENDIX I.

First Forecast of the Wheat Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

District.	Estimated normal area under the wheat crop.	ESTIMATED AREA UNDER WHEAT.		Date on which the sowing of the crop was begun this year.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year (1921-22).	This year (1922-23).		
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
Nadia ...	23,100	18,100	11,700	End of October ...	The sowings were normal. The weather and the general condition have been fair.
Moulvibazar ...	69,300	21,600	18,300	October and November	The sowings were generally normal. In a few places they were a little late. The weather condition has been generally favourable.
Jessore ...	2,800	800	900	November ...	The weather condition has not been favourable. Sowings took place in the normal time.
Burdwan ...	2,000	2,800	3,300	Middle of October	The weather and general condition of the crop have been favourable. The sowings were normal.
Birbhum ...	4,100	3,100	3,100	October ...	The weather and general condition of the crop have been fair. The sowings were normal.
Bankura ...	5,000*	2,500	3,400	October ...	The sowings generally commenced in the normal period. The weather conditions have been generally favourable.
Midnapore ...	900	800	800	November ...	Ditto ditto.
Hooghly ...	100*	1,700†	900	End of November...	The sowings were generally late. The weather and general condition of the crop have been generally favourable.
Rajshahi ...	18,600	9,300	1,000	November ...	The sowings generally commenced in the usual time. The weather conditions have been generally good.
Dinajpur ...	1,400	1,800	1,600	End of October ...	The weather conditions have not been favourable. The present condition is fair. The sowings were normal.
Jalpaiguri ...	800	500	500	Beginning of November.	The weather conditions have generally been favourable. The sowings were normal.
Darjeeling ...	4,500	2,800	2,800	Third week of November.	Ditto ditto.
Rangpur ...	2,000	3,400	3,400	Beginning of November.	The sowings were normal. The weather conditions have generally been favourable.
Bogra ...	160	300	300	Middle of November.	The sowings were normal. The weather was not altogether favourable. The condition of the crop is fair.
Pabna ...	16,000	6,200	6,700	Ditto ...	The sowings were generally normal. The condition of the crop is good except in the flood-affected area where it was sown late.
Malda ...	60,000	48,000	51,000	End of October ...	The growth of the crop has been retarded to some extent for want of rainfall. The present condition is fair. The sowings were normal.
Dacca ...	4,100	4,500	3,500	November...	Lack of rain in November affected the growth of the crop. The condition is fair except in Manikganj subdivision. The sowings were normal.
M. Munsingur ...	500	260	800	Beginning of November.	The weather conditions have generally been favourable. Sowings generally began at the normal time.
Faridpur ...	2,700†	2,900	2,900	November ...	Ditto ditto.
TOTAL, BENGAL	218,800	124,100	115,400		

* Revised.

† Conventional area.

**REVISION OF PAY OF THE DISTRICT KANUNGOS EMPLOYED IN THE
PRESIDENCY OF BENGAL.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous.

CALCUTTA, THE 23RD JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 667Mis.

READ—

- (1) A copy of the proceedings of the Conference of District Kanungos of Bengal held on the 26th December 1920.
- (2) A copy of the proceedings of the Conference of District Kanungos of Bengal held on the 26th December 1921.
- (3) A letter No. 11, dated the 28th July 1922, from the President of the Conference of District Kanungos of Bengal.

The question of revising the pay of the district kanungos employed in the Presidency of Bengal in view of modern economic conditions has for some time past been engaging the attention of Government, who have now come to the conclusion that the changed conditions after the war render a readjustment of salaries necessary. In supersession, therefore, of the existing time-scale of pay (viz., Rs. 60—1st—120), which was introduced for the kanungos in the year 1914, Government are pleased to sanction, with effect from the 1st October 1922, a revised time-scale of pay of Rs. 80—4—160 (rupees eighty rising to rupees one hundred and sixty by annual increments of rupees four) with a probationary pay of Rs. 75 per mensem for two years prior to confirmation, and an efficiency bar at the stage of Rs. 120.

In the event of a material reduction in the cost of living the scale now introduced will come under further consideration and will be liable to such reduction as may appear necessary in the interest of economical administration.

2. The following principles should be observed in determining the initial pay of the present incumbents under the new time-scale :—

- (a) The initial pay of a permanent kanungo will be determined by the following conversion table, in which the first column gives the present pay under the old time-scale and the second the corresponding initial pay under the new time-scale :—

Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
60	...	{ 80 if in 1st or 2nd year on 60. 88 " " 3rd " 4th " " 60.	
70	...	{ 96 if in 1st or 2nd year on 70. 104 " " 3rd " 4th " " 70.	
80	...	{ 112 if in 1st or 2nd year on 80. 120 " " 3rd " 4th " " 80.	
90	...	{ 124 if in 1st or 2nd year on 90. 132 " " 3rd " 4th " " 90.	
100	...	140.	
110	...	144.	
120	...	156.	

(Any kanungo on probation will be allowed to draw Rs. 75 a month.)

- (b) Further increments should be allowed from the same day and month on which they would have accrued in the old scale, the year of the next increment under that scale being ignored.
- (c) No kanungo should be allowed to draw more than Rs. 120, unless the Commissioner certifies that the kanungo has passed the efficiency bar.

ORDER.—The Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and a copy be forwarded to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, the Commissioners of Divisions, and the Financial Department of this Government and the Accountant-General, Bengal, for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

M. C. McALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE WORKING OF THE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES IN BENGAL FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH JUNE 1922.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Co-operative Societies.

CALCUTTA, THE 20TH JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 328Co-op.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.
READ—

The Report on the Working of the Co-operative Societies in Bengal for the year ending 30th June 1922.

AFTER an absence of nearly five years Mr. J. M. Mitra has again returned as Registrar of Co-operative Societies, a post which he held previously for nearly five years. The Hon'ble Minister welcomes the return of an officer so long and intimately and successfully associated with the co-operative movement in Bengal and trusts that it will be found possible to retain his services in the department. The post of the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies in charge of industrial societies was abolished with effect from the 13th July 1921, and a separate Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies was appointed for the Chittagong Division from the 22nd August 1921. Government have already recognised the necessity of dividing the combined charge of the Presidency and Burdwan divisions, but the actual appointment of another Assistant Registrar is being deferred until the report of the Retrenchment Committee is received and the financial position improves. For similar reasons the proposals for the reorganisation of the subordinate staff on a permanent basis have been deferred.

2. The total number of societies increased from 6,366 to 6,679, and that of members from 242,085 to 260,142. It is a gratifying feature that the increase in the number of members is 7·4 per cent., although the increase in the number of societies is only 4·9 per cent., for this is fresh proof that the older societies continue to attract new members, a fact which the Registrar has found it necessary to emphasise in reply to criticism which held that the contrary was the case. The actual increase in the number of societies is very small, but this is fully explained by the unsettled state of affairs prevailing throughout the Presidency, and in the circumstances the Hon'ble Minister agrees with the Registrar that the policy of very cautious expansion was more than justified. The working capital of the societies increased from 3·33 crores to 3·68 crores, showing an increase of 10·5 per cent. as against an increase of 17·9 per cent. in the previous year. Compared to the increase in the number of societies, the increase in the working capital this year is much larger than in the preceding year.

3. There is still a preponderance of agricultural co-operative societies of over 90 per cent. of the total. During the year the number of these societies reached 6,047, members 170,067 and working capital Rs. 1,30,80,811, as against 5,787, 1,62,287 and Rs. 1,22,62,188, respectively, in the preceding year. The share capital paid up by members rose during the year from 3·02 lakhs to 4·68 lakhs, deposits by members from 6·26 lakhs to 6·39 lakhs, and reserve fund from 15·73 lakhs to 18·32 lakhs. The increase in the amount of share capital paid up was over 50 per cent., a satisfactory and hopeful result.

4. Two new Central Banks were started during the year under report, bringing the total to 70, and the affiliated societies of these banks rose from 5,829 to 6,029, the working capital from Rs. 1,21,22,554 to Rs. 1,30,55,375, the deposits from non-members from Rs. 74,31,085 to Rs. 84,87,916, and the reserve and other funds from Rs. 5,81,936 to Rs. 7,57,328. These figures

exclude the transactions of the Central Anti-malarial Society, Producers' Unions and the Federation. The proportion of share capital *plus* reserve fund to the working capital of the Central Banks continued to rise from 17·8 per cent. to 18·1 per cent. The paramount importance of having assets of a liquid nature is more fully recognised, and the Hon'ble Minister trusts that, by judicious use of the powers vested in him, the Registrar will encourage the Central Banks in this direction. It is a source of great satisfaction that public confidence in Central Banks continues unabated, as reflected in the deposits attracted by them. This public confidence, however, involves an increasing responsibility towards the public which it is hoped the Registrar and the Central Banks will not overlook. The Hon'ble Minister therefore accepts the opinion of the Registrar as to the necessity of the larger Central Banks employing paid secretaries who should, by their training, be familiar with the business methods of co-operation and, by frequent touring, with the internal administration and particular needs of the primary societies. The opinion of the Registrar that the expenditure involved in appointing these officers will be more than recouped by the improved working is one to which the Hon'ble Minister subscribes.

5. The progress of the Bengal Provincial Co-operative Federation, Limited, continued to be satisfactory. Membership rose from 72 to 77, working capital from Rs. 20,41,045 to Rs. 25,41,391, reserve funds from Rs. 12,642 to Rs. 37,167, and share capital from Rs. 2,97,500 to Rs. 3,14,925. Deposits during the year from the public were Rs. 38,30,130 as against only Rs. 5,27,160 in the previous year. While the Hon'ble Minister is pleased to notice the striking instance of public confidence in the Provincial Bank he invites the special attention of the Registrar to the necessity of great care lest the bank accept too large an amount as short-term deposits or competes in the market for deposits which may not be necessary for its purposes. The thanks of the Government are due to Raja Reshee Case Law, C.I.E., M.L.C., for accepting the honorary chairmanship of the Provincial Bank and giving of his valuable time and wide experience to the co-operative movement.

6. The number of agricultural purchase and purchase and sale societies rose from 11 to 15 during the year. Membership rose from 3,640 to 3,834, and working capital increased from Rs. 1,34,943 to Rs. 1,36,214. The difficulty of management—a difficulty which impedes the progress of these societies in their initial stages in all countries—is naturally felt very keenly in Bengal. As the Registrar points out, there is no reason for despondency in the slight loss shown. The greatest attention however must be devoted to the solution of the problem of management, and dishonesty and negligence at least must not be allowed to deprive members of the advantages which should accrue from these societies. The Sundarbans supply and sale society is an instance in point. This society is badly in want of an expert manager. Its progress has been retarded by the dishonesty of its employees and the negligence of some of the directors. It is however reassuring to know that in spite of these difficulties the business of the society is on sound lines, and the Hon'ble Minister shares the hope of the Registrar that a suitable management will eventually result in the expansion of the society to the increasing advantage of the members. That good management is possible is shown by the record of the Naogaon sale and supply society in which the number of members rose from 3,091 to 3,165, the quantity of goods handled was maintained, and the profits and general advantages of the society were increased.

7. While fully realizing the difficulties that attend the endeavour the Hon'ble Minister trusts that no effort will be spared in extending the activities of these societies in the direction of the co-operative sale of members' crops and other produce. Applications for the guarantees which the Registrar thinks necessary will receive due consideration from Government, but the Hon'ble Minister is not yet convinced that the propagation of these activities on sound lines would really result from the policy of Government guarantee.

8. The number of irrigation societies increased from 7 to 29, membership from 665 to 1,318, and working capital from Rs. 10,836 to

Rs. 42,625. The continued success of the Khelar irrigation society in Midnapore is proof of the utility of this type of society. As an agricultural engineer and an inspector with technical qualifications have now been appointed to advise irrigation societies in technical matters generally and in the preparation of plans and estimates in particular, it is to be hoped that the irrigation societies will take full advantage of the opportunity that is offered to them and develop rapidly from the initial stages to active operations.

9. The Hon'ble Minister has all along been anxious to co-ordinate the activities of the Co-operative and the Agriculture Departments, wherever possible, and he is glad to notice that a very practical step towards this end was taken during the year by the inauguration of co-operative agricultural associations in certain parts of the Presidency. These societies should supply improved seeds, manures, fodder, implements and other agricultural requisites to their members and undertake to sell agricultural produce at more advantageous rates. They should further, with the help of the Agricultural Department, approach such more complex problems as irrigation and the joint purchase and hiring of agricultural machinery, etc. Four such associations were formed during the year in the Pabna district, and two more have been registered since the close of the year. Government will watch with keen interest the working of these societies, which, if successful, should rapidly multiply and go a long way to meet the real requirements of the cultivating classes.

10. The Hon'ble Minister is particularly pleased to read of the recovery of the milk societies from their lapse of the previous year. The increase in the number of these societies from 40 to 47 and their membership from 2,130 to 2,468 is significant, but far more significant is the fact that their produce in the open market commands a better price than that of other suppliers, while the veterinary and hygienic problems which confront the societies are being successfully attacked. With perseverance it is to be hoped that the difficulties in the details of their management will be overcome and that their number and utility will largely increase.

11. The continued prosperity of the Naogaon Ganja Cultivators' Co-operative Societies, Limited, whose membership and share capital show slight increases with a very considerable increase of working capital and profits, is also matter for congratulation.

12. The number of non-agricultural societies increased from 438 to 453 during the year. The credit societies in this group, numbering 162 as against 148 in the previous year, had a share capital of Rs. 19,04,666, working capital of Rs. 66,97,166, deposits by members of Rs. 24,96,063, and reserve funds of Rs. 3,34,469, as against Rs. 16,32,702, Rs. 55,82,847, Rs. 18,43,543 and Rs. 2,81,236, respectively, in the previous year. Profits rose from Rs. 2,10,801 to Rs. 2,47,171 during the year. These credit societies fall under three distinct divisions, viz., salary-earners' societies, town banks and communal societies, and most of them still issue loans for unproductive purposes, such as domestic expenses, social ceremonies, etc. The Hon'ble Minister endorses the Registrar's view that there is scope, especially for town banks, to take up more of the business of lending for productive purposes and providing banking facilities for petty traders, small merchants, artisans and craftsmen.

13. Stores and supplies societies as a class did not prosper for the reasons enumerated in last year's report. In spite of attempts to remove them the faults could not be eradicated. The department should nevertheless continue its efforts to educate the public up to this useful type of co-operation.

14. The registration of the Dacca Conch Shell Workers' Society after several years of preparatory work is an achievement of the year under report. The Hon'ble Minister peruses with genuine pleasure the account of the successful working of this society within the short period of its existence and eagerly looks forward to the rescue by this society of the famous conch-shell industry of Dacca from the extinction with which it was threatened.

15. The number of weavers' societies rose from 117 to 120 during the year. The number of members increased from 1,531 to 1,677, and working capital from Rs. 51,161 to Rs. 54,629. The weaving societies in the district

of Bankura rose in number from 46 to 48. The Hon'ble Minister notices with grave concern that some of the Bankura weavers succumbed to the temptations which the boom in Swadeshi cloth created. It is lamentable that after several years of co-operation the weavers still fail to recognise that not only in a time of depression but even more so in the period of a boom their strength and welfare lie in loyalty to their societies and their union. It is earnestly to be hoped that the peccant weavers will have learned from their experience and perhaps from a little disciplinary action by the union that their loyalty must not be merely opportunistic.

16. The Bengal Co-operative Organisation Society maintained its record of useful work during the year, and much credit is due to Professor P. Mukherjee, honorary secretary, for his work in the cause of this society. The "Bengal, Bihar and Orissa Co-operative Journal" published by the society was converted into a quarterly in the course of the year, and its vernacular monthly "Bhandar" continued to appear regularly. Arrangements were made for the delivery of lectures under the auspices of the society both in Calcutta and in the mufassal. Propaganda work was also carried on in the mufassal by means of magic lantern slides prepared by the Bengal Social Service League, depicting co-operative methods of combating disease, ignorance and poverty, and generally illustrating the benefits of co-operation. The information bureau attached to the department met all requests for the use of its exhibits at mufassal conferences. This society has even still wider possibilities, and the Hon'ble Minister hopes that the efforts of the committee and the Registrar to reorganise it will result in an expansion of its sphere of activities.

17. On the whole the Hon'ble Minister is of opinion that the report reveals real and satisfactory progress, which he hopes will be maintained in the future, and he takes this opportunity of recording his appreciation of the work done by Mr. Mitra and his predecessor. His acknowledgments are also due to Messrs. Stevens and Thorp and M. Hamidur Rahman, Khan Sahib Kabiruddin Ahmed, Khan Bahadur Asaduzzaman and Mr. T. C. Roy. The names of the other officials and non-officials mentioned for good work in the report are also noted with pleasure.

By order of the Government of Bengal
(Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works),

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

IN compliance with the provisions of section 55 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, it is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election held on Saturday, the 20th January 1923, Babu Gopi Nath Pal has been duly returned as a Commissioner of the Corporation to represent ward No. VI in place of the late Rai Bahadur Radha Churn Pal.

S. N. MALLIK, *Acting Chairman.*

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, CALCUTTA, the 20th January 1923.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the General Committee having previously given notice of their intention to define the general line of buildings on each side of a portion of the public street known as Haris Chatterji Street in ward No. 22, and no objection having been received within thirty days from the date of the publication of such notice, made an order under section 350 (4) of Act III (B.C.) of 1899 on the 11th day of January 1923 defining the said line in accordance with the plan approved by the General Committee on the 20th day of July 1922.

S. N. MALLIK, *Acting Chairman.*

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 24th January 1923.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Water-works station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 13th January 1923.

Date	At 7 A.M.	At HIGHEST WATER.		At LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1923.							
7th Jan.	53.4	16.5	54.05	10.55	53.6	53.7	F. T. at 11. E. T. at 16-17.
8th "	53.5	16.55	53.8	11.35	53.35	53.8	F. T. at 11-12. E. T. at 17-18.
9th "	53.45	17.35	53.8	12.15	52.7	53.6	F. T. at 12-25. E. T. at 17-40.
10th "	53.5	...	...	12.55	52.5	53.4	F. T. at 13.10.
11th "	53.45	...	...	13.30	52.3	53.3	F. T. at 13-12. E. T. at 14-17.
12th "	53.3	6.30	53.5	14.10	52.0	53.0	F. T. at 14-20. E. T. at 15-40.
13th "	53.2	7.25	53.3	14.45	52.0	52.7	F. T. at 15.55.

B. CHATTERJI, for *Executive Engineer,*

CALCUTTA, the 25th January 1923.

Khowa Division.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the river Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending 20th January 1923.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above zero of P.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P.W.D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
14th January	... 7 A.M.	38'00	38'00	38'45	P. W. D. datum 6'25 ft. above Kidderpore old dock sill.
15th	" ... 7 "	37'95	37'95	38'35	
16th	" ... 7 "	37'90	37'90	38'25	B. M. on College step 64'93.
17th	" ... 7 "	37'80	37'80	38'15	Value of zero = 0'00 P. W. D. datum
18th	" ... 7 "	37'70	37'70	38'10	
19th	" ... 7 "	37'70	37'70	38'00	
20th	" ... 7 "	37'60	37'60	37'90	

		Old value.		According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year	... Highest water-level	... on 15th September 1922	...	61'75
Ditto	... Lowest "	... on 27th and 28th April and 9th May 1922	...	34'70
Record	... Highest "	... 69'25 on 26th August 1879	...	64'14
Do.	... Ditto "	... 69'08 on 9th September 1885	...	61'27
Do.	... Ditto "	... 68'30 on 25th August 1906	...	63'47
Do.	... Ditto "	... 68'21 on 26th August 1890	...	63'40
Do.	... Lowest "	... 37'63 on 25th April 1881	...	32'82
Do.	... Ditto "	... 38'13 on 14th and 16th April 1883	...	33'32
Do.	... Ditto "	... 39'02 on 21st and 22nd April 1897	...	34'21
Do.	... Ditto "	... 39'28 on 6th and 7th May 1908	...	34'17

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

JADAB CHANDRA GHOSH, for *Subdivisional Officer,*
I. D., Jangipur.

BOALIA, the 20th January 1923.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 20th January 1923.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
14th January	... 7 A.M.	7'4	7'4	6'9	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghat and Chandpore ghat. Its reduced level is 26'84.
15th	" ... 7 "	7'3	7'3	7'0	
16th	" ... 7 "	7'3	7'3	7'1	
17th	" ... 7 "	7'3	7'3	7'2	
18th	" ... 7 "	7'4	7'4	7'2	
19th	" ... 7 "	7'4	7'4	7'1	
20th	" ... 7 "	7'4	7'4	6'9	

The previous year	... Highest water-level	... 21'6 on 16th August 1922.	
Ditto	... Lowest "	... 4'3 on 14th March 1922.	
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	... Highest "	... 25'75 on 28th August 1906.	
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	... Ditto "	... 25'74 on 20th and 21st August 1893.	
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	... Ditto "	... 25'66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.	
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra only)	... Ditto "	... 25'66 on 31st July 1900	
Record	... Lowest "	... 1'0 on 8th February 1911.	
Do.	... Ditto "	... 2'42 on 13th March 1908.	
Do.	... Ditto "	... 2'91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884.	
Do.	... Ditto "	... 3'15 on 9th to 11th March 1885.	
Do.	... Ditto "	... 3'16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901.	

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 3rd October 1903.

N. C. GUPTA, for *Subdivisional Officer,*
P. W. D., Faridpore.

RAJBARI, the 21st January 1923.

Wholesale prices current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the first half of January 1923.

Marts.	PADDY, LOCAL (BEST QUALITY).			PADDY, LOCAL (COMMON QUALITY).			RICE, LOCAL (BEST QUALITY).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	8 12 0	8 12 0	9 0 0
Burdwan ...	2 12 3	(c)	3 4 0	2 11 0	2 12 0	3 2 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	6 8 0
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	2 15 0	(d) 2 10 0	3 0 0	2 8 0	(d) 2 6 0	2 11 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	8 0 0
Chittagong ...	3 0 0	2 12 0	(a)	2 8 0	2 4 0	3 0 0	7 12 0	7 8 0	9 0 0
Dacca ...	3 2 0	3 2 0	3 0 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	2 12 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 12 0
Pabna ...	3 5 0	3 5 0	3 8 0	2 15 0	2 15 0	3 6 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 0 0
Rangpur ...	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 4 0	6 8 0	6 4 0	6 4 0
Serajganj (Pabna).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarishabari (Mymensingh).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanaganj (Dacca).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Marts.	RICE, LOCAL (COMMON QUALITY).			WHEAT.			KALAI DAL.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	7 2 0	7 2 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
Burdwan ...	5 0 0	5 12 0	5 0 0	(c)	7 4 0	8 0 0	(c)	7 0 0	8 0 0
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	4 4 0	4 4 0	(d) 5 8 0	(c)	(c)	10 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0
Chittagong ...	6 2 0	6 0 0	5 8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0
Pabna ...	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	6 4 0	6 0 0	6 12 0	7 4 0	7 4 0	.....
Rangpur ...	5 4 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	6 12 0	.....	.....	.....
Serajganj (Pabna).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarishabari (Mymensingh).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanaganj (Dacca).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

(a) Not available.

(c) No transaction.

(d) Now.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the first half of January 1923.

Marts.	GRAM.			ARHAR DAL.			LINSEED.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	9 8 0	9 8 0	11 0 0
Burdwan ...	4 0 0	5 2 0	{ 5 12 0 to 7 0 0 }	5 12 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Raipur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	6 0 0	6 0 0	8 2 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	11 0 0	7 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0
Chittagong ...	6 4 0	6 0 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	9 0 0	10 8 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	10 0 0
Dacca ...	7 8 0	7 8 0	9 8 0	9 0 0	9 0 0	9 8 0	6 12 0	6 12 0	8 0 0
Patna ...	4 4 0	4 8 0	.....	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	8 12 0	8 12 0	7 0 0
Rangpur ...	7 8 0	7 8 0	.....	8 8 0	8 8 0	9 0 0	(n)	(n)	.....
Serajganj (Patna)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarabari (Mynensingh)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj (Dacca)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Marts.	MUSTARD.			GUR.			COTTON (UNGINNED).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	9 8 0	9 8 0	10 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	10 0 0	{ 13 0 0 to 15 0 0 }	{ 13 0 0 to 15 0 0 }	26 0 0
Burdwan ...	{ 9 0 0 to 9 4 0 }	10 0 0	{ 7 0 0 to 8 8 0 }	{ 7 0 0 to 7 8 0 }	11 0 0	{ 6 8 0 to 9 0 0 }	.....	.....	.....
Raipur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	{ 10 0 0 to 11 0 0 }	{ 10 8 0 to 11 8 0 }	{ 10 0 0 to 11 0 0 }	{ 10 8 0 to 12 0 0 }	10 8 0	9 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong ...	9 8 0	9 8 0	9 0 0	11 8 0	11 8 0	{ 8 0 0 to 12 0 0 }	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 4 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Patna ...	9 0 0	9 9 0	9 0 0	6 12 0	6 12 0	7 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	8 8 0	.....	.....	.....
Serajganj (Patna)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarabari (Mynensingh)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj (Dacca)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

(n) Not reported.

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the first half of January 1923.

Marts.	JUTE.			CHIEF.			HIDE (COW).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	{ (1) 18 0 0 (2) 17 0 0 (3) 15 0 0 }	{ (1) 18 8 0 (2) 17 8 0 (3) 15 0 0 }	{ (1) 13 8 0 (2) 12 8 0 (3) 7 13 0 }	85 0 0	85 0 0	380 0 0	345 0 0*	315 0 0*	500 0 0*
Burdwan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pabna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lugout	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Serajganj (Pabna).	{ 11 6 0 to 13 12 0 }	{ 11 6 0 to 13 12 0 }	{ 3 8 0 to 7 0 0 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barisalbari (Mymensingh).	{ 14 8 0 to 17 8 0 }	{ 14 8 0 to 17 8 0 }	{ 8 0 0 to 9 0 0 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj (Dacca).	{ 12 4 0 to 16 4 0 }	{ 12 4 0 to 16 4 0 }	{ 4 12 0 to 7 12 0 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

(1) Price of jute fairs
(2) Price of district fairs.
(3) Weighted average price.

Marts.	IRON.			SALT.			KEROSENE OIL.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	(a) 93 0 0	(c) 93 0 0	(b) 10 0 0	(d) 115 0 0	(d) 115 0 0	3 6 0(b)	Swan 5 14 0 Rising sun 7 5 0 Elephant 7 7 0	Swan 5 14 0 Rising sun 7 5 0 Elephant 7 7 0	4 0 0 Elephant.
Burdwan
Rangpur
Midnapore
Chittagong
Dacca
Pabna
Rangpur
Serajganj (Pabna).
Barisalbari (Mymensingh).
Narayanganj (Dacca).

* Per 100.

(a) Per ton.

(d) Per 100 maunds ex Golah.
Karkatch not reported.

(b) Per maund.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1923,

Marts.	MUSTARD OIL.			FIREWOOD.			COAL (BENGAL).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	56.	57.	58.	59.	60.	61.	62.	63.	64.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	22 0 0	23 8 0	22 0 0	0 13 6	(n)	0 14 0	(n)	(n)	.....
Burdwan
Rangpur	0 4 6	0 4 6	0 6 8
Midnapore
Chittagong
Dacca
Fabua
Rangpur
Berhampur (Patna).
Sarlahuri (Mymensingh).
Narayanganj (Dacca).

(n) Not reported.

J. GHOSH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Dacca, the 25th January 1923.

Price-current (retail) of food-grains, oil, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the first half of January 1923.

Division.	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MARTN.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF EIGHTY TOLAS.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>).			ARHAR DAL OR THUR CADJAN PRA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>).			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
PRESIDENCY.		24-PAUGHANAR.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. CH.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. CH.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. CH.	S. OM.	S. OM.	S. OM.
	1	Oncha Hât ...	6 9	6 0	5 6	7 8	8 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	5 8	5 0	5 0	4 0	{ 12 0° 11 0°	{ 12 0° 11 0°	{ 11 0° 11 0°
	2	Magra Hât ...	6 11	6 11	6 10	7 4	7 0	7 10	(a)	(a)	3 12	5 6	4 11	4 0	{ 13 5° 12 5°	{ 13 5° 12 5°	{ 15 9° 15 9°
	3	Calcutta-Bellaghata ...	5 4	5 4	5 5	8 0	8 0	7 6	6 2	6 2	6 2	4 11	4 11	4 11	{ 10 0° 10 10°	{ 10 0° 10 10°	{ 10 0° 10 0°
		NADIA.															
	4	Goari ...	8 7	8 0	7 0	9 2	8 0	8 0	4 9	4 0	4 0	4 9	4 0	4 0	{ 12 12° 12 12°	{ 12 12° 12 12°	{ 13 8° 13 8°
	5	Ranaghat ...	8 0	8 12	6 0	6 8	6 8	7 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 8	{ 10 8° 10 8°	{ 10 8° 10 8°	{ 10 8° 10 8°
		MURSHIDABAD.															
	6	Berhampore ...	8 8	8 8	7 4	9 0	9 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	8 0	7 8	5 0	{ 8 0° 13 0°	{ 8 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°
	7	Kandi ...	9 8	9 8	8 0	9 12	10 0	8 4	6 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	4 8	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°
	8	Jaunpur ...	9 0	9 0	7 0	9 0	9 12	7 8	4 0	4 0	4 8	6 0	5 8	4 3	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°
		JENSONE.															
	9	Sadar ...	8 0	8 4	7 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	3 4	3 4	3 8	4 0	3 8	3 8	{ 13 0° 12 0°	{ 13 5° 11 0°	{ 15 0° 15 0°
	10	Bangaon ...	7 8	7 8	6 10	8 8	8 8	8 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 9	{ 13 0° 12 8°	{ 13 0° 12 8°	{ 12 9° 12 9°
		KHULNA.															
	11	Sadar ...	7 8	7 8	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	6 8	6 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 12	{ 11 8° 12 0°	{ 11 8° 12 0°	{ 10 8° 10 8°
	12	Bagerhat ...	8 0	7 8	7 8	8 4	8 0	8 0	5 8	5 8	5 0	4 0	4 0	3 0	{ 12 8° 13 0°	{ 12 8° 13 0°	{ 10 0° 10 0°
		BURDWAN.															
	13	Sadar ...	7 0	6 8	6 4	8 12	8 0	7 8	4 8	4 8	4 12	5 7	4 4	3 12	{ 13 0° 12 12°	{ 13 0° 12 0°	{ 10 0° 10 0°
	14	Kalna ...	7 13	6 7	6 5	8 0	6 12	8 0	5 5	5 5	5 8	4 4	4 6	3 14	{ 14 8° 14 8°	{ 14 8° 14 8°	{ 15 9° 15 9°
		DIBRUM.															
	15	Sori ...	8 12	9 0	6 0	9 0	9 8	6 12	6 4	6 0	4 8	5 4	5 0	4 0	{ 13 0° 14 0°	{ 13 0° 14 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°
	16	Bampur Hât ...	8 4	8 8	7 8	9 8	10 0	8 8	5 0	6 0	5 12	4 8	5 0	4 0	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 11 8° 11 8°
		BANKURA.															
	17	Sadar ...	8 0	8 0	7 0	9 0	9 0	7 4	5 12	5 12	5 8	5 0	5 0	4 0	{ 12 0° 14 0°	{ 12 0° 14 0°	{ 12 0° 12 0°
	18	Vishnupur ...	8 12	6 4	6 8	8 14	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 8	5 8	5 8	5 0	4 0	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°
		MIDNAPORE.															
	19	Sadar ...	9 6	9 6	7 4	10 1	10 0	7 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	3 8	{ 13 0° 11 0°	{ 13 0° 11 0°	{ 10 8° 10 8°
	20	Contai ...	9 0	9 12	8 0	10 0	10 8	9 0	5 8	5 8	4 0	5 8	5 8	3 8	{ 12 0° 13 0°	{ 12 0° 13 0°	{ 10 0° 10 0°
		HOOGHLY.															
	21	Sadar ...	6 0	6 0	5 8	7 8	7 0	6 8	8 0	5 8	5 0	5 0	5 8	4 0	{ 11 8° 13 0°	{ 12 8° 13 0°	{ 13 0° 13 0°
	22	Azamgarh ...	9 0	9 0	6 10	10 0	10 0	8 0	5 0	5 0	7 0	3 14	3 14	3 8	{ 10 8° 10 0°	{ 10 8° 10 0°	{ 10 8° 10 8°
		HOWRAH.															
	23	Sadar ...	6 8	6 8	5 4	7 8	8 0	6 8	5 8	5 8	5 0	5 8	5 8	4 0	{ 14 0° 13 0°	{ 14 0° 13 0°	{ 10 12° 10 12°
	24	Uluberia ...	7 8	6 8	6 8	8 0	7 0	7 4	6 0	5 12	5 0	5 0	4 12	4 0	{ 12 4° 12 4°	{ 14 8° 14 8°	{ 14 8° 14 8°
		RAJSHAHI.															
	25	Bampur-Bonalia ...	7 8	7 8	7 4	9 0	9 0	8 4	5 14	5 14	8 0	5 14	5 14	4 2	{ 12 0° 12 0°	{ 12 0° 12 0°	{ 12 0° 12 0°
	26	Nator ...	6 12	8 12	6 12	7 8	7 8	7 12	4 14	4 14	4 14	4 14	4 14	3 0	{ 12 0° 9 12°	{ 12 0° 9 12°	{ 8 4° 8 4°
	27	Dinajpur—Railway Bazar Hât.	9 0	9 0	7 8	9 9	9 9	7 13	4 0	4 12	4 13	4 0	3 9	4 13	{ 11 0° 11 0°	{ 11 0° 11 0°	{ 11 0° 11 0°
	28	Jaipalguri—Sadar ...	7 8	7 0	7 8	9 0	8 8	8 8	5 8	5 8	5 0	5 8	5 8	4 0	{ 11 0° 11 0°	{ 11 0° 11 0°	{ 9 0° 9 0°

(a) No sale.

(d) New.

* Karkach.

(a) Not available.

N. B.—The price of karkach and Liverpool salt tally each other in market (X†).

Price-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1923.

		QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF EIGHTY TOLAS.																	
Division.	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MAHLS.	COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>).			ARHAR (DAL) OR TURU OADJAN PEA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>).			SALT.				
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.											
RAJSHAHY—contd.		DANJELING.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.	S. Oh.
	29	Sadar	6 12	6 12	5 4	7 4	7 4	6 0	4 8	4 8	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	9 0	9 0	8 0	8 0
	30	Bilguri	7 0	7 0	6 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
		RANGPUR.																	
	31	Sadar	7 4	7 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 8	5 0	5 0	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	8 0 ^a	8 0 ^a	8 0 ^a	8 0
	32	Nilphamari	9 0	9 0	6 0	(a)	(a)	9 8	3 8	3 8	4 0	4 0	3 8	4 0	4 0	12 0 ^a	10 0 ^a	10 0 ^a	10 0
	33	Bogra—Sadar	7 11	7 14	6 0	7 14	8 4	8 1	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	10 0 ^a	10 0 ^a	10 0 ^a	9 12
		PAUNA.																	
	34	Sadar	7 4	7 0	6 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	5 8	5 8	6 0	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 11
	35	Sirajganj	6 8	6 8	6 8	8 8	7 10	7 0	6 8	6 0	5 8	4 0	4 0	4 4	4 4	11 0 ^a	11 0 ^a	11 0 ^a	9 0
DACCA.		MALDA.																	
	36	Sadar	8 0	8 0	7 4	8 8	8 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	11 8 ^a	12 0 ^a	12 0 ^a	12 0
	37	Balha—Nawabganj... ..	8 2	8 2	7 8	9 1	8 12	8 0	5 8	5 12	6 8	6 0	6 0	4 8	4 8	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
		DACCA.																	
	38	Sadar	6 10	6 10	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 8	4 8	4 0	4 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8
	39	Munshir Hat	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 4	8 4	8 8	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	13 4	13 0	13 0	14 0
		MYMENSINGH.																	
	40	Nashabad	6 8	7 4	6 12	8 0	7 8	7 12	5 4	5 12	2 14	5 14	5 0	3 8	3 8	12 4	10 0	10 8	10 0
	41	Notrakona	6 0	6 8	6 4	7 0	8 0	8 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	11 4	11 4	11 4	9 0
		FAIRFORD.																	
CHITTAGONG.	42	Sadar... ..	7 4	7 0	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 4	7 0	8 0	5 0	3 4	3 4	3 0	3 0	12 8	9 4 ^a	10 8	10 8
	43	Rajbari	7 4	7 0	7 8	7 12	7 8	7 4	5 12	5 12	5 12	4 4	4 4	3 12	3 12	13 0	13 0	13 0	13 0
		BAKARGANJ.																	
	44	Barisal	7 4	5 8	7 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	5 0	5 0	6 0	4 12	4 0	3 8	3 8	11 0 ^a	11 0 ^a	11 0 ^a	13 0
	45	Pirojpur	7 4	5 12	7 8	7 12	6 0	8 0	6 8	6 8	6 0	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	12 4	13 0	13 0	10 0
		TIPPERA.																	
	46	Oomilla	7 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 0	(a)	(a)	5 0	4 0	4 0	3 8	3 8	13 0 ^a	13 0 ^a	13 0 ^a	13 0
	47	Chandpur	8 0	7 0	6 8	8 12	8 0	9 10	8 0	7 0	12	5 0	4 4	3 4	3 4	14 8	14 0 ^a	14 0 ^a	9 8
		NOAKHALL.																	
	48	Kalitara Hat	6 12	6 8	6 8	8 0	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	3 8	3 8	(c)	(c)	12 8	12 8 ^a	12 8 ^a	11 8
CHITTAGONG.	49	Feni Hat	8 0	8 0	7 5	8 8	8 8	8 4	4 0	4 0	4 0	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	8 0 ^a	8 0 ^a	8 0 ^a	13 0
		CHITTAGONG.																	
	50	Sadar... ..	6 4	6 0	7 0	6 12	6 10	7 8	4 12	4 12	5 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	14 0
	51	Cox's Bazar	7 0	7 0	7 0	(n)	(n)	(c)	4 0	4 0	3 8	3 0	3 0	3 8	3 8	10 8	10 8 ^a	10 8 ^a	9 8
	CHITTAGONG.	52	Chittagong Hill Tracts—Bangamati.	7 0	7 0	7 0	10 0	9 0	8 0	3 12	3 12	3 4	3 12	3 12	3 4	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0

(a) Not available.

(c) No sale.

(n) Not reported.

^a Karkash.

N.B.—The price of karkash and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †

J. GHOSH, for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 25th January 1923.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS

For the week ending on the 24th January 1923.

Summary.—The weather continued dry. Threshing of winter rice is over; a good outturn is anticipated. Harvesting of potatoes, early oilseeds and pulses is proceeding favourably. Some rain would now facilitate the field operations for the next autumn crops. The average price of common rice for the Presidency has risen by about 0·1 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-PARGANAS ...	Nil	6	6	Harvesting of sugarcane is commenced in Baraset. Effects of weather on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Amdanga in Baraset.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	7½	9½	
	Barrackpore ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Barasat ...	Nil	7½	6½	
	Basirhat ...	Nil	8	8	
2	NADIA ...	Nil	8½	8½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of <i>kutai</i> and cultivation of <i>bhadai</i> crops continue. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cattle-disease is reported from the Sadar subdivision.
	Kushtia ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Meherpur ...	(n)	(n)	7½	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	6½	6½	
	Ranaghat ...	Nil	6½	6½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	Nil	8½	8½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy is almost finished. Rain is needed for wheat and barley. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import or export.
	Lalbagh ...	Nil	8½	8½	
	Jangipur ...	Nil	8½	8½	
	Kandi ...	Nil	9½	9½	
4	JESSORE	Nil	7½	8	Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is approaching completion and that of the <i>rabi</i> crops continue. Rain is wanted in places for cultivation. Export continues to be reported from Bongaon and Jhenidah subdivisions. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Magura ...	Nil	9	9	
	Narail ...	Nil	8	8	
	Bongaon ...	Nil	8	8	
5	KHULNA ...	Nil	8	8	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy is nearly finished. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	Nil	8	8	
	Bagerhat ...	Nil	7½	7½	

(n) Not received

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEKES, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	BURDWAN ...	Nil	8	8	Weather cool. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ...	Nil	8	8	
	Katwa ...	Nil	9	(n)	
	Kalna ...	Nil	7½	8	
7	BIRBHUM ...	Nil	8	8	Harvesting of winter paddy still continues. Condition of standing crops is favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ...	Nil	8½	8½	
8	BANKURA ..	Nil	8	8	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is fair. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur ...	Nil	8½	(n)	
9	MIDNAPORE ...	Nil	8½	8½	Condition of sugarcane and <i>rabi</i> crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from the Gopiballavpur thana.
	Jhargram ...	Nil	10	8	
	Ghatal ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	7	7	
	Contai ...	Nil	8	8	
10	HOOGLY ...	Nil	6	6	The effects of weather are favourable. Fodder is sufficient. Price of rice is steady.
	Serampore ...	Nil	7	7	
	Arambagh ...	Nil	9	9	
11	HOWRAH ...	Nil	6½	6½	Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are improving. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy is proceeding.
	Uluberia ...	0·02	7½	7½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BOALIA).	Nil	7½	7½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Rain is wanted.
	Naogaon ...	Nil	7½	6½	
	Nator ...	Nil	7½	7½	
13	DINAJPUR ...	Nil	8	8	Harvesting of winter paddy is almost completed. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from the Birganj police-station in Thakurgaon subdivision.
	Thakurgaon ...	Nil	9	10	
	Balurghat ...	Nil	8	8	
14	JALPAIGURI ...	Nil	7	7	Condition and prospects of standing crops are good.
	Alipur ...	Nil	8	8	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN MRSRS. PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	DARJEELING ...	Nil	5	5	Wheat and potatoes are progressing well. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease exists at places.
	Kurseong ...	Nil	6	6	
	Siliguri ...	Nil	8	8	
	Kalimpong ...	Nil	6½	6½	
16	RANGPUR ...	Nil	7½	7½	Harvesting of potatoes is going on. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Nilphamari, Kishoreganj, Badarganj, Shaghata, Palashbari, Fulchuri and Gobindaganj thanas.
	Nilphamari ...	Nil	7½	8½	
	Kurigram ...	Nil	7	7	
	Gaibandha ...	Nil	7½	7½	
17	BOGRA ...	Nil	8	8	Lands are being prepared for jute and other <i>aus</i> crops. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair.
18	PABNA ...	Nil	7½	7½	Rain is wanted for the growth of the standing crops and for preparation of lands for next season's crops. Prospects of standing crops are good. Agricultural stock is sufficient. Pasturage, fodder and water are sufficient.
	Sirajganj ...	Nil	6½	(n)	
19	MAIDA ...	Nil	8	8	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy is nearly finished. Rain is urgently needed.
20	GOOCH BEHAR	Nil*	9½	8½	Weather seasonable. Gathering of mustard seed and preparation of lands for <i>bitri</i> paddy are going on. Harvesting of winter paddy is nearing completion. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	Nil	8	8	Weather cool. Fields are being prepared for jute. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy is going on. Prospects of tobacco, potato, etc., are poor in some of the subdivisions including Sadar. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ...	Nil	8	8	
	Narayanganj ...	Nil	8	8	
	Munshiganj (a)	Nil	7½	(n)	
22	MYMENSINGH ...	Nil	7	7	Weather seasonable. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> crops is commenced. Rice market is steady. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jamalpur ...	Nil	8	8	
	Tangail ...	(n)	(n)	6½	
	Netrokona ...	Nil	7	7	
	Kishorganj ...	Nil	7	6½	

(a) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	Nil	7½	7½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is finished.
	Goatundo (Rajbari).	Nil	7½	7½	
	Madaripur ...	Nil	7½	8	
	Gopalganj (a) ...	Nil	8	8	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	Nil	{ 7½ 5½†	{ 7½ 5½†	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	Nil	7	7½	
	Patuakhali ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	7	7½	
25	CHITTAGONG ...	Nil	{ 6½ 6½*	{ 6½ 6½*	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Water and fodder are sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar subdivision and 10½ seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ...	(n)	(n)	7	
26	TIPPERA * (COMILLA).	Nil	7½	7½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair at Sadar South and Brahmanbaria subdivisions elsewhere they are good.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	7½	7½	
	Chandpur ...	Nil	7½	7½	
27	NOAKHALI ...	Nil	6½	6½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Except in Hatiya there was no cattle-disease.
	Feni ...	Nil	8	8	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	Nil	{ 9 7†	{ 9 6†	Prospects of crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Harvesting of cotton crop continues.
29	TRIPURA STATE	Nil	5	5	Weather seasonable. The clearing of <i>jhooms</i> is going on. Prospects of cotton outturn and other <i>jhoom</i> crops are fair. Cattle condition is good. Fodder and water are sufficient except in one division. Cleansed cotton sells at Rs. 20 to Rs. 35 per maund. Jute sells at Rs. 7 to Rs. 10 per maund.

* Burma rice.

† Old rice.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

(n) Not reported.

J. GHOSH, for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

COA, the 27th January 1923.

Monthly Weather and Crop Report of Bengal for December 1922.

I. Character of the season.—Excepting a few scattered showers in parts of the Presidency and Rajshahi Divisions there was practically no rain. The usual rainfall statement is appended.

II. Progress of agricultural operations.—The reaping of winter paddy was much advanced and the threshing operations well began. The sowings of spring crops were approaching completion during the month.

III. State of standing crops.—The spring crops were thriving well under favourable weather conditions, although a little more moisture would have facilitated the growth in the highland tracts.

IV. Prospects and probable output.—The prospects of spring crops were generally promising. A good yield of winter rice is expected.

V. Damage to standing crops.—No appreciable damage was caused to the standing crops by insect pests except in parts of Dacca and Rajshahi districts.

VI. Condition of agricultural stock.—Condition of live-stock was, on the whole fair. Sporadic cases of cattle disease were however reported from eleven districts.

VII. Failure of pasturage and fodder.—Scarcity of fodder was felt only in the flood affected tracts of Rajshahi and Pabna.

VIII. Prices of food-grains.—During the second-half of the month under review the price of common rice of the cheapest quality rose in three districts, fell in eleven and remained stationary in the rest of the province.

IX. Condition of agricultural people.—The condition of the agricultural population in the flood affected tracts has improved. Elsewhere the condition is generally reported to be fair.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 24th January 1923.

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall in each district during December 1922.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of December 1922.	Actual district rainfall for the month of December 1922.	Variation from the normal.	Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of December 1922.	Actual district rainfall for the month of December 1922.	Variation from the normal.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.			Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Presidency	24-Parganas	0.22	0	-0.22	Rajshahi— contd.	Rangpur	0.09	0	-0.09
	Calcutta	0.27	Nil	-0.27		Bogra	0.11	Nil	-0.11
	Nadia	0.12	0.01	-0.11		Pabna	0.20	0.01	-0.19
	Murshidabad	0.20	0.01	-0.19		Naids	0.10	Nil	-0.10
	Jessore	0.19	Nil	-0.19	Dacca	Dacca	0.24	Nil	-0.24
	Khulna	0.18	Nil	-0.18		Hymenstingh	0.12	Nil	-0.12
	Burdwan	0.13	0.15	+0.02		Faridpur	0.33	Nil	-0.33
Burdwan	Birbhum	0.07	0.17	+0.10		Baharganj	0.33	Nil	-0.33
	Bankura	0.14	0.19	+0.05	Chittagong	Chittagong	0.57	Nil	-0.57
	Midnapore	0.17	0.02	-0.15		Tippera	0.23	Nil	-0.23
	Hodghly	0.23	0.01	-0.22		Noakhali	0.44	Nil	-0.44
	Howrah	0.22	0.01	-0.21		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	0.68	Nil	-0.68
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	0.09	0.01	-0.08		Tripura State	0.40	Nil	-0.40
	Dinajpur	0.07	0.03	-0.04		Cooch Behar	0.13	0.01	-0.11
	Jalpaiguri	0.24	0.33	+0.09					
	Darjeeling	0.31	0.33	+0.02					

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

DIVISION.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
PRESIDENCY.	24-Parganas	Saugar Island ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bridge-Badge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Canning Town ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Alipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barrackpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raipurhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gosaba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nadia	Ramghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Obadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Murshidabad.	Harlinghata ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jungipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lugoin ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Akriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jessore	Patkadari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dumkal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kallanganj (Jhanpur) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BARDWAN.	Jessore	Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhanida ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bongaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Khulna	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ragerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kulganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dumuria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bumpra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kabara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Paikgachha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mohabat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Moolganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Tala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Asansol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Margakot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Boynia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Monteswar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Sari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Botampuri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hamprahat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Boipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lahpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Mahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jodis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gurajalghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Haripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Talanganra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sarang ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Haripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Arhta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Barora ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sundar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Maha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sonantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Palasduza ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ranbandh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Saltora ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Joy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Subbarwar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhanpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	

* Rain gauge out of order since April 1922.

† Rain gauge out of order since May 1922.

FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1922.

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Excess or deficit during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st December to 31st December 1922.	Normal rainfall from 1st December to 31st December 1922.	Station.	DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
...	Nil	0.5	Nil	0.06	Nil	Nil	0.26	Baugh Island ...	24-Parganna	PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	0.3	Nil	0.16	Nil	Nil	0.16	Diamond Harbour.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.02	0.34	0.09	0.00	0.24	Budge-Budge.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.06	Canning Town.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.00	0.27	Nil	Nil	0.27	Alipore.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.00	0.25	Nil	Nil	0.25	Barackpore.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.00	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Dum-Dum.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.00	0.21	Nil	Nil	0.21	Dooars.		
...	Nil	0.3	0.00	0.46	Nil	Nil	0.39	Howrah.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Gosaba.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.00	0.16	Nil	Nil	0.16	Haridwar.	Nadia	PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	0.2	0.06	0.11	0.06	0.00	0.11	Krishnapur.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.15	Obadurga.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.07	0.16	0.04	0.07	0.16	Mohorpur.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.11	0.15	Nil	Nil	0.15	Kumbha.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.00	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Haridwar.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.00	0.13	0.04	0.05	0.12	Kandi.	Murshidabad.	
...	Nil	0.4	0.11	0.12	Nil	Nil	0.12	Berhampore.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.11	0.11	Nil	Nil	0.11	Lalbagh.		
...	Nil	0.1	0.10	0.10	Nil	Nil	0.10	Azimganj.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.03	0.10	0.02	0.02	0.10	Jangipur.		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	0.3	0.10	0.10	Nil	Nil	0.10	Lakshmi.		
...	Nil	0.1	0.07	0.07	Nil	Nil	0.07	Akrisani.		
...	Nil	0.1	0.06	0.06	Nil	Nil	0.06	(Haridwar).		
...	Nil	0.2	0.14	0.14	Nil	Nil	0.14	Patnabari.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.07	0.19	0.07	0.07	0.19	Dumkai.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.07	0.19	0.07	0.07	0.19	Kalyandaganj (Jhannpur).		
...	Nil	0.2	0.10	0.10	Nil	Nil	0.10	Norail.	Jessore	
...	Nil	0.2	0.20	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Jessore.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.12	0.12	Nil	Nil	0.12	Jhenida.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.16	0.16	Nil	Nil	0.16	Magura.		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	0.3	0.26	0.26	Nil	Nil	0.26	Dongson.		
...	Nil	0.6	0.20	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Sathkuta.	Khulna	
...	Nil	0.4	0.15	0.15	Nil	Nil	0.15	Bardham.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.20	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Khulna.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.11	0.11	Nil	Nil	0.11	Kaliganj.		
...	Nil	0.3	0.10	0.10	Nil	Nil	0.10	Nakipur.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.10	0.10	Nil	Nil	0.10	Dumuria.		
...	Nil	0.3	0.10	0.10	Nil	Nil	0.10	Rampal.		
...	Nil	0.1	0.16	0.16	Nil	Nil	0.16	Kulora.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.12	0.12	Nil	Nil	0.12	Paikgachha (Haridwar).		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	0.6	0.20	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Mohakh.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.20	0.20	Nil	Nil	0.20	Marsiganj.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.14	0.14	Nil	Nil	0.14	Tala.		
...	Nil	0.3	0.09	0.17	0.03	0.03	0.17	Kakha.	Burdwan	
...	Nil	0.2	0.12	0.17	0.13	0.13	0.17	Burdwan.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.13	0.13	Nil	Nil	0.13	Katwa.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.06	0.11	0.09	0.06	0.11	Asansol.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.14	0.14	Nil	Nil	0.14	Monkar.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.02	0.02	Nil	Nil	0.02	Masarakot.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Boysa.		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Montowar.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.20	0.20	0.44	0.22	0.22	Suri.	Birbhum	
...	Nil	0.2	0.11	0.11	Nil	Nil	0.11	Hatampur.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.08	0.08	Nil	Nil	0.08	Chandpur.		
...	Nil	0.1	0.06	0.06	Nil	Nil	0.06	Solpur.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.03	0.03	Nil	Nil	0.03	Murrai.		
...	Nil	0.5	0.03	0.03	Nil	Nil	0.03	Lahpur.		
...	Nil	0.4	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	Bankura.	Bankura	
...	Nil	0.2	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	Vishnupur.		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	0.2	0.18	0.18	Nil	Nil	0.18	Malara.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.18	0.18	Nil	Nil	0.18	Khatra.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.18	0.18	Nil	Nil	0.18	Indra.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.12	0.12	Nil	Nil	0.12	Kotalpur.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.09	0.09	Nil	Nil	0.09	Omka.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.08	0.08	0.20	0.20	0.20	Gangajalghati.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.17	0.17	Nil	Nil	0.17	Chapur.		
...	Nil	0.2	0.08	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.11	Semantakhi.		
...	Nil	(n)	0.45	(n)	0.45	(n)	(n)	Taldanga.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Saranga.		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Indpur.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Artra.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Barora.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Sindapal.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Mota.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Siromulpur.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Palwadinga.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Chabua.		
...	Nil	(n)	0.25	(n)	0.25	(n)	(n)	Ranbandi.		PRESIDENCY.
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Saltora.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Joypur.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Amlikanagar.		
...	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	(n)	Jalraupur.		

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN

[illegible]

* Returns not received.

[illegible]

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN

[illegible]

BENGAL FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1922—*condold.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st December to 31st December 1922.	Normal rainfall from 1st December to 31st December 1922.	Station.	DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
...	NH	0.2	NH	0.10	NH	NH	0.10	Maida	...	Rajshahi - conda.
...	NH	0.1	NH	0.06	NH	NH	0.06	Chanchal.	...	...
...	NH	0.1	NH	0.05	NH	NH	0.05	Jakal.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.10	NH	NH	0.10	Syaganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.15	NH	NH	0.15	Gomastapur.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.14	NH	NH	0.14	Nawabganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.23	NH	NH	0.23	Munshiganj	...	Dacca
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.18	NH	NH	0.18	Dacca.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.32	NH	NH	0.32	Nawabganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.6	NH	0.24	NH	NH	0.24	Narayanganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.44	NH	NH	0.44	Narayangdi.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.18	NH	NH	0.18	Manikganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.12	NH	NH	0.12	Joydebpur.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.24	NH	NH	0.24	Kapasia.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.21	NH	NH	0.21	Klabarganj	...	Mymensingh
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.11	NH	NH	0.11	Atla (Tangail).	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.39	NH	NH	0.39	Burkashari.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.11	NH	NH	0.11	Mymensingh.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.16	NH	NH	0.16	Jamshedi.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.14	NH	NH	0.14	Ketokona.	...	...
...	NH	0.1	NH	0.08	NH	NH	0.08	Pirgna.	...	...
...	NH	0.1	NH	0.04	NH	NH	0.04	Durgam.	...	...
...	NH	0.1	NH	0.05	NH	NH	0.05	Sheepur (Toun).	...	...
...	NH	0.1	NH	0.01	NH	NH	0.01	Dewanganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.05	NH	NH	0.05	Nahlabari.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.17	NH	NH	0.17	Madaripur	...	Fardpur.
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.15	NH	NH	0.15	Fardapi.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.13	NH	NH	0.13	Tajmud.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.32	NH	NH	0.32	(Gazinda).	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.32	NH	NH	0.32	Hatidaspur.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.32	NH	NH	0.32	(topulganj.)	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.38	NH	NH	0.38	Takerhak.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.38	NH	NH	0.38	Bhanga.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.38	NH	NH	0.38	Pangra.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.74	NH	NH	0.74	Balkhandi.	...	...
...	NH	0.9	NH	0.67	NH	NH	0.67	Bhusma.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.43	NH	NH	0.43	Palong.	...	...
...	NH	0.6	NH	0.48	NH	NH	0.48	Patakhali	...	Bakarganj
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.31	NH	NH	0.31	Barguna.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.23	NH	NH	0.23	Pirozpur.	...	...
...	NH	0.9	NH	0.34	NH	NH	0.34	Barisal.	...	...
...	NH	0.2	NH	0.17	NH	NH	0.17	Gaurmali.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.37	NH	NH	0.37	Bholi.	...	...
...	NH	0.6	NH	0.29	NH	NH	0.29	Daulatkhani.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.45	NH	NH	0.45	Bauphal.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.42	NH	NH	0.42	Cox's Bazar	...	Chittagong
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.48	NH	NH	0.48	Chittagong.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.41	NH	NH	0.41	Kutubdia.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.45	NH	NH	0.45	Satkharia.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.72	NH	NH	0.72	Kouglia.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.54	NH	NH	0.54	Mizmarai.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.36	NH	NH	0.36	Comilla.	...	Tippera
...	NH	0.6	NH	0.27	NH	NH	0.27	Chandpur.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.36	NH	NH	0.36	Brahmanbaria.	...	...
...	NH	0.2	NH	0.11	NH	NH	0.11	Raazhandrapur.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.19	NH	NH	0.19	Masruragar.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.13	NH	NH	0.13	Daulatkhali.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.26	NH	NH	0.26	Kasim.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.25	NH	NH	0.25	Laksmi.	...	...
...	NH	0.6	NH	0.47	NH	NH	0.47	Naokhali	...	Naokhali
...	NH	0.6	NH	0.38	NH	NH	0.38	Feni.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.62	NH	NH	0.62	Barkhampur.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.26	NH	NH	0.26	Itanagarj.	...	...
...	NH	0.7	NH	0.41	NH	NH	0.41	Chhaganpaya.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.49	NH	NH	0.49	Itatia.	...	...
...	NH	0.5	NH	0.30	NH	NH	0.30	Lakhimpur.	...	...
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.32	NH	NH	0.32	Rangamati	...	Chittagong
...	NH	0.8	NH	0.50	NH	NH	0.50	Bandarban.	...	Hill
...	NH	0.9	NH	0.39	NH	NH	0.39	Barkal.	...	Tracts.
...	(n)	(n)	(n)	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	Mataleheri.	...	...
...	(n)	(n)	(n)	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	Larna.	...	...
...	(n)	(n)	(n)	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	Wangai.	...	...
...	(n)	(n)	(n)	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	Manikweli.	...	...
...	(n)	(n)	(n)	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	Dighinala.	...	...
...	NH	0.4	NH	0.25	NH	NH	0.25	Agaraila	...	Hill
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.11	NH	NH	0.11	Dinhat	...	Tippera.
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.06	NH	0.06	0.10	Coch Behar.	...	Coch Behar.
...	NH	0.2	NH	0.18	NH	NH	0.18	Mickiganj.	...	...
...	NH	0.2	NH	0.09	NH	NH	0.09	Mathablanga.	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.18	NH	NH	0.18	Pulbari	...	...
...	NH	0.3	NH	0.18	NH	NH	0.18	(Tufanganj).	...	...

(n) Not ascertained.

J. GHOSH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Vital Statistics for the month of November 1922 of the

Division.	No.	Districts.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS							
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-Azar.
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan ...	689,982	675,993	1,365,975	3,046	7	1	1	...	2,384	...	...	...	2
	2	Birbham ...	422,986	424,584	847,570	2,180	78	...	...	...	1,407	...	...	...	...
	3	Bankura ...	450,925	483,552	934,477	2,263	...	1	...	...	479	...	77	5	86
	4	Midnapur ...	1,318,373	1,308,662	2,626,935	6,205	117	10	31	...	2,727	10	2	65	...
	5	Hooghly ...	468,451	462,093	930,544	2,109	2	8	...	...	1,553	...	...	...	2
	6	Howrah ...	391,415	387,478	778,893	2,004	32	3	1	...	479	1	1	...	...
Presidency	7	24-Parganas ...	1,062,265	980,126	2,042,391	4,238	61	14	7	...	1,595	3	46	6	4
	8	Nadia ...	731,335	692,552	1,423,887	5,098	165	50	...	...	2,426	...	...	...	1
	9	Murshidabad ...	591,676	690,742	1,282,418	4,181	213	1	2	...	2,340	6	1	...	...
	10	Jessore ...	887,182	824,896	1,712,078	5,196	311	812	1	...	3,567	3	...	...	...
	11	Khulna ...	741,741	684,945	1,426,686	4,229	381	219	8	...	2,613	2	...	...	...
Rajshahi ...	12	Rajshahi ...	763,539	711,528	1,475,067	5,129	752	1	...	...	5,124	...	...	2	2
	13	Dinajpur ...	885,427	801,901	1,687,328	4,382	262	1	6	...	2,619	2	...	220	...
	14	Jalpaiguri ...	404,432	427,317	831,749	2,518	262	...	21	...	1,618	...	...	...	...
	15	Darjeeling ...	126,317	124,273	250,590	684	51	...	...	...	208	2	...	...	1
	16	Rangpur ...	1,304,281	1,183,997	2,488,278	5,858	526	2	4	...	5,481	...	...	...	...
	17	Bogra ...	531,470	504,814	1,036,284	2,675	268	1	...	...	2,013	...	...	...	...
	18	Pabna ...	682,694	662,089	1,344,783	4,081	281	...	...	...	2,107	1	...	...	...
Dacca	19	Maldah ...	478,872	480,103	958,975	3,920	70	30	5	...	1,272	...	...	128	...
	20	Dacca ...	1,485,445	1,490,470	2,975,915	10,354	480	290	25	...	2,740	7	...	52	4
	21	Mymensingh ...	2,447,431	2,278,695	4,726,126	12,279	685	124	22	...	3,255	14	28	256	5
	22	Faridpur ...	1,124,661	1,065,297	2,210,958	8,717	366	229	...	...	4,218	...	...	...	1
	23	Bakarganj ...	1,318,064	1,265,107	2,583,171	8,617	...	50	1	...	718	11	...	2	8
Chittagong	24	Chittagong ...	763,763	821,027	1,584,790	3,472	283	8	6	...	1,091	49	1	2	1
	25	Noakhali ...	738,722	734,064	1,472,786	4,228	391	28	5	...	486	...	...	...	...
	26	Tippura ...	1,267,598	1,311,029	2,578,627	5,285	259	12	5	...	383	...	...	...	...
	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts.													Not under
Total of month for Bengal ...			22,388,560	21,414,985	43,803,545	121,081	6,302	1,911	145	...	56,492	117	151	739	97
Total of corresponding month of previous year.			...	...	...	124,712	6,735	15,880	310	...	78,367	140	74	390	68
Increase or decrease -			...	...	...	-2,731	-433	-12,919	-65	...	-12,875	-433	+77	+379	+29

REMARKS.—1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the thana officers and submitted to the Director of Public Health by the Civil Surgeons.
 2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been included in this statement with those of the respective.
 3. Divisional totals and the birth and death ratios per mille per annum have been omitted from the statement according to the Government of

CALCUTTA, the 19th January 1923.

Districts excluding Towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

REGISTERED.

Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Typhoid.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicides.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.			No.	Districts.
										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
254	13	20	...	21	3	19	24	...	336	1,518	1,450	2,974	1,969	1,938	3,917	1	Bardham.
80	2	1	2	2	2	1	17	1	328	899	854	1,743	1,294	1,258	2,452	2	Birbhum.
842	18	19	2	16	12	17	17	1	416	979	1,010	1,989	1,268	1,228	2,496	3	Bankura.
1,609	35	52	24	156	18	43	80	4	1,044	2,973	3,033	6,006	3,189	3,324	6,423	4	Midnapur.
269	38	50	1	79	2	17	40	...	351	1,344	1,143	2,487	1,534	1,073	2,607	5	Hooghly.
520	92	75	5	33	4	28	24	...	319	828	780	1,608	1,108	1,140	2,308	6	Howrah.
1,813	21	50	37	40	20	33	100	2	559	2,279	2,083	4,322	2,465	2,247	4,712	7	24 Parganas.
486	6	6	2	19	4	9	51	...	606	2,318	2,349	4,665	2,989	2,708	5,647	8	Nadia.
186	2	1	...	5	1	7	30	3	486	1,635	1,518	3,071	2,426	2,080	4,188	9	Murshidabad.
519	9	11	...	19	2	4	64	...	579	2,299	2,827	4,096	3,248	3,232	6,480	10	Jessore.
24	16	3	21	7	17	2	40	13	924	1,980	1,563	3,513	2,176	2,269	4,435	11	Khulna.
...	2	...	...	...	1	4	88	...	623	2,767	2,030	4,797	3,512	3,602	7,014	12	Rajshahi.
1,705	2	6	...	3	1	14	28	3	138	2,600	2,838	4,837	3,355	3,380	6,735	13	Dinajpur.
212	49	8	2	2	1	27	14	18	109	1,041	1,033	2,074	1,509	1,246	2,573	14	Jalpaiguri.
172	26	4	7	2	2	3	9	...	108	245	305	550	491	436	927	15	Darjeeling.
1,067	12	5	...	29	3	8	13	18	84	3,447	3,242	6,689	4,236	4,351	8,467	16	Rangpur.
987	36	2	3	10	11	12	38	3	198	1,671	1,628	3,299	2,404	2,370	4,674	17	Bogra.
690	...	6	1	...	2	1	24	...	179	1,585	1,424	3,009	2,714	2,562	5,276	18	Pabna.
123	...	...	...	1	1	...	16	2	228	940	857	1,797	1,670	1,628	3,198	19	Malda.
2,357	161	...	5	42	...	61	41	...	1,059	3,452	3,368	6,820	5,904	6,761	12,665	20	Dacca.
4,895	125	19	...	18	33	9	78	6	1,314	5,313	4,777	10,090	8,552	9,713	18,265	21	Mymensingh.
4	36	2	...	...	...	5	60	...	707	2,812	2,614	5,426	3,904	3,916	7,820	22	Fairdipor.
4,634	42	7	1	15	3	7	72	...	1,907	3,885	3,786	7,591	5,589	5,350	10,939	23	Bakerganj.
1,600	6	12	...	14	1	21	49	...	68	1,460	1,471	2,931	1,548	1,550	3,107	24	Chittagong.
1,904	20	...	...	...	...	...	57	...	440	1,323	1,456	2,976	1,787	1,815	3,600	25	Noakhal.
2,437	78	7	...	...	...	4	47	...	532	2,145	1,838	3,983	2,329	2,108	4,437	26	Tippera.
registration																27	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
29,571	861	343	122	501	181	335	1,108	79	12,671	51,394	52,161	103,575	...	...	...
31,253	1,326	364	153	523	169	387	965	194	15,936	73,925	71,808	144,537	...	...	...
-1,682	-531	-51	-41	-23	-27	-52	+118	-122	-2,065	-28,551	-19,731	-28,322	...	...	...

Taken as a whole, the statement possesses a relative value, although the figures for individual districts probably only approximate to the actual. districts as entered in Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No. 11854n, dated the 5th February 1918. Inlin, Education Department, letter No. 72, dated the 26th March 1919.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

Vital Statistics for the month of November 1922 of the

Districts.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born number registered.								
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan ...	15,585	15,033	30,618	35	...	1	...	...	25	...	...	...	...
	2	Haniganj ...	8,040	6,498	14,538	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	Aansol ...	15,464	11,036	26,500	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bankura ...	4	Bankura ...	12,523	11,859	24,382	58	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
	5	Vishnupur ...	9,736	9,662	19,398	45	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...
	6	Sonamukhi ...	5,140	5,604	10,744	25	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	...
Midnapur ...	7	Midnapur ...	15,794	13,341	29,135	60	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...
	8	Ghatal ...	5,655	5,115	10,770	24	1	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...
Hooghly ...	9	Hooghly-Chinsura	16,723	13,215	29,938	69	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...
	10	Serampur ...	20,310	12,987	33,297	93	...	2	...	...	3	4	...	...	...
	11	Rishra-Konnagar	15,030	8,229	23,259	43	3	...	...	...	11	1	...	1	...
	12	Baidyabati ...	9,174	7,207	16,381	47	1	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...
	13	Bhadreswar ...	14,487	7,594	22,081	31	1	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	2
Howrah ...	14	Chandpur ...	17,193	7,459	24,652	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15	Howrah ...	128,472	68,839	197,311	479	39	8	...	...	36	16	...	...	2
	16	Bally ...	15,264	7,945	23,209	48	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...
	17	Cossipur-Chitpur	38,389	20,185	58,574	99	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	18	Maniktala ...	40,096	26,376	66,472	115	11	6	...	...	16	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas	19	South Suburban ...	19,083	14,962	34,045	113	...	1	...	...	20	...	...	...	...
	20	Tollyganj ...	13,836	8,311	22,147	49	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...
	21	Garden Reach ...	28,373	16,194	44,567	90	1	...	...	...	6	1	...	1	...
	22	Budge-Budge ...	17,863	7,840	25,703	31	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
	23	Daraganj ...	19,989	12,065	32,054	93	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
	24	Kamarkhata ...	14,965	8,053	23,018	33	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...
	25	Rajpur ...	4,760	5,652	10,412	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	26	South Dum-Dum	8,786	5,294	14,080	39	3	9	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
	27	Barrakpur ...	14,877	7,583	22,460	24	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...
	28	Pandharpur ...	6,148	4,013	10,161	23	...	...	...	...	5	4	...	...	...
	29	North Barrakpur	9,452	4,961	14,413	26	1	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	1
	30	Titagarh ...	36,533	15,918	52,451	92	5	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	31	Garulia ...	9,077	4,019	13,096	14	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	32	Narhati ...	15,464	7,822	23,286	61	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
	33	Kanchrapara ...	7,182	3,180	10,362	29	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
	34	Bhatpara ...	45,723	15,886	61,609	114	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1
Nadia	35	Bachhat ...	10,162	9,165	19,327	50	2	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...
	36	Radpur ...	7,434	6,023	13,457	27	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...
	37	Calcutta ...	617,500	290,261	907,761	1,051	135	21	8	...	91	26	1	...	23
	38	Krishnanagar ...	11,377	10,932	22,309	37	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...
Nadia	39	Nadur Nabadwip	7,231	6,203	13,434	44	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...
	40	Santipur ...	11,842	13,450	25,292	94	1	1	...	...	23	...	...	...	...

Towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

DEATHS REGISTERED.													No.	Towns.			
Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Indigestion.	Feverishness.	Flatulency.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including self-inflicted.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.					Total of corresponding month of previous year.		
										Males.	Females.	Total.			Males.	Females.	Total.
...	2	7	...	8	2	5	11	...	16	53	28	90	30	39	68	1	Burdwan.
8	...	...	...	2	...	4	1	...	16	17	14	31	12	11	23	2	Raniganj.
2	3	2	1	1	...	2	...	1	12	16	8	24	21	14	35	3	Asansol.
2	...	2	...	1	2	...	...	...	12	11	13	24	11	10	21	4	Bankura.
9	1	2	...	3	...	3	5	...	9	19	17	36	10	18	28	5	Vishnupur.
4	2	2	...	4	1	...	...	...	2	12	13	24	9	11	20	6	Sonamukhi.
17	6	7	...	9	1	2	1	...	18	36	28	64	29	33	62	7	Midnapur.
9	...	4	...	6	...	...	...	...	6	16	14	30	11	18	29	8	Ghatal.
...	6	1	...	7	...	4	1	...	23	33	29	62	31	29	60	9	Hooghly-Chinsura.
8	1	10	...	1	1	6	1	...	19	27	23	50	25	28	53	10	Serampur.
5	...	5	...	1	...	4	...	...	7	22	18	40	13	14	27	11	Bahra-Konnagar.
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	7	25	19	13	32	12	Baidyabati.
6	2	...	...	4	2	1	...	...	12	30	17	47	7	12	19	13	Bhadrabar.
10	...	3	...	...	...	9	1	...	8	14	10	24	20	19	39	14	Chandpur.
83	35	25	...	30	13	67	11	...	188	253	231	474	319	267	586	15	Howrah.
11	8	2	...	6	1	1	...	...	8	21	16	37	21	20	41	16	Bally.
96	7	5	...	8	3	16	1	...	89	64	43	107	63	64	127	17	Cossipur-Chitpur.
16	14	8	1	11	10	23	2	...	79	105	87	192	69	103	204	18	Manikata.
...	5	...	...	...	...	16	4	...	17	33	40	73	52	32	84	19	South Suburban.
4	1	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	8	9	17	16	10	26	20	Tollyganj.
27	2	8	...	11	...	2	1	...	32	43	55	98	65	62	127	21	Garden Reach.
17	5	8	...	4	...	...	...	...	2	20	21	41	13	16	29	22	Budge-Budge.
26	21	...	1	2	1	6	...	...	8	32	34	66	29	43	62	23	Baranagar.
...	3	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	13	26	11	37	9	9	18	24	Kamarhati.
9	2	2	...	6	1	...	1	...	8	13	14	27	13	12	25	25	Rajpur.
3	2	1	...	2	2	1	1	1	5	21	13	34	12	8	20	26	South Dum-Dum.
2	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	8	9	17	4	12	16	27	Barrakpur.
...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	10	9	19	18	12	30	28	Panbati.
1	3	1	...	4	1	1	...	...	5	16	11	27	14	13	27	29	North Barrakpur.
83	...	1	...	...	3	1	...	...	13	43	24	67	55	39	94	30	Titagarh.
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	1	2	3	31	Garulia.
2	...	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	7	13	6	19	15	4	19	32	Nalhati.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	2	5	7	33	Kanchrapara.
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	26	19	44	33	32	65	34	Bhatpara.
18	4	3	...	3	...	2	...	4	23	37	30	67	27	21	48	35	Basirhat.
...	...	1	...	6	1	1	...	...	7	14	13	27	18	10	28	36	Baduria.
114	112	60	68	205	182	277	45	14	829	1,156	826	2,082	1,498	1,042	2,540	37	Calcutta.
...	1	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	11	7	18	14	10	30	38	Krishnagar.
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	16	13	19	32	15	24	39	39	Nadia or Nabadwip.
...	...	2	...	1	...	2	...	...	18	26	21	47	26	32	58	40	Santipur.

Vital Statistics for the month of November 1922 of the

Districts.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.									
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.
Murshidabad.	41	Berhampur ...	14,719	11,951	26,670	48	1	...	...	...	9	1	...	...	...
	42	Murshidabad ...	4,401	5,568	10,009	28	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	43	Azinganj ...	5,876	5,555	11,231	27	5	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	1
	44	Kandi ...	5,003	5,884	11,787	20	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	45	Jangipuri ...	5,167	5,572	10,739	40	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...
Jessore	46	Jessore ...	6,410	8,729	15,139	6	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...
Khulna	47	Khulna ...	10,235	6,814	17,049	18	...	7	...	...	11	...	...	...	...
	48	Satkhira ...	5,848	4,751	10,599	16	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...
Itanagar	49	Rampur-Badli ...	15,431	10,787	26,218	71	...	...	1	...	19	...	...	...	2
Dinajpur	50	Dinajpur ...	10,973	7,062	18,035	10	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Jaipur	51	Jaipur ...	8,365	5,555	13,920	12	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
Darjeeling	52	Darjeeling ...	12,977	9,891	22,868	59	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	53	Rangpur ...	12,069	7,017	19,086	49	1	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...
Rogra	54	Rogra ...	7,257	5,065	12,322	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	55	Pabna ...	10,332	8,991	19,323	16	1	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...
	56	Sirajganj ...	13,786	11,782	25,568	108	1	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	...
Malda	57	English Bazar ...	7,869	6,188	14,057	47	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	1
	58	Nawabganj ...	6,681	6,552	13,233	28	2	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...
Dacca	59	Dacca ...	67,383	52,117	119,500	373	19	25	...	...	...	...	1	...	4
	60	Narayanganj ...	19,443	11,160	30,603	138	8	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	61	Mymensingh ...	16,507	8,690	25,197	47	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	62	Jamalpur ...	12,808	10,547	23,355	63	6	...	...	...	31	7	1	...	1
	63	Shorpur ...	9,768	8,046	17,814	62	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	64	Kishoreganj ...	10,600	8,978	19,578	28	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	65	Bajupur ...	5,946	5,622	11,568	20	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	66	Tanail ...	7,542	6,763	14,305	38	...	...	...	...	15	...	2	...	1
	67	Faridpur ...	8,772	5,731	14,503	61	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...
	68	Madaripur ...	14,300	10,986	25,286	33	2	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...
Bakarganj	69	Barisal ...	17,684	9,180	26,864	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	70	Pirojpur ...	7,618	6,326	13,944	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	71	Chittagong ...	14,117	11,013	25,130	87	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	72	Comilla ...	15,583	10,361	25,944	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Tippera	73	Brahmanbaria ...	12,367	11,047	23,414	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	74	Chandpur ...	10,636	4,492	15,128	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of month ...			1,769,876	1,019,872	2,789,748	6,295	270	109	0	...	698	77	6	2	45
Total of corresponding month of previous year.			...	...	...	5,507	216	548	20	...	1,053	71	1	22	59
Increase or decrease ...			...	...	...	+778	+55	-439	-11	...	-355	+6	+5	-10	-17

REMARKS - 1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the municipalities and submitted to the Director of Public Health by the Civil Surgeons and in a few instances are obviously incomplete.

2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been excluded from this statement and incorporated

3. The birth and death rates per mille per annum have been omitted from this statement according to the Government of India.

Towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

DEATHS REGISTERED.																No.	Towns.
Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respira- tory diseases.	Injuries, includ- ing suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.				
										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
9	5	1	1	6	4	...	1	...	9	20	27	47	34	29	63	41	Berhampur.
38	2	...	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	21	25	46	21	33	54	42	Murshidabad.
2	8	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	10	19	29	41	12	16	28	43	Azinganj.
9	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	6	16	13	12	25	44	Kandi.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	15	14	13	27	45	Jangipuri.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	4	13	8	10	18	46	Jessore.
...	4	...	...	...	8	...	3	...	2	23	7	30	15	16	30	47	Khalua.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	7	11	7	8	15	48	Sakhtia.
...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	4	17	16	33	27	20	47	49	Rampur-Bonla
3	1	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	4	8	4	12	28	18	46	50	Dinajpur.
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	6	11	8	14	17	14	31	51	Jalpaiguri.
...	2	...	3	5	7	2	...	...	13	18	16	34	27	31	58	52	Darjeeling.
...	5	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	10	26	19	45	18	18	36	53	Itanagar.
22	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	8	19	14	33	17	14	31	54	Bogra.
...	2	...	1	...	...	4	2	...	14	27	18	45	18	7	25	55	Pabna.
...	5	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	19	24	32	56	24	27	51	56	Sirajganj.
1	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	7	8	10	18	21	17	38	57	English Bazar.
...	2	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	7	19	10	29	19	21	40	58	Nawabganj.
120	24	3	1	14	3	12	4	...	127	174	173	347	260	277	537	59	Dacca.
24	12	5	...	...	...	3	...	...	34	43	38	81	71	72	143	60	Narayanganj.
25	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	7	17	22	39	28	31	59	61	Mymensingh.
4	6	2	...	1	...	2	2	1	20	39	39	78	140	145	285	62	Jamalpur.
11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	16	12	28	26	26	52	63	Shorpur.
12	2	5	...	...	...	2	1	...	5	11	16	27	16	14	30	64	Kishoreganj.
1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	7	12	6	4	10	65	Boaltpur.
2	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	9	17	14	31	21	18	39	66	Tangail.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	8	6	14	14	14	28	67	Faridpur.
...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	16	17	26	43	54	67	121	68	Modarpur.
16	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	12	7	19	8	5	13	69	Barisal.
5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	7	9	16	13	4	17	70	Tripura.
4	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	28	22	18	40	56	49	105	71	Chittagong.
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	12	15	10	5	15	72	Cornilla.
10	4	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	21	10	31	36	36	72	73	Brahmanbaria.
11	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	12	15	27	10	15	25	74	Ohandpur.
836	349	221	79	408	231	496	108	28	1,895	2,016	2,574	4,590	...	...	...
915	484	268	93	463	230	523	94	22	2,108	2,791	3,220	7,011	...	...	...
-113	-130	-47	-14	-58	+1	-27	+14	+1	-218	-775	-646	-1,421	...	...	...

Taken as a whole, the statement possesses a relative value, although the figures for individual towns probably only approximate to the actual in a proportion of cases in the returns for districts as ordered in Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No. 118 Bm., dated the 8th February 1918. Education Department, letter No. 53, dated the 26th March 1918.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 4th November 1922.

POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.			DEATHS REGISTERED.																								
District.	No.	Towns.	Male.		Female.	Total.	Number registered during the week.	Still-born.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Pharynx.	Malaria.	Rubella fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Typhoid.	Diarrhoea.	Indigestion.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from other causes.	Total of all causes.		Total of cases.		Total of cases.
			Male.	Female.																						Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,590	390,361	907,951	408	41	4	23	13	...	...	6	34	24	4	20	44	31	54	13	3	229	252	220	502	388	228	611
Burdwan	2	Adra and Mining Settlement.	175,814	152,539	328,353	269	1	...	1	...	...	14	...	16	8	...	...	24	1	23	3	2	118	108	107	212	65	47	132
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,473	66,829	195,301	111	10	1	9	6	...	...	...	14	7	...	...	5	2	12	2	1	28	41	43	86	74	56	134
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,533	55,17	112,490	75	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	21	10	1	1	...	1	1	2	1	33	32	42	74	62	74	136
24 Parganas	5	Maulkaila	46,996	26,376	73,372	21	1	1	1	1	9	4	6	12	26	25	50
	6	Bharpura	45,725	13,866	59,591	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	7	7	4	11
	7	Quespur-Chitpur.	36,289	20,155	56,444	21	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	6	9	6	15	18	17	35
	8	Thagarh	36,533	16,918	53,451	13	3	9	1	1	8	2	12	5	17

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

Vital Statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 11th November 1922.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.		BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.													Total of all causes.		Total of corresponding week of the previous year.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-borns).	Still-born number registered.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Kubrick fever.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	Measles.	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CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

Vital Statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 18th November 1922.

POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			DEATHS REGISTERED.													Total of all causes.			Total of deaths according to week of the previous year.											
District.	No.	Towns.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excl. number of still-born registered, still-born, etc.).	(Cholera.)	Small-pox.	Typhus.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	(Other fevers.)	Dysentery.	Diphtheria.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	(Other respiratory diseases.)	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	(Other causes.)	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,580	290,251	907,831	443	37	1	1	21	9	...	...	1	30	22	6	13	43	41	64	11	3	206	276	203	479	359	219	578
Burdwan	2	Ayazul Mining Settlement.	178,818	152,339	331,157	76	...	1	...	1	...	...	5	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	37	42	26	67	58	53	111
Havdli	3	Havdli	129,472	66,829	196,301	119	5	4	...	13	2	...	...	...	10	9	4	...	9	2	11	3	4	31	63	47	110	79	52	131
Dacca	4	Dacca	61,333	52,117	113,450	57	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	3	1	3	...	1	4	...	...	38	46	37	83	39	55	117
Manikganga	5	Manikganga	46,995	25,373	72,368	18	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	3	3	5	...	2	7	...	...	18	22	23	45	16	23	39
Bhatpara	6	Bhatpara	45,723	19,586	65,309	27	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	2	5	4	9	6	5	11
Cossipur-Chitpur.	7	Cossipur-Chitpur.	36,299	20,185	56,484	24	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	1	1	1	1	3	...	...	5	9	12	21	17	14	31
Titagarh	8	Titagarh	36,833	15,918	52,751	31	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	6	12	13	26	11	6	17	

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 25th November 1922.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			DEATHS REGISTERED.														Total of all causes.		Total of correctable causes of the previous year.										
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-borns).	Still-born number registered.	Small-pox.	Typhoid.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Mononucleosis.	Hepatitis fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.					Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.				
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	817,590	250,241	807,831	317	35	2	...	24	5	...	...	...	7	29	20	6	9	59	31	26	9	1	222	268	215	483	365	327	592	
Burdwan	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	176,814	152,639	329,453	138	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	10	1	11	1	...	...	63	61	52	113	68	50	118
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,472	56,829	185,301	109	2	...	...	6	6	1	...	...	...	20	5	8	...	9	2	12	2	...	...	53	53	54	107	76	73	148
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,332	52,117	119,449	105	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	28	4	2	...	6	...	...	1	...	24	42	34	76	54	54	108	
Madrass	5	Madrass	40,996	26,876	67,872	21	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	1	...	2	3	12	1	...	15	29	20	49	19	19	38	
Bhatpara	6	Bhatpara	48,723	19,866	68,589	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	12	3	15	13	7	20
Cossimbazar	7	Cossimbazar	35,288	20,183	55,471	22	2	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	...	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	12	23	13	36	15	16	31
Tilagarh	8	Tilagarh	26,533	15,018	41,551	26	1	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	9	10	19	11	9	20

CHAS. A. PENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

IRRIGATION DEPART

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low water in the rivers Ganges, reading of each gauge over M. S. L. as

RIVER GANGES.											
Date.	Mirzapur. Zero of gauge 208'22 ft.			Benares. Zero of gauge 196'80 ft.		Buzar. Zero of gauge 167'55 ft.		Dinapore. Zero of gauge 134'23 ft.		Monghyr. Zero of gauge is at mean sea-level.	
	Distance in miles.	From Allah- bad, 85.		From	From	From Benares, 90.		From	From	From	From
				Allah- bad, 134.	Mirzapur, 48.			Benares, 177.	Buzar, 87.	Benares, 26.	Dinapore, 110.
				Highest gauge reading.	2nd September 1916. 265'97.			2nd September 1916. 244'20.	3rd and 4th Septem- ber 1916, 203'80.	5th September 1901, 169'73.	8th September 1901, 128'19.
Lowest gauge reading.	29th June 1897. 187'30.	1st May 1877. 182'80.	10th to 14th May 1914. 159'30.	20th April 1912. 135'13.	29th April to 6th May 1914. 91'59.						
		Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1st	...	12'50	218'72	7'83	204'63	8'00	175'55	15'20	149'43	110'40	110'40
2nd	...	12'33	218'55	7'67	204'47	8'00	175'55	14'20	148'43	110'20	110'20
3rd	...	12'17	218'39	7'50	204'30	7'50	175'05	14'40	148'63	110'00	110'00
4th	...	12'00	218'22	7'33	204'13	6'75	174'30	14'40	148'63	109'80	109'80
5th	...	11'83	218'05	7'17	203'97	8'50	176'05	13'80	148'08	109'30	109'30
6th	...	11'67	217'89	7'00	203'80	8'33	175'88	13'70	147'93	108'80	108'80
7th	...	11'50	217'72	6'83	203'63	8'25	175'80	13'60	147'83	108'00	108'00
8th	...	11'37	217'59	6'67	203'47	8'17	175'72	13'30	147'53	107'60	107'60
9th	...	11'25	217'47	6'50	203'30	8'00	175'55	13'60	147'83	107'50	107'50
10th	...	11'08	217'30	6'33	203'13	7'92	175'47	13'40	147'63	107'40	107'40
11th	...	10'96	217'18	6'17	202'97	7'84	175'38	13'40	147'63	107'20	107'20
12th	...	10'83	217'05	6'00	202'80	7'75	175'30	13'20	147'43	107'00	107'00
13th	...	10'71	216'93	5'83	202'63	7'67	175'22	13'10	147'38	107'00	107'00
14th	...	10'62	216'84	5'67	202'47	7'58	175'13	12'60	146'83	106'80	106'80
15th	...	10'54	216'76	5'67	202'47	7'50	175'05	12'40	146'63	106'60	106'60
16th	...	10'46	216'68	5'50	202'30	7'42	174'97	12'00	146'23	106'60	106'60
17th	...	10'37	216'59	5'33	202'13	7'33	174'88	11'99	146'13	106'40	106'40
18th	...	10'29	216'51	5'17	201'97	7'17	174'72	11'90	146'13	106'30	106'30
19th	...	10'21	216'43	5'00	201'80	7'08	174'63	11'90	146'13	106'20	106'20
20th	...	10'12	216'34	4'83	201'63	7'00	174'55	11'90	146'13	106'00	106'00
21st	...	10'04	216'26	4'67	201'47	6'92	174'47	11'50	146'13	105'90	105'90
22nd	...	9'96	216'18	4'50	201'30	6'75	174'30	11'39	146'13	105'80	105'80
23rd	...	9'87	216'09	4'33	201'13	6'67	174'22	11'90	146'13	105'70	105'70
24th	...	9'79	216'01	4'25	201'05	6'58	174'13	11'90	146'13	105'50	105'50
25th	...	9'71	215'93	4'17	200'97	6'42	173'97	11'90	146'13	105'40	105'40
26th	...	9'62	215'84	4'08	200'88	6'33	173'88	11'80	146'03	105'30	105'30
27th	...	9'54	215'76	4'00	200'80	6'25	173'80	11'80	146'03	105'20	105'20
28th	...	9'46	215'68	3'83	200'63	6'17	173'72	11'80	146'03	105'10	105'10
29th	...	9'37	215'59	3'58	200'38	6'08	173'63	11'80	146'03	105'00	105'00
30th	...	9'29	215'51	3'50	200'30	5'92	173'47	11'70	145'93	104'90	104'90

The 27th January 1923.

MENT, BENGAL.

Bhagirathi, Jalangi and Brahmaputra for the month of November 1922, and the highest well as the lowest gauge reading since 1876.

Rajmahal. Zero of gauge is at 56'819.		Rampur-Bonlia. Zero of gauge 1'61 ft.		Goalundo. Zero of gauge is 4'896 ft. above mean sea-level.		RIVER BHAGI- RATHI. Berhampore. Zero of gauge 32'490.		RIVER JALANGI. Swarupganj. Zero of gauge 1'809.		RIVER BRAHMA- PUTRA. Ganahata. Zero of gauge 136'18.	
From Benares, 407.	From Moughyr, 130.	From Benares, 471.	From Rajmahal, 64.	From Benares, 591.	From Rampur- Bonlia, 120.						
16th August 1913. 87'819.		26th August 1879. 28'76.		28th August 1906 and 14th September 1916. 37'646.		14th August 1890. 62'469.		25th September 1900. 34'109.		24th August 1908. 167'53.	
2nd May 1910. 58'659.		23rd April 1886. —1'48.		28th March 1910. 7'146.		19th to 24th April 1917. 32'908.		28th March 1915. 1'209.		9th February 1888. 128'58.	
Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
14'50	70'819	45'55	47'06	12'60	17'496	6'11	38'609	7'80	9'309	5'80	140'98
14'30	70'619	45'45	46'96	12'50	17'396	5'91	38'409	7'81	9'319	5'60	140'78
14'20	70'519	45'30	46'81	12'30	17'196	5'81	38'309	7'82	9'329	5'40	140'58
14'10	70'419	45'20	46'71	12'30	17'196	5'61	38'109	7'69	9'199	5'30	140'48
14'00	70'319	44'90	46'41	12'00	16'896	5'41	37'909	7'38	8'889	5'00	140'18
13'95	70'269	44'75	46'26	11'70	16'596	5'31	37'809	7'08	8'589	4'80	139'98
13'95	70'269	44'55	46'06	11'40	16'296	5'21	37'709	6'86	8'369	4'60	139'78
13'85	70'169	44'35	45'86	11'40	16'296	5'11	37'609	6'63	8'139	4'40	139'58
13'75	70'069	44'20	45'71	11'10	15'996	5'11	37'609	6'51	8'019	4'30	139'48
13'65	69'969	44'00	45'51	10'90	15'796	5'11	37'609	6'27	7'779	4'20	139'38
13'45	69'769	43'80	45'31	10'70	15'596	4'91	37'409	6'11	7'619	4'00	139'18
13'35	69'669	43'65	45'16	10'50	15'396	4'81	37'309	6'01	7'519	3'70	138'88
13'20	69'519	43'55	45'06	10'40	15'296	4'66	37'159	5'85	7'359	3'60	138'78
13'10	69'419	43'45	44'96	10'20	15'096	4'51	37'109	5'68	7'189	3'50	138'68
13'00	69'319	43'30	44'81	10'00	14'896	4'51	37'009	5'79	7'299	3'40	138'58
12'90	69'219	43'05	44'56	10'00	14'896	4'41	36'909	6'08	7'589	3'40	138'58
12'85	69'169	42'95	44'46	10'00	14'896	4'31	36'809	6'50	8'009	3'20	138'38
12'75	69'069	42'75	44'26	9'90	14'796	4'31	36'809	6'78	8'289	3'60	138'78
12'65	68'969	42'55	44'06	9'80	14'696	4'21	36'709	6'74	8'249	3'60	138'78
12'55	68'869	42'45	43'96	9'60	14'496	4'11	36'609	6'44	7'949	3'70	138'88
12'45	68'769	42'30	43'81	9'60	14'496	4'11	36'609	6'54	8'049	3'70	138'88
12'40	68'719	42'15	43'66	9'70	14'596	3'91	36'409	6'28	7'789	2'90	138'08
12'30	68'619	42'05	43'56	9'60	14'496	3'91	36'409	5'79	7'299	2'90	138'08
12'20	68'519	41'90	43'41	9'40	14'296	3'91	36'409	5'32	6'829	2'40	137'58
12'10	68'419	41'75	43'26	8'90	13'796	3'86	36'359	5'02	6'529	2'30	137'48
12'00	68'319	41'65	43'16	8'50	13'396	2'81	36'309	4'77	6'279	2'10	137'28
11'95	68'269	41'50	43'01	8'30	13'196	3'81	36'309	4'56	6'069	1'90	137'08
11'85	68'169	41'40	42'91	8'10	12'996	3'81	36'309	4'50	6'009	1'80	136'98
11'75	68'069	41'25	42'76	7'90	12'796	3'71	36'209	4'59	6'099	1'60	136'78
11'60	67'919	41'15	42'66	7'70	12'596	3'71	36'209	4'69	6'199	1'40	136'58

D. N. SEN GUPTA,

Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in Bonded Warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 15th day of January 1923 and transactions during the half-month from the 1st to the 15th January 1923.

Description of Salt	In Sulkea Government godas (Bonded)	Quantity afloat.	Total.	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 1ST TO THE 15TH JANUARY 1923, INCLUSIVE.			
				Quantity, on which duty has been paid.	Manifested quantity arrived in the port of Calcutta.	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption and for inland bonded warehouse uses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.
	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom—							
Liverpool and other Panga salt	382,930 0	89,903	472,833 0	110,066	78,046	2,780	62,696
Other European countries—							
Spanish salt	484,880 0	...	484,880 0	124,006	...	...	11,500
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	278,223 0	4,516	282,739 0	72,480	53,751	68,480	14,250
Hamburg and Bremen rock salt.	...	...	...	100	2,100	100	...
Port Said salt	852,383 0	231,684	1,084,067 0	85,678	198,722	33,725	50,868
Aden and Red Sea—							
Aden salt	989,410 20	420,214	1,409,624 20	314,770	184,884	94,396	129,140
Salif salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salif rock salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rawayah salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Masawah salt	362,422 10	212,334	574,756 10	68,700	212,334	...	9,450
Muscat and Persian Gulf—							
Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam rock salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British India—							
Bombay salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	14,596	89,532	...
Madras salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuticorin salt	26,200 0	...	26,200 0	...	...	...	200
Kyalpatan salt	42,463 0	...	42,463 0	3,000	...	...	...
Total	3,118,971 30*	958,654	4,077,622 30	778,800	744,432	294,968	278,084
							Mds.
Written off during the half-month—							
Wastage in Sulkea godas							2,806
Abandoned and destroyed							12
In transit—							
Hamburg line							3,500
Hamburg rock							2,000
Aden							8,400

* Besides 49,669 mounds are in balance in stock in the private licensed warehouses at Rankiatopur.

S. N. GUPTA,

Assistant Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 29th January 1923.

Printed at the Printing Office, and published by the Book Dept of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 31st January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

Tour Programme of

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

during February 1923.

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
16th, Friday ...	22-06	Leave Sealdah ...	By special train.
17th, Saturday ...	5-35	Arrive Goalundo.	
	7-0	Leave Goalundo ...	By special steamer.
	15-30	Arrive Dacca.	

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
18th, Sunday, to 22nd, Thursday.	...	Halt at Dacca.	
23rd, Friday	8-0	Leave Dacca	By special steamer.
	19-30	Arrive Goalundo.	
	21-20	Leave Goalundo	By special train.
24th, Saturday	7-06	Arrive Sealdah.	"

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Lytton.

Lady Hermione Bulwer-Lytton.

Mr. L. Birley, C.I.E., I.C.S., Chief Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary.

Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Major E. H. V. Hodge, I.M.S., Surgeon.

Major H. G. Penton, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain S. E. Horn, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.

Captain G. B. Fykes, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.

(2) All letters and telegrams for the party should be addressed to the Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL.

Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, *the 29th January 1923.*

No. 905A.—The 29th January 1923. In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Sydney Charles Stuart-Williams to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 909A.—The 29th January 1923. Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Henry Earnest Spry, C.B.E., I.C.S., of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1032A.—The 30th January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. Percy Parrott of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1035A.—The 30th January 1923.—A vacancy having occurred in the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation tendered by Mr. Percy Parrott, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (4) of rule 24 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 15th March 1923.

No. 1094A.—The 31st January 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. William Rowe Rae of his office as member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1097A.—The 31st January 1923.—A vacancy having occurred in the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation tendered by Mr. William Rowe Rae, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 24 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the Presidency and Burdwan (European) constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 31st March 1923.

No. 1184A.—The 5th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him under clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 72A of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor hereby nominates the following gentlemen to be members of the Bengal Legislative Council for a period of three months for the purposes of the Calcutta Municipal Bill, 1921 :—

Dr. C. A. Bentley.

Babu Mani Lal Sen.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary, to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 1213A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—*No. 975A.—The 30th January 1923.*—Mr. S. E. Stinton, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas.

**24-Parganas.
Hooghly.**

No. 977A.—The 30th January 1923.—Mr. D. C. Patterson, I.C.S., Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly.

**24-Parganas.
Hooghly.**

No. 979A.—The 30th January 1923.—Mr. Sarat Kumar Ghose, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Rangpur, is appointed to be Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas.

**Rangpur.
24-Parganas.**

No. 982A.—The 30th January 1923.—Mr. Parada Kinkar Mukharji, Additional District and Sessions Judge, Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, Rangpur.

**Pabna and Bogra.
Rangpur.**

No. 986A.—The 30th January 1923.—Mr. Krishna Kumar Sen, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Bogra, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Pabna and Bogra.

Pabna and Bogra.

No. 992A.—The 29th January 1923.—Mr. T. M. Dow, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kalimpong, Darjeeling, is appointed temporarily to act as District and Sessions Judge, Khulna.

**Darjeeling.
Khulna.**

No. 996A.—The 29th January 1923.—Mr. R. W. A. Ashe, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Kalimpong subdivision of that district.

Darjeeling.

No. 1006A.—The 30th January 1923.—Mr. Khagendra Chandra Nag, M.B.E., Fourth Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, Birbhum.

**24-Parganas.
Birbhum.**

No. 1027A.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Datta, M.B.E., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

Tippera.

No. 1049A.—The 30th January 1923.—Pabu Kiran Kumar Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is transferred temporarily to the Netrakona subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

**Dacca.
Mymensingh.**

No. 1124A.—The 1st February 1923.—Mr. A. K. Jameson, I.C.S., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bengal, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Director of Land Records, Bengal.

Calcutta.

No. 1128A.—The 1st February 1923.—Mr. F. W. Robertson, I.C.S., Settlement Officer, Bankura, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

**Bankura.
Calcutta.**

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*No. 972A.—The 29th January 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 3 of Act V (B. C.) of 1881, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend John Reid to act as a member of the Christian Burial Board for the town and suburbs of Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of the Reverend H. Anderson.

Calcutta.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—*No. 1003A.—The 30th January 1923.*—Mr. J. C. H. Macnair, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and leave on half average pay in continuation for one year, seven months and ten days, under article 81 (d) of those rules.

Birbhum.
No. 1015A.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Upendra Chandra Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for three days (on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Noakhali.
No. 1020A.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Dhurjati Kumar Datta, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and the proviso thereunder, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 28th November 1922.

This cancels the orders of the 18th December 1922, posting the Sub-Deputy Collector to the Rajshahi Division.

Tippera.
No. 1023A.—The 29th January 1923.—Mr. D. H. Wares, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Tippera, is allowed leave for nine months, with effect from the 20th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (including a period of one month and seventeen days on account of privilege leave), and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1104A.—The 1st February 1923.—Babu Manindra Nath Basu, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for three days, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 17th May 1922.

No. 1112A.—The 31st January 1923.—Mr. C. H. Bompas, C.S.I., I.C.S., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave for fourteen months with effect from the 30th October 1922, viz., leave on average pay for one month and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

Calcutta.
No. 1120A.—The 1st February 1923.—Mr. F. A. Sachse, I.C.S., Director of Land Records, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (including a period of one month and fourteen days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Khulna.
No. 1161A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Maulvi Shaikh Abdullah No. II, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1163A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Babu Braja Pandhu Bhowmik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for twenty-eight days, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 27th October 1922.

No. 1172A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Mr. Braja Durlabh Hajra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 21st September 1922.

No. 1177A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Mr. C. F. Payne, I.C.S., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for sixteen months.

24-Parganas.
No. 1195A.—The 5th February 1923.—Mr. A. J. Chotzner, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave from the 9th February 1923 to the 8th October 1923, viz., leave on average pay for six months and twenty-eight days (including one month and three days on account of privilege leave) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

The orders contained in Government notification No. 460A., dated the 20th January 1923, are cancelled.

Khulna.
No. 1198A.—The 5th February 1923.—Mr. R. R. Garlick, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Khulna, is allowed leave from the 12th February 1923 to the 8th October 1923, viz., leave on average pay for six months and twenty-eight days (including one month and one day on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

POLICE.—No. 1060A.—*The 30th January 1923.*—Mr. R. W. Bell, officiating Assistant Principal, Police Training College, Sardah, is allowed leave for eight months, viz., leave on average pay for four months with effect from the 20th March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, under article 81(b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 1114A.—*The 31st January 1923.*—In modification of the orders of the 19th August 1922, Mr. W. G. Thrupp, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (of which twenty-five days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 7th October 1922.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1038A.—*The 30th January 1923.*—With reference to notification No. 1030A., dated the 30th January 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 20th February 1923 as the date by which nomination papers of candidates for election by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency shall reach the Returning Officer.

No. 1190A.—*The 31st January 1923.*—With reference to notification No. 1097A., dated the 31st January 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 21st February 1923 as the date by which nomination papers of candidates for election by the Presidency and Burdwan (European) constituency shall reach the Returning Officer.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1210P.—*The 1st February 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of issue No. 8, Volume I, of a newspaper in English entitled *The Advance-Guard*, dated the 15th January 1923, printed by the Emerald Press, Dublin, and published at London, and commencing with the words "Labour party and the National Congress" and ending with the words "our nationalists do not make much fuss when a poor worker is the victim", and all other documents containing extracts therefrom, on the ground that the said newspaper contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Police.

ERRATUM.

NOTIFICATION, dated the 2nd March 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 8th March 1922, Part I, pages 435-455, in part II (c) (2), paragraph 3, for "Babu Ghat" substitute "Balu Ghat."

R. CLARKE, *Commissioner of Police.*

CALCUTTA, the 12th January 1923.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1214A.

POWERS.

No. 1052A.—The 30th January 1923.—The Assistant Magistrates named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class :—

Mr. L. W. H. D. Best, I.C.S.
„ E. T. Coates, I.C.S.

No. 1055A.—The 30th January 1923.—The Assistant Magistrates named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class :—

Mr. C. N. Chandra, I.C.S.
„ A. S. Larkin, I.C.S.
„ B. E. J. Burge, I.C.S.

No. 1106A.—The 1st February 1923.—Under the authority vested in the Local Government by sub-section (2), section 8 of the Reformatory Schools Act, VIII of 1897, the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Khan Sahib Abdul Ghaffar, Deputy Magistrate, 24-Parganas, with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section.

No. 1158A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Mr. R. W. A. Ashe, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kalimpong, Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a munsif and with powers to try rent suits within that sub-division.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 646J.—The 30th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Santi Mohan Ghosh the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Raniganj bench in the said district. *

No. 659J.—The 30th January 1923.—Babu Praphulla Chandra Datta, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of the same district, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Durga Prasad Ghosh, or until further orders.

No. 711J.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Heramba Chandra Ghosh, a member of the Fatulla union board, in the Narainganj subdivision, in the district of Dacca, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Rajendra Kumar Dutt, resigned.

No. 712J.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Heramba Chandra Ghosh, a member of the Fatulla union board, in the Narainganj subdivision, in the district of Dacca, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Rajendra Kumar Dutt, resigned.

No. 723J.—The 2nd February 1923.—Babu Hem Chandra Mitra, munsif of Sirajganj in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed temporarily to act as Subordinate Judge of Pabna in the district of Pabna and Bogra, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Haripada Majumdar, or until further orders.

No. 725J.—The 2nd February 1923.—Babu Amulya Kumar Bhattacharji, M. Sc., B.L., is appointed to act temporarily as a munsif in the district of Pabna and Bogra, to be ordinarily stationed at Sirajganj, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Mitra, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 604J.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Netai Charan Ghosh, Subordinate Judge of Tippera, is allowed leave on half average pay for three weeks from the 6th January 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 606J.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Durga Prasad Ghosh, Subordinate Judge, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for eighteen days from the 5th December 1922 (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 644J.—The 30th January 1923.—Babu Haripada Majumdar, Subordinate Judge of Pabna, is allowed, under articles 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on half average pay from the 9th to the 31st January 1923, both days inclusive.

POWERS.

No. 642J.—The 30th January 1923.—Babu Srish Chandra Banarji, Subordinate Judge of Rajshahi and Malda, is vested with powers under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (V of 1920), to try all cases cognizable under this Act, arising within the executive district of Malda.

No. 667J.—The 31st January 1923.—Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, Subordinate Judge of Hooghly and Small Cause Court Judge of Howrah and Serampore, is vested with powers under section 3, clause (d) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, within the local limits of the Hooghly and Serampore munsifs.

No. 669J.—The 31st January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Harendra Krishna Sarkar, an Honorary Magistrate of the Magura bench, the powers of Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Jessore, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Magura subdivision of the said district.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offy.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 193L.S.-G.—The 29th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Arambagh Municipality in the district of Hooghly, under section 23 of the Act, electing Babu Satyendra Narayan Adhya to be Chairman of that Municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 200L.S.-G.—The 29th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Murshidabad Municipality, under section 23 of that Act, electing Syed Sadeq Reza to be their Chairman.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 204L.S.-G.—The 30th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Ben. Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Nabadwip Municipality, in the district of Nadia:—

Maulvi Abdul Majid.

Babu Ranjit Kumar Bhattacharji.

„ Ram Narayan Chattarji.

„ Baidya Nath Bhattacharji.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 213 L.S.-G.—The 30th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Rishra-Konnagar Municipality, in the district of Hooghly :—

Hooghly.

Mr. T. W. Palmer,
" N. Caddick.
Maulvi Abdul Mohaimin.
Dr. A. C. Bhattacharji.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 215 L.S.-G.—The 31st January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Asansol Municipality, in the district of Burdwan :—

Burdwan.

1. Dr. J. W. Tomb, O.B.E.
2. Mr. D. M. S. Robertson.
3. Maulvi Abdul Rashid
4. Babu Ram Chandra Marwari.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 240 L.S.-G.—The 2nd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Brahmanbaria Municipality in the district of Tippera :—

Tippera.

Babu Purna Chandra Chakrabarti.
" Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta.
" Surendra Nath Gupta.
Maulvi A. M. M. Shahoodul Haque.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 243 L.S.-G.—The 2nd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Rangpur Municipality, made in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend all the provisions of Part VIII of that Act to the said municipality.

Rangpur.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

ERRATUM.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 202 L.S.-G.—The 30th January 1923.—In Government notification No. 6090M., dated the 5th December 1922, published at page 2167, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th December 1922, appointing certain gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Garden Reach Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for "Prince Mirza Muhammad" read "Prince Mirza Muhammad Maquim."

24-Parganas.

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S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 180 P.H.—The 1st February 1923.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities' Loans Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction the following application from the Chairman of the Khulna District Board for a loan of Rs. 40,000 from Government bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum and repayable in forty half-yearly instalments of Rs. 1,873-1-6 each unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said District Board.

Khulna.

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| <p>(a) If the ordinary surplus is insufficient to meet the charges of the proposed loan the particular steps which the District Board has taken or has agreed to take to make good the deficiency.</p> <p>(b) Possible means of increase in the revenue of the District Board.</p> <p>(c) A statement of all outstanding loans as well as the annual charges involved on their account.</p> <p>(d) Any explanation in regard to receipt and expenditure to show the true financial position of the Board when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.</p> | <p>(a) The ordinary surplus is not insufficient.</p> <p>(b) The District Board expects a considerable increase in their income after the general survey and settlement which is at present going on in the district is over and at the next revaluation.</p> <p>(c) Nil.</p> <p>(d) Nil.</p> |
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Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 178P.H.—The 1st February 1923.—The following draft of an additional by-law which has been framed by the Commissioners of the Bogra Municipality, under section 350 of the Bengal Municipal Act 1881 (III of 1884), and which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to confirm under section 354 of the Act, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st April 1923, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered :—

“68A. Any person having possession of or control over any land or water on or in which there exists any water hyacinth shall, if so required by a notice in writing signed by the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman of the Municipality, destroy or remove such water-hyacinth to the satisfaction of the Commissioners within the period mentioned in such notice, provided that such notices (a) shall be issued simultaneously for the whole of the municipal area, and (b) shall not be issued oftener than once a year.

Fine Rs. 50 ; daily fine Rs. 5.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 158Medl.—The 29th January 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (ii) of section 69B of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and clause (k) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendment in rule 47 (iv) (b) of the rules for the establishment and management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, published under Government notification No. 138T.—Medl., dated the 7th June 1915, at pages 1052-1066 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, as subsequently modified :—

In rule 47 (iv) (b) of the said rules for the words “ District Officer ” substitute the words “ Chairman of the local body concerned.”

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 175Medl.—The 31st January 1923.—Captain E. S. Cuthbert, R.A.M.C., held medical charge of the civil station of Barrackpore from the 18th August to the 29th August 1922, both days inclusive.

24-Parganas.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 179Medl.—The 1st February 1923.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. E. Waters, I.M.S., Surgeon-Superintendent, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for six months and eight days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th April 1923.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 183 Medl.—The 1st February 1923.—Major A. Denham-White, I.M.S., Officiating Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospitals, is allowed leave

for one year, viz., leave on average pay from the 15th November 1922 to the 31st December 1922 (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, study leave for four months from the 1st January 1923 to the 30th April 1923, under rules 2 and 6 of the study leave rules of Indian Medical Service officers, and leave on average pay for the remaining period (of which twenty-four days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th November 1922.

2. This department notification No. 2616 Medl., dated the 7th November 1922, is hereby cancelled.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 205 Medl.—The 2nd February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Harendra Kumar Das, officiating Civil Surgeon, is transferred from Jalpaiguri to Chittagong Hill Tracts, with effect from the 14th December 1922.

**Jalpaiguri.
Chittagong.**

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 1769, dated Calcutta, the 1st February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Manindra Nath Mallik, House Physician, Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Calcutta, is granted leave on average pay for fifteen days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 21st December 1922.

No. 1771, dated Calcutta, the 1st February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Panchanan Sur, Assistant to the Assistant Director of Public Health, Malaria Research, Bengal, is granted leave on average pay for twenty-one days entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him under this department notification No. 18908, dated the 4th December 1922.

No. 1773, dated Calcutta, the 1st February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Tarak Nath Deb is granted leave on half average pay from 1st January 1922 to 13th February 1922, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in commutation of the leave already granted to him under the rules of the Civil Service Regulations, from 1st January 1922.

No. 1792, dated Calcutta, the 2nd February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Narendra Nath Chaudhuri is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from 25th January 1923.

No. 1826, dated Calcutta, the 2nd February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Satya Ranjan Sen is granted leave for six months with effect from the 8th January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for seventeen days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under article 81 (d) of those rules.

This department notification No. 153, dated the 3rd January 1923, appointing him as Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Parbatipur, is cancelled.

J. R. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 292 Edn.—The 30th January 1923.—Miss R. B. Verulkar, Second Mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, in the Bengal Educational Service (Women's Branch), is appointed to act as Principal of the school,

Dacca.

with effect from the date on which she takes over charge, during the absence, on deputation, of Mrs. Rajkumari Das, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 336 Edn.—The 2nd February 1923.—Khan Sahib Maulvi Kazi Imdadul Haq, Secretary to the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-one days, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, under article 81 (b) (iii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 333 Edn.—The 2nd February 1923.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen, head clerk office of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, is appointed to act as Secretary to the Board, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Khan Sahib Maulvi Kazi Imdadul Haque, on leave.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 386 Edn.—The 5th February 1923.—Mr. E. E. Biss, officiating Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, is allowed leave for twenty-five months and twenty days, with effect from the 1st March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and eighteen days are on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period or for the period due on the date of his relief, under rule 81 (d) of those rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 390 Edn.—The 5th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), and upon the application of the Magistrate of Howrah through the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to make the following amendment in notification No. 2486, dated the 16th July 1901 (published at page 912 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th July 1901), relating to the scheme for the administration of the "Ram Narayan Basu School Fund," namely :—

After paragraph 3 of the second schedule to the said notification *insert* the following namely :—

"4. All that piece or parcel of lakhraj land situate in the village of Maju in the zilla of Howrah and pargana Balia in the registration district of Howrah, sub-district and thana Jagatballavpur, containing an area measuring '97 acre, corresponding to 2 bigas 19 cottahs 1 chitak of standard measurement and bounded as follows :—

North—By public drain.

East—By feeder road and school road.

South—By school road and school compound.

West—By public drain and Amritdal Mukherji's paddy land.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Member in charge : The Hon'ble Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.O.M., Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.

No. 341 Edn.—The 2nd February 1923.—Mr. E. N. Blandy, I.C.S., is appointed to be a member of the Committee of management of the Loreto Orphanage, Entally, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. J. Donald, C.I.E., resigned.

Member in charge : The Hon'ble Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.M.O., Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.

No. 345 Edn.—The 2nd February 1923.—Mr. T. Emerson, C.I.E., I.C.S., is appointed to be a member of the Committee of management of the Loreto Orphanage, Entally, *vice* Mr. C. H. Bompas, C.S.I.

W. W. HORNELL,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 169 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—Babu Ashutosh Sarkar, Sub-Registrar in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Howrah, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Chinsura, in the district of Hooghly.

**Howrah.
Hooghly.**

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 171 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—Babu Mohim Chandra Batabyal, Sub-Registrar in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Chinsura, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Howrah.

**Hooghly.
Howrah.**

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 175 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—Khan Sahib Saiyid Abul Mansur, Sub-Registrar in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Mymensingh, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for fifteen days, with effect from the 10th January 1923.

Mymensingh.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 177 Mis.—The 1st February 1923.—Babu Pramatha Nath Das Gupta, Sadar 1st Joint Sub-Registrar, Mymensingh, is appointed temporarily to act as Sub-Registrar in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Mymensingh, during the absence, on leave, of Khan Sahib Saiyid Abul Mansur, or until further orders.

Mymensingh.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 180 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Majid to be a Muhammadan Registrar within union Nos. II, III, IV, XII and XIII in police-station Lakhipur, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 181 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Majid to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within union Nos. II, III, IV, XII and XIII in police-station Lakhipur, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 184 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Abdullah to be a Muhammadan Registrar within union Nos. I, V, VI, VII, VIII and IX, in police-station Lakhipur, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 185 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Abdullah to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within union Nos. I, V, VI, VII, VIII and IX, in police-station Lakhipur, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 188 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Tabarak Ali to be a Muhammadan Registrar within union Nos. X, XI, XIV, XV and XVI in police-station Lakhipur, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 189 Regn.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Tabarak Ali to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within union Nos. X, XI, XIV, XV and XVI, in police-station Lakhipur, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 193Mis.—The 2nd February 1923.—The following draft of rules, which in exercise of the powers conferred by section 20 of the Ancient

Dinajpur.

Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) propose to make for the purpose of protecting and preserving the ancient mounds described in the said draft, is, as required, by sub-section (2) of the said section, published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th March 1923, and any objection or suggestion with respect thereto which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft Rules.

1. No excavation within the limits of the villages of Jagadal and Jagat Nagar in thana Dhamoir Hat, in the Balurghat subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, wherein the ancient mounds, namely, Rajbari mound and others both to its north and south-east, the embankments of the ancient tank known as Tukamari Dighi, etc., are situated shall be carried out without a license from the Collector of Dinajpur.

2. Excavations carried out in pursuance of agricultural operations, such as ploughing, and the excavation of a tank or well shall not be deemed to be excavations within the meaning of rule 1, provided that no tank or well shall be dug without previous notice in writing to the Collector of Dinajpur, so as to enable him to take such action as he may think proper, to secure the prompt reporting of any discovery of articles or remains possessing archaeological value.

3. Any person committing a breach of rule 1 or 2 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 200.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 201Mis.—The 3rd February 1923.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Singha, District

Rajshahi.

Sub-Registrar, Rajshahi, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days from the 2nd August 1922 to the 16th August 1922, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

This cancels Government notification No. 1800Mis., dated the 31st August 1922.

J. N. ROY

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 197Mis.—The 3rd February 1923.—In notification No. 2629Mis., dated the 30th December 1922, published at page 33, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th January 1923, for "Bhandiswar" in line 4, paragraph 1, read "Bhadisvar."

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

The 27th January 1923.

No. 61A.—In modification of this office notification No. 22A(2), dated the 11th January 1923, Maulvi Muhammad Arifulla is appointed to act as Arabic

Hoochly.

teacher, Hoochly Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 60 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 60—4—100, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Badrul Alam, on leave, or until further orders.

The 30th January 1923.

No. 62A.—Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmed, B.A., late officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mahiganj, Rangpur, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar Circle, Rangpur, on an acting allowance of Rs. 75 a month, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Sarat Chandra De, or until further orders.

No. 63A.—Babu Panchu Gopal Bhattacharjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Contai, Midnapore, on Rs. 110 in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for three months, with effect from the 1st February 1923.

No. 64A.—Babu Satish Chandra Sikdar (No. 11), Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Ramnagar, Midnapore, on Rs. 75—5—200 a month, is granted leave on average pay, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for two months and ten days, with effect from the 15th October 1922.

He is also permitted to affix the Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

No. 65A.—Babu Subodh Bose, head master, Cox's Bazar Middle English School, Chittagong, on Rs. 75—200, is allowed leave on average pay, under rule 82(b) of the Fundamental Rules, for ninety-seven days, with effect from the 4th January 1923.

No. 66A.—Maulvi Sultan Ahmed, assistant master, Cox's Bazar Middle English School, Chittagong, on Rs. 50—2—80—3—110, is appointed to act as head master of the same school and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from 4th January 1923, *vice* Babu Subodh Bose, on leave or until further orders.

No. 67A.—Babu Satish Chandra Ganguly, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Daspur, in the district of Midnapore, on Rs. 90 a month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for two months, with effect from 2nd January 1923.

He is also permitted to prefix the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

No. 68A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Babu Bibhuti Bhusan Sarkar, B.Sc., is declared to have acted as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Binpur, Midnapore, from the 22nd August 1922 to the 4th September 1922, both days inclusive, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month, *vice* Babu Phanindra Nath Mukherji, on deputation.

(2) Babu Ahibhusan Ghosal, B.A., is declared to have acted as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Binpur, Midnapore, from the 14th October 1922 to the 4th December 1922, both days inclusive, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month, *vice* Babu Phanindra Nath Mukherji, on deputation.

No. 69A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 44A., dated the 19th January 1923, Maulvi Abdul Aziz, head maulvi, Hooghly Muallim Training School, and now officiating Arabic teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted leave on average pay for twenty-one days, with effect from the 13th November 1922, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave Sunday, the 12th November 1922.

The 31st January 1923.

No. 70A.—Babu Dwarkanath Mazumdar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandpur, Tippera, on Rs. 75—5—200, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Feni, is granted leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 24th November 1922.

The officiating arrangement already made for the conduct of the absentee's duties is allowed to continue.

No. 71A.—Babu Debendra Nath Bose, B.Sc, son of Babu Tarak Nath Bose, is appointed Assistant, Electro Technical Laboratory, Bengal Engineering College, substantively *pro tempore* on Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 5th January 1923, *vice* Babu Jitendra Nath Chakravarti, on deputation or until further orders.

No. 72A.—Maulvi Abdul Alim, Persian teacher, Government Moslem High English School, Chittagong, on Rs. 60—160, was allowed leave on average pay for twenty-seven days, under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 27th November 1922.

He was also permitted to affix the last Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

No. 73A.—Pending the arrival of Babu Narayandas Basu, Babu Kalidas Bhattacharjee, Assistant, Physical Laboratory, Hooghly College, on Rs. 75—5—200, is declared to have acted as Demonstrator of Physics of the same College and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400 with usual allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the 1st December 1922 to the 24th January 1923, both days inclusive, *vice* Babu Krishna Prasanna Bhattacharjee, resigned.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 42.—*The 31st January 1923.*—Babu Surendra Nath Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Joynagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for sixty days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 20, dated the 19th January 1923.

No. 43.—*The 31st January 1923.*—Maulvi Khadim Rasul, Sub-Registrar of Nasirnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 591, dated the 22nd December 1922.

No. 44.—*The 1st February 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Taha Khan, Sub-Registrar, grade I (on leave), is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Khanjampur, in the district of Bogra, with effect from the 20th January 1923.

No. 45.—*The 1st February 1923.*—Babu Dinesh Chandra Ray, Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Mymensingh, acted as First Joint Sub-Registrar of Mymensingh, from the 13th December 1922 to the 23rd December 1922.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1390 F., dated the 6th February 1923.

Copy of a letter No. 1388 F., dated the 6th February 1923, to the Accountant-General, Bengal.

IN continuation of this Government order No. 44 F., dated the 2nd January 1923, I am directed to convey the sanction of Government to the grant of grain compensation allowance of Re. 1 a month for the month of November 1922 to the undermentioned whole-time servants under this Government on the civil establishment drawing Rs. 12 or less per month. These orders will apply to all the districts of Bengal in which the cheapest common rice was sold dearer than 8 seers the rupee during the month. (In the districts of Murshidabad, Jessore, Birbhum, Bankura, Midnapore, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Maida, Faridpur, Noakhali and Chittagong Hill Tracts rice sold cheaper than 8 seers the rupee during the month) :—

Pandits of the Peasant Girls' Schools.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 201S.R.—The 30th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Chittagong Hill Tracts Regulation, 1900 (I of 1900), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), shall apply in the Chittagong Hill Tracts in respect of the salaries of all Government servants of His Majesty serving in the said tracts.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 544Com.—The 30th January 1923.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Messrs. Man Singh & Co., Jhinkargacha, district Jessore, are approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 3.—The 3rd February 1923.—Mr. W. I. Keir, Assistant Architect to the Government of Bengal, is granted leave on avorege pay for eight months and leave on half average pay for three months, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st March 1923, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 10.—The 2nd February 1923.—Rai Sahib Krishna Dhon Banerji, Assistant Engineer, is granted leave on average pay for four months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the proviso thereunder, in extension of the leave already granted.

No. 11.—The 3rd February 1923.—Rai Sahib Krishna Dhon Banerji, Assistant Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the office of the Superintending Engineer, South-Western Circle, until further orders.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 498Ind.—The 31st January 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel G. R. Hearn, D.S.O., R.E., Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, to be a member of the Advisory Board of Industries, Bengal, reconstituted under this department Resolution No. 58Ind., dated the 4th January 1923, with effect from the 16th January 1923, *vice* Colonel H. A. Cameron, C.I.E., resigned.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in-charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 581Mis.—The 3rd February 1923.—Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Chain-ud-din, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Department of Agriculture and Industries, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days from 2nd January 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in-charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 582Mis.—The 3rd February 1923.—Khan Bahadur Asaduzzaman, Deputy Collector, now employed as Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal, is appointed to act as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Department of Agriculture and Industries, during the absence, on leave, of Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Chain-ud-din, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 610 Misc.—The 5th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (II of 1912), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to confer on Babu Upendra Nath Sen, divisional auditor of co-operative societies, appointed as Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Dacca, all the powers of a Registrar under the said Act.

Dacca.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 1511.—The 30th January 1923.—(1) In modification of notification No. 2549, dated the 1st March 1920, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies in charge of the Meherpur circle as liquidator of the Haulia Co-operative Society (registered No. 112 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle as liquidator of the said society, in place of the abovementioned inspector of co-operative societies.

(2) In modification of notification No. 2549, dated the 1st March 1920, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies in charge of the Meherpur circle as liquidator of the Biswanathpur Co-operative Society (registered

No. 326 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle as liquidator of the said society, in place of the above-mentioned inspector of co-operative societies.

(3) In modification of notification No. 2549, dated the 1st March 1920, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies in charge of the Meherpur circle as liquidator of the Gobindapur Co-operative Credit Society (registered No. 147 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle, as liquidator of the said society, in place of the above-mentioned inspector of co-operative societies.

(4) In modification of notification No. 2549, dated the 1st March 1920, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies in charge of the Meherpur circle as liquidator of the Jagannathpur Co-operative Bank (Catholic) (registered No. 113 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle as liquidator of the said society, in place of the above-mentioned inspector of co-operative societies.

(5) In modification of notification No. 1174, dated the 21st January 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies, Meherpur, as liquidator of the Rahamatpur Co-operative Credit Society (registered No. 68 of 1915) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle as liquidator of the said society, in place of the above-mentioned inspector of co-operative societies.

(6) In modification of notification No. 1180, dated the 21st January 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies, Meherpur, as liquidator of the Barbakpur Co-operative Credit Society (registered No. 301 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle as liquidator of the said society, in place of the above-mentioned inspector of co-operative societies.

(7) In modification of notification No. 13932, dated the 1st November 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the inspector of co-operative societies, Meherpur, as liquidator of the Char Nabinganj Co-operative Credit Society (registered No. 541 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the auditor of co-operative societies in charge of Meherpur circle as liquidator of the said society, in place of the above-mentioned inspector of co-operative societies.

No. 1512.—The 30th January 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Nurpur Co-operative Store, Limited (or otherwise known as Nurpur Co-operative Store Shimbadda Dwayittabishista Samiti, Limited) (registered No. 241 of 1919), in the district of Faridpur, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Faridpur, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 1673.—The 1st February 1923.—In supersession of notification No. 12077, dated the 9th September 1922, in so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Khulna, as liquidator of the Katipara Standard Co-operative Bank (district Khulna), I appoint the auditor of Co-operative Societies, Raruli, instead, as liquidator of the said society.

No. 1715.—The 2nd February 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Saver Co-operative Bank (registered No. 680 of 1917) in the district of Pabna under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Bhangaria, in the district of Pabna, to be liquidator of the said society.

M. THORP,

Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 70Exc.—The 3rd February 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Gholam Mustapha, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Mymensingh, is allowed one month's extension of leave on average pay in continuation of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 58Exc., dated the 29th November 1922.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATION.

Rajshahi.
Noakhali.
No. 962 L.R.—The 29th January 1923.—Government notification No. 8982 L.R., dated the 11th October 1922, published at page 1912, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem, appointing Mr. Surendra Nath Bhattacharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Nator in the district of Rajshahi, as Khas Tahsildar of Hatiya in the district of Noakhali, is hereby cancelled.

Calcutta.
No. 1046 L.R.—The 31st January 1923.—Mr. C. A. O'Donel, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is appointed to be Officer in charge of the Bengal Traverse Party and the Bengal Drawing Office, with effect from the 16th January 1923, *vice* the late Mr. P. F. Delaney.

Bakarganj.
No. 1117 L.R.—The 2nd February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (16) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Madhu Sudan Das, Additional Sadar Subdivisional Officer, in the district of Bakarganj, is authorised to discharge the functions of a Collector under sections 40 and 58 of the Act within his jurisdiction.

Calcutta.
No. 1087 L.R.—The 1st February 1923.—Mr. C. A. O'Donel, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, who was employed as Assistant to the Officer-in-charge, Bengal Drawing Office, is allowed leave on half average pay, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, for eight days, in extension of the leave granted to him in Government notification No. 2797 L.R., dated the 11th September 1922.

Bankura.
Burdwan.
No. 1072 L.R.—The 1st February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 108A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Amulya Kumar Guha, Assistant Settlement Officer, Bankura, to make corrections in the records-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in the district of Bankura and in the Asansol subdivision of the district of Burdwan, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

Faridpur.
No. 988 L.A.—The 30th January 1923.—Babu Kalipada Maitra, Subdivisional Officer of Gopalganj, in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Dacca.
No. 990 L.A.—The 30th January 1923.—Rai Kumar S. C. Sinha Bahadur, Subdivisional Officer, Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Khulna.
No. 1005 L.A.—The 30th January 1923.—Babu Niranjan Ray, Subdivisional Officer, Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Mymensingh.
No. 1060 L.A.—The 1st February 1923.—Mr. N. V. H. Symons, I.C.S., Subdivisional Officer, Tanguil, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

Dacca.
No. 1011 L.A.—The 30th January 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, *viz.*, for sewerage outfall works at Karatitola in the town of Dacca, in the mahalla of Karatitola, parganas (1) Chandprotap Khalsh, (2) Naraindia, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that

for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·0495 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 178,

East—By the land already acquired for sewerage outfall works and land of Tara Sundari Debi,

South—By the land of Tara Sundari Debi, land already acquired for sewerage outfall works and grave-yard, and

West—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 144, 170, 171 and grave-yard,

is required within the aforesaid mahalla of Karatitola.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1070L.A.—The 1st February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Nadia.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Krishnagar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the municipal kotwali pound, in the village of Goari Gobinda Sharak, pargana Ukhara, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 cottahs 3 chitaks and 25 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to ·04 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By District settlement cadastral plots Nos. 3706 and 3711,

East—By District settlement cadastral plot No. 3711 (High Street),

South—By District settlement cadastral plot No. 3713, and

West—By District settlement cadastral plots Nos. 3713 and 3706,

is required within the aforesaid village of Goari Gobinda Sharak.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Nadia.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1071L.A.—The 1st February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

24-Parganas.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Bhabla Tantra U. P. School, in the village of Bhabla, pargana Balia, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·3306 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the land of Sir R. N. Mukherjee, K.C.I.E.,

East—By Tantra-Bhabla Road,

South—By the land of Kalipada Mitra, and

West—By the lands of Ranga Lal Seal, Ananta Bala Dasi, Manmatha Nath Ghose and Basanta Kumar Bose,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bhabla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Officer, Primary Education, Bengal.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1075L.A.—The 1st February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Tippera.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chandpur Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the new Baghadi road at Chandpur, in the village of Bara Raghunathpur, pargana Patikara, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of

land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 15 cottahs 14 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to '92 of an acre, bounded on the—

North-west—By land of Chandpur Municipality survey plot No. 814,

North and North-east—By cadastral survey plot No. 634 (road),

South-east—By part of cadastral survey plot No. 590,

South—By parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 590, 591 and 595,

South-west—By parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 596, 597, 598, 599, 617, 625, 626, 627, 628, 630, 631, 633 and 123,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bara Raghunathpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1096 L.A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Tippera.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Comilla Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for an elevated reservoir for the storage of water in connection with Comilla Waterworks, in the village of Bazrapur, pargana Meherkul, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 18 cottahs and 12 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to '31 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By part of town survey plot No. 308 and Dacca- Chittagong Trunk Road,

East—By town survey plots Nos. 310, 312 and 314,

South—By town survey plot No. 307, and

West—By town survey plot No. 109 (municipal katcha drain) and part of town survey plot No. 308,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bazrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1124 L.A.—The 2nd February 1925.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Malda.

Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipality of Nawabganj for a public purpose, viz., for improvement of Panjrapara Road at Nawabganj in mauza Charjote Pratap, pargana Chandlai and mauza Nawabganj, pargana Huzrapur, zilla Malda, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, '13 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT 1:

North—By Diara Survey plots Nos. 108 and 110 (plot 110 is the 'plot "C" of the proposed land),

East—By Diara Survey plot No. 1045,

South—By Diara Survey plots Nos. 336 and 337,

West—By Diara Survey plot No. 1101,

PLOT 2:

North—By Diara Survey plot No. 109,

East—By Diara Survey plot No. 1045,

South—By Diara Survey plots Nos. 336 and 337 (plots A and B of the land proposed to be acquired),

West—By Diara Survey plot No. 108,

are required within the aforesaid mauzas.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Malda.

Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

sewerage
parganas 1

DECLARATION.

No. 1125 L.A.—The 2nd February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a ballast field for the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the villages of (1) Rangadas Jote, (2) Kholai Bhoktari Jote, (3) Sibmathdas Jote and (4) Kholai Singh Babat Rajrajeswari Jote, in mauza Dabgram, pargana Baikunthapur, zilla Darjeeling, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 20.42 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT A :

North—By Forest Department timber yard,
East—By Rangadas jote and Kholai Bhoktari jote,
South and West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land,

PLOT B :

A plot of land of an average breadth of 90 feet and extending from the Forest Department timber yard at Siliguri, northwards to the junction of Kholai Singh Babat Rajrajeswari Jote in the Baikunthapur zamindari estate and Mandalguri Jote in the Terai Government estate. The land in question passes through the villages mentioned above and lies in the Siliguri thana of the Siliguri subdivision, district Darjeeling.

are required in the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1144 L.A.—The 3rd February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bakarganj for a public purpose, viz., for diversion of Baniasuri khal, in the village of North Bejoypur, pargana Bangrora, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, .73 of an acre bounded on the—

BLOCK A :

North—By portion of plots Nos. 171 to 174 and Palordi Guila Road (plot No. 1),
East—By plot No. 230 (side cut),
South—By plot No. 267 and portion of plots Nos. 170, 171, 173, 174 and 168.
West—By portion of plot No. 170 and Palordi Goila Road (plot No. 1),

BLOCK B :

North and East—By portion of plot No. 232,
South—By plot No. 243,
West—By plot No. 231,

are required within the aforesaid village of North Bejoypur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bakarganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1168 L.A.—The 5th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Assam-Bengal Railway for a public purpose, viz., for officers' quarters in the villages of Pahartali and Lal Khan Bazar, thana Kotwali, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 51.78 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 181, 182 and 180 and the land occupied by the Chittagong Waterworks,
East—By the Public Works Department land,

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1

South—By the Tiger Pass Road and the Public Works Department land, and

West—By the remaining portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 3558, 3661, 3555, 3626, 3625, 5355 and 181,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Pahartali and Lal Khan Bazar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1170 L.A.—The 5th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Burdwan. Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for Methani siding (Aldih branch), in the villages of Bejdihi, Aldih and Methani, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 61 bighas 9 cottahs 6 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 20.32 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Bagala Chatteraj, Rakha Hari Mukherjee, Jasoda Nandan Sadhu, Sarat Chatteraj, Upendra Chatteraj, Sriram Sadhu, Rakhal Chatteraj, Tanu Bagdi, Manohar Roy, Bhuban Majhi, Kashi Roy, Mohadeb Sadhu, Rakhal Majhi, Nimai Laik, Kali Majhi, Mohananda Majhi, Rakhal Roy, Rajani Sadhu and Aldih Coal Company,

East—By the lands of Bagala Chatteraj, Sarat Chandra Chatteraj, Rakha Hari Mukherjee and Felaram Chatterjee,

South—By the lands of Sarat Chandra Chatteraj, Rakha Hari Mukherjee, Atul Chandra Chatterjee, Bagala Chatteraj, Aldih Coal Company, Manohar Roy, Radha Raman Khan, Beni Roy, Pran Krista Karmakar, Ananda Majhi, Gobardhan Karmakar, Jagabandhu Roy, Jasoda Sadhu, Hrishikesh Laik, Jugal Sadhu and Haradhan Majhi, and

West—By the lands of the Aldih Coal Company and the Bejdihi siding of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Bejdihi, Aldih and Methani.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Adra.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1165 For.—The 5th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 19 of the

Jalpaiguri. Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878), the Governor in Council declares that the forest situated in the Jalpaiguri district and the boundaries of which are specified below is reserved forest with effect from 1st April 1923. This forest will be known as Ramshai extension to Lower Tandu and Daina forests :—

DISTRICT JALPAIGURI.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Pargana or subdivision.	Name of forest.	Approximate area (acres).	Pillar No.	Bearings (degrees).	Distances in chains.
<i>North</i> —					
Sadar ...	Ramshai extension to the Lower Tandu and Daina forests.	4,360*	From wooden pillar (unnumbered) nearest to the Jal-dhaka on south boundary of Lower Tandu the line follows the south boundary, as shown in the settlement map, as far as the north-west corner of Altadanga T. G.		

Pargana or subdivision	Name of forest.	Approximate area (acres).	Pillar No	Bearings (degrees).	Distances in chains.
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DISTRICT JALPAIGURI.

East—

Sadar ...	Ramshai extension to the Lower Tandu and Daina forests.	4,360*	The western boundary of Altadanga and Jaldhaka tea grants to the north-west corner of jote 1571. Thence this corner to post—		
			6	...	83 20
			6 to 7	...	184 12-66
			7 to 8	...	191 21
			8 to 9	...	199 12
			9 to 10	...	191 12-5
			10 to 11	...	182 6
			11 to 12	...	228 13-5
			12 to 13	...	190 12
			13 to 14	...	140 12-33
			14 to 15	...	94 5-25
			15 to 16	...	152½ 7
			16 to 17	...	165 13
			17 to 18	...	144½ 9-5
			18 to 19	...	145 10-75
			19 to 20	...	158 8
			20 to 21	...	167 8
			21 to 22 (west boundary of jote No. 1461)	...	257½ 5-33
			22 to 23 (north boundary of jote No. 1449)	...	257½ 9-5
			23 to 24 (west boundary of jote No. 1449)	...	172 7-17
			24 to 25 (west boundary of jote No. 1448)	...	187 12-17
			25 to 26 (part of west boundary of jote No. 1391)	...	173½ 8-75
			26 to 27 ditto	...	164½ 13
			27 to 28	...	171 6-25
			28 to 29	...	218½ 10
			29 to 30	...	129½ 6-5
			30 to 31	...	147 10-33
			31 to 32	...	176½ 4
			32 to 33	...	181½ 10
			33 to 34 (part of west boundary of jote No. 1382)	...	171 10-75
			34 to 35 ditto	...	181 14-33
			35 to 36 ditto	...	173½ 11-25
			36 to 37	...	193½ 8
			37 to 38	...	170 11-66
			38 to 39	...	103½ 17-5
			39 to 40	...	117½ 4
			40 to 41	...	202½ 10
			41 to 42	...	202½ 6
			42 to 43	...	250½ 14
			43 to 44	...	239½ 10
			44 to 45	...	229½ 5
			45 to 46	...	170½ 8
			46 to 47	...	257½ 13-75
			47 to 48	...	206 14
			48 to 49	...	217½ 12-5

South—

49 to 50	(across Jaldhaka river and 7 chains from west bank)	...	254	
50 to 51	...	...	254	24
51 to 52	...	...	287	14

West—

52 to 53	...	...	38	46
53 to 54	...	...	25½	18
54 to 55	...	...	4½	16
55 to 56	...	...	344½	16

Pargana or subdivision.	Name of forest.	Approximate area (acres).	Pillar No.	Bearings (degrees).	Distances in chains.
DISTRICT JALPAIGURI.					
West—concl'd.					
Sadar ...	Ramshai extension to the Lower Tandu and Diana forests.	4,360*	The western boundary of Altadanga and Jaldhaka tea grants to the north-west corner of jote 1571. Thence this corner to post—		
			56 to 57	...	346 15
			57 to 58	...	344 10·5
			58 to 1A	...	14 12·5
			1A to 2A (along bank of Jaldhaka river)	...	7 12
			2A to 3A ditto	...	347½ 13
			3A to 4A ditto	...	343½ 10
			4A to 5A ditto	...	325½ 15
			5A to 6A ditto	...	311½ 10
			6A to 7A ditto	...	350½ 7·5
			7A to 8A ditto	...	350½ 10
			8A to 9A ditto	...	3½ 10
			9A to 10A ditto	...	8½ 7·5
			10A to 11A ditto	...	337½ 10
			11A to 12A ditto	...	335 10
			12A to 13A ditto	...	8 8
			13A to 14A ditto	...	5½ 10
			14A to 15A ditto	...	7 10
			15A to 16A ditto	...	352½ 12
			16A to 17A ditto	...	13½ 10
			17A to 18A ditto	...	340½ 8
			18A to 19A ditto	...	347½ 10
			19A to 20A ditto	...	352½ 10
			20A to 21A ditto	...	311 10
			21A to 22A ditto	...	359½ 9·75
			22A to 23A ditto	...	29½ 10·5
			23A to 24A ditto	...	325 8·5
			24A to 25A ditto	...	333½ 12
			25A to 26A ditto	...	355½ 16
			26A to 27A ditto	...	½ 10·5
			27A to 28A ditto	...	319½ 4
			28A to 29A ditto	...	353 7·5
			29A to 30A ditto	...	333½ 6·5
			30A to 31A ditto	...	308½ 8
			31A to 32A ditto	...	345 9
			32A to 33A ditto	...	351½ 10
			33A to 34A ditto	...	360 10
			34A to 35A ditto	...	3½ 11
			35A to 36A ditto	...	309½ 12·75
			36A to 37A ditto	...	324½ 10
			37A to 38A ditto	...	319 14
			38A to 39A ditto	...	34½ 16·5
			39A to 40A ditto	...	½ 7·75
			40A to 59 ditto	...	8½ 5
			59 to 60 (on Bengal Duars Railway, Ramshai Branch, embankment 5½ chains from o point)	...	360 26
			60 to 61	...	29½ 53·33
			61 to 62	...	316 18·5
			62 to 63	...	338 26·25
			63 to 64	...	307½ 28·25
			64 to 65	...	352½ 44·25
			65 to (starting point wooden pillar unnumbered)	...	294 11·75
			Lower Tandu forest ...	294	11·75

* At. area of 2 acres 2 roods and 7 poles will be under the management of the Public Works Department on their Ramshai-Gairkata road.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 375 L., dated the 5th February, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. William Lauder Leslie has been declared under rule 12(2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Calcutta Trades Association constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 10TH JANUARY 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1923 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the twelfth day of February next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

MIRZA MOHOMED ALI NAKEY, *Sheriff.*

সরফ আফিস, সন্ম ১৯২৩ সাল, তারিখ ১০ই জানুয়ারি।

সকলকে সমাগার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম জর্জের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নস্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামী সন ১৯২৩ সালের ১২ই ফেব্রুয়ারী সোমবার, বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯২৩ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহার। উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদমা করে, তিতি।

মিরজা মহম্মদ আলি নাকি,
সরফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL.

The 31st January 1923.

No. 668 A.—Babu Biharilal Sarkar, officiating Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be a District Delegate, under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865), and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the executive district of Bogra.

No. 671 A.—Babu Kumud Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge of Dinajpur, and *ex officio* Subordinate Judge of Jalpaiguri, is appointed to be a District Delegate, under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865), and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the executive district of Jalpaiguri.

CIVIL.

No. 674 A.—Babu Kumud Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge of Dinajpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Dinajpur.

No. 675 A.—Babu Biharilal Sarkar, officiating Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Bogra munsifi.

The 1st February 1923.

No. 712A.—Babu Rohini Kanta Mitra, officiating Subordinate Judge of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar Munsifi of Chittagong.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

The 1st February 1923.

THE Hon'ble the Chief Justice has granted to Mr. Satis Chandra Mitra, Registrar in Insolvency, High Court, Original Side, leave on average pay from 1st February 1923 to 29th March 1923, both days inclusive (on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with permission to annex the Easter holidays from 20th March 1923 to 6th April 1923 to his leave, and has appointed Mr. N. R. Mehta, Barrister-at-Law, to officiate for him.

By order of the High Court,

MAURICE REMFRY,

Registrar

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of February 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Court of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

February 1923.			Working days.	
Hooghly—from 1st to 8th	7
Serampore—from 9th to 19th	7
Howrah—from 20th to 28th	8

(Sundays and holidays excepted.)

NAGENDRA NATH GHOSE, *Judge.*

SMALL CAUSE COURT, SERAMPORE, *the 16th January 1923.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Act IX of 1887 that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Dacca and Munshiganj, will, in the month of March 1923, sit in the Courts on the undermentioned dates :—

March 1923—

Munshiganj—From 12th to 17th March 1923.

Dacca—The rest of the working days of the month of March 1923.

J. C. GOSWAMI, *Judge.*

SMALL CAUSE COURT, DACCA, *the 30th January 1923.*

ORDERS BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 17Jct.—Maulvi Zahurul Quiyum, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to the headquarters station of the Rangpur district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHÍ DIVN., CAMP RANGPUR, *the 29th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 369J.—Babu Badanya Kumar Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for seven days with effect from the 27th November to the 3rd December 1922, both days inclusive.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 29th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 460R.G.—Babu Deb Narayan Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Ranaghat subdivision of the district of Nadia.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 27th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 466R.G.—Babu Binod Mohan Chakrabartty, Sub-Deputy Collector and Chaukidari Circle Officer, Meherpur, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 29th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 435J.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen Gupta (No. II), Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th January 1923.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 31st January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 264J.G.—Babu Phanindra Nath Ghose, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector Hooghly, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Arambagh in that district.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 30th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 395J.—This office notification No. 2-Jct., dated the 22nd January 1923, posting Maulvi Nurul Huq, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division (on leave), to Nator subdivision of the district of Rajshahi, is cancelled.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 1st February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 398J.—Maulvi Nurul Huq, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division (on leave), is posted to Balurghat subdivision of the district of Dinajpur.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 1st February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 402J.—This office notification No. 106J., dated the 11th January 1923, posting Babu Lalit Kumar Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, to Balurghat sub-division in the district of Dinajpur, published at page 108, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, is cancelled.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 1st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 468R.-G.—Babu Surendra Nath Banarji (No. III), Sub-Deputy Collector, Bongaon, Jessore, is granted leave on average pay for six weeks (of which ten days is on account of privilege leave at credit), with effect from the 26th January 1923.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 31st January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 307J.G.—Babu Amar Nath Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Howrah, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks with effect from the 24th January 1923 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 31st January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 464J.—Maulvi Saadat Hossain Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation on leave, who has been posted to the Dacca Division in Government notification No. 612A., dated the 26th January 1923, is posted temporarily to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 434J.—Babu Monoranjan Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to Nilphamari subdivision of the district of Rangpur.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 380J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 63 (1) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, the following members of the Bengal Legislative Council are appointed to be non-official visitors of the district and subsidiary jails in the district of Mymensingh :—

Names of jails and sub-jails.	Names of non-official visitors.
Mymensingh District Jail	{ 1. Raja Manmatha Nath Ray Chaudhuri. 2. Maulvi Muhammad Rafikuddin Khan.
Jamalpur Sub-jail	... 1. Maulvi Abdul Jubbar Pahlwan.
Tangail Sub-jail	... 1. Maulvi Arhamuddin Khandakar.
Kishoreganj Sub-jail	... 1. Mr. S. M. Bose.
Netrokona Sub-jail	... 1. Babu Brajendra Kishore Ray Chaudhuri.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 29th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 387J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 63 (1) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, the following members of the Bengal Legislative Council are appointed to be non-official visitors of the central and subsidiary jails in the district of Dacca :—

Names of central and sub-jails.	Names of non-official visitors.
Dacca Central Jail	... { 1. Nawabzada Khan Bahadur K. M. Afzal.
Munshiganj Sub-jail	... { 2. Rai Pyari Lal Doss Bahadur, M.B.E.
Narayanganj Sub-jail	... 1. Babu Jogendra Nath Ray.
Manikganj Sub-jail	... 1. Mr. J. A. deLisle.
	... 1. Dr. A. Surahwardi.

2. Under rule 63 (2) of the said Code, the following gentlemen and ladies are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Dacca Central Jail for a period of two years :—

1. Khan Bahadur Kazi Alauddin Ahmed, B.A.
2. Syed A. F. Sharfuddin.
3. Mr. R. K. Doss, Barrister-at-Law.
4. Nawabzadi Akhtar Banu Khanum.
5. Mrs. P. C. De.
6. " P. K. Bose.
7. " Bevan Jones.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 29th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 392J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 63 (1) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, the following members of the Bengal Legislative Council are appointed to be non-official visitors of the district and sub-jails in the district of Bakarganj :—

Names of jail and sub-jails.	Names of non-official visitors.
Barisal District Jail	... 1. Rai Nibaran Chandra Das Gupta Bahadur.
Pirojpur Sub-jail	... 1. Maulvi Azaharuddin Ahmed.
Patuakhali Sub-jail	... 1. Maulvi Fazlal Karim.
Bhola Sub-jail	... 1. Maulvi Fazlal Karim Chaudhury.

2. Under rule 63 (2) of the said Code, the following ladies are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Barisal District Jail for a period of two years :—

1. Mrs. Raw (Baptist Mission).
2. Sister Ada (Oxford Mission).

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, the 29th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 488J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 63 (1) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, the following members of the Bengal Legislative Council are appointed to be non-official visitors of the District and Subsidiary Jails in the district of Faridpur :—

Names of District and Sub-jails.	Names of non-official visitors.
Faridpur District Jail	... { 1. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Rahamat Jan Chaudhuri.
Goalundo Sub-jail	... { 2. Babu Bhishmadeb Das.
Gopalganj Sub-Jail	... Dr. J. N. Moitra.
	... Khan Bahadur Maulvi Rahamat Jan Chaudhuri.
Madaripur Sub-jail	... { 1.* Babu Jogendra Kishore Roy.
	... { 2.* Maulvi Mesbah-uddin Ahmed.

* In rotation No. 1 for the 1st half year (January to June) and No. 2 for the 2nd half year (July to December).

Under rule 63 (2) of the said Code, the following ladies are appointed as non-official visitors of the District and Subsidiary Jails in the district of Faridpur mentioned against their names for a period of two years :—

Names of District and Sub-jails.	Names of Lady visitors.
Faridpur District Jail	... Mrs. A. Barber.
Madaripur Sub-Jail	... „ I. C. Starrock.
Goalundo Sub-Jail	... „ E. Sen.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 490J.—It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Surendra Nath Roy, M.A., B.L., is appointed as a non-official visitor of the Faridpur District Jail, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Karim, resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 207J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby reappoint Babus Ramapati Mitra and Gyanada Charan Bose to be non-official visitors of the Contai subsidiary jail for a period of one year.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 203J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby reappoint Babus Lalit Mohan Mitra and Behari Lal Mukherjee to be non-official visitors of the Tamluk subsidiary jail for a period of one year.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 231J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babus Debendra Lal Khan and Sarat Chandra Jana, members of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be non-official visitors of the Midnapore Central Jail till the next election of the Council or till 15th December 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 227 J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Sarat Chandra Jana, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Contai subsidiary jail till the next election of the Bengal Council or till 15th December 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 223 J. G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Sarat Chandra Mukhopadhaya, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Tamluk subsidiary jail till the next election of the Bengal Council or till 15th December 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 219 J. G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Devendra Lal Khan, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Ghatal subsidiary jail till the next election of the Council or till 15th December 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 215 J. G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Devendra Lal Khan, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Jhargram subsidiary jail till the next election of the Bengal Council or till 15th December 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 24th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 211 J. G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Syed Gholam Ala Eba to be a non-official visitor of the Midnapore Central Jail for a period of one year, *vice* Babu Atal Behari Sinha, resigned.

I also reappoint Babu Radha Gobinda Pal to be a non-official visitor of the Midnapore Central Jail for a period of one year.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 199 J. G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babus Atal Behari Sinha and Jagadis Chandra Dhabal Deb to be non-official visitors of the Jhargram subsidiary jail for a period of one year.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 195 J. G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Miss K. A. Blair, Mission House, to be a non-official lady visitor of the Tamluk subsidiary jail for a period of one year.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 191J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint the undermentioned ladies to be non-official lady visitors of the Midnapore Central Jail for a period of one year:—

1. Miss Ruth Daniels, Mission House.
2. Miss M. E. Barnard, Mission House.
3. Miss Niroj Basini Shome, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Midnapore.
4. Mrs. P. Bose, Midnapore.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, CHINSURA, *the 25th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 88M.—It is hereby notified for general information that in the bye-election held on the 6th January 1923, in ward No. IV of the Ramjibanpore Municipality, in the district of Midnapore, Babu Jogendra Nath Roy was duly elected as a Commissioner of that municipality.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 30th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 321M.—It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election will be held on Saturday, the 24th March 1923, to elect a Commissioner of Ward No. I of the English Bazar Municipality, in the district of Malda, *vice* Babu Bepin Behari Ghose, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 3rd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 254M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (2) of the Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, Babu Jitendra Chandra Rai Choudhuri is appointed a member of the Sadar local board, in the district of Rangpur, in place of Rai Sarat Chandra Chatterjee Bahadur, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 31st January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 448G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election by the members of the Feni local board of Maulvi Muhammad Sadeque, B.L., as their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 3rd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 298M.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, I approve the election by the members of the Naogaon local board in the district of Rajshahi of Maulvi Tarif Muhammad to be their Chairman.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 295M.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, I approve the election by the members of the Nator local board in the district of Rajshahi of Maulvi Quazi Jasimuddin to be their Chairman.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 292M.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, I approve the election by the members of the Sadar local board in the district of Rajshahi of Babu Kumud Nath Dutt to be their Chairman.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 301M.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B. C.) of 1908, I approve the election by the members of the Kurigram local board, in the district of Rangpur, of Babu Jogesh Chandra Roy Choudhury to be their Chairman, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Razzaque, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 226L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Siddeswar Chatterjee has been appointed by the Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Simlagori-Vitasin union board in Pandua police-station, in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Mukharjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 26th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 229L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Hiralal Pal has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Udang union board in Amta police-station in the Uluberia subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Sital Chandra Bera, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 26th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 354G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Babu Jogendra Mohan Nag to be a duly elected member of the Shabazpur union board, police-station Sarail in the Tippera district, in place of Babu Chandra Kumar Das, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 29th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 252L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Kishore Mohan Banerjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Thakurani-Chak union board in Khanakul police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasad Banerjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 26th January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 271L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Sheikh Enat Mondal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Sripur-Balagarh union board in Balagarh police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Lutfar Rahman, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 31st January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 278L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sishir Kumar Chatterjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of Bhedia union board in Ausgram police-station in the Sadar subdivision in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Sat Kari Chatterjee, removed.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 1st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 486J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Gopi Ballav Saha has been elected to be a member of the Birolia union board in Sabhar police-station in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Lalit Mohan Gope, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 2nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 374J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the dispensary at Shibganj in the district of Bogra :—

1. The Sub-Registrar, Shibganj.
2. „ Muhaminadan Marriage Registrar, Shibganj.
3. „ Officer in charge of Shibganj thana.
4. Head Master, Shibganj Middle English School.
5. Postmaster, Shibganj.
6. Syed Abu Mohammad Musharaff Hossain Chaudhuri.
7. Munshi Foyaz Uddin Sarkar.
8. Babu Radha Binod Sarkar.
9. „ Surendra Nath Sarkar.
10. „ Kshitish Chandra Mewas.
11. Munshi Mahammad Samserali.
12. „ Ejjat Ulla Adanda.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 31st January 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that Miss Sudhira Guha, teacher of the Faridpur Girls' School, has been appointed to be a member of the committee of management of the said school, *vice* Babu Trailokhya Nath Mitra, resigned.

G. P. HOGG, *District Magistrate.*

FARIDPUR, the 2nd February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 232 L.S.-G.—The following bye-law adopted by the District Board of Hooghly at its special meeting held on the 18th December 1922 for the protection and safety of bridges and culverts on its roads, is published under rule 6 of the rules issued with Government notification No. 764 T.M., dated the 7th September 1920, for general information.

The bye-law will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st March 1923 for the purpose of confirmation, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be considered :—

"25A. No person shall drive a motor lorry or other conveyance propelled by mechanical power weighing together with its load, if any, more than two tons over any District Board or Local Board bridges or culverts."

In the penalty bye-law 46 (1) after the figures "25" insert the figures and letter "25A."

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 16 R.A.—The following additional bye-law adopted by the District Board of Murshidabad was published at pages 141-142, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th January 1922, with a notice that it would be taken into consideration on or after the 15th February 1922, and that any objection or suggestion received before that date would be considered. No objection or suggestion has been received within the specified date :—

In exercise of the power conferred on me by paragraph 2 of section 139 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the bye-law is hereby confirmed, and with reference to rule 7 (1) of the rules promulgated with Government notification No. 764 T.M., dated the 7th September 1910, it is hereby published for general information.

Bye-law.

Any person having possession of or control over any land or water on or in which there is or exists any water-hyacinth shall, if so required by a notice in writing signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the District Board or a Local Board or a Union Committee, or by the District Engineer, destroy or remove such water-hyacinth within the period mentioned in such notice : Provided that such notice shall be issued simultaneously for the whole of an area to be defined by the District Board, a Local Board or a Union Committee and bounded by rivers or large khals. Rupees 10 would be the penalty payable for the violation for the first time, and a daily fine of Re. 1 so long as the bye-law is not obeyed.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 30th January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Commerce Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 20th January 1923.

No. 503.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea, or by land, into British India of any copy of the publication entitled "Indian Independence" edited by K. Ram and published at Berlin.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

ELECTRICITY.

Delhi, the 18th January 1923.

No. A-73.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, namely:—

1. In rule 84 of the said rules,

(a) in sub-rule (1) for the words and figures "Rules 85 to 102" the words and figures "Rule 85 and rules 87 to 102" shall be substituted; and

(b) in sub-rule (2) after the words "The said rules" the words and figures "and rule 86" shall be inserted.

2. At the end of clause (f) of rule 96 of the said rules, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"If separate uncased wires are used, they shall be kept at least one and a half inches apart and shall not be brought together except at lamps, switches and fittings."

3. In Annexure IX to the said rules, the following forms shall be omitted, namely :—

Form of Annual Return for Mines,
Form of Annual Return, Part B (*Mines*), and
Form of Annual Return, Part C (*Mines only*).

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th January 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

TELEGRAPHS.

Delhi, the 27th January 1923.

No. 164-P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 6975-137, dated the 16th September 1909, namely :—

In rule 3 of the said rules, the words “provided the attention of the closed office or offices concerned can be gained” shall be omitted.

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, Colonel,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Railway Department (Railway Board), published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th January 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 25th January 1923.

No. 15-F.—16.—In the schedule annexed to the notification No. 15-2-F.—16, dated the 19th January 1921, specifying the local authorities to which chaukidari rate is payable by the administration of the Eastern Bengal Railway, *delete* the entries VII—Kodalkoti and VIII—Jasaitola appearing against police-station Lalgola in district Murshidabad.

No. 15-F.—1—16.—In pursuance of sub-section (1), section 135 of the Indian Railway Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the administration of the Eastern Bengal Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authorities set out in the schedule annexed hereto the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

LOCAL AUTHORITY.			Tax.
District. 1 (1).	Police station. 1 (2).	Name and number of local authority. 1 (3).	
Murshidabad	Lalgola	<div> <div>V. Durlavpur</div> <div>VII. Jasaitala</div> </div>	Chaukidari rate.

S. C. TOMKINS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 2.—*The 2nd February 1923.*—The following Regulations are republished for general information.

G. G. Dey,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offy.).

INDIAN SERVICE OF ENGINEERS.

Regulations as to appointment of Assistant Executive Engineers in 1923.

[The Secretary of State is unable to give any undertaking that the Regulations will remain unaltered in the future.]

1. Until further notice the Secretary of State for India in Council will, during each year, make a number of appointments of Assistant Executive Engineers in the Public Works and State Railway Departments of the Government of India.

In making these appointments he will act with the advice of a Selection Committee, including at least one eminent representative of the Engineering profession.

In 1923 it is intended that 11 appointments shall be made.

The Selection Committee will probably sit in May.

2. Applications must be made on a printed form, which may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Works Department, India Office, Whitehall, S.W.-1, and should reach the India Office not later than 1st April.

3. Every European candidate must have been born on or after the 2nd August 1898 and on or before the 1st August 1901.*

An Indian candidate must have attained the age of 21 and not attained the age of 24 years* on the 1st day of July of the year in which he offers himself for appointment, except that in the case of an Indian who has rendered service of the nature defined in Regulation 4, the same maximum age limit as for Europeans will apply.

[N.B.—*Indians must obtain a certificate of age and nationality in the form explained in Appendix II. As the production of this certificate is a necessary condition of appointment, intending candidates are advised to procure it without delay. The certificate should be forwarded to the India Office together with the candidate's form of application or at the earliest subsequent opportunity.*]

4. Every European candidate who was of military age prior to November 1918, subject to the exception stated below, must have served in His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces during the war.

In the case of Europeans who were liable for military service but were prevented on adequate grounds from joining His Majesty's Forces during the war, applications to be exceptionally admitted as candidates may be made to the India Office for consideration.

5. Every European candidate must be a British subject and, except as provided in Regulation 6, if he or his father or his mother was not born within His Majesty's Dominions and allegiance, the father must at the time of the candidate's birth have been a British subject and still be (or have continued to be until his death) a British subject. The decision of the Secretary of State in Council whether a candidate satisfies these conditions shall be final. A candidate must also be of good moral character and sound bodily health and, in the opinion of the Secretary of State for India in Council, in all respects suitable to hold an appointment in the Indian Public Works Department or State Railway Department.

†6. Indians who, save as hereinafter provided, are British subjects, and are not qualified under Regulation 5, are eligible for appointment and shall be selected to the extent of 10 per cent. of the total number of Assistant Executive Engineers thus recruited, if otherwise duly qualified.

Provided that a ruler or subject of any State in India in respect of whom the Governor-General in Council has made a declaration under section 96A of the Government of India Act, 1915, as amended by section 3 of the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916, may be considered eligible.

7. Candidates must produce evidence that they have either (1) obtained one of the University degrees mentioned in Appendix I; or (2) passed Sections A. and B. of the A.M.I.C.E. examination; or (3) obtained such other diploma or distinction in Engineering

* The maximum age limit for both European and Indian candidates may be reduced in 1924.

† It has been decided that the present rule under which 10 per cent. of the appointments made in this country are reserved for Indians shall continue up to and including 1924, when the question of the recruitment of Indians in England will be further considered.

as the Secretary of State may decide to accept in any particular case. It is preferred that candidates should have taken a college course and obtained one of the degrees mentioned in Appendix I. They should in addition have had at least one full year's practical experience of Civil Engineering under a qualified Civil Engineer at the time when they appear before the Selection Committee. Those whose qualifying diploma has been obtained without a college course should have had a full three years of such practical experience.

8. Selected candidates will be required to undergo further training on works in India for a period of at least one year. During this period they will be on probation and their final appointment will be made dependent upon the result of such probation.

9. Candidates must be prepared, if called upon, to attend at the India Office, at their own expense, for a personal interview with the Selection Committee.

10. Candidates will further be required, before final appointment by the Secretary of State in Council, to appear, at their own expense, before the Medical Board at the India Office for examination as to their physical fitness for service in India.

The Regulations governing the physical examination of candidates for the Public Works and State Railway Departments of the Government of India are given in Appendix III.

*11. Selected candidates will also be required to satisfy the Secretary of State of their ability to ride.

12. They will on appointment be provided with a free first-class passage to India and they will be expected to proceed thither about the middle of September in the year in which they are appointed.

Their pay will begin from the date of their landing in India, and, if they so desire, they will be able to obtain an advance of two months' pay, recoverable by monthly instalments of one-third of salary. Of this advance a portion not exceeding one-half may be drawn in England.

13. Their service for leave will commence from the date of their landing in India.

14. If less than 24 years of age on 1st August 1923, candidates will enter the service as Assistant Executive Engineers on a salary of Rs. 6,300 a year. If above 24 years, they will be credited with service as though they had been appointed in their 24th year. The year of service so credited will subsequently count for purposes of pay and promotion, but not for leave. Service for increments will count from the date of landing in India or from the 1st October of the year of appointment, whichever is earlier.

15. Service for pension will count from the date of landing in India or from the 1st October of the year of appointment, whichever is earlier.

16. The instruments required by Assistant Executive Engineers are supplied to them in India.

17. Particulars as to pay, pension, etc., are contained in Appendices IV and V.

INDIA OFFICE,

November 1922.

NOTE FOR THE INFORMATION AND GUIDANCE OF CANDIDATES.

The Selection Committee of 1906 drew attention to the subjects which were held to be of most importance for the Public Works Service, viz.,

Pure Mathematics, including a knowledge of the differential and integral calculus.

Applied Mathematics.

Geometrical and Engineering Drawing.

Surveying and Geodesy.

Strength of Materials and Theory of Structures.

Hydraulics.

Heat Engines.

Materials used in Construction.

Building Construction.—Wood and metal work, limes and cements, and building with stone, brick, and concrete.

Knowledge of the principles of road-making, waterworks, sanitary and railway engineering. (Important.)

The Selection Committee were further of opinion that all candidates should have had some workshop training.

* Selected candidates will be examined by the Civil Service Commissioners as to their ability to ride, and will be required to obtain either—

(a) a certificate from the Civil Service Commissioners that they are sufficiently at home in the saddle for the efficient performance of all the duties of the Indian Public Works and State Railway Departments; or

(b) a certificate from the Civil Service Commissioners of minimum proficiency in riding.

In the latter case they will be subjected, on their arrival in India, to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by the Government.

Candidates are warned that the certificate of minimum proficiency in riding, without which they will not be allowed to proceed to India, is only granted to those who can qualify in a series of tests, which includes jumping.

The chief tests will be saddling and bridling; mounting and dismounting; trotting and cantering; riding at a trot without stirrups; riding at a trot with stirrups but without reins; jumping a hedge hurdle about 8 feet in height.

Although the examination will, in the main, be confined to these points the examiner will not be debarred from applying any other tests which may appear desirable.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX I.

List of Degrees referred to in Paragraph 7.

The degrees shown in Lists A and B are accepted without reservation in the case of candidates who matriculated on or before 30th June 1914. The special conditions applicable to candidates who matriculated on or after 1st July 1914 are stated in the Notes appended to the two lists.

Candidates who rely on a degree in "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering or in "Naval Architecture" should have had at least one year's practical experience in Civil Engineering.

List A.

Oxford.—B. A., with Honours in the Engineering Science Final Honours School.
Cambridge.—B. A., with Honours in Mechanical Science Tripos.
St. Andrews.—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Glasgow.—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Edinburgh.—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Dublin.—B. A. I., with Honours in Engineering.
Durham.—B. Sc., with Honours in Civil, Mechanical, or Electrical Engineering, or in Naval Architecture.
London.—B. Sc., with Honours in Civil and Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
Victoria University (Manchester).—B. Sc., with Honours in Engineering.
Birmingham.—B. Sc., with Honours in Civil, Mechanical, or Electrical Engineering.
Liverpool.—B. Eng., with Honours in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering, or Naval Architecture.
Leeds.—B. Sc., with Honours in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
Sheffield.—B. Eng., with Honours in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
Bristol.—B. Sc., with Honours in Civil or Mechanical Engineering.

Note to List A.—In the case of candidates who matriculated after 30th June 1914 the above degrees will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The condition as to three years' study will not, however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

List B.

Dublin.—B. A. I.
Durham.—B.Sc. in Civil, Mechanical, or Electrical Engineering, or in Naval Architecture.
London.—B.Sc. (Engineering).
Victoria University (Manchester).—B.Sc. Tech. in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering (Honours Division in the Final Examination).
University of Wales.—B.Sc. (in Civil, Mechanical, or Electrical Engineering).
Birmingham.—B.Sc. (Engineering).
Liverpool.—B. Eng.
Leeds.—B.Sc. in Civil or Mechanical Engineering.
Sheffield.—B. Eng. (First Class in the Final Examination).
National University of Ireland.—B.E.
Bristol.—B.Sc. in Civil or Mechanical Engineering.

Note to List B.—In the case of candidates who matriculated after 30th June 1914 the degrees in List B will be accepted only if (1) the Matriculation or other Entrance Examination accepted by the Institution of Civil Engineers to the Engineering course in the University has been passed, and (2) a regular course of study occupying not less than three Academical years has been pursued in the University between the passing of such Matriculation or other Entrance Examination and the passing of the final examination for the degree.

But Indians who have taken an Indian degree which exempts them from part of the University course will be regarded as having satisfied condition (1), and will be exempted from condition (2) if their degree has been obtained in less than three years in accordance with the Regulation of the University concerned.

APPENDIX II.

Particulars regarding the Certificate of Age and Nationality to be obtained by Candidates who are natives of India.

A.—*Rules for Candidates born within His Majesty's Dominions.*

1. A candidate who is resident in British India must obtain a certificate signed either (a) by the Secretary to Government (or his lawful deputy) of the Province in which his family resides, or (b) by the Commissioner (or his lawful deputy) of the District in which his family resides.

2. A candidate who is resident in a Native State must obtain a certificate signed by the highest Political Officer (or his lawful deputy) accredited to the State in which his family resides.

3. The certificate required must be in the following form—

"I hereby certify that _____ has submitted the proofs of his birth detailed below,* and has satisfactorily shown that he was actually born on or about the date stated, viz., the _____ day of _____ at _____ a place within His Majesty's Dominions,"

*(Here enter details.)

and the nature of the evidence produced must be such as to satisfy the officer who issues the certificate.

4. The documentary evidence which a candidate may be expected to produce in order to obtain such certificate comprises:—

- (a) The horoscope.
- (b) Family books.
- (c) Tradesmen's account books showing entries relating to the birth.
- (d) The record of admission in the registers of the school in which the candidate was educated, and the record of the candidate's age at various periodical school examinations.
- (e) If the candidate is matriculated, a certified copy of his application to the Registrar in Form A.

Oral testimony from persons able to give relevant evidence may also be taken.

5. If a candidate has proceeded to England without obtaining a certificate, the certificate may be granted to his father or guardian on production of the requisite evidence.

B.—*Rules for Candidates not born within His Majesty's Dominions.*

6. The rules are the same as the foregoing except that a candidate not born within His Majesty's Dominions must also prove that he is the son or grandson of a person born in those Dominions, and in his case the form of certificate must be not as in paragraph 3 above but as follows:—

"I hereby certify that _____ has submitted the proofs of his birth detailed below* and has satisfactorily shown that he was actually born on or about the date stated, viz., the _____ day of _____, and that he was born at a place without His Majesty's Dominions, but that his ^{father} paternal grandfather was a person born in those Dominions."

*(Here enter detail.)

APPENDIX III.

Regulations as to the Physical Examination of Candidates for Appointment to the Public Works Department of the Government of India.

Note.—These Regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Secretary of State reserves to himself an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom he may consider, after hearing the opinion of his medical advisers, to be physically disqualified for the public service; and that his discretion is in no respect limited by these Regulations.

It is not the practice to communicate to candidates who may be reported as physically unfit for service in India the reasons for the Medical Board's opinion.

General Physical Requirements.

1. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with efficient performance of duty.

2. In the examination of candidates the Medical Board will apply the following table of correlation of age, height, and chest girth :—

Age.	Height without shoes.	CHEST.	
		Girth when expanded.	Range of expansion.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
21 and upwards	62½ and under 65	35	2
	65 " 68	35½	2
	68 " 70	36	2
	70 " 72	36½	2½
	72 and upwards	37	2½

3. *Measurement of Height.*—The candidate will be placed against the standard with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels, and not on the toes or outside of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity, and with the heels, calves, buttocks and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be noted in parts of an inch to eighths.

4. *Measurement of Chest.*—The candidate will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his hands above his head. The tape will be carefully adjusted round the chest, with its posterior upper edge touching the inferior angles of the shoulder blades, and its interior lower edge the upper part of the nipples. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to empty his chest of air as much as is possible. This is best done by continuous whistling with the lips as long as sound can be produced. The tape is carefully gathered in during the process, and when the minimum measurement is reached it is recorded. The candidate will then be directed to inflate his chest to its utmost capacity. This maximum measurement will likewise be noted. The girth with the chest fully expanded and the range of expansion between the minimum and the maximum will then be recorded.

5. The hearing must be good.

6. The speech without impediment.

7. The teeth in good order, *i.e.*, decayed or broken teeth must be properly stopped or crowned, and deficient teeth replaced by artificial teeth where necessary for effective mastication.

8. The chest must be well formed, the lungs and heart sound.

9. Rupture, hydrocele, varicocele, varicose veins in a severe degree, or other condition likely to cause inefficiency will disqualify a candidate, unless such condition is cured by operation.

10. The limbs, feet, and toes must be well formed and developed, with free and perfect motion of all the joints.

11. A candidate must have no congenital malformation or defect likely to interfere with efficiency.

12. A candidate must not be the subject of chronic skin disease.

13. Evidence of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution will disqualify.

Candidates may, if they wish it, undergo a preliminary examination by the Medical Board, which meets at the India Office every Tuesday, under the following conditions :—

(a) Applications must be addressed to the Under-Secretary of State, India Office, Whitehall, London, accompanied by a fee of two guineas, and a statement as to the particular appointment which the candidate desires to obtain.

(b) Candidates must pay their travelling expenses.

(c) Candidates considered to be unfit by the Medical Board at this preliminary examination are not bound to accept its opinion, but may, *at their own risk*, continue their studies, with the knowledge that they will have to submit themselves for a final medical examination by the Medical Board, prior to the examination, or to their appointment.

(d) On the other hand, it must be distinctly understood that the preliminary examination by the Medical Board is held solely for the candidate's information, and that, if after that examination he is reported to be apparently fit, he has not on that account any claim to be accepted as physically fit when he presents himself for the final Medical Examination, upon which alone his acceptance or rejection will depend. Candidates may be considered fit for the Service at the preliminary examination, but may be found at the final examination to be unfit, either on account of some physical defect which did not exist or passed undetected at the preliminary examination, or for other reasons.

REGULATIONS AS TO THE STANDARD OF VISION.

1. If myopia in one or both eyes exists, a candidate may be passed provided the ametropia does not exceed 3.5 D, and if, with correcting glasses not exceeding 3.5 D, the acuteness of vision in one eye equals $\frac{5}{6}$ and in the other $\frac{5}{6}$, there being normal range of accommodation with the glasses.

2. Myopic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate, provided the lens, or the combined spherical and cylindrical lenses, required to correct the error of refraction, does not exceed 3.5 D; the acuteness of vision in one eye, when corrected, being equal to $\frac{5}{6}$, and in the other $\frac{5}{6}$, together with normal range of accommodation with the correcting glasses, there being no evidence of progressive disease in the choroid or retina.

3. A candidate having total hypermetropia not exceeding 4 D, is not disqualified, provided the sight in one eye (when under the influence of atropine) equals $\frac{5}{6}$, and in the other eye equals $\frac{5}{6}$, with +4 D glasses, or any lower power.

4. Hypermetropic astigmatism does not disqualify, provided the lens or combined lenses required to cover the error of refraction do not exceed 4 D, and that the sight of one eye equals $\frac{5}{6}$, and the other $\frac{5}{6}$, with or without such lens or lenses.

5. A candidate having a defect of vision arising from nebula of the cornea is disqualified if the sight of one eye be less than $\frac{5}{6}$. In such a case the better eye must be emmetropic. Defects of vision arising from pathological or other changes in the deeper structures of either eye, which are not referred to in these rules, may exclude a candidate.

6. Squint or any morbid condition, subject to the risk of aggravation or recurrence, in either eye, may cause the rejection of a candidate. Any imperfection of the colour sense is a disqualification for appointment to the Engineering branch of the Railway Department. In other cases the existence of imperfection of colour sense will be noted on the candidate's papers.

For all Appointments under the Indian Government a Declaration, as follows, is required from Candidates.

1. I _____ declare upon honour that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, I am not at present suffering or affected with any form of disease or bodily infirmity, such as—

(a) Disease of the heart or lungs.

(b) Venereal disease.

(c) Fits.

(d) Rupture.

(e) Varicocele or varicose veins.

(f) Hydrocele.

(g) Malformation.

(h) Congenital defect.

(i) Defective sight or hearing.

(j) Loss of teeth.

(k) Impediment in speech.

(l) Gout or rheumatism.

2. That I have not to my knowledge any hereditary tendency or predisposition to mental or constitutional disease, such as—

(a) Fits or insanity.

(b) Cancer.

(c) Consumption or scrofula.

3. That I will fully reveal to the Medical Board all circumstances within my knowledge that concern my health and fitness for the appointment for which I am a candidate.

4. That I have _____ previously been examined by a Medical Board for the public service and was declared _____ on the _____

Signature _____

Date _____

N. B.—A wilful mis-statement by a candidate will invalidate any subsequent appointment obtained.

APPENDIX IV.

Particulars regarding the Engineer Establishments of the Indian Public Works Department and Indian State Railways.

(The arrangements and salaries hereinafter described are subject to revision according to the requirements of the Service.)

1. The superior Engineer Establishments of the Indian Public Works Department and Indian State Railways consist of staffs of Engineers, military and civil, engaged on the construction and maintenance of the various public works and railways undertaken by the State in India.

2. The permanent establishments of the Departments are recruited from the following sources :—

- (1) Officers of Royal Engineers.
- (2) Persons appointed by the Secretary of State by selection from the United Kingdom.
- (3) Persons educated at the Government Civil Engineering Colleges in India, and appointed by the Government of India.
- (4) Occasional admission of other qualified persons.

3. The various ranks of the Department are at present as follows :—

Executive Engineers and Assistant Executive Engineers.

JUNIOR.					SENIOR.				
Year.	Pay.	Technical Pay.	Overseas Pay.	Total.	Pay.	Technical Pay.	Overseas Pay.	Total.	
(Rs. per mensem.)					(Rs. per mensem.)				
1st	300	75	150	525					
2nd	350	"	"	575					
3rd	400	"	"	625					
4th	450	"	"	675	550	75	150	775	
5th	450	"	"	675	550	"	"	775	
6th	500	"	"	725	600	"	"	825	
7th	550	"	"	775	650	"	"	875	
8th	550	"	200	825	650	"	200	925	
9th	600	"	"	875	700	"	"	975	
(Efficiency bar here.)									
10th	650	75	200	925	750	"	"	1,025	
11th	700	"	250	1,025	800	"	250	1,125	
12th	750	"	"	1,175	850	"	"	1,175	
13th	800	"	"	1,125	900	"	"	1,225	
14th	850	"	"	1,175	950	"	"	1,275	
15th	900	"	"	1,225	950	"	"	1,275	
16th	—	—	—	—	1,000	"	"	1,325	
17th	—	—	—	—	1,050	"	"	1,375	
18th	—	—	—	—	1,100	"	"	1,425	
19th	—	—	—	—	1,150	"	"	1,475	
20th	—	—	—	—	1,200	"	"	1,525	
21st	—	—	—	—	1,200	"	"	1,525	
22nd	—	—	—	—	1,250	"	"	1,575	
23rd	—	—	—	—	1,250	"	"	1,575	
24th	—	—	—	—	1,300	"	"	1,625	
and after.									

and after.

Superintending Engineers.—Rs. 1,750, rising by annual increments of Rs. 100 a month to Rs. 2,150 a month.

Chief Engineers.—Rs. 2,750, rising by annual increments of Rs. 125 a month to Rs. 3,000 a month.

The increments will be given for approved services only, and in accordance with the rules of the Department.

Exchange compensation allowance will not be granted to future entrants.

Pay on the junior scale will be drawn by officers holding charges of less importance than a Divisional charge, but no such officer will be allowed to draw more than the pay of the ninth year of service on the junior scale unless he is reported to be fully qualified for the charge of a Division.

Pay on the senior scale will be drawn by officers holding charges of not less importance than the charge of a Division.

Promotions above the grade of Executive Engineer are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment, and are made wholly by selection; mere seniority is considered to confer no claim to promotion.

APPENDIX V.

(See paragraph 17 of the Regulations.)

NOTE.—This Appendix is merely intended to show the principal leave rules in the Fundamental Rules and the Pension Rules in the Civil Service Regulations at present applicable to Engineers appointed to the Indian Services from the United Kingdom without going into minute details, and does not profess to deal with every case that may arise. The rules are subject to alteration, and any disputed question must be decided with reference to the authorised text of the Fundamental Rules or Civil Service Regulations for the time being.

Leave.

1. Leave is calculated in terms of "leave on average pay," and the amount of "leave on average pay" for which an officer is eligible is five-twenty-seconds of the period spent on duty.

2. Subject to certain maxima and minima, an officer may draw, at his option, leave salary equal to the average pay of the last twelve months of completed duty or to half such average pay. All leave on average pay and half the period on half average pay is counted against the leave earned. An officer may take his leave on average pay, on half average pay, or on a combination of the two provided that his continuous absence from duty does not exceed 28 months, and that the amount of leave taken on average pay does not exceed eight months at any one time. The maximum amount of leave admissible during an officer's career is the equivalent of leave on average pay for three years *plus* one-eleventh of the period spent on duty, of which not more than one year *plus* one-eleventh of the period spent on duty may actually consist of leave on average pay. Leave not due and carrying half average pay may be granted on medical certificate, and, within certain limits, for other reasons, but an officer will not again commence to earn leave until the expiration of a fresh period of duty sufficient to earn a credit of leave equal to the leave he has taken before it was due. After 28 months' absence from duty an officer draws quarter average salary, subject to certain maxima and minima.

3. Leave salary is ordinarily payable in rupees if the officer spends his leave in India or Ceylon, and in sterling if he spends it elsewhere. The rate of exchange for the conversion of leave salary is prescribed from time to time by the Secretary of State.

4. It should be noted that leave can never be claimed as of right, but is given or refused at the discretion of Government.

Pensions.

5. The following is a summary of the pension rules applicable to Engineers appointed to the Indian Services by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

Ordinary Pensions.

6. An officer is entitled, on his resignation being accepted, to a retiring pension after completing qualifying service of not less than 20 years.

7. Retirement is ordinarily required at the age of 55 years, but for special reasons an officer is sometimes retained after attaining that age.

8. An officer becomes eligible for full retiring pension in completing 30 years' qualifying service.

9. If before completing this period of service an officer is permitted to retire voluntarily after completion of 20 or more years' qualifying service (paragraph 6) or is compelled to retire on attaining the age of 55 (paragraph 7), he will be eligible for pension on the following scale:—

Years of Completed Service.			Maximum Limit of Pension.	Years of Completed Service.			Maximum Limit of Pension.
			Per annum.				Per annum.
			Rs.				Rs.
20	...	...	4,000	28	...	...	5,600
25	...	...	5,000	29	...	...	5,800
26	...	...	5,200	30	...	...	6,000
27	...	...	5,400				

10. Government may retire any officer after he has completed 25 years' service without giving reasons, and without any claim for compensation in addition to pension, and in that event the pension admissible to him will ordinarily be regulated on a scale not exceeding that laid down above. Government also reserves the general power to reduce the pension ordinarily admissible in all cases where an officer's service has been

11. An officer who is compelled to retire through ill-health not occasioned by irregular or intemperate habits will be eligible for gratuity or pension as follows :—

(a) After a service of less than 10 years a gratuity not exceeding (except in special cases and under the orders of the Government of India, up to a maximum of 12 months' emoluments) one month's emoluments for each completed year of service. If the emoluments of the officer have been reduced during the last three years of his service, otherwise than as a penalty, average emoluments may, at the discretion of the authority which has power to sanction the gratuity, be substituted for emoluments.

(b) After a service of not less than 10 years, a pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Years of Completed Service.	Scale of Pension.	Maximum. Rs. per annum.	Years of Completed Service.	Scale of Pension.	Maximum. Rs. per annum.
10	10 sixtieth of average emoluments.	2,000	20	20 sixtieth of average emoluments	4,000
11	11 Ditto	2,200	21	21 Ditto	4,200
12	12 Ditto	2,400	22	22 Ditto	4,400
13	13 Ditto	2,600	23	23 Ditto	4,600
14	14 Ditto	2,800	24	24 Ditto	4,800
15	15 Ditto	3,000	25	30 Ditto	5,000
16	16 Ditto	3,200	26	30 Ditto	5,200
17	17 Ditto	3,400	27	30 Ditto	5,400
18	18 Ditto	3,600	28	30 Ditto	5,600
19	19 Ditto	3,800	29	30 Ditto	5,800
			30 and above 30	Ditto	6,000

Additional Pensions.

12. The Government of India have classified certain high appointments into two grades, the lower comprising those posts which involve high but intermediate responsibility, the higher consisting of those which require a marked degree of independent administrative and professional capacity. Officers who have held appointments listed in the lower grade will be entitled to an additional pension at the rate of Rs. 300 per year for each completed year of effective service in any appointment included in that grade, provided that no officer may draw an additional pension in excess of Rs. 1,500 in respect of service classed in the lower grade. Officers who have held appointments listed in the upper grade will be entitled to an additional pension at the rate of Rs. 500 for each completed year of effective service rendered in any appointment included in that grade, provided that no officer may draw an additional pension in excess of Rs. 2,500 in respect of service rendered in the lower and upper grades combined or in the upper grade alone.

13. These additional pensions will be awarded only to officers who have given proof of special energy and efficiency, and will be subject to the condition that an officer must not retire voluntarily before the age of 55 with less than 28 years' service.

The upper grade includes the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, the Inspector-General of Irrigation, Chief Engineers of the Indian Service of Engineers, Agents of State Railways (if in pensionable service) and Chief Engineers, Railways.

The lower grade includes Superintending Engineers, Indian Service of Engineers, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, Deputy Agents of State Railways (if in pensionable service) and the Secretary, Railway Board (if in pensionable service).

PROVIDENT FUND.

14. A general provident fund, to which contribution is compulsory, has also been established on the following basis :—

- (1) The contribution is compulsory up to 6½ per cent. on salaries, with voluntary contributions of not more than a further 9½ per cent. Subscriptions on leave of any kind are optional.
- (2) Compound interest on such payments is annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing.
- (3) The sum which thus accumulates to the credit of an officer is his absolute property, subject to the rules of the Fund, and is handed over to him, unconditionally, on quitting the service; or, in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives or such other person or persons as, under and subject to the rules of the Fund for the time being in force, may be entitled thereto.

*For Office use
only.*

No.

INDIAN SERVICE OR ENGINEERS.

Ackd.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT IN 1923 AS ASSISTANT
EXECUTIVE ENGINEER.

1	Name in full.
2	Address. (<i>Any alteration to be notified.</i>)
3	Date and place of Birth. (<i>In the event of the Candidate's selection, he will be required to produce a Birth Certificate or such other evidence as to date of birth as may be considered satisfactory.</i>)
4	Profession or occupation of Father ; and whether at the time of Candidate's birth, his father was a British subject either natural-born or naturalised in the United Kingdom, and whether, if naturalised, he still is, or continued to be until his death, a British subject.
5	(a) Parentage of father, showing whether, he was of European ^e descent, and whether he was born within H. M.'s Dominions and allegiance. (b) Parentage of mother, showing whether she was of European descent, and whether she was born within H. M.'s Dominions and allegiance.
6	The names of any near relatives who have been, or are now, in the service of the Indian Government, and the appointments at present, or immediately before retirement or decease, held by them.
7	All Institutions where educated, since the age of 15, with dates, distinguishing whether or not the Candidate was in residence at such Institutions.

8	Full details of service (if any) in H. M.'s Forces.
9	University degree, diploma, or other distinction in Civil Engineering, with name of Institution at which obtained.
10	Details as to University Honours, Prizes, etc.
11	(a) Nature and extent of practical experience of Civil Engineering <i>with full dates</i> . The names and qualifications of the engineers under whose direction the Candidate has worked should be stated. (References to work done in connection with a Candidate's college course should not be made in this space). (b) Nature and extent of practical training and experience in Civil Engineering in military or quasi-military service. If the applicant was in military service, a report by his Commanding Officer should, if possible, be appended
12	Whether married or single.
13	Names and Addresses of either two or three persons (of whom one should be connected with the Institution at which the Candidate has studied Civil Engineering and one should be a Civil Engineer under whom he has obtained practical experience) who will testify, if applied to, as to conduct and character during the last four years. (<i>References will not be accepted from persons who are related to the Candidate or have no personal knowledge of the Candidate.</i>)
14	Whether the Candidate has in any previous year applied for appointment to the Public Works Department or for any other appointment under the Government of India, either in England or in India.

Signature _____

Date _____ 19

Orders by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.

No. 8097C.T.—The 2nd February 1923.—Babu Phanindra Lal Bhattacharjya, Assistant Income-tax Officer on probation, is allowed leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th November 1922.

No. 8099C.T.—The 2nd February 1923.—Babu Surendra Nuth Roy, Assistant Income-tax Officer on probation, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 9th December 1922, and is permitted to affix to this the Christmas and New Year's day holidays. *

E. N. BLANDY,
Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

The Elliott Prize for Scientific Research for 1923—27.

IN accordance with the revised notification No. 112T.—Edn., dated 5th May 1917, Part I, page 667, the Elliott Prize for Scientific Research for 1923 will be awarded to the author of the best original essay giving the results of original research or investigation made by the candidate in Chemistry and published during the years 1919—22 inclusive.

Any native of Bengal or Bihar and Orissa, or any Anglo-Indian or domiciled European residing in Bengal or Bihar and Orissa, may compete for the prize.

The essays of competitors must be sent in so as to reach the President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1, Park Street, Calcutta, by the end of June of the year for which the prize is given. Author's reprints must be submitted and not manuscripts. The prize will be awarded to the best competitor and be conferred publicly at the Annual General Meeting of the Asiatic Society in February of the year following that for which the prize is given.

Preference will be given to researches leading to discoveries likely to develop the industrial resources of Bengal or of Bihar and Orissa.

In the event of no essay being deemed of sufficient merit no prize will be awarded.

The prizes for the next four years will be allowed as follows :—

1924—Physics.

1925—Geology and Biology (including Pathology and Physiology).

1926—Mathematics.

1927—Chemistry.

All essays submitted must have been published during the four calendar years immediately preceding that for which the prize is given.

ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE,
President, Asiatic Society of Bengal.

ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE,
Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta.

W. W. HORNELL,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 31st January 1923.

DACCA TRAINING COLLEGE.**B. T. & L. T. Course.**

THE course starts on July 1st and ends on March 31st. Applications for admission must be received by March 31st.

Special consideration is given to students who apply for admission without stipend. No tuition fees. Monthly cost of living in hostel about Rs. 14-15 (everything included).

The course comprises, besides Educational Psychology, Method and Hygiene, tuition also in the subject matter of the students teaching subjects and practice teaching in these subjects.

Methods of educational measurement and research are a part of the B. T. course, and students of ability in this direction may later proceed to the higher degree of Master of Teaching without further residence.

Students whose special work or interest is in Primary Education are able to do practical work in Methods of Teaching and Inspection of Primary Schools.

M. WEST, *Principal, Training College.*

DACCA, the 2nd January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 17.B.—It is hereby notified for general information that text books other than those on Hygiene and Sanitation, prepared in accordance with the revised curriculum for primary schools published with Government (General Department) notification No. 1665Edn., dated the 16th November 1920, for use in primary schools both in Eastern Bengal and Western Bengal for the year 1924, will be received by the Secretary, Calcutta Text Book Committee (40-1A., Free School Street, Calcutta), up to the 30th April 1923. Text books on Hygiene and Sanitation should, as usual, be submitted to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, on or before the same date.

Text books for secondary schools in Eastern Bengal as well as those for primary schools under the old Eastern Bengal vernacular curriculum should continue to be submitted to the Secretary, Dacca Text Book Committee.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 31st January 1923.

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.**NOTIFICATION.**

IN continuation of this office notification, dated the 15th December 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th January 1923, it is hereby notified for general information that Scott's *Ivanhoe* (abridged edition by E. Smith) is prescribed as an alternative text-book to *Sign of Four* by Conan Doyle for the High School (or Matriculation) Examination of 1924.

JOGESH CHANDRA SEN, *Secretary (offg.).*

DACCA, the 16th January 1923.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**NOTIFICATION.**

SUBJECT to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress the three Special Law Scholarships of Rs. 10 a month each, provided for Muhammadans and members of backward classes in Eastern Bengal, are awarded to the following students, for two years with effect from the 1st June 1922, in the manner indicated below :—

(1)	Muhammad Gholam Hossain	...	Rs. 10 a month.
(2)	Haladhar Bhaumik	...	" 10 "
(3) & (4)	Muhammad Yousuff Ali	...	" 5 "
	Purna Chandra Bala	...	" 5 "

2. The scholarships are tenable at the Dacca University.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 28th January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION No. Mis. N.—72.

THE following subjects are prescribed in Greek, Latin, French, German, Hebrew and Syriac for the different examinations in 1925 :—

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1925.

Greek.

Xenophon	... Anabasis, Book IV.
Euripides	... Alcectis.
New Testament	... The Gospel according to St. Mark, Chapters VII—XII.

Latin.

Cæsar	... De Bello Galico, Book VII.
Virgil	... Aeneid, Book III.

French.

René Bellot	... Voyage aux Mers Polaires, edited by H. J. Chaytor (Clarendon Press).
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French Verse for Upper Forms (edited by Frederick Spencer, Cambridge University Press)—the following pieces only :—

- XXIII.—Dulce Domum.
- XXIV.—The Brook.
- XXVI.—The Poet's Heritage.
- XXVII.—The Hermit's Song.
- XXXI.—What is Bred in the Bone.
- XXXVI.—The Battle of Eylau.
- XLII.—How Les Bretez vanquished the Frank.
- LVII.—To a Dandy.
- LXIII.—The Biter Bit.

German.

(PROSE.)

Hauff	... Das Wirthshaus in Spessart (Macmillan).
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(POETRY.)

A Book of Ballads, edited by William Wagner (Cambridge University Press).

Hebrew.

Genesis	... Chapters 1—14.
Isaiah	... „ 35—39.
Psalms	... „ 1—10.
Davidson's Hebrew Grammar recommended.	

Syriac.

Text.

- Gospel of St. Mark (Peshitto Version), Chapters V—VII.
- Gospel of St. John (Peshitto Version), „ VIII—XV.
- St. Ephraem "On Wisdom," Chapters I—XX.

Grammar.

T. H. Robinson's Syriac Grammar, Sections I—XX.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION, 1925.

Greek.

Plato	... Apologia.
Herodotus	... Book I—The following selected Chapters 1—5, 16—54, 59—68, 74—90.
Homer	... Odyssey, Book V.

Latin.

Cicero	...	Pro Marcello (Clarendon Press) and Pro Archia.
Sallust	...	Catilina.
Horace	...	Odes, III and IV.

French.

Emile Pouillon	...	Petites Aïnes (Macmillan).
Moliere	...	Le Medecin Malgre Lui.

German.

Theodor Fontan	...	Vor Dem Sturm (Macmillan).
Schiller	...	Selection from Lyrical Poems, edited by Turner and Morshead (Macmillan).

Hebrew.

Genesis	...	Chapters 15—37.
Isaiah	...	" 1—16.
The Book of Ruth	...	" 40—56.

Syriac.*Paper I.*

Biblical (Peshitto Version).	...	Chapters VIII—XXVIII.
The Book of Acts	...	" XX—VXLI.
Psalms	...	"

Paper II.

Non-Biblical.	...	Nomo-Canon, Chapter VIII, sections I—V.
Bar-Hebraeus	...	

St. Ignatius—

- (i) Epistle to Polycarp.
- (ii) Epistle to the Ephesians.
- (iii) Epistle to the Romans.

Grammar.

Robinson's Syriac Grammar (whole).

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1923.**Greek.****(PASS COURSE.)**

Homer	...	Iliad, Book XXII.
Sophocles	...	Oedipus Coloneus.
Plato	...	Crito and Phaedo (Macmillan).
Demosthenes	...	On the Crown (De Corona).

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the course prescribed for the Pass Course).

Aristophanes	...	The Birds.
Thucydides	...	Book I.
Herodotus	...	Book VI.

Latin.**(PASS COURSE.)**

Cicero	...	Second Philippic.
Livy	...	Book XXI.
Virgil	...	Georgics I and IV.
Horace	...	Satires, Book I.

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the course prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Lucretius	...	Book V.
Tacitus	...	Historiae, Book I.
Terence	...	Heautontimorumenus.
Pliny	...	Selected letters from Books I and II (Macmillan).

French.

(PASS COURSE.)

H. Taine	...	La Fontaine et ses Fables (Hachette et comp).
La Fontaine	...	Fables, Book I.
Victor Hugo	...	Quatre Vingt Treize.
French Verse for Upper Forms	Pages 210 to end.	(Cambridge University Press.)

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the course prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Corneille	...	Le Cid.
Molière	...	L'Avare.
Michelet	...	Louis XI et Charles le Tremeraire (Clarendon Press).

The course includes the history of the French Literature of the period 1600—1830.

German.

(PASS COURSE.)

Heinrich Von Kleist	...	Michael Kohlhaas.
Schiller	...	Die Piccolomini and Wallenstein's Tod.
Schiller	...	Geschichte des Dreissigjahrigen Kriegs, Book III (Pitt-Press).

The course includes, in addition to the prescribed texts, Grammar and the outlines of German History.

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Goethe	...	Iphigenie auf Tauris.
Lessing	...	Nathan der Weise.
Paul Heyse	...	Kinder der Welt.

The course includes, in addition to the prescribed texts, Grammar and the outlines of German History and also the elements of German Philology and the history of German Literature for the period 1750—1882.

Grammar recommended—

J. Wright	...	Historical German Grammar.
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Hebrew.

(PASS COURSE.)

I and II Samuel—

Psalms	...	72—112.
Proverbs	...	1—20.

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Two of the minor prophets, viz., Amos and Hosea.

A. B.—Dr. Ginsburg's edition for British and Foreign Bible Association recommended.

Syriac.**(PASS COURSE.)***Paper I.*

The Book of Leviticus (the Peshitto Version).
The Epistle to the Hebrews (the Peshitto Version).

Paper II.

Mar Ephraem ... The Epistle to Montanus (Opera Selecta Overbek).
The Liturgy of S. James.
The Book of the Dead.

Paper III.

Wright ... History of Syriac Literature.
Recommended—
Nuldeke ... Compendious Syriac Grammar.

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the books recommended for the Pass Course.)

Paper IV.

Philexinos of Mbbogh ... Discourses on Poverty (Royal Society of Literature).
Chronicles of Bar-Hebraeus (Bernstein's Chrestomathie).

Paper V.

Select Narratives of Holy Women Eugenia (Studio Sinaitica, No. IV).
Eusebius ... Ecclesiastical History, Books I—III (Wright and McLean).

Paper VI.

A Fortescue ... The Orthodox Eastern Church.
Ditto ... The Lesser Eastern Churches.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

J. C. GHOSH, Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, the 3rd February 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION No. ^{Mis.} 73.
_N

THE following additions and alterations have been made in the courses of studies prescribed in French and German for the examinations in 1924 :—

1. The B. A. Honours Course in French for 1924 includes the History of French Literature of the Seventeenth Century.

2. In supersession of previous notifications the following subjects are prescribed for the Matriculation and B. A. Examination in German for 1924 :—

(PROSE.)

Hauff ... Das Wirthshaus im Spessart (Macmillan).

(POETRY.)

A Book of Ballads ... Edited by Witham Wagner (Cambridge University Press).

German.**(PASS COURSE.)**

Heinrich Von Kleist	... Michael Kohlhaas.
Schiller	... Die Piccolomini and Wallenstein's Tod.
Schiller	... Geschichte des Dreissigjahrige Kriegs, Book III (Pitt-Press).

The course includes, in addition to the prescribed texts, Grammar and the outlines of German History.

(HONOURS COURSE.)

(In addition to the books prescribed for the Pass Course.)

Goethe	... Iphigenie auf Tauris.
Lessing	... Nathan der Weise.
Paul Heyse	... Kinder der Welt.

The course includes, in addition to the prescribed texts, Grammar and the outlines of German History, and also the elements of German Philology and the History of German Literature for the period 1750—1882.

Grammar recommended—

J. Wright	... Historical German Grammar.
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By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 3rd February 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE undermentioned candidate is admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Science. The subject of the thesis, submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners, is stated against his name.

Name of candidate.	Subject of thesis.
Nalinimohan Basu, M.Sc.	... "Some Problems on the Diffraction of Light and the Dynamics of Particles and Fluids."

A. C. ROSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 31st January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

IN accordance with the orders contained in Bengal Government letter No. 354-Edn., dated the 20th February 1922, exhibitions are hereby awarded to the undermentioned boys on the results of the Higher Grade Schools' Final Examination held in November 1922 :—

			Rs.
1	Allen, George Edward	... Calcutta Free School, Boys' Department	... 150
2.	Hynes, Oscar Allivyn	... Ditto ditto	... 100

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 29th, January 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

IN accordance with the orders contained in Bengal Government letter No. 354 Edn., dated the 20th February 1922, exhibitions are hereby awarded to the undermentioned girls on the results of the Higher Grade Schools' Final Examination held in November 1922 :—

		Rs.
1. Scott, Marion	... B.-N. Railway European School, Kharagpur ...	150
2. Domjere, Kathleen Beryl	... Calcutta Free School, Girls' Department ...	100

W. F. PAPWORTH, *

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 29th January 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1923.

PART III.

Acts of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 355L., dated the 1st February, 1923.—The following amendments to the Bengal Legislative Council Standing Orders, 1920, were passed at a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council held on the 24th January, 1923, and were assented to by the Governor under sub-section (6) of section 72D of the Government of India Act on the 30th *idem*:—

Amendments to the Bengal Legislative Council Standing Orders, 1920.

[As passed in Council on the 24th January, 1923.]

AMENDMENT OF STANDING ORDER 6(1).

1. At the end of Standing Order 6(1), the following shall be added, namely:—

“except in the case of any resolution on which a member has indicated his first priority and which remains undisposed of at the end of a session. Such resolution shall, if the member who has given notice of it intimates in writing before the holding of the ballot for the next session his desire to proceed with it, be carried over to the next session and shall, together with any amendments thereto of which notice has been given, be set down for discussion for such day or days as are available for non-official business in the order in which it stands and shall be given precedence to the resolutions to be balloted for for that session. The order of priority as settled by the ballot is final.”

AMENDMENT OF STANDING ORDER 7 (2).

2. After the words "from time to time" in Standing Order 7(2) the following shall be added, namely :—

"except as provided in sub-section (1) of Standing Order 6."

AMENDMENT OF STANDING ORDER 12.

3. At the end of Standing Order 12, the following shall be added, namely :—

"provided also that no member shall, unless he has obtained the special permission of the President, be permitted to send in notice of more than twelve questions during one session of the Council, exclusive of any questions that may have been postponed for reply from a previous session."

AMENDMENT OF STANDING ORDER 63.

4. After Standing Order 63, the following shall be added, namely :—

"provided also that no member shall, unless he has obtained the special permission of the President, be permitted to send in notice of more than three resolutions during one session of the Council, exclusive of any resolution carried over under the provisions of Standing Order 6."

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1923.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 371L., dated the 2nd February, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 25th January, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

THE BENGAL VILLAGE-CHAUKIDARI (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.

A

BILL

further to amend the Village-chaukidari Act, 1870.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Village-chaukidari Act, 1870, in the manner herein-after appearing :

Ben. Act VI
of 1870.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bengal Village-chaukidari (Amendment) Act, 1923.

New section
substituted for
section 11 of
Bengal Act VI of
1870.

2. For section 11 of the Village-chaukidari Act, 1870, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 11. The *panchayet* of a village shall determine the number of chaukidars to be appointed for that village, subject to the approval of the District Magistrate.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the number of chaukidars, employed on the day on which the Bengal Village-chaukidari (Amendment) Act, 1923, comes into operation, shall continue to be the same until altered under the provisions of this section.”

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

As section 12 of the Village-chaukidari Act has been amended by this Council, removing the maximum limit of the pay of the chaukidars, and vesting the panchayet with the right of determining the salary of the chaukidars, subject to the approval of the District Magistrate, it is necessarily desirable that the panchayet should also have the right of determining the number of chaukidars to be appointed. The object of this Bill is, therefore, to effect an amendment of section 11 of the Chaukidari Act on the same lines as that of section 12, which was carried out in the August session of the Legislative Council.

INDU BHUSAN DUTT,

Member-in-charge.

CALCUTTA ;

The 22nd December, 1922.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 372 L., dated the 2nd February, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 25th January, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

**THE BENGAL VILLAGE SELF-GOVERNMENT
(AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.**

A

BILL

*to amend the Bengal Village Self-Government
Act, 1919.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, in the manner ^{Ben. Act V of 1919.} hereinafter appearing ;

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bengal Village Self-Government (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 6.

2. In sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, hereinafter referred to as "the said Act" for the words "District Magistrate" the words "Chairman of the District Board in consultation with the District Magistrate, or some person authorised by him" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 16.

3. In section 16 of the said Act,—

(1) at the end of clause (iii) of sub-section (1), the following shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that before the President is removed from office he shall be given an opportunity to explain the charges preferred against him :

Provided also that an appeal shall lie to the Commissioner of the Division against the order of removal within one month from the date of such order, the order of the Commissioner shall be final.

(2) In sub-section (2)—

(a) for the words "union board" in the first line of the sub-section, the words "Local Board or, if there is no Local Board, the District Board" shall be substituted,

(b) after the words "the members of" for the word "the" the words "a union" shall be substituted,

(c) for the words "its Vice-President" the words "the Vice-President of such union board" shall be substituted.

(Clauses 4—9.)

(3) at the end of sub-section (2), the following shall be added, namely :—

“Provided that before the Vice-President is removed from office he shall be given an opportunity to explain the charges preferred against him.”

Amendment of section 21.

4. At the end of sub-section (1) of section 21 of the said Act for the words “from time to time by the district magistrate after consideration of the views of the union board” the words “from time to time by the union board subject to the approval of the District Magistrate” shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 27.

5. In clause (a) (v) of sub-section (1) of section 27 of the said Act, after the words “or jungle” in the two places where they occur, the words “or water-hyacinth” shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 32.

6. In section 32 of the said Act, after the words “establish primary schools or dispensaries,” the words “or engage medical practitioners, with a supply of medicines, or keep any medicine for distribution” shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 36.

7. Section 36 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as section 36, sub-section (1), and after that sub-section, as re-numbered, the following shall be added, namely :—

“(2) The union board may remove any officer or servant with the approval of the Local Board or, in the absence of such approval, with the approval of the District Board, and such officer or servant shall have a right of appeal to the District Board within a month from the order of removal. The decision of the District Board shall be final.”

Amendment of section 37.

8. At the beginning of section 37 of the said Act, after the words “within the union,” the words “and on the owners of any estate or tenure or part or share thereof any portion of the lands of which are within the union” shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 38.

9. In section 38 of the said Act,—

(a) after the proviso to sub-section (1), the following shall be added, namely :—

“Provided also that the amount to be assessed on a person, who is assessed under section 37 in respect of more than one union, shall be as follows :—

(i) if the amount assessed under the foregoing provisions of this section would exceed rupees forty-two in respect of each of two or in respect of each of three unions ;

PROPOSED CHANGES (Clauses 10-14) IN THE ACT

(14) if the amount assessed under the foregoing provisions of this section would exceed rupees thirty-two in respect of four or more unions ;

(b) after the words "a month" in sub-section (2) the words "or who possesses less than one and one-fourth acre of land" be inserted.

Amendment of section 40.

10. In section 40 of the said Act, —

(a) after the words "district magistrate," the words "or the Chairman of the District Board" shall be inserted,

(b) after the word "necessary," the words "and after considering the report of the union board" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 45.

11. In section 45—

(a) the following sub-section shall be inserted as sub-section (1):—

"(1) The District Board shall make over to each union board one-fifth of the amount of road cess collected from the union, and this amount shall be expended by such union board on the improvement of sanitation, irrigation, or education or for purposes of public health with the union."

(b) the present section 45 shall be re-numbered as sub-section (2) of that section, and

(c) after the words "the district board may" in sub-section (2), as re-numbered, the word "also" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 58.

12. In section 58 of the said Act, after the words "body of persons," the words "or to any individual" shall be inserted.

Insertion of new section 59A.

13. After section 59 the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"59A. An appeal shall lie to the Minister-in-charge of the Department of Local Self-Government against any order of the Commissioner passed under sub-section (1) of section 56 and under section 59. Such appeal shall be filed within sixty days of the receipt of such order by the union board and the decision of the Minister thereon shall be final."

Amendment of Schedule III.

14. In the second column of item 1 in Schedule III to the said Act the words "or circle officer" shall be omitted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It seems desirable that the amendments in the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, proposed in the Bill should be made as soon as possible.

Clauses 2 and 10.—It is most desirable to be Chairman, District Board, with the consultation of District Magistrate or a person authorised in place of District Magistrate in section 6 of the Act.

This has been provided for in clause 2 of the Bill, and also the Chairman, District Board, will be more better than the District Magistrate about the power which is written in section 40 of the Act, and clause 10 of the Bill contains also a small amendment of section 40 of the Act providing that before the District Magistrate passes orders under that section he should consider the report of the union board.

Clause 3.—It is desirable that an opportunity should be given to the President or the Vice-President of a union board who is removed from office under section 16 of the Act and it is necessary to give beforehand an opportunity to explain the charges preferred against him and to meet any charges that may have been brought against President that he should have a right of appeal and that the Local Board and if the Local Board be dissolved in future, then District Board should have the power to remove a Vice-President instead of the union board. This has been provided for in clause 3 of the Bill.

Clause 4.—In dealing with matters under section 21 of the Act, the power of union board should be increased more. An advanced provision has been made for the Bengal Village-Chaukidari (Amendment) Act, 1922. Such provision should be made for this more advanced Act as Chaukidari Act.

Clause 5.—It is considered that section 27 should include the removal of the plague of the water-hyacinth, and that this should be specifically mentioned in the Act.

Clause 6.—An amendment of section 32 has been suggested in order to provide for the engagement of the services of medical practitioners, by union board. This seems very desirable.

Clause 7.—Provides for the removal of officers and servants by union boards and gives such officers and servants the right of appeal to the District Board.

Clause 8.—If there is no holding in the union but there is estate or portion of the lands, this can be assessed according to the income derived therefrom. This kind of amendment has been added in section 37 of the Act. This has been provided for in clause 8 of the Bill.

Clause 9.—Provision has been made that a person who has lands in two or three unions his assessment should not exceed rupees 42 for each union and whose lands in four or more unions his assessment should not exceed rupees 32 for each union, and the insertion of the words "who possesses less than one and one-fourth acre of land" in sub-section (2) of section 38 is most desirable.

Clause 11.—Provision has been made that one-fifth of the road cess collected from each union shall be made over to the union board for works of sanitation, irrigation or education or improvement of public health.

Clause 12.—The intention of the small verbal amendment in section 58 of the Act is to make the meaning of that section more clear.

Clause 13.—This clause provides an appeal against an order by the Commissioner under section 56 or 59.

SHAH SYED EMDADUL HAQ,

Member-in-charge.

CALCUTTA;
The 1st January, 1923.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

CALCUTTA, THE 3RD FEBRUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 1095L.R.

In paragraph 14 of the report of the Committee appointed to consider the amendment of the Bengal Tenancy Act, they dealt with the law relating to *utbandi* tenancies in the following words :—

"We appointed a sub-committee to enquire into the question of modifying the law relating to *utbandi* tenancies, and we agree generally with the proposals which they have made for the purpose of enabling such tenancies to be converted into ordinary raiyati holdings. The *utbandi* problem, however, is a local one affecting portions of a few districts only and having little connection with the main principles underlying the general amendment Bill. We think that it will be more convenient to deal with this matter by separate legislation, and we have therefore inserted no provision relating to it in this Bill."

The proposal therefore of the Committee is simply separate legislation dealing with the *utbandi* problem, such legislation to be for the purpose of enabling *utbandi* tenancies to be converted into ordinary raiyati holdings. A Bill has accordingly been drafted on the proposed lines with some modifications, and it is now published as annexure hereto for information and criticism, together with a statement of objects and reasons and notes on the different clauses.

2. It will be observed that the Committee's recommendation is limited to legislation for the purpose of enabling *utbandi* tenancies to be converted into ordinary raiyati holdings. It does not deal with the status or incidents of *utbandi* tenancies. Except in respect of certain minor points to which a reference will be made later, the sub-committee also made no recommendations disturbing either the status or incidents of the tenancy as given in section 180 of the Bengal Tenancy Act. In these respects the draft Bill leaves the Bengal Tenancy Act intact. The question of *utbandi* has been a vexed one ever since the Bengal Tenancy Act was passed in 1835 by the Government of India containing provision for the separate treatment of such lands. At that time the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal opposed the insertion of special legislative measures towards the conservation of the *utbandi* tenancy in the Act; and a body of opinion exists opposed to the retention of such measures. On the other hand, another proposal has been made to the Government which will have the effect of strengthening such measures for the conservation of the tenancy. This proposal is that the present law regarding the status and incidents of the *utbandi* tenancy should be amplified and that a definition of *utbandi* and the incidents of the tenancy should be categorically stated in the proposed legislation. In the opinion of the Governor in Council it must therefore now be decided, if legislation is undertaken, which of the following three alternatives should be adopted :—

- (i) to define *utbandi* and its legal incidents in greater particular in the Act and thus conserve certain definite privileges attaching to the tenancy in the Act, or
- (ii) to eliminate any special privileges attaching to the *utbandi* tenancy from the Act, or
- (iii) to leave the Act practically alone in this respect.

Whichever alternative is adopted, an Act on the lines now proposed, with necessary modifications, would probably be necessary for the conversion of

utbandi rents into ordinary rents, for Government are advised that *utbandi* rents can in any case remain legal, however the status and other incidents of the tenancy are treated. This distinction between the rent of an *utbandi* tenancy and its other incidents is of considerable importance and has not always been sufficiently appreciated.

3. The following particular proposals have been made to Government for insertion in the law in respect of the definition and incidents of the *utbandi* tenancy :—

(1) *Utbandi* is a kind of fluctuating tenancy in which the area of the tenancy as well as the rent payable for it varies from year to year according to the quantity of land actually cultivated and the crops grown in that year.

(2) An *utbandi* tenant may be either—

- (i) a tenant with occupancy right, or
- (ii) a tenant without occupancy right.

(3) An *utbandi* tenant shall not acquire occupancy right in respect of any land until he has cultivated it for twelve continuous years.

(4) When an *utbandi* tenant has acquired an occupancy right in any land in accordance with the above, he shall be deemed to be a raiyat with occupancy right in respect of the same, and all the provisions of Chapter V of the Bengal Tenancy Act shall thereafter apply, provided that until an order is passed under the Bill which is now published for criticism, determining a uniform annual rent, the average of the rent which was payable during the six years immediately preceding or any shorter period for which evidence may be available, shall be considered as the rent payable for the land, irrespective of whether it is cultivated or not :

Provided also that as occupancy rights accrue in *utbandi* lands, all the lands held under the same landlord by the same raiyat in which occupancy rights have accrued and for which no uniform annual rent has been fixed may be deemed to be amalgamated into a single holding.

(5) Nothing contained in Chapter VI of the Bengal Tenancy Act shall apply to an *utbandi* tenant without occupancy right.

(6) An *utbandi* tenant without occupancy right shall be liable to pay rent for the land he actually cultivates and at such rate or rates as may be agreed upon between him and his landlord.

(7) Any land in respect of which an *utbandi* tenant has not acquired occupancy rights and which is not actually cultivated in any year shall be deemed to have reverted to the landlord.

(8) An *utbandi* tenant who has not acquired occupancy right in respect of any land shall not have any right to continue the cultivation of that land or otherwise keep it in his possession after the expiry of the period for which the lands may have been taken, and where there has been no such agreement, after the expiry of three agricultural years commencing with the agricultural year in which the tenant began to cultivate the land.

The proposals of the sub-committee, other than those embodied in the draft Bill, which touch on the status or legal incidents of the tenancy are as follows :—

(1) When an *utbandi* tenant has acquired occupancy rights in any fields by twelve years' continuous possession, he shall be deemed to hold those fields as an occupancy holding to which all the provisions of Chapter V apply.

(2) For the purposes of section 27 of the Bengal Tenancy Act the rent paid or assessed for such fields in the agricultural year 1329 or any other year which the Local Government may notify in the gazette for any area shall be presumed to be the fair and equitable rent, pending the fixing of a uniform annual rent under the proposed Bill, i. e., that the *utbandi* rates in force in any particular year should continue.

(3) No *char*, homestead, *ulbastu*, bamboo or orchard lands should be deemed to be *utbandi* lands within the meaning of section 180 of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

4. The Governor in Council, before deciding to legislate or introducing any Bill in Council on the subject of *utbandi*, would be glad of the opinions of any persons interested therein on—

- (1) the draft Bill annexed,
- (2) the alternative proposals or any modification thereof given in paragraph 2 of this resolution, and
- (3) the proposals detailed in paragraph 3 of this resolution.

All opinions should reach Government by the 1st April 1923.

By order of the Governor in Council,

M. C. McALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

THE BENGAL TENANCY (UTBANDI AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.

A

BILL

to supplement and amend the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, in order to provide means whereby a uniform annual money rent may be fixed for lands held under the custom of Utbandi and to make further provision in respect of such lands.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to supplement and amend the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, in order to provide means whereby a uniform annual money-rent may be fixed for lands held under the custom of *utbandi*, and to make such other provisions as hereinafter appear in respect of lands for which a uniform annual rent has been so fixed ;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act has been obtained to the passing of this Act ;

5 & 6 Geo.
V., c. 61 ;
6 & 7 Geo.
V., c. 87 ;
9 & 10 Geo
V., c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Tenancy (Utbandi Amendment) Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Insertion of new sections 180A and 180B in Act VIII of 1885.

2. After section 180 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, the following sections shall be inserted, namely :—

“ 180A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 180 when a raiyat holds or has held land under the custom of *utbandi*, either the landlord or the raiyat may apply to have a uniform annual rent determined for the land.

Fixing of uniform annual rent in respect of *utbandi* lands.

(2) The application shall include at the discretion of the applicant either—

(a) all the lands held under the custom of *utbandi* by the same tenant under the same landlord in which the tenant has acquired a right of occupancy whether under the provisions of section 183A or otherwise, or

(b) all the lands held under the same landlord by the tenant which the tenant has cultivated under the custom of *utbandi* at any time during the preceding period of six years if he is the last person to have cultivated the land and has not acquired occupancy rights therein, or

(c) both.

(Clause 2.)

- (3) The application may be made to the Collector or to a Subdivisional Officer or to a Revenue Officer appointed by the Local Government under the designation of Settlement Officer or Assistant Settlement Officer for the purpose of making a survey and record-of-rights under Chapter X or to any other officer specially authorised by the Local Government.
- (4) The case may be determined by the officer who receives the application, or the Collector or the Settlement Officer may transfer it for disposal to some other officer competent under sub-section (3) to receive applications.
- (5) The officer receiving the application or the officer to whom the case is transferred as the case may be shall cause notice to be given in the prescribed manner to the opposite party, and shall fix a date for the determination of the case.
- (6) If the application refers to lands in which the tenant has not acquired occupancy rights, the officer may reject it in whole or in part in respect of such lands, if he is satisfied in view of all the circumstances of the case that it is unreasonable to grant it:

Provided that a refusal shall be no bar to proceedings being again taken under this section after five years from the date of refusal if circumstances have in the meantime changed.

- (7) If the application is not wholly rejected, the officer shall then determine the sum to be paid as a uniform annual rent, and also in the case of lands in which the tenant has not acquired occupancy rights, a premium to be paid to the landlord, and he shall order that the tenant shall, in lieu of paying the rent under custom of *utbandi*, pay the sum so determined and the premium, if any.
- (8) In making the determination of the sum to be paid as rent, the officer shall have regard to—
- (a) the average money rent payable by occupancy raiyats for land of a similar description and with similar advantages in the vicinity;
 - (b) the average of the rents actually paid or payable to the landlord on account of the lands during the previous six years or during any shorter period for which evidence may be available;
 - (c) the rates for lands of a similar description and with similar advantages in the vicinity held under the custom of *utbandi*;

(Clause 2.)

(d) the rent payable for lands of a similar description and with similar advantages in the vicinity by raiyats who formerly paid their rent for those lands under the custom of *utbandi* but whose rents have been converted into uniform annual rents whether under this section or by agreement or otherwise ;

(e) the charges incurred by the landlord in respect of irrigation under the custom of *utbandi* and the arrangements made on settlement of the uniform annual rent for continuing those charges ;

(f) the rules laid down in this Act for the guidance of the Civil Courts in enhancing or reducing rents on account of the holdings of occupancy raiyats ;

(g) any sum agreed to by the parties to be paid as money rent :

Provided that the officer shall in no case determine a rent which is unfair or inequitable.

(9) The premium to be paid to the landlord in the case of lands in which the tenant has not acquired occupancy rights shall be three times the rent, or if the application is made under sub-clause (c) of sub-section (2), three times the portion of the rent determined under sub-section (7) on account of such lands :

Provided that the determining officer may, on the application of the tenant, if he considers that it is a hardship to the tenant to pay a premium, commute the same by ordering that, in lieu of the payment of a premium, the uniform annual rent or portion of the rent, as the case may be, on account of the lands in respect of which the premium was so payable, be increased by a sum equal to 20 per cent. of such rent or portion of rent.

(10) The order shall be in writing, shall state the grounds on which it is made, and shall, in the absence of any special reasons to the contrary recorded in writing, take effect from the beginning of the agricultural year next after the date on which it is made.

(11) The officer may, on the application of the tenant, order that the premium shall be paid by instalments not exceeding three in number, that the first instalment shall be paid at the beginning of the agricultural year in which the rent settled under sub-section (7) takes effect and that one of remaining instalments shall be paid at the beginning of each of the succeeding agricultural years until the premium is paid in full.

(Clause 2.)

- (12) The premium or the instalments thereof shall be payable and recoverable as rent, but interest shall only be awarded in respect of such instalments as are not paid by the date fixed under sub-section (11).
- (13) The order shall be subject to appeal in the manner provided in section 109A, unless the application has been made in the course of proceedings under Part II of Chapter X, in which case the provisions of sections 104G and 104H shall apply.
- (14) Notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act or in any other law, no suit shall be brought or application made in any court in respect of any order passed under this section, save as is provided in this section.

"180B. Whenever an order under section 180A is

Lands in respect of which a uniform annual rent has been fixed under section 180A to cease to be *utbandi* lands.

passed determining a uniform annual rent for any lands, such lands shall cease to be deemed to be held under the custom of *utbandi* with effect from the date from which the new rent takes effect, and the tenant shall hold them as an occupancy raiyat from the date of the order.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The *utbandi* tenancy is a peculiar tenancy, mainly confined to the districts of Nadia and Murshidabad. It is not governed by the ordinary law of landlord and tenant but by section 180 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, which retards the acquisition of occupancy rights and restricts the application of ordinary raiyati rights, in any part of the country where the custom of *utbandi* prevails, in lands ordinarily let out under that custom and for the time being let out under that custom. The tenancy has been described as follows: "The holding is not fixed either in area or in position but consists of a variable parcel or parcels of lands ascertained by a measurement or inspection made at least once a year. The rent is fixed for each year or season in respect of the parcel or parcels of land which has been ascertained by the said measurement or inspection to have been during the year or season in question in the cultivation of the raiyat". The system has, however, now largely developed in practice into a species of settled cultivation, in which it is undesirable to restrict the acquisition of ordinary raiyati rights or to retard the acquisition of occupancy rights. A change in the law is therefore called for, and the Committee who were appointed by Government in 1921 to consider the amendment of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, recommended that the law should be so modified as to enable *utbandi* tenancies to be converted into ordinary raiyati holdings by the commutation of *utbandi* rents into ordinary raiyati rents somewhat on the lines of section 40 of the Bengal Tenancy Act. In view also of the fact that the *utbandi* problem is a local one, affecting portions of a few districts only and having little connection with the main principles underlying the general Amendment Bill proposed by them, they recommended that the matter should be dealt with by separate legislation. The present Bill has accordingly been drafted separately on the basis of section 40 of the Bengal Tenancy Act. The notes on clause 2 explain any material departure from that section.

Notes on clause 2.

Section 180A(2).—This deals with the lands which can or must be included in the application for conversion of the *utbandi* rents. It makes provision for the inclusion of lands in which occupancy rights have accrued separately from those in which they have not accrued, because in the second case it may not be equitable to determine any ordinary uniform rent at all, whilst there is no reason in the first case why any application for conversion should be refused. It has also been provided that, in the case of lands in which the raiyat has not acquired occupancy rights, all those lands which the raiyat has cultivated under the same landlord under the custom of *utbandi* at any time during the preceding period of six years, if he is the last person to have cultivated the lands, must be included in the application. This is intended to save the landlord from having the worst lands thrown on his hands by the tenant making a selection only of the best lands he has cultivated during a cycle of cultivation.

Section 180A(4).—This provides for the transfer of the application to another officer for disposal.

Section 180A(5).—This provides for the initial procedure in dealing with the application. It is expected that most applications will be heard locally.

Section 180A(6).—This proposed sub-section provides for the differential treatment of applications relating to lands in which the raiyat has not acquired occupancy rights referred to in the note under proposed sub-section 180A(2).

Section 180A(7).—This proposed sub-section introduces the payment of a premium for conversion in the case of lands in which the raiyat has not acquired occupancy rights. This is warranted by the proposal that under section 180B he should obtain occupancy rights in such lands.

Section 180A(8).—This sub-section deals with the considerations to which the officer determining the sum to be paid as rent shall have regard on the lines of section 40 of the Act. It is also proposed under section 180A(8)(d) that other rents which have been converted into uniform annual

rents should be taken into consideration. Further, in view of the fact that *utbandi* rents are money-rents, and not the produce-rents contemplated by section 40, it is proposed in sub-section 180A (8) (f) that regard should be had to the rules laid down in this Act for the guidance of the civil courts in enhancing or reducing rents on account of the holdings of occupancy raiyats. Proposed sub-section 180A (8) (g) provides that any sum agreed to by the parties to be paid as money-rent should be taken into consideration.

Section 180A (9).—It is proposed, in order to simplify the procedure, that the premium should be a fixed multiple of the rent. For the present three times the rent has been inserted in the Bill. As, however, the compulsory payment of a premium might prevent raiyats applying for conversion, it is proposed, where it would be a hardship on the tenant to pay a premium, that he should in lieu thereof pay an additional sum of 20 per cent. to be added to the rent determined for the land in which he has not acquired occupancy rights.

Section 180A (11).—For similar reasons it is proposed that the premium should be made payable in instalments not exceeding three.

Section 180A (12).—This sub-section makes the premium payable and recoverable as rent.

Section 180A (13).—This sub-section provides for appeals.

Section 180A (14).—This prevents the proceedings under this section being upset in any way, except as provided by the section.

Section 180B.—It is proposed that when an *utbandi* rent has been converted into a uniform annual rent for any lands, such lands should cease to be deemed to be held under the custom of *utbandi*, and the raiyat should hold them as an occupancy raiyat.

required to leave their official headquarters or usual places of residence for the purpose of attending meetings of the Council or transacting business connected with their duties as members of the Council.

RULES.

1. In these rules—

- (1) "Session" means the whole period of a legislative session from the time when the Council is assembled to the time when it is prorogued.
- (2) "Meeting" means a meeting of the Council, or of a committee during the session or out of the session (or a meeting to which a member is summoned out of session for the transaction of business connected with his duties as a member of Council).
- (3) "Usual place of residence" means the place where a member ordinarily resides for at least six months in the year.
- (4) "Mufassal member" means a member whose usual place of residence is outside a radius of 25 miles from Government House or in the case of a meeting held outside Calcutta, 25 miles from the place at which such meeting is held.

2. The following are the different kinds of allowances which may be drawn in different circumstances by a member of the Legislative Council:—

(a) Mileage allowance which includes—

- (i) Mileage allowance for journeys by road. The rate admissible is eight annas per mile;
- (ii) Mileage allowance for journeys by railway or by sea or river in a steamer. The rate admissible is two single fares of the class by which the member actually travels.

(b) Daily allowance, Rs. 10.

3. No member may draw mileage allowance and daily allowance for the same day.

4. No member who arrives at and leaves the place of meeting on the same day may draw daily allowance for that day.

5. No member may draw daily allowance for any day after—

- (a) the close of the session;
- (b) the completion of the business for which a member is summoned out of session.

6. No member whose usual place of residence is within a radius of five miles from Government House and no member who ordinarily carries on his professional business within a radius of five miles from Government House may draw mileage allowance or daily allowance for attending meetings in Calcutta.

7. No member who usually resides or has his official headquarters within a radius of 25 miles from Government House may draw daily allowance for attending meetings in Calcutta.

8. Subject to rules 3 to 7, a member who has to leave his official headquarters or usual place of residence for the purpose of attending meetings or transacting business connected with his duties as a member of Council may draw mileage allowance and daily allowance.

NOTE.—Mileage allowance to a member will be paid to and from his usual place of residence, if within the province, or to and from the headquarters of his constituency, if his usual place of residence is outside the province.

9. If a member attends the first meeting of a session of the Council and stays throughout the session, he may draw the daily allowance for the whole session :

Provided that such member has attended all meetings of the Council during such session, or in the case of absence from any meeting, has explained such absence to the satisfaction of the President.

10. If a member does not arrive or leave on the day of the meeting, he will be considered to arrive on the day before the meeting and to leave the day after the meeting even if, as a matter of fact, he arrives some days before or leaves some days after. He will, therefore, be entitled to mileage allowance for the day before and the day after the meeting, and to daily allowance for the day of the meeting only, and not for any other days during which he may reside in the place where the Council or committee is sitting, before or after the meeting.

11. (a) In the case of adjournments or intervals between meetings of seven days or less a mufassal member who stays at the place of meeting for the intervening period may draw daily allowance for that period. A mufassal member who returns to his usual place of residence may draw mileage allowance, but the amount drawn shall in no case exceed the amount which would have been admissible if he had elected to stay at the meeting place, and daily allowance.

(b) In the case of adjournments or intervals between meetings of more than seven days a mufassal member may return to his usual place of residence in the intervening period and may charge mileage allowance, but in this event no daily allowance for the intervening period shall be admissible to him.

12. Where a meeting lasts over the week-end mileage allowance is not admissible to a member who leaves the place of meeting during the week-end, but he may draw daily allowance for the week-end provided he is present at the opening meeting after the week-end; otherwise he may draw daily allowance only for the days on which he actually attended meetings.

13. In the case of protracted sittings of three weeks' duration or over, a mufassal member may return to his usual place of residence once during that period at the public expense, and in such case he may draw one single fare of the class by which he actually travelled and mileage allowance by road at eight annas per mile. But any member who stays away from the place of meeting for such a length of time as necessitates his being absent for more than six consecutive meetings shall forfeit his right to this concession.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above resolution be communicated to the several departments of this Government including the Legislative Department, and to the Accountant-General, Bengal, and be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

Finance Department.

NEW HOWRAH BRIDGE.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 29TH JANUARY 1922.

RESOLUTION—No. 334 Marine.

IN November 1921, the Government of Bengal appointed a Committee of Engineers to advise them in regard to the type of the proposed new bridge between Calcutta and Howrah. That Committee submitted a report in February 1922, in which they favoured the construction of a bridge of the cantilever type, and recommended that steps be immediately taken without waiting for a decision on the financial aspect of the proposal to obtain specifications and tenders for a bridge of this type on the lines recommended in the report.

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce in submitting their opinion on the Committee's report remarked that no useful purpose would be served by discussing the importance of any particular type of bridge until its cost was known, and at the same time emphasised the need for obtaining a precise estimate as quickly as possible. Agreeing with this view, the Government of Bengal at once placed themselves in communication with the High Commissioner for India, with a view to the preparation of the necessary specifications by a competent engineer, and the matter has since been receiving the attention of the Consulting Engineer to the India Office.

2. The Governor in Council is now advised that it will not be possible to obtain an accurate estimate of the cost of a bridge of the type contemplated, without the preparation of specifications and plans which would involve a delay of some months and the expenditure of a considerable sum of money. He has, however, obtained particulars, in consultation with the Consulting Engineer who has recently visited Calcutta, which are sufficient to enable him to frame an approximate estimate of the cost of the bridge, and proposals have been worked out for financing the outlay by means of a cess on passengers and goods coming into and leaving Calcutta. The cost involved in these proposals is considerable, the methods of assessment and collection may present difficulties, and the Governor in Council considers it advisable that they should be considered by a Committee representative of the chief interests concerned. His Excellency in Council desires the assistance of this Committee in drafting definite proposals to meet the cost of the new bridge. He would be glad to have their views on the proposals for the levy of a cess and in particular on the ability of the trade and people of Calcutta and neighbourhood to bear the charges incidental to the construction and maintenance of a bridge of the proposed cantilever type. He does not desire, however, to limit the deliberations of the Committee to these specific suggestions and he will welcome any definite and practicable proposals from the Committee for other methods of meeting the cost of the bridge.

3. The Committee will consist of—

Chairman.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. Donald, C.I.E., I.C.S., Finance Member of the Executive Council of the Government of Bengal.

Members.

1. S. A. H. Sitwell, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, representing the Bengal Chamber of Commerce.
2. Babu Jadu Nath Roy, representing the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce.

3. S. C. Stuart-Williams, Esq., Chairman (temporary), Port Commissioners, Calcutta.
4. T. Emerson, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Chairman, Calcutta Improvement Trust.
5. S. N. Mallik, Esq., M.A., B.L., M.L.C., (Acting) Chairman, Calcutta Corporation.
6. William Leslie, Esq., Master, Calcutta Trades Association.
7. E. E. Purcell, Esq., representing the E. I. Railway.
8. L. Greenham, Esq., representing the B. N. Railway.
9. H. St. G. Gilmore, Esq., representing the E. B. Railway.
10. E. J. Oakley, Esq., representing the Joint Steamer Companies (I. G. N. & Ry. Co., Ltd., and R. S. N. Co., Ltd.).
11. J. F. Barton, Esq., representing the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company, Limited.
12. Babu N. N. Roy, representing East Bengal Steam Service, Limited.
13. J. K. Roy, Esq.
14. Oswald Martin, Esq.
15. C. C. Sinha, Esq., Chairman, Howrah Municipality.
16. R. S. Courtney, Esq., C.B.E., representing the Bengal Assam Steamship Company, Limited.
17. Rai D. N. Ghosh Bahadur, Director of Statistics.

The Governor in Council hopes that the Committee will be able to present their report at an early date.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. MARR,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Final Forecast of the Sugarcane Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

[NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1920-21, the area under sugarcane in Bengal has represented some 8·2 per cent. of the total area under sugarcane in British India.]

Character of the season.—As indicated in the second forecast the weather was exceptionally dry at the outset and at the time of growth. The crop which suffered most during the period is in the deltaic tracts where it is grown mainly on irrigation. In the beginning of the monsoon period, the crop recovered from the evil effects of drought, but subsequently heavy rainfall and floods caused damage especially in North Bengal; also in Faridpur, Bakarganj, Bankura, Midnapore, Hooghly and Howrah.

Area.—The total area planted with sugarcane for the province is estimated at 200,600 acres this year against 220,900 acres last year.

Outturn.—From the Appendix I attached to the report, it will be seen that five districts (namely, Burdwan, Rangpur, Chittagong, Tippera and Noakhali) report a normal crop; fourteen districts a crop varying from 74 to 88 per cent.; and five districts a crop as low as 38 to 58 per cent. Three districts report a crop as low as between 38 to 58 per cent.

According to the above estimates, the average outturn of the crop for the province works out at 79 per cent. of the normal against 82 per cent. last year.

Taking 36½ maunds as the normal rate of cane-*gur* per acre the gross outturn for the province is estimated at 212,500 tons this year against 239,500 tons last year.

Other sources of *gur*.—The total quantity of *gur* likely to be obtained from date-palm juice is estimated at 131,900 tons this year against 119,500 tons (now revised) last year.

The total quantity of *gur* for the province from all sources is thus estimated at 344,400 tons against 359,000 tons last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Dacca,

The 29th January 1923.

APPENDIX I.

Final Forecast of the Sugarcane Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

District.	Estimated normal area under sugarcane.	Estimated area under sugarcane.		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting of the crop generally commenced this year, and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.				
24-Parganas ...	8,000	4,800	2,400	75	58	November. Normal ...	Damage to the extent of eight annas due to drought at the time of planting in the Basirhat subdivision has caused the outturn to fall much below the normal.
Nadia ...	7,900	6,500	6,000	76	76	Beginning of January. Normal.	The weather, which was unfavourable at the planting time, has been favourable since November. Some damage has been done by white-ants and floods. The outturn is below the normal owing to want of timely rainfall.
Murshidabad ...	8,600	3,200	2,300	67	67	November and December. Normal.	The drought which prevailed since October caused the outturn to fall much below the normal.
Jessore ...	3,800	4,000	2,500	75	67	December. Normal ...	The drought in the early stages of the crop was so severe that almost all sources of irrigation dried up causing considerable damage to the crop.
Khulna ...	1,800	1,100	700	83	75	.....	The weather has been reasonable since October. Damage was caused by floods to some extent. The low outturn is due to want of timely rainfall.
Burdwan ...	26,800	16,600	14,300	67	100	Not yet commenced ...	Owing to good rainfall the crop recovered from the evil effects of drought at the planting time.
Birbhum ...	9,800	9,000	8,000	83	83	Ditto ...	The weather has been fair.
Bankura ...	9,700	9,700	11,000	83	67	Ditto ...	The character of the weather and its effect on the crop were not favourable. Heavy rains and floods from July to September have caused the outturn to fall much below the normal.
Midnapore ...	6,800	5,000	4,300	88	75	Ditto ...	The outturn is expected to fall below the normal owing to heavy rains after planting.
Hooghly ...	8,300	4,800	3,900	67	67	Ditto ...	Injury to the extent of about eight annas crop in the Arambagh subdivision on account of heavy rains and floods caused the outturn to fall below the normal.
Howrah ...	5,200	5,300	4,600	88	88	.....	The heavy rains in August which resulted in flood, damaged the crops to a large extent, especially in the Ulubaria subdivision. Hence the outturn is below the normal.
Rajshahi ...	7,500	7,400	6,800	83	83	Beginning of December. Normal.	Damage was caused to the extent of two annas in the Natore subdivision.
Dinajpur ...	27,000	33,300	27,500	79	74	End of November. Normal.	The weather was not favourable. Drought at the planting time and subsequent floods caused the outturn to fall below the normal.
Jalpaiguri ...	6,000	5,100	5,200	83	83	End of October. Normal.	The weather has been fair on the whole. Excessive rains in June and July damaged the growth of the crop to some extent.
Darjeeling ...	300	300	300	138	88	.....	The effects of the weather from October to December have not been favourable on the crop.
Rangpur ...	39,600	14,300	14,300	100	100	First week of December. Normal.	The weather was favourable.
Bogra ...	5,000	4,600	3,500	92	80	January. Normal ...	The weather was not favourable on the whole. Damage was done to the crop by the recent floods.
Fabna ...	10,000	3,800	3,500	83	83	End of December. Normal.	The weather was not favourable from October to December. The decrease in area is due to bad weather condition at the planting time. The continued drought after the planting time caused the outturn to fall below the normal.

District.	Estimated normal area under sugarcane.	Estimated area under sugarcane.		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting of the crop generally commenced this year, and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
Malda	300	300	300	85	80	November. Normal ...	Damage was caused by heavy rainfall and floods.
Dacca	21,100	24,400	21,500	87	80	July to November. Normal.	The weather was fairly favourable. Some damage was caused by drought at the time of planting.
Mymensingh ...	11,100	7,000	6,500	90	80	November. December. Normal.	The decrease in area as compared with that of the last year is due to want of timely rainfall.
Faridpur	7,100	7,000	7,000	80	88	End of September. Normal.	Drought at the planting time and subsequent heavy rains and high water affected the crop and caused the outturn to fall much below the normal.
Bakarganj	18,800	20,000	28,500	83	87	September. Early ...	Unfavourable weather at the sowing season and afterwards followed by floods in July and September have caused the crop to suffer and the outturn is accordingly much below the normal.
Chittagong	6,400	6,000	6,000	92	100	October to December. Normal.	The weather was favourable. Insect-pests are reported to have caused some damage to the crop in Cox's Bazar.
Tippura	6,100	6,300	6,100	83	100	December. Normal ...	The weather was good. The drought in April and May and floods in July caused some damage to the crop.
Noakhali	800	800	1,000	100	100	End of September. Normal.	The increase in area as compared with that of last year is due to high prices of molasses and to the fact that a portion of area under jute cultivation was transferred to the crop. The weather was favourable.
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	1,000	1,000	900	88	88	End of December. Normal.	Want of rain at the sowing time caused the outturn to fall much below the normal.
Total for Bengal ...	229,100	220,900	200,600	82	79		

APPENDIX II.

Abstract statement of estimated acreage and outturn of the sugarcane crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

Province.	AREA (IN ACRES).						YIELD (IN TONS).							
	Of current year's crop (1922-23).	Of previous year's crop (1921-22).	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+), or is less than (-), area in—		Estimated yield of current year, i.e., of area in column 2.	Yield of previous year, i.e., of area in column 3.	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+), or is less than (-), yield in—					
				Column 2.	Column 4.				Column 8.	Column 9.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11				
			Five years.	Ten years.	Five years.	Ten years.		Five years.	Ten years.	Five years.	Ten years.			
Bengal	200,600	220,900	213,300	219,500	- 3.2	- 1.9	- 8.6	212,800	239,500	237,500	245,700	- 11.2	- 10.6	- 12.6

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd December 1922.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.																	Total of all causes.			Total of correct- ing week of the previous year.				
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-born births).	Still-born number registered.	Quotera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Kubartic fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Indigestion.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respira- tory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,360	590,361	907,651	433	20	18	5	...	26	8	...	...	2	28	31	8	8	38	32	56	9	4	224	276	281	507	361	280	641
Bardwan	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	176,814	152,639	329,353	219	1	...	...	6	1	...	6	...	...	15	11	...	...	14	1	11	2	...	74	66	76	141	46	32	78
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,472	66,629	195,201	94	7	1	...	...	5	2	...	...	2	17	12	13	...	8	6	16	4	...	38	73	51	124	74	64	138
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,333	52,117	119,450	79	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	30	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	29	33	42	80	61	35	106
24-Parganas	5	Manikiala	40,806	26,376	67,372	30	4	4	4	7	3	4	2	14	19	19	38	23	37	60
	6	Bhatpara	43,723	19,886	63,609	22	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	3	7	1	4	5
	7	Cossipur-Chit- pur.	36,269	20,165	56,474	23	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	...	2	3	...	...	...	5	12	7	19	10	18	23
	8	Titagarh	36,533	15,918	52,451	25	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	5	8	11	7	18

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 21st December 1922.

Vital Statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 9th December 1922.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.																Total of deaths occurring in the preceding week of the previous year.							
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-borns).	Still-born number registered.	(Cholera).	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Typhoid fever.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Typhoid.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.		Male.	Female.	Total.		
																									Male.	Female.					
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,890	290,281	908,171	400	32	9	3	...	19	3	...	...	7	40	34	6	13	59	43	74	12	...	219	300	519	353	286	639	
Bardwan	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	176,814	182,529	359,343	146	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	13	3	...	1	10	1	11	3	...	59	53	105	52	51	103	
Howrah	3	Howrah	122,472	66,829	189,301	108	10	2	...	...	6	2	...	...	...	20	15	9	...	9	1	10	2	2	25	51	52	103	70	80	150
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,338	82,117	149,455	115	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	26	4	...	3	1	3	1	...	...	31	41	38	79	46	59	106
Manikiala	5	Manikiala	40,596	26,376	66,972	18	1	4	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	2	6	3	1	5	5	9	1	...	22	20	23	28	23	51	
Bhatpara	6	Bhatpara	45,723	19,886	65,609	20	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	2	5	7	6	13
Comair-Chitpur.	7	Comair-Chitpur.	26,389	20,165	46,554	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	6	8	2	10	13	13	25
Ghazipur	8	Ghazipur	26,632	15,918	42,550	23	3	1	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	5	18	8	21	9	7	15

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 22nd December 1922.

Vital Statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 18th December 1922.

District.	No.	Town.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.		BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.																								
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered excluding still-borns (births).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Rubeola fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.		Total of corresponding week of the previous year.			
																										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,350	290,261	907,611	425	32	8	4	..	13	11	..	..	5	42	36	9	13	61	34	65	11	2	237	301	250	551	317	291	608
Burdwan	2	Asanol Mining Settlement.	176,814	152,539	329,353	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	2	..	..	5	..	14	15	15	30	41	44	85
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,472	66,229	194,701	116	6	1	..	..	10	5	..	..	..	18	12	11	1	11	2	13	1	1	38	73	51	124	83	63	145
Dacca	4	Dacca	87,333	82,117	169,450	46	4	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	29	4	..	..	7	1	1	1	..	27	41	35	76	41	49	90
24-Parganas	5	Manikbala	40,996	26,376	67,372	13	2	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	4	3	..	3	4	1	..	..	9	11	23	33	25	33	58
	6	Bhatpara	45,723	19,896	65,609	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	5	4	6	10	7	2	9
	7	Comber-Chitpar.	29,289	20,185	49,474	23	2	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	9	1	..	..	..	2	3	..	..	8	12	14	26	14	15	29
	8	Tilagarh	36,533	15,918	52,451	9	2	8	2	..	2	..	1	1	1	..	9	6	15	7	8	15

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 3rd January 1923.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd December 1922.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			DEATHS REGISTERED.														Total of corresponding week of the previous year.											
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-borns).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Typhoid fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Typhoid.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.		Total.			
																										Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,560	290,261	907,821	401	31	9	6	—	29	7	—	—	—	6	35	31	12	11	68	36	7	2	220	345	343	360	703		
Bardwan	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	178,314	132,539	329,353	209	2	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	7	7	—	—	—	14	1	14	3	2	83	78	143	91	61	152
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,472	64,829	193,301	88	4	5	1	—	10	3	—	—	3	22	22	9	—	8	2	19	2	—	43	79	149	72	60	132	
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,333	32,117	119,450	106	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	5	—	—	2	3	1	—	1	25	26	41	53	37	90	
24-Parganas	5	Manikata	40,926	26,376	67,302	18	—	18	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	1	4	2	2	7	16	—	—	16	32	38	70	18	20	
	6	Bhatpara	45,722	19,566	65,288	39	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	2	1	2	—	4	—	—	—	—	6	9	10	19	4	9	
	7	Cossipur-Obitpur.	34,389	20,185	54,574	16	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	5	1	1	—	3	—	—	1	—	6	9	10	19	14	23	
	8	Titagarh	34,333	15,918	50,251	14	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	11	7	6	12

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 9th January 1923.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS

For the week ending on the 21st January 1923.

Summary.—The week continues rainless and dry. Harvesting of early spring crops is proceeding under favourable condition. Prospects of standing crops are satisfactory. Preparation of lands for next autumn crops are progressing. A little rain is now wanted. The average price of common rice of the province has remained almost stationary as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-PARGANAS ...	Nil	6	6	Harvesting of <i>kalai</i> is commenced in Barrackpore. Effects of weather on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	7½	7½	
	Barrackpore ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Barasat ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Basirhat ...	Nil	8	8	
2	NADIA ...	Nil	7½	8½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of <i>kalai</i> continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are insufficient in Meherpur. Cultivation for <i>bhadoi</i> crops continues.
	Kushtia ...	Nil	8	7½	
	Meherpur ...	Nil	8	(n)	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	6½	6½	
	Ranaghat ...	Nil	6½	6½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	Nil	8½	8½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy is nearly finished. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import or export. Rain is required for wheat and barley.
	Lalbagh ...	Nil	8½	8½	
	Jangipur ...	Nil	8½	8½	
	Kandi ...	Nil	9½	9½	
4	JESSORE	Nil	8	7½	Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is nearly finished and that of <i>rabi</i> continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Rain is wanted in places for cultivation. Export of paddy continues from Jhenidah and Bongaon. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Magura ...	Nil	9	9	
	Narail ...	Nil	8	8	
	Bongaon ...	Nil	8½	8	
5	KHULNA ...	Nil	8	8	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy still continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	Nil	8	8	
	Bagerhat ...	Nil	7½	7½	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	BURDWAN ...	Nil	8	8	Weather seasonable. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops, potatoes and sugarcane are good.
	Asansol ...	Nil	8	8	
	Katwa ...	Nil	9	9	
	Kalna ...	Nil	7½	7½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	Nil	8	8	Condition of standing crops is favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ...	Nil	8½	8½	
8	BANKURA ..	Nil	8	8	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is good. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur ...	Nil	8½	8½	
9	MIDNAPORE ...	Nil	8½	8½	Conditions of sugarcane and <i>rabi</i> crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from the Gopiballavpur thana.
	Jhargram ...	Nil	10	10	
	Ghatal ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	7	7	
	Contai ...	Nil	8	8	
10	HOOGLY ...	Nil	6	6	The price of rice is rising at Arambagh. The effects of weather are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	Nil	7	7	
	Arambagh ...	Nil	8½	9	
11	HOWRAH ...	Nil	6½	6½	<i>Rabi</i> crops are progressing. Rain is wanted.
	Uluberia ...	Nil	7	7½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BOALIA).	Nil	7	7½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Nator ...	Nil	7½	7½	
13	DINAJPUR ...	Nil	8	8	Harvesting of mustard is going on. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from the Birganj police-station in the Thakurgaon subdivision.
	Thakurgaon ...	Nil	9½	9	
	Balurghat ...	Nil	8	8	
14	JALPAIGURI ...	Nil	8	7	Condition and prospects of standing crops are good.
	Allpur ...	Nil	8	8	

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN ANNAS, PER MUPH.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	DARJEELING ...	Nil	5	5	Wheat and potatoes are progressing well. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ...	Nil	6	6	
	Siliguri ...	Nil	8	8	
	Kalimpong ...	Nil	6½	6½	
16	RANGPUR ...	Nil	6½	7½	Lands are being prepared for the <i>bhadoi</i> crops. Cattle-disease is reported from Baghatta, Gobindaganj, Fulchhari, Palasbari and Nilphamari. Veterinary assistants are attending.
	Nilphamari ...	Nil	8	7½	
	Kurigram ...	Nil	7	7	
	Gaibandha ...	Nil	7½	7½	
17	BOGRA ...	Nil	8½	8	The land is being prepared for jute and other <i>aus</i> crops.
18	PABNA ...	Nil	7½	7½	Prospects of winter crops are fair. Agricultural stock is sufficient. Pasturage, fodder and water are sufficient.
	Sirajganj ...	Nil	6½	6½	
19	MALDA ...	Nil	8	8	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Rain is urgently needed.
20	COOCH BEHAR	Nil	9½	9½	Condition and prospects of standing crops are favourable. The preparation of lands for jute, <i>bitri</i> paddy and gathering of mustard seed are going on. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	Nil	8	8	Weather cool. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy is going on. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are not favourable for want of rains. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ...	Nil	8	8	
	Narayanganj ...	Nil	8	8	
	Munshiganj (a)	Nil	7½	7½	
22	MYMENSINGH ...	Nil	7	7	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. The transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy still continues. The rice market is steady.
	Jamalpur ...	Nil	8	8	
	Tangail ...	Nil	6½	(n)	
	Netrokona ...	Nil	7½	7	
	Kishorganj ...	Nil	7½	7	

(a) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	Nil	7½	7½	Prospects of standing crops are not quite good. Fodder is sufficient. Lands are being prepared for cultivation of jute and paddy.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	7½	7½	
	Madaripur ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Gopalganj (a) ...	Nil	8	8	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	Nil	{ 7 6½†	{ 7½ 5½†	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	Nil	7	7	
	Patuakhali ...	Nil	7½	7½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	7	7	
25	CHITTAGONG ...	Nil	{ 6½ 6½*	{ 6½ 6½*	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Cattle-disease is reported from Saikania. Water and fodder are sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar subdivision and 10½ seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ...	Nil	7	(n)	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	Nil	7½*	7½*	<i>Rabi</i> crops are progressing, and their prospects are fair at Sadar South and Brahmanbaria subdivisions and good elsewhere. Rain is wanted.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	7½	7½	
	Chandpur ...	Nil	6½	7½	
27	NOAKHALI ...	Nil	6½	6½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Except at Hatiya no cattle-disease exists. A little rain is badly needed.
	Feni ...	Nil	8	8	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	Nil	10 {	{ 9 7†	Prospects of crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cotton crop is being harvested.
29	TRIPURA STATE	Nil	5	5	Weather seasonable. Prospects of cotton out-turn and other standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient except in one division. Condition of cattle is good. Cleansed cotton is selling at Rs. 25 to Rs. 35 per maund. Jute is selling at Rs. 7 to Rs. 10 per maund.

* Burma rice.

† Old rice.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

(n) Not reported.

J. GHOSH, for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 3rd February 1923.

Statement of Weekly Gauge Readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 27th January 1923.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above zero of P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
21st January	7 A.M.	37.55	37.55	37.80	P. W. D. datum 6.25 feet above Kidderpore old dock sill.
22nd "	7 "	37.45	37.45	37.75	
23rd "	7 "	37.40	37.40	37.70	
24th "	7 "	37.40	37.40	37.66	
25th "	7 "	37.35	37.35	37.60	B. M. on College step 64.93.
26th "	7 "	37.35	37.35	37.60	
27th "	7 "	37.35	37.35	37.50	

		Old value.		According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year	Highest water-level	on 15th September 1922	...	61.75
Ditto	Lowest "	on 27th April 1922	...	84.70
		on 28th April 1922	...	
		on 9th May 1922	...	
Record	Highest "	68.25 on 26th August 1879	...	64.44
Do.	Ditto "	69.08 on 9th September 1886	...	64.27
Do.	Ditto "	68.30 on 25th August 1906	...	63.47
Do.	Ditto "	68.21 on 26th August 1890	...	63.40
Do.	Lowest "	37.63 on 26th April 1884	...	32.83
Do.	Ditto "	38.18 on 14th and 16th April 1883	...	33.82
Do.	Ditto "	39.02 on 21st and 22nd April 1897	...	34.21
Do.	Ditto "	39.28 on 6th and 7th May 1908	...	34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

JADAB CH. GHOSH, for *Subdivisional Officer,*

I. D., Jangipore.

BOALIA, the 27th January 1923.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 27th January 1923.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
21st January	7 A.M.	7.4	7.4	6.7	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench-mark for the gauge is on mampucca pillar between the passenger ghat and Chandpore ghat. Its reduced level is 26.84.
22nd "	7 "	7.3	7.3	6.5	
23rd "	7 "	7.3	7.3	6.5	
24th "	7 "	7.2	7.2	6.3	
25th "	7 "	7.0	7.0	6.0	
26th "	7 "	6.8	6.8	5.9	
27th "	7 "	6.7	6.7	5.9	

The previous year	Highest water-level	24.6 on 18th August 1922.
Ditto	Lowest "	4.3 on 14th March 1922
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	Highest "	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	Ditto "	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1893.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	Ditto "	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra only)	Ditto "	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Record	Lowest "	1.0 on 8th February 1914.
Do.	Ditto "	2.42 on 18th March 1906.
Do.	Ditto "	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884.
Do.	Ditto "	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885.
Do.	Ditto "	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 3rd October 1909.

RAJ KUMAR GHOSH, for *Subdivisional Officer,*

P. W. D., Faridpur.

RAJBARI, the 27th January 1923.

**Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Water-works station on the river
Suriganga for the week ending 20th January 1923.**

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1923.							
14th Jan.	53.1	8-30	53.4	15-25	52.0	52.5	H. T. at 8-45. F. T. at 15-35.
15th "	53.0	9-10	53.4	16-5	51.9	52.25	H. T. at 9-25. F. T. at 16-30.
16th "	52.7	9-55	53.5	16-50	52.1	52.1	H. T. at 10-10. F. T. at 17-0.
17th "	52.7	10-40	53.6	17-30	52.15	52.3	H. T. at 10-55. F. T. at 17-40.
18th "	52.4	11-25	53.65	...	...	52.5	H. T. at 11-35.
19th "	52.4	12-15	53.8	...	...	52.8	H. T. at 12-30.
20th "	52.5	13-0	53.9	6-30	52.3	53.2	F. T. at 6-40. H. T. at 12-15.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

				High.	} Taken at high tide.
27th August	1906	...	...	70.5
5th September	1909	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	68.46
18th "	1912	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	69.12
2nd "	1919	...	...	66.8
8th September	1920	...	...	66.9
28th July	1921	...	...	68.4
				Low.	} Taken at low tide.
23rd February	1907	...	...	51.06
13th "	1908	...	...	51.08
12th March	1912	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	50.10
15th "	1916	...	...	50.60
8rd March	1917	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	51.40
26th "	1919	...	...	50.4
18th "	1920	...	...	50.9
19th "	1921	...	...	50.9

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works=48.51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

S. C. SUR, *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

CALCUTTA, the 29th January 1923.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 30th January 1923, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 30TH JANUARY 1923.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 31ST JANUARY 1922.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	609	194,800	8,419	845	214,690	8,704
Jute ...	16	13,675*	116	69	21,300†	833
Firewood ...	36	19,760	293	67	37,675	709
Other articles ...	984	291,800	3,070	994	237,019	2,954
Total ...	1,645	519,025	6,898	1,975	510,684	7,699
Empty boats and rafts ...	676	...	1,662	216	...	1,069
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,321	519,025	8,560	2,191	510,684	8,768

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement ... 14,775
† Ditto ditto ... 23,880

T. C. BHATTACHARYA,

Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 31st January 1923.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 27th January 1923, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 27TH JANUARY 1923.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 28TH JANUARY 1922.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	767	285,850	4,962	700	217,840	3,874
Jute ...	9	6,375*	61	63	21,975†	300
Firewood ...	46	41,725	622	19	6,300	80
Other articles ...	829	281,900	2,729	779	209,855	2,269
Total ...	1,651	565,850	8,374	1,561	455,970	6,523
Empty boats and rafts ...	703	...	2,117	721	...	1,550
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,354	565,850	10,491	2,282	455,970	8,073

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement ... 7,500
† Ditto ditto ... 23,987

T. C. BHATTACHARYA,

Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 2nd February 1923.

RESOLUTION ON THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND VACCINATION REPORTS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Public Health.

CALCUTTA, THE 27TH JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 154P.H.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

READ—

The Reports of the Director of Public Health, the Sanitary Board, and the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, for the years 1920 and 1921.

READ also—

The annual statistical returns and short notes on vaccination for the years 1920-21 and 1921-22.

I. Public Health.

(Statistical, Epidemiological and General Public Health Administration.)

Population.—It is at the outset to be premised that for the purposes of this review, the total population of Bengal, excluding the Chittagong Hill Tracts, was taken in 1920 as 45,329,247 (1911 Census) and in 1921 as 46,522,293 (1921 Census). The increase in the last ten years has not been uniform throughout Bengal.

The Chittagong Division shows an increase of 11·9 per cent., while the Burdwan Division has an alarming decrease of 4·9 per cent. The Presidency Division gave an increase of only 0·2 per cent., while there were increases of 2·0 and 6·6 per cent. in the Rajshahi and Dacca Divisions. Five districts in the Burdwan, three in the Presidency and two in the Rajshahi Divisions have lost from 0·5 to 10·5 per cent. of their population. Recorded deaths and births during the decennium 1911—1920 were 14,101,677 and 14,860,257 against 13,728,296 deaths and 15,797,344 births in the decennium 1901—1911. The natural increase of the population was checked by the ravages of the great influenza epidemic, which took a toll of roughly 750,000 lives.

2. Birth-rate and death-rate.—In 1920 and 1921, the number of recorded deaths in Bengal was 1,481,612 and 1,403,030, while 1,359,913 and 1,301,001 births were recorded.

The provincial birth-rates in the two years under review were 30·0 and 28·0 per mille as compared with the quinquennial average of 30·8. In 1920, Madras and the North-West Frontier Province returned lower birth-rates than Bengal, while in 1921 all provinces except Assam and (again) the North-West Frontier Province recorded higher rates than this province.

The Bengal death-rates in 1920 and 1921 were 32·7 and 30·1 per mille. In 1920, two provinces and in 1921 four provinces returned lower death-rates than Bengal, but the Director of Public Health points out that it is the rate of natural increase (births compared with deaths) which afford the best evidence of a country's health. Judged by this criterion, Bengal was the most unhealthy province in the whole of India in 1920, and seventh on the list of 1921. He attributes Bengal's unhappy position in the scale to its unsatisfactory economic condition.

"The country was not in 1920 providing subsistence for its population * * * For the explanation of the declining birth-rate of 1921, we must study the economic conditions of 1920 and the beginning of 1921. At first sight the report of the Director of Agriculture on the harvest of 1920 seems to suggest that the economic conditions of the agricultural population at the end of 1920 and beginning of 1921 were at least as good as, if not better than, in the 12 months previously. But the prosperity of an agricultural population is governed by two main factors, —the yield of the harvest and the market prices realized."

The harvest of 1920 was comparatively favourable and the easier conditions as regards good supply gave in 1921 a reduced mortality, but the relative fall in the prices of agricultural produce, including rice, jute and oil seeds, caused a reduction in the normal surplus wealth of the cultivator. It is this surplus wealth which, "spent almost exclusively in the maintenance of large and frequent families," promotes a higher conception and birth-rate.

The statistics of vital occurrences in many towns are extraordinarily misleading. The machinery of registration differs fundamentally from that of rural areas. Registration in towns is compulsory, but until municipal boards appreciate more clearly the essential need of an accurate record, little will be done to compel parents, guardians and relatives to discharge this obligation to the State. In 1920, 36, and 1921, 28 towns out of 117 reported death-rates of less than 20 per mille. Manicktala however reported the high rate of 54.0 per mille in 1920, while Chandrakona in 1921 attained a similar pre-eminence with a mortality of 52.1 per mille. These figures are doubtless fairly accurate, but rates of 8.7 and 8.9 per mille in 1920 (Garulia and Kanchrapara) and 5.3 and 6.6 per mille in 1921 (Suri and Garulia) can only be greeted with blank incredulity.

The condition of birth registration is equally discouraging. In 1920 only 38 towns and in 1921 only 36 recorded birth-rates exceeding 20 per mille, while in 14 towns (1921) the rate was less than 10 per mille. The town of Jessore returned the absurd figure of 3.6 per mille.

"These low birth-rates do not reflect the real condition of affairs, but are due to sheer neglect to administer the law."

For seven years in succession, this flagrant neglect of the most elementary principle of public health administration has been strongly criticised by the Director of Public Health. Dr. Bentley proposes that proper registrars should be appointed, under certain statutory conditions, to undertake this important work. The Minister for Local Self-Government agrees that an improvement in the registration of vital statistics is a most urgent sanitary reform, since it is on these figures that the sanitarian must ultimately rely in gauging the effects of a public health measure.

3. Infant mortality.—In 1920 and 1921, 282,090 and 268,162 infants died under the age of one year. The ratios in these two years were thus 207 and 206 per mille. But the figures are almost certainly inaccurate, and actuarial calculations lead the Director of Public Health to place the probable mean infant death-rate for Bengal at some figure between 190 and 250 per mille. Exact observations extending over 5 years among a population of 15,000 in the Murshidabad district gave an infantile death-rate ranging from 201 in 1917 and 1921 to 282 in 1918, with a quinquennial average of 237. In one small circle, however, of 5,000 people in the Murshidabad district, exact intensive registration gave the appalling figure of 700 infantile deaths per thousand births. Fifty per cent. of the deaths were due to debility at birth and 11.4 per cent. to tetanus. If this latter figure holds good throughout the province, it means that over 30,000 infants perished from tetanus during 1921. The Director of Public Health remarks that—

"these infants are needlessly sacrificed to the ignorance of the village *dais*".

It is also estimated that maternal causes (pre-natal, natal, and post-natal conditions) were responsible for the death of roughly 60,000 mothers in 1921.

The Minister is glad to learn that the trained midwives and lady health visitors employed by the Calcutta Corporation have done excellent work, that good results have been obtained at the infant welfare centres established by voluntary agencies under the auspices of the Red Cross League, and that a similar centre in Dacca has done fine service.

4. Cholera.—The mortality from cholera rose to 124,949 in 1919, fell to only 54,199 in 1920, and in 1921 was 80,547. The Director of Public Health observes that "in Bengal cholera appears to be on the decline". As compared with the decade 1901—1911 deaths from cholera during the past ten years show a reduction of 809,546 or nearly 27 per cent. The greatest

reduction has occurred since 1915, since when the annual average has been 75,478 deaths or 34·3 per cent. below the average of the decade of 1901—1910. To some extent this striking decrease may be due to improved sanitary administration and educative propaganda, but a vast amount remains to be done in securing the early notification of the disease and in providing for adequate disinfection and water-sterilization. Cholera is an easily preventable disease, and no more effective measure for raising the science of public health in the estimation of the public could be devised than the mobilization of sanitary forces against this disease. The Minister for Local Self-Government is pleased to find that the Howrah and Khulna District Boards have recognized the need for organizing measures to eradicate this scourge. District Boards generally show a tendency to approach this question of cholera control in a more business-like manner than municipalities.

5. **Small-pox.**—The heavy mortality of 1919 (37,010 deaths) and 1920 (36,190 deaths) was followed by the usual periodic decline: in 1921, only 8,157 deaths from small-pox were reported. Here also a vigorous public health administration might immediately achieve momentous results. The seasonal incidence of small-pox and its tendency to be mainly localized in certain centres—such as Calcutta, Howrah, and the 24-Parganas—from which in epidemic years infection is spread, have been carefully studied, and there can be little doubt that a vigorous vaccination policy in these and certain other mufassal danger-spots, whence infection is diffused, would, within a short time, considerably mitigate the ravages of this disease.

6. **Vaccination.**—The total number of vaccinations reported in the Presidency in 1920-21 was 2,326,497 against 3,186,642 in 1919-20. These figures represent a decrease of 226,062 primary vaccinations and 634,088 re-vaccinations. Only 301,168 infants, or 290·4 per mille of 1,037,089 infants who required vaccination, were successfully vaccinated. The protection afforded was obviously most inadequate. The chief cause of the decrease was the fact that small-pox was less prevalent. The mortality was 21,950 against 41,200 in 1919-20, when people eagerly accepted vaccination. The Rangpur, Chittagong and Tippera boards made a notable advance by introducing free vaccination, which eight district boards had already provided. The Minister is glad to find that in the Dacca district some of the union boards undertook to provide free vaccination, while some district boards appointed a few paid vaccinators for this purpose in areas where small-pox was epidemic. The Compulsory Vaccination Acts (V of 1880 and II of 1911) were extended to all rural areas except in the districts of Darjeeling and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, where free vaccination has been in force for many years. It is naturally difficult to induce people to submit to vaccination in rural areas, when they are enjoying a comparative, though temporary, immunity from small-pox, but local bodies should remember that a vigorous vaccination policy during a period of quiescence will restrict the foci of infection and thereby the extension of the disease, when small-pox again, in accordance with its usual periodicity, blazes up with fresh force.

7. **Fever.**—The mortality in 1920 and 1921 was 1,144,421 and 1,070,368 giving ratios of 25·2 and 23·0 per mille against a quinquennial average of 23·7. Of febrile diseases, malaria is undoubtedly the most important, but tuberculosis, pneumonia, enteric, Kala-azar and febrile respiratory affections help to swell the returns under the head of "fever."

The Director of Public Health points out that the total death-rate is a safer guide to the relative prevalence of malaria than the death-rate under "fever" with its necessarily inaccurate classification. It is found that in those areas, such as the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, where a decline in population occurs as the result of adverse economic conditions, malaria is most prevalent. And, by a vicious circle, as population declines, the proportion of anopheles per head grows and causes the static malaria ratio to rise.

In the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions, where malaria is least prevalent, the mean fever indices show a serious increase, and this phenomenon is

traced to the restriction of normal inundation, which the multiplication of embankments tends to cause. The abatement of malaria is perhaps the most outstanding public health problem in Bengal.

Experiments have been carried on in the colliary area (Singaron-Toposi) and at Meenglas in the Duars regarding the feasibility of reducing malaria, where infection is very intense, by removing the anopheles breeding places within a very limited area. The results were in 1920 largely negative, as showing that mosquito control to be effective in any locality must be extended over a large surrounding area, but in 1921 a very satisfactory reduction of the total death-rate and of infant and malarial mortality became evident.

The Banka Valley scheme has admittedly improved local agricultural conditions, which are intimately connected with, the problem of malaria.

It is certain that Government, apart from the narrow limits of its resources, can do little to reach a solution of the problem without the willing and energetic co-operation of the people. The Minister accepts Dr. Bentley's main thesis that since anti-mosquito measures by drainage are impossible in a province like Bengal, the restrictions on natural inundation, which destroys the anopheles and at the same time improves agriculture, must so far as practicable be removed or mitigated. Co-operative irrigation societies are springing up and these in small areas, while aiming at economic improvement, will directly influence malaria; local bodies have moreover, shown their anxiety to restore silted up khals and drying rivers and to bring *bheel* areas under cultivation. There is widespread recognition of the toll which malaria exacts in Bengal, and though the lines of advance are not easily laid down, the Minister believes that in encouraging local bodies to undertake projects (such as the Bhairab scheme now under preparation) carefully framed so as to provide for the irrigation and inundation of affected areas, the abatement of malaria and the improvement of economic conditions in rural areas will be secured, and as a result of the latter the persons benefited will find no difficulty in paying the improvement cess, by means of which the local bodies recover their expenditure.

8. **Kala-azar.**—Investigations have been made in 12 districts, and infection has been discovered in 639 villages or 22·7 per cent. of 2,807 villages, which were surveyed. This dangerous infection is undoubtedly widespread, though in a village the number of cases is, generally speaking, still small. But here and there nests of intense infection are present, as for example in parts of the 24 Parganas, Jessore, Nadia, Burdwan and certain other districts. Such foci are reported to be extremely numerous near Baraset and around the town of Kalna. The Director of Public Health states that there are at least 50,000 cases of Kala-azar in Bengal, and that in 1921 the deaths from this cause cannot have fallen far short of 10,000, although only 1,552 were actually reported.

9. **Asansol Mines Board of Health.**—The District Magistrate of Burdwan is *ex officio* Chairman of the Board, while the Subdivisional Officer, Asansol, was elected as Vice-Chairman. In their report of 1920-21, the Board pointed out that with the rapid growth of non-mining industries, the Mining Settlements Act was no longer an adequate instrument for the sanitary administration of the area within their control, and Government have been asked to replace the Act by one on wider lines dealing with industrial settlements generally. Government have been fully occupied during the past year with much important legislation, but it is intended to take up the question of new legislation for Asansol at a very early date.

Dr. J. W. Tomb, Chief Sanitary Officer, on the expiry of his original agreement was reappointed for a term of five years. Owing to the increase of work, six inspection circles were formed out of the five original circles, and an additional sanitary inspector was appointed. Under these inspectors are 13 assistants on small pay, who act also as registrars of births and deaths. The outdoor staff includes also two midwives and six "anti-malarial investigators," an engineering overseer and 18 *domes*, who are posted to the burning ghats recognized by the Board.

The respective responsibilities of the board and the district board in rural areas falling within the limits of the Mining Settlement are not clearly defined, and the Mines Board of Health claims that the district board should undertake or subsidize medical and sanitary measures in these rural areas, which, if neglected, are a menace to the area directly administered by the former. The district board, however, contributed Rs. 1,000 to be spent through the agency of the Mines Board of Health in combating epidemic disease in the villages immediately outside the Mining Settlement. The Mines Board of Health has also undertaken the work of suppressing epidemic disease within the Asansol and Raniganj Municipalities, since the municipal boards under their present Act possess inadequate powers.

The Raniganj Municipality has made a grant of Rs. 125 to the Board for this work. The Minister for Local Self-Government is glad to find that the Board's system for the prompt notification of epidemic disease has worked well, and that such notification has been followed up by vigorous measures to check the spread of the disease. There were 1,200 cases of cholera, giving an incidence of 3·64 on the total population, 583 cases ended fatally. The sterilisation of water supplied and the disinfection of houses and of persons attending patients received special attention. The incidence rate of vaccination on population was '225. There were 93 cases with 10 deaths. It is gratifying to find that the number of primary vaccinations show a substantial increase on the figures of the previous year; the decrease in secondary vaccinations is attributed to the fact that the number of persons requiring re-vaccination in a well-protected area continually diminishes. The infantile mortality rate (163 per mille) is high, but nevertheless considerably less than the provincial rate (over 200 per mille).

The Board has paid considerable attention to the investigation of conditions conducive to malaria, and—an important corollary—the utility of its measures for the destruction of the larvæ of malaria-bearing mosquitoes, has been accompanied and tested by elaborate enquiries regarding the splenic index of the settlement; the index is said to have been appreciably reduced. The Board has induced the Asansol local board to press on with the construction of six-foot diameter wells in the settlement villages; the collieries are said to be fairly well-founded in the matter of water-supply.

The Minister is glad to find that the sanitary staff of the Board has done useful publicity and educational work on the subject of hygiene in the primary schools and in the settlement collieries and villages. The Board has done much valuable work in its difficult campaign against disease. A superficial examination of its statistics might suggest that in an area enjoying the services of a comparatively large public health organization, the incidence of epidemic disease might compare more favourably with the rates for the province, where work on so intensive a scale is still impossible. Such a criticism would be erroneous in its failure to observe that in an area, where an enormous industrial population with unhygienic customs and habits is congregated, it is an admirable achievement which enables the infantile mortality to be kept at a rate much below the provincial figure and the incidence of the more common epidemic diseases to be kept approximately at the same level as obtains in Bengal as a whole.

10. Local bodies and public health.—The attitude of local bodies towards public health problems is dealt with in the general review of their administration. It may, however, be mentioned that much has been done in the past two years to induce both district boards and municipalities to employ sanitary officers, and a skeleton public health organization has at length been created for rural areas. The appointment of health officers has enabled more effective measures to be taken for the suppression of cholera and the sanitation of *melas* and fairs. The Khulna district health officer has already won the confidence of his board by the high quality of his work, and he has done valuable service in testing and checking the correctness of the vital statistics. The

Minister is aware that the health officer, both in municipalities and rural areas, is frequently regarded as an unnecessary burden on the local fund. But sanitary administration is the major part of local self-government, and *prima facie*, it would be surprising if expert supervision in matters of public health were a mere luxury. This condemnation of the public health expert is no new thing. Dr. Bentley points out that even in the eighties, Sir Lyon Playfair, himself a medical man, in criticising English public health administration in Parliament, stated that a large proportion of the health officers then employed by the local authorities were paid to do nothing. But in England, the attitude of the public has changed. To a large extent the fall in the death-rate by 40 per cent. since the employment of an expert public health agency was made obligatory (1872) may be attributed to the scientific application of the principles of public health to the towns and country-side of England, and the Minister sees no reason why the health officers of Bengal should not do as good work as those of any other country, if they are given a fair chance.

Some will be idle and inefficient and lacking the enthusiasm which, amid a general apathy, such an officer requires; some may be timorous lest in their zeal they offend their employers; but it is unreasonable to expect that an efficient organization of this kind should be built up in a day.

II. Sanitary Engineering.

Several important municipal water-supply and sewerage and drainage projects were prepared by the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, in 1920 and 1921. Eight major water-supply projects were under construction in 1920. Two were completed and six, with three schemes, were under execution in 1921. The total capital expenditure on water-supply in 1920 and 1921 was Rs. 7,79,538 and Rs. 7,31,443. Considerable progress was made with the important Dacca sewerage scheme, and the Kurseong scheme was practically completed. The total expenditure on municipal drainage works in 1920 was Rs. 2,14,004, and in 1921 was Rs. 3½ lakhs. Sanitary works were also carried out at institutions such as the Bengal Engineering College, Dacca University, etc. The out-turn of the department has suffered from the general financial stringency. Local bodies have found it difficult to execute schemes which they have adopted, and it has been impossible in many cases for Government to find the grants-in-aid by which local enterprise is encouraged. It is worthy of mention that the important Titaghar sewerage scheme, for which the Jute Mill companies generously contributed nearly Rs 7 lakhs, has now received the approval of the Legislative Council which was necessary, since the scheme commits Government after about two years to a capital expenditure of Rs. 3½ lakhs. Sanitation in the towns of Bengal is in most cases deplorably backward: few of the 117 municipalities possess a suitable water-supply, and the system of drainage is rarely efficient. Most of them with their present resources are unable to finance costly projects to make good these defects, and for them some cheaper form of water-supply, with a limited system of distribution based perhaps on sub-artesian borings, must be devised. There are, however, many other municipalities which desire more complete and elaborate distribution system; if the schemes which have been prepared at their request are to be carried through, some increase in local taxation seems inevitable.

Personal.—The thanks of the Minister for Local Self-Government are due to the Director of Public Health. Dr. Bentley's untiring research into the problem of malaria has added materially to our knowledge of its prevalence in Bengal and the primary and subsidiary conditions of its incidence, while his scientific treatment of the facts of public health illustrate what is apt to be overlooked, that progress on proper lines must be based on vital statistics. There is a tendency to regard the central department of public health as primarily an executive agency, and to place at its door the failure to banish within a short time the notorious unhealthiness of Bengal. But research and supervision are among the chief functions of this department,

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
18th, Sunday, to 22nd, Thursday.	...	Halt at Dacca.	
23rd, Friday	8-0	Leave Dacca	By special steamer.
	19-30	Arrive Goalundo.	
	21-20	Leave Goalundo	By special train.
24th, Saturday	7-06	Arrive Sealdah.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Lytton.

Lady Hermione Bulwer-Lytton.

Mr. L. Birley, C.I.E., I.C.S., Chief Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary.

Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Major H. G. Benton, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain S. B. Horn, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.

Captain G. B. Fyldes, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.

(2) All letters and telegrams for the party should be addressed to the Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL,

Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, *the 29th January 1923.*

No. 1452A.—The 7th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Robert Niven Band of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1455A.—The 7th February 1923.—A vacancy having occurred in the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation by Mr. R. N. Band, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 24 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the Indian Jute Mills Association constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 31st March 1923.

No. 1577A.—The 12th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. William David Russell Prentice, I.C.S., of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1580A.—The 12th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Satis Chandra Mukerjee, I.C.S., to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1586A.—The 12th February 1923.—His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to appoint Captain S. B. Horn, M.C., 3rd Dragoon Guards (Prince of Wales'), Extra Aide-de-Camp, to be an Aide-de-Camp on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 15th February 1923, *vice* Captain E. D. Eveleigh, M.C. (Royal Regiment of Artillery), reverted to military duty.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1591A.

GENERAL.—No. 1209A.—The 5th February 1923.—Babu Sourindra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.
Presidency Divn.

No. 1216A.—The 6th February 1923.—Babu Sambhu Charan Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the Khulna district, on being relieved of his duties in the Settlement Department.
Khulna.

No. 1425A.—The 7th February 1923.—Mr. J. Peddie, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district.
Midnapore.

No. 1512A.—The 9th February 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 30th January 1923, Mr. Sarat Kumar Ghose, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Rangpur, is appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly.
Rangpur.
24-Parganas and Hooghly.

No. 1515A.—The 9th February 1923.—The orders of the 30th January 1923, appointing Mr. D. C. Patterson, I.C.S., Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, are cancelled.
24-Parganas.
Hooghly.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—No. 1190A.—The 5th February 1923.—The Reverend P. E. Lee, Chaplain of Fort William, Calcutta, is appointed to be Chaplain of Dum-Dum in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 8th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.
Calcutta.
24-Parganas.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1219A.—The 6th February 1923.—Babu Sudarsan Chandra Maitra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 19th December 1922.

No. 1418A.—The 7th February 1923.—Mr. J. Bartley, I.C.S., officiating District and Sessions Judge, Tippera, is allowed leave from the 5th February to the 8th October 1923, viz., (1) leave on average pay from the 5th February to the 1st September 1923 (including one month and six days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and (2) leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.
Tippera.

The orders in Government notification No. 463A., dated the 20th January 1923, are cancelled.

No. 1473A.—The 7th February 1923.—Babu Bhudeb Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Arambagh, Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave previously granted to him.
Hooghly.

No. 1480A.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Satyendra Nath Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the note thereunder, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 6th November 1922.

No. 1538A.—The 10th February 1923.—Babu Nihar Ranjan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.
Bakarganj.

No. 1559A.—The 10th February 1923.—Babu Jamini Mohan Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for six months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the note thereunder, with effect from the 27th January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties as Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1458 A.—The 7th February 1923.—With reference to notification No. 1455 A., dated the 7th February 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 21st February 1923 as the date by which nomination papers of candidates for election by the Indian Jute Mills Association constituency shall reach the Returning Officer.

No. 1572 A.—The 12th February 1923.—Mrs. Kathleen Bivar having passed the Ladies' Vernacular Examinations in Bengali, colloquial and written, in accordance with the rules laid down in Government notification No. 1781 A., dated the 21st February 1920, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 200.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1592 A.

POWERS.

No. 1204 A.—The 5th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Mazharul Islam, a Deputy Magistrate in the Naogaon subdivision of the Rajshahi district, to be a Special Magistrate for the Balurghat subdivision of the Dinajpur district for a period not exceeding three months from the date of this notification and to confer upon him the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

**Rajshahi.
Dinajpur.**

No. 1207 A.—The 5th February 1923.—Babu Sarat Chandra Gupta, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Dinajpur, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Dinajpur.

No. 1209 A.—The 5th February 1923.—Babu Sourindra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Presidency Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Presidency Divn.

No. 1216 A.—The 6th February 1923.—Babu Sambhu Charan Chatterji, Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the Khulna district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Khulna.

No. 1428 A.—The 7th February 1923.—Mr. J. Peddie, I.O.S., Joint Magistrate, Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Midnapore.

No. 1488 A.—The 8th February 1923.—Under the authority vested in the Local Government by sub-section (2), section 8 of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897 (Act VIII of 1897), the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Babu Sarada Prasanna Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate, Dacca, with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section.

Dacca.

No. 1570 A.—The 10th February 1923.—Babu Surendra Mohan Mitra, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, 24-Parganas, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

24-Parganas.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 752J.—The 6th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 (and the proviso to section 357) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Nagendra Nath Basu and Babu Kalidas Mazumdar the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Nadia, for a period of three years from the

Nadia.

date of this notification ;

- (b) to direct that the said persons shall sit together as a Bench at Kumarkhali in the said district ;

- (c) to invest the said bench with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class ;

- (d) to direct the said Bench to exercise the said powers in such cases, occurring within the Kushtia subdivision of the said district, as may be made over to it by the Subdivisional Officer of Kushtia ; and

- (e) to direct the said persons to take down evidence in the English language.

The bench is empowered, under section 190 (1) (a) and (b) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take cognisance of cases under section 34 of Act V of 1861 and under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884, occurring within the limits of the Kumarkhali Municipality in the said district.

No. 754J.—The 6th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Girindra Nath Banarji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the 20th February 1923,

24-Parganas.

and

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipal Bench in the said district.

No. 756J.—The 6th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Srish Chandra Maulik the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Malda, for a period of three years from the 15th February 1923 in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of Nawabganj, and

Malda.

- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Nawabganj bench in the said district.

No. 848J.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Brajendra Saran Sanyal, M.Sc., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Nabinagar, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Nalini Nath Das Gupta, or until further orders.

Tippera.

No. 851J.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Suresh Chandra Ghosh, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Noakhali, to be ordinarily stationed at Sandip, *vice* Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, who has been temporarily appointed to act as a munsif at Dacca, or until further orders.

Noakhali.

No. 853J.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, munsif, under orders of transfer to Sandip, in the district of Noakhali, is temporarily appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Jamini Kishore Roy, munsif, under orders of transfer to that station, or until further orders.

**Noakhali.
Dacca.**

No. 858J.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Amulya Kumar Bhattacharji, M.Sc., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Diamond-Harbour, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bimal Chandra Chatterji, or until further orders.

24-Parganas.

No. 860J.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Charu Chandra Basu, No. I, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Jhargram, *vice* Babu Gopal Das Ghosh, transferred.

Midnapore.

No. 862J.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Kishori Lal Chatterji, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Kishorganj, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sharat Chandra Mukharji, or until further orders.

Mymensingh.

No. 864J.—The 9th February 1923.—Babu Bihari Lal Sarkar, munsif, now acting as Subordinate Judge of Dinajpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, *vice* Babu Krishna Kumar Sen, transferred, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, Sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the executive district of Bogra.

Dinajpur.
Pabna.
Bogra.

LEAVE.

No. 834J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Bimal Chandra Chattarji, munsif of Diamond-Harbour, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on half average pay for six days, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 8th January 1923.

24-Parganas.

No. 835J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Charu Chandra Basu, No. 1, munsif of Jhargram, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-six days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 28th November 1922.

Midnapore.

No. 836J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Nalini Nath Das Gupta, munsif of Nabinnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 24th January to the 29th March 1923 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Tippera.

No. 837J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Sharat Chandra Mukharji, munsif of Kishoreganj, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 2nd January to the 28th February 1923 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Mymensingh.

No. 838J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Gyân Chandra Banarji, munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st February 1923.

Faridpur.

No. 839J.—The 29th January 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 5th January 1923, Babu Phanindra Kumar Singh, munsif of Kurigaon, in the district of Rangpur, is allowed leave on half average pay for forty days under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Rangpur.

No. 840J.—The 29th January 1923.—In modification of the orders of the 20th December 1922, Babu Nagendra Kumar Basu, munsif of Nabinnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay from the 18th November to the 23rd December 1922 under article 81 (b)(ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay from the 24th December 1922 to the 20th January 1923 under article 81 (d) of those rules.

Tippera.

No. 841J.—The 29th January 1923.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif, under orders of transfer to Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on half average pay for one month, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Mymensingh.

No. 842J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Jamini Kishore Ray, munsif, under orders of transfer to Dacca, is allowed leave on half average pay for three months, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Dacca.

No. 900J.—The 12th February 1923.—Babu Brajendra Kumar Pal, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Tangail, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif, under orders of transfer to that station or until further orders.

Mymensingh.

POWERS.

No. 821J.—The 8th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 857 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct Babu Purna Chandra Mukharji and Babu Sati Nath Mukharji, the Honorary Magistrates of Nabadwip Bench, in the district of Nadia, to take down evidence in the English language.

Nadia.

No. 856J.—The 8th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. George Shirra Gibb Vernon the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
 24-Parganas.
 (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Garden Reach Bench in the said district.

No. 889J.—The 10th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Bibek Mohan Sehanabis, an Honorary Magistrate of the Kushtia Bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Nadia, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said Bench, in respect to cases brought before the said Bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said Bench.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 896J.—The 10th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union board mentioned below, during their term of office as such members, to be union bench within the jurisdiction of the union board of which they are members, for the purposes of that section :—

Name of Union Board.		Name of members.	
Duptara	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Barada Kanta Sen Gupta. 2. „ Nibaran Chandra Das Gupta. 3. Maulvi Mafizuddin Ahmed.

No. 897J.—The 10th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union board mentioned below, during their term of office as such members, to be union court within the jurisdiction of the union board of which they are members, for the purposes of that section :—

Name of Union Board.		Name of members.	
Duptara	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Barada Kanta Sen Gupta. 2. „ Nibaran Chandra Das Gupta. 3. Maulvi Mafizuddin Ahmed.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 251L.S.-G.—The 5th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Jangipur Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, made in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend all the provisions of Part X of that Act to the said Municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 294L.S.-G.—The 8th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Garden Reach Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 23 of that Act, electing Mr. J. A. Murray to be their Chairman.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 327 L.S.-G.—The 10th February 1923.—The following draft of by-laws, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make for the Rajpur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the Calcutta Hackney-Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st April 1923, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned before that date, through the District Magistrate, will be duly considered :—

DRAFT BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 71 (1) OF THE CALCUTTA HACKNEY-CARRIAGE ACT, 1919 (BENGAL ACT I OF 1919), FOR THE RAJPUR MUNICIPALITY IN THE DISTRICT OF THE 24-PARGANAS.

Appointment and duties of the Registering Officer.

1. Every hackney-carriage in the Rajpur Municipality shall be annually registered by a Registering Officer who shall be appointed for the purpose by the Municipal Commissioners and who shall keep a register in which he shall enter the class and number assigned to every hackney-carriage.

Qualification of Drivers.

2. Every person applying for a driver's license shall be required to satisfy the Registering Officer—

- (a) that he knows how to drive and control horses and is in all respects a fit person for such employment ;
- (b) that he is well acquainted with the principal roads and places of interest in and around Barnipur ;
- (c) that he has a thorough knowledge of the list of fares and tables of distances prepared by the Commissioners of the Municipality ;
- (d) that he knows the rules of the roads and the signals used by drivers.

3. Licenses for hackney-carriage drivers and bearers for palanquins and rickshaws will be in different forms. There shall be attached to each license in such manner as the Commissioners may prescribe—

- (a) the thumb mark of the driver ;
- (b) a book of fares and distances to be prepared under the authority of the Commissioners.

4. Every driver of a hackney-carriage or bearer of a palanquin or a rickshaw shall carry with him and produce, when called upon to do so by any officer of the Municipality or by his fare, his license with book of fares and distances supplied free of cost to every driver or bearer.

5. No hackney-carriage driver shall drive with his feet in any other position than on the foot-board of the vehicles, nor shall he muffle up his face and head in such manner as might endanger the proper driving of his vehicle.

6. No hackney-carriage driver shall be allowed to drive any licensed hackney-carriage or carriages other than those specified on his license without the permission of the Registering Officer.

Uniforms.

7. The uniform of the drivers shall be clean.

Description of Horses, Carriages, Palanquins and Rickshaws.

8. No horse shall be used to draw a hackney-carriage unless it has been passed by the Registering Officer, and no horse shall be passed unless it is—

- (a) not less than 14 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a first class hackney-carriage ;
- (b) not less than 14.2 hands high if intended to be used singly in a first class hackney-carriage ;
- (c) not less than 13 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a second class hackney-carriage ;
- (d) not less than 14 hands high if intended to be used singly in a second class hackney-carriage ;
- (e) not less than 12 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a third class hackney-carriage ;
- (f) not less than 13.2 hands high if intended to be used singly in a third class hackney-carriage ;
- (g) thoroughly broken to harness ;
- (h) free from infectious or contagious disease ; and
- (i) sufficiently sound and strong for constant hard work.

9. The harness shall be black in colour, of a decent appearance, strong and in good repair; rope or iron chain traces may be used provided they be covered with leather. No string fastenings will be allowed.

10. First class hackney-carriages shall conform to the following dimensions and be of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners:—

					Ft.	In.
Width of seats	...	...	...	...	3	4
Breadth of front seats	...	...	...	...	1	4
Breadth of rear seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Height of seat from floor without cushion	...	...	...	...	1	2
Height of back rest of hind seat	...	...	...	...	2	4
Thickness of cushions	...	...	...	...	0	3
Height of back rest of front seat	...	...	...	...	1	4
Width between seats	...	...	...	...	1	10
Height of floor of body from ground	...	...	...	...	1	8
Height of step from ground	...	...	...	...	0	10
Diameter of front wheels	...	...	...	...	2	8
Diameter of back wheels	...	...	...	...	3	6
Height of hood from hind seat board to top of hood inside	...	...	...	...	3	10

Provided that hackney carriages registered before the issue of these by-laws may at the discretion of, and on such conditions as may be fixed by, the Commissioners at a meeting be exempted from conforming to these dimensions if such conformity is likely to cause hardship to the owners.

The wheels shall be rubber-tyred, strong and sound so as to run true and without rattling or shaking, and shall be protected by properly fitted splash-boards.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order and all iron work must be strongly put together.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The hood and apron shall be made of strong leather and shall be so fitted as to make the carriage watertight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted dark green with plain yellow or gold lining; the hood and apron shall be painted black.

The doors shall close well and shall not rattle.

All iron works shall be painted black.

Each carriage must have a thoroughly good pair of lamps, and each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window shall be visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicles.

11. Second class hackney-carriages shall conform to the following dimensions and be of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners:—

					Ft.	in.
Width of seats	...	...	...	...	3	4
Breadth of seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Height of seat from floor without cushion	...	...	...	...	1	2
Thickness of cushions	...	...	...	...	0	3
Height of roof from seats without cushions	...	...	...	...	3	10
Width between seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Height of bottom of well from ground	...	...	...	...	1	8
Height of step from ground	...	...	...	...	0	10
Diameter of front wheels	...	...	...	...	2	6
Diameter of back wheels	...	...	...	...	3	6

Provided that hackney-carriages registered before the issue of these by-laws may at the discretion of, and on such conditions as may be fixed by, the Commissioners at a meeting be exempted from conforming to these dimensions if such conformity is likely to cause hardship to the owners.

The wheels shall be rubber-tyred or iron-tyred, strong and sound, so as to run true and without rattling or shaking.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The doors shall close well.

The windows, venetians and blinds shall not rattle but shall work easily and shall have proper catches to raise and lower them.

The roof shall be water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted dark-blue with thin red lining.

All iron work shall be painted black.

Each carriage must have a good pair of lamps.

Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicles.

12. Third class hackney-carriages shall conform to the following dimensions and be of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners :—

						Ft. In.
Width of seats	...	...	...	...	...	3 0
Breadth of seats	...	...	...	...	...	1 6
Height of seats from floor without cushions	...	...	...	...	...	1 2
Thickness of cushions	...	...	...	...	...	0 3
Height of roof from seat without cushions	...	...	...	...	...	3 6
Width between seats	...	...	...	...	...	1 6
Height of bottom of well from ground	...	...	...	...	...	1 8
Height of step from ground	...	...	...	...	...	0 10
Diameter of front wheels	...	...	...	...	...	2 6
Diameter of back wheels	...	...	...	...	...	3 6

Provided that hackney carriages registered before the issue of these by-laws may at the discretion of, and on such conditions as may be fixed by, the Commissioners at a meeting be exempted from conforming to these dimensions if such conformity is likely to cause hardship to the owners.

The wheels shall be iron-tyred, strong and sound, so as to run true and without rattling or shaking.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition, and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The doors shall close well.

The windows, venetians and blinds shall not rattle, but shall work easily and shall have proper catches to raise and lower down.

The roof shall be water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted dark with plain yellow lining. All iron work shall be painted black.

Each carriage must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicles.

13. There shall be one class of rickshaws of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners.

The body of the rickshaw shall be sound and clean, and all the boards strong and properly secured.

The wheels shall be rubber-tyred, strong and sound, so as to run true and without rattling or shaking, and shall be protected by properly fitted splash-boards, provided that rickshaws registered before the issue of these by-laws need not be rubber-tyred.

The springs and axles shall be made of good metal, strong and properly riveted and free from rust.

The iron supports at the back shall be properly curved and securely fixed at each side, strong and of sound metal and free from rust.

The shafts shall be of sound wood, strong, securely fixed and furnished at the fore-ends with the ring shaped metal supports and connected by a collision guard.

The hood, apron and cushions shall be made of and covered with good cloth, canvas, or other material approved by the Commissioners. The hood and apron shall be so fitted so as to make the vehicles water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of all rickshaws shall be painted dark-blue with thin red lining. All iron work shall be painted black.

Every rickshaw must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicle.

14. There shall be one class of palanquins of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners.

The body of the palanquin shall be sound and clean, properly secured. The doors shall close well, work easily and shall not rattle, and shall have proper catches to open and shut them.

The body and pole shall be painted dark-blue with thin red lining. All iron work shall be painted black.

Every palanquin must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicle.

Class of Hackney-carriages, Palanquins and Rickshaws.

15. Hackney-carriages shall be of three classes and of patterns fixed by the Commissioners and of the dimensions and colours prescribed by by-laws Nos. 10 to 12.

16. There shall be one class of rickshaws and of palanquins, of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners and of the dimensions and colours prescribed by by-laws Nos. 13 and 14.

17. Every licensed hackney-carriage, palanquin or rickshaw shall have a plate fixed on any conspicuous place bearing the registered number.

Fees.

18. A fee shall be paid to the Commissioners in accordance with the following scale for the issue, transfer or renewal of licenses, etc :—

	1st class hackney- carriage.	2nd class hackney- carriage.	3rd class hackney- carriage.	Rickshaw.	Palau- quin.	House.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Owner's license ...	4 0	3 0	2 0	1 0	0 8	2 0
Driver's license ...	2 0	2 0	2 0	...	...	...
Duplicate license plate ...	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	...
Transfer of owner's license ...	3 0	2 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	2 0
Duplicate owner's license ...	2 0	1 8	1 0	0 8	0 4	1 0
" driver's license ...	1 0	1 0	1 0	...	...	...
" " ticket ...	0 8	0 8	0 8	...	...	...
Bearer's license ...	...	...	...	0 4	0 4	...
Renewal of bearer's license ...	...	...	...	0 2	0 2	...
Duplicate of bearer's license ...	...	...	...	0 2	0 2	...
Alteration in register ...	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8

Rates and Fares.

19. Fares shall be paid according to the distance or time at the option of the hirer to be expressed at the commencement of hiring; if not otherwise expressed, the fare to be paid according to the time.

(1) Rates and Fares to be paid for Hackney-carriages.

Description of carriages.	FARES BY DISTANCE.		Fares by time.
	For any distance within and not exceed- ing one mile.	For any distance exceeding one mile.	
	As.		Rs. A.
First class ...	8	At the rate of 6 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above any number of miles completed.	Minimum fare for short distance not exceeding 15 minutes ... 0 8 For half an hour ... 1 0 For one hour ... 1 8 For subsequent hours ... 0 12 Half day of 5 hours ... 4 0 Whole day of 9 hours ... 7 0
Second class	6	At the rate of 4 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above any number of miles completed.	For half an hour ... 0 8 For one hour ... 0 14 For subsequent hours ... 0 8 For half day of 5 hours ... 2 8 For whole day of 9 hours ... 4 0
Third class.	3	At the rate of 2 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above any number of miles completed.	For half an hour ... 0 6 For one hour ... 0 8 For subsequent hours ... 0 6

(2) Rates and Fares to be paid for Palanquins.

FARES BY DISTANCE.		FARES BY TIME.			For a whole day consisting of nine hours.
For any distance within and not exceeding one mile.	For any distance exceeding one mile.	For any time within and not exceeding one hour.	For any hour or part of an hour beyond one hour.	For half a day of 5 hours.	
3 annas ...	At the rate of 3 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above any number of miles completed.	6 annas ...	3 annas ...	1 rupee ...	1 rupee 8 annas.

(3) Rates and Fares to be paid for Rickshaws.

FARES BY DISTANCE.		FARES BY TIME.	
For any distance within and not exceeding one mile.	For any distance exceeding one mile.	For any time within and not exceeding one hour.	For every hour or part of an hour beyond one hour.
3 annas	At the rate of 3 annas for every mile and for any part of any mile over and above number of miles completed.	6 annas	3 annas.

Passengers and Luggage.

20. No hackney-carriage shall carry more than four adult persons altogether, in addition to the drivers and attendant.

21. No rickshaw shall carry more than two adult persons.

22. No palanquin shall be allowed to carry more than two adult persons.

For the purpose of these by-laws two children under twelve years of age shall be reckoned as one adult.

23. The driver of every hackney-carriage shall carry in or upon such carriage a quantity of luggage not exceeding two maunds, together with one additional maund for every person below four carried in the carriage, without any charge over and above the fare.

24. A charge not exceeding two annas may be levied for every ten pears or part thereof in excess of the above free allowance.

25. Rule 23 shall not apply to bicycles, perambulators and child's mail carts for each of which a charge not exceeding four annas may be made.

26. No baggage shall be carried on any rickshaw except a small box or hand-bag, not exceeding 24' x 15' x 9'.

Inspection of Hackney-carriages, Palanquins and Rickshaws.

27. It shall be lawful for any officer of the Municipality at any time between sunrise and sunset to enter any premises on which any licensed hackney-carriage, palanquin or rickshaw or the horses or other animals, harness or other things used therewith are kept, in order to carry out any provision of this Act or these by-laws, and the owner, occupier or his agent shall afford every facility for such officer's inspection.

Protection of Weak and Lame Horses.

28. It shall be lawful for the Registering Officer at any time to cause any animals used in a hackney-carriage to be produced before him for the purpose of inspection, and it shall be compulsory upon the owner to produce any such animals within 24 hours after the receipt of such notice.

29. The owner of any animals declared under section 30 to be unfit for use in a hackney-carriage shall, if he disposed of it, or removes it from the premises on which it is stabled, give notice of the fact to the Registering Officer, within one week of such disposal or removal, intimating at the same time the name and address of the person to whom he has disposed of it and the place to which it has been removed.

30. Notice of the death of a registered horse shall also be given to the Registering Officer, who, on receipt of such notice, shall cause the entry concerned to be cancelled in the "Register of Horse" and the certificate of registration to be withdrawn.

Regulation of use of Horses.

31. No owner shall permit any horse to work continuously in any hackney-carriage in excess of the following scale of time :—

Class of carriage.	Maximum period allowed to be worked.	Minimum period of rest.
First, second and third if drawn by two horses	10 hours	14 hours.
Ditto ditto one horse	8 hours	16 hours.

32. The following particulars shall be entered in a register to be kept by every owner for the purposes of by-law No. 31 :—

Date.	Registered number and class of hackney-carriage.	Number of horse or horses used to draw the carriage together with description.	Hour of leaving stable.	Hour of return to stable.	Name of driver and attendant.	Signature of owner.	Signature and rank of inspecting officer.

Advertisements on Hackney-carriage, Palanquin or Rickshaw.

33. No printed, written or other matter shall appear on the inside or outside of any hackney-carriage, palanquin or rickshaw by way of advertisement without the permission from the Registering Officer.

Register and Licenses.

34. The following particulars shall be entered in the registers and licenses under this Act :—

(1) Hackney-carriage License.**Particular of license.**

1. The class and number assigned to the carriage in the register.
2. The name and father's name and the residence of the owner, the description of the carriage, and the place where the carriage is kept.
3. The number and description of horses to be employed in drawing such carriage.
4. The number of passengers the carriage is licensed to carry.
5. The date on which the license was granted.
6. That the carriage shall ply for hire at any of the public stands in the town, and not at any other place.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(2) Register of Hackney-carriages.

1. The class and number assigned to the carriage in the register.
2. The certificate numbers.
3. The date on which the license was granted.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Place of residence.
6. Stable locality.
7. House number.
8. Driver's and his father's names.
9. Place of residence.
10. Period of suspension or cancellation.
11. Date of renewal.
12. Duplicate ticket.
13. Duplicate license.
14. Date of conviction.
15. Section of law.
16. Punishment inflicted.
17. Date of offence.
18. Offence.
19. Ownership transferred to.
20. Date of transfer.
21. Signature of Registering Officer.
22. Remarks.

(3) Horse Register.

1. Serial number.
2. Class of hackney-carriage in which horse is to be used.
3. To be used singly or in pair.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Owner's address.
6. Number assigned to horse in register.
7. Place where it is intended to keep the horse.
8. Date on which the license was granted.
9. Ownership transferred to.
10. Date of transfer.
11. Date of notices issued to owners.
12. Date of disposal of notices.
13. Signature of Registering Officer.
14. Remarks.

(4) Hackney-carriage Driver's License.

1. The number of the license, the name, father's name, place of abode, and the age of the person to whom such license is granted.
2. The date on which the license was granted.
3. The class and number of hackney-carriage he is allowed to drive.
4. Date of expiry of license.
5. A summary of the more important statutory provision and by-laws affecting drivers of hackney-carriages.
6. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(5) Rickshaw Bearer's License.

1. The number of the license.
2. The name and father's name, place of abode, and age of the person to whom such license is granted.
3. The date on which the license was granted.
4. The number of rickshaw he is allowed to draw.
5. Date of expiry of license.
6. A summary of the more important statutory provisions and by-laws affecting bearers of rickshaws.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(6) Rickshaw Owner's License.

1. The number assigned to the rickshaw in the register.
2. The name, father's name and the residence of the owner, the description of the rickshaw and the place where the rickshaw is kept.
3. The number of passengers the rickshaw is licensed to carry.
4. The date on which the license was granted.
5. Date of expiry of license.
6. That the rickshaw shall ply for hire at any of the public stands in the town and not at any other place.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(7) Register of Rickshaws.

1. The number assigned to the rickshaw in the register.
2. The certificate number.
3. Date on which license was granted.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Place of residence.
6. Place where the rickshaw is kept.
7. House number.
8. Driver's and his father's names.
9. Place of residence.
10. Period of suspension or cancellation.
11. Date of renewal.
12. Duplicate license.
13. Duplicate ticket.
14. Date of conviction.
15. Section of law.
16. Punishment inflicted.
17. Date of offence.
18. Offence.
19. Ownership transferred to.
20. The number of persons the rickshaw is licensed to carry.
21. Date of transfer.
22. Signature of Registering Officer.
23. Remarks.

(8) Register of Palanquins.

1. The number assigned to the palanquin in the register.
2. Date on which the license was granted.
3. Owner's and his father's names.
4. Place of residence.
5. Place where the palanquin is to be kept.
6. House number.
7. Bearer's and his father's name.
8. Place of residence.
9. Period of suspension or cancellation.
10. Date of renewal.
11. Duplicate license.
12. Duplicate ticket.
13. Date of conviction.
14. Section of law.
15. Punishment inflicted.
16. Date of offence.
17. Offence.
18. Ownership transferred to.
19. Date of transfer.
20. The number of persons the palanquin is licensed to carry.
21. Signature of Registering Officer.
22. Remarks.

(9) Palanquin Owner's License.

1. The number assigned to the palanquin in the register.
2. The name, father's name and residence of the owner, the description of the palanquin, and the place where the palanquin is to be kept.
3. The number of passengers the palanquin is licensed to carry.
4. The date on which the license was granted.
5. Date of expiry of license.
6. That the palanquin shall ply for hire at any of the public stands in the town and not at any other place.
7. Signature of Registering Officer.

(10) Palanquin Bearer's License.

1. The number of license.
2. The name and father's name, place of abode and the age of the person to whom such license is granted.
3. The date on which the license was granted.
4. Date of expiry of license.
5. The number of the palanquin he is allowed to carry.
6. A summary of the more important statutory provisions and by-laws affecting bearers of palanquin.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(11) Horse License.

1. The class of the hackney-carriage with which the horse is to be used, and whether it is to be used singly or in pair.
2. The name, father's name of the owner, residence of the owner.
3. The number assigned to the horse in the register.
4. The place where it is intended to keep the horse.
5. The date on which the license was granted.
6. The date on which the license expires.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 296 L.S.-G.—The 8th February 1923.—The following draft order, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 221 and 223 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Act III of 1884), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th March 1923, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 221 and 223 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Garulia Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, made in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased, in supersession of the previous notifications Nos. 611M., dated the 30th January 1899, and 3413M., dated the 28th June 1899, on the subject to extend all [the provisions of Part IX of that Act to the whole municipality save the area occupied by the premises of the Shamnagar Jute Mills, which were excluded from the operation of Part IX by notification No. 1538T.-M., dated the 12th September 1900.

2. The boundaries of the area in which the provisions of Part IX will now be in force are as follows :—

North—Smith Ghat Road, Jute Mill Road, Thakoorbari Road, river Hooghly, Nimtola Ghat Road, Railway level crossing No. 23, Shamnagar Feeder Road and Kowgachi Garh.

East—The eastern boundary of the Garulia Municipality.

South—The southern boundary of the Garulia Municipality.

West—The river Hooghly.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 302 L.S.-G.—The 8th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. John Rose Walker and Mr. Hugh Anderson to be Commissioners of the Titagarh Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. A. Kirkpatrick and Mr. J. W. A. Simpson, respectively, resigned.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 218 Medl.—The 5th February 1923.—Second class Military Assistant Surgeon P. S. Bedell, Junior Demonstrator of Practical Pharmacy, Medical College, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Assistant to the Superintendent, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st January 1923, *vice* Major H. V. Mann, I.M.D., granted leave.

2. This Government notification No. 2595 Medl., dated the 4th November 1922, is hereby cancelled.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 220 Medl.—The 5th February 1923.—Military Assistant Surgeon R. Clarkson, I.M.D., attached to the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is allowed leave for four months and sixteen days, viz., special war leave for fifty-two days under Army Instructions, India, 106 of 1920, and leave on average pay for the remaining period (of which two months and five days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 100 (a) (i) and (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 9th November 1922.

2. This Government notification No. 2587 Medl., dated the 3rd November 1922, is hereby cancelled.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 3066 Medl.—The 29th December 1922.—Major R. A. Boermel, I.M.D., Civil Surgeon, Dinajpur, is allowed leave from the 8th November 1922 to the 18th October 1923, both days inclusive, under article 100 (a) of the Fundamental Rules, viz., leave on average pay for one month and twenty-nine days (of which one month and four days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 100 (a) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave in or out of India for the remaining period under paragraphs 223 (c), Army Regulation, India, Volume II, and 435, Army Regulation, India, Volume I.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 3068 Medl.—The 29th December 1922.—Civil Assistant Surgeon Jay Krishna Gupta, officiating Civil Surgeon, is transferred from Rangpur to Dinajpur, *vice* Major R. A. Boermel, I.M.D., granted leave.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 116 Medl.—The 19th January 1923.—The following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Galiara Ayurvedic dispensary, in the district of Tippera :—

- (1) Pandit Bepin Behari Jyotish Shastri, *President*.
- (2) Babu Annada Charan Chakravarty, *Secretary*.
- (3) Kaviraj Nabin Chandra Sarkar.
- (4) „ Dina Bandhu Chakravarty.
- (5) Munshi Abdul Kader Choudhury.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 262 Medl.—The 9th February 1923.—Captain J. H. Higlop, M.C., M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to hold medical charge of the Civil Station of Barrackpore, with effect from the 16th January 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 263 Medl.—The 9th February 1923.—Major A. C. Vidal, D.S.O., R.A.M.C., held medical charge of the Civil Station of Barrackpore from the 13th January to the 15th January 1923 (both days inclusive).

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 237 Medl.—The 7th February 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to add the following under paragraph 9 of the Statutes of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal, published under this department notification No. 274 Medl., dated the 30th January 1922, at pages 271—84 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th February 1922 :—

Transitory Clause.

“That persons who hold diplomas in Nursing or Midwifery obtained from a recognised institution prior to May 1923 be allowed to come on the Register of Registered Nurses and Midwives to be maintained by the State Medical Faculty of Bengal on payment of the prescribed fee for enrolment, but without further examination,

and that for a period of two years commencing from May 1923, any person who is certified by the Superintendent of a Government or a recognised Hospital or by a Civil Surgeon to have received satisfactory training in Nursing or Midwifery be allowed to appear at the examinations to be held by the State Medical Faculty of Bengal for certificates in Nursing or Midwifery, as the case may be, without being required to undergo further training in a recognised institution, but on payment of the prescribed fee only."

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 242Medl.—The 7th February 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendments in the Appendix annexed to paragraph 9 of the Statutes of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal, published under this department notification No. 274Medl., dated the 30th January 1922 :—

(i) Insert the following in paragraph 10 of Appendix B :—

"(v) The Surjya Kanta Hospital, Mymensingh."

(ii) Insert the following in paragraph 5 of Appendix D :—

"(iv) The Surjya Kanta Hospital, Mymensingh."

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 1838, dated Calcutta, the 3rd February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Birendra Nath Chakrabatti of the Siliguri subdivision and dispensary, Darjeeling district, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit) from 15th February 1923 or any subsequent date, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1840, dated Calcutta, the 3rd February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Binod Bihari Hajra is appointed to act at the Siliguri subdivision and dispensary, Darjeeling district, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Birendra Nath Chakravarti, granted leave.

No. 1867, dated Calcutta, the 3rd February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Monoj Nath Gupta, Arambagh subdivision and dispensary, Hooghly district, is granted leave on average pay for six weeks (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 16th December 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1983, dated Calcutta, the 6th February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Khan Sahib Mir Abdul Bari, Medical Officer, Government Hostels, Dacca, is granted leave on average pay for one month, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him under this department notification No. 18213, dated 20th November 1922.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 32Edn.—The 8th January 1923.—Babu Atul Chandra Banarji, head master, Faridpur Zilla School, was allowed leave on average pay for thirty-six days, with effect from the 6th November 1922, or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of the leave, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 33Edn.—The 8th January 1923.—Babu Girija Kanta Bagchi, assistant head master, Faridpur Zilla School, was appointed to act as head master of the school, and in the Bengal Educational Service, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Atul Chandra Banarji.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 465Edn.—The 10th February 1923.—Babu Khitish Chandra Roy, Demonstrator in Chemistry, Presidency College, in the Bengal Educational Service, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 2nd January 1923 to the 31st March 1923 (both days inclusive) under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 484Edn.—The 12th February 1923.—Rai Bhupati Nath Das Bahadur, officiating Principal, Dacca Intermediate College, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-three days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), with effect from the 3rd January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of it under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

Dacca.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 485Edn.—The 12th February 1923.—Mr. A. K. Chanda, Vice-Principal, Dacca Intermediate College, is appointed to act as Principal of that College, in addition to his own duties, *vice* Rai Bhupati Nath Das Bahadur, on leave.

Dacca.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 488Edn.—The 12th February 1923.—Babu Kalipada Sarkar, 2nd Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, is allowed leave for two months, with effect from the 24th January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, *viz.*, leave on average pay for one month and two days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rules 81 (b) (ii) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Dacca.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 491Edn.—The 12th February 1923.—Maulvi Musharaf Hussain, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Dacca Division, was allowed leave for four months with effect from the 7th October 1922, *viz.*, leave on average pay for three months (including privilege leave for two months and five days at his credit) under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for one month under rule 81 (d) of those rules.

Dacca Divn.

This cancels notification No. 2443Edn., dated the 5th December 1922.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 502Edn.—The 12th February 1923.—Mr. W. E. Griffith, of the Indian Educational Service, now officiating Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, was allowed leave, with effect from the 19th July 1921, *viz.*, ordinary privilege leave for four months and additional privilege leave for one month and one day, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, study leave for four months, under rules 1 and 2 of the study leave rules in Appendix 32 to the Civil Service Regulations, leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for one month and twenty-four days under rule 81 (d) of those rules.

Burdwan Division.

This cancels notification No. 1595Edn., dated the 28th July 1921.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 258Mis.—The 12th February 1923.—Notification No. 2451Mis., dated the 30th November 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th December 1922, which declared the temple of Dasabhuja or Dasa Mahavidya at Mahammadpur, in the Magura subdivision of the district of Jessore, to be a protected monument, is confirmed under section 3 (3) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904).

Jessore.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

The 5th February 1923.

No. 74A.—Pandit Monmotha Nath Bhattacharyya, assistant master (Grammar pandit), Sanskrit Collegiate School, on a salary of Rs. 88 a month, in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, is granted leave on average pay on account of urgent private affairs for fifteen days, with effect from the 24th January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules.

The 6th February 1923.

No. 75A.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Banerjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore, on Rs. 75—5—200 a month, is granted leave under article 81 (b) of the Fundamental rules for two months, with effect from the 2nd January 1923 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it (be relieved).

Midnapore.

He is also permitted under article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations to prefix the X'mas and New Year's day holidays to his leave.

No. 76A.—Maulvi Abdul Jabbar Khan, an assistant master, Howrah Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—150—5—200 a month, is granted leave on average pay under article 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules for five days, with effect from the 14th November 1922.

Howrah.

No. 77A.—(1) Babu Ram Krishna Bhattacharjee, an assistant master, Hooghly Collegiate School, on Rs. 110 a month, in the grade of Rs. 75—5—150—5—200, is granted leave on average pay under article 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules for one month, with effect from the 1st February 1923.

Hooghly.

(2) Babu Indu Bhusan Ghattak, B.A., is appointed to act as an assistant master, Hooghly Collegiate School, and on Rs. 75 a month, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Ram Krishna Bhattacharjee, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 78A.—(1) Maulvi Abdus Sobhan, B.A., officiating assistant master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, is appointed to act as assistant master of the same institution on an acting allowance of Rs. 75 a month during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Kanai Lal Das or until further orders.

Jalpaiguri.

(2) Babu Pran Randhu Chakravarty, B.A., is appointed to act as assistant master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, on an acting allowance of Rs. 75 a month during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarty to the Dacca Training College or until further orders.

The 7th February 1923.

No. 79A.—1. In supersession of all previous orders on the subject, Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kulpi, 24-Parganas, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted combined leave for two years and one month, with effect from 3rd October 1920, *viz.*—

24-Parganas.

(1) furlough on medical certificate for one year, two months and twenty-nine days for the period from 3rd October 1920 to 31st December 1921, both days inclusive, in terms of article 301 (a) of the leave rules of July 1920,

(2) leave on half average pay in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii), read with rule 87 (a) of the Fundamental Rules, for four months and eight days from 1st January 1922 to 8th May 1922, both days inclusive, and

(3) leave on half average pay under rule 81 (c) (i) of the Fundamental Rules for five months and twenty-five days from 9th May 1922 to 2nd November 1922, both days inclusive.

2. Maulvi Shaik Muhammad Mansur Ali, B.A., is declared to have acted as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kulpi, 24-Parganas, on an allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, up to the 31st August 1921, *vice* Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, on leave.

He is also appointed to act in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 1st September 1921, as officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kulpi, 24-Parganas, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Bazlur Rahman.

The 8th February 1923.

No. 80A.—Babu Himangsu Nath Mukhoti is appointed to act as head pandit of the Rangpur Zilla School and in the scale of Rs. 60—4—120 (efficiency bar) —4—160, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Prasanna Kumar Nandi, on deputation.

Rangpur.

No. 81A.—(1) Maulvi Shamsuddin Ahmed, a Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Jessore, in scale of Rs. 75—5—150—5—200, is allowed leave on average salary under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for three months, with effect from the 21st January 1923, or any subsequent date from which he may be relieved.

Jessore.

(2) Maulvi Fazlal Karim, B.A., is appointed to act as a Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Jessore, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month, in scale of Rs. 75—5—150—5—200, with effect from the date on which he joins that appointment, *vice* Maulvi Shamsuddin Ahmed, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 82A.—Maulvi Dilwar Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Bankura, on Rs. 110 a month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for one month, with effect from 1st February 1923.

Bankura.

No. 83A.—(1) Maulvi Wajihuddin Ahmed, officiating assistant master, Comilla Zilla School, is allowed extraordinary leave without allowances for three months under clause (c) of rule 2, made under the Local Government notification No. 19463-F., dated the 23rd December 1921, embodied in the subsidiary rules under the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 24th January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Comilla.

(2) Maulvi Rafiquddin Ahmed, B.A., is appointed to act as assistant master, Comilla Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Muslim, on deputation to the Dacca Training College.

No. 84A.—Maulvi Asizur Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Muradnagar, Tippera, on Rs. 75—200, is granted leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th January 1923.

Tippera.

No. 85A.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Sarkar, assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as assistant head master of the same institution on Rs. 150 a month, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Monomohan Ghosal, on deputation.

Rajshahi.

No. 86A.—Maulvi Muhammad Yunus, officiating assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on full pay for the period from the 4th to the 31st December 1922, both days inclusive, in terms of clause 2 (a) of the Bengal Government, Finance Department, notification No. 19463F., dated the 23rd December 1921.

Calcutta.

The 9th February 1923.

No. 87A.—(1) In supersession of all previous orders on the subject, Babu Bankim Chandra Mazumdar, assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted combined leave for one year and thirteen days, with effect from the 9th November 1921, *viz.* :—

Bankura.

(i) privilege leave on half pay under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations for one month and twenty-three days, *i.e.*, from 9th November to 31st December 1921, both days inclusive,

(ii) leave on average pay under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for one month and three days, *i.e.*, from 1st January to 3rd February 1922, both days inclusive, and

(iii) leave on half average pay under rule 81 (c) (i) of the Fundamental Rules for the remaining period.

(2) Babu Ashutosh Ganguli is declared to have acted as assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, for the period from 9th November to 23rd December 1921 (both days inclusive), *vice* Babu Bankim Chandra Mazumdar, on leave.

(3) Maulvi Abdur Rauf is declared to have acted as assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, for the period from the 20th January to 21st December 1922 (both days inclusive), *vice* Babu Bankim Chandra Mazumdar, on leave.

No. 88A.—Babu Anukul Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narail, Jessore, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Sadar, Howrah, with effect from the 10th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Beni Madhab Bhattacharji, on leave.

**Jessore.
Howrah.**

No. 89A.—Babu Satish Chandra Sen, assistant master, Armenitola Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200 (drawing Rs. 145 per month), is appointed to act as assistant head master, Birbhum Zilla School, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Ramapragad Chanda, on deputation.

Birbhum.

No. 90A.—Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharji, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Nadia, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules leave on average pay for three months (the period being due on account of privilege leave), with effect from the 2nd January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

Nadia.

(2) Babu Sarat Chandra Banerji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Kushtia, Nadia, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Nadia, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharji, on leave.

No. 91A.—Babu Ramani Kanta Neogi, assistant headmaster, Noakhali R. K. Zilla School, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave for one month with effect from the 3rd January 1923, *viz.*, leave on average pay for eighteen days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

Noakhali.

2. Babu Aswini Kumar Mazumdar is declared to have acted as assistant master, Noakhali R. K. Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, against the vacancy consequent on the grant of leave to Babu Ramani Kanta Neogi.

The 12th February 1923.

No. 32A.—Maulvi Syed Hossain, A senior English teacher, Arabic department, Calcutta Madrasah Ra. 75—200, is granted, under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on half average pay for two months in extension of the leave granted to him; this office notification No. 342A, dated the 21st November 1922.

2. The officiating arrangement already sanctioned for the performance of the absentee's duties is allowed to continue.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 46.—The 6th February 1923.—Mauli Saleh Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Anwar, Chittagong, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 47.—The 6th February 1923.—Abu Krishnadhan Mallik, Sub-Registrar, grade II, is allowed leave on half average pay for three months, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of leave granted to him in notification No. 13, dated the 13th January 1923.

No. 48.—The 6th February 1923.—Mauli Muhammad Israil, Sub-Registrar, grade II is allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for three months and six days, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 423, dated the 14th September 1922.

No. 49.—The 6th February 1923.—Maulvi M. A. Jabbar, Sub-Registrar, grade V, Pabna, acting as Sub-Registrar of Khanjanpur, in the district of Bogra, from the 2nd January 1923 to the 19th January 1923, vice Babu Pohat Chandra Datta, on leave.

No. 50.—The 9th February 1923.—Babu Suresh Chandra Ray, Sub-Registrar of Raipura, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Rajbari in the same district.

No. 51.—The 9th February 1923.—Babu Gauranga Chandra Kabyatirtha, Sub-Registrar of Rajbari, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Raipura in the same district.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

No. 1530F.—The 12th February 1923.—Rules framed under the Fundamental Rules 44 and 93 (Reserved and Transferred side) and published in the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of December 23rd under notifications Nos. 19428F. and 19452F., dated the 23rd December 1921—

(a) Substitute the words "rule 3" for "rules 3 and 4" in line 2 of rule 1.

(b) Add the words "or exchange compensation allowance" after the words, "house-rent allowance" in line 2 of rule 2.

(c) Insert the following as rule 4—

"Exchange compensation allowance, if otherwise admissible, may be drawn by a Government servant during the first four months of any period of leave on average pay."

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 750Com.—The 9th February 1923.—The undermentioned persons have been granted certificates by the Government of Bengal in accordance with the rules promulgated under sub-section (2) of section 144 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913),

with notification No. 1032 Com., dated the 2nd Mar 1915, and No. 1391 Com., dated the 14th April 1920.

Serial No.	Name of person or firm with its members.	Address.	Date of certificate.	Temporary or permanent.	Remarks.
1	Krishna Lal Datta	18-1, Bankura Road, Calcutta.	1st March 1916	Permanent	For the whole of British India.
2	Prasannakumar Mitra	Rajpur, post 24-Parganas.	1st April	Ditto	Restricted to the Presidency of Bengal.
3	Umascharan Ghosh	Kodalia, Sonarpur, the Parganas	1st July	Ditto	Ditto.
4	Thomas Arthur Palmer	5, Old Court House, Calcutta.	1st Nov.	Ditto	For the whole of British India.
5	Jyotish Chandra Das	2 and 3, Lal Bazar Street, Calcutta	1st	Ditto	Ditto.
6	M. Mukherjee & Co.	95, Olive Street, Calcutta	1st Jan. 1918	Ditto	Ditto.
	(a) Monmothath Mukherji.				
	(b) Promethanath Mukherji.				
	(c) Mahanath Mukherji.				
7	Birbhadra Chandra Chowdri	19, Sakaripara Road, Calcutta	1st Feb.	Ditto	Ditto.
8	B. Mukherji & Co.	11, Olive Row, Calcutta	1st	Ditto	Ditto.
	(a) Bhutanath Mukherji.				
	(b) Devendranath Mukherji.				
9	Upendranath Paul	Chamurahi Tea Company, Limited, Jalpaiguri.	1st May	Ditto	Restricted to the Presidency of Bengal.
10	Devendranath Ganguli	Co Messrs. Price, Waterhouse, Pears & Co., B-1, Olive Buildings, Calcutta	1st July	Ditto	For the whole of British India.
11	Devendranath Chakravarty	42-2, Ramtanu Bose's Lane, Calcutta.	1st Aug.	Ditto	Ditto.
12	G. M. Rangiah	88-6, Beva Gopal Mahanta's Lane, Calcutta.	1st	Ditto	Ditto.
13	Puresudra Mohan Sen Gupta	9-2, Hari Mohan Bose's Lane, Beeson Square post-office, Calcutta.	17th	Ditto	Ditto.
14	Keshabchandra Mukherji	252, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	17th	Ditto	Ditto.
15	Narendra Kumar Majumdar	12, Olive Street, Calcutta	2nd May	Ditto	Ditto.
16	Durgacharan Mitra	10-1, Halder Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	23rd Dec. 1920	Temporary	Restricted to the Presidency of Bengal.
17	P. T. Kelly	4-2, May Road, Hastings	16th Jan. 1920	Ditto	Ditto.
18	G. H. F. Haswell	16, Victoria Chambers, Calcutta	11th March	Ditto	Ditto.
19	Natal Doyal Bose	Ulipore, Rangpur	7th July	Ditto	Ditto.
20	R. N. Banerjee	12, Orouch Lane, Calcutta	7th	Ditto	Ditto.
21	Sarat Chandra Chatterjee	9, Brindaban Bysack Street	28th	Ditto	Ditto.
22	Subodh Kumar Mukherji	Commercial Academy, Dacca	3rd Aug.	Ditto	Ditto.
23	Joy Krishna Sen	Co A. Firpo, Limited, 14-2 to 16-5, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	31st	Ditto	Ditto.
24	Sachindra Nath Sen	12, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.	13th Oct.	Ditto	Ditto.
25	Kopally Krishna Rao	Cocanada, Madras	23rd Nov.	Ditto	Ditto.
26	Satyesh Chandra Datta	60-1, Sukra Street, Calcutta	26th Feb. 1921	Ditto	Ditto.
27	A. R. Datta	4, Buckingham Court, 13, Hipon Street, Calcutta.	7th March	Ditto	Ditto.
28	J. B. Hughes	7-1, Elydum Row, Calcutta	15th	Ditto	Ditto.
29	Kripasindhu Chakrabarti	Co Messrs. Price, Waterhouse, Pears & Co., B-1, Olive Buildings.	28th Oct.	Ditto	Ditto.
30	Amulya Chandra Sen	ditto	28th	Ditto	Ditto.
31	Rabindranath Saha	Khali post-office, district Nadia.	18th Feb. 1922	Ditto	Ditto.
32	Atul Krishna Kundu	4, Hastings Street, Calcutta	27th April	Ditto	Ditto.
33	Sudhir Chandra Sen Gupta	70, Tagore Bagan, Dacca	3rd Aug.	Ditto	Ditto.
34	Jatindra Mohan Mitra	113, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta	30th	Ditto	Ditto.
35	Dhirendra Mohan Sen Gupta	9-3, Hari Mohan Bose's Lane, Calcutta.	20th Sept.	Ditto	Ditto.
36	Bagala Prasanna Sen Gupta	Dacca Municipal Office, Dacca	25th Oct.	Ditto	Ditto.
37	Haridas Banerji	65, Knight Road, Calcutta	18th Nov.	Ditto	Ditto.

No. 861 Com.—The 12th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), as applied to carbide of calcium by the notification of the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 101-10 (Carbide), dated the 12th January 1907, and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules regulating the importation, possession and transport of carbide of calcium in Bengal, published under the Bengal Government notification No. 41 Marine, dated the 19th April 1906, as subsequently amended:—

1. In part II of the said rules for rule 9 substitute the following, namely:—

"9. Every license for the possession of carbide of calcium shall remain in force until the 31st December next following the date of issue of the license."

Continuance of license.

Provided that the licensing officer may, at any time, for good and sufficient reasons cancel any such license."

2. In part III of the said rules for rule 12 substitute the following, namely:—

"12. A general license to transport carbide of calcium shall remain in force until the 31st December next following the date of issue of the license."

Continuance of general transport license.

No. 891 Com.—The 12th February 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that Mr. J. D. Balfour of Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., is appointed under section 4, sub-section (4) of the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Act, 1905, to represent the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Commission in succession to Mr. T. M. Shewell, resigned.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION—By the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department.

No. 857 Com.—The 12th February 1923.—Whereas certain land was acquired by Government, under the provisions of Act I of 1894 and Act XVIII of 1885, for a public purpose, viz., for such portion of the Ondal-Santhia Chord, East Indian Railway, as lies between mile 120, feet 3,283 and mile 102, feet 4,965, and as is edged with pink on the plan, L. A. M. A. No. 430, and whereas coal mines at Parascole Colliery are situate under the said land, and whereas the Phularitand Coal Company, Limited, have given notice to Government, in accordance with the provisions of Act XVIII of 1885, that the said Company intend to work the seam known as the Parascole seam and whereas the mines have been inspected by the officer appointed by Government for the purpose under section 5 (1) of Act XVIII of 1885, and whereas it appears to the Government that the working out of the coal of the mines underlying the said land is likely to cause damage to the surface of the said land and to the works constructed thereon, and whereas the said Phularitand Coal Company, Limited, have agreed not to work and get minerals underlying the land acquired for their siding, or underlying the land acquired for the branch or other lines with which the siding is connected or underlying the land of the branch or branches connecting the said siding with the main line, in such a manner as to injure or to endanger the safety of the undertaking or any part thereof, nor to claim any compensation for any restricted working:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare, under section 5, sub-section (2), clause (b), of the abovementioned Act XVIII of 1885, that the working shall be carried on by the said Phularitand Coal Company, Limited, in the manner and subject to the restrictions below specified, viz.:—

(1) No gallery shall be driven nor shall any coal be extracted under the area hatched with yellow on the plan.

(2) These restrictions apply to the Parascole seam only at Parascole Colliery, and to the area edged with pink on the plan, and Messrs. Phularitand Coal Company, Limited, shall give notice under section IV of the Land Acquisition (Mines) Act, 1885, of their intention to work any other seam under such area or to work coal under any other area of acquired land.

The plan marked L. A. M. A. No. 430, signed by the Chief Inspector of Mines may be seen in the office of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India by the parties concerned.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 9 Marine.—The 6th February 1923.—Mr. R. P. Ross, Leadman Apprentice, Bengal Pilot Service, is promoted to the grade of 2nd Mate Leadman with effect from the 23rd February 1923.

No. 10 Marine.—The 9th February 1923.—The following erratum to the Government of India, Department of Commerce notification No. 6803, dated the 30th December 1922, is republished for general information:—

No. 640, dated Delhi, the 27th January 1923.

ERRATUM—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

For clause (1) of the notification of the Government of India in this Department, No. 6803, dated the 30th December 1922, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the same date, substitute the following:—

“(1) *At Bombay.*—The Royal Indian Marine Wireless Telegraph operator in charge of the wireless store in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard.”

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C. I. E.

No. 4.—The 6th February 1923.—Mr. B. G. Gwyther, Superintending Engineer, is on return from special duty in the Marine Department, posted to the Central Circle.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C. I. E.

No. 5.—The 7th February 1923.—Babu Nanda Lal De, Assistant Engineer, is, on return from leave, attached to the office of the Superintending Engineer, Central Circle, until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C. I. E.

No. 6.—The 9th February 1923.—Babu Bhola Nath Banarji, Executive Engineer, Third Calcutta Division, is granted leave for twenty-eight months, viz., leave on average pay for two months and nine days (of which one month and one day on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from 2nd March 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C. I. E.

No. 7.—The 10th February 1923.—Mr. F. H. Hogshaw, Assistant Executive Engineer, Chittagong Division, is appointed to hold charge of the Third Calcutta Division, vice Babu Bhola Nath Banarji, granted leave and until further orders.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

CO-OPERATIVE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C. I. E.

No. 680 Co-op.—The 12th February 1923.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as Inspector of Co-operative Societies, is allowed leave on half average pay for fifteen days, with effect from the 13th February 1923 under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saliyd Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 635Ex.—The 6th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st April 1923, the following amendment be made in the rules published under the Bengal Government Notification No. 5628.R., dated the 2nd March 1918, as subsequently amended, namely :—

For rule 12A of the said rules, *substitute* the following :—

" 19A.—Excise opium shall be sold by retail vendors thereof at the rate of Rs. 130 per seer, and at no other rates, in the whole of Bengal, except for the following shops of the district of Midnapore, for which the rate shall be Rs. 107 per seer, viz. :—

(1) Aikona, (2) Panchrole, (3) Durgapur, (4) Mirgodaganj, (5) Ghutia, (6) Parihati, (7) Baitalpara, (8) Gopiballavpur, and (9) Baligeria."

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saliyd Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 636Ex.—The 6th February 1923.—In supersession of the order contained in Notification No. 82Ex., dated the 5th January 1922, it is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on them by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) have fixed the selling price of Excise opium in all districts in the Presidency of Bengal at the rate of Rs. 71 per seer with effect from the 1st April 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saliyd Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 663Ex.—The 9th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 86 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in the rules published under Notification No. 6018.R., dated the 30th March 1915, on pages 1-32 of the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of the 1st April 1915, as subsequently amended, namely :—

After rule 223 of the said rules *insert* the following, namely :—

" 223 (A).—Except when exempted by the Commissioner of Excise or the Collector, every licensee shall be present in his shop during such hours of the day as may be prescribed in that behalf by the Superintendent of Excise with the approval of the Collector. Leave of absence for a period not exceeding one month may, however, be granted by the Superintendent of Excise."

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 2168.—The 9th February 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Karsalika Gramya Rindan Samity (registered No. 66 of 1910-11) in the district of Pabna, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the auditor of co-operative societies, Sahazadpur (Pabna), to be liquidator of the said society.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND ACQUISITION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1282 L.A.—The 6th February 1923.—Babu Madhu Sudan Das, Additional Sadar Subdivisional Officer of Bakarganj, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that district.

No. 1285 L.A.—The 8th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 chitaks 2 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to .0052 of an acre, being a portion of premises No. 34-1, Chakrabere Road, North, bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 1827 L.A., dated the 16th February 1915, published at pages 267-268, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, and was required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust for the Street Scheme No. V in Wards Nos. XXI and XXII of the Calcutta Municipality :—

Boundaries.

North—By the portion of premises No. 34-1, Chakrabere Road, North, acquired by the Calcutta Improvement Trust.

East—By Lansdowne Road.

South—By premises No. 35, Lansdowne Road.

West—By premises No. 34, Chakrabere Road, North.

No. 1317 L.A.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Jitendra Nath Sircar, Subdivisional Officer, Naogaon, in the district of Rajshahi, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

No. 1319 L.A.—The 8th February 1923.—Babu Girish Chandra Das, Deputy Collector, in the Sadar subdivision, district Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

No. 1442 L.A.—The 10th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act (I of 1894), the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 7 cottahs, 13 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to .79 of an acre, which was notified for acquisition in declaration No. 970 L.A., dated the 23rd January 1922, published at pages 180-182, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, and required by the District Board of Hooghly for widening the Jonai-Nasibpore road, part of 4th and 5th miles in the villages of Bora, Sahana, Okardha, Kapasharia and Tisha, pargana Boro, zilla Hooghly.

No. 1445 L.A.—The 10th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act (I of 1894), the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 3.34 acres, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 5708 L.A., dated the 8th July 1921, published at pages 1167-68, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th idem, and required by the Narayanganj municipality for extension of a road and a khal at Sitallakhya, in the villages of Paikpara and Sitallakhya, parganas Nasaratshahi, Tappa Katrab, Bandar, Ekrampur, Tappa Sarippur and Tappa K zilla Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1340 L.A.—The 8th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong District Board for a public purpose, viz., for a tank to be reserved for drinking water in the village of Sarotali, thana

Boalkhali, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.35 acres, bounded on the—

North—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 101 and 103,

East—By the boundary line of mauza Sandandi,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 195, 192, 2059, 2060, 135, and

West—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 135, 111, 110, 109, 108, 107, 106, and 100,

is required within the aforesaid village of Saroatali.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1393 L.A.—The 10th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Hooghly for a public purpose, viz., for widening the road from Chinamore to Palara, in the village of Khurdnarayanpur, pargana Boro, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 chitaks 25 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to .006 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and West—By Kedar Nath Ghosh's land,

East—By Local Board road,

South—By Local Board road, Chinamore to Palara and drain,

is required within the aforesaid village of Khurdnarayanpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Hooghly.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1452 L.A.—The 12th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Malda for a public purpose, viz., for a sectional office at Gazole in mauza Rangavita, pargana Rajnagar, zilla Malda, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .216 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By District Board Shamsi Road,

East—By disputed land of zamindar Krishna Jiban Sanyal and Basanta Kumar Nandi and others, and Gazole inspection bungalow,

South—By cultivated land of Sekh Belatali and khas patit land of zamindar,

West—By zamindari khas patit land,

is required within the aforesaid mauza.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Malda.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FORESTS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1388 For.—The 8th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), the Governor in Council declares that it is proposed to constitute as reserved forest the land within the boundaries described below :—

District—Darjeeling.

Thana—Jorebangala.

Name of forest—Rangbi Extension to the Senchal Reserved Forest.

Approximate area—51 acres.

Description of boundaries.

North—Kali khola from the point where it leaves the existing Senchal Forest Reserve boundary between pillars 74 and 75 at an angle of 70° for 89 feet. Then along Kali khola at an angle of—

	Feet.
90° for	198
62° "	330
107° "	109
73° "	102
90° "	178 to meet a demarcated line.

East—Then at an angle of 180° for 4,528 feet to meet reserve forest boundary pillar No. 84.

South and West.—The Senchal Reserve.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, to be the Forest Settlement Officer who will, under the provisions of Chapter II of the Indian Forest Act, enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within the boundaries specified above.

The Governor in Council is also pleased, under section 16 of the Indian Forest Act, to appoint the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division to hear appeals from the decisions of the Forest Settlement Officer as above appointed.

No. 1390 For.—The 9th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), the Governor in Council declares that the lands situated in the Darjeeling district, the limits of which are specified below, are reserved forest with effect from the 1st April 1923. This forest will be known as the Phuguri Forest reserve. Its approximate area is 484.40 acres—

Boundaries.

North—Mirik khas mahal.

East—Tauzi No. 1005, Bhujit Ray's estate.

South—Tauzi No. 1005, Bhujit Ray's estate to a pillar on the Nepal frontier road, 27 chains below its junction with the Murmah district road, thence a straight line to boundary pillar No. 15 to Kuhein reserved forest.

West—Turboo tea estate land.

No special rights and privileges are granted in the Phuguri Forest reserve.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 2 For.—The 1st February 1923.—On return from the leave granted to him in this office notification No. 36 For., dated the 21st December 1922, Mr. F. J. A. Hart, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is posted to the charge of the South Borojhar Range with headquarters at Chillapata, with effect from the 18th January 1923. He was attached to the Buxa Division on the 17th January 1923.

Buxa.

No. 5 For.—The 9th February 1923.—On return from leave Mr. L. E. S. Teague, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is placed on special duty with headquarters at Khulna.

Khulna.

R. C. MILWARD,

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

BABU BROJA NATH RAI, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Hooghly Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 5th February 1923, *vice* Babu Dakshina Ranjan Ghose, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. G. DUNLOP, *Collector.*

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE, the 6th February 1923.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.**CIVIL.**

The 7th February 1923.

No. 822A.—Babu Bisweswar Majumdar, munsif of Netrokona, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Netrokona munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Registrar.

ORDERS BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 549J.—Babu Sarada Prosanna Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer of Gopalganj, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th March 1923, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 7th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 556J.—Maulvi Abu Ahmad Faizul Mohi, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, Faridpur, is transferred temporarily to the Gopalganj subdivision of that district.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 7th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 571J.—Babu Lalit Kumar Dutta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, is allowed leave on average pay for one month under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 31st January 1923, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of the leave.

D. H. LEE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 9th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 533J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 63 (2) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, Mrs. Williams has been appointed as a non-official lady visitor of the Narayanganj sub-jail in the district of Dacca for a period of two years.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offo.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 6th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 379J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mrs. A. E. Brown and Mrs. A. M. Spencer to be non-official lady visitors of the Bankura Sadar Jail for a period of two years.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

THE general election of the members of the Sadar local board from thana Monirampur in the district of Jessore, held on 22nd November 1922, having been declared null and void owing to irregularity in procedure by the undersigned under rule 1A of the Election Rules under the Local Self-Government Act, it is hereby notified for general information that 7th April 1923 is fixed, under rule 32, Part II of the Election Rules of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1908, for holding the new election of members from the thana Monirampur of the district of Jessore.

C. C. V. R. SELLS, *District Magistrate*.

JESSORE, the 8th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 129L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, Babu Rajani Mandal has been appointed to be a member of the Baghutia-Bebhagdi union committee within Abhoyanagar police-station in the Narail subdivision of the Jessore district, in place of Munshi Sekmatulla Molla, deceased.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 9th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 384M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under the provisions of section 40 of the Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen are appointed as members of the Chatmohar union committee in the district of Pabna :—

1. Babu Gopeswar Kundu.
2. " Gopal Chandra Bhattacharjee.
3. " Jnanendra Nath Datta.
4. " Sristidhar Kundu.
5. Maulvi Faizuddin Ahmed.
6. Munshi Mir Khorsed Ali.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed as members of the said union committee under section 41 of the Act :—

1. Maulvi Mahomed Yasin.
2. Babu Rajani Kanta Saha.
3. Munshi Azahar Ali Molla.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHT DIVN., JAIPATGURI, the 9th February 1923.

No. 187L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, read with Government notification No. 200L.S.-G., dated the 15th January 1917, the following gentlemen have been elected members of the Masni union committee in the Bagerhat subdivision of the district of Khulna:—

No. of ward	Name of member.
I ...	1. Babu Mati Lal Das. 2. Munshi Torapali Didar. 3. Babu Bhuban Mohan Das.
II ...	4. Babu Farhat Charan Das. 5. " Bhuban Mohan Das. 6. " Kali Kumar Chakrabarty.

2. In exercise of the power conferred on me by the above-quoted Government notification issued under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid Masni union committee:—

1. Babu Ashutosh Mukherji.
2. " Tarak Chandra Banerji.
3. Munshi Jahiruddi Nakib.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 128L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, read with Government notification No. 201L.S.-G., dated the 19th January 1917, the following gentlemen have been elected members of the Morrelgunj union committee in the Bagerhat subdivision of the district of Khulna:—

No. of ward.	Name of member.
I ...	1. Babu Haripada Banerjee. 2. Munshi Sabatulla Akan. 3. " Afserali Talukdar.
II ...	4. Munshi Ganjesli Talukdar. 5. Babu Jyotish Chandra Sen Gupta.
III ...	6. Munshi Tasenuddi.

2. In exercise of the power conferred on me by the above-quoted Government notification issued under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid Morrelgunj union committee:—

1. Quazi Abdul Majid.
2. Munshi Shamsuddin.
3. Mian Ehan Munshi.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 345M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 40 of the Local Self-Government Act, the following gentlemen are appointed as members of the Ullapara union committee, in the district of Patna:—

1. Maulvi Mukhtar Hossain.
2. " Salimuddin Sarkar.
3. " Maqsood Ali Ahmed.
4. " Maniruddin Ahmed.
5. Babu Tarak Nath Saha.
6. " Gopi Nath Saha.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed as members of the said union committee under section 41 of the Act :—

1. Maulvi Mizanur Rahaman Sahib.
2. Babu Banamali Saha.
3. " Kali Kumar Mazumdar.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 348M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Shazadpur union committee in the district of Pabna :—

1. Khan Sahib Raisuddin Ahmed.
2. Babu Akhil Nath Chaki.
3. Maulvi Khandkar Muzaharuddin Ahmed.
4. Babu Umesh Chandra Pal.
5. " Jogendra Nath Dewan.
6. " Tincorri Chakrabarty.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed as members of the said union committee under section 41 of the Local Self-Government Act :—

1. Babu Dinesh Chandra Roy.
2. Munshi Karim Newaz Khan.
3. Khan Sahib Maulvi Muazzam Ali Khan.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 364M.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 39 of the rules under the Act for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Esmail Pramanik has been appointed by the District Magistrate, Rajshahi, as a member of the Durgapur union board in police-station Puthia, in the Sadar subdivision of the Rajshahi district, in place of Maulvi Samiruddin, deceased.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 7th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 342L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Pramatha Nath Chatterjee has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Hasan union board in Rampurhat police-station in the Rampurhat subdivision of the district of Birbhum, vice Munshi Sheikh Jebbas Mandal, resigned.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 6th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 303L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Lakshi Narain Mazumdar has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Sekrahati union board in Jagatballavpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah, vice Babu Surath Chandra Mazumdar, resigned.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 306 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Aulad Baksha Sarkar has been appointed by the Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member for ward No. I of the Rameswarpur-Gopalnagore union board in Pandua police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Chatterjee, removed.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 309 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Akshoy Kumar Bhattacharjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Atghore union board in Khanakul police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Kaustab Bhusan Pandit, removed.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 312 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Surendra Nath Ghose has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Belari union board in Shyampur police-station in the Uluberia subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Munshi Gyaratulla Molla, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 315 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Mohammad Kasem Mondal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Paikpara union board in Nalhati police-station in the Rampurhat subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Munshi Kharu Mondal, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 334 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Basanta Kumar Ray has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Uchkarani union board in Nanoor police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Gurn Prasad Kabiraj, resigned.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 337 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Khudiram Roy has been appointed by the Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Mohudari union board in Labpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Girish Chandra Roy, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 318 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Syed Rahaman Mandal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Dumurgram union board in Murarai police-station in the Rampurhat subdivision of the district of Birbhum. *vice* Maulvi Syed Haibat Ali, resigned.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 331 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Ram Ranjan Panja has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Sirsa union board in Illambazar police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Mohendra Nath Chaudhuri, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 300 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Kartick Chandra De has been appointed by the Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member for ward No. I of the Billeswar union board in Ketugram police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Rampada Banerjee, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 571 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Chandra Mohan Sarma has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of the Birolia union board in Savar police-station in the Sadar (N) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Rajeswar Gope, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACC A DIVN., DACC A, the 8th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 484 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Babu Harish Chandra Shaha to be a member of the Krishnanagar union board, police-station Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Pravananda Shaha, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 7th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 487 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Babu Surendra Mohan Roy Choudhury to be a duly elected member of Krishnanagar union board, police-station Nabinagar, in the Tippera district, in place of Babu Govinda Chandra Roy Chowdhuri, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 7th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 325L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Haripada Mallik has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member for ward No. II of the Ektarpur union board in Balagarh police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Amar Nath Chatterjee, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner on tour.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 9th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 328L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sashi Bhushan Karmakar has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Kaikala union board in Haripal police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the district Hooghly, *vice* Babu Monindra Nath Biswas, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (on tour).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 9th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 574J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Tara Prasanna Chakravorty has been duly elected to be a member of the Kendua union board in the Madaripur subdivision of the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Debendra Chandra Saha Poddar, removed.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 8th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 457J.G.—It is hereby notified that under section 2 of the Bengal Act IV of 1871 (The Puri Lodging House Act), as amended by Bengal Act V of 1915, Babu Sarada Kumar De, Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the District Board dispensary at Sitakund in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be Health Officer under the said Act at Sitakund, *vice* Pabu Akhoy Kumar Dastidar, on leave.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 5th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 52P.W.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers delegated to me by Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, I hereby declare, under section 6 (a) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, the following ferries in the district of Darjeeling to be public ferries:—

- (1) Singla ferry over Rungeet river.
- (2) Reang ferry.
- (3) Phansidewa ferry.
- (4) Champasari ferry.
- (5) Sevoke ferry.

2. In exercise of the powers delegated to me by Bengal Government notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, I direct, under section 35 of the Bengal Ferries Act, that the abovenamed ferries shall be managed by the District Board of Darjeeling and that all the proceeds of those ferries and all the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof shall be paid into the District Fund, with effect from the date of this notification.

D. H. LEES, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 5th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st February, 1923.

No. 37.—The following Statute is published for general information :—

TRADE FACILITIES AND LOANS GUARANTEE ACT, 1922. (SESSION 2.)

[13 GEO. 5, CH. 4.]

• ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Sections.

1. Amendment of s. 1 of 11 & 12 Geo. 5, c. 65.
2. Guarantee of Austrian loan.
3. Guarantee of Soudan loan.
4. Period for which guarantees under the Overseas Trade Acts may remain in force.
5. Charge on the Consolidated Fund of sums required for fulfilling guarantees, and presentation of annual statement to Parliament.
6. Short title.

CHAPTER 4.

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION ONE OF THE TRADE FACILITIES ACT, 1921, AND THE OVERSEAS TRADE ACTS, 1920 AND 1921, AND TO AUTHORISE THE TREASURY TO GUARANTEE CERTAIN LOANS TO BE RAISED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SOUDAN RESPECTIVELY.

[15th December, 1922.]

Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1.—(1) The maximum limit on the aggregate capital amount of the loans the principal or interest of which may be guaranteed under sub-section (1) of section 1 of the Trade Facilities Act, 1921, shall be increased from twenty-five million pounds to fifty million pounds.

Amendment of s. 1 of 11 & 12 Geo. 5, c. 65.

(2) The period within which guarantees may be given under the said section 1 as amended by this section shall be extended by one year, and accordingly for the words "the year" in sub-section (5) of the said section 1 there shall be substituted the words "each year."

(3) For the purpose of meeting the costs and expenses incurred by the Treasury in administering the said section 1, there shall be charged in connection with applications for and the giving of guarantees under the said section, and other matters arising thereunder, such fees as the Treasury may from time to time prescribe.

(4) This section shall be construed as one with section 1 of the Trade Facilities Act, 1921, and that section and this section may be cited together as the Trade Facilities Acts, 1921 and 1922.

2. Whereas with the object of assisting Austria in the work of her economic and financial restoration His Majesty's Government, in conjunction with certain other Governments, has undertaken to guarantee to the extent set out in the Protocol known as Protocol No. II and signed at Geneva on the fourth day of October nineteen hundred and twenty-two, and the Annexes thereto, a loan to be raised by the Government of the Federal Republic of Austria (in this Act referred to as "the Austrian Government") of such an amount as after payment of the expenses of issue will produce the equivalent of a sum not exceeding six hundred and fifty million gold crowns:

And whereas it is provided by the said Protocol No. II, that the loan so to be raised by the Austrian Government (in this Act referred to as "the Austrian loan") is to be employed under the authority of a Commissioner-General to be appointed by the Council of the League of Nations, and in accordance with certain obligations undertaken by the Austrian Government as set out in a Protocol known as Protocol No. III, and signed at Geneva on the third day of October nineteen hundred and twenty-two:

And whereas it is provided by the said Protocols that the payment of the amount required in each year to meet the interest on and the sinking fund for the Austrian loan (in this section referred to as "the annual charge") shall be secured by a charge on the gross receipts of the Austrian Customs and of the Austrian Tobacco Monopoly, and the Austrian Government have obtained the necessary powers for securing the said payment by such a charge:

Now, therefore—

(1) The Treasury may guarantee the payment of—

- (a) a sum not exceeding the amount of the annual charge in respect of one-fifth of so much of the Austrian loan as is required to produce the equivalent of a sum not exceeding five hundred and twenty million gold crowns;
- (b) a sum not exceeding the amount of the annual charge in respect of one-third of so much of the Austrian loan as is required to produce the equivalent of a sum not exceeding one hundred and thirty million gold crowns;
- (c) the principal of and interest on any short-term securities which may be issued after the commencement of this Act by the Austrian Government with the consent of the said Commissioner-General in anticipation of the raising of the Austrian loan;

(2) For the purpose of rendering more readily effective any guarantee which may be given by the Treasury in respect of the Austrian loan or of any such securities as aforesaid, the Treasury may, if they think fit, issue for deposit with a person to be agreed upon between the Governments of the several States by whom the Austrian loan is guaranteed securities up to an amount representing, in the case of a guarantee given in respect of the Austrian loan, either the principal of that part of the loan in respect of which the guarantee is given or the liability of the Treasury under the guarantee in respect of the annual charge, and in the case of a guarantee given in respect of any such securities as aforesaid the principal of the securities:

(3) Any securities so issued in connection with any such guarantee shall be in such form and expressed in terms of such currency as the Treasury think proper, and shall bear interest at the same rate as the interest payable on the loan or securities guaranteed:

(4) The Treasury may, if the terms on which the Austrian loan is issued provide for the redemption thereof by means of annual drawings, make similar arrangements with respect to any securities issued by the Treasury under this section, and may make regulations with respect to the drawing of the securities and for determining the date on which any securities so drawn are to be redeemed.

3.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Treasury may guarantee, in such manner as they think fit, the payment of the principal of and the interest on any loan raised by the Government of the Soudan for or in connection with works for the purpose of irrigating the Gezireh Plain (in this Act referred to as "the Soudan loan"), not exceeding in the aggregate an amount sufficient to raise three million five hundred thousand pounds.

(2) A guarantee shall not be given under this section until the Government of the Soudan have provided to the satisfaction of the Treasury and the Secretary of State—

- (a) For raising, appropriating and duly applying the Soudan loan for or in connection with the purpose aforesaid :
- (b) For the establishment and regulation of a sinking fund for the purpose of the repayment of the principal of the Soudan loan or any instalment thereof within a period not exceeding fifty years from the date on which the loan or the instalment is actually raised :
- (c) For charging on the general revenues and assets of the Soudan or on any other revenues or assets which may be made available for the purpose, with priority over any charges not existing at the date of the passing of this Act, the principal of and the interest on the Soudan loan and any sinking fund payments for the repayment of the principal :
- (d) For charging on the general revenues and assets of the Soudan immediately after the last-mentioned charge the repayment to the Treasury of any sum issued out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom under this Act on account of the guarantee given under this section, with interest thereon at such rate as the Treasury may fix :
- (e) For raising or securing the raising of sufficient money to meet the above charges.

4.—(1) For the purpose of the provisions of the Overseas Trade Acts, 1920 and 1921, relating to the period within which the powers of the Board of Trade with respect to the giving of guarantees in connection with export transactions may be exercised under those Acts, the date on which the Board enter into an agreement to give guarantees shall be deemed to be the date on which the guarantees are given, whether the agreement provides for the giving of guarantees in respect of specific transactions or for the giving of guarantees generally in respect of transactions up to a specified amount.

(2) This section shall be construed as one with the Overseas Trade Acts, 1920 and 1921, and those Acts and this section may be cited together as the Overseas Trade Acts, 1920 to 1922.

5.—(1) Any sums required by the Treasury for fulfilling a guarantee given under this Act in respect of the Austrian loan or any securities issued by the Austrian Government, or in respect of the Soudan loan, or required by the Treasury for meeting the principal of or the interest on any securities issued by the Treasury under this Act, shall be charged on and issued out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom or the growing produce thereof, and any sums received by way of repayment of any amount so issued out of the Consolidated Fund shall be paid into the Exchequer.

(2) The Treasury shall lay before both Houses of Parliament a statement of any guarantee given under this Act in respect of the Austrian loan, in respect of any securities issued by the Austrian Government, or in respect of the Soudan loan, and of any securities issued by the Treasury under this Act, and an account of any sums issued out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom for the purpose of any such guarantee or for meeting the principal of or the interest on any securities so issued by the Treasury, in each case as soon as may be after the guarantee is given or the securities or sums are issued.

6. (1) This Act may be cited as the Trade Facilities and Loans Guarantee Act, 1922 (Session 2).

(2) For the purpose of citation the provisions of this Act relating to the Soudan loan shall be deemed to be included among the Acts which may be cited together as the Soudan Loan Acts, 1919 and 1922.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE.

Delhi, the 3rd February 1923.

No. 189-P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following

further amendment shall made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1918, namely:—

In rule 67 of the said rules after sub-rule (5) the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4) If a foreign registered letter containing coin, bullion, precious stones, jewellery, or articles of gold and silver, is received from a foreign country, plainly superscribed 'Dutiable: subject to Customs examination in India' and accompanied by an invoice giving an accurate statement of the value of the contents, it shall be treated as an article insured for its inland transit within the limits of British India, and shall be delivered to the addressee on payment of an insurance fee calculated, in the manner prescribed in sub-rule (1), on the value of the contents assessed by the Customs Authorities: Provided, that if the value of the contents exceeds the maximum limit of value for which inland letters may be insured, the article shall be insured only for such maximum."

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd February 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 2nd February 1923.

PART A.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 149.—The undermentioned officer is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign his commission, with effect from the 30th September 1920:—

3rd Calcutta Light Horse.

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Westmacott, V. D.

3rd Calcutta Light Horse.

No. 150.—With reference to Army Department notification No. 1918, dated the 25th November 1922, Major C. F. Beadel is permitted to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the corps on retirement.

PART B.

RESIGNATIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 174.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the date specified:—

• • • • •

2nd Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Lieutenant G. H. N. Pepper. Dated 12th December 1922.

The Assam Bengal Railway Battalion.

Captain Alan Ross Leishman and to retain his rank and wear the uniform of his corps. Dated 5th December 1922.

E. HUDSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIBLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. F.-936-Esta.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 23rd January 1923.

RESOLUTION.

It has been brought to the notice of the Government of India that, under the orders contained in paragraph (2) (a) of the Home Department resolution No. 1260, dated the 24th June 1920, as amended by paragraph 1 of the resolution No. 1053, dated the 5th May 1921, a P. O. S. officer appointed to officiate in a listed post for the second or third time can sometimes earn increments on the Indian Civil Service time-scale without completing one year's service in each stage. As this result, which was never contemplated by them, is directly opposed to the fundamental rules regarding increments, they have now, with the approval of the Secretary of State, decided to amend the orders in question by the insertion of the words "in that stage" before the words "in a listed post" in the penultimate sentence of paragraph (2) (a), and by the omission of sub-paragraph (b) which is no longer necessary.

2. These amendments will have effect from the 1st January 1923, and the emoluments of officers holding listed posts permanently on that date will not be affected. Officers who will have officiated in such posts prior to that date will also be protected to the extent that their stage in the superior time scale on the next occasion of holding these posts will not be lower than it was on the previous occasion.

ORDERED.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to all local Governments and Administrations, the several Departments of the Government of India (including the Financial Adviser, Military Finance) and the offices subordinate to this Department, for information and guidance.

Ordered also that it be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th February 1923, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 5th February 1923.

No. F.-941.—In the Home Department notification No. F.-941-III-Judicial, dated the 27th November 1922, and No. F.-941, dated the 18th January 1923, regarding the appointment of Mr. Arthur Page to be a Judge of the Calcutta High Court, for the words "Mr. Arthur Page, Barrister-at-Law" read "Mr. Arthur Page, K. C."

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th February 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIBLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 10th February 1923.

No. 907.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea, or by land, into British India of any copy of any publications issued by the "Red International of Labour Unions," wherever and in whatever language they may be printed.

No. 984.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea, or by land, into British India of any copy of the book entitled "Economics and the problem of national revolutions in the countries of the Near and Far East" published by Sultan-Zade at Soviet State Publishing Office (Gosizdatelstvo), Moscow.

D. T. CHADWICK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th February 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 9th February 1923.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 196.—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Rufus Daniel, Earl of Reading, P.C., G.C.B., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.V.O., Viceroy and Governor General of India, has been pleased to accept the appointment of Honorary Colonel of The East Indian Railway Regiment, with effect from the 12th January 1923.

No. 199.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a commission, with effect from the date specified :—

The Calcutta Battalion.

To be Lieutenant.

Hugh Vurnum Simmons. Dated 25th August 1922.

INDIAN TERRITORIAL FORCE.

No. 203.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted commissions, with effect from the 11th January 1923 :—

Indian Territorial Force Medical Corps.

To be Lieutenants.

Haripada Chatterjee, L.R.C.P. & S., L.R.F.P.S.
Priya Nath Nag, M.B., Ch.B.

E. BURDON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Orders by the Commissioner of Income Tax, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 8173 C.T.—*The 7th February 1923.*—Maulvi Alimuddin Khan, Assistant Income Tax Officer on probation, is allowed leave for twenty days from the 15th January to the 3rd February 1923 inclusive, viz., leave on average pay for fourteen days from 15th January to the 28th January and leave on half average pay from the 29th January to the 3rd February 1923, under rules 81 (b) (ii) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

E. N. BLANDY,
Commissioner of Income Tax, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

The Elliott Prize for Scientific Research for 1923—27.

IN accordance with the revised notification No. 112T.—Edn., dated 5th May 1917, Part I, page 667, the Elliott Prize for Scientific Research for 1923 will be awarded to the author of the best original essay giving the results of original research or investigation made by the candidate in Chemistry and published during the years 1919—22 inclusive.

Any native of Bengal or Bihar and Orissa, or any Anglo-Indian or domiciled European residing in Bengal or Bihar and Orissa, may compete for the prize.

The essays of competitors must be sent in so as to reach the President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1, Park Street, Calcutta, by the end of June of the year for which the prize is given. Author's reprints must be submitted and not manuscripts. The prize will be awarded to the best competitor and be conferred publicly at the Annual General Meeting of the Asiatic Society in February of the year following that for which the prize is given.

Preference will be given to researches leading to discoveries likely to develop the industrial resources of Bengal or of Bihar and Orissa.

In the event of no essay being deemed of sufficient merit no prize will be awarded.

The prizes for the next four years will be allowed as follows :—

1924 —Physics.

1925 —Geology and Biology (including Pathology and Physiology).

1926 —Mathematics.

1927 —Chemistry.

All essays submitted must have been published during the four calendar years immediately preceding that for which the prize is given.

ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE,
President, Asiatic Society of Bengal.

ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE,
Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta.

W. W. HORNELL,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 31st January 1923.

DACCA TRAINING COLLEGE.**B. T. & L. T. Courses.**

THE course starts on July 1st and ends on March 31st. Applications for admission must be received by March 31st.

Special consideration is given to students who apply for admission without stipend. No tuition fees. Monthly cost of living in hostel about Rs. 14-15 (everything included).

The course comprises, besides Educational Psychology, Method and Hygiene, tuition also in the subject matter of the students teaching subjects and practice teaching in these subjects.

Methods of educational measurement and research are a part of the B. T. course, and students of ability in this direction may later proceed to the higher degree of Master of Teaching without further residence.

Students whose special work or interest is in Primary Education are able to do practical work in Methods of Teaching and Inspection of Primary Schools.

M. WEST, *Principal, Training College.*

DACCA, the 2nd January 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTICE.**

THE next Preliminary Scientific M.B. Examination will be held on Monday, the 28th May 1923, and following days.

The next First M.B. Examination will be held on Monday, the 4th June 1923, and following days.

The next Final M.B. Examination will be held on Monday, the 28th May 1923, and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the above examinations should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations on or before the 12th May 1923.

The B. Com. Examination for 1923 will be held on Monday, the 25th June 1923, and following days.

The applications and fees for admission to the above examination should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations on or before the 12th May 1923.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 6th February 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTICE.**

THE Beereshur Mitter Medal for 1922 is awarded to Rai Sahab Bejaybehari Mukherjee, B.A., on the essay entitled "The Cottage Industries of Bengal" submitted by him.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 6th February 1923.

THE following has passed the Bengal Local Bodies Accountants' Examination, held by the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, in January 1923, under the sanction of letter No. 749T.—L.S.-G., dated the 18th October 1921, from the Government of Bengal, Local Self-Government Department:—

Name.	Address.
Jamini Kanta Sarker	... Post-office Nali, via Shivalaya, Dacca.

T. H. RICHARDSON, *Principal.*

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, the 12th February 1923.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE
CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

I.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final M. B. Examination (Parts I and II) held in November 1922 :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Bagchi, Gopalchandra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
Bandyopadhyay, Nirmalkumar	...	Ditto.
Basak, Indrachandra	...	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Nalinchandra	...	Ditto.
Chatterjadhya, Sachikumar	...	Ditto.
Chaudhuri, Shashthidas	...	Ditto.
Ghose, Annaprasad Sinha	...	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Jadugopal	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

II.—The undermentioned candidates who passed in part of the subjects prescribed for the Final M. B. Examination previously have passed the remaining subjects at the Examination held in November 1922, and are now declared to have passed the Final M. B. Examination :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

A. Ramachandram	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
Bagchi, Achyutahai	...	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Nalinikanta	...	Ditto.
" Santoshkumar	...	Ditto.
Basak, Nityananda	...	Ditto.
Basu, Nareschandra	...	Ditto.
" Sachindranath	...	Ditto.
" Sudhiraundra	...	Ditto.
Behram Kaikhoosro Wadia	...	Ditto.
10 Bhattacharyya, Jatindramohan	...	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Birendranath	...	Ditto.
" Manikchandra	...	Ditto.
" Mrityunjay	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Chattopadhyay, Dwijendranath	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
" Haridhan	...	Ditto.
" Nalinimohan	...	Ditto.
" Nirmalkanta	...	Ditto.
Chaudhuri, Hemchandra	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Nalinbihari	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
20 " Rambhushan	...	Ditto.
" Sasindranath	...	Ditto.
Das, Prabhachandra	...	Ditto.
Dasgupta, Bhabanath	...	Ditto.
" Nareschandra	...	Ditto.
Datta, Dhirendramohan	...	Ditto.
" Hirankumar, II	...	Ditto.
" Susilkrisna	...	Ditto.
De, Nagendranath	...	Ditto.
Gan, Gobindakrishna	...	Ditto.
30 Ghosh, Bankubihari	...	Ditto.
" Bhagabanchandra	...	Ditto.
" Bishupada	...	Ditto.
" Bhagendranath	...	Ditto.
" Ramaranjan	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Jagdish Sahay	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
Lahiri, Subodhchandra	...	Ditto.
Maitra, Amiyachandra	...	Ditto.
Mallik, Jogendranath	...	Ditto.
Margaret, Jordan	...	Ditto.
40 Mitra, Subodhchandra	...	Ditto.
Niyogi, Rajendramohan	...	Ditto.
Pal, Binaykrishna	...	Ditto.
Ray, Hemendranarayan	...	Ditto.
" Prabhaschandra	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Sarojkumar	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
Raychaudhuri, Binaylal	...	Ditto.
Saha, Madhusudan	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Sarbadhikari, Sachindra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
Sarker, Girindrakumar	...	Ditto.
50 Sen, Jitendranath	...	Ditto.
" Nibaranchandra	...	Ditto.
Sengupta, Subodhkumar	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Sikdar, Jogendramohan	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
Sinha, Birendrakrishna	...	Ditto.
55 Sur, Sudhiraundra	...	Ditto.

III.—The undermentioned candidate is declared to have passed in Part I only of the Final M. B. Examination (in three subjects—Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery) under the Old Regulations, held in November 1922 :—

Rana, Nilambar

... Medical College, Calcutta.

IV.—(a) The undermentioned candidates passed in Surgery, Midwifery and Pathology of Part I of the Final M. B. Examination (under the New Regulations) held in November 1922 but failed in Medicine only.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Bagchi, Dwijadas	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Basu, Achintyaprasad	... Ditto.
Bhannik, Manomohan	... Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Simadriprasan	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Das, Pulinkrishna	... Ditto.
Dasgupta, Jibananda	... Ditto.
De, Lalitkumar	... Ditto.
„ Rasbihari	... Ditto.
Ghosh, Jyotiprasad	... Ditto.
10 Ghosh, Sailendranath	... Ditto.
Guha, Nagendrachandra	... Ditto.
Haldar, Prahladchandra	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Kabiraj, Satishchandra	... Ditto.
Karmakar, Radhaballabh	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Kole, Pramathanath	... Ditto.
Majumdar, Hiranand	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Majumdar, Pramathanath	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Misra, Satyabadi	... Ditto.
Nandi, Sureschandra	... Ditto.
20 Ray, Syamapada	... Ditto.
Raychaudhuri, Bimalkanti	... Ditto.
Sanyal, Saradindubhusan	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Sarkar, Hirendrachandra	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Sen, Haribinod	... Ditto.
„ Manishchandra	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
„ Nimaichandra	... Medical College, Calcutta.
27 Sengupta, Kaminikumar	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

(b) The undermentioned candidates passed in Medicine, Surgery and Pathology of Part I of the Final M. B. Examination (under the New Regulations) held in November 1922, but failed in Midwifery only :—

Arranged alphabetically.

Dasgupta, Niradbihari	... Medical College, Calcutta.
2 Gupta, Jatindranath	... Ditto.

(c) The undermentioned candidate passed in Medicine, Midwifery and Pathology of Part I of the Final M. B. Examination (under the New Regulations) held in November 1922, but failed in Surgery only :—

Dakshit, Kalipada

... Medical College, Calcutta.

V.—(a) The undermentioned candidates passed in Surgery and Midwifery of Part I of the Final M. B. Examination (under the Old Regulations) held in November 1922, but failed in Medicine only :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Adhikari, Arjunakrishna	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Bandyopadhyay, Bhupendranath	... Ditto.
Basu, Bimalbihari	... Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Harendranath, I	... Ditto.
„ Harendranath, II	... Ditto.
„ Satyaranjan	... Ditto.
Das, Jitendranath	... Ditto.
Datta, Gopinath	... Ditto.
Ghosh, Satyendranath	... Ditto.
10 Mahanti, Damodar	... Ditto.
Majumdar, Kartunadas	... Ditto.
Mandal, Rakhalkrishna	... Ditto.
Saha, Ramanimohan	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Sen, Lalitmohan	... Medical College, Calcutta.
15 „ Prabhatchandra	... Ditto.

(b) The undermentioned candidates passed in Medicine and Surgery of Part I of the Final M. B. Examination (under the *Old Regulations*) held in November 1922, but failed in Midwifery only :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

• Mitra, Girindrakrishna	... Medical College, Calcutta.
2 Mohannad Meah	... Ditto.

VI—(a) The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed in Part II of the Final M. B. Examination (under the *Old Regulations*—Pathology, Jurisprudence and Hygiene) held in November 1922 :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Ah Shuang	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Bandyopadhyay, Abanmohan	... Ditto.
Maltra, Narendranath	... Ditto.
Pramanik, Lalitmohan	... Ditto.
5 Saha, Ramanimohan	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

(b) The undermentioned candidates passed in the subject or subjects, noted against their names, of Part II of the Final M. B. Examination (under the *Old Regulations*) held in November 1922 :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Bandyopadhyay, Nripendranath	... Pathology	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Datta, Benichandra	... Hygiene	... Ditto.
Ghosh, Pannalal	... Do.	... Ditto.
Sarkar, Amulyaratan	... Pathology	... Ditto.
5 Syed Yusef Ali	... Pathology and Hygiene	... Ditto.

VII.—(a) The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed in Part II of Final M. B. Examination (under the *New Regulations*—Jurisprudence and Hygiene) held in November 1922 :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

Badrinarayan Sinha	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Bagchi, Asitchandra	... Ditto.
" Charubhushan	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia
Baksi, Alakananda	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Bal, Jaminikanta	... Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Durgadas	... Ditto.
" Narayanchandra	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Umapati	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Baruya, Bansidhar	... Ditto.
10 Dasu, Akshaykumar	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Asutosh	... Medical College, Calcutta.
" Hirendrakumar	... Ditto.
" Jnanendrakumar	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Narendrakrishna	... Medical College, Calcutta.
" Sachindranath	... Ditto.
Bannallick, Adityanath	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Bhattacharyya, Bholanath	... Medical College, Calcutta.
" Ramnibas	... Ditto.
" Satyanath	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
20 Bhattacharya, Surendrachandra	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Bhuyan, Dambrudhar	... Ditto.
Bir, Praphullachandra	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
Chakrabarti, Upendranath	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Chattopadhyay, Jugadeor	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Nalindranath	... Medical College, Calcutta.
" Simadriprasun	... Ditto.
" Subodhkumar	... Ditto.
Das, Basantakumar	... Ditto.
" Praphullakumar	... Ditto.
30 " Pulinkrishna	... Ditto.
" Rangopal	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Srikantha	... Medical College, Calcutta.
Dasgupta, Jitendranath	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Satyanarjan	... Ditto.
Datta, Jitendranath	... Medical College, Calcutta.
" Kalipada	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Nareschandra	... Medical College, Calcutta.
De, Nadiarchand	... Ditto.
" Narendrakrishna	... Ditto.
40 " Prabhasakumar	... Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
" Saratchandra	... Medical College, Calcutta.

	Ghosh, Harinath	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	" Pareschandra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Prabodhchandra	...	Ditto.
	" Rajendralal	...	Ditto.
	" Srijanakrishna	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	Guha, Nagendrachandra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	Gupta, Basantakumar	...	Ditto.
	Laha, Surendrachandra	...	Ditto.
50	Majumdar, Manoranjan	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	" Radhanath	...	Ditto.
	Mitra, Ramendranath	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Sadhankumar	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	" Santoshkumar	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Bholanath	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	" Charuchandra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Kalipada, I	...	Ditto.
	" Kanakbhughan	...	Ditto.
	" Prahladhchandra	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
60	Nag, Prabodhchandra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	Paik, Dhirendranath	...	Ditto.
	Pal, Manmathachandra	...	Ditto.
	Pandit, Ramkanal	...	Ditto.
	Ray, Bholanath	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	" Hemchandra	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Indumadhab	...	Ditto.
	" Kshirodechandra	...	Ditto.
	Rustomji Jamsedji Gazder	...	Ditto.
	Sadaruddin Ahmed	...	Ditto.
70	Sanyal, Phanindranath	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	Sarkar, Manindranath	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	Sen, Amarkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Hemantakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Manischandra	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	" Nilmadhab	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Nripendrakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Puliubihari	...	Ditto.
	" Subodhchandra	...	Ditto.
	Siddhanta, Bimalkumar	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
80	Sinha, Ramkrishna	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Subodhchandra	...	Ditto.
82	Syed Md. Ali Imam	...	Ditto.

(b) The undermentioned candidates passed in the subject noted against their names of Part II of the Final M. B. Examination (under the New Regulations—Jurisprudence and Hygiene) held in November 1922 :—

(Arranged alphabetically).

	Bagchi, Jyotischandra	...	Hygiene	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	Bandyopadhyay, Praphullakumar	...	Jurisprudence	...	Ditto.
	Basu, Rabindranath	...	Hygiene	...	Ditto.
	" Ramendraprasad	...	Jurisprudence	...	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Jitendranath	...	Hygiene	...	Ditto.
	Datta, Satischandra	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
	De, Santoshkumar	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
	" Umeschandra	...	Do.	...	Ditto.
	Deb, Rajanirajan	...	Jurisprudence	...	Ditto.
10	Mafizuddin Talukdar	...	Ditto	...	Ditto.
	Mitra, Asokechandra	...	Ditto	...	Carmichael Medical College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Bagalpada	...	Ditto	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	" Durgapada	...	Hygiene	...	Ditto.
	" Somnath	...	Do.	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	Pal, Atalbihari	...	Do.	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
	Saha, Jogeschandra	...	Do.	...	Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.
	Sen, Bhupendranath	...	Jurisprudence	...	Ditto.
18	" Prabhaschandra	...	Ditto	...	Ditto.

A. C. BOSE, Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, the 14th February 1923.



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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1923.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 404L., dated Calcutta, the 8th February, 1923.—With reference to the foot-notes to the Report of the Select Committee on the Calcutta Municipal Bill, 1921 (A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to the Municipal Affairs of the Town and suburbs of Calcutta), published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, Extraordinary, dated the 20th January, 1923, and in continuation of this office notification No. 173L., dated the 15th January, 1923, it is notified that Mr. Syed Nasim Ali, M.L.C., has appended the following note of Dissent to the report :—

• THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL BILL, 1921.

Note of Dissent by Mr. Syed Nasim Ali, M.L.C.

Clauses 1 and 3.—I am against the inclusion of any further area in the Calcutta Municipality in view of the financial difficulties of the Corporation as well as in the interest of the rate-payers.

Clause 5, sub-clause (c).—I suggest that at least two of the five Aldermen to be elected by the Committee must be Muhammadans.

Clauses 7 and 20 and Schedule III.—This provision is against the principle of communal representation of the Muhammadan community by a separate electorate. The principle of a separate electorate was accepted by the Congress-League scheme and has been incorporated in the Government of India Act. There is absolutely no reason why this principle should be given a go-by now. It is an admitted fact that the Muhammadan rate-payers need separate representation by Muhammadan Councillors. This proceeds on the assumption that Muhammadans have some special interest to be protected in the Corporation. How can a Muhammadan Councillor

returned from a mixed electorate represent the Muhammadan interest in the Corporation? Separate representation by a mixed electorate is a contradiction in terms. It is said that representation by a separate electorate is inconsistent with the ideal of self-government. But it must be remembered that the analogy of other countries is not applicable to India on account of its special circumstances. India is not England or America. It is the only country in the world where there are people of different races and religions, having sharply divided religious, social and political interests. An Indian nation cannot be built in a day. We will have to proceed slowly and cautiously. So whatever may be the condition elsewhere, there can be no doubt that the separate electorate system must continue in the local self-governing bodies for years to come. Then the idea of communal representation by a mixed electorate is also against the principle of self-government, but the same has been accepted in view of the special circumstances of India. The principle of special representation by a separate electorate has been accepted so far as the European community is concerned. Again, the strongest point in favour of a separate Muhammadan electorate is that the provincial Moslem League has all along urged that the Muhammadans should have communal representation by a separate electorate in all local self-governing bodies. That the Moslem League is the only association which really represents the views of the Muhammadan community cannot be gainsaid, in view of the fact that the Congress accepts the League as the only Muhammadan association with which there should be a pact for reforms in India.

Again, the number of seats for Muhammadan Councillors is inadequate. It is very difficult to understand on what basis the number of seats has been allotted to the Muhammadans. In order that the representation of the Muhammadans may be adequate and effective the number should be increased at least to 33 per cent. of the elected members. In this connection I may be permitted to mention that for the United Provinces the Legislature has sanctioned a similar principle.

Clause 388, sub-clause (2)—should be altogether omitted. The Corporation cannot have such wide powers. It affects the religion and religious rites of the Muhammadans and unless the Governor-General has given his consent such a provision cannot be inserted. As regards the economic aspect of the question it is known to everybody that the number of cattle is not decreasing. It is the quality that has deteriorated. Further the provision, if passed into law, will defeat its object.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 433L., dated Calcutta, the 12th February, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 9th February, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

**THE BENGAL CRUELTY TO ANIMALS
(AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.**

A

BILL

further to amend the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869, and to amend the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869, and to amend the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920, in manner hereafter appearing :

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Cruelty to Animals (Amendment) Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Amendment of section 2 of Ben. Act I of 1869.

2. To section 2 of the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869 as amended by the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1900 the following shall be added, namely :—

Ben. Act I of 1869.
Ben. Act III of 1900.
[Cf. Ben. Act I of 1920, sec. 4.]

“ or to imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or to both, and the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed may also be confiscated.”

Amendment of section 5 of Ben. Act I of 1869.

3. In section 5 of the same Act, for the words “ he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees,” the words “ he shall be punished for every such offence with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with both, and the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed may also be confiscated,” shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 4 of Ben. Act I of 1920.

4. To section 4 of the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920 the following shall be added, namely :—

Ben. Act I of 1920.

“ and the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed may be confiscated.”

Amendment of section 5 of Ben. Act I of 1920.

5. In section 5 of the same Act, after the words “ one hundred rupees ” where they occur for the second time, the words “ the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed may also be confiscated,” shall be added.

Amendment of section 6 of Ben. Act I of 1920 and substitution of that section as amended for section 5A of Ben. Act I of 1869.

6. To section 6 of the same Act, the words “ the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed may also be confiscated ” shall be added and the said section as so modified shall be substituted for section 5A of the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869.

Amendment of section 7 of Ben. Act I of 1920.

7. In section 7 of the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920 after the words “ or with both,” the words “ and the dead body of the animal so unlawfully killed may also be confiscated ” shall be inserted.

Ben. Act I of 1920.

(Clauses 8-9.)

Amendment of
section 10 of Ben.
Act I of 1920.

8. In section 10 of the same Act, after the words "one hundred rupees," the words "or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with both," shall be inserted and after the words "the same punishment" the words "and the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed may also be confiscated" shall be inserted.

Amendment of
section 12 of Ben.
Act I of 1920.

9. To section 12 of the same Act, the following shall be added, namely:—

"and the animal in respect of which the offence has been committed or its dead body may also be confiscated."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It is very desirable that the powers of Magistrates dealing with cases of cruelty to animals should be increased to the extent indicated in the Bill.

Some of the powers which the Bill proposes to confer are already included in the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920 (Bengal Act I of 1920). In particular, in connection with the operation of *phooka*, reference may be made to section 6 of the Act of 1920.

The Act of 1920, however, has not yet been brought into operation. When it is brought into operation, the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869 (Bengal Act I of 1869), will stand repealed. But meanwhile the latter Act remains in force. It is proposed, therefore, that both Acts should be amended.

CALCUTTA;

The 11th January, 1923.

HASSAN SUHRAWARDY,

Member-in-charge.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 435L., dated Calcutta, the 12th February, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 9th February, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto:—

**THE CALCUTTA SUPPRESSION OF
IMMORAL TRAFFIC BILL, 1923.**

**A
BILL**

*for the suppression of Immoral Traffic in Calcutta
and its suburbs.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to make better provision for the suppression of brothels, of the traffic in women and of the practice of solicitation and for other purposes of a like nature in Calcutta and its suburbs;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act;

1. It is hereby enacted as follows:—

(1) This Act may be called the Calcutta Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1923.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, direct.

(3) The Act shall extend to the town of Calcutta and to the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined in any notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Ben. Act
II of 1866.

Definition.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Brothel" or disorderly house means any house, room or place which the occupier or person in charge thereof habitually allows to be used by any other person for the purposes of prostitution;

[Cf. Burma
Act II of 1921,
s. 2.]

(2) "Commissioner of Police" means the Commissioner of Police for the town and suburbs of Calcutta.

Repeals.

3. Sections 43, 43A, 43B, 68B, and 72A, of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, and sections 17, 17A, 17B, 41A, and 43A, of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 are hereby repealed.

Ben. Act
IV of 1866.

Ben. Act
II of 1866.

Penalty
solicitation.

4. (1) Whoever, in a street or public place or within sight of, and in such manner as to be seen or heard from any street or public place whether from within any house or building or not—

[Cf. Burma
Act II of
1921, s. 4.]

(a) by words, gestures, wilful and indecent exposure of the person or otherwise attracts or endeavours to attract attention for the purpose of prostitution,

(b) solicits or molests, or abets the solicitation or molestation of, any person to immorality,

(Clause 5.)

shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment, for a term which may extend to one month, or with both, and if such person is again convicted after three previous convictions for the same offence, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months.

(2) Any police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector of Police, specially empowered by rank or name in this behalf by the Commissioner of Police, may arrest without a warrant for any offence specified in sub-section (1).

[Cf. 72A,
Calcutta
Police Act.]

Power to order
discontinuance of
house, etc., as
brothel, etc.

5. (1) When the Commissioner of Police or a Deputy Commissioner of Police receives information that any house, room or place—

[Cf. s. 48,
Calcutta
Police Act.]

- (a) is being used as a brothel or disorderly house, or for the purpose of carrying on the business of a common prostitute, in the vicinity of any educational institution or of any boarding house, hostel or mess used, or occupied by students, or of any place of public worship or recreation, or
- (b) is used as, or for the purpose, aforesaid to the annoyance of respectable inhabitants of the vicinity, or
- (c) is used as, or for the purpose, aforesaid on any main thoroughfare which has been notified in this behalf by the Local Government on the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioners, or
- (d) is used as a common place of assignation,—

he may cause a notice to be served on the owner, lessor, manager or occupier of the house, room or place to appear before him, either in person or by agent, on a date to be fixed in such notice, and to show cause why, on the grounds to be stated in the notice, an order should not be passed for the discontinuance of such use of such house, room or place.

(2) If, on the date fixed, or on any subsequent date to which the hearing may be adjourned, the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police is satisfied, after making such inquiry as he deems fit, that the house, room or place is used as described in clause (a), (b), (c) or (d) of sub-section (1), as the case may be, he may, by written order, direct such owner, lessor, manager or occupier, not less than ten days from the date thereof, to discontinue such use.

(3) Any such order passed under sub-section (2) by a Deputy Commissioner of Police shall be subject to confirmation by the Commissioner of Police.

(4) No house, room or place, concerning which order has been passed under sub-section (2), shall again be used, or allowed to be used, in any manner described in clause (a), (b), (c) or (d) of sub-section (1), as the case may be, and it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of Police, if such house, room or place is again used in such manner, without further inquiry, to direct the owner, lessor, manager or occupier of

(Clause 5.)

such house, room or place to discontinue such use within a period of seven days.

(5) The direction of the Commissioner of Police that a house, room or place is used in any manner, or for any purpose, described in clause (a), (b), (c) or (d) of sub-section (1) shall be final, and the legality or propriety thereof shall not be questioned in any trial or judicial proceeding in any Court.

(6) Whoever, after an order has been passed against him by the Commissioner of Police under sub-section (2) or sub-section (4) or by a Deputy Commissioner of Police under sub-section (2) and confirmed under sub-section (3), uses, or allows to be used, any house, room or place in a manner which contravenes such order after the period stated therein, shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees for every day after the expiration of the said period during which the breach continues, and shall, on a second conviction for the same offence, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months in addition to, or in lieu of, any fine imposed. [Cf. s. 48A, Calcutta Police Act.]

(7) Whoever, after an order under sub-section (4), uses or allows to be used, any house, room or place in a manner which contravenes such order after the period stated therein, shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day after the expiration of the said period during which the breach continues, and shall, on a second conviction for the same offence, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months in addition to, or in lieu of, any fine imposed. [Cf. s. 48B, Calcutta Police Act.]

(8) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the owner or lessor of any house, room or place, against the lessee, tenant or occupier of which an order has been passed directing the discontinuance of the use thereof as a brothel or disorderly house or for the purpose of carrying on the business of a common prostitute, or as a common place of assignation, shall be entitled forthwith to determine such lease, tenancy or occupation.

Removal and disposal of minor girls found in brothels, etc.

6. (1) The Commissioner of Police, or a Deputy Commissioner of Police, or a police officer not below the rank of Inspector, specially authorised in writing in this behalf by the Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner of Police, shall be empowered to enter into any brothel or disorderly house or house of assignation, where he has knowledge or suspicion, or it is reported to him, that a girl, apparently under the age of sixteen years, is living in a house of ill fame or is carrying on, or is being made to carry on, the business of a common prostitute, and shall be entitled to remove such girl forthwith from such brothel, disorderly house or house of assignation.

(2) A girl who has been so removed shall be brought before a Juvenile Court constituted under section 37 of the Bengal Children Act, 1922 and if the Court is of opinion that she is under the age of fourteen years, it shall cause an inquiry to be made in manner provided in sub-section (3) of section 27 of the Bengal Children Act, 1922, and, if satisfied that the girl should be dealt with

(Clauses 7-8.)

under the provisions of this Act, may pass an order that such girl may be sent to an industrial school for the period provided in clause (b) of section 28 of the Bengal Children Act, 1922.

(3) If the Court is of opinion that such girl is over the age of fourteen years but is under the age of sixteen years, the Court, after a like inquiry, and if satisfied that the girl should be dealt with under the provisions of this Act, may direct that she be sent to an industrial school established under the Bengal Children Act, 1922, until in the opinion of the Court she attains the age of sixteen years.

(4) In determining the industrial school to which the girl who is being dealt with under the provisions of sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) shall be sent, the Court shall have regard to the provisions of section 89 of the Bengal Children Act, 1922.

(5) For the determination whether a girl produced before a Court under the provisions of this section is under fourteen years of age or under sixteen years of age, as the case may be, the provisions of section 38 of of the Bengal Children Act, 1922, shall apply.

Intermediate custody of girl removed from brothel or disorderly house under section 6.

7. When a girl has been removed from a brothel or disorderly house or house of assignation under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 6, the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police or other police officer carrying out the removal shall, until such girl can be brought before the Court, cause her to be detained in such place (other than a police station or jail) as may be prescribed in this behalf by the Local Government.

Subsequent treatment of girl ordered to be sent to industrial school.

8. When an order has been passed under the provisions of section 6 that a girl be placed in an industrial school, the provisions of the Bengal Children Act, 1922, shall thereafter apply to the case of such girl as if she had been a child or young person dealt with under section 27 of that Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to provide legislation which will give to the authorities such powers as will materially aid them in checking the evil of commercialised vice, and as will lead to the gradual suppression of brothels and immoral traffic. The means which are suggested in the proposed Bill are:—

- (a) to increase the existing penalties for solicitation and the abetment of solicitation;
- (b) to amend the present laws with regard to the power of the police to order the discontinuance of a house as a brothel;
- (c) to strengthen the hand of the authorities in regard to taking charge of minor girls in brothels; and
- (d) to strengthen the power of the Commissioner of Police with regard to the exclusion of procurers, pimps and managers of brothels, or such persons as traffic in prostitution, from the limit of his jurisdiction.

S. C. MUKERJI,

Member in charge.

CALCUTTA:

The 12th January, 1923.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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RESOLUTION APPOINTING A COMMITTEE FOR NORTHERN BENGAL FLOOD.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 6TH FEBRUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 17.

READ—

- (1) The Press communiqué issued by the Revenue Department of this Government, on the 10th November 1922, on the subject of the recent floods in Northern Bengal.
- (2) The speech delivered by the Hon'ble Member in charge of Irrigation and Revenue Departments of this Government at the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council, held on the 21st November 1922, in connection with the various resolutions moved at the meeting relating to these floods.

IN August 1918 extraordinary floods occurred in Northern Bengal owing to abnormal rainfall in the districts of Malda, Dinajpur, Rangpur, Bogra and Rajshahi.

Again in October 1922 there was a recurrence of the floods which affected a fairly compact area in the districts of Rajshahi and Bogra on both sides of the Eastern Bengal Railway line. Government therefore have accepted a resolution in the Bengal Legislative Council recommending the appointment of a Committee of experts and of official and non-official members to enquire into, and report on the causes of these floods and to suggest remedies.

Accordingly the Governor in Council is now pleased to appoint such a Committee. They should enquire into and report generally on the causes of the frequent floods in the Rajshahi Division and suggest possible remedies. In particular they should—

- (1) ascertain the catchment area of the recent flood of this year,
- (2) estimate its quantity, as far as this may be possible, and find the path of the flood water, and also whether it was obstructed so as to cause damage, by embankments, whether roads, railways or otherwise, and
- (3) determine the best path for the passage of flood water and the openings in embankments necessary to pass it without undue delay. In this connection the effects of floods occurring simultaneously in the Ganges and Brahmaputra should be considered.

2. The personnel of the Committee will be as follows, with powers to co-opt :—

PRESIDENT.

1. Mr. G. T. Huntingford, Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department, Government of Bengal.

MEMBERS.

2. Dr. C. A. Bentley, M.B., D.Ph., D.T.M.&H., Director of Public Health, Bengal.
3. Mr. R. C. Hodgson, Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle.
4. Mr. S. K. Gurtu, General Manager and Engineer in Chief, Gandamanayakanur, district Madura (South India).
5. Mr. F. C. Temple, Chief Town Engineer, Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur.
6. Babu Nani Gopal Mukherjee, District Engineer, Rajshahi.
7. Babu Kiran Chandra Ghose, District Engineer, Bogra.

SECRETARY.

8. Mr. D. N. Sen Gupta, Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that copies thereof be forwarded to the members of the Committee, the Government of India, Public Works Department, and the Railway Department (Railway Board) for information.

Ordered also that copies of the Resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Bihar and Orissa, and Assam, Public Works Department, the Revenue, Local Self-Government and Public Works (Railway) Departments of this Government, and to the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division, and the Superintending Engineers, Northern, Southern and South-Western Circles, for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Final Report on the Cotton Crops of Bengal, 1922-23.

[NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1920-21, the area under the cotton crops in Bengal has represented some 0.3 per cent. of the total area under cotton in India.]

THERE are two crops—early and late. The “early” crop is chiefly grown in the Chittagong Hill Tracts and in the Tripura State and to a small extent in other districts. The “late” crop is grown in Bankura and Midnapore.

Character of the season.—The early crop though suffered at the outset through prolonged drought recovered somewhat by the subsequent favourable weather. A fair outturn was obtained except in the Tripura State, where the yield was much affected by the excessive rain at the flowering time in October last.

The prospects of the late crop are not good owing to the stunted growth of the crop caused by the heavy rain and floods in July and August.

Area sown.—The total area sown with the early crop is returned at 70,298 acres and that with the late crop 1,500 acres against 64,143 acres and 1,013 acres (revised), respectively, in the corresponding forecast of last year.

Outturn.—The estimated outturn of the early crop is returned at 17,036 bales this year against 14,244 bales in the corresponding forecast of last year. The outturn of the late crop is estimated at 450 bales this year against 452 bales (revised) in the corresponding forecast of last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Dacca, the 7th February 1923.

APPENDIX.

Final Report on the Cotton Crops of Bengal, 1922-23.

District.	AREA (IN ACRES).						YIELD (IN BALES) OF 400 LBS. EACH—						Date at which the harvesting of the crop was begun this year.	Remarks by District Officers.		
	Of current year's crop (1922-23).	Of previous year's crop (1921-22).	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or is less than (-) area in—		Of current year, i.e., of area in column 2.	Of previous year, i.e., of area in column 2.	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+) or is less than (-) area in—							
				Column 2.	Column 4.				Column 8.	Column 9.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13				
			5 yrs.	10 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.		5 yrs.	10 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.					
BENGAL SUB.	Bankura—												(1)			
	Early ...	850	700	590	538	+21	+62	+61	340	280	208	245		-2	+65	+40	Early November. in
	Late ...	700	700†	1,400	1,400	...	-80	-80	240	437†	889	1,004	-20	-81	-65	Not yet commenced.
	Midnapore—												(2)			
	Early ...	600	500	1,200	1,378	+30	-80	-88	29	23	67	108		+70	-63	63	November ...
	Late ...	800	800	540	870	+167	+48	+40	100	13	38	40	+669	+163	+180	Will begin in March.
	Mymensingh—												(3)			
	Early ...	1,342	826	20	19	+62	+6,010	+6,963	225	205	22	28		+63	+1,428	+1,237	November and December.
	Late ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
	COMILLAH.	Chittagong Hill Tracts—												(4)		
Early ...		50,000	44,500	49,600	48,250	+12	+0.8	+3	14,500	11,125	19,083	19,511	+20		-24	-26	Last week of October ...
Late ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Tripura State—												(5)				
Early ...		17,253	17,374	16,076	21,886	-0.7	-5	-19	1,725	2,432	2,837		4,016	-29	-29	-27	November ...
Late ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Total—												(6)				
Early ...		70,045	62,900	69,416	71,620	+10	+0.9	-2	16,929	14,126	22,165		22,698	+20	-24	-29
Late ...		1,800	1,000†	1,940	1,970	+50	-22	-24	450	480†	927	1,044	.1	-51	-37	
Total of other Bengal districts which started cultivation since 1918—												(6)				
Early ...	(a) 253	(b) 243	...	...	...	...	...	97	108	...	...		...	...	...	.....
Late ...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
GRAND TOTAL—												(6)				
Early ...	70,298	64,143	...	...	...	...	...	17,026	14,244	...	...		...	...	...
Late ...	1,800	1,018†	...	...	...	...	...	450	482	...	...	...	...	...

(a) For Murshidabad, Birbhum, Hooghly, Rajshahi, Rangpur, Bogra, Malda, Bakarganj and Noakhali.

(b) For Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Birbhum, Hooghly, Rajshahi, Malda, Tippera and Noakhali.

† Revised.

(1) The weather and general condition of the crops were not favourable owing to heavy rain in July and August and flood which caused some damage. The plants were stunted and could not recover.

(2) The weather and general condition of the crops were not good.

(3) The weather and general condition of the crop have been fair. The date of harvesting is normal.

(4) Continuous drought after sowing hampered the growth of the plants. Since then the effects of the weather were favourable. The date of harvesting is normal.

(5) Want of rain at sowing time affected the condition of the plants. Subsequent weather proved somewhat favourable, for some time but unfavourable weather conditions in October and November caused the failure of the crop at the last moment. The date of harvesting is a little late.

(6) The weather was not favourable. The condition of the crop is fair and the date of harvesting is normal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Third and Final Report on the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

(NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1920-21, the area under winter rice in Bengal has represented some 19·7 per cent. of the total area under rice in British India.)

Character of the season.—When issuing the second forecast in December last, the crop was expected to be a good one for the transplanted, and a satisfactory one for the broadcast, rice crops. Since then the weather has been dry and the conditions generally favourable for harvesting.

Area.—According to District Officers' estimates, the total area under winter rice amounts to 16,209, 900 acres as against 15,850,200 acres in the corresponding forecast of last year.

Outturn.—From the district returns appended it will be seen that four districts report a bumper crop, viz., Burdwan and Tippera 133 per cent. each; Bankura 117 per cent., and Midnapore 116 per cent., Bakarganj and Chittagong each report a crop just above the normal (i.e., 108 per cent.). Eight districts, viz., the 24-Parganas, Khulna, Birbhum, Hooghly, Darjeeling, Rangpur, Noakhali and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, report a normal crop; seven districts a crop between 96 and 83 per cent. The remaining six districts report the outturn as follows:—Jessore and Nadia 71 per cent. each, Howrah 71 per cent., Bogra 70 per cent., Faridpur and Rajshahi report a crop as low as 67 and 58 per cent., respectively.

As compared with the second forecast, a better crop has been harvested in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Nadia, Jessore, Khulna, Dacca, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong and Tippera, but in the district of Howrah the outturn has fallen somewhat below the previous estimate. In the remaining districts, there has been no change since the second forecast.

According to District Officers' estimates, the provincial outturn works out to 97 per cent. of the normal as against 100 per cent. last year. But in consideration of the favourable weather conditions prevailing during the harvesting period it is probable that a 98 per cent. crop has been reaped this year.

Accepting 98 per cent. as the provincial outturn, the gross yield of the cleaned grain from the winter rice crop, on the basis of a normal yield of 12½ maunds per acre, amounts to 7,294,500 tons this year, as against 7,278,200 tons in the corresponding forecast of last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Dacca, the 5th February 1923.

APPENDIX I.

Third and Final Report on the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

District.	Estimated normal area under winter rice.	Estimated area under winter rice.		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year (1921-22).	This year (1922-23).	Last year.	This year.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
24-Parganas ...	1,041,800	736,100	712,800	99	100	November. Normal ...	The weather was favourable on the whole.
Nadia ...	186,800	212,400	211,700	88	75	Middle of November. Normal.	The weather condition at the early stage was not favourable. Excessive rain and floods caused damage to the extent of 25 per cent.
Murshidabad ...	351,400	296,000	231,400	75	83	First week of November to first week of December. Normal.	The weather conditions were favourable at the transplanting period, but subsequently at the time of maturity the crop was damaged to the extent of about 8 per cent. owing to continued drought.
Jessore ...	668,100	462,900	486,000	83	75	November and December. Normal.	The weather was not favourable. Considerable damage was caused by flood and heavy rain in some parts of the district.
Khulna...	836,300	731,100	779,000	92	100	Middle of November. Normal.	The weather was favourable. Some damage was done by excessive rain in August and September.
Burdwan ...	874,800	668,700	712,900	75	123	End of November. Normal	The weather conditions were almost ideal, and such a good crop has seldom been seen in the district.
Birbhum ...	604,700	525,800	536,000	89	100	December. Normal ...	The weather was favourable.
Bankura ...	644,000	644,000	644,000	67	117	Middle of December. Normal.	The effects of weather were good. A fourteen-year crop has been reaped in spite of some damage caused by heavy floods and insects locally known as "Vepoo" in places.
Midnapore ...	1,537,100	1,398,600	1,484,000	108	116	Second week of November. Normal.	The condition and effects of weather on the growth of the crop were good. The outturn obtained is above the normal though some damage was done by floods in June, August and September in some low-lying areas and by the appearance of insects known as "Vepoo" in the highlands owing to cessation of rain since the second week of October last.
Hooghly ...	276,700	197,300	204,500	67	100	Beginning of December. Normal.	The weather was favourable. The outturn obtained is normal.
Howrah ...	117,000	123,400	97,400	100	71	By the middle of November. Normal.	The effects of weather were not favourable on the cultivation and growth of the crop in areas affected by floods. Owing to damage caused by floods in thanas Panohla, Jagatballavpur, Uluberia, Amta and Singhi the outturn is below the normal.
Rajshahi ...	322,700	676,700	735,800	92	88	Beginning of December. Normal.	Severe floods at the end of September destroyed a large area under rice in the subdivisions of Natore and Naogaon. In parts unaffected by flood the season was favourable. The low outturn is due to effects of floods.
Dinajpur ...	1,120,800	939,600	972,700	100	63	December ...	The weather was unfavourable to the crop on low lands. The crop on the low lands in the Rajshahi subdivision was damaged to a great extent by floods.

District.	Estimated normal area under winter rice.	Estimated area under winter rice.		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year (1921-22).	This year (1922-23).	Last year.	This year.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
Jalpaiguri ...	467,400	392,600	430,800	100	92	November. Normal ...	The weather was on the whole favourable, but in some parts of the district drought and hailstorm caused the outturn to fall below the normal.
Darjeeling ...	89,900	82,800	85,400	117	100	First week of November. Normal.	The decrease in area was due to unfavourable weather at the beginning. Subsequent conditions were favourable.
Rangpur ...	823,300	617,900	637,300	125	100	Latter part of November and first week of December. Normal.	The weather was favourable.
Bogra ...	308,900	448,000	480,000	85	70	End of November. Normal	The weather was favourable on the whole since the submission of the second forecast. The outturn is much below the normal owing to damage caused by the floods in September.
Pabna ...	566,000	400,000	387,900	83	83	Middle of November. Normal.	The increase in area as compared with the second forecast is due to revision and the decrease as compared with last year was due to drought at sowing time. The weather was unfavourable at sowing time owing to drought which caused damage to the extent of two annas in the area not affected by floods.
Malda ...	326,300	342,700	270,000	79	92	By the end of November. Normal.	The weather was fairly favourable. Some damage was caused to late sown broadcast paddy by floods. The cessation of rain after the first week of October as well as floods caused some damage to the transplanted paddy in some parts of the district.
Dacca ...	647,900	703,900	700,000	90	96	November. Normal ...	The weather was fairly favourable. Slight damage was caused to the crop by flood in the middle of June last and by water-byscath in the Munshiganj subdivision.
Mymensingh ...	1,485,800	1,439,000	1,411,800	117	85	November and December. Normal.	The weather was generally favourable. Some damage was done to the crop by floods.
Faridpur ...	770,100	761,400	748,300	100	67	.....	The weather was not favourable. Damage was caused to the extent of about 33 per cent. owing to drought and floods.
Bakerganj ...	1,380,000	1,542,000	1,880,000	100	108	November and December. Normal.	The weather was favourable.
Chittagong ...	418,400	431,800	438,800	100	108	November and December. Normal.	The weather was favourable and its effects on the growth of the crop good. Flood caused damage in parts of the Cox's Bazar subdivision but in the rest of the district the outturn is either normal or above the normal.
Tippah ...	787,000	786,400	804,400	123	133	Middle of November. Normal.	The weather was favourable and its effects on the growth of the crop good.
Noakhali ...	705,000	680,000	680,000	100	100	November. Normal ...	The weather was favourable for the cultivation and growth of the crop. A normal outturn has been obtained.
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	47,300	46,000	47,300	76	100	Last week of November ...	The increase in area is due to development of cultivation. The weather was favourable and its effects on the growth of the crop good.
Total Bengal ...	17,468,600	16,850,800	16,309,900	100*	98*		

* Director's estimate.

APPENDIX II.

Abstract statement of the estimated acreage and outturn of the winter rice crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

Provinces.	AREA (IN ACRES).						YIELD (IN TONS).								
	Of current year's crop (1922-23).	Of previous year's crop (1921-22).	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 3 exceeds (+), or is less than (-), area in—		Estimated yield of current year, i.e., of area in column 3.	Yield of previous year, i.e., of area in column 3.	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+), or is less than (-), yield in—						
				Column 3.	Column 4.				Column 8.	Column 9.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11					
			<i>Five years.</i>	<i>Ten years.</i>		<i>Five years.</i>	<i>Ten years.</i>		<i>Five years.</i>	<i>Ten years.</i>		<i>Five years.</i>	<i>Ten years.</i>		
Bengal	...	16,208,900	15,850,200	13,605,700	15,803,500	+2·3	+3·8	+5·9	7,291,500	7,278,200	6,273,500	6,493,000	+0·2	+16·2	+12·2

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall (in inches) in each district in November and December, 1922.

Districts.	NOVEMBER.		DECEMBER.	
	Normal.	Actual.	Normal.	Actual.
1	2	3	4	5
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1. 24-Parganas	0·82	0·03	0·23	0
2. Nadia	0·68	0·61	0·17	0·04
3. Murshidabad	0·54	0·02	0·11	0·01
4. Jessore	0·80	0·10	0·19	Nil
5. Khulna	0·86	0·03	0·16	Nil
6. Burdwan	0·68	0·08	0·12	0·15
7. Birbhum	0·51	Nil	0·07	0·17
8. Bankura	0·55	0·14	0·13	0·19
9. Midnapore	0·92	0·46	0·17	0·02
10. Hooghly	0·62	0·04	0·23	0·01
11. Howrah	0·63	Nil	0·22	0·01
12. Rajshahi	0·46	Nil	0·09	0·01
13. Dinajpur	0·28	0·06	0·07	0·05
14. Jalpaiguri	0·53	0·25	0·24	0·32
15. Darjeeling	0·67	0·02	0·31	0·95
16. Rangpur	0·33	0·07	0·09	0
17. Bogra	0·52	Nil	0·11	Nil
18. Pabna	0·43	0·21	0·20	0·01
19. Malda	0·46	Nil	0·10	Nil
20. Dacca	0·87	0·21	0·24	Nil
21. Mymensingh	0·59	0·31	0·12	Nil
22. Faridpur	0·74	0·07	0·33	Nil
23. Bakarganj	1·21	0·23	0·33	Nil
24. Chittagong	1·93	1·26	0·57	Nil
25. Tippera	0·97	0·53	0·23	Nil
26. Noakhali	1·60	0·76	0·44	Nil
27. Chittagong Hill Tracts	1·71	1·51	0·68	Nil

**RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BENGAL, FOR THE YEAR 1921-22.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Agriculture.

CALCUTTA, THE 10TH FEBRUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 677Agri.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.
READ—

The Report of the Department of Agriculture, Bengal, for the year 1921-22.

MR. G. EVANS, C.I.E., held charge of the department throughout the year. Mr. K. McLean proceeded on combined leave for one year from the 18th October 1921, and Mr. J. N. Sarkar of the Bengal Agricultural Service continued to act as a Deputy Director of Agriculture. Mr. R. S. Finlow, the Fibre Expert, who went on leave in April 1921, returned in February last. Mr. McLean acted as Fibre Expert till he went on leave in October 1921, and Babu Nirmal Chandra Basu, Assistant Fibre Expert, acted in the post during the remaining period of Mr. Finlow's leave. Five new posts were created during the year in the cadre of the Bengal Agricultural Service, viz., one for the Superintendent of the Chinsura farm, one for the Superintendent of the Darjeeling district, and three for the head assistants of the Fibre Expert, Agricultural Chemist and the Economic Botanist, respectively. Mr. N. Gupta, Superintendent of Agriculture, was placed on special duty in connection with agricultural education. Mr. P. C. Chaudhuri, Superintendent of Sericulture, was appointed to the Indian Agricultural Service as probationary Deputy Director of Sericulture in October 1921. Babu Surendra Nath Bose was confirmed in his appointment as first Superintendent of Sericulture, and Maulvi Shaik Abdullah, Sub-Deputy Collector, was appointed on probation as the second Superintendent of Sericulture.

2. During the session 1921-22, the number of Bengal students at Sabour was 35. Of these 12 passed the final examination, and 18 were promoted from the first to the second year class. The Sabour College will close at the end of the session 1922-23, and consequently the necessity for establishing a suitable institution for imparting higher agricultural education within the presidency of Bengal has now increased. Meanwhile, the Bengal students will have to seek admission into other provincial agricultural colleges. The scheme for the establishment of the Agricultural Institute at Dacca could not be pushed forward for want of funds, and consideration of the Retrenchment Committee's report may cause further delay. The two experimental agricultural vernacular schools at the Dacca and Chinsura farms continued to show good progress. The original aim of these schools was to train the sons of *bona fide* cultivators in up-to-date methods of scientific agriculture and to combine with this little general education. But as the result of a discussion at the provincial Board of Agriculture in 1921, these two schools have now been converted into secondary agricultural schools with the object of giving a higher form of training to older boys who are also sons of cultivators, or of those who have a direct interest in the land. The curriculum has been so framed as to provide for training the students (a) in farming their own lands, or (b) as demonstrators in the department, or (c) as teachers in the proposed farm schools (elementary agricultural schools). There are now 12 stipendiaries in the first year class, besides four others who study at their own expense, while the second year class consists of 15 students including nine apprentices recruited from men under temporary training on the farm. At Chinsura there are 11 new recruits in the first year class, and 10 students in the second year class.

Since he has taken office the Hon'ble Minister has devoted special attention to the question of agricultural education. After a full consultation with the departmental officers he formulated a comprehensive scheme which was published with Government resolution No. 798 Agri., dated the 17th February 1922, inviting public opinion thereon. The criticisms received were discussed at a meeting of the provincial Board of Agriculture after the close of the year, and the original scheme with certain modifications were finally adopted. Under this scheme agricultural institutions are divided into three grades, viz., (1) higher, (2) secondary, and (3) lower, according to the class of instruction which they impart. The proposed Agricultural Institute at Dacca is meant to provide higher education in agriculture, while the schools on the lines of those at Dacca and Chinsura fall into the second category of secondary agricultural schools. The third class of the farm (elementary agricultural) schools are meant to be cheaper institutions, the number of which should be gradually increased. It was in contemplation to start two more secondary agricultural schools (at Rajshahi and Rangpur) and a number of farm (elementary agricultural) schools during the current financial year, but financial stringency has unfortunately stood in the way. The detailed schemes in regard to these schools are, however, being scrutinised and prepared so that they may be ready when the financial resources of the province admit of their being undertaken.

3. It is satisfactory to note that the research work of the department maintained good progress in all its three sections, viz., Fibre, Botanical and Chemical.

As usual, jute received the special attention of the Fibre Expert, though minor investigations were also carried out in hemp, flax and other fibres. Out of 553 single plant cultures of *C. Capsularies* and a number of hybrid races under observation only ten have shown favourable indications. But the standard new races R 85 and D 154 which were expected to prove superior even to the well-known "Kakya Bombai" have kept up their reputation in this competition as being excellent yielders, besides being immune from the attack of *Chlorosis*. With regard to *Chlorosis* in jute, investigations in collaboration with the Economic Botanist were continued, and it is reported that there is possibly a connection between the development of the surface root system and the incidence of the disease, and that the liability to or immunity from the disease is hereditary in character. Experiments were continued at Pusa on a new machine designed for extracting fibre from *sunh hemp*. With regard to flax, samples of the crop grown at Cawnpore were well reported on in London. Investigations were also made with *sida* (*Sida rhombipolia*) and *sisal* (*Agave sisalana*).

In pursuance of a resolution passed at the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council held on the 22nd February 1921, a committee was appointed in the following June to devise ways and means to eradicate the scourge of water hyacinth which with its abnormally rapid growth has become a menace to the public. The Committee's report, received after the close of the year, is now under the consideration of Government.

4. In the Botanical section three recent selections of *Aman* paddy were tested at Dacca against the much reputed *Indrasail* and proved to be very heavy yielders. At Chinsura the new variety *Nudsar* mentioned in the last report beat the local *Nagra* of old fame by 14 per cent. This variety is earlier in ripening than *Indrasail*, but otherwise similar and it is expected to prove very suitable to Western Bengal.

The high prices of cloth during the recent years and other connected reasons have led the public to devote an unusual amount of attention to the subject of cotton cultivation. The question has been discussed in the press as well as in the Legislative Council, and enquiries have been made as to the steps taken by Government to extend the cultivation of this special crop in Bengal. Fortunately the head of the department at the time, Mr. Evans, happened to be a specialist in cotton. His pamphlet on the subject entitled "A Brief History of Experimental Cotton Cultivation in the Plains of Bengal" abundantly illustrates that he has spared no pains to make a thorough

investigation into the possibilities of cotton cultivation in this province. But his main conclusion, as repeated in the report under review, has been that climatic conditions stand in the way of successful cultivation of this crop in Bengal. Besides, the question is an economic one; the cultivators are not likely to give up jute at its present price in favour of cotton. This was conclusively proved by the fact that there is little, if any, real demand from genuine cultivators for cotton seed distributed by the department. Government, however, decided that the question of cotton cultivation must now be settled once for all, and experimental cultivation of the crop at Government farms will be continued until this end is achieved. A Cotton Committee has been formed to advise Government on its policy with regard to this work, and a cotton survey of the province is being conducted by the second Economic Botanist. Experimental work on the cotton crop continued mainly at Chinsura, Dacca and Mymensingh. As promised in the preceding report, cotton was also tried as a winter crop at Dacca and Mymensingh, but as it did not do well owing to unfavourable weather conditions, the experiments are being repeated in the current year.

5. The activity of the Chemical section has been great in the year under review. Soil investigation including numerous analyses as well as a study of the action of bone phosphate on acid soils, cane sugar, date sugar and tobacco are all items in the varied programme of this section.

The Indian Sugar Committee's report was considered during the year. The main conclusion of the Committee is that in Bengal there is at present little prospect for expansion of the sugarcane area. The climatic and soil conditions of the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, however, offer some ultimate possibilities in this direction. The work in connection with the date sugar industry has been in abeyance since Mr. Annet left the province, and the Committee recommended that it should be revived and prosecuted to a conclusion. Government notice with pleasure that the work has been resumed by Mr. Carbery.

With regard to tobacco a number of analyses have been made, and the manuring requirements of the crop are being carefully studied. Experiments were also made with flue-curing of the leaf.

6. The programme of starting a few more district farms during the year, in pursuance of the general policy of having an agricultural farm in every district, could not be fully carried out for want of funds, with the result that the major half of the presidency is yet without district farms. The thanks of Government are due to the Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan for having made over to the Agricultural Department the Burdwan farm which is now being conducted as a district farm.

7. Although it is very encouraging to note that the system of distributing improved seeds through private agencies, described in the previous report, has worked successfully and offers scope for further expansion, it is evident that these new agencies require strict supervision, as already several cases of supplying inferior seeds have been detected and the agencies concerned had to be struck off the list of recognized suppliers. There are at present 52 private seed farms, the enterprise mainly of private zamindars, agricultural co-operative associations, khas mahal estates and Court of Wards estates. The Hon'ble Minister acknowledges with thanks the services rendered by these private agencies. The work done by the khas mahal farm at Jessore and the wards' estates farms at Paikar (Bogra), Brahmanbaria (Tippera) and Bhowal (Dacca) deserves special mention. The cultivators are now convinced that departmental jute seed yields 25 per cent. more than the local kinds, and the demand for the former has consequently been much greater than the supply. The seeds of *Indrasail* variety of *Aman* and *Katakara* variety of *Aus* paddy were also in considerable requisition, and the demand for the yellow *Tanna* variety of sugarcane was too great to be fully met.

8. During the year under review the provincial Board of Agriculture has been reconstituted on a more popular and representative basis so as to include both official and non-official members with the Director of Agriculture as president. The scheme for organising agricultural associations on a

co-operative basis, referred to in the preceding resolution, has made a good beginning in the Pabna district. Government will watch with interest the working of these pioneer societies which seem to be so full of promise. Co-operative irrigation societies have been started in Bankura, Midnapore and Birbhum districts, and an Irrigation officer has temporarily been appointed with the object of helping these societies in the selection of suitable sites, also in preparing plans and estimates and in advising them generally.

9. The investigations at the Government cattle-breeding station at Rangpur continue. They include cross-breeding between Hissar bulls and local cows and selective breeding of local cattle. The object of the investigations is to provide a dual purpose animal in which the male will prove a good draught bullock and the female a good milk yielder. Gratifying progress is being made. Only three years ago, in carrying out the first selection process, it was necessary to lay down a minimum standard milk yield as low as 500 lbs. of milk per lactation period of 300 days. Even this meant the weeding out of many animals from the herd, and when this has been done, it was immediately obvious, from a comparison between the rejected animals and those which had passed the test, that many cows do not give enough milk even to feed their young. To-day the best cows at Rangpur are giving over 3,000 lbs. of milk per lactation period and, as the similar but further advanced work at Pusa has shewn that the milking strain is prepotent in the sire, there is every reason to hope that Bengal is, as far as the improvement in the animal is concerned, making real progress towards a solution of its very acute cattle problem. The policy to be followed is the distribution and sale of pedigree bulls in all parts of the province and a commencement has already been made at some of the Government farms. It has however to be remembered that the question of fodder is just as important as that of the animal. The cow, however well-bred, cannot give large quantities of milk if she is improperly fed, any more than an under-fed bullock can do good work. The plant breeding section of the department has already attacked the fodder problem, and encouraging results have been obtained. Irrigation will undoubtedly greatly help the production of fodder crops in many parts of the presidency.

Apart from the cattle-breeding experiments at Rangpur, small herds of red Scindi and Montgomery cattle have been established at Dacca and Chinsura respectively, but it is too early as yet to comment on their possibilities under Bengal conditions. That there is a shortage of milk and other dairy produce in the province is well known, and the public have naturally shown great interest in the question of improvement of cattle in this presidency. Government fully share the Director of Agriculture's views that as a preliminary step in formulating a comprehensive cattle-breeding policy to be followed in Bengal the appointment of a cattle-breeding expert is a matter of urgency. This appointment was also recommended by the Board of Agriculture, India, at their meeting held in February 1922. The Legislative Council has hitherto refused to vote the necessary funds, but Government hope that an improvement in the financial situation will hasten ratification of the appointment.

10. The Sericultural Department came under a thorough review during the year. The policy hitherto followed has been to produce pure seed at the Government nurseries for sale to private rearers at the best rates obtainable. Obviously Government cannot expect to supply all the seeds required, and as a matter of fact the seeds produced at Government farms are only about 18 or 20 per cent. of the demand. The policy, therefore, called for re-examination. With this object in view, the Hon'ble Minister in charge visited the chief sericultural centres of the province and held a conference in March last to discuss the question at which not only the members of the Bengal Silk Committee, but other gentlemen interested in the industry, were invited. It was decided at the conference that the future policy in regard to this matter should be to organise the private seed producing system so as to act as an intermediate agency between the Government nurseries on the one hand and the commercial cocoon growers on

the other. It was also decided that Government nurseries should not be conducted on commercial lines, but that they should be regarded mainly as demonstration centres and as a means of educating the professional rearer class. Steps are being taken to give effect to the several resolutions passed by the conference.

The total receipts from the nurseries amounted to Rs. 79,381 as against Rs. 77,286 during the previous year. The demand for sericultural education continued to be on the increase.

11. The Hon'ble Minister would take this opportunity of placing on record his high appreciation of the work done by Mr. G. Evans, C.I.E. He joined his post as the Director of Agriculture, Bengal, shortly before the introduction of the Reforms scheme, and the Hon'ble Minister is grateful to him for his loyal co-operation in all matters in which his advice and assistance was sought. In his departure since the close of the year the province has suffered a distinct loss. The acknowledgments of Government are also due to the other officers of the department mentioned in the report, and particularly to Messrs. Hector, Carbery, Finlow, N. Gupta and P. C. Chaudhuri.

By order of the Government of Bengal
(Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works),

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

CALCUTTA TRADE FLUCTUATIONS.

THE following tables are intended to show the trade by all routes, i.e., by rail, river, canal, road, and sea, of the Calcutta block* in certain selected articles during the eight months, April to November, 1922, as compared with the corresponding period of 1921 and 1920. The statistics have been compiled from returns furnished by the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, Railway Audit Offices, Steamer Companies, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, the Collectors of the 24-Parganas and Howrah, and the Assistant Engineer, Calcutta Canals.

General Summary.

Imports.—The imports of rice, including paddy†, into Calcutta* by rail, river, canal, road, and sea (coastwise) during the eight months, April to November, 1922, amounted to 8,372,000 maunds as against 8,696,000 maunds in the corresponding period of the preceding year,—a decrease of 324,000 maunds or 4 per cent. There was also a decrease of 18 per cent in the imports of coal and coke (61,397,000 maunds as against 74,751,000 maunds a year ago). The value of the imports by rail, river, road, and sea (coastwise) of Indian cotton piece-goods showed an increase of 9 per cent, the total value amounting to Rs. 7,77 lakhs as against Rs. 7,13 lakhs in 1921. The quantity of indigo imported during the eight months, April to November, 1922, decreased from 2,573 maunds last year to 514 maunds. The imports of raw jute amounted to 3,269,000 bales as against 2,825,000 bales,—an increase of 444,000 bales or 15 per cent. The importation of gunny bags, on the other hand, showed a decrease of 48 million bags (155 million bags against 203 millions in the preceding year). The total imports of oilseeds (linseed and rape and mustard seed) increased by 1,830,000 maunds, or 39 per cent, from 4,741,000 maunds to 6,571,000 maunds, but those of sugar declined by 75,000 maunds, or 21 per cent, to 287,000 maunds. The imports of tea increased from 1,845,000 maunds to 1,933,000 maunds or by 5 per cent.

Exports.—The value of the exports of cotton piece-goods, foreign, from Calcutta* by all routes during the eight months, April to November, 1922, increased by 19 per cent from Rs. 13,46 lakhs to Rs. 16,06 lakhs. The exports of gunny bags (including the exports by sea to foreign countries) increased from 712 million to 715 million bags, but the shipments of gunny bags to other Indian ports decreased from 41 to 37 millions in number in the period under review. The quantity of kerosene oil despatched from Calcutta and Budge-Budge by internal routes and by sea (coastwise) showed a decrease of 36,000 maunds or 1 per cent, from 3,845,000 maunds to 3,809,000 maunds.

* The Calcutta block consists of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and Kidderpore Docks.

† One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

TABLE I

Trade of Calcutta in certain selected Articles in the eight months, April to November, 1922, compared with the corresponding months of 1921.

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS	
	BY RAIL, ROAD, RIVER, CANAL AND SEA (COASTWISE) (a)		BY SEA (FOREIGN AND COASTWISE)	
	April to November, 1922	April to November, 1921	April to November, 1922	April to November, 1921
Food-grains—				
Rice Mds	6,826,655	7,335,919	4,136,525	1,724,177
Paddy "	2,472,196	2,170,147	52,510	78,346
Total (to rice) (b)	8,371,777	8,696,040	4,169,844	1,773,113
Wheat "	2,640,437	3,176,121	22,838	84,140
Wheat flour "	91,673	212,767	270,083	471,766
Gram and pulses "	4,459,471	4,362,709	948,175	1,339,576
Other food-grains "	459,786	453,562	40,238	39,683
Total food-grains	16,023,094	16,901,219	5,480,678	3,611,308
Coal and Coke "	61,397,141	74,751,083	16,576,560	30,987,759
Cotton, raw Bales	88,584	103,373	117,225	23,107
" twist and yarn, Indian Mds	291,642	306,994	55,579	192,013
" piece-goods, Indian Rs	777,30,051	7,13,33,404	10,51,345	13,69,077
Indigo Mds	514	2,373	2,131	5,800
Jute, raw Bales	3,268,982	2,825,312	1,848,305	1,285,618
" gunny-bags No.	155,082,058	203,441,816	688,591,584	686,236,749
Jute Mds	873,395	427,466	334,450	399,389
Oilseeds—linseed "	3,703,247	2,506,908	3,617,014	1,633,510
" Rape and mustard "	2,864,081	2,231,283	33,837	39,811
Silk, raw "	2,392	1,951	3,052	2,540
Sugar—refined "	70,299	72,942	159,902	103,595
" unrefined "	216,852	289,301	43,439	23,048
Tea (Indian) "	1,932,215	1,846,300	1,069,606	2,035,518
Tobacco—unmanufactured "	486,874	474,311	132,493	135,066
" manufactured "	34,327	28,065	9,526	7,097

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS	
	BY SEA (FOREIGN AND COASTWISE) (d)		BY RAIL, ROAD, RIVER, CANAL AND SEA (COASTWISE)	
	April to November, 1922	April to November, 1921	April to November, 1922	April to November, 1921
Cotton twist and yarn—foreign Mds	130,138	117,119	151,042	130,320
" " —Indian "	94,186	106,251	342,774	344,306
" piece-goods—foreign Rs	19,73,25,823	16,99,78,029	16,06,26,945	13,45,67,869
" " —Indian "	4,20,31,192	3,67,64,015	4,48,79,007	3,49,47,658
Kerosene oil (c) Mds	3,172,326	3,615,066	3,804,882	3,844,617
Salt "	7,862,535	7,089,666	6,843,081	7,080,796
Gunny-bags No	.....	.....	63,037,774	66,999,895

(a) The imports by sea are coastwise imports from other Indian ports only.

(b) One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

(c) Including figures of Budge-Budge trade.

(d) The imports by sea include imports from other Indian ports, together with imports from foreign countries.

TABLE

Imports of certain selected Articles into the Calcutta Trade Block by Rail,

Whence Imported	FOOD-GRAINS								Coal and coke	COTTON			
	Rice and paddy			Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food grains	Total		Raw	Twist and yarn, Indian (b)	Piece-goods, Indian (b) (c)	
	Rice	Paddy (a)	Total (In rice)										
BENGAL	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Bales of 400 lbs. 11	Mds	Rs	
Burdwan	310,624	444,197	388,217	4,880	1,847	11,069	1,911	607,964	22,302,028	14	.....	7,170
Birbhum	479,737	5,347	483,079	341	53	5,068	.....	489,031	.....	75	14	5,787
Bankura	34,143	39,764	59,289	189	1,154	185	.....	60,817	.....	532	69	33,369
Midnapore	610,617	60,379	642,091	.....	158	1,109	17	643,788	6,018	4	29,297	7,98,036
Hoochly	157,419	95,245	816,917	1,716	13	5,890	2	5,4,368	105,407	1,989	29,793	3,44,080	
24-Parganas	1,201,084	942,845	1,793,362	87	.....	25,832	1,268	1,820,649	210,254	922	24	2,22,267
Nadia	17,773	1,994	20,888	11,544	.....	179,424	12,375	224,280	.....	47	34	3,291
Murshidabad	125,134	5,523	128,586	43,024	14	143,053	17,594	333,171	825	854	20	2,523	
Jessore	20,965	33,044	41,637	337	1	74,131	2,070	118,176	.....	316	.....	.....
Khulna	131,331	398,363	380,309	33	.....	2,605	797	384,744	.....	28	.....	415
Rajshahi	7,801	500	8,173	2,525	16	13,594	1,724	2,032	.....	8	1	880
Dumra	5,307	80,512	55,827	422	.....	3,002	298	59,650	.....	.....	18	297
Jalpaiguri	292	16,089	9,724	276	.....	2	.....	10,002	.....	1	.....	2,196
Darjeeling	204	747	671	.....	.....	62	508	1,241	.....	768	.....	3,805
Rangpur	5,148	22,071	18,942	3,542	1	1,042	.....	23,627	.....	18	.....	5,711
Bohara	18,525	65,465	59,441	730	2	1,332	303	61,808	.....	78	25	36,533
Pabna	1,084	2,062	2,335	10,002	.....	67,779	6,230	86,316	.....	7	1	.....
Mahla	3,210	4,686	6,126	57,698	.....	17,838	5,518	87,210	.....	50	.....	.....
Cooch-Behar	891	6,149	4,734	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,734	.....	4,086	10	4,642
Dacca	4,970	2	4,971	1,548	101	10,778	1,226	27,624	.....	209	7	5,964
Mymensingh	2,538	3,751	4,882	2	.....	4,797	269	9,950	.....	974	.....	742
Faridpur	4,556	2,313	5,989	5,636	32	81,033	5,373	94,865	.....	32	.....	5,243
Bakerganj	967,090	7	967,103	.....	.....	1,317	8	968,326	.....	763	12	877
Tippur (including Hill Tippur)	26,240	53	26,273	.....	.....	1,402	1,032	29,310	.....	1,204	.....	.....
Noolah	1,234	.....	1,924	.....	.....	209	2	1,445	.....	5,415	.....	1,456
Chittagong	23	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	1,505	81	7,180
Chittagong Port	87	2	38	.....	.....	1	.....	89	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total of Bengal	4,141,339	2,223,189	5,830,827	144,431	3,393	664,643	59,164	6,702,400	22,624,667	19,897	69,399	16,93,497	
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES													
Bihar and Orissa	1,007,177	213,704	1,231,088	739,039	3,608	2,156,599	132,267	4,362,599	34,765,631	1,047	249	1,40,634	
Assam	6,300	55,194	28,296	8,578	186	6,011	1,494	44,516	6,780	226	27	9,177	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	4,129	.....	4,129	720,840	36,678	1,446,834	119,617	2,328,007	.....	6,250	9,611	6,07,053
Punjab	10,409	.....	10,409	991,375	47,722	27,068	5,292	1,081,766	.....	5,384	417	3,65,172
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	.....	3	401	.....	.....	.....	404	.....	1,542	11	5,978
Central Provinces and Berar	32,420	.....	32,420	29,888	53	52,138	2,545	116,824	463	33,124	17,132	9,49,664
Bombay	587	.....	587	.....	89	215	48	84	.....	9,052	27,238	2,65,82,659
Madras	169	.....	169	.....	69	55,168	826	56,221	.....	10,529	66,759	32,51,695
Burma	1,233,821	28	1,233,638	8,974	.....	22,876	137,825	1,398,013	.....	168	.....	.....
Rajputana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	374	684	1,058	.....	127	19	79,118
Central India	1	.....	1	2,211	.....	25,775	.....	27,987	.....	166	.....	51,940
Kathiwar State	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,216	.....	2,276	.....	882	.....	.....
Nizam's Territory	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,644	14,32,285
Mysore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alloppy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL	1922	6,826,656	2,472,196	8,371,777	2,640,437	91,673	4,469,471	489,736	16,688,094	61,397,441	88,984	197,506	2,50,98,559
	1921	7,335,949	2,176,147	8,606,040	3,176,121	212,767	4,362,709	483,682	16,901,219	74,751,083	105,273	201,743	3,56,69,399
	1920	5,345,433	1,755,969	6,442,918	3,957,945	191,823	3,940,938	388,761	14,911,775	93,786,338	74,341	217,111	4,36,87,021

(a) One muid of paddy is equivalent to 25 acres of rice

(b) Excluding trade by sea (coastwise)

(c) The value rates are fixed quarterly, and the monthly valuation is made at the value rate of the preceding quarter



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

Tour Programme of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL during February 1923.

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
20th, Tuesday ...	22-06	Leave Sealdah ...	By special train.
21st, Wednesday ...	5-35	Arrive Goalundo.	
	7-0	Leave Goalundo. ...	By special steamer.
	15-30	Arrive Dacca.	

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
22nd, Thursday, and 23rd, Friday.	...	Halt at Dacca.	
24th, Saturday	8-0	Leave Dacca	By special steamer.
	19-30	Arrive Goalundo.	
	21-20	Leave Goalundo	By special train.
25th, Sunday	7-06	Arrive Sealdah.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Mr. L. Birley, C.I.E., I.C.S., Chief Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary.

Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Major H. G. Benton, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain G. B. Fyldes, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.

Risaldar Major and Honorary Lieutenant Hira Singh, Sardar Bahadur, I.D.S.M., Indian Aide-de-Camp.

Risaldar Mal Singh, Extra Aide-de-Camp.

(2) Letters and telegrams for the party should be addressed to the Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL,

Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 15th February 1923.

No. 1724A.—The 17th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Sir Reginald Clarke, Kt., C.I.E., of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 1761A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1521A.—The 9th February 1923.—Babu Harendra Chandra Mymensingh. Barori, Sub-Deputy Collector, Netrakona, Mymensingh, is transferred to the Burdwan Division.

No. 1583A.—The 12th February 1923.—Babu Bhudev Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 1615A.—The 15th February 1923.—Mr. Kiran Chandra De, C.I.E., I.C.S., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, is appointed to be Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

No. 1619A.—The 15th February 1923.—Mr. A. W. Cook, C.I.E., I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

No. 1622A.—The 15th February 1923.—Mr. E. M. Mannooch, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Midnapore, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 1625 A.—The 15th February 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Majid, No. II, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Nilphamari subdivision of the Rangpur district.

Rangpur.

No. 1666 A.—The 16th February 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 9th February 1923, Mr. D. C. Patterson, I.C.S., is appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly.

24-Parganas.
Hooghly.

No. 1668 A.—The 16th February 1923.—The orders of the 9th February 1923, appointing Mr. Sarat Kumar Ghose, I.C.S., to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, are cancelled.

24-Parganas.
Hooghly.

No. 1696 A.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. Debendra Kumar Mitra, Additional District Magistrate, 24-Parganas, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

24-Parganas.

No. 1712 A.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. Bijay Gopal Chatterji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Asansol, is appointed temporarily to act as District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly.

Burdwan.
Hooghly.

POLICE.—No. 1730 A.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. C. E. S. Fairweather, Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Jalpaiguri.

Jalpaiguri.

CONFIRMATION.

GENERAL.—No. 1660 A.—The 15th February 1923.—The officers named below are confirmed in the Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 25th November 1922 :—

Mr. A. S. Larkin, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Jalpaiguri.

Mr. B. E. J. Burge, Assistant Magistrate and Collector.

POLICE.—No. 1530 A.—The 9th February 1923.—Mr. E. Brown, officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 30th October 1922, *vice* Mr. A. J. M. Matthews, retired.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1589 A.—The 12th February 1923.—Babu Ambu Nath Chatterji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed leave for four months, *viz.*, leave on average pay for one month and twenty-eight days under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

Jessore.

No. 1597 A.—The 14th February 1923.—Babu Manindra Bhushan Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for one month on half average pay under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 17th August 1922.

No. 1599 A.—The 14th February 1923.—The orders of the 7th December 1922 allowing leave on average pay for two months to Babu Sharat Kumar Guha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pabna, are cancelled.

Pabna.

No. 1612 A.—The 15th February 1923.—Mr. J. Lang, I.C.S., Commissioner of the Presidency Division, is allowed leave for one year and six months, with effect from the 26th February 1923, *viz.*, leave on average pay for seven months and twenty-nine days under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

Presidency Divn.

No. 1628 A.—The 15th February 1923.—Babu Taranath Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nilphamari, Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay for four months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 28th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Rangpur.

No. 1649 A.—The 15th February 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlul Karim, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for three months on half average pay under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 12th August 1922.

No. 1693 A.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. W. D. R. Prentice, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

24-Parganas.

No. 1683A.—The 17th February 1923.—Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (of which one month and twenty-five days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 20th January 1923.

No. 1709A.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. Satyendra Chandra Mallik, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly, is allowed leave from the 1st March 1923 to the 8th October 1923, viz., (1) leave on average pay from the 1st March to the 28th September 1923 (including one month and six days on account of privilege leave) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and (2) leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 1727A.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. D. L. Stewart, officiating Superintendent of Police, Jalpaiguri, is allowed leave for one year, viz., leave on average pay for nine months (of which five months are on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1654A.—The 15th February 1923.—The following is substituted for rules 1 and 2 in Appendix VIII to the departmental examination rules as published under Appointment Department notification No. 10343A., dated the 8th September 1922:—

1. All Assistant Executive Engineers employed in the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department in Bengal shall, whether they have or have not been vested with Magisterial powers, be required to pass the examination in Law, Parts A, B and C as specified under rule 3 before being promoted to the rank of Executive Engineers. Assistant Engineers employed in the Irrigation Branch are similarly required to pass the examination in Law, Parts A, B and C before being permitted to cross the efficiency bar at Rs 550 in the grade of Rs. 250—20—550—25—700. Those who pass the examination will also be vested with the powers of a Canal officer if placed in charge of Irrigation subdivisions. Assistant Engineers who have already crossed the bar should also pass this examination within two years from the date of this order, failing which their next increment will be stopped. Officers employed in the Roads and Buildings Branch of the Public Works Department are exempted from passing this examination with effect from the 1st December 1921.

2. Upper Subordinates and Zilladars who have received permission from their Superintending Engineers may appear at paper A of the examination in Law. Subordinates who pass this examination will, if placed in charge of Irrigation subdivisions, be vested with the powers of a Canal officer.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1762P.—The 15th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a proclamation in Urdu issued by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind, printed at the Almas Press, Delhi, and reprinted elsewhere and purporting to be signed by Maulana Abdul Majid, Quadri of Budaon and 25 other religious leaders, and all copies of all other documents containing the matter of the said proclamation on the ground that the said proclamation contains words which excite or attempt to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1762A.

POWERS.

No. 1804A.—The 14th February 1923.—Babu Nirod Krishna Ray, Deputy Magistrate, Darjeeling, is vested with powers under section 190 (1) (a) (b) and (c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1583A.—The 12th February 1923.—Babu Bhudev Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Burdwan Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 1652A.—The 15th February 1923.—Babu Digendra Prasad Nag, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Rajshahi, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1673A.—The 16th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Peddie, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, to be Additional District Magistrate of that district for a period not exceeding six months and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

No. 1685A.—The 17th February 1923.—Babu Charn Chandra Sen, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1717A.—The 17th February 1923.—The Assistant Magistrates named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class :—

- Mr. Shottyendro Kumar Ghosh, I.C.S.
- „ Tajal Islam Muhammad Nurannabi Chaudhuri, I.C.S.
- „ Kalyan Kumar Chatarji, I.C.S.
- „ Rakhal Chandra Sen, I.C.S.

No. 1740A.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Kshirod Lal Mukharji, a Deputy Magistrate and the Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Howrah, to be a special Magistrate for the districts of Hooghly and Howrah, with the powers of Magistrate of the first class, in respect of proceedings taken under section 110 of the said Code, in addition to his own duties, such powers to be exercisable for a period of three months in any area in the districts of Hooghly and Howrah.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 905J.—The 12th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Parbati Narayan Chaudhuri the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Pabna, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Serajganj Independent Bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 940J.—The 14th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Jessore, for a period of three years from the 20th February 1923,

and

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Jhenida Bench in the said district :—

- (1) Babu Jitendra Nath Maulik.
- (2) „ Sauresh Chandra Pakshi.

No. 961J.—The 14th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. J. B. Wardlaw the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Burdwan**, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kulti Independent Bench in the said district.

No. 973J.—The 15th February 1923.—Mr. Satish Chandra Bagchi, Bar.-at-Law, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of **Tippera**, to be ordinarily stationed at Comilla, *vice* Babu Kumud Bandhu Gupta, transferred.

No. 984J.—The 15th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Nil Kanta Trivedi the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Murshidabad**, for a period of three years from the 27th February 1923,

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kandi Bench in the said district, and

- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 986J.—The 15th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Abinash Chandra Sen Gupta the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Murshidabad**, for a period of three years from the 27th February 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of Kandi subdivision of the said district,

- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Kandi Bench in the said district, and

- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1006J.—The 16th February 1923.—Babu Narendra Nath De, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of **Bakarganj**, to be ordinarily stationed at Barisal, *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Das, transferred, or until further orders.

No. 1008J.—The 16th February 1923.—Babu Mahendra Nath Das, munsif of Barisal, in the district of **Bakarganj**, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of **Faridpur**, *vice* Mr. Rajendra Lal Sadhu, acting as Additional District and Sessions Judge of Faridpur, or until further orders.

No. 1010J.—The 17th February 1923.—Babu Bisweswar Majumdar, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of **Mymensingh**, to be ordinarily stationed at Netrokona, *vice* Babu Girija Bhusan Sen, acting as Additional Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Netrokona munsifi.

No. 1020J.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. N. A. Khundkar, B.A., LL.B., Bar.-at-law, temporary Presidency Magistrate, **Calcutta**, is appointed to act as a Judge of the Court of Small Causes, **Calcutta**, during the absence, on leave, of Nawabzada A. S. M. Latifur-Rahman, or until further orders.

No. 1024J.—The 17th February 1923.—Mr. S. Wajid Ali, B.A., Bar.-at-law, is appointed to act as a Presidency Magistrate, **Calcutta**, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. N. A. Khundkar, or until further orders.

No. 1028J.—The 17th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. J. D. Patterson the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the **24-Parganas**, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Naihati bench in the said district.

No. 1035J.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Pandit Nakuleswar Bidyabhusan the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of that district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Alipore bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1037J.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of that district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Alipore bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language :—

1. Mr. D. J. Cohen.
2. „ I. J. Cohen.
3. Babu Atal Kumar Sen.

They are also vested with powers under section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1039J.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Alipore bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language,

Babu Satyendra Nath Banarji.
Maulvi Bazlur Rahman.

No. 1041J.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. R. H. M. Rustumji the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of that district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Alipore bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1043J.—The 19th February 1923.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen Gupta, B.L., acted as a munsif at Sandip, in the district of Noakhali, up to the 20th January 1923, *vice* Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, appointed to act as a munsif at Dacca.

LEAVE.

No. 1002J.—The 27th January 1923.—Babu Bisweswar Majumdar, munsif of Patuakhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 1003J.—The 10th February 1923.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Gupta, munsif of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay on medical certificate, as prescribed in the Local Government's ruling on article 74 (a) (i) and (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 24th December 1922 to the 19th January 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of those rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 2nd November 1922.

No. 999J.—The 16th February 1923.—Babu Phanindra Mohan Chatarji, Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Dacca and Tippera, now employed at Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him in notification No. 9085J., dated the 23rd December 1922.

No. 1018J.—The 17th February 1923.—Nawabzada A. S. M. Latif-ur-Rahman, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules for two months, with effect from the 19th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

RESIGNATION.

No. 903J.—The 12th February 1923.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Babu Surja Narain Chatarji of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Amta Bench, in the district of Howrah.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 325L.S.-G.—The 10th February 1923.—The following draft of a notification, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to issue in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Calcutta Hackney Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), is published, as required by the second proviso to that section, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st April 1923, and any objection or suggestion with regard thereto which may be received by the undersigned from any ratepayer or inhabitant of the Rajpur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft notification.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Calcutta Hackney Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend to the Rajpur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, all the provisions of the said Act except sub-section (1) of section 6.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 277P.H.—The 19th February 1923.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities' Loans Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction the following application from the Chairman of the Jessore District Board for a loan of Rs. 92,000 from Government, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and repayable in thirty equal yearly instalments of Rs. 7,413-15-2 each, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said District Board.

(Revised) application from the District Board of Jessore for a loan of Rs. 92,000.

FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE DISTRICT BOARD.																			
RECEIPT OF LOAN.			REPAYMENT OF LOAN.		REVENUE (DETAILS) FOR EACH OF THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS.		EXPENDITURE (DETAILS) FOR EACH OF THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS.		Amount for—										
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	1919-20.		1920-21.		1921-22.						
		The period for which the loan is required.	The rate of interest at which it is proposed that the loan should be taken.	The number of instalments in which it is proposed to take the loan.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment.	The number of instalments in which the loan is repayable and the dates of payments therefor.	Amount of each instalment.	Sources from which the revenue is derived.		Amount for—		Objects on which the expenditure is incurred.						
		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		The law or laws under which the said fund or funds are or are levied, received or held.	80 years.	7 per cent. per annum.	One instalment.	Rs. 92,000	20th March 1913.	30 yearly instalments payable on 20th March each year commencing on 20th March 1924.	Rs. 7,413-16-2.	Land Revenue	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Refunds and Drawbacks	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Remarks.
										Local Rates	6,027	6,595	7,688		434	278			
										Interest	2,403,388	2,15,120	2,26,768						
										Law and Justice	2,034	1,427	1,384						
										Police	108	51	477						
										Education	15,043	16,358	19,021		1,383	1,847	4,210		
										Medical	54,701	51,655	51,756		16,194	19,800	19,553		
										Scientific and other Minor Departments	2,833	2,709	4,115		91	51	208		
										Contributions for pensions and gratuities.					831	854	862		
										Stationery and Printing.									
										Miscellaneous	26,714	26,630	29,935		91,222	96,744	97,208		
										Railways					37,398	37,094	40,864		
										Local Canal receipts					3,083	3,857	4,682		
										Civil Works					1,584	1,708	3,653		
										Total ordinary income	3,67,292	3,40,567	3,61,558		2,624	2,615	2,024		
										Extraordinary and d.b.	27,277	1,18,350	17,96		2,024	2,615	2,024		
										Receipts of abnormal character.	11,000+				858	518	537		
										Total	4,06,559	4,58,917	3,79,544		34,000	17,000			
										Opening balance	1,76,172	1,18,467	1,30,368		1,49,368	1,72,266	1,42,217		
										GRAND TOTAL	5,81,721	3,77,384	4,99,532		1,49,368	1,72,266	1,42,217		
															4,53,263	4,57,096	4,48,311		
															1,18,467	1,30,268	90,521		
															5,51,730	5,17,384	4,99,832		

In addition to the details required on the reverse clear information should be given under the following heads :—

- (a) If the ordinary surplus is insufficient to meet the charges of the proposed loan, the particular steps which the District Board has taken or has agreed to take in order to make good the deficiency.
- The loan is proposed to be met by imposing rates under the provisions of the Sanitary Drainage Act, VIII (3. C) of 1895.
- (b) Possible means of increase in the revenue of the District Board.
- Revaluation of the cess after the present settlement operations are over.
- (c) A statement of all outstanding loans specifying, in respect of each loan, the date when taken, the purpose (very briefly), the amount, the annual charges involved, and the amount still payable.
- (1) Loans of Rs. 40,000 was taken in two instalments of Rs. 20,000 each on 1st April 1913 and 31st August 1913, respectively, for the construction of District Board office building at Jessore. Payable in two equal six monthly instalments of Rs. 1,462-3-8 each. Annual charges involved are Rs. 2,924-7-4. Principal still payable Rs. 25,810-10-9.
- (2) Loan of Rs. 76,000 was taken on 30th March 1921 on account of Arool bil project at 6 per cent., payable yearly in one instalment of Rs. 5,521-4-10 on 1st January from 1924. Principal still payable is Rs. 76,000.
- (d) Any explanations in regard to receipts and expenditure to show the true financial position of the District Board when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.
- (d) The surplus is rather apparent. This has been owing to the part payment of the subsidy payable to the J. J. Railway Company in 1920-21 and to the non-payment of the same in 1921-22.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 274P.H.—The 19th February 1923.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities Loans Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction the following application from the Commissioners of the Raniganj Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, for a loan of Rs. 50,000 from Government, bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum and repayable in thirty equal yearly instalments of Rs. 4,029-5 each, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said municipality.

In addition to the details required on the reverse, clear information should be given under the following heads :—

- (a) If the ordinary surplus is insufficient to meet the charges of the proposed loan, the particular steps which the municipality has taken or has agreed to take in order to make good the deficiency. It has been agreed to levy the maximum water rate.
- (b) The reserve taxation or other possible means of increase in the revenue of the municipality. Water tax.
- (c) A statement of all outstanding loans specifying, in respect of each loan, the date when taken, the purpose (very briefly), the amount, the annual charges involved and the amount still payable. No loan has ever been taken.
- (d) Any explanation in regard to receipt and expenditure to show the true financial position of the municipality when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 284 Medl.—The 14th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 28, sub-section (1) of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), as subsequently amended, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following ladies to be non-official visitors for the female section of the Berhampore Mental Hospital :—

- (1) Mrs. McIntyre.
- (2) Miss F. M. Usher.
- (3) Mrs. S. Singha.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 294 Medl.—The 15th February 1923.—Rai Sahib Mahendra Nath Bhattacharjee, I.S.O., Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, is allowed leave for six months under article 86 of the Fundamental Rules and the Government of India, Finance Department letter No. 1194 C. S. R., dated the 22nd October 1922, viz., leave on average pay for three months and seven days (of which one month and twenty-seven days on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 81 (b) (ii) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st April 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 308 Medl.—The 15th February 1923.—Major H. V. Mann, I.M.D., Assistant to the Superintendent, Medical College Hospitals, is appointed to act as a Civil Surgeon and posted to Bankura during the absence on leave of Lt. F. H. Gleeson, I.M.D.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 337 Medl.—The 17th February 1923.—On being relieved of his military duty, Lt. H. L. O. Fleming, I. M. D., was on privilege leave for two months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th September 1921.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 2324, dated Calcutta, the 12th February 1923.—In this department notification No. 1826, dated the 2nd February 1923, for 8th January 1923 *revd* 2nd February 1923.

No. 2326, dated Calcutta, the 12th February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Dharendra Nath Sen is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from 5th February 1923.

No. 2568, dated Calcutta, the 14th February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Dharendra Nath Sen is granted leave on average pay for four weeks (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 15th February 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 2571, dated Calcutta, the 14th February 1923.—Civil Assistant Surgeon Surendra Nath Ghosh (II) is appointed temporarily as Junior Demonstrator of Practical Pharmacy Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 6th January 1923, *vice* Military Assistant Surgeon P. S. Bedell.

No. 2750, dated Calcutta, the 16th February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Bidhu Bhusan Pal is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 7th February 1923, until further orders.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 529Edn.—The 16th February 1923.—Khan Bahadur Maulvi Tasadduq Ahmad, head master, Dacca Collegiate School, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), with effect from the 2nd January 1923, under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 531Edn.—The 16th February 1923.—Maulvi Shamsuddin Ahmad, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Rajshahi Division, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, in extension of the leave granted to him, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 534Edn.—The 16th February 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Latif, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Burdwan Division, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days (including privilege leave for one month and three days at his credit) with effect from the 15th January 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of it, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 558Edn.—The 17th February 1923.—Dr. Mahendra Nath Sarkar, Professor, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, was allowed leave on average pay from the 11th to the 19th November 1922 (both days inclusive) under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 564Edn.—The 19th February 1923.—Mr. Adinath Sen, Assistant Principal, Ashanullah School of Engineering, Dacca, was allowed leave for nine days, with effect from the 26th October 1922, *viz.*, leave on average pay for seven days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit) under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for two days under rule 81(d) of those rules. He was permitted to combine the Puja vacation with the leave under rule 82 of the Fundamental Rules. He was also allowed leave on half average pay from the 14th December 1922 to the 22nd December 1922, both days inclusive, under rule 81 (d) of the rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 567Edn.—The 19th February 1923.—Babu Krishnadhan Banarji, Professor, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, was allowed leave on half average pay from the 8th December 1922 to the 21st December 1922, both days inclusive, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 569Edn.—The 19th February 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Halim, District Inspector of Schools, Malda, was allowed leave on average pay (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit) from the 10th October 1922 to the 22nd December 1922, both days inclusive, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 571Edn.—The 19th February 1923.—Miss Hriday Bala Bose, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for four months (entirely on account of privilege leave at her credit), with effect from the 16th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which she may avail herself of it, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 572Edn.—The 19th February 1923.—Mrs Labanya Lekha Banarji is appointed to act in the Fungal Educational Service (Women's Branch) as Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Miss Hriday Bala Bose, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 575Edn.—The 19th February 1923.—Babu Bharat Bandhu Laha, head master, Bogra Zilla School, is allowed leave on half average pay for four months, with effect from the 16th January 1923, under rule 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules.

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 302Mis.—The 15th February 1923.—The following amendments are made in rule 59 of the rules under section 69 of the Indian Registration Act (XVI of 1908), printed at page 73 of the Registration Manual, Bengal, 1918 :—

In lines 7 and 8 of the rule, *delete* the words "though processes have been served upon them according to law."

In lines 10 to 13 of the rule, *delete* the sentence "If some of the executants appear and others do not appear, and no steps are taken to procure their appearance, the registration of the document shall be wholly refused."

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

The 14th February 1923.

No. 93A.—(1) Babu Brojendra Nath Moitra, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Alipur Duars Circle, Jalpaiguri, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 110 a month) is granted leave on average pay under Rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for one month (the entire period being due on account of privilege) leave with effect from the 7th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

(2) Babu Narahari Bhattacharyya, late officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Naogaon, Rajshahi, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Alipur Duars Circle, Jalpaiguri, on an acting allowance of Rs. 75 a month during the absence on leave of Babu Brojendra Nath Moitra, or until further orders.

No. 94A.—Maulvi Aminul Islam is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari, Rangpur, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Fakhr-uddin-Khan, deceased.

No. 95A.—Maulvi Shaikh Sujon, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Sadar, Nadia, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Howrah Sadar, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the Rules with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Izad Laksh, transferred.

No. 96A.—Maulvi A. M. Siddiqui Rahaman, Assistant Master (English Teacher), Dacca Madrasah, on Rs. 60—4—160, now on deputation to the Dacca Training College, is appointed to act as Assistant Master, Armenitola Government High School, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—150 (efficiency bar)—5—200 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Sen, transferred.

He is, however, allowed to continue to be on deputation to the Dacca Training College till the end of the session.

No. 97A.—Babu Mahendra Narayan Sen, Assistant Master, Bethune Collegiate School on Rs. 75—5—200, is declared to have acted as Assistant Head Master of the school and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules for the period from the 24th December 1922 to 4th January 1923, both days inclusive, *vice* Mrs. Victoria David, resigned.

No. 98A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned:—

- (1) Babu Durga Charan Sarkar, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Uluberia, Howrah, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Ganguli, on deputation.
- (2) Babu Jatindra Mohan Singha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Birbhum Sadar, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Uluberia, Howrah, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Durga Charan Sarkar, on deputation.

No. 99A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 29A, dated 15th January 1923, Maulvi Abu Tayeb, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Meherpur, Nadia, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—100—5—200, is allowed leave on average pay under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for one month with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

He is also permitted under rule 68 of the Fundamental Rules to prefix to his leave the last X'mas and the New year's day holidays.

The 15th February 1923.

No. 100A.—Babu Prabodh Chandra Samadar, M.A., B.T., is appointed to act as Assistant Master, Armenitola Government High School, Dacca, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen Gupta under training at Dacca Training College or until further orders.

No. 101A.—An exchange of appointments is sanctioned in the interest of the public service, between:—

- (1) Babu Manindra Mohan Das, Assistant Master, Chittagong Collegiate School, and
(2) Maulvi Yakub Ali, Assistant Master, Jhalakati Government High School, in the district of Bakarganj.

No. 102A.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Sikdar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chhatna, Bankura, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave on average pay under rule 81(b)(ii) of the Fundamental Rules for 27 days in extension of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 19A., dated the 9th January 1923.

No. 103A.—Babu Dwijendra Nath Choudhuri, Assistant Master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, in the scale of Rs. 175—5—50—5—200, was on leave on average pay under rule 82(b) of the Fundamental Rules for 4 days from 14th to 17th November 1922, both days inclusive.

The 16th February 1923.

No. 104A.—Maulvi Shahabuddin Ahmed, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Jessore, on a salary of Rs. 145 a month (in scale of Rs. 75—5—150—5—200) was on leave without allowance under rule 85 (a) of the Fundamental Rules for 8 days from the 19th to 26th October, 1922, both days inclusive.

The 17th February 1923.

No. 105A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned:—(1) Maulvi Azahar Ali Khan, B.A., B.T., Assistant Master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200 (now drawing Rs. 85 a month), is declared to have acted as Assistant Head Master of the same institution and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the 16th June 1922 to the 10th December 1922, both days inclusive, *vice* Maulvi Sadaruddin Ahmed, on deputation.

(2) Maulvi Syed Ali Reza, B.A., is declared to have acted as an Assistant Master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, from 19th July 1922 to 10th December 1922, both days inclusive, *vice* Maulvi Azahar Ali Khan, on deputation.

No. 106A.—Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, B.A., is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bancharampur, Tippera, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmad on leave or until further orders.

No. 107A.—Pandit Surendra Mohan Bhattacharyya is appointed to act as an Assistant Master (Grammar Pandit), Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 31st January 1923, on an allowance of Rs. 60 a month in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160 during the absence on leave of Pandit Monmotha Nath Bhattacharji or until further orders.

No. 108A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Babu Khetra Gopal Mukharji, M.A., B.T., Assistant Master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200 is appointed to act as Assistant Head Master of the same school in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the 1st February 1922, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Sircar, on deputation.

(2) Babu Probhanooy Banerji, M.A., is appointed to act as Assistant Master (English Teacher), Sanskrit Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from 1st February 1923, *vice* Babu Khetra Gopal Mukharji, on deputation.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction Bengal

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 52.—*The 12th February 1923.*—Maulvi Quazi Mahmoodur Rahman, Sub-Registrar of Janai, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-six days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for nineteen days, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 53.—*The 14th February 1923.*—Maulvi Hakimuddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 14, dated the 13th January 1923.

No. 54.—*The 14th February 1923.*—Maulvi Abdul Khaleq Khan, Sub-Registrar of Alfadanga, in the district of Jessore, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Muksudpur, in the district of Faridpur.

No. 55.—*The 14th February 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Bazlur Rahman, Sub-Registrar, grade III, was on furlough on medical certificate for one day, under article 301 (a) of the new leave rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 473, dated the 1st November 1922.

No. 56.—*The 15th February 1923.*—Sahibzada Solaiman Shekoh, Joint Sub-Registrar of Alipore at Behala, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 57.—*The 15th February 1923.*—Maulvi Mir Mufazzal Hussain, Sub-Registrar, grade V, Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Radhaballav, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 58.—*The 17th February 1923.*—Sahibzada Fateh Muhammad Sahab, Sub-Registrar of Kotchandpur, in the district of Jessore, is appointed temporarily to be Sub-Registrar of Bongaon in the same district.

No. 59.—*The 17th February 1923.*—Babu Sharat Chandra Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Bongaon, in the district of Jessore, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Alfadanga in the same district.

No. 60.—*The 17th February 1923.*—Babu Gauranga Chandra Kabyatirtha, Sub-Registrar of Rajabari, in the district of Dacca, under orders of transfer to Raipura, in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for forty days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he is relieved at Rajabari.

No. 61.—*The 17th February 1923.*—Babu Sharat Chandra Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Bongaon, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 273 Com.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules regulating the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in Bengal, published under the Government of Bengal, Marine Department notification No. 143 Marine, dated the 30th November 1914, and subsequently amended, namely:—

Amendment.

For the existing proviso to rule 3 in Chapter II of Part II substitute the following, namely:—

“Provided that this rule shall not apply to petroleum having a flash point not less than 150°F. by Abel's close test and carried exclusively as fuel in bulk for the use of the ship in cellular double bottoms under engine and boiler compartments, and under ordinary holds, also in peak tanks, deep tanks and bunkers of approved construction, provided that the oil fuel storage tanks and installations in connection therewith fully comply with the conditions described in the Instructions to Surveyors contained in the Board of Trade circular No. 1624 (Oil Fuel Installation in Passenger Steamships), dated November, 1920.”

No. 1033 Com.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules regulating the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in Bengal, published under the Government of Bengal, Marine Department, notification No. 143 Marine, dated the 30th November 1914, and subsequently amended, namely:—

Amendments.

In the conditions expressed in the endorsements on Forms H and K, and in the first set of conditions expressed in the endorsement on Form I appended to the said rules the following shall be inserted, namely:—

(a) in condition 1 before the words “The Petroleum” insert the words “save as provided in condition 1-A,” and

(b) after condition 1, insert the following new condition, namely:—

- “1-A. (1) Dangerous petroleum, if not in bulk, when transported by sea, or partly by river and partly by sea, must be contained in receptacles of a type approved in writing by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.
- (2) Where the type which it is proposed to use has not already been approved by the Chief Inspector of Explosives six or (if required by him) more than six copies of a detailed drawing thereof to scale shall be forwarded to him for approval.
- (3) The receptacles shall be kept in proper repair and shall be available for inspection at any time by the Chief Inspector or by an Inspector of Explosives.
- (4) Special precautions shall be taken against smoking and the use of lights of any kind while the cargo is being loaded or unloaded.”

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 11 Marine.—The 12th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 36 of the Indian Steam Ships Act, 1884 (VII of 1884), read with section 41 of the said Act, and notification No. 1775, dated the 5th March 1921, issued thereunder by the Department of Commerce of the Government of India, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the

following rules to regulate the granting of certificates of competency to engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships having engines not exceeding 282 B.H.P. :—

Rules to regulate the grant of certificates of competency to engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships having engines not exceeding 282 B.H.P.

General Rules.

1. (1) Certificates of competency as engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships may be granted to such persons as pass the examinations to be held by examiners appointed for this purpose from time to time and as otherwise comply with the requisite conditions.

Certificates of competency granted to persons who pass requisite examinations.

(2) Such examinations shall be held at the Port of Calcutta on such dates as may be fixed.

2. A candidate for examination must apply on the form prescribed for this purpose (Form Ex-3a), copies of which are obtainable at the Port Office. The form properly filled in, together with the candidate's certificate of discharge, testimonials and previous certificates if any, must be lodged with the Port Officer not later than three days before the date of the examination at which the candidate is going to sit.

How to apply.

3. In addition to the usual certificates of discharge, candidate shall be required to produce satisfactory testimonials as to his experience, ability, sobriety and general good conduct up to the period immediately preceding the date of his application.

Testimonials as to character.

4. (1) Testimonials as to workshop service, which must be signed by the employer, must testify to the candidate's ability and conduct, and state the nature of the work on which he was engaged, and the period of such service.

Testimonials as to service.

No. 12 Marines.—The 12th February 1923.—Mr. E. G. Iacon, Senior Master Pilot, is granted leave for twelve months, viz., leave on average pay for eight months and leave on half average pay for four months, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th February 1923 or any subsequent date.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 8.—The 14th February 1923.—Rai Sahib Jatindra Nath Ray, Officiating Executive Engineer, Jalpaiguri Division, is granted, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for four days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 78, dated the 21st December 1922.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12.—The 12th February 1923.—Mr. Banke Lal Subarwal, Executive Engineer, is granted leave on average pay from 24th December 1922 to 6th February 1923 (of which one month and ten days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay from 7th to 24th February 1923 under article 81 (d) of those rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 765Ind.—The 19th February 1923.—Dr. R. L. Datta, Industrial Chemist, Bengal, is allowed leave on average salary for twenty days (of which one day is on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st February 1923.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 753Ex.—The 17th February 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Golam Kadir, Probationary Superintendent of Excise and Salt, 24-Parganas, is transferred to Jessore and is placed temporarily in charge of the district.

24-Parganas.
Jessore.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 769Misc.—The 19th February 1923.—Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Chainuddin, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Department of Agriculture and Industries, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 1st February 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 3rd February 1923.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 82A.—The 13th February 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen, District Agricultural Officer, Barisal, is granted leave on average salary for eighteen days, with effect from the 28th January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Jnanendra Nath Sen is appointed to act as District Agricultural Officer, Barisal, during the absence on leave of Babu Surendra Nath Sen.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 2425.—The 15th February 1923.—In supersession of notification No. 7079, dated the 22nd May 1918, in so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Khulna, as liquidator of the Barat Rural Co-operative Credit Society (district Khulna), I appoint the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Ranuli, instead as liquidator of the said society.

No. 2428.—The 15th February 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Kismat Alampur Jontha Bank (registered No. 461 of 1914) in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Comilla, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 2430.—The 15th February 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 10881, dated the 12th August 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Additional Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, as liquidator of the Kalimpong Co-operative Supply and Sale Society, Limited (district Darjeeling), I appoint the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, to be the liquidator of the said society.

No. 2431.—The 15th February 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 5927, dated the 25th April 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Additional Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, as liquidator of the Pembling Rural Co-operative Credit Society (Darjeeling), I appoint the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, as liquidator of the said society.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1594L.R.—The 15th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 109A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. J. Y. Roxburgh, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge of Tippera and Chittagong, to be a Special Judge in the district of Tippera for the purpose of hearing the appeals referred to in the said section 109A.

Tippera.
Chittagong.

No. 1708L.R.—The 17th February 1923.—Maulvi Ali Azam, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as an Assistant Settlement Officer, in the district of Khulna, is appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Nadia, with effect from the date on which he joins his settlement duties in that district.

Khulna.
Nadia.

No. 1709L.R.—The 17th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Maulvi Ali Azam, Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the districts of Nadia, Murshidabad, Burdwan, Hooghly and the 24-Parganas, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

Nadia.
Murshidabad.
Burdwan.
Hooghly.
24-Parganas.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VI, Part I of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid areas.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 1531L.A.—The 14th February 1923.—Babu Satish Chandra Upadhyaya, Sadar Subdivisional Officer, in the district of Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Khulna.

No. 1698L.A.—The 17th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of six plots of land altogether measuring, more or less, 166.7768 acres as described below, which were included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6433L.A., dated the 2nd August 1920, published at pages 1391-92, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th idem as amended by erratum No. 7748L.A., dated the 10th September 1920, and required for the Grand Trunk Canal Project in the villages of Ban Hooghly, Palpara, Nawpara, Sinthi, Garui, Digla, Kalidaha, Belgachia, Patipukur, Dakhindari, Bagjola, Kakuri, Kalipur, Shyamnagore, Kristopur, Moheshgote, Tankadari, Dapa, Moheshbatan, Baranagar, Cossipore, parganas Calcutta and Dihi Panchannagram, zilla 24-Parganas:—

24-Parganas.

BOUNDARIES.

Plot I—Block A.

North—By a line running along the south side of Sooripara lane from the river Hooghly at E. K. Munder's ghat until it meets Kamarpara Street, thence along the south and east sides of Kamarpara Street to the junction of Barada Bysack Street (formerly known as Sooripara lane).

East—By Barada Bysack Street and Bagdipara lane and by the municipal drain and the land acquired under declaration No. 6433L.A., dated the 2nd August 1922, (Grand Trunk Canal Project.)

South—By Barada Bysack Street and Bagdipara lane and a narrow lane north of Anath Asram and by the land of Nanda Lal Bosa and a drain south of the lands of Durgadas and Nanda Dalal.

West—By the river Hooghly.

Block B.

North—By Tantipara lane (*alias* Khetro Mohon Banerjee lane) and Tantipara lane thence along the east side of Tantipara lane to where it meets Behari Lal Pal's lane, thence along the south side of Behari Lal's lane to where it meets Tantipara lane, thence along the south and eastern sides of Tantipara lane to where it meets Newgipara road, thence along the south side of Newgipara road to where it meets Gopal Lal Tagore Street.

East—By Gopal Lal Tagore Street, municipal drain and a drain between the land of Niranjana Saha and a narrow lane running north and south starting a bit north of Masjid on Victoria road.

South—By a municipal drain, Muchipara lane, and a drain between the land of Niranjana Saha and a drain south of the garden of Priyanath Goor and Victoria road.

West—By Tantipara lane (*alias* Khetro Mohan Banerji lane) and Victoria road, and a municipal drain and Muchipara lane.

Block C.

North—By the eastern side of the Gopal Lal Tagore Street to where it meets Chandalpara lane and thence along the east and south sides of Chandalpara lane to where it meets the Grand Trunk road.

East—By the Grand Trunk road and Chanakuti lane.

South—By Chanakuti lane, and Gopal Lal Tagore Street.

West—By Gopal Lal Tagore Street and Chandalpara lane.

Block D.

North—By Sreemanipara lane and Victoria road.

East—By Victoria road, Sreemanipara lane and Kalupara lane.

South—By Kalupara lane.

West—By Sreemanipara lane.

Plot III.

North—By a drain south of Seal's Nainan garden and southern boundary of Seal's Nainan garden and the southern boundary of acquired land as demarcated by the boundary pillars and southern boundary of the paddy land.

East—By the western boundary of acquired land and is demarcated by the boundary pillars and a drain west of "Nikunja Kanan."

South—By Kali Charan Ghose road.

West—By the Grand Trunk Road and a eastern boundary line of Seal's Nainan garden.

Plot IV.

North—By Bamoonpara lane and village land of Palpara.

East—By Kaiberchapara lane.

South—By a municipal drain and Nawapara main road.

West—By Bamoonpara lane and a municipal drain.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Chief Engineer of the Grand Trunk Canal.

No. 1701L.A.—The 17th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, II of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 0.13 of an acre which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7197L.A., dated the 31st July 1922, published at pages 1502-03, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd August 1922, and required by the District Board of Bakarganj for the extension of a tank in the village of Shibpur, pargana Buzrug-Umedpur, zilla Bakarganj.

No. 1704 L.A.—The 17th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48(I) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 cottahs 13 chittaks and 40 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.639 of an acre, being premises No. 24-1, Karaya Road, bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 5687 L.A., dated the 9th July 1918, published at pages 1055-56, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, and was required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust for the street scheme known as scheme No. VIIIA (outer Park Street) in ward Nos. XX and XXI of the Calcutta Municipality—

Calcutta.

BOUNDARIES.

North—By premises No 21, Karaya Road.

East—By Meher Ali Lane.

South—By premises No. 24, Karaya Road.

West—By premises Nos. 23 and 23-1, Karaya Road.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1555 L.A.—The 14th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the protection of the grave of Mary Charlotte Mackey, in mauza Rauhabari, pargana Ishapshahi, zilla Pabna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.015 of an acre, bounded on all sides by the land of Hem Chandra Choudhury, is required within the aforesaid village of Rauhabari.

This declaration is made, under the provision of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Sirajganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1652 L.A.—The 16th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the diversion channel of Kolatola khal in the 24th mile of Damodar Right Embankment Schedule D, No. 37, in the village of Ramchandrapur, pargana Arsa, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 10 bighas 6 chittaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 3.312 acres, bounded on the—

Howrah.

BLOCK No. 1 :

North—By land of Harimohon Mitra and others,

East—By Damodar Right Embankment Schedule D., No. 37,

South and West—By land of Harimohon Mitra and others and Kolatala Khal,

BLOCK No. 2 :

North—By land of Harimohan Mitra and others and river Damodar,

East—By river Damodar,

South—By land of Harimohon Mitra and others,

West—By Damodar Right Embankment Schedule D, No. 37,

are required within the aforesaid village of Ramchandrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1653 L.A.—The 16th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Midnapore for a public purpose, viz., for the proposed patients' shed of Pingla dispensary, in the village of Pingla, pargana Sabong, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.12 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By portion of settlement plot No. 632,

East—By portion of settlement plot No. 632 and portion of path between plots Nos. 632 and 2722,

South—By portion of settlement plots Nos. 632 and 631,

West—By portion of settlement plot No. 631,

is required within the aforesaid village of Pingla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Midnapore.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1656 L.A.—The 16th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the English Bazar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for maintaining the Pandit Ghat Road in mauza Makdumpur, pargana Bhatia Gopalpur, zilla Malda, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .159 of an acre bounded on the—

North—By Musalmanpara Ghat Road,

East—By garden of Suruffuddin Khalifa and municipal kuchha drain,

South—By Kamarpara Ghat Road,

West—By garden of Hiralal Das,

is required within the aforesaid mauza of Makdumpur.

This declaration is made, under the provision of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Malda.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1657 L.A.—The 16th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bakarganj for a public purpose, viz., for excavation of a tank at Mrizakalu, in the village of Nijkhamar, pargana Dakhin Shahabazpur, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.14 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining land of Asrabali and others (cadastral survey plot No. 244),

East—By the remaining land of Asrabali and others and the remaining land of Bhagaban Bhuimali (cadastral survey plot No. 263), and the remaining land of Amodali and others (cadastral survey plot No. 262),

South—By the District Board road to Tazumuddi,

West—By a village (road settlement plot No. 269),

is required within the aforesaid village of Nijkhamar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Bhola.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1707 L.A.—The 17th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the King Edward Memorial Research Institute in connection with the School of Tropical Medicine, in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 cottahs and 18 square feet of standard measurement, bounded on the—

North—By premises Nos. 55-1 and 52, Calcutola Street,

East—By premises No. 52, Calcutola Street,

South—By Calcutola Street,

West—By Municipal passage,

is required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, Calcutta, Nos. 2 and 3, Commercial Buildings.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1716 L.A.—The 17th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the union board, Baherak, for a public purpose, viz., for a road at Baherak, in the villages of Baherak and Beherpara, parganas Bikrampur and Rajnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 248 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 4, 3 and 1 of mauza Beherpara and No. 722 of mauza Baherak,

East—By the Brahmaputra river,

South—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 5 and 6 and remaining portion of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 7 and 2 of mauza Beherpara and plot No. 722 of mauza Baherak,

West—By the District Board road,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Baherak and Beherpara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Munshiganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1728 L.A.—The 19th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the latrines of the Hindu Hostel for the Rajshahi College in the village of Dargapara, pargana Lashkarpur, zilla Rajshahi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.22 of an acre, being settlement plots Nos. 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823 and 824 of the said mauza is required within the aforesaid village of Dargapara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector, Rajshahi.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1729 L.A.—The 19th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Khulna for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of medical officers' quarters at Rampal, in the village of Rampal, pargana Hogla, zilla Khulna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of

land measuring, more or less, 1 bigha 3 cottahs and 2 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to .38 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By Shynma Charan Patny's land,

East—By Bagerhat-Chandpie Road,

South—By Kedar Bairagi's land,

West—By khal,

is required within the aforesaid village of Rampal.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Bagerhat.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1731 L.A.—The 19th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the municipal coolies' shed in the village of Jamalkhan, thana Kotwali, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .03 of an acre, bounded on the—

Chittagong.

North and West—By cadastral survey plot No. 6,

East—By the Jamalkhan road, and

South—By the remaining portion of cadastral survey plot No. 129,

is required within the aforesaid village of Jamalkhan.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1732 L.A.—The 19th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the widening of Gopal Banerjee's Lane, in the village of Ramkristopur, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 31½ square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to .0007 of an acre, bounded on the—

Howrah.

North and West—By Gopal Banerjee's Lane,

East—By land of Babu Ashutosh Basu, and

South—By *roak*, passage and land of Batokristo Bid,

is required within the aforesaid village of Ramkristopur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1733 L.A.—The 19th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Howrah for a public purpose, viz., for excavation of a tank to the west of the Mohiary charitable dispensary, in the village of Doree Mohiaree, Part 4th, Chutoorbhooja Katee, pargana Arsa, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 bighas 7 cottahs 2 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to .1179 of an acre, bounded on the—

Howrah.

North—By Hari Charan Dalai's house,

East—By the land of Mohiary charitable dispensary,

South—By Ananda Dham's building,

West—By the lands of Nilmani Dass and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Doree Mohiaree, Part 4th, Chutoorbhooja Katee.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN, 

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1734 L.A.—The 19th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Midnapore District Board for a public purpose, viz., for the Chandrakona inspection bungalow in the village of Raghunathgarh, pargana Chandrakona, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.41 acres, bounded on the—

North—By a portion of cadastral survey plot No. 45,

East—By a portion of cadastral survey plot No. 219,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 67 and 64 and by portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 65 and 59,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 59,

is required within the aforesaid village of Raghunathgarh.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector of Ghatal.

M. C. MCALPIN, 

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 1489 L.A.—The 13th February 1923.—In line 7 of declaration No. 7626 L.A., dated the 25th August 1921, published at page 1439, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st idem, in respect of the acquisition of the land required for the extension of the Palta Water Works in the villages of Maniram-pore, Nayabustee and Dhitara, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, for figures and words "146.9752 acres," read "142.0827 acres."

No. 1528 L.A.—The 14th February 1923.—In line 7 of declaration No. 5086 L.A., dated the 24th June 1921, published at pages 1078-79, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, in respect of land required by the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for brick burning in the villages of Gokulpur and Benasol, pargana Dharendra, district Midnapore, for "32.52 acres" read "32.95 acres."

No. 1556 L.A.—The 14th February 1923.—In line 6 of declaration No. 4680 L.A., dated the 11th June 1921, published at page 1003, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 15th idem, in respect of land required by the East Indian Railway Company for the Nulla diversion at mile 2 of the Rajgan assisted siding off the loop line, for "Rajshahi" read "Kumarprotap."

M. C. MCALPIN, 

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 3 For.—The 5th February 1923.—Babu Priya Nath Sarkar, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, is allowed leave on average pay for eighteen days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th November 1922.

No. 4 For.—The 5th February 1923.—Mr. T. M. Coffey, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is allowed leave on average pay for sixteen days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th November 1922.

No. 6 For.—The 10th February 1923.—Mr. F. J. A. Hart, Deputy Conservator of Forests, in charge of the South Borojhor Range, Buxa Division, is attached to that division with headquarters at Rajabhatkhawa, with effect from the 30th January 1923.

R. C. MILWARD, 

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 10th February 1923.

No. 942A.—Mr. R. W. A. Ashe, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector exercising the powers of a munsif at Kalimpong, in the district of Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Kalimpong subdivision.

The 12th February 1923.

No. 1034A.—Babu Gopaldas Ghosh, officiating Subordinate Judge of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Midnapore.

No. 1035A.—Babu Mahendra Nath Das, officiating Subordinate Judge of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Faridpur.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL AND CRIMINAL.

The 9th February 1923.

THE following Rules having been framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal and approved by the Governor-General in Council, under section 107 of the Government of India Act, are published for general information.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

(Civil.)

RULE NO. OF 1923.

I. *Insert* the following as clause (d) of sub-rule (7) of Rule 6, Chapter VI, at page 161, Volume I, of the Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Civil :—

"(d) In cases in which Government is a party and a second opinion of a Finger Print Expert is demanded by Government, no fee will be charged except the actual cost of any photographs that the Deputy Director of the Intelligence Bureau, Home Department, Government of India, may consider necessary. In cases where a private party demands a second opinion, a fee of Rs. 30 shall be charged *plus* the cost of photographs (approximately Rs. 20) should the Deputy Director consider photos to be necessary. If in such cases personal attendance of any expert in court is necessary, the private party demanding the opinion shall also pay the travelling allowances of the expert at the rates laid down in the Government travelling allowance rules".

II. *Insert* the following as "Note 7" to Rule 5 (i), Chapter IX, at page 188, *ibid* :—

"Note 7.—All fees realised in connection with the second opinion of a Finger Print Expert under rule 6 (7) (d) Chapter VI, shall be credited to Government, excepting the travelling allowances which shall be made over to the expert. As the fees realised are creditable to the Central Government, full particulars of the credit should be furnished in the *challans* with which the money is sent to the Treasury to enable the Treasury Officer to credit it in distinct items in the cash account."

III. *Renumber* the existing "Note 7" to Rule 5 (i), Chapter IX, *ibid*, as "Note 8."

IV. *Insert* the following as "Note 5" at the foot of Form No. (M) 161, at page 224, Volume II, *ibid* :—

"Note 5.—When the personal attendance of a Finger Print Expert of the Intelligence Bureau of the Home Department of the Government of India is required to give evidence in a private case where a second opinion of the expert is necessary, all fees realised in this connection, excepting the travelling allowances which shall be made over to the expert, shall be credited to Government. As the fees realised are creditable to the Central Government, full particulars of the credit should be furnished in the *challans* with which the money is sent to the Treasury to enable the Treasury Officer to credit it in distinct items in the cash account."

(Criminal.)

RULE NO. OF 1923.

I. *Insert* the following after Rule 11, Chapter VI, at page 124, Volume I, of the Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Criminal :—

" Fees of Finger Print Expert.

11A. In cases where the opinion of the local Finger Print Expert is disputed and in which Government is a party and a second opinion is demanded by Government, no fee will be charged except the actual cost of any photographs that the Deputy Director of the Intelligence Bureau, Home Department, Government of India, may consider necessary. In cases where private parties are concerned and such parties demand a second opinion a fee of Rs. 30 shall be charged *plus* the cost of photographs (approximately Rs. 20) should the Deputy Director consider photos to be necessary. If in such cases personal attendance of any expert in court is necessary, the private party demanding the opinion shall also pay the travelling allowances of the expert at the rate laid down in Government travelling allowance rules."

11. *Insert* the following as " Note 2 " to Rule 5 (i), Chapter VIII (revised), *ibid* :—

" Note 2.—All fees realised in connection with the demand for a second opinion of a Finger Print Expert under Rule 11A, Chapter VI, shall be credited to Government, excepting the travelling allowances which shall be made over to the expert. As the fees realised are creditable to the Central Government, full particulars of the credit should be furnished in the *challans* with which the money is sent to the Treasury to enable the Treasury Officer to credit it in distinct items in the cash account."

III. *Renumber* the existing " Note 2 " to Rule 5 (i), Chapter VIII, *ibid*, as " Note 3."

IV. *Insert* the following as " Note 4 " at the foot of Form No. (M) 94, page 145, Volume II, *ibid* :—

" Note 4.—When the personal attendance of a Finger Print Expert of the Intelligence Bureau of the Home Department of the Government of India is required to give evidence in a private case where a second opinion of the expert is necessary, all fees realised in this connection, excepting the travelling allowances which shall be made over to the expert, shall be credited to Government. As the fees realised are creditable to the Central Government, full particulars of the credit should be furnished in the *challans* with which the money is sent to the Treasury to enable the Treasury Officer to credit it in distinct items in the cash account."

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 425J.G.—Babu Bijoy Krishna Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, Serampore, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (on account of privilege leave at credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from 15th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 10th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 484R.G.—Babu Sourendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Meherpur subdivision of the district of Nadia.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 10th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 510J.G.—Babu Bhudeb Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Burdwan Sadar.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 13th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 515J.G.—Babu Harendra Chandra Barori, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to Bankura as Circle Officer of Sonamukhi in that district, *vice* Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, on leave.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 13th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 526J.G.—Babu Makhan Lal Banerjee, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Pingla circle, in the district of Midnapore, is transferred to Contai and is appointed Circle Officer, Contai circle, in that district.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 15th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 688J.—Babu Atal Bihari Gosain, Sub-Deputy Collector of Patuakhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for nineteen days, with effect from the 12th February 1923, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 17th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 601J.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen are appointed to be non-official visitors of the sub-jail at Kurigram in the district of Rangpur for the periods mentioned against their names:—

- | | | |
|--|-----|-----------------------|
| 1. Babu Jogesh Chandra Sarkar, M.L.C., Rangpur | ... | For the period of his |
| | | Membership of the |
| | | Bengal Legislative |
| | | Council. |
| 2. Rai Sahib Jogesh Chandra Rai | ... | } For two years. |
| 3. Babu Jogesh Chandra Rai Chaudhuri | ... | |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 806J.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen are appointed to be non-official visitors of the sub-jail at Gaibandha in the district of Rangpur for the periods mentioned against their names:—

- | | | |
|--|-----|-------------------------|
| 1. Maulvi Hamid-ud-din Khan, M.L.C. | ... | { For the period of his |
| | | |
| | | Legislative Council. |
| 2. Khan Sahib Maulvi Md. Abdul Majid | ... | } For two years. |
| 3. Babu Abinash Chandra Ghose, Circle Officer,
Tagore Estate, Kaliganj. | ... | |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 896J.—In modification of this office notification No. 1197Jct., dated the 28th October 1921, it is hereby notified for general information that the following persons are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Rangpur district jail for the periods mentioned against their names:—

- | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------------|
| 1. Rai Sahib Panchanan Barma, M.B.E., M.L.C. | ... | { For the period of their |
| | | |
| | | Bengal Legislative |
| | | Council. |
| 2. Babu Jogesh Chandra Sarkar, M.L.C. | ... | } For two years. |
| 3. Maulvi Shah Abdul Rauf, M.L.C. | ... | |
| 4. The Chairman, District Board | ... | |
| 5. Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharji | ... | |
| | ... | |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 611J.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following persons are appointed to be non-official visitors of the sub-jail at Nilphamari in the district of Rangpur for the periods mentioned against their names :—

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Maulvi Shah Abdur Rauf, M.L.C., Rangpur | ... For the period of his Membership of the Bengal Legislative Council. |
| 3. Munshi Jasimuddin Chandhury | ... } For two years. |
| 3. Mr. B. S. Corbet, Saidpur | ... } |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 12th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 612J.—It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Kshirode Chandra Sen is appointed to be a non-official visitor of the Madaripur Sub-Jail in the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Rash Behari Bose, deceased.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 12th February 1923.*

ERRATUM.

No. 655J.—In paragraph 2 of this office notification No. 488J., dated the 2nd February 1923, published at pages 183-184 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 7th February 1923, for "Mrs. L. C. Starrock" *read* "Mrs. L. C. Sturrock" against the Madaripur sub-jail.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 15th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 154M.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the last general election held on the 5th February 1923 in the Baidyabati municipality in the district of Hooghly, the following gentlemen have been duly elected Commissioners of that municipality :—

Ward No.	Name of Commissioners.
I	... { 1. Babu Mahadeb Laha. 2. „ Fanindra Nath Ghosal.
II	... { 3. Babu Nirmal Chandra Ghosh, B.L. 4. „ Kailash Chandra Ghosal.
III	... { 5. Babu Mankundan Day. 6. „ Jotindra Nath Sen, L.M.S.
IV	... { 7. Babu Nirmal Chandra Mukharjee. 8. „ Anil Baudhab Mukharjee.

H. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 12th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 29M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 7th April 1923, has been fixed as the date for holding a bye-election in Ward No. VI of the Gobardanga Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to elect a Commissioner for that ward, in place of Babu Kisori Mohan Bose, deceased.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 16th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 652J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, I have accorded my approval to the election by the members of the Sadar local board, in the district of Bakarganj, of Babu Debi Charan Roy Choudhury to be their Chairman.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 15th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 181L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 19 (1) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, Babu Saradindu Narayan Ray has been duly elected by the Kandi local board to be a member of the Mu. shidabad District Board, in place of Raja Manindra Chandra Sinha, M.B.E., deceased.

J. LANG, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 17th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 398L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Nalin Chandra Chakravarty has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. 1 of the Chingra union board in Khanakul police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Parash Chandra Roy, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 15th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 387L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sachi Dulal Ghose has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member for ward No. III of the Pandngram union board in Ketugram police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Gnanendra Nath Hazra, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COM MR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 433L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Syed Wahidunnabi has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member for ward No. I of the Ghattore union board in Labpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Maulvi Syed Muhammad Ali, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 16th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 703J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Munshi Januruddin Sarkar has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of the Laskar-Chala union board, in Kaliakoir police-station, in the Sadar (north) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Annada Prasad Chanda, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 17th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 396M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B. C.) of 1908, the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Bogra District Board :—

Local Board by which elected.	Names of members.
West Bogra Local Board ...	1. Syed Abu Mahammad Musharaff Hossain Chaudhuri.
	2. Babu Nalin Chandra Chakrabarti.
	3. „ Kumud Nath Das.
	4. „ Surendra Nath Chaudhuri.
	5. „ Jogendra Chandra Chaudhuri. c
	6. „ Aswini Kumar Saha.
	7. „ Nagendra Nath Sarkar.
East Bogra Local Board ...	1. Babu Jitendra Mohan Maitra.
	2. Maulvi Khandkar Abdul Majid.
	3. Munshi Rabiulla Pramanik.
	4. „ Nasimazzaman Talukdar.
	5. „ Jahir Uddin Tarafdar.

The following gentlemen are appointed members of the said Board under section 7 of the Act :—

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. The Hon'ble Mr. Altaf Ali. | |
| 2. Khan Sahib Saiyid Reazuddin Kazi. | |
| 3. The Superintendent of Police, Bogra | ... } <i>Ex officio.</i> c. |
| 4. The Civil Surgeon, Bogra | ... } |
| 5. The Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Bogra | ... } |
| 6. Babu Suresh Charan Sen. | |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 12th February 1923.

ERRATUM.

No. 381L.S.-G.—In this office notification No. 2782L.S.-G., dated the 18th November 1922, published at page 2124, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 29th idem, regarding the appointment of members of the managing committee of the Bhatar charitable dispensary, for No. 3 “The Circle Officer, Sadar” read “The Circle Officer, Galsi”.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 607J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 23 of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Upendra Nath Mukherjee is appointed to be a member of the committee for management of the charitable dispensary at Gopalganj, in the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Keshab Lal Ghosh.

A. N. MORERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DAUGA DIVN., DAUGA, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 170M.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20(b) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Arambagh in the district of Hooghly :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Arambagh | ... | ... | |
| 2. The Senior Munsif, Arambagh | ... | ... | |
| 3. The Medical Officer in charge of the Arambagh subdivision | ... | ... | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| 4. Maulvi Mowla Buksh. | | | |
| 5. Babu Surja Kumar Majumdar. | | | |
| 6. „ Satyendra Narain Adhya. | | | |
| 7. „ Tirtha Pada Roy. | | | |
| 8. „ Aghore Nath Sahana. | | | |
| 9. „ Pravakar Mukherjee. | | | |
| 10. „ Navagopal Basu. | | | |

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 15th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 628J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (b) of the manual of rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the dispensary at Alipur Duar in the district of Jalpaiguri :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Alipur Duar | ... | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Khas Tahsildar, Alipur Duar | ... | ... | |
| 3. The Inspector of Police, Alipur Duar | ... | ... | |
| 4. The Supervisor, District Board | ... | ... | |
| 5. The Medical Officer of the Indian Tea Association | ... | ... | |
| 6. Babu Pachanan Biswas. | | | |
| 7. " Govinda Sundar Bhowmick. | | | |
| 8. " Upendra Nath Majumdar. | | | |
| 9. " Ram Ratan Agarwalla. | | | |
| 10. " Ashkaram Ashawal. | | | |
| 11. Munshi Hematulla Mia. | | | |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 15th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 653J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at English Bazar, in the district of Malda :—

1. Babu Nani Gopal Mukherjee, *vice* Babu Kumud Kanta Sen, transferred.
2. Maulvi Manzur Ahmed Choudhuri, *vice* Maulvi Khondkar Ali Taib, transferred.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 17th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 563G.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to the Commissioners of the Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a new public ferry to be known as "Dhanikunda Ferry" in villages Dhanikunda and Saldhar in thana Parasuram, near the new market within the jurisdiction of Feni subdivision, in the district of Noakhali, over the Muhari river.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Government of Bengal notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the district fund of Noakhali, with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 566G.-VI-25.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a public ferry to be known as Mohendra Ghona Ferry over the Mohendra Ghona khal just to the north side of the Noakhali town in the district of Noakhali.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Government of Bengal notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Noakhali with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 560G.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 2403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a new public ferry to be known as "Kachhapia Ferry" from Noakhali ferry ghat to Char Kachhapia in char Jubilee in thana Sudharam in the district of Noakhali over the Meghna river.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Government of Bengal notification No. 217L.S.-G. of the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and the compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the district fund of Noakhali with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 130L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers delegated to me by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, I do hereby sanction, under section 6, clause (c) of Bengal Ferries Act, I (B.C.) of 1885, the establishment of a ferry over the Gazir khal on the Gazirhat to Salimpur Kachary Road, in the district of Khulna, and declare it to be a public ferry under clause (a) of the said section.

2. In exercise of the powers delegated to me by the Bengal Government notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, I also direct, under section 35 of the aforesaid Act, that the abovementioned ferry shall be managed by the District Board of Khulna and that all the proceeds of the said ferry and all the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof shall be paid into the District Fund.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 17th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th January 1923, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 24th January 1923.

No. F-1733.—The following rule, which has been made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal under section 112 of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909), in supersession of rule 169 of the rules published in the Home Department notification No. 44, dated the 13th January 1910, has been sanctioned by the Governor General in Council under section 113 of the said Act, and is hereby published in pursuance of section 114 thereof :—

169. The Official Assignee shall invest all sums to the credit of Insolvent's estate as may not be required for the immediate payment of costs, expenses or dividends in the purchase of Government Promissory Notes, Bonds or Treasury Bills or in the Imperial Bank of India on fixed deposit receipt and forthwith deposit such Notes, Bonds, Bills or receipts with the Bank to the credit of such estate.

H. TONKINSON,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th February 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 10th February 1923.

No. 907.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea, or by land, into British India of any copy of any publications issued by the "Red International of Labour Unions," wherever and in whatever language they may be printed.

No. 934.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea, or by land, into British India of any copy of the book entitled "Economics and the problem of national revolutions in the countries of the Near and Far East" published by Sultan-Zade at Soviet State Publishing Office (Gosizdatelstvo), Moscow.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

Delhi, the 3rd February 1923.

No. 796.—The Government of India have decided to appoint a Committee to consider what measures can usefully be taken to further the objects of the Resolution moved by Sir Sivaswami Aiyar on January 12th, 1922 and adopted by the Legislative Assembly.

2. The following gentlemen have agreed to serve on the Committee :—

President :

Captain E. J. Headlam, C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.-C., R.I.M., Director, Royal Indian Marine.

Members :

The Hon'ble Sir Arthur H. Froom, Kt., J.P., Partner, Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Company.

The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., Board of Directors, Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

Jadu Nath Roy, Esquire, Bengal National Chamber of Commerce.

Professor Sir John Biles, K.C.I.E., LL.D., D.Sc., Consulting Naval Architect to the India Office.

Rao Bahadur Tiruvenkata Rangachariar, M.L.A.

(Sir John Biles will arrive in India about the beginning of February.)

3. Mr. J. H. Green of the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, has been appointed Secretary to the Committee.

4. The Committee will assemble at Delhi in the first half of February and will subsequently visit the ports of Calcutta, Bombay and possibly Madras, Rangoon and Karachi. It will, however, submit its report to the Government of India at the earliest possible date. The terms of reference to the Committee are attached.

5. Various Associations and individuals will be invited, either directly by the Committee or through Local Governments, to forward their views in writing. Other Associations or individuals wishing to represent their views should apply to the Secretary, Indian Mercantile Marine Committee, Delhi, who will furnish them with a list of questions to which answers are required. The Committee will decide, after a perusal of the written replies, which witnesses will be examined orally.

6. The Government of India trust that Local Governments, and Administrations will afford the Committee all the assistance which it may require and will comply with any request for information which may be addressed to them by it.

Terms of Reference.

To consider what measures can usefully be taken—

(1) for the liberal recruitment of Indians as Deck or Executive Officers and Engineers in the Royal Indian Marine ;

(2) for the establishment of a Nautical College in Indian waters for the purpose of training Executive Officers and Engineers of ships ;

(3) for ensuring the entertainment of Indian apprentices for training as such Officers and Engineers, in the ships owned by Shipping firms that enjoy any subsidy or other benefits from Government on any account, and for the creation of an adequate number of State scholarships for providing instruction in the Nautical Colleges and training ships in England, pending the formation of a Nautical College in India ;

(4) for the encouragement of shipbuilding and of the growth of an Indian Mercantile Marine by a system of bounties, subsidies and such other measures as have been adopted in Japan ;

(5) for the acquisition of training ships by gift from the Imperial Government or otherwise ; and

(6) for the construction of the necessary dockyards and engineering workshops in one or more ports.

ORDERED:—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be communicated to all Maritime Local Governments, the Marine Department and the Department of Industries and to the Secretary, Indian Mercantile Marine Committee.

Ordered also, that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 16th February 1923.

PART B.

Resignations.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 254.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

1st Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Captain W. G. Burn, O.B.E., V.D. Dated 10th January 1923.

Lieutenant C. F. Satow. Dated 8th January 1923.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Orders by the Commissioner of Income Tax, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 8285C.T.—*The 16th February 1923.*—Mr. Sailesh Chandra Gupta, B.A., F.C.I., son of the late Mr. Sarat Chandra Gupta, Honorary Magistrate, Dacca, is appointed to be an Assistant Income Tax Officer, on probation, with effect from 15th February 1923.

E. N. BLANDY,

Commissioner of Income Tax, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1730 For.—The 19th February 1923.—The following regulations are republished for general information.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Regulations for the appointment, in India, of probationers for the Imperial Forest Service in 1923.

Applications are invited from natives* of India and Burma for probationerships for the Imperial Forest Service. Candidates of European or Anglo-Indian descent must be unmarried and, if appointed as probationers, must remain unmarried until completion of the prescribed course of training and their return to India.

2. Applicants, who should not be more than 23, nor less than 19, years of age on 30th June 1923, must possess an *Honours*, or a first class, degree in Science of a University incorporated by law in British India.

3. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application through persons of influence will disqualify him for appointment. Testimonials or other recommendations should not be attached to the applications.

4. Applications from officers already in the public service, whether as probationers or on a permanent establishment, will not be entertained.

5. Applications from residents in Ajmer, Baluchistan, Coorg, Delhi and North West Frontier Province should be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, through the Chief Commissioners of those Administrations, and from residents in Indian States through the Political Officer or Agent *in time to reach the Government of India not later than the 1st May 1923*. Applications from residents in other territories should be addressed to the Revenue Secretary of the local Government concerned *in time to reach him not later than the 1st May 1923*. The applications must be in the form attached to these regulations. Copies of the regulations and of the forms of application may be obtained from the Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agriculture Department; the Revenue Secretaries to the Governments of Bombay, Madras, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Burma, Central Provinces, the Punjab, the United Provinces; the Chief Commissioners of Ajmer, Coorg and Delhi; the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General in the North-West Frontier Province; the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan and Political Officers of Indian States.

6. Applications must be accompanied by a preliminary medical certificate of fitness for service in the Forest Department, signed by a Presidency Surgeon or the Civil Surgeon of the district or agency in which the applicant resides. This certificate is intended to prevent applications from candidates who are obviously physically unsuited for the Forest Service and will not exempt candidates from appearance before the final Medical Board.

7. Candidates who from their applications and from any further enquiries that may be considered necessary appear to the Government of India or to the local Government concerned to be *prima facie* suitable will be summoned to appear before a Medical Board to undergo a strict medical examination in which particular stress will be laid on good vision and hearing. If passed as fit for the work of the Forest Department, they will then be interviewed by a Selection Board appointed by the Government of India or by the local Government concerned as the case may be.

8. Candidates summoned by the Government of India to appear for the medical examination and interview referred to in paragraph 7 will not be paid any travelling allowance.

Candidates summoned by local Governments for similar purposes may be paid travelling allowance under such conditions and at such rates as the local Government concerned may specify.

No allowance for board and lodging will be made in connection with journeys mentioned above and candidates must make their own arrangements in this respect.

9. Those finally selected as a result of the interview prescribed in paragraph 7 will be appointed as probationers for the Indian Forest Service; they will be required to leave for England early in September and, subject to their undergoing satisfactorily, as described below, a course in Forestry and allied subjects in England, will be appointed finally as Assistant Conservators of Forests. Candidates selected for training will be provided with second class passages to England, *but the cost of travelling to the port of embarkation will not be paid*.

* "Native of India" means any person born and domiciled within the dominions of His Majesty in India or within the territory of the Indian Princes tributary to, or in alliance with, His Majesty of parents habitually resident in India and not established there for temporary purposes only.

10. *Period of probation.*—Before appointment to the Imperial Forest Service a probationer will be required—

- (1) to have undergone and qualified in, to an extent to be prescribed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the course of Forestry at such University as the Secretary of State may prescribe;
- (2) to have undergone a special course of instruction in Forestry under the direction and supervision of the Director of Indian Forest Studies;
- (3) to have passed an examination in forest engineering and, if required in certain other special subjects, namely, systematic Botany of Indian trees, Indian Geology, Forest Law and Indian Working Plans;
- (4) to have undergone a final competitive examination in Forestry;
- (5) to have satisfied the Secretary of State, in such manner as may be determined, of his ability to ride.

The period of probation is, in ordinary cases, two years. The Director of Indian Forest Studies instructs probationers in each case as to the order and manner in which they should fulfil these various requirements.

11. *Charges.*—Probationers will be required to defray all expenses of lodging, board, tuition and excursions to forest centres in the United Kingdom while at the University and on practical instruction.

12. *Allowances.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council makes payment to each probationer at the rate of £ 350* per annum, not exceeding a total of £700.

These payments are ordinarily made on the following dates :—

First year—

on the 15th October	...	75
on the 15th December	...	100
on the 15th March	...	75
on the 1st July	...	100
		<hr/> 350 <hr/>

Second year—

on the 15th December	...	100
on the 15th March	...	75
on the 1st July	...	100
on the 15th October	...	75
		<hr/> 350 <hr/>

The cases of probationers whose probation does not extend over the full period of two years will be specially considered.

For tours made on the Continent, under the instructions of the Director of Forest Studies, subsistence and travelling allowance will be paid by the Secretary of State for India in Council at such rates as he may from time to time fix. The fees of the local forest officials, at the centres visited will also be paid by the Secretary of State.

The grant of allowances is subject to the following conditions :—

- (a) that the progress of the probationer in his studies is satisfactory;
- (b) that the probationer gives security† to refund the payments in the event of his failing to qualify for an appointment in the Indian Forest Service, or not signing the articles of agreement as specified in paragraph 15 or failing to join the Indian Forest Service at the end of the period of probation.
- (c) that the probationer undertakes to refund in proportions fixed under the terms of his agreement, the payments, together with the cost of his first-class passage to India, in the event of his leaving the Service during the first 5 years* from the date of his appointment.

13. *Conduct.*—Every probationer is required to conduct himself during the period of probation in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State and to give evidence of satisfactory progress in his studies in such a manner as may be required, failing which, or in the event of serious misconduct, he is liable to have his name removed from the list of probationers.

14. *Appointment and seniority.*—Probationers who comply with the requirements of paragraph 10 within the sanctioned period of time, and also satisfy such other tests as may be prescribed, are appointed Assistant Conservators in the Indian Forest Department, provided they are of sound constitution and free from physical defects which would render them unsuitable for employment in the Indian Forest Service. No probationers will be confirmed as a member of the Imperial Forest Service who fails to profit by the course of training, or who appears, in the light of the experience acquired as to his capacity and qualifications during the probationary period, to be unsuited for the work of a forest officer.

* The Secretary of State for India gives notice that the amount of these allowances will be reconsidered in 1928 with a view to possible reduction with effect from the instalment payable in October 1924.

† Probationers will be required to give security to the Local Government or Political Officer, through whom they submitted their applications. If this condition is not satisfied, they will not be permitted to leave for England.

The position of the Assistant Conservators in the Provincial Forest Lists is determined by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the report of the Director of Indian Forest Studies. Officers promoted from the Provincial to the Imperial Service will take rank according to their pay in the latter service. Probationers recruited under these regulations must consequently be prepared to find their names placed below those of officers promoted from the Provincial Service.

Probationers are allowed at the end of the period of probation to state their preference in respect to the province to which they desire to be allotted; but the distribution is made to the several provinces according to the needs of the public service, at the discretion of the Secretary of State for India in Council and no guarantee can be given that probationers will, on appointment, be posted to their own provinces. Indians will not, however, be required to serve in Burma and Burmans will not be required to serve in India.

Officers are at all times liable to be transferred from one province to another at the pleasure of the Government of India.

15. *Articles of agreement.*—A probationer is required, on qualifying for appointment as Assistant Conservator, to sign articles of agreement; setting forth the terms and conditions of his appointment; he must embark for India when required to do so by the Secretary of State. Failure to embark at the stated time will, in the absence of satisfactory explanation, lead to forfeiture of appointment.

16. *Passage to India.*—Each probationer on appointment to the Indian Forest Service is provided with a free first-class passage to India.

17. *Salary.*—The scale of pay and allowances in force for officers of Indian domicile is given in Appendix II to these regulations.

18. *Promotion and pension.*—Promotion and pension are governed by the regulations laid down by the Secretary of State for India in Council, and applicable to forest officers, such regulations being subject to any modifications or alterations which may be made in them from time to time by him and their interpretation in case of any doubt arising being left to that authority.

Certain information regarding appointments in the upper controlling staff of the Indian Forest Service will be found in Appendix II, and a summary of information regarding pensions is contained in Appendix III.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX I.

Final Examination.

1. With a view to the allocation of the annual Currie Scholarship for Indian Forest Students (value about £35), and to facilitate the allotment of probationers to the several provinces in accordance with paragraph 14 of the regulations as to appointments in the Indian Forest Service, probationers who have completed their prescribed course of training are required to undergo a competitive final examination in Forestry.

2. A list of the probationers in order of merit is prepared by adding together (a) the marks obtained at the final examination, and (b) the marks obtained during the course of practical training in forestry under the control of the Director of Indian Forest Studies. The maximum of marks obtainable under (a) is the same as under (b).

3. The final examination consists of an oral examination and three or more papers, as follows:—

(i) One or more papers in Sylviculture, Forest Protection (including Forest Botany and Forest Entomology), and Forest Utilization (including Forest Engineering).

(ii) One or more papers in Forest Management, Forest Mensuration, Forest Valuation, and Forest Administration.

(iii) A paper in General Forestry (Practical) dealing with the work done and with the forests visited during the course of practical training.

4. Probationers are not required to pay any fee for the examination.

APPENDIX II.

List of appointments open to members of the Imperial Branch of the Indian Forest Service recruited in India in 1923.

NOTE.—This list is liable to alteration at any time.

Appointment.		Salary.
(a)	1 Inspector-General of Forests	Rs. 3,250 a month.
(b)	1 Assistant Inspector-General of Forests.	
(c)	7 Chief Conservators (Bombay, Madras, United Provinces, Punjab, Burma, Central Provinces and President, Forest Research Institute and College).	Commencing at Rs. 2,500 and rising by annual increments of Rs. 125 to Rs. 2,750 a month.
(d)	36 Conservators	Commencing at Rs. 1,750 and rising by annual increments of Rs. 100 to Rs. 2,150 a month.
(e)	308 Deputy and Assistant Conservators.	Rs. 325 a month, rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 a month to Rs. 725 a month in the 9th year; thereafter Rs. 800 in the 10th year rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 900 in the 12th and 13th years and Rs. 1,350 in the 22nd year; no officer to draw more than Rs. 725 a month until he is declared by the Local Government to be fit to hold one of the heaviest major charges in the province in which he is serving.
Total	353	

Probationers trained in the United Kingdom will, on appointment to the Indian Forest Service as Assistant Conservators, draw pay from the date on which they report their arrival in India.

APPENDIX III.

PENSION.

Ordinary Pension.

(1) Imperial officers of the Forest Department will be allowed to retire optionally after 20 or more years' service, and in that event they will ordinarily be entitled to draw pension not exceeding 30-sixtieths of average emoluments, subject to the following maxima :—

Rs.	
4,000	a year after 20 years' completed service.
5,000	" 25 " "
5,200	" 26 " "
5,400	" 27 " "
5,600	" 28 " "
5,800	" 29 " "
6,000	" 30 " "

(2) Government will have an absolute right to retire any officer after he has completed 25 years' service without necessity to give reasons and without any claim for compensation in addition to pension, and in that event the pension admissible to the officer will ordinarily be regulated on a scale not exceeding that prescribed in clause (1) above, in the case of optional retirements of officers of the service to which he belongs.

(3) Government reserve an absolute right to reduce the pension ordinarily admissible, in the case of any officer whose service has been unsatisfactory.

(4) The payment, out of India, of pension granted in rupees will continue to be regulated by the provisions of Article 934 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Special Additional Pensions.

(5) The existing lists of special appointments have been classified in two grades, as shown in the schedule annexed, the lower grade comprising those posts which involved high but intermediate responsibility, the higher consisting of those which require a marked degree of independent administrative and professional capacity.

(6) Officers who have held appointments listed in the lower grade in the schedule will be entitled to an additional pension at the rate of Rs. 300 a year for each completed year of effective service in any appointment included in that grade, provided that no

officer may draw an additional pension in excess of Rs. 1,500 in respect of service classed in the lower grade.

(7) Officers who have held appointments listed in the upper grade in the schedule will be entitled to an additional pension of Rs. 500 a year for each completed year of effective service in any appointment included in that grade, provided that no officer may draw an additional pension in excess of Rs. 2,500 in respect of service rendered in the lower and upper grades combined or in the upper grade alone.

(8) These additional pensions will be awarded, as in the past, only to officers who have given proof of special energy and efficiency. The existing restriction in Article 475, Civil Service Regulations, against the award of additional pensions to officers retiring of their own option before the age of 55 with less than 28 years' service, will also be maintained.

APPOINTMENTS CARRYING ADDITIONAL PENSIONS.

Upper Grade.

Inspector-General of Forests.
Chief Conservators of Forests.

Lower Grade.

Conservators of Forests.

APPENDIX IV.

General Physical Requirements.

NOTE.—These Regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the rejection of a candidate as physically unfit will be at the absolute discretion of the Medical Board and that this discretion is in no respect limited by these Regulations.

1. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with efficient performance of duty.
2. No fixed limits of height or chest measurement are imposed but particular attention will be given to the general development of candidates.
3. The hearing must be good.
4. The speech without impediment.
5. The teeth in good order, i.e., decayed or broken teeth must be properly stopped or crowned, and deficient teeth replaced by artificial teeth where necessary for effective mastication.
6. The chest must be well formed, the lungs and heart sound.
7. Rupture, hydrocele, varicocele, varicose veins in a severe degree, or other condition likely to cause inefficiency will disqualify a candidate, unless such condition is cured by operation.
8. The limbs, feet and toes must be well formed and developed, with free and perfect motion of all the joints.
9. A candidate must have no congenital malformation or defect likely to interfere with efficiency.
10. A candidate must not be the subject of chronic skin disease.
11. Evidence of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution will disqualify.

Regulation as to the Standard of Vision for the Indian Forest Service.

1. If myopia in one or both eyes exists, a candidate may be passed, provided the ametropia does not exceed 2.5 D, and if with correcting glasses, not exceeding 2.5 D, the acuteness of vision in one eye equals $\frac{1}{6}$ and in the other $\frac{1}{6}$ there being normal range of accommodation with the glasses.
2. Myopic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate for service, provided the lens or the combined spherical and cylindrical lenses required to correct the error of refraction do not exceed—2.5 D; the acuteness of vision in one eye, when corrected, being equal to $\frac{1}{6}$ and in the other eye $\frac{1}{6}$ together with normal range of accommodation with the correcting glasses, there being no evidence of progressive disease in the choroid or retina.
3. A candidate having total hypermetropia not exceeding 4 D is not disqualified, provided the sight in one eye (when under the influence of atropine) equals $\frac{1}{6}$, and in the other eye equals $\frac{1}{6}$ with + 4 D or any lower power.
4. Hypermetropic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate for the service provided the lens or combined lenses required to cover the error of refraction do not exceed 4 D, and that the sight of one eye equals $\frac{1}{6}$ and of the other $\frac{1}{6}$, with or without such lens or lenses.
5. A candidate having a defect of vision arising from nebula of the cornea is disqualified if the sight of one eye be less than $\frac{1}{12}$. In such a case the better eye must be emmetropic. Defects of vision arising from pathological or other changes in the deeper structures of either eye which are not referred to in the above rules, may exclude a candidate for admission into the service.
6. Squint, or any morbid condition, subject to the risk of aggravation or recurrence, in either eye, may cause the rejection of a candidate. The existence of imperfection of colour sense will be noted on the candidate's paper.

Application Form for Probationership for the Imperial Forest Service.

PART I.

The entries on this sheet to be filled in by candidates in their own handwriting.

Write your usual signature here.....

Before filling up this form you should consult the accompanying Regulations, in which are laid down the conditions of eligibility for appointment to the above Service.

To be filled up in duplicate and submitted to the ^{Revenue Secretary to the Government of the} ~~Secretary to the Government of India, Dept. of Rev.~~ ^{Province.} ~~and Agent, through the Chief Commissioner or through the Political Officer or Agent of the State~~ in which the applicant is domiciled. If the space provided here for any answer is insufficient, a separate sheet should be used.

If a candidate who fills up and returns this application form does not receive an acknowledgment of it within a reasonable time he should inform the authority through whom he submitted it.

Should any of the particulars furnished be found to be false within the knowledge of the candidate, he will, if appointed, be liable to be dismissed. The wilful suppression of any material fact will be similarly punished.

	Answer.
1. Name in full.	
2. Postal and Telegraphic address <i>in full</i> . (Any change of address should at once be communicated to the Revenue Secretary to the Government of India and to the authority through whom the application was submitted.)	
3. Exact date of birth and age last birthday.	
4. Place of birth.	
5. Your nationality at birth.	
6. Your father's place of birth and nationality at birth.	
7. His postal address and profession (if dead, give last address).	

	Answer.
8. Your mother's place of birth and nationality at birth.	
9. Schools— Name your schools in order, giving dates of entering and leaving. State any position of authority you held, any distinction you attained in school work, games, school societies, etc., any university scholarship, you won.	
10. University— Name your University with dates of entering and leaving. State degree (specifying division) and any other distinctions. Name your College and College Tutor.	
11. Any time since entering school not otherwise accounted for should be accounted for here.	
12. Have you on any former occasion endeavoured to enter Government Service? If so, when and for what appointment? Give reasons for rejection.	
13. Are you free from pecuniary embarrassments?	
14. Give the names, postal addresses and professions of three references, one of whom should be the Principal of the College from which you graduated, and the other two responsible persons well acquainted with you in private life, but not relatives, and unconnected with your School or University.	
15. Name any subject or subjects in which you can supply proof of special proficiency.	
16. At which of the Universities (Oxford, Cambridge or Edinburgh) would you prefer to undergo your training in the event of your being selected.	
17. Signature and date.	

PART II.

The entries on this sheet to be attested by the Revenue Secretary to the Local Government or by the Political Officer or Agent concerned.

	Answer.
Is the <u>Government</u> satisfied Political Officer or Agent	
(1) of the accuracy of the candidate's replies to numbers 1, 3 to 10, and 13 of the form of application?	
(2) that the candidate possesses the educational qualifications prescribed in paragraph 2 of the regulations?	
(3) that during his career at school and the University, the candidate bore a uniformly satisfactory character?	
(4) that the replies from the persons given by the candidate as references (who should be referred to) are in all respects satisfactory?	
(5) that the candidate is suitable for appointment to the Imperial Forest Service.	
(6) Are there any other circumstances to which you think attention should be drawn?	
Signature, date and designation.	

On completion one copy to be forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture (so as to reach Simla on or before the 1st May 1923).



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

The Elliott Prize for Scientific Research for 1923—27.

IN accordance with the revised notification No. 112T.—Edn., dated 5th May 1917, Part I, page 667, the Elliott Prize for Scientific Research for 1923 will be awarded to the author of the best original essay giving the results of original research or investigation made by the candidate in Chemistry and published during the years 1919—22 inclusive.

Any native of Bengal or Bihar and Orissa, or any Anglo-Indian or domiciled European residing in Bengal or Bihar and Orissa, may compete for the prize.

The essays of competitors must be sent in so as to reach the President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1, Park Street, Calcutta, by the end of June of the year for which the prize is given. Author's reprints must be submitted and not manuscripts. The prize will be awarded to the best competitor and be conferred publicly at the Annual General Meeting of the Asiatic Society in February of the year following that for which the prize is given.

Preference will be given to researches leading to discoveries likely to develop the industrial resources of Bengal or of Bihar and Orissa.

In the event of no essay being deemed of sufficient merit no prize will be awarded.

The prizes for the next four years will be allowed as follows :—

1924—Physics.

1925—Geology and Biology (including Pathology and Physiology).

1926—Mathematics.

1927—Chemistry.

All essays submitted must have been published during the four calendar years immediately preceding that for which the prize is given.

ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE,
President, Asiatic Society of Bengal.

ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE,
Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta.

W. W. HORNEILL,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 31st January 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE forthcoming Convocation for conferring degrees will be held at the Senate House, College Square, Calcutta, on Saturday, the 17th March 1923, at 3 P.M.

Non-collegiate students desirous of receiving their diplomas at the Convocation are requested to send in their names to the undersigned not later than the 1st March 1923. No name will be accepted after that date.

Graduates who will attend the Convocation are requested to be present at the Senate House in full academic costume not later than 12 noon, on the 17th March 1923.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 19th February 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION.

I. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the M. Sc. Examination held in January 1923 :—

M. Sc. EXAMINATION, 1922.

APPLIED CHEMISTRY.

CLASS I.

(In order of merit.)

Ray, Krishnadas	...	University Student, University College of Science.
Mukhopadhyay, Gaurikanta	...	Ditto ditto.
Rudra, Mahendranath	...	Ditto ditto.
Sen, Manindrakumar	...	Ditto ditto.
Jana, Asutosh	...	Ditto ditto.

CLASS II.

(In order of merit.)

Maitra, Anadinath	...	University Student, University College of Science.
Niyogi, Sudhiraandra	...	Ditto ditto.
Mitra, Satyendranath	...	Ditto ditto.

CLASS III.

(In order of merit.)

Ray, Hirankumar	...	University Student, University College of Science.
Mukhopadhyay, Sukdeb	..	Ditto ditto.

ADDENDUM.

II. In the list of successful candidates at the Final M. B. Examination, November 1922, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 14th February 1923, on page 75, please read the following name under paragraph V(b) (Passed in Medicine and Surgery of Part I, Old Regulations, but failed in Midwifery) :—

A. M. Md. Asjad	...	Medical College, Calcutta.
-----------------	-----	----------------------------

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 21st February 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned candidate has been admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Science. The subjects of the theses submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners are stated below against his name :—

Name of the candidate.

Theses.

I.—Main thesis.

Bidhubhushan Ray, M.Sc.	...	"The scattering of light by liquid droplets and the theory of Coronas, Glories and Iridescent Clouds."
-------------------------	-----	--

II.—Supplementary Theses.

- (1) "On the colour and polarisation of the light scattered by sulphur suspension."
- (2) "On the transmission colours of sulphur suspension (Jointly with Professor C. V. Raman, D.Sc.)."
- (3) "The free and forced convection from heated cylinders in air."
- (4) "On the optical analogue of the whispering gallery effect."

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 14th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1923.

PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 1st February, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. I OF 1923.

An Act further to amend the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Criminal Tribes (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 2, Act III of 1911.

2. In section 2 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act)—

(a) after clause (1) the following clauses shall be inserted, namely :—

“(1a) ‘district’ includes a Presidency-town and the town of Rangoon ;

(1b) ‘District Magistrate’ means, in the case of a Presidency-town or the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police ” ; and

(b) after clause (2) the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

“(2a) ‘Superintendent of Police’ means, in the case of a Presidency-town or the town of Rangoon, any officer appointed by the Local Government to perform the duties of a Superintendent of Police under this Act.”

Amendment of section 4, Act III of 1911.

3. In section 4 of the said Act the words "or of any part thereof" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 5, Act III of 1911.

4. In section 5 of the said Act,—

- (a) for the words "a notice" the word "notice" shall be substituted;
- (b) the words "or of such part thereof as is directed to be registered" shall be omitted; and
- (c) in the proviso the words "or part thereof" shall be omitted, and after the word "registration" the words "and may cancel any such exemption" shall be added,

Amendment of section 13, Act III of 1911.

5. In section 13 of the said Act, after the word "settled" the following shall be added, namely :—

"and any officer empowered in this behalf by the Local Government may, by order in writing, vary any notification under section 11 or under this section by directing the restriction of such criminal tribe to another area, or, as the case may be, its settlement in another place, in the same district."

Insertion of new section 13A in Act III of 1911.

Power of Local Government to restrict or settle criminal tribe in another province.

6. After section 13 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

"13A. Any notification made by the Local Government under section 11 or section 13 may specify, as the area to which the criminal tribe shall be restricted or as the place in which it shall be settled, an area or place situated in any other province, provided that the consent of the Local Government of that province shall first have been obtained."

Substitution of new section for section 15, Act III of 1911.

Application of Act when criminal tribe is transferred from one province or district to another.

7. For section 15 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"15. (1) Where a criminal tribe is restricted in its movements to an area, or is settled in a place of residence, situated in a province other than that by the Local Government of which the notification under section 3 relating to such criminal tribe was issued, all the provisions of this Act and the rules made hereunder shall apply to the criminal tribe as if the notification had been issued by the Local Government of such other province.

(2) If a criminal tribe, having been registered under section 4 in any district, is restricted in its movements to an area, or is settled in a place of residence, situated in another district (whether in the same province or not), the register or any relevant entries or entry therein shall be transferred to the Superintendent of Police of the last-mentioned district, and all the provisions of this Act and the rules made hereunder shall apply as if such criminal tribe had been registered in that district, and the District Magistrate of that district shall have power to cancel any exemption granted under section 5."

Amendment of section 16, Act III of 1911.

8. In section 16 of the said Act the words "Governor General in Council or the" and the words "or any part thereof" shall be omitted; and to the same section the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that no criminal tribe shall be placed in a settlement unless the necessity for so placing it has been established to the satisfaction of the Local Government, after an inquiry held by such authority and in such manner as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 18, Act III of 1911.

9. In section 18 of the said Act,—

- (a) after the words "Local Government," the words "or any officer authorised by it in this behalf" shall be inserted; and
- (b) in clause (b) the word "like" shall be omitted.

Amendment of
section 20, Act
III of 1911.

10. In sub-section (2) of section 20 of the said Act,—

(a) after clause (e) the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

“(ee) the circumstances in which members of a criminal tribe shall be required to possess and produce for inspection certificates of identity, and the manner in which such certificates shall be granted ;” and

(b) after clause (h), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

“(hh) the authority by whom and the manner in which the inquiry referred to in section 16 shall be held.”

Amendment of
section 22, Act
III of 1911.

11. In section 22 of the Act,—

(a) to sub-section (1) the words “or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both” shall be added ;

(b) in sub-section (2) for the words “a rule made under any other clause of” the words “any other rule made under” shall be substituted ; and

(c) after sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

“(3) Any person who commits or is reasonably suspected of having committed an offence made punishable by this section which is not a cognizable offence within the meaning of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, may be arrested without a warrant by any officer in charge of a police-station or by any police-officer not below the rank of a sub-inspector.”

V of 1898.

Insertion of
new sections 27A
and 27B in
Act III of 1911.

12. After section 27 of the said Act, the following sections shall be inserted, under the heading “Supplemental,” namely :—

Power to deport
certain criminal
tribes to States in
India.

“27A. The Local Government, if it is satisfied that adequate provision has been made by the law of any State in India for the restriction of the movements or the settlement in a place of residence of persons such as are referred to in section 3, and for securing the welfare of persons so restricted or settled, may, with the consent of the Prince or Chief of that State, direct the removal to that State of any criminal tribe for the time being in the province, and may authorise the taking of all measures necessary to effect such removal :

Provided that no person shall be so removed if the Local Government is satisfied that he is a subject of His Majesty.

References to a
criminal tribe to
include references
to part or member
thereof in certain
cases.

27B. The references to a criminal tribe in sections 4, 5, 14, 17 and 27A shall be deemed to be references to a criminal tribe or any part thereof, and the like references in sections 11, 13, 13A, 15 and 16 shall be deemed to be references to a criminal tribe or any part or member thereof.”

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE EXCISE DEPARTMENT, BENGAL, FOR THE YEAR 1921-22.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.
 No. 732Ex.—The 15th February 1923.—The following extracts from the report of the Commissioner of Excise and Salt on the Administration of the Excise Department in Bengal, during the year 1921-22, are published for general information.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

No. 6108E., dated Calcutta, the 25th November 1922.

From—S. C. MUKERJEE, Esq., I.C.S., Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Department of Agriculture and Industries.

I HAVE the honour to submit the following report on the administration of the Excise Department in the Presidency of Bengal for the year 1921-22.

I was in charge of the department from the 1st April 1921 to the 27th July 1921, when I went away on leave. Rai S. K. Raha Bahadur, Deputy Commissioner of Excise and Salt, officiated during my absence and held charge during the remainder of the year.

* * * * *

4. **Administrative changes and reforms.**—(1) Under Government notifications Nos. 1509 Ex., dated the 25th April 1921, 2259 Ex., dated the 22nd June 1921, and 457 Ex., dated the 30th January 1922, certain medicinal preparations containing morphia and opium to a very small quantity have been exempted from the restrictions imposed by the rules under section 5 of the Opium Act (1 of 1878), as they are intended for use purely for medicinal purposes.

(2) Under Government notification No. 2292 Ex., dated the 25th June 1921, brandy (*vinum gallicii*), upon which the full tariff or excise duty has been paid, when sold by a chemist, druggist or doctor in any quantity not exceeding four ounces on the prescription of a qualified medical practitioner, or for a *bonâ fide* medicinal purpose in a case of emergency involving risk to life, has been exempted from the provisions of the Excise Act relating to possession and sale.

* * * * *

(5) The Bengal fixed-fee system of settlement of excise and opium shops, which was in force in eleven of the districts of Bengal in the previous year, was introduced in the remaining sixteen districts of Birbhum, Bankura, Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Noakhali, Tippera, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Bogra, Pabna and Malda, with effect from the 1st October 1921. The following statutory changes were made on this occasion, namely :—

- (i) Under Government notifications Nos. 3806 Ex., dated the 27th September 1921, and 3864 Ex., dated the 29th September 1921, the rates of duty on country spirit were enhanced throughout the Presidency.
- (ii) Under Government notifications Nos. 3808 Ex. and 3807 Ex., dated the 27th September 1921, the rates of prices for the retail sale of country spirit, *ganja*, *bhang*, *charas* and opium have been fixed in those districts in which such fixed prices were not in force previously and enhanced in those districts in which they were already in force.
- (iii) Under Government notification No. 3737 Ex., dated the 24th September 1921, the rates of minimum prices for the retail sale of foreign liquor have been enhanced to prevent undue competition of cheap brands of foreign liquor with country spirit the fixed retail prices whereof have been increased.

(6) For the better control of the consumption of foreign liquor, the following administrative changes were made during the year :—

- (i) Under Government notification No. 3738 Ex., dated the 24th September 1921, passes have been prescribed—
 - (a) for the import or export of duty-paid foreign liquors into or from Bengal by licensed dealers, and
 - (b) for the transport within Bengal of duty-paid foreign liquors by licensed dealers.

- (ii) Under Government notification No. 3739 Ex., dated the 24th September 1921, the provision in the Statutory Rules exempting hotels, restaurants and bars from keeping accounts in the prescribed form has been withdrawn.
- (iii) Under Government notification No. 3740 Ex., dated the 24th September 1921, the Excise Commissioner has been empowered to fix the fee for a wholesale license for the vend of foreign liquor not to be drunk on the premises in the Calcutta district instead of the statutory fixed-fee that was in force before.
- (iv) A fixed-fee system of settlement of foreign liquor shops has been introduced from the 1st April 1922. Under this system the noticeable points are—
 - (a) The abolition of the previous classifications of "Wholesale," "Combined" and "Retail" foreign liquor licenses and the substitution in their place of a "License for sale to the trade" and a "License for sale to the public." The licenses for hotels, restaurants, bars and railway refreshment rooms are to be treated as "Licenses for sale to the public."
 - (b) All transactions between licensed dealers of foreign liquor, either of Bengal or of any other province, would have to be covered by a pass.
 - (c) The license fee or license tax "for sale to the trade" is to be an annual fixed fee of Rs. 200 payable in advance and "for sale to the public" is to be the amount assessed every month at certain fixed rates on the quantity of liquor sold to the public during the month.

(8) Under Government notification No. 4238 Ex., dated the 7th November 1921, the limit of *ganja* allowable for transport from Chittagong Hill Tracts for private consumption has been reduced from five tolas to three tolas, as the latter limit was fixed for private possession in Bengal.

(9) Under Government notification No. 82 Ex., dated the 5th January 1922, the treasury price of excise opium in all districts in the Presidency of Bengal has been raised, with effect from the 1st April 1922, from Rs. 60 to Rs. 63 per seer owing to the rise in its cost price.

(10) Under Government notification No. 1030 Ex., dated the 1st March 1922, the rates of duty imposed on foreign liquors under section 27 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), were raised with the rise of the tariff rates of duty on imported liquors.

5. Temperance teaching in schools.—Lessons on temperance are incorporated in books on hygiene for use in the middle and upper primary stages of the English and vernacular schools. The revised curriculum for primary schools, which will come into operation from January 1923, does not provide for these lessons.

6. Temperance movements.—Important temperance movements marked the year under report. Two resolutions were moved in the Bengal Legislative Council—one for the application of the principle of local option to municipal areas as one of the measures for restriction of consumption of intoxicating liquor and drugs, and the other aiming at the total prohibition of drink in Bengal. The former resolution was adopted by the Council, and the latter was rejected. The question of taking steps to give effect to the resolution adopted is under consideration.

The orders of Government passed in March 1921 on the recommendations of the Calcutta Temperance Federation reducing the limit of retail sale of country spirit and curtailing the hours of sale of excisable articles and opium, came into effect during the year under report. After the adoption of the local option resolution by the Council, the Federation came up with proposals for some more changes in the system of administration—one of which was for the reconstitution of the Calcutta Licensing Board, for which a proposal has been submitted to Government.

The temperance movement organised in 1915 at Teknaaf in the district of Chittagong, mentioned in previous years' reports, continued during the year as before. The result was that opium was consumed in moderation.

Besides the above, reports have been received from most of the districts in the Presidency regarding the anti-drink agitation in connection with the non-co-operation movement. In addition to the ordinary picketing of excise and opium shops, reports of intimidation, coercion, social persecution and other forms of interference with the freedom of both the sellers and the purchasers of excisable articles have been received from many districts. No doubt the Government revenue was for the time being affected by this agitation, but on the whole it does not appear to have left any permanent change for the better as regards the habitual consumers of these articles. From the district reports it appears that in some cases the habitual consumers, when they found that the liquor shops which they used to resort to were picketed, had recourse to *ganja* or opium or went to other shops at a distance. At the close of the year, this condition of affairs seems to have stopped and normal conditions appear to have generally returned.

As stated in previous reports, this department will heartily co-operate with all reasonable temperance movements, and several proofs of such co-operation have already been given.

7. Excise Licensing Boards.—In the Calcutta district, the Licensing Boards held their usual meetings to decide, after consideration of objections, the number and location of shops for the retail sale of excisable articles and to discuss other cognate matters.

The Calcutta Licensing Board held five meetings during the year, and the Cossipore-Chitpur, Maniktala, Howrah and Bally Licensing Boards held two meetings each. The Calcutta Licensing Board changed the sites of two combined foreign liquor "off" licenses, two restaurant licenses and one *tari* license and abolished one foreign liquor "off" license with effect from the 1st April 1922 and sanctioned hotel licenses to two of the restaurants with effect from the same date. This Board also discussed the present time-limit of temporary bar licenses granted on occasions of social gatherings and other entertainments and the desirability of granting such licenses to the same person frequently without any restriction. The Board held that such licenses might on extraordinary occasions be granted up to 1-30 A.M., but the present time-limit of 11 P.M. should not be exceeded as an ordinary rule and held that so long as the dances were properly conducted and the license was not granted beyond 11 P.M. there was no need to restrict the frequency of licenses granted to any one person.

The Cossipore-Chitpur Licensing Board disapproved the existing site of a *tari* shop, which has since been removed to a better site.

The Howrah Licensing Board sanctioned the abolition, with effect from the 1st July 1922, of one country spirit shop against which there was some strong local objection.

The Maniktala and Bally Licensing Boards, after consideration of all objections and opinions, did not propose any change in the number and location of shops in their jurisdictions.

8. Excise Advisory Committees.—In areas outside the Calcutta district, local Excise Advisory Committees were convened to advise the Collectors as regards the number and location of the excise and opium shops. All their recommendations were carefully considered and mostly given effect to. Twenty-two country spirit shops, three *tari* shops, one *pachwai* shop, nineteen *ganja* shops and three opium shops were abolished; the sites of twenty-three country spirit shops, eight *tari* shops, four *pachwai* shops, eight *ganja* shops and four opium shops were changed; and one *pachwai* shop, one *ganja* shop and one opium shop were newly opened in accordance with their advice.

9. Total revenue and charges

—The Excise revenue and charges of the Presidency for the last five years are shown below :—

Period.	Revenue.	Charges.	Net revenue.	Percentage of charges.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1917-18 ...	1,56,25,391	10,32,941	1,45,92,450	6·61
1918-19 ...	1,76,38,246	10,57,674	1,65,80,572	5·99
1919-20 ...	1,81,08,448	11,58,629	1,69,49,819	6·39
1920-21 ...	1,96,33,317	12,00,702	1,84,32,615	6·11
1921-22 ...	1,83,50,896	14,52,129	1,68,98,767	7·91
Difference of the past two years.	- 12,82,421	+ 2,51,427	- 15,33,848	+ 1·80

11. **Actual receipts.**—Deducting the advance collections (Rs. 95,758) for 1922-23 and adding the revenue (Rs. 4,77,772) which was collected in advance in 1920-21, the actual receipts on account of 1921-22 were Rs. 1,87,32,910 against Rs. 1,96,93,824 (after similar adjustment) of the preceding year, showing a decrease of Rs. 9,60,914 or 4·87 per cent.

12. **Excise charges** —The total expenditure of the Excise and Salt Department, excluding refunds, shows an increase of Rs. 2,24,141 as compared with 1920-21. The principal increases occurred under the heads of "salaries and establishments" (Rs. 2,09,762) and "contingencies and special charges" (Rs. 73,007). The increase under the former head was mainly due to revision of pay of Deputy Commissioners, Superintendents, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors and menials on the new time-scale sanctioned; whilst that of the latter was due to the thorough repairs which had to be carried out to the steam-launches "*Emily*" and "*Maud Evelyn*."

13. Revenue under different heads

—Revenue decreased under all the heads except "receipts from commercial spirits", "*pachica*", "beer" and "miscellaneous". The largest decrease of revenue (Rs. 4,77,801) occurred under the head "country spirit", "total receipts from hemp drugs" come next with a decrease of Rs. 3,47,182, followed by "wines and spirits" (foreign liquors other than beer, medicated wines and commercial spirits) Rs. 2,58,508, opium (Rs. 1,84,983) and *tari* (Rs. 1,32,010). The largest increase (Rs. 1,06,938) occurred under "commercial spirits including medicated wines."

14. Demand and collection

Of the gross demand of Rs. 1,84,21,398 a sum of Rs. 1,83,50,896 or 99·61 per cent. was realised. Rupees 27,501 was remitted as irrecoverable. Taking the population of the Presidency of Bengal, according to the census of 1911, to be 45,329,247, the incidence of excise revenue (exclusive of revenue derived from issues of excisable articles to other provinces, Native States and foreign countries) was 6 annas 5 pies against 6 annas 10 pies in the previous year. The population according to the last (1921) census is 46,522,293, and the incidence of excise revenue comes to 6 annas 3 pies.

15. Results of Settlements for the current year up to 31st May 1922.—

The settlements for the current year 1922-23 show a net decrease of Rs. 8,38,304. The results under the different heads are as follows :—

					Rs.
Country spirit	...	...	...	...	- 5,42,827 0
Foreign liquor	...	...	...	...	- 20,387
Fermented <i>tari</i>	...	...	...	...	- 94,179
<i>Pachwai</i> retail	...	...	...	...	+ 20,027
Opium	...	...	...	...	- 1,39,675
Hemp drugs	...	...	...	...	- 61,263

There was a general decrease in license fees under all the heads except *pachwai*. The decrease is mainly due to the introduction of the fixed-fee system throughout the Presidency with effect from 1st October 1921, under which advance fees were not realized in the same proportion as in the previous years and to some extent to the non-co-operation movement.

SECTION II.—COUNTRY LIQUOR.

COUNTRY SPIRIT.

17. **System.**—There was no change in the system of supply.

18. **Country spirit licenses.**—The number of licenses for the sale of country spirit was 1,032 as compared with 1,120 in 1920-21. After the introduction of the Bengal fixed-fee system in the remaining 16 districts of the Presidency with effect from the 1st October 1921, ten shops in Jessore, nine in Khulna, eight in Nadia, seven in Bankura, six each in Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong and Dinajpur, four each in Rajshahi and Bogra, three each in Murshidabad, Tippera and Noakhali, and two each in Dacca, Pabna and Malda were closed as the demand in those shops was small, and it was considered unnecessary to maintain them. One shop in the district of Bankura and two in Midnapore remained unsettled. The Advisory Committees recommended the abolition of one shop in the district of Nadia and three in Tippera, and their recommendations were carried out.

19. **The Fixed-Fee system in Calcutta.**—The system worked well. The revenue derived from license fees decreased on account of the fall in consumption, while that from duty increased owing to the enhancement of the rate of duty from the 1st October 1921. It is satisfactory to note that instead of a heavy fall which was expected the total revenue of the year under report exceeded that of the preceding year by Rs. 1,41,782 or 3·2 per cent. In the first week of November 1921, there was a revival of the anti-drink movement attended with the picketing of liquor shops. It was, however, not continued for more than three weeks, and by the end of the month the movement seems to have subsided. The conduct of the licensees was on the whole satisfactory. The limit of retail sale was reduced from one to half imperial gallon with effect from the 1st April 1921.

20. **The Fixed-Fee system in other districts.**—The Bengal fixed-fee system which was already in force in 12 districts of the province, as mentioned in paragraph 20 of last year's report, was extended to the remaining 16 districts of the Presidency, viz., Bankura, Birbhum, Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Tippera, Noakhali, Rajshahi, Bogra, Pabna, Dinajpur and Malda, with effect from the 1st October 1921. The extension of the system was followed by an appreciable decrease in consumption due to the increased rates of duty and retail price, to the higher price of the stuff itself, and to the temperance movement. It is hoped, however, that illicit practices have not increased.

21. **Consumption.**—The total consumption of country spirit in the Presidency amounted to 5,99,415 proof gallons as compared with 766,572 proof gallons in the preceding year, a decrease of 167,157 proof gallons.

Consumption increased in two districts and decreased in 25. Outside Calcutta the decrease in consumption in Malda (10,768 proof gallons or 58·8 per cent.) was due to the non-co-operation movement and the picketing of shops, in Dinajpur (7,841 proof gallons or 50·2 per cent.) due almost entirely to the picketing of shops, in Bankura (18,264 proof gallons or 46·4 per cent.) due to the increased rates of duty and the retail prices, combined with the slump in the lac business, in Bakarganj (2,561 proof gallons or 45·8 per cent.) due to the economic difficulties of the people, in Jalpaiguri (9,181 proof gallons or 45·06 per cent.) due to the decreased earnings of the tea garden coolies, in Tippera (3,531 proof gallons or 42·3 per cent.) due to the general inclination of the consumers to avoid drinking as an effect of the temperance movement, in Pabna (3,386 proof gallons or 39·7 per cent.) due to the enhancement of the retail prices of liquor, in Bogra (3,575 proof gallons or 33·3 per cent.) due to the temperance movement and the guarding of shops by picketers, in Rangpur (4,245 proof gallons or 37·7 per cent.) due to the picketing of shops by the non-co-operation volunteers as well as to the smuggling of outstill liquor from the shops in Cooch Behar and distillery liquor from Goalpara border shops at a cheaper price, in Murshidabad (4,994 proof gallons or 30·9 per cent.) due to the higher price of the stuff and the temperance movement, in Rajshahi (3,005 proof gallons or 29·2 per cent.) due to the increase in sale price and the temperance movement in connection with the non-co-operation agitation, in Darjeeling (8,018 proof gallons or 28·04 per cent.) due to the slump in work in tea gardens, in Birbhum (2,377 proof gallons or 27·05 per cent.) due to the prevailing high prices of the necessities of life, in 24-Parganas (18,115 proof gallons or 25·8 per cent.) due to the pressure of the temperance movement.

The only increase occurred in the districts of Burdwan and Nadia during the year. In Burdwan the increase (6,355 proof gallons or 16·04 per cent.) was due to higher rates of wages paid to miners and labourers of all classes and to the development of new industries in the Asansol subdivision. In Nadia the increase (1,266 proof gallons or 12·01 per cent.) is ascribed to the better supervision by the inspecting staff over the licensees.

22. Total revenue from country spirit.—The total revenue—license and distillery fees and duty—from country spirit was Rs. 85,19,512 against Rs. 89,97,313, a decrease of Rs. 4,77,801. The revenue derived from duty and distillery fees increased by Rs. 3,011, and that from license fees decreased by Rs. 4,80,812.

23. Convictions for drunkenness and action taken against licensees for permitting it.—

*	*	*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*	*

In

Calcutta 5,599 persons were convicted of drunkenness as compared with 7,836 persons in the previous year, but no statistics were taken to show what proportions of these cases were due to country spirit, *tari* and foreign liquor respectively. The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, attributes the cause of the decrease in the drunkenness in the town and suburbs to the reduced sale of liquor owing to the activities of the non-co-operators. Four cases were reported, one from each of the districts of Nadia, Faridpur, Bakarganj and Bogra, in which the vendors of country spirit had permitted drunkenness and disorderly conduct in or near their licensed premises. All these cases were dealt with under section 65 of the Bengal Excise Act. One *pachwai* vendor in Midnapore and one *tari* vendor in Calcutta were similarly dealt with.

24. Distilleries and warehouses.—There was no change in the number of contract distillers. Under Government order No. 440, dated 26th January 1922, the contractors, Messrs. Haji Ismail Sait and Sons and Messrs. Carew & Co., were allowed to recoup themselves by the addition of seven annas per L. P. gallon to their cost price of country spirit with effect from the 1st February 1922 until the losses alleged to have been incurred by them during the years 1919-20 and 1920-21, are wiped off. A pure yeast culture apparatus of Hansen's pattern is being set up at the Union distillery with a

view to obtaining a better yield per maund of materials used. On the recommendation of the Sanitary Department the spent wash discharged from the Russa distillery into Tolly's Nullah is being treated with lime, and the colloidal matter allowed to settle in specially made tanks before the wash is run into the Nullah pending the connection of the distillery with the Calcutta main sewerage drain in course of the current year. The water used in the Pabna warehouse is not reported to be of good quality.

On several occasions the supplies from distilleries to the bonded warehouses fell short of the prescribed minimum, and in some cases the position threatened to be serious. There was, however, no actual difficulty in supplying the retail vendors, and no shop had to remain closed for want of supply.

TARI.

26. The tree tax system in Hooghly and Howrah.—The tree tax system which was introduced in the Sadar and Serampur subdivisions of the Hooghly district and the whole of the Howrah district (with the exception of the areas included in the Calcutta district) in the year 1918-19, continued in the same areas during the year under report.

In Hooghly there was no difficulty in settling the shops. As explained last year, the manufacture of *gur* or molasses is said to have declined considerably in this district owing to the restrictions under the tree tax system, but this system undoubtedly keeps a control over the consumption of fermented *tari*. It is reported that the system is not very popular with the vendors who have resorted to the practice of watering the *tari* in order to save their expenses on the tree tax and the increased rents of the trees demanded by the owners. The total number of tree-tapping licenses issued were :—

	1920-21.	1921-22.
(1) Number issued on application of vendors ...	1,048	854
(2) Number issued to tappers on their own application ...	Nil	Nil
(3) Number issued to tree owners for domestic consumption ...	1,617	6,823

The fermented *tari* revenue of the district decreased by Rs. 935 owing to considerable reductions allowed in license fees on account of reduced sales brought about by the anti-drink movement.

In Howrah also there was no difficulty in settling the shops, and as the Collector states, the general public are gradually getting accustomed to the system; but as in the last year, the tree owners were demanding increased rent for their trees. The number of tree-tapping licenses issued were :—

	1920-21.	1921-22.
(1) Number issued on application of vendors ...	1,760	1,363
(2) Number issued to tappers on their own application ...	2	Nil
(3) Number issued to tree owners for domestic consumption ...	2,715	5,736

The *tari* revenue of the district shows an increase of Rs. 5,988, though there was a decrease under the head "License fees" owing to the shops being settled at lower rates than in the previous year. But the receipt under the head "Tree-tax" was Rs. 45,283 against Rs. 29,907 during the last year. Out of this amount, Rs. 20,508 were paid by tree owners for domestic consumption against Rs. 8,678 paid in the previous year. The Collector considers the system to have been a financial success.

27. Statistics.—The total number of licenses issued for the sale of fermented and fresh *tari* decreased from 2,114 to 1,032, and the total receipts from Rs. 5,36,403 to Rs. 4,04,393.

28. **Fermented tari.**—The number of fermented *tari* licenses decreased from 620 to 586. The chief decreases occurred in Hooghly, Howrah, 24-Parganas and Calcutta, by 5, 3, 15 and 5 licenses respectively. The bulk of the fermented *tari* revenue was derived from the Burdwan and Presidency Division which contributed Rs. 3,74,371 out of a total revenue under this head of Rs. 4,02,235. This amount includes Rs. 20,946 and Rs. 17,112 as license fees, and Rs. 41,495 and Rs. 45,283 on account of tree tax for the districts of Hooghly and Howrah respectively. License fees including the tree tax fees decreased by Rs. 1,29,360 due to considerable remissions granted of license fees for decreased sales brought about by the anti-drink propaganda in connection with the non-co-operation agitation. The decrease was most marked in Burdwan (Rs. 2,522), Midnapore (Rs. 1,788), 24-Parganas (Rs. 40,609), Calcutta (Rs. 53,040), Dacca (Rs. 3,097), Mymensingh (Rs. 1,043), Dinajpur (Rs. 6,199), and Malda (Rs. 23,866), while there was an increase of Rs. 5,988 in Howrah.

29. **Fresh tari licenses.**—The number of fresh *tari* licenses decreased from 1,494 to 446, and the revenue from Rs. 4,808 to Rs. 2,158. The decrease in the number of licenses and revenue is due to the withdrawal of excise restrictions on unfermented date juice as an experimental measure in the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Noakhali, Tippera, Hooghly, Howrah, 24-Parganas, Jessore and Murshidabad. The concession has ultimately been extended to all the districts in this Presidency with certain conditions for the tree tax area, viz., fresh date juice will not be drawn except in vessels coated with lime under Government order No. 115 T. A. I., dated 13th June 1922.

PACHWAI.

30. **Licenses.**—The total number of licenses issued for retail sale, home-brewing (annual) and manufacture on special occasions was 17,304 as compared with 36,222 in 1920-21.

	1920-21.	1921-22.
Retail sale	1,239	1,229
Home-brewing (annual) ...	34,538	15,624
Manufacture on special occasions ...	445	451

Owing to the enhanced retail price of the lower strength of country spirit, some of the lower classes in the districts of Bankura, Midnapore and Hooghly who cannot afford to pay for country spirits have taken to *pachwai*.

31. **Fixed-fee System.**—The Bengal fixed-fee system has been working very satisfactorily in the Asansol subdivision of the district of Burdwan since its introduction in the latter part of the year 1919-20. Out of Rs. 6,46,041, the total *pachwai* revenue of the district, Rs. 5,40,272, was derived exclusively from the Asansol subdivision.

From 1st April 1922 the system has also been introduced in the remaining portions of the Burdwan district and in the districts of Birbhum, Bankura, Midnapore, Hooghly, Murshidabad and Darjeeling for shops as noted in paragraph 2 (7) of this Report.

32. **Revenue.**—The revenue from retail license fees increased from Rs. 9,60,834 to Rs. 10,08,912. *Pachwai* occupies the first place in respect of excise revenue in the districts of Burdwan and Birbhum. There was an increase in the former district (Rs. 63,729), which was mainly due to the successful working of the *pachwai* shops in the Asansol subdivision as well as to larger consumption by miners and labourers of other classes, whose wages have gone up. The decrease was heavy in the districts of Bankura, Midnapore, 24-Parganas, Murshidabad, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur, Bogra, Malda and Darjeeling which was mainly due to the prevalence of the anti-drink agitation of the non-co-operation movement.

The revenue from home-brewing licenses decreased from Rs. 57,827 to Rs. 28,673 due to the anti-drink movement.

SECTION III.—Foreign liquor.

34. Clearances of foreign liquor from the Custom Houses, Calcutta and Chittagong.—The following statistics showing clearances on payment of duty, both direct and from bond, from Custom Houses are quoted from statements furnished by the Collectors of Customs, Calcutta and Chittagong :—

	1920-21.		1921-22.	
	Calcutta.	Chittagong.	Calcutta.	Chittagong.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
Ale, beer and porter ...	714,338	5,653	789,885	2,240
Cider and other fermented liquors	7,238	63	2,736	...
	727,292		794,861	
<i>Spirits and Liqueurs.</i>				
Brandy	86,664	492	50,794	240
Whisky	218,241	2,244	205,539	2,080
Other sorts of spirits and liquors	300,187	311	291,287	292
Wines	115,417	552	63,521	1,028
	724,108		614,781	

The Collector of Customs, Calcutta, explains the statistics for the Port of Calcutta in 1921-22 as follows :—

“Ale, beer and porter.—With a great increase in importations from Germany from 8,934 to 75,961 gallons and some revival in the Japanese trade, from 106,150 to 135,555 gallons, there has been a decline by 42,559 gallons to 517,027 gallons in imports from the United Kingdom, the total for all countries showing an advance of 46,982 gallons or 6 per cent. to 778,283 gallons.

Spirits.—Several causes—the increased duty, the picketing of liquor shops by non-co-operators and the restriction of credits granted to Indian merchants by French export houses—have conspired to reduce the trade in *brandy* by more than half to 43,071 liquid gallons ; as usual, nine-tenths came from France. Higher duty and leaner purses reduced the consumption of *whisky*, and dealers began the year with too large stocks ; imports fell from 229,131 to 196,115 gallons, though clearances direct and from bond fell by some 13,000 gallons only. Imports from other countries than the United Kingdom were negligible. Stocks of *rum* in bond at the beginning of the year were 147,426 gallons, and during the year 97,530 gallons were added : out of these quantities 85,447 gallons were cleared after denaturing in bond and 25,920 gallons as potable spirit. As the table shows, a further quantity of 116,671 gallons was denatured on importation.

Wines.—A period of trade depression has had a very adverse effect on this trade in all wines except vermouth, imports of which showed some advance from 17,679 gallons to 22,416 gallons.”

The Customs Department have kindly furnished the following statistics of imports and issues on payment of duty of potable foreign spirits at the Calcutta Custom House :—

YEAR.	IMPORTED (L. P. GALLONS).				ISSUED ON PAYMENT OF DUTY (L. P. GALLONS).			
	Brandy, whisky, rum and gin.	Java arrack.	White and rectified spirits.	Total.	Brandy, whisky, rum and gin.	Java arrack.	White and rectified spirits.	Total.
1919-20	334,147	133,847	...	467,994	276,021	42,138	255	318,414
1920-21	292,967	168,477	319	461,763	268,037	78,162	319	346,518
1921-22	207,196	162,626	12,646	383,005	219,226	42,518	...	261,744

WINES AND SPIRITS (OTHER THAN MEDICATED WINES AND COMMERCIAL SPIRITS) AND BEER.

36. Licenses and Revenue.—The total number of licenses issued for wholesale and retail vend was 810 against 727 in the preceding year. There were increases under heads "Restaurant" (1), "Bars" (2), "Temporary bars" (53), "Late closing" (36) and "Dining cars" (1) and decreases under heads "Wholesale" (3), "Retail off" (3) and "Steamers" (4). Large increases under heads "Temporary bars" and "Late closing" occurred in Calcutta and were due to the festivities in connection with the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the City in December last.

The total receipts from license fees amounted to Rs. 3,24,159 against Rs. 3,22,358 in the previous year.

The receipts from duty were Rs. 7,74,768 against Rs. 10,35,077 in the preceding year. The heavy fall in duty was mainly due to the abnormal fall in the consumption of Indian-made foreign liquors on account of the enhancement in the rate of duty.

37. Rum and other potable foreign liquors manufactured in India.—The following quantities of rum and other potable foreign liquors manufactured in India were issued during the year from distilleries and excise warehouses in Bengal :—

Place of manufacture.	Issued on payment of duty.	Issued at the concession rate of duty.	Issued duty free.
	L. P. gallons.	L. P. gallons.	L. P. gallons.
Rum—			
Konnagore	...	432	...
Russa	...	1,040	...
Asansol	...	13,809	150
Shahjehanpur	...	12,449	300
Brandy—			
Russa	...	440	...
Whisky—			
Russa	...	73	...

Asansol rum was issued at the concession rate of duty to the Canteen President, 2nd Battalion, Assam Rifles.

Duty-free issues of rum were made to the Medical College Hospital and to the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

38. Locally-manufactured beer.—The two breweries licensed in the preceding year took out licenses also during the year under report, but only the brewery at Sonada manufactured beer during the year. Owing to the difficulty of obtaining barley, the brewery at St. Mary's Seminary, Kurseong, remained closed throughout the year, though a license was taken by the Curator.

Duty was charged on 15,766 gallons against 11,701 gallons in the preceding year. Of this quantity, 7,884 gallons was sold to the military authorities and 7,882 gallons to the licensed vendors of foreign liquors and to the public.

Receipts from license fees and duty amounted to Rs. 6,405 against Rs. 3,400 in the previous year.

MEDICATED WINES AND RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

39. Licenses and Revenue.—The number of licenses for the retail sale of medicated wines and rectified spirits were 148 and 36, respectively, against 158 and 34 in the previous year. The revenue from license fees was Rs. 9,300 against Rs. 9,000 in the preceding year.

40. Manufacture and issue of rectified spirits.—Rectified spirits were manufactured in the distilleries at Asansol, Konnagore, Russa and Bahir-Mirzapur Road, Calcutta.

The following quantities of rectified spirits were issued during the year for medicinal, industrial and scientific purposes from distilleries and excise warehouses in Bengal :—

Place of manufacture.	On payment of duty.		Duty-free.	For manufacture of tinctures and absolute alcohol in bonded laboratories.
	L. P. gallons.	L. P. gallons.		
Asansol ...	7,068	1,650	27,396	
Konnagore ...	6,444	2,788	4,349	
Russa ...	7,335	32	...	
Bahir-Mirzapur Road ...	1,729	176	11,703	

Out of the above quantities issued on payment of duty, 4,063 gallons of Asansol spirit, 425 gallons of Russa spirit and 6 gallons of Bahir-Mirzapur spirit were issued at the concession rate of Rs. 5 per L. P. gallon. The introduction of the reduced rate of duty for medicinal purposes in March 1921 gave a great impetus to this branch of industry. This concession was granted not only to some Allopathic firms but also to Homeopathic firms and Kabirajes. Duty-free issues of Asansol spirit were made to the Director, Botanical Survey of India, to the Director, Zoological Survey of India, to the Superintendent, Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum, to the Officer in charge, Mathematical Survey of India, and to the Chemical Examiner for Customs and Excise, Calcutta; of Konnagore spirit to the Officer in charge, Medical Store Depôt, to the Superintendent, Dum-Dum Ammunition Factory, to the Principal, St. Joseph's College, and to the Photo-Zinco Office, Poona; of Russa spirit, to the Agricultural Chemist, Dacca, to the Fibre Expert, Dacca, to the Controller of Printing and Stamps, Calcutta, and to the Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum; and of Bahir-Mirzapur spirit, to the Presidency College, Calcutta, to the Calcutta Corporation, to the Dacca University, to the Botanical Laboratory, University College of Science, Calcutta, to the Campbell Hospital and to the Principal, Bethune College, Calcutta.

Duty-free issues were also made through Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Messrs. B. K. Pal & Co., and Dr. K. C. Bose from the warehouses attached to their bonded laboratories to charitable dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and Assam.

41. Manufacture of tinctures, etc., in bonded laboratories.—Five bonded laboratories manufactured tinctures, etc., during the year under report. Duty was paid on 41,333 proof gallons of spirit contained in tinctures and medicinal preparations issued from the five laboratories, whilst medicinal preparations containing 11,383 proof gallons of spirit were issued duty free to charitable dispensaries in the various provinces.

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SECTION IV.—Hemp drugs.

GANJA.

47. **Retail Licenses.**—The total number of licenses issued in the Presidency for the retail sale of *ganja* was 1,206 as compared with 1,267 in 1920-21. Seventeen shops were abolished in Khulna, nine in Nadia, eight in Jessore, six in Dinajpur, four in each of the districts of Faridpur and Bakarganj, three in each of the districts of Bankura, Murshidabad, Tippera, Bogra and Pabna, two in Malda, and one in each of the districts of Noakhali and Rajshahi as being unnecessary. Two new shops were opened in each of the districts of Hooghly and Dacca, and one in each of the districts of Burdwan and the 24-Parganas, with the approval of the Advisory Committees, to meet legitimate demands. The revenue from license fees amounted to Rs. 20,05,216 against Rs. 22,09,171 in the previous year.

48. **Consumption of ganja.**—The total quantity of *ganja* consumed in the Presidency amounted to 1,638 maunds 7 seers as compared with 1,840 maunds 26 seers in 1920-21, a decrease of 202 maunds 19 seers. Consumption decreased in twenty-two districts and increased in five. The greater part of the decrease occurred in the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions. The decrease exceeded 10 per cent. in seven districts, viz., Murshidabad, Khulna, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Pabna and Darjeeling, and 20 per cent. in Tippera (31½ maunds or 35·59), Malda (19½ maunds or 34·29), Jalpaiguri (9½ maunds or 32·75), Dinajpur (22½ maunds or 31·35), Rangpur (20 maunds or 30·88), Bogra (17 maunds or 29·49), Rajshahi (21 maunds or 25·32) and Birbhum (8 maunds or 21·87). Elsewhere in which a large decrease also occurred is Dacca (9 maunds 29 seers). The decrease in consumption was partly due to the temperance movement in connection with the non-co-operation agitation and partly to the enhanced retail selling prices of the drug from 1st October 1921. The abolition of a large number of shops also, to some extent, accounted for the fall in the consumption.

The increase exceeded 10 per cent. only in two districts: Burdwan (8½ maunds or 13·49) and Howrah (5 maunds or 12·97). It exceeded 3 maunds in Calcutta (9 maunds 27 seers), 24-Parganas (5 maunds 17 seers) and Hooghly (3 maunds 26 seers). The increase in Burdwan is reported to have been due to higher rates of wages paid to miners and labourers of all classes and to the development of industries in the Asansol subdivision. From Howrah it has been reported that the increase in consumption was due to a certain extent to the fact that many of the liquor consumers indulged in the smoking of *ganja* owing to the high price of country spirit. The increase in the 24-Parganas and Hooghly was due to the fact that people have resorted to *ganja* as a substitute for liquor which they have given up owing to the influence of the non-co-operation movement. The increase of 9 maunds 27 seers in Calcutta is negligible.

49. **Total revenue.**—The total receipts for the year amounted to Rs. 34,33,436 against Rs. 38,16,458 in 1920-21, a decrease of Rs. 3,83,022. The revenue from license fees decreased by Rs. 2,03,955 and that from duty by Rs. 1,79,067.

50. **Incidence of Taxation.**—Incidence of license fees per seer of *ganja* consumed was Rs. 30·6 and that of duty Rs. 20. The total taxation was Rs. 50·6 as compared with Rs. 50 in the previous year.

53. **Cultivation and outturn of ganja at Naugaon in Rajshahi.**—The number of applications to cultivate *ganja* received last season (1922) was 3,743 for an area of 7,332 bighas as compared with 2,542 applications for an area of 3,958 bighas in the previous year. Two thousand eight hundred and sixty-four licenses covering an area of 2,799 bighas 16 cottahs and 8 chittaks

were granted as compared with 1,993 licenses covering an area of 2,802 bighas 4 cottahs and 10 chittaks in 1920-21. The area actually cultivated with *ganja* was 2,800 bighas 13 cottahs and 4 chittaks against 2,700 bighas and 14 chittaks in the preceding year. The area under cultivation was sufficiently tested and as a result a very large number of cases of changes of plots was detected. These changes of plots are, however, reported to have been due to *bonâ fide* mistake of the cultivators. Three amins were appointed by the Co-operative Society to help the cultivators in measuring their licensed lands, but as the appointments were not made in time, the result was not very satisfactory. A suggestion has been made for the timely appointment of three well-qualified amins for the next *ganja* season (1923). The prospects of the crop were favourable at the beginning, but want of rain was felt in December 1921 and irrigation had been resorted to. In January 1922 a kind of caterpillar called "Hirkata" appeared all over the *ganja* mahal, and damaged the flowering tops to such an extent that it affected the outturn both in quantity and quality. The total quantity of *ganja* stored in the public golas amounted to 5,339 maunds 13 seers 7 chittaks as compared with 6,847 maunds 29 seers and 1 chittak in the preceding season.

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BHANG.

58. **Licenses and Revenue.**—The number of retail licenses in the year under report was 266 against 261 in 1920-21. Two shops were opened in the 24-Parganas and three in Dacca—all with the approval of the Advisory Committees—to meet ascertained local demand. The total number of druggists' permits issued was 381 as compared with 355 in the preceding year. There were noticeable increases in the Presidency (9), Dacca (10) and Rajshahi (8) Divisions. The total revenue from license fees and duty amounted to Rs. 1,91,500 as compared with Rs. 1,77,635, an increase of Rs. 13,865.

59. **Consumption.**—There was, as in the previous year, an appreciable demand for *bhāng* in most of the Western Bengal districts. In Eastern Bengal, as usual, Dacca was the only district in which there was noticeable issue of the drug. Elsewhere the consumption was very small. The drug is generally used in the preparation of a drink by some sections of the community. It is also used in the preparation of Kaliraji medicines. The total consumption in the Presidency amounted to 671 maunds 13 seers against 780 maunds 3 seers in the previous year, a decrease of 105 maunds 30 seers. The decrease exceeded 5 maunds in Calcutta (56 maunds 20 seers), 24-Parganas (18 maunds 35 seers) and Midnapore (8 maunds 34 seers) and was due to the increase in the retail price, consequent upon the introduction of the fixed-fee system throughout the Presidency.

Two maunds and twenty seers of duty-paid *bhāng* were exported from Hooghly to French Chandernagore. Tippera supplied 17 seers to the adjoining State of Tripura.

CHARAS.

60. **Licenses and Revenue.**—The total number of retail licenses was 30 against 29 in the preceding year. An additional shop was opened in Birbhum to meet the demand. Two wholesale licenses were in force against four in the previous year. The margin of profit in the wholesale business is small whereas comparatively large capital is required. For this reason one wholesale license remained unsettled in Calcutta, while another at Dinajpur was abolished with effect from 1st October 1921 as being unnecessary. The total revenue amounted to Rs. 86,309 as compared with Rs. 67,693 in 1920-21, an increase of Rs. 18,616.

61. **Imports, Exports and Consumption.**—The total quantity of *charas* imported into Bengal was 28 maunds 27 seers against 23 maunds 33 seers in the preceding year. The wholesale dealers of Calcutta and Birbhum, as usual, imported the drug direct from the Punjab and supplied the retail vendors in the other districts.

The total issues to retail shops in the Presidency amounted to 27 maunds 28 seers as compared with 24 maunds 18 seers in 1920-21. There was a noticeable fluctuation in Calcutta—an increase of 2 maunds 19 seers, which has, however, been reported by the Collector not to be abnormal. The apparent increase, it has been stated, is due to the comparison with the low figures of consumption in 1920-21 owing to shortage of supply from May to July 1920, on account of the strike on the North-Western Railway, as reported last year.

The use of *charas* is practically confined to Western Bengal districts and its use in Eastern Bengal is extremely limited. There is one shop in each of the districts of Dacca, Bakarganj and Dinajpur. The consumers of the drug come from different sections of the community, but it is consumed chiefly by Punjabis, Peshwaries and up-countrymen of the labouring classes. It is also said to be popular with singers and members of *jadra* and theatrical parties, both men and women.

Ten seers of *charas* were exported to Bihar and Orissa and two seers to French Chandernagore.

SECTION V.—Opium.

* * * * *

62. **Restricted supply of opium.**—Under this system monthly issues of excise opium to retail shops are fixed according to *bonâ fide* local consumption. All the shops in Midnapore, Hooghly, Howrah, the 24-Parganas, Calcutta, Khulna, Bakarganj, Faridpur, Chittagong, Noakhali, Tippera and Jalpaiguri and a certain number of shops in Burdwan, Nadia, Jessore, Darjeeling, Mymensingh, Murshidabad and Rajshahi continued to work under this system. It was not found necessary to extend the system to any further areas during the year under report.

63. **License for retail sale.**—The total number of licenses issued for the retail sale of excise opium was 820 as compared with 835 in the previous year. Twenty-five shops were abolished during the year under report, viz., four each in Nadia, Jessore and Dinajpur, three each in Murshidabad, Bakarganj and Rajshahi, two in Bogra and one each in Faridpur and Pabna. Ten new shops were opened, viz., two each in Hooghly, Dacca and Chittagong, and one each in Burdwan, Bankura, the 24-Parganas and Tippera. All the new shops were opened with the approval of the Advisory Committees concerned.

64. **Permits and licenses under the Opium and Morphia Rules.**—The total number of permits and licenses was 1,240 as compared with 1,164 in 1920-21. The number includes 33 licenses to manufacturing chemists, 443 to dispensing chemists, 62 to Kabirajes and Hakims and 55 permits to permit-holders (total 593 for intoxicating drugs) and 38 licenses to dealers, 460 to chemists, 66 to persons approved under rules 21 (1) and 21 (2) of the Morphia Rules and 83 persons authorised under rule 22 of the same rules (total 647 for morphia drugs).

65. **Consumption.**—The consumption of excise opium during the year was 1,011 maunds and 18 seers as compared with 1,065 maunds and 34 seers in the previous year, showing a decrease by 54 maunds and 16 seers or 5·1 per cent. With the exception of Hooghly and Chittagong, where the increase being small does not call for any comment, consumption decreased in all the districts. The largest decreases occurred in Bogra (106 seers or 30·4 per cent.), Malda (322 seers or 26·8 per cent.), Rangpur (211 seers or 25·7 per cent.), Birbhum (218 seers or 25·6 per cent.), Darjeeling (46 seers or 20 per cent.), Jalpaiguri (60 seers or 19·8 per cent.), Dinajpur (144 seers or 19·7 per cent.), Bankura (136 seers or 17·3 per cent.), Murshidabad (154 seers or 17·2 per cent.), Jessore (95 seers or 15·3 per cent.), Khulna (127 seers or 15·1 per cent.), Rajshahi (70 seers or 14·05 per cent.), and Pabna (37 seers or 12·8 per cent.). The decrease in Calcutta was by 111 seers, but the percentage of decrease was small. The general fall in consumption was due mainly to the enhancement of the retail price and to the abolition of a number of shops.

66. **Total receipts.**—The total receipts amounted to Rs. 32,15,930 as compared with Rs. 34,00,913 in 1920-21. There was a decrease of Rs. 1,84,983 or 5·4 per cent., which was due to the fall in consumption.

67. **Morphia and opium pills.**—The use of morphia as a substitute for opium does not appear to have been prevalent in any of the districts. No sale of opium pills was reported during the year under report.

SECTION VI.—Cocaine.

70. **Licenses and revenue.**—Three hundred and thirty-four licenses were issued during the year to chemists and druggists for the sale of cocaine, as compared with 321 of 1920-21. Fifty-five permits for the possession of cocaine were issued free to managers of hospitals or dispensaries not under Government supervision, viz., eighteen licenses for tea gardens in Jalpaiguri, ten for charitable dispensaries in Burdwan, eight each in Calcutta and Tippera, five in 24-Parganas, two in each of the districts of Midnapore and Nadia, and one each in Khulna and Noakhali. Forty-four permits were issued to qualified medical practitioners and dentists, viz., twenty-three in Calcutta, ten in Pabna, four in Chittagong, two in each of the districts of Burdwan and Faridpur, and one each in Midnapore, Nadia and Jessore, for possession and use of the drug in the course of their practice.

71. **Preventive operations and illicit transactions.**—The abuse of cocaine continues in the Calcutta district and in the districts of the 24-Parganas and Burdwan. Two cocaine cases were detected in Midnapore. The number of persons convicted of illicit possession, sale or smuggling of cocaine decreased from 248 to 227. In Calcutta, the number was 209 as compared with 215 of 1920-21. An account of some important cocaine cases will be found in Section VII of the report.

The total quantity of cocaine seized in Bengal during the year was 462 ounces 304½ grains as compared with 294 ounces 106 grains in 1920-21. Only 2 ounces 59 grains were seized outside the Calcutta district, and of this quantity, 1 ounce 319½ grains were seized in the 24-Parganas. In Calcutta 167 ounces 230 grains were seized by Excise officers, 263 ounces 397 grains by Customs officers, 29 ounces 46 grains by Police officers, 10 grains by other officers.

SECTION VII.—Offences against the Excise and Opium Laws.

73. Prosecutions and Conviction.—

The total number of persons arrested during the year was 6,762 as compared with 6,183 in the preceding year. Of these 6,356 were convicted during the year as compared with 5,764 in 1920-21. The number of arrests increased in 13 out of the 27 districts. This increase was most marked in Hooghly (284), Midnapore (187), 24-Parganas (174), Darjeeling (106), Mymensingh (96) and Faridpur (60). On the other hand there was a decrease in 14 districts, the largest being in Bakarganj (74), Murshidabad (73), Calcutta (65), Chittagong (63) and Jalpaiguri (54). In Hooghly the increase was mainly due to greater illicit tapping of palm trees for *tari* in the area where the tree-tax system is in force and to the import of French liquor into the district from Chanderanagore. In Midnapore the illicit

manufacture of *pachwai* from coarse rice and illicit distillation of country spirit were the main reasons for the increase. As a result of the anti-drink movement in connection with the non-co-operation propaganda, a great deal of illicit manufacture of *pachwai* and illicit distillation of country spirit was indulged in, specially in the north-western portion of the district and in parts of the Chatal and Tamluk subdivisions. The masses are reported to have practically been in sympathy with this form of crime and to have patronised the illicit distillers rather than resort to the licensed shops for their requirements, the idea being to cripple the revenue. For the same reason informers were unwilling to come forward, so that adequate action could not be taken against the offenders. In the 24-Parganas the increase was due to the illicit manufacture and possession of *tari*. In Darjeeling the increase was mainly due to illicit manufacture of *pachwai* and partly to illicit distillation. In Mymensingh the crime under the heads illicit distillation of country spirit, cultivation of hemp plant *ganja* and possession of *bhāng* increased considerably and is reported to have been due to the continuous obstruction offered to *bonâ fide* consumers in getting their supply of intoxicants from the licensed shops and partly to economic depression. The increase in Faridpur, was due to the detection of petty cases for illicit possession of *bhāng*. The Collector reports "a large number of possession of wild *bhāng* cases was sent up during the year, but I have now stopped these prosecutions. Wild *bhāng* grows in abundance here and it is a clear case of hardship to send up men who collect *bhāng* for medicinal purposes and for the use of their cattle. The offence is trifling and technical and the drug is really an indigenous medicine for cattle. We wish to encourage the use of indigenous drugs rather than otherwise." The decrease in Bakarganj appears to have been due to the refusal of informers to assist the Excise officers for fear of social boycott and other oppressions. In Calcutta the work of the Preventive Branch with other branches of the department suffered a good deal during the year on account of the non-co-operation movement. Influenced by the preaching of the non-co-operators, many informers cut off their connection with the department. Moreover, the idea of immediate raid and detection with inadequate staff was abandoned on many occasions owing to the attitude adopted by the masses and the tendency to create trouble on the slightest pretext. Police help was also not always available as the police were otherwise busily engaged themselves. The decrease in Chittagong has not been satisfactorily explained and no explanations have been given.

74. Classification of offences.—Four hundred and thirty persons were arrested for "illicit distillation" and 208 for "possession or sale of illicit country spirit" as compared with 482 and 144 respectively in the previous year. The chief increases under these two heads taken together occurred in Darjeeling (30), Howrah (29), Midnapore and Mymensingh (27 each) and the 24-Parganas (15) and the chief decreases were in Bankura (41), Jalpaiguri (33), Bakarganj (25) and Burdwan and Chittagong (21 each). The decrease in Bankura is ascribed to the fact that offenders evaded detection by carrying on operations in jungles away from their houses; they would not even carry the liquor home for consumption. In Burdwan the decrease is ascribed to (1) the unwillingness on the part of the villagers to help the preventive officers with information, owing to the non-co-operation movement, (2) distillation of illicit liquor in open fields in the day time, keeping guard all round and taking particular care to keep the liquor and the implements outside the houses, (3) combination of petty village landlords with the illicit distillers from whom cheaper drink was available. The decreases in Bakarganj and Chittagong have already been alluded to in paragraph 73 above. A *chaukidar*, who was in the habit of distilling liquor in his own house, was arrested in Midnapore with some quantity of illicit country spirit and some active *mohua* wash. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100. Suitable departmental action was also taken against him. In the district of Mymensingh the aborigines only had previously been known to be illicit distillers, but the detections during the year under report showed that the Muchis and Namasudras were also gradually resorting to this practice. In Jalpaiguri the *Paharias* still continue to be the offenders in this respect.

The number of persons arrested for "unlicensed sale of duty paid country spirit" fell from 115 to 108. The decrease took place mainly in Howrah and the 24-Parganas. Calcutta on the other hand showed an increase by 17 arrests.

Prosecutions for "illicit possession of duty paid country spirit" remained the same (29) as in the previous year.

There were 153 arrests for "illicit import, export or transport of country liquor" against 139 in the preceding year. The increase mainly occurred in the district of Hooghly. The arrests in this district were for the import of French liquor from French Chandernagore and were made by the two patrol parties stationed on the borders. In Darjeeling the smuggling of Nepal and Sikkim liquors was chiefly carried on by the Lepchas, the Bhutias and the hillmen living on the borders.

The arrests for "illicit sale of foreign liquors" fell from 88 to 49 or by 39 persons. Calcutta alone showed a decrease by 41 persons. In this district (Calcutta) the Manager of the "Berkely House Syndicate" (a boarding establishment) in Theatre Road was prosecuted for illicit sale of foreign liquor and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200.

The prosecutions under head *tari* increased from 1,524 to 1,928 or by 404. This form of crime is common amongst the lower classes (especially the up-country people) in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions, and the increase has no special significance. In the 24-Parganas district a chaukidar was convicted for possession of one maund of *tari*.

The number of persons arrested for "illicit manufacture, possession or sale of *pachwai*" increased from 1,940 to 2,299 or by 359. The increase was marked in Midnapore (161), Darjeeling (81), Burdwan (70), Bankura (48) and Mymensingh (25). The increase in Midnapore has already been explained in paragraph 73 above. In Darjeeling the majority of the cases were detected in the Siliguri subdivision for home-brewing of more than 12 seers of *pachwai* at a time or for possession of *pachwai* beyond the limit allowed by the rule. The accused all belonged to the aboriginal classes. In Burdwan the increase was due to the picketting of the *pachwai* shops, as a result of which the consumers who are generally low class people resorted to illicit manufacture. The increase in Bankura was due to a similar reason. The Santhals in the south and south-west of the district have been excited and have taken to illicit manufacture much more largely.

The arrests for "illicit cultivation of poppy" remained the same (3) as in the previous year.

Taking the figures under the two heads "illicit opium" and "treasury opium" together, the number of arrests fell from 372 to 289 or by 83 persons. There had been a decrease last year by 152 from the previous year; so the further decrease is not satisfactory. The chief decreases took place in Calcutta (26), Burdwan and Hooghly (12 each) and 24-Parganas (10). Midnapore only showed an increase by 21 persons. The total quantity of opium seized in Bengal amounted to 54 maunds and 30 seers, of which 42 maunds and 17 seers were seized in Calcutta alone. Ten maunds and 18 seers were seized by the special staff at different railway stations. The Customs officers, Calcutta, made 32 seizures on board the vessels in the port of Calcutta, amounting to 5 maunds and 18 seers. Twenty-seven maunds and 24 seers were seized by the Calcutta Excise officers as compared with 33 maunds and 8 seers in the previous year; 1 maund and 24 seers, 27 seers and 11 seers were seized by the Howrah district police, Calcutta police and Howrah Railway police, respectively. Some important arrests were made by the Calcutta Excise and special staff of which details have been given in the Excise Supplement to the *Criminal Intelligence Gazette*. Mention may be made of three important cases detected during the year by the Excise Preventive Force, Calcutta. In the first case, the Superintendent of Excise, Detection Branch, arrested one A. W. R. Field, an Anglo-Indian opium carrier, with one of his associates for illicit possession of 2 maunds of opium. For some time past the Calcutta smugglers have been employing Anglo-Indian and others who live in the European style for carrying contraband opium from

up-country on their behalf, and as these carriers generally travel 1st and 2nd class they can often with impunity carry a large quantity of opium with their personal luggage. The first accused in the case referred to above was for a long time in the employ of a notorious opium smuggler of Calcutta, on whose behalf he used to carry contraband opium in large quantities from up-country. His movements were carefully watched for some time and as a result, his room at Sooterkin Lane, Calcutta, was searched immediately after his arrival on one occasion and the contraband opium was seized. He was prosecuted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500, in default six months' further rigorous imprisonment, his associate being discharged for want of sufficient evidence. He preferred an appeal before the Hon'ble High Court, which was dismissed. In the second case, one Gholam Rasul Peshwari, an old opium smuggler, was arrested for illicit possession of 1 maund and 25 seers of opium and was prosecuted before a Presidency Magistrate. The trial was proceeding when the year closed, but he has subsequently been convicted and sentenced to a fine of Rs. 500 in default to six months' rigorous imprisonment. He had previously been convicted at Howrah for a similar offence. He owns a number of fruit stalls in Harrison Road and the College Street Market, Calcutta. He is reported to be carrying on the smuggling business on an extensive scale in partnership with another notorious opium smuggler of Calcutta. His store room in Mirzapore Street, in a respectable locality, was searched and the contraband opium was seized. In the third case, one Chong Hai Sheen *alias* Ted Sheen Chinaman was arrested and prosecuted along with Ah Pin Chinaman, another suspected Chinese smuggler in Calcutta, for illicit possession of 1 maund and 36 seers of opium and 130 ounces of cocaine. This Ted Sheen Chinaman is said to be a partner of Ah Pin Chinaman and receiver of contraband articles; just before the detection, they negotiated to sell 5 ounces of cocaine to a bogus purchaser set up by the Inspector of Excise; but as they demanded part payment in advance the negotiation fell through. However, a careful watch was kept and the contraband articles were found on a search of the shoe shop at Ted Sheen Chinaman in Bentinck Street. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment, but the other accused was discharged for want of sufficient evidence. The business in opium smuggling is so lucrative that it is reported that sometimes even railway employees have taken part in it. Two such instances are noted below. One Sahamat Ali, a parcels clerk, was prosecuted along with a Railway cooly for illicit possession and import of some 13 seers of opium. These two men had arrived by the Parcels Express train and the cooly was arrested on information when removing a basket containing opium. In the course of the investigation the principal offender, the parcels clerk, was arrested. He was sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment, and other accused was sentenced to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment. On an appeal before the Sessions Judge, the second accused was acquitted, but the sentence on the parcels clerk was confirmed. In another instance, one Har Nandan Singh, a Treasure guard belonging to the East Indian Railway, was arrested for illicit possession and import of 11 seers of opium. This man used to visit Delhi on duty and bring contraband opium on behalf of a Calcutta smuggler. He was prosecuted and sentenced to 2 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500. On appeal the term of imprisonment was reduced to 7 days.

The following are some of the important cases of opium seizures without detections :—

- (1) One parcel from Delhi to Calcutta (Burra Bazar) containing 19 seers of opium.
- (2) One parcel from Sabzimundi to Calcutta containing 38 seers of gola opium.
- (3) One parcel from Delhi to Calcutta containing 23½ seers of opium.
- (4) One parcel from Delhi to Calcutta containing 25 seers of opium.
- (5) One parcel from Rampore State to Calcutta containing 13 seers of opium.

- (6) One parcel containing two packages from Bareilly to Calcutta 27½ seers of opium. The opium was found inside sewing machine covers and the parcel was addressed to the Standard Sewing Machine Company, Calcutta.
- (7) One parcel from Lucknow to Calcutta containing 19½ seers of gola opium.
- (8) One parcel from Bukhtiarpore to Calcutta containing 54 seers of Kabuli gola opium.
- (9) One parcel from Kiul to Calcutta containing 29 seers of Kabuli gola opium.
- (10) One parcel from Agra to Calcutta containing about 12 seers of Kabuli gola opium.
- (11) One parcel from Jaypore to Calcutta containing 10 seers of gola opium.
- (12) One parcel from Nellimara to Howrah containing 10 seers of 'Treasury opium.

All the above parcels were seized after unsuccessful attempts to arrest the consignees or their agents. In some cases the parcels clerks were suspected to be in league with the smugglers.

In 17 registered postal parcels, 55 seers of opium were seized during the year under report. The parcels were all sent under fictitious names and addresses and attempts at detection proved unsuccessful.

The methods adopted by the smugglers to carry on the illicit trade were the same as in previous years; no new method seems to have come to light during the year.

Two hundred and eighteen persons were arrested for "illicit possession or sale of *madak* or *chandu*" as compared with 290 in the preceding year.

The arrests for "illicit cultivation or possession of *ganja* and *bhang*" rose from 87 to 118 or by 31. Mymensingh was principally responsible for the increase. One Sambhu Mali was arrested in this district for illicit cultivation of 8 *ganja* plants; he was prosecuted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment. In the same district, another offender was twice arrested during the year for illicit import and possession of *ganja*. He was prosecuted on both occasions and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment. In Rangpur the conduct of the Treasury guards was not above suspicion in connection with the steady disappearance of *ganja* from the warehouses; subsequent to the theft of 15½ seers of *ganja* from the Sadar *ganja* gola in October 1921, two police constables and the father of one of them were arrested for illicit possession of 144 tolas of *ganja* and were convicted. In this district a servant of the agent of the *Ganja* Cultivators' Co-operative Society was prosecuted for taking out 5 tolas of *ganja* from the gola where he went to assist at the issue of the drug. He was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment. In the *ganja* mahals of the Naugaon subdivision (Rajshahi district) 52 cases of smuggling of non-duty paid and green *ganja* were detected as compared with 29 in the preceding year. Of these 13 were important cases. Three cases, in which the quantities were comparatively large, are noted below:—

- (1) One Isab Pramanik and another person, were caught carrying two bundles of green *ganja*. He had 9 seers 6 chittaks of green non-duty paid *ganja* and the accomplice, who ran away, had 3 seers 8 chittaks of *ganja* which he threw away. The case against him was pending at the close of the year; his accomplice was also sent up for trial but was acquitted.
- (2) One Surendra Nath Pal was arrested for illegal possession of 19½ seers of non-duty paid *ganja* and was sentenced to 6 weeks' rigorous imprisonment.
- (3) One Rajani Rishi was prosecuted for illegal possession of 8½ seers of non-duty paid green *ganja* and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

The prosecutions for "unlicensed sale of hemp drugs" decreased from 207 to 148 or by 59. There was no marked decrease in any of the districts except in the 24-Parganas (16). There were 173 arrests for "illicit possession of *ganja*" against 133 in the preceding year. The fluctuations were not very great in any of the districts except an increase of 35 in Rajshahi. Arrests for "illicit possession of *charas*" slightly increased from 3 to 5. The arrests under the head "illicit possession of *bhang*" increased from 226 to 294. The increase was marked in Faridpur (72) and Mymensingh (22). The large increase in Faridpur has been explained in paragraph 73 above. Wild *bhang* grows in abundance in many of the districts of North and East Bengal. The prosecutions for "unlawful import, export or transport of hemp drugs" decreased from 41 to 25.

There were 227 arrests for "illicit sale or possession of cocaine" as compared with 277 in the preceding year. This indicates a further decline in detections, which is not a satisfactory feature, there having been a decrease last year from 324 in the previous year. The decrease was large in Calcutta (18). The crime is very prevalent in Calcutta, where 222 persons were arrested. The district of 24-Parganas comes next, with an arrest of 22 persons. In this district the Barrackpore subdivision with its mill areas continued to be the most important field for smuggling. Two cases of special importance are noted below :—

One Ojagir Das was arrested in the Barrackpore subdivision for illicit possession of 5 drams of cocaine and was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500, in default to undergo 5 month's more rigorous imprisonment. This man is the principal smuggler at Titagarh and is the proprietor of more than one cocaine den in the locality. He is reported to have amassed his fortune by dealing in this drug. He had so long eluded the vigilance of the Preventive Officers as he would not personally handle the drug. In Calcutta, one A. E. Vietch, belonging to the European crew of the P. and O., SS. "*Sirollia*" was arrested with some 7 ounces of cocaine. He is said to have been in the habit of bringing this drug from England in this steamer and to dispose of it to the local smugglers. On this occasion also he is suspected to have brought a fairly large quantity and to have disposed of the greater part of it by the time the information was received. He was prosecuted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in Bonded Warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 31st day of January 1923 and transactions during the half-month from the 16th to the 31st January 1923.

Description of Salt.	In Sulkea (Government golas (Bonded)).	Quantity afloat.	Total.	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 16TH TO THE 31ST JANUARY 1923, INCLUSIVE.			
				Quantity, on which duty has been paid.	Manifested quantity arrived in the port of Calcutta.	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.
	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom—							
Liverpool and other Panga salt	377,674 0	118,500	496,174 0	254,660	205,594	66,790	114,900
Other European countries—							
Spanish salt	472,704 0	396,521	869,225 0	107,650	441,001	35,800	12,100
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	259,173 0	3,745	262,918 0	20,765	54	825	22,550
Hamburg and Bremen rock salt.	2,000 0	...	2,000 0	...	...	...	...
Port Said salt	846,753 0	32,672	879,425 0	239,700	...	124,200	73,288
Aden and Red Sea—							
Aden salt	868,980 20	223,154	1,092,134 20	404,600 (a)	188,846	377,668	129,700
Salif salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salif rock salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rawayah salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Massawah salt	346,722 10	266,694	613,416 10	147,950	171,500	110,240	15,700
Muscat and Persian Gulf—							
Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam rock salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British India—							
Bombay salt ... ..	...	...	...	28,588 (b)	29,445	28,262	...
Madras salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuticorin salt	26,200 0	...	26,200 0	...	...	...	...
Kyalpatam salt	12,463 0	...	12,463 0	2,000	...	...	...
Total	(c) 8,212,669 30	1,041,286	4,283,956 30	1,205,863	1,036,540	743,785	868,238

Written off during the half-month—	Mds.
Wastage in Sulkea golas	1,856
Abandoned and destroyed	188
In transit—	
Spanish salt	8,680
Port Said salt	600
Aden salt	5,140
Massawah salt	6,000

(a) Includes 500 maunds passed free of duty for pottery-works.

(b) Duty on this quantity was paid at Bombay.

(c) Besides 46,796 maunds are in balance in stock in the private licensed warehouses at Bankristopur.

S. N. GUPTA,

Assistant Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 12th February 1923.

Vital Statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 27th January 1923.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.																							
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-born births).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Rubeola fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Typhoid.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.		Total of deaths occurring week of the previous year.			
																										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,560	290,261	907,821	427	24	15	7	...	13	13	...	...	6	23	33	10	7	62	33	78	10	1	163	363	222	585	290	290	540
Burdwan	2	Assam Mining Settlement.	176,814	152,439	329,253	192	1	1	...	...	4	...	...	9	...	17	8	...	...	16	3	16	6	...	80	86	74	159	61	43	103
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,472	64,329	195,301	80	3	4	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	26	9	9	1	13	...	8	...	...	31	60	48	108	69	65	134
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,333	52,117	119,450	77	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	23	3	4	1	5	1	2	...	...	21	37	27	64	37	22	59
24-Parganas	5	Maniktila	40,996	26,376	67,372	12	3	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	4	5	1	3	5	2	8	...	...	16	26	25	51	12	10	23
	6	Bhatpara	45,723	19,896	65,609	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	6	19	16	1	3	4
	7	Cossipur-Chitpur.	36,299	20,185	56,474	16	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	4	1	1	...	...	2	9	7	16	12	11	23
	8	Tiligarth	36,533	15,918	52,451	14	10	1	4	4	8	11	19	11	8	19

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 5th February 1923.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 3rd February 1923.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.		BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.														Total of all causes.		Total of corresponding week of the previous year.								
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-born births).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Infective fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.					Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Male.	Female.
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,590	290,261	907,851	407	23	26	5	—	24	5	2	—	8	21	22	3	14	67	42	61	10	—	242	336	231	537	323	940	563
Burdwan	2	Assam Mining Settlement.	176,914	152,539	329,453	210	1	—	—	—	7	—	—	4	—	14	10	—	—	15	—	16	1	—	95	104	58	163	43	29	73
Howrah	3	Howrah	128,472	66,829	195,301	94	6	6	2	—	6	2	—	—	1	13	5	9	—	20	6	17	3	1	38	75	54	129	72	56	128
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,323	52,117	119,440	70	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	3	1	—	2	—	1	2	—	29	33	26	59	36	39	77
Manikgah	5	Manikgah	40,996	26,376	67,372	19	6	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	4	1	1	—	1	1	6	—	—	7	16	9	25	26	19	45
Bhatpara	6	Bhatpara	45,723	19,698	65,421	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	5	8	6	7	13
Cossipur-Orissapur.	7	Cossipur-Orissapur.	26,289	20,185	46,474	17	2	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	2	1	4	—	—	8	14	6	20	14	6	20
Tilgaoh	8	Tilgaoh	26,323	15,018	41,341	16	1	—	—	—	7	—	1	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	6	8	14	5	5	10

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 10th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 1852A.—The 24th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. John Lang, I.C.S., of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1855A.—The 24th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Kiran Chandra De, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1858A.—The 22nd February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. George Goodair Dey of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 1861A.—The 22nd February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. George Alexander Easson to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 1970A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1795A.—*The 21st February 1923.*—Mr. Harold Graham, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Bakarganj, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong.

Bakarganj.
Chittagong.

No. 1791A.—*The 21st February 1923.*—Mr. W. A. Marr, C.I.E., I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is appointed to act as Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division during the absence, on leave, of Mr. D. H. Lees, I.C.S., on until further orders.

Chittagong.
Rajshahi Divn.

No. 1798A.—*The 21st February 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Jnanankur De, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, to be Additional District Magistrate of that district for a period not exceeding six months and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

Bakarganj.

No. 1866A.—*The 22nd February 1923.*—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed temporarily to act as personal assistant to the Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

Presy. Divn.

POLICE.—No. 1800A.—*The 20th February 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf, probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, is posted to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district on the termination of his training in settlement work.

Midnapore.

No. 1806A.—*The 20th February 1923.*—The services of Mr. P. C. Ramford, Superintendent of Police, Intelligence Branch of the Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Calcutta.

No. 1839A.—*The 22nd February 1923.*—Mr. P. T. Monckton, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Midnapore.

Midnapore.

No. 1841A.—*The 22nd February 1923.*—Mr. J. M. Mackenzie, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Tippera.

Tippera.

No. 1864A.—*The 22nd February 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Deputy Superintendent of Police, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Khulna district.

Khulna.

No. 1899A.—*The 24th February 1923.*—Mr. C. A. Tegart, C.I.E., M.V.O., Superintendent of Police on deputation, is appointed to act as Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Sir Reginald Clarke, Kt., C.I.E., or until further orders.

Calcutta.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1779A.—*The 20th February 1923.*—Pabu Giriya Bhusan Ghosal, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for one month, viz., leave on average pay for twenty-one days under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the proviso thereunder, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, in continuation of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 10th August 1922.

No. 1788A.—*The 21st February 1923.*—Mr. D. H. Lees, I.C.S., Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (including two months and eight days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 24th March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Rajshahi Divn.

POLICE.—No. 1836A.—The 22nd February 1923.—Mr. T. J. A. Craig, Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and eighteen days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 7th March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 1889A.—The 23rd February 1923.—In modification of the orders of the 27th January 1923, Mr. W. G. Thrupp, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave for nine months, viz., leave on average pay for six months with effect from the 1st February 1923, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 1891A.—The 23rd February 1923.—In supersession of previous orders Mr. F. S. Sheridan, Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave from the 18th October 1921 to the 17th June 1923, viz.—

- (1) privilege leave from the 18th October 1921 to the 31st December 1921 under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations,
- (2) leave on average pay from 1st January 1922 to the 17th July 1922 (of which two months and seventeen days are on account of privilege leave) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and
- (3) leave on half average pay from the 18th July 1922 to the 17th June 1923 under article 81 (d) of those rules.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1819A.—The 21st February 1923.—The officers named below having passed examinations in the Santhali language, in accordance with the rules laid down in appendix VI to the rules for the departmental examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912, are authorised to draw the reward noted against each :—

	Rs.
Babu Dwijendra Nath Pal, Munsif, Rampurhat, Birbhum ...	1,000
„ Kali Mohan Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore ...	1,000
Maulvi Elamuddin Khan, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhargram, Midnapore ...	500

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 599Pl.—The 23rd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Sonagazi police-station, in the district of Noakhali, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule, which have hitherto been included in that police-station, shall be included in the police-station Feni, in the same district :—

SCHEDULE.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Feni.
1. Rati Purba ...	} • 140
2. Lakhipur ...	
3. Bakradia ...	
4. Singerkhil ...	

* Hamlets within village Alipur.

No. 600 Pl.—The 28rd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Feni police-station, in the district of Noakhali, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule, which have hitherto been included in that police-station, shall be included in the police-station Sonagazi in the same district :—

SCHEDULE.

Names of villages.			General jurisdiction list number of thana Feni.
1.	South Raghunathpur	...	310
2.	Thak Kheazer Namchi	...	319
3.	Char Khandakar	...	320
4.	„ Allenf	...	321

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 21A of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866) and clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 15A of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act II of 1866) and with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, directs that in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject the revised boundaries of the Police Sections in the Port Police Division in Calcutta shall be as follows :—

1st Division, Port Police.

North—A line drawn due east across the river Hooghly from a pillar at the southern boundary of Messrs. D. Waldie and Company's Chemical Works and Distillery at Konnagar in the district of Hooghly on the right bank of the river to a pillar on the left bank of the river near Panihati in the district of the 24-Parganas.

East—From the pillar on the left bank of the river near Panihati in the district of 24-Parganas to the Cossipore Gun Foundry Ghat and thence to the junction of the Strand Road, Strand Bank Road and Port Trust Railway at Ahiritolla Ghat, all lands, buildings and railways as may lie between the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway and the river including the Port Trust Railway Station buildings at and the police-station buildings of the 1st Division, Port Police, which lie outside this fencing. From Ahiritolla Ghat to Jagannath Ghat all lands, buildings and railway between the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway and the river. From Jagannath Ghat to Jagannath Ghat cross road, thence along the south side of this road to the junction of the Port Commissioners' and Mint property; thence south along the boundary wall dividing the Port Commissioners' and Mint property to Meerbahar Ghat Street; thence west along the north extremity of the Meerbahar Ghat Street to the outer fencing of the Port Trust Railway. From Meerbahar Ghat all lands, buildings, warehouses, wharves, jetties and railways which may lie between the river and a boundary line running east up to the south side of the Meerbahar Ghat Street to its junction with the Strand Road and thence south along the western limit of the Strand Road to the crossing of Howrah Bridge approach road, north side.

South—North side of Howrah Bridge.

West—The river Hooghly and all that floats thereon.

2nd Division, Port Police.

North—North side of Howrah Bridge.

East—From the crossing of the Howrah Bridge approach road, north side, along the western limit of Strand Road to the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage, including all lands, buildings, etc., which lie between the river and a boundary line running south along the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway, as also the Mukram Lachmi Narain Dharamsala which lies outside this fencing.

South—A line drawn from the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage to the north end of the Ganges Jute Mill buildings, on Howrah side.

West—The river Hooghly and all that floats thereon, including the Howrah Bridge.

3rd Division, Port Police.

North—A line drawn from the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage to the north end of the Ganges Jute Mill buildings, on the Howrah side.

East—From the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage all lands, buildings, etc., which may lie between the river and a boundary line running south along the outer wire fencing of the Port Trust Railway to the south bank of Tolly's Nullah, and the Hastings Lift Bridge, thence east along the south bank of Tolly's Nullah up to the Hastings Road Bridge and from that along the north-east boundary of the Garden Reach Road until it reaches the Port Commissioners' Dockyard wall opposite the Watgunge Road.

South—From the Port Commissioners' Dockyard wall opposite the Watgunge Road cutting the Government Dockyard boundary fence to the river east of the 60 feet Dock entrance.

West—The river Hooghly and all that floats thereon as far as a line drawn from a masonry pillar placed at the mouth of Budge-Budge khal to a pillar on the Howrah side of the river Hooghly, bearing north-west of the first named pillar.

N.B.—The Budge-Budge Petroleum Depot also falls within this jurisdiction.

Dock Police.

A line starting from the river at the Government Dockyard boundary fence east of the 60 feet Dock entrance, and continuing along this boundary fence to its junction with No. 1 Dock boundary wall east, opposite the Watgunge road; thence south along the Garden Reach road, west side, to No. 1 Gate Kidderpore Docks, including No. 1 Dock Police Barracks; thence along Shastitolla road, west side, to Circular Garden Reach road. Thence by Circular Garden Reach road, north side, to Eastern boundary road. Thence by Eastern boundary road, west side, to Harabash road. Thence by Harabash road, south side, to Bhukaylash road, west side, to Remount road. Thence by Remount road, south side, to Diamond Harbour road. Thence by Diamond Harbour road, west side, to Majerhat Bridge. From Majerhat Bridge by the Eastern Bengal Railway Budge-Budge Line, south fencing, to the level crossing east of Brace Bridge Station. Thence by Taratolla road, south side, to Hide road. Thence by Hide Road, east side wall, to Circular Garden Reach Road. Thence by Circular Garden Reach road, south side, to Dumayne Avenue. Thence by Dumayne Avenue, east side wall, to wall of Hooghly Jute Mills on Garden Reach Road. Thence by south and east wall of Hooghly Jute Mills to the river.

R. CLARKE, *Commissioner of Police.*

CALCUTTA, the 21st February 1923.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENT AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1120J.—The 21st February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Akshay Kumar Guha the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Faridpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Goalundo subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Goalundo bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1152J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Basanta Kumar Pal, additional munsif of Faridpur and Madaripur, now employed at Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Tippera, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Netai Charan Ghosh,

or until further orders.

No. 1155J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Atul Bihari Mallik, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as an additional munsif, in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Faridpur and Madaripur, but for the present to be employed at Madaripur, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Pal, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 1159J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Nitai Charan Ghosh, Subordinate Judge of Tippera, is allowed leave on half average pay up to the 2nd March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him in notification No. 604J., dated the 29th January 1923.

No. 1165J.—The 23rd February 1923.—Babu Krishna Kumar Sen, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 24th December 1922 to the 2nd February 1923 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him under notification No. 8378J., dated the 15th November 1922.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 454M.—The 19th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and in supersession of notification No. 461T.-M., dated the 29th May 1901, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the South Suburban Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, from 10 to 12.

2. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are also pleased in exercise of the power conferred by section 15 of the said Act and in modification of notification No. 463T.-M., dated the 29th May 1901, to raise the number of Commissioners to be elected by ward No. III (Shahpur) of the said Municipality from one to two.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 514M.—The 22nd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Comilla Municipality, in the district of Tippera, under section 23 of the Act, electing Babu Upendra Mohan Mitra to be Chairman of that municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 512M.—The 22nd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Barisal Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, under section 23 of the Act, electing Babu Sarat Chandra Guha, M.A., B.L., to be Chairman of that municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 549M.—The 26th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Hooghly-Chinsura Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, under section 23 of the Act, electing Rai Mohendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur to be their Chairman.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 554M.—The 26th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Bhatpara Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 15 to 19.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 304P.H.—The 21st February 1923.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities Loans Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction the following application from the Dinajpur District Board for a loan of Rs. 50,000 from Government, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and repayable in fifty equal half-yearly instalments of Rs. 2,131-11 each, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said District Board.

Application from the District Board of Dinajpur for a loan of Rs. 1,00,000 for the improvement of communication.

[illegible]

In addition to the details required on the reverse clear information should be given below under the following heads :—

- (a) If the ordinary surplus is insufficient to meet the charge of the proposed loan, the particular steps which the District Board has taken or has agreed to take in order to make good the deficiency.

- (b) Possible means of increase in the revenue of the District Board.

A considerable increase amounting to sixty-seven thousand rupees will be obtained from the current financial year on account of revaluation of cesses.

	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.
(c) The statement of all outstanding loans specifying, in respect of each loan, the date when taken, the purpose (very briefly), the amount, the annual charges involved, and the amount still payable.				
		(i) Loan of 25,000 of 1904-05—	4,307	12 5
		(ii) „ 23,000 „ 1905-06—	5,441	12 11
		(iii) „ 40,000 „ 1911-12—	22,925	12 11
		(iv) „ 40,000 „ 1912-13—	24,874	8 11
		Total ...	57,549	15 2
	Rs. A. P.			
(i)	1,827 12 6			
(ii)	1,681 8 10			
(iii)	2,924 7 0			
(iv)	2,924 7 0			
	9,358 3 4	annual charges.		

- (d) Any explanations in regard to receipts and expenditure to show the true financial position of the District Board when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.

The Board intends to meet the annual charge on account of the new loan of Rs. 50,000 out of the increased income derived from the revaluation of cesses recently completed and out of the income derived from the tolls levied on the bridges constructed.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 321P.H.—The 22nd February 1923.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities Loans Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction the following application from the Commissioners of the Burdwan Municipality for a loan of Rs. 30,000 from Government, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum and repayable in 20 equal yearly instalments of Rs. 2,831-12-7 each, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said municipality.

In addition to the details required on the reverse, clear information should be given below under the following heads :—

- (a) If the ordinary surplus is insufficient to meet the charges of the proposed loan, the particular steps which the Municipality has taken, or has agreed to take, in order to make good the deficiency.
- (a) The average ordinary surplus is sufficient to meet the charges of this loan as well as previous loans.

- (b) The reserve of taxation or other possible means of increase in the revenues of the Municipality.
- (b) There will be some savings on the coal consumption which would be effected if a new engine is purchased which would be sufficient to enable the Municipality to pay the interest and repay the principal of a loan of Rs. 30,000.

Holdings lying within water supply area but having no house connections are charged at 6 per cent. on their annual valuation. They may be charged at the highest legal rate, i.e., at 7½ per cent.

An extra lighting tax may be levied after the installation of electric lights if necessary.

- (c) A statement of all outstanding loans specifying, in respect of each loan, the date when taken, the purpose (very briefly), the amount, the annual charges involved, and the amount still payable.

Date when loan taken.	Purpose of loan.	Amount of loan.	Amount of annual instalments.	In how many instalments repayable.	How many instalments already paid.
1919.		Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
17th September	For improvement of conservancy	7,000	1,681 12 4	5	3
18th	For general improvement, i.e., improvement of roads, buildings, etc.	18,000	3,561 0 0	5	3
1920.					
3rd March ..	For improvement of water-supply.	70,000	7,207 8 8	15	3
					(A sum of Rs. 1,647-11-1 have been paid in August 1922 from the sale proceeds of motors, etc., in excess of the instalments paid.)
	Total ..	95,000	12,450 2 7		

The total amount still payable is Rs. 95,291-8-7 with interest up to date of redemption.

- (d) Any explanations in regard to receipts and expenditure to show the true financial position of the Municipality when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 317P.-H.—The 22nd February 1923.—In accordance with the provisions of section 50, sub-section (2) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, the following account of receipts and expenditure of the Hospital Port Dues Fund of the Port of Calcutta, for the year 1921-22, is published for general information as a supplement to the abstract account of receipts and expenditure of the Port of Calcutta for the same year, published in the Appendix to the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 10th January 1923.

**Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Calcutta Hospital Port Dues Fund
for the year 1921-22.**

Months.	Receipts.	EXPENDITURE							
		Health Officer's pay and allowance.	Allowance to Medical Officer.	Assistant Health Officer's pay and allowance.	Inspector.	Office establishment.	Launch and boat establishment.	Temporary establishment.	Travelling allowance.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Opening balance	29,298 9 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
April 1921	11,545 4 0	1,875 0 0	25 0 0	830 0 0	200 0 0	148 12 9	417 10 11	45 2 7	100 0 0
May	18,364 3 0	1,244 0 0	35 0 0	2,770 0 0	200 0 0	148 12 9	409 15 3	50 0 0	100 0 0
June	11,545 5 0	2,026 9 6	35 0 0	475 0 0	.....	742 15 6	22 0 0	50 0 0	100 0 0
July	10,724 15 0	4,581 15 6	25 0 0	825 0 0	.....	328 0 0	431 2 10	50 0 0	.....
August	13,328 9 0	.....	.....	1,420 0 0	.....	328 0 0	473 12 7	50 0 0	.....
September	12,539 9 6	1,776 0 0	25 0 0	2,014 8 3	.....	772 9 7	45 0 0	4 13 5	.....
October	9,459 13 0	1,776 0 0	25 0 0	1,420 0 0	.....	351 6 6	423 15 6	.....	.....
November	14,419 0 0	1,776 0 0	25 0 0	1,420 0 0	200 0 0	202 6 6	583 4 1	51 10 8	.....
December	14,389 12 0	2,423 6 8	25 0 0	945 0 0	202 10 8	215 6 6	535 8 7	50 0 0	.....
January 1922	2,688 6 4	1,891 0 0	50 0 0	1,448 6 8	210 0 0	241 6 6	732 14 3	50 0 0	.....
February	11,808 10 4	5,161 11 10	.....	1,680 0 0	210 0 0	241 6 6	514 2 7	50 0 0	.....
March	12,792 4 4	1,876 0 0	25 0 4	1,445 0 0	210 0 0	241 6 6	510 8 10	50 0 0	.....
Total	1,40,601 11 6	26,909 11 6	275 0 4	18,707 14 6	1,432 10 8	8,965 9 7	5,094 13 5	501 10 8	800 0 0
Closing balance	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL	1,69,900 5 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Months.	EXPENDITURE—contd.							
	Compensation for deafness (of food).	Mooring hire.	Coal, fire wood, petrol, etc.	House rent and other allowances.	Rent, rates and taxes.	Constructions and repairs.	Stores and dockyard supplies.	Post and telegram charges.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Opening balance	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
April 1921	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
May	5 0 0	.....	1 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
June	10 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
July	5 0 0	75 0 0	899 0 0	.....	26 6 6	.....	.....	10 0 0
August	5 0 0	150 0 0	1,531 5 6	.....	26 6 6	.....	37 9 7	.....
September	.....	75 0 0	1,414 0 0	.....	21 7 6	13,364 9 9	146 14 0	10 0 0
October	.....	75 0 0	576 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
November	.....	75 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 6 9	.....
December	.....	.....	428 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
January 1922	.....	75 0 0	428 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
February	.....	75 0 0	1,378 0 0	.....	.....	39 0 0	680 15 11	.....
March	.....	75 0 0	514 0 0	.....	.....	5,330 15 3	.....	.....
Total	25 0 0	875 0 0	7,216 5 6	.....	74 4 6	18,733 9 0	888 14 3	20 0 0
Closing balance	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Months.	EXPENDITURE—concl.							
	Contributions.	Subscription to newspapers and periodicals.	Office expenses and miscellaneous.	Telephone charges.	Charges for sick-woman sent to hospitals.	Pensions and gratuities.	Cost of liveries.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Opening balance
April 1921	779 13 0	.....	840 0 0	.....	.....	4,751 7 3
May	1,302 11 3	.....	5,283 0 0	4 0 0	.....	11,833 7 3
June	542 8 0	.....	674 8 0	.....	.....	4,668 9 0
July	238 4 0	326 7 0	.....	1,414 8 0	.....	.....	9,225 11 10
August	302 14 6	.....	1,379 0 0	8 0 0	.....	5,762 1 8
September	1,451 7 9	.....	984 0 0	6 0 0	.....	22,131 6 8
October	249 11 3	.....	761 0 0	.....	.....	5,660 1 8
November	408 19 9	.....	30,212 11 0	2 10 8	.....	34,960 14 5
December	246 7 9	337 8 0	816 0 0	2 10 8	.....	7,212 8 10
January 1922	289 2 5	.....	950 2 0	4 0 0	.....	6,414 15 5
February	488 3 0	.....	13,338 0 0	4 0 0	73 8 0	24,486 15 10
March	492 0 0	.....	17,877 8 0	86 2 7	.....	28,711 12 6
Total	238 4 0	7,160 7 8	337 8 0	75,130 5 0	115 7 11	73 8 0	1,65,419 15 6
Closing balance	4,080 5 6
GRAND TOTAL	1,69,900 5 0

S. W. GOODE,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 375Medl.—The 19th February 1923.—Major A. Denham-White, I.M.S., officiating Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospitals, is allowed leave for one year, viz., leave on average pay from the 7th November 1922 to the 31st December 1922 (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, study leave for four months from the 1st January 1923 to the 30th April 1923 under rules 2 and 6 of the study leave rules of Indian Medical Service Officers and leave on average pay for the remaining period (of which twenty-four days on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the forenoon of the 7th November 1922.

2. This Department notification No. 183Medl., dated the 1st February 1923, is hereby cancelled.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 411Medl.—The 21st February 1923.—Lientenant-Colonel G. Ormrod, R.A.M.C., 24-Pargannas, is appointed to hold medical charge of the civil station of Barrackpore, with effect from the forenoon of the 26th January 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 418Medl.—The 22nd February 1923.—Second class Military Assistant Surgeon W. A. Browne, attached to the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is granted study leave for twelve months, under the study leave rules for officers of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 428Medl.—The 22nd February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 28, sub-section (1) of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be non-official visitors of the Central Mental Hospital at Berhampore:—

(1) Rai Saheb Nilmoni Bhattacharji, *vice* Rai Boikunt Nath Sen Bahadur, C.I.E., deceased.

(2) Maulvi Ekramul Huq, M.L.C., *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Mukherji, deceased.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 619Edn.—The 22nd February 1923.—Mr. Egerton Smith, officiating Principal, Krishnagar College, is allowed leave on average pay for two months and fifteen days, with effect from the 10th February 1923, in combination with the summer vacation of the college for the year 1923, under rules 81 (b) (i) and 82 of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 621Edn.—The 22nd February 1923.—Rai Rakhal Raj Biswas Bahadur, Vice-Principal, Krishnagar College, is appointed to act as Principal of the college, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Egerton Smith, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 641 Edn.—The 23rd February 1923.—In supersession of all previous orders the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Board of school final examination—Science side—in the Province of Bengal :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| 1. Director of Public Instruction | ... | ... | President. |
| 2. Mr. A. Macdonald, Professor, Bengal Engineering College | ... | ... | Secretary to the Board. |
| 3. The Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division | ... | } | Members. |
| 4. The Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, or any representative deputed by him for the purpose. | ... | | |
| 5. The Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division | ... | | |
| 6. The Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions, Bengal. | ... | | |

Mr. A. Macdonald is also appointed to be the Inspector of "B" classes in this Province.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 672 Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. Manomohan Ghose, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, was allowed leave with effect from the 1st July 1921 to the 13th February 1923, in combination with the summer vacation of the college for the year 1921, viz., ordinary furlough from the 1st July to the 13th August 1921, under articles 301 (b) and 316 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, computed furlough from the 14th August to the 13th December 1921, under article 316A of the Regulations, ordinary furlough from the 14th to the 31st December 1921, under articles 301 (b) and 316 (c) of the Regulations, leave on average pay from the 1st January to the 13th February 1922, under rules 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay from the 14th February 1922 to the 13th February 1923, under rule 81 (d) of those rules.

This cancels notifications No. 2304 Edn., dated the 29th October 1921, and No. 1109 Edn., dated the 28th May 1922. *

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 674 Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Rakhal Das Ghosh, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, in the Bengal Educational Service, was appointed to act in the Indian Educational Service as a Professor in that college, with effect from the 23rd December 1922, *vice* Mr. Manomohan Ghose, on leave.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 675 Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Birendra Binode Roy was appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st September 1921, in the vacancy consequent on the acting arrangements made in the Indian Educational Service during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Manomohan Ghose.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 678 Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Miss Mrinalini Bose, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (including leave for two months and one day on account of privilege leave at her credit), with effect from the 18th January 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 680 Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. J. M. Bottomley, officiating Principal, Calcutta Madrasah, is appointed to act as Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the date on which he takes over charge, *vice* Mr. J. A. Taylor, on leave, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 682 Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Satish Chandra Gangali, Lecturer, Dacca Intermediate College, was allowed leave on average pay from the 20th July 1922 to the 15th August 1922, both days inclusive (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

This cancels notification No. 56 Edn., dated the 10th January 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 684Edn.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Rajendra Chandra Ghosh, District Inspector of Schools, Dacca, was allowed leave on average pay for eight days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 7th October 1922, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules. This cancels notification No. 2625Edn., dated the 18th December 1922. q

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 369Regn.—The 21st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Shafiuddin to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Meherpur, Karimpur, Gangani and Tehata in the district of Nadia.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 370Regn.—The 21st February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Shafiuddin to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Meherpur, Karimpur, Gangani and Tehata, in the district of Nadia.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 402Regn.—The 22nd February 1923.—It is notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) sanction the further retention for one year, with effect from the 1st March 1923, of the office of the 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, the retention of which up to the 28th February 1923 was sanctioned by notification No. 1302Mis., dated the 18th June 1922.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 396Mis.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh, Sub-Registrar, in charge of Sadar Registration Office at Jalpaiguri, is granted leave on average pay for fifteen days, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, on account of privilege leave at his credit, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 407Mis.—The 26th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Maizuddin Ahmed to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Kalaroa, in the district of Khulna.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 408Mis.—The 26th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Maizuddin Ahmed to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Kalaroa in the district of Khulna.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 19th February 1923.

No. 109A.—Babu Prabhamoya Banerjee, M.A., was appointed to act as assistant master, Hindu School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month, from the 6th November to the 22nd December 1922, both days inclusive, *vice* Babu Tarapada Sanyal, M.A., on deputation.

No. 110A.—Maulvi Syed Ali Ahmad, B.A., officiating assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Homna, Tippera, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Gaffur, transferred, or until further orders.

No. 111A.—Babu Charu Chandra Das Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kotwali, Jessore, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for twenty-two days, with effect from 1st December 1922, viz., leave on average pay for nineteen days and leave on half average pay for three days, in extension of the leave granted to him in this office notification No. 900A., dated 19th December 1922.

The 20th February 1923.

No. 112A.—Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherjee (1), assistant master, Hindu School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave, under rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules, for six months, with effect from the 10th March 1923, viz., leave on average pay for nine days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

No. 113 A.—(1) Pandit Mahendra Nath Bhattacharji, head pandit, Calcutta Training School, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted commuted furlough for twenty-eight days, with effect from 1st February 1923, in terms of the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 2039-C.S.-R., dated 27th November 1920.

(2) Babu Atul Chandra Garain is appointed to act as head pandit, Calcutta Training School, on an allowance of Rs. 60 per month, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Pandit Mahendra Nath Bhattacharji, on leave.

No. 114A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Pandit Balaram Ojha (Kavyatirtha), second pandit, Darjeeling High School, on Rs. 50—2—80—3—110 (now drawing Rs. 70 per month), is appointed to be head pandit of the same institution and in the scale of Rs. 60—4—120 (efficiency bar)—4—160, with effect from 16th October 1922, *vice* Pandit Gariban Misra, deceased.

(2) Pandit Ambica Misra, officiating head pandit, Darjeeling High School, is appointed to act as second pandit of the same institution on an allowance of Rs. 50 per month, with effect from the date on which he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Balaram Ojha promoted.

No. 115A.—Miss Sophia Quazi, officiating assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, is declared to have acted as Lecturer of the I.A. classes attached to the school on an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem, for the period from the 21st November to 19th December 1922, both days inclusive, against one of the posts sanctioned in terms of Government order No. 1772E.1n., dated the 23rd August 1922.

No. 116A.—Babu Ramdas Bhattacharji, head pandit, Jessore Zilla School, in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, is granted privilege leave, under article 272 of the leave rules of July 1920, for fifteen days, with effect from the 5th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 117A.—Maulvi Hafizuddin Akand, B.A., acted as assistant master, Malda Zilla School, on an acting allowance of Rs. 75 a month from the 13th December 1922 to the 27th January 1923, *vice* Babu Adwaita Charan Dutta, on deputation as assistant head master of the same institution.

The 22nd February 1923.

No. 118A.—Maulvi Abdul Hafeez is declared to have acted as assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 75 a month for the 9th December 1922, *vice* Maulvi Md. Khalil, on leave.

No. 119A.—Babu Akshoy Kumar Roy, B.T., officiating head master, Charia Gura Training School, Chittagong, is appointed to act as assistant master, Chittagong Normal School, on an allowance of Rs. 60 per month, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Lakshmi Kumar Sen Gupta on deputation or until further orders.

No. 120A.—Babu Tarakdas Banerji, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Pingla, Midnapore, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandrakona, Midnapore, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Sikdar, transferred.

No. 121A.—Babu Mahendra Narayan Sen, assistant master, Bethune Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules, read with the Government of India, Finance Department resolution No. 1194C.S.R., dated 20th December 1922, leave for six months, with effect from 5th January 1923, *viz.*, leave on average pay for three days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

The 23rd February 1923.

No. 122A.—An exchange of appointments is sanctioned between—

(1) Maulvi Hazari Shaikh, assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, and

Dinajpur.

(2) Maulvi Muhammad Hashim Ali, assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200.

Nadia.

No. 123A.—Babu Dwarkanath Majumdar, B.A., B.T., Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandpur, Tippera, on Rs. 75—5—200, is declared to have acted as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Feni, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from 1st September 1922 to 23rd November 1922, both days inclusive, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Asad, on deputation.

Tippera.

No. 124A.—Babu Brajendra Kumar Sur, assistant, Physical Laboratory, Chittagong College, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Demonstrator in Physics of the same College and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the 19th January 1923, *vice* Babu Upendra Chandra Bhattacharji, on deputation to Dacca University.

Chittagong.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 62.—*The 26th February 1923.*—Maulvi Tawabar Rahim, Sub-Registrar of Boda, in the district of Jalpaiguri, is allowed leave on half average pay for two months, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 581, dated the 21st December 1922.

Jalpaiguri.

No. 63.—*The 26th February 1923.*—Babu Mohini Ranjan Bhattacharji, probationary Sub-Registrar of Chittagong, is transferred to Calcutta.

Chittagong.
Calcutta.

No. 64.—*The 26th February 1923.*—Babu Mahendra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar of Anandpur, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave for two months, *viz.*, leave on average pay for twenty-eight days, under rule 81 (b) (ii), and leave on half average pay for one month and two days, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 35, dated the 26th January 1923.

Midnapore.

No. 65.—*The 26th February 1923.*—Maulvi Saiyid Mohsen Ali, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Burdwan, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Anandpur, in the district of Midnapore, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Mahendra Nath Ray or until further orders, with effect from the 19th January 1923.

Burdwan.
Midnapore.

No. 66.—*The 26th February 1923.*—Maulvi Chaudhuri Ahsan Karim, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Alipore, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Goghat, in the district of Hooghly, with effect from the 11th February 1923, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Asharul Haq, or until further orders.

24-Parganas.
Hooghly.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

No. 2127 A.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Rajendra Lal Banerjee, District Agricultural Officer, 24-Parganas, whose services were retained for one year after the completion of his 55th year up to the 21st February 1923, is granted under rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules, read with India Government, Financial Department, letter No. 520 C.S.R., dated the 31st May 1922, leave on average pay for six months, with effect from the 22nd February 1923.

No. 2169 A.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Tara Nath Ray, Chief Superintendent, Dacca Central Farm, is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average salary entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit for fifteen days commencing from the 12th February 1923 or any subsequent date he avails himself of the leave.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2023 L.R.—The 24th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 103B, sub-section (2) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that a record-of-rights has been finally published under section 103A, sub-section (2) of the said Act in respect of every village included in police-stations Kaliganj, Alfadanga, Lohagara and Bagherpara in the district of Jessore.

No. 2029 L.R.—The 26th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Satish Chandra Guha, Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Midnapore, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VI, Part I of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

No. 2030 L.R.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Satish Chandra Guha, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer, under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in that district, for the purpose of revision of orders passed either by himself or by any other Revenue Officer, under sections 105, 105-A, and 107 of the said Act.

No. 2031 L.R.—The 26th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 108-A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Satish Chandra Guha, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, to make corrections in the records-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in that district, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

No. 2045 L.R.—The 26th February 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), (1) Maulvi Kubbhat Ali, (2) Maulvi Golam Hyder and (3) Babu Siddheswar Halidar, settlement kanungos, are authorised to discharge, in the districts of Pabna and Bogra, the functions of a revenue officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 2016 L.A.—The 24th February 1923.—Babu Jiban Chandra Chatterji, Sub-divisional Officer of Ranaghat, in the district of Nadia, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1954 L.A.—The 23rd February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of open space in Cossipore-Chitpore Municipality, in the villages of Talla and Belgachi, pargana Dihi Panchannagram, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 1 bigha 9 cottas 6 chittaks of standard measurement, bounded on the—

PLOT A :

North, East and West—By the acquired land of Calcutta Improvement Trust,
South—By the remaining land of premises No. 26, Belgachia Road,

PLOT B :

North and West—By the acquired land of Calcutta Improvement Trust,
East—By the remaining portion of premises Nos. 32 and 29, Khelat Ghosh Lane and common passage,
South—By premises No. 27, Khelat Ghosh Lane,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Talla and Belgachi.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, 2 and 3, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1967 L.A.—The 23rd February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Murshidabad for a public purpose, viz., for establishing a dispensary in the village of Talibpur, pargana Fatehshing, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.12 acres, bounded on the—

North—By lands of Ebon Shaik and Radhasyam Ghosh,

East—By drain,

South—By Sogra Bibi's burial ground, drain and Jobed Shaik's *patit* land,

West—By lands of Rajendra Hazra and Jobed Shaik and drain,

are required within the aforesaid village of Talibpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Landi.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2002 L.A.—The 24th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Mymensingh for a dispensary at Kalihati, in the village of Betdoba, pargana Kagmari, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 7 bighas 11 cottas and 4 chittaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 2.50 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the settlement plot Nos. 53, 55 and 56,

East—By the settlement plot No. 66,

South—By the settlement plot Nos. 62 and 58, and

West—By the settlement plot Nos. 119, 120, 124 and 125,

are required within the aforesaid village of Betdoba.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 13 Marine.—The 20th February 1923.—Mr. W. L. Allnutt, senior Master Pilot, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India leave for six months on medical certificate on half average pay, in extension of the leave notified in this department notification No. 90 Marine, dated the 11th September 1922.

No. 14 Marine.—The 20th February 1923.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, Mr. W. H. Phelps of the firm of Messrs. William Heath, Limited, has been re-elected by the Calcutta Trades Association as a Commissioner for the Port of Calcutta with effect from the 23rd February 1923.

No. 15 Marine.—The 20th February 1923.—Mr. A. C. Davis, 2nd Mate Leadsman, Bengal Pilot Service, is granted leave on average pay for six weeks (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 19th January 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 14.—The 24th February 1923.—Mr. Banke Lal Subarwal, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, appointed to hold charge of the Khulna Division until further orders.

No. 15.—The 24th February 1923.—Mr. H. Orr, Assistant Executive Engineer, passed the Professional Examination held on the 16th February 1923.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 13.—The 17th February 1923.—In this Department notification No. 7, dated the 15th January 1923, published at page 100, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 24th January 1923, granting leave on average pay for twenty-five days to Mr. H. V. Williams, Assistant Executive Engineer, Grand Trunk Canal (Construction) Division, substitute "seven days" for "four days" on account of privilege leave at his credit.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 82 Ind.—The 27th February 1923.—Mr. A. T. Weston, Deputy Director of Industries, Bengal, is allowed leave for one year, with effect from the 1st April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and seventeen days on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

VETERINARY.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 804 Vety.—The 22nd February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Live-stock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to make the following amendment in the rules published with notification No. 1944T.R., dated the 27th September 1920, namely :—

To schedule I of the said rules, *add* the following under the head "Authorities" :—

"Qualified Veterinary Officers nominated by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, London, in respect of kine exported from Great Britain."

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 790 Ex.—The 20th February 1923.—Maulvi Rafique-uddin Ahmad, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Khulna, was on leave on average pay from the 1st to the 22nd January 1923 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 801 Ex.—The 21st February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in Notification No. 596S.R., dated the 30th March 1915, published on pages 562 to 578, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st idem, as subsequently amended, namely :—

For clause (1) of paragraph 7 of the said Notification, *substitute* the following :—

(1) For the Calcutta Municipality—

Non-official.

Dr. Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari, M.A., Kt., M.L.A.,
representing the Calcutta Temperance
Federation To act as President.

MEMBERS.

Official.

The Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.
The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
The Collector of Excise, Calcutta To act as Secretary.

Non-official.

Mr. K. C. Ray Chaudhuri, M.L.C.
Mr. D. J. Cohen, M.L.C., representing the Corporation of Calcutta.
The Revd. Mr. John Reid, representing the Calcutta Temperance Federation.
Mr. H. H. Hore of Messrs. G. F. Kellner & Co., Limited.
Babu Mahitosh Saha, vendor of country spirit, at 5, Wellesley Street, Calcutta
(nominated for two years).

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 1857A.—The 16th February 1923.—Babu Santosh Behary Bose, District Agricultural Officer, Birbhum, is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average salary for four months, with effect from the 4th February 1923, or any subsequent date from which he avails himself of it.

DECLARATION.

No. 2018 L.A.—The 24th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of drainage in the workmen's colony of the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the village of Bahirbag, pargana Habilisahar, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.273 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By Bager khal,

East and West—By the land of Kumurudhi Sekh, and

South—By the land of Madhab Sekh,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bahirbag.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Kanchrapara district

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 1865 For.—The 21st February 1923.—Babu Bhola Nath Bhattacharji, Ranger, is promoted to be an Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, with effect from the date on which he takes over charge of his duties in the latter capacity.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 544 L., dated the 22nd February, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. John Young Philip has been declared under rule 12 (2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 580 L., dated Calcutta, the 26th February, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. John Arthur Jones has been declared under rule 12 (2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Presidency and Burdwan (European) constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

C. TINDALL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal and

Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.

Orders by the Controller of the Currency.

IN continuation of this office notification, dated the 20th January 1923, it is notified that the rate at which contributions to the Indian Civil Service and Indian Military Service Family Pension Funds and the Indian Military Widows' and Orphans' Funds are recoverable during the month of March 1923 is 1s. 4d. the rupee. This rate also applies to the payment of leave salaries, pensions and annuities fixed in sterling.

2. The percentage admissible as Exchange Compensation Allowance on salary paid during the same month is Rs. 6-4 per Rs. 100. The allowance is subject to the maximum of Rs. 138-14.

A. C. MCWATERS, *Controller of the Currency.*

THE TREASURY, CALCUTTA, the 20th February 1923.

N.B.—This notification is also published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, and in the *Provincial Gazette* appearing next after the 20th of each month.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL.

The 12th February 1923.

No. 1494E.—The following Rule, framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, under sections 8 and 9 of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879 (XVIII of 1879), amending the rules relating to the enrolment of the legal practitioners is published for general information.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

(Civil.)

RULE NO. OF 1923.

Cancel Rule 26, Chapter XI, of the Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Civil, Volume I, and *insert* the following after Rule 34 :—

"Rule framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal under sections 8 and 9 of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879.

34A. A pleader or mukhtar desirous of practising in any district other than that in which his certificate was last renewed shall apply to the District Judge of such district for the entry of his name in the district roll of pleaders and mukhtars. Before complying with the application, the District Judge shall satisfy himself, by such enquiries as he may think fit, as to the applicant's identity and previous good conduct."

The 18th February 1923.

No. 1185E.—The following Rule amending the Rules as to the qualifications, admission and certificates, etc., of pleaders and mukhtars in Courts subordinate to the High Court, having been made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, under section 6 of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879, is published for general information.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

(Civil.)

RULE NO. OF 1923.

In clause (a) of Rule 2, Chapter XI, Volume I, of the High Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Civil, *substitute* the word "Universities" for the word "University" in line 12, and *insert* the words "Madras, Bombay and" before the word "Allahabad" in line 13.

The 23rd February 1923.

No. 1602A.—Babu Surjysmani De, munsif of Kasba, now employed at Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and, Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Tippera.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 25 Jct.—Babu Lalit Kumar Datta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division (on leave), is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Rajshahi.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP SILIGURI, *the 22nd February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 535J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby re-appoint Babu Rameswar Pramanik and Babu Moni Mohan Ghose to be non-official visitors of the Rampurhat subsidiary jail in the district of Birbhum for a period of two years with effect from 30th April 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 15th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 468J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby reappoint Babu Naba Gopal Bose and Babu Satyendra Narayan Addy to be non-official visitors of the Arambag subsidiary jail for a period of two years with effect from the 28th-February 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 12th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 480J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Satish Chandra Mukharji, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Serampore subsidiary jail till the termination of his membership at the end of 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 12th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 464J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby reappoint Rai Mohendra Chandra Lahiri Bahadur and Dr. B. L. Bose to be non-official visitors of the Serampore subsidiary jail for a period of two years with effect from the 28th February 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 12th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 452J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mr. E. Villiers and Babu Satish Chandra Mukharji, members of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be non-official visitors of the Hooghly District Jail, till the termination of their present membership at the end of 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 12th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 456J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby re-appoint Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muzharul Anwar Chaudhury and appoint Rai Sahib Kedar Nath Sen and Babu Bon Behari Chaudhuri to be non-official visitors of the Hooghly District Jail for a period of two years, with effect from the 28th February 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 18th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 186M.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the last general election of the Bally municipality, in the district of Howrah, held on the 27th January 1923, the following gentlemen were duly elected Commissioners of that municipality:—

WARD No. I	{	1.	Babu Benode Behari Goswami.
		2.	" Akhil Nath Pal, L.M.S.
		3.	" Siba Prasad Ghosal.
		4.	" Amrita Lal Mukherjee.
WARD No. II	{	5.	Babu Kshetra Mohan Goswami.
		6.	" Nursing Chandra Mukherjee.
		7.	" Nikunja Behari Banerjee, B.A., LL.B.
		8.	" Surendra Nath Bagchi.
WARD No. III	{	9.	Babu Ananda Gopal Mukherjee, B.Sc., B.L.
		10.	" Hari Charan Banerjee.
		11.	" Nalin Chandra Sircar, B.A., B.L.
WARD No. IV	{	12.	Babu Sasanka Shekhar Banerjee, M.A., B.L.
		13.	" Rajendra Nath Sett.
		14.	" Hemanta Kumar Chatterjee.
		15.	" Ashutosh Mukherjee.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 19th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 30M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 7th July 1923, has been fixed as the date for holding the next general election of Commissioners of the Tallygunge Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, in place of those who, having been elected at the last general election of Commissioners or subsequently thereto, will complete their term of office under sections 21 and 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 26th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 481M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (1) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended by Bengal Act V of 1908, Babu Satish Chandra Biswas has been duly elected as a member of the Sadar local board in the district of Pabna, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Maitra, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 20th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 761J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Jogendra Mohan Saha has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of Chapair union board in Kaliakoir police-station in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Rajani Kanta Neogy, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 21st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 759J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Munshi Sheik Sadh Imani Bepari has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of Bangram union board in Sahhar police-station in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Chand Mohan Saha, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 21st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 721G—VI-34.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Munshi Mohansinali Molla to be duly elected member of the Matlab union board, police-station Matlab, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Basanta Kumar Roy Choudhuri, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 21st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 727G—VI-34.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Babu Kunja Behari Burman to be a member of the Bidyakut union board, police-station Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Surendra Chandra Bhattacharjee, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 21st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 724G—VI-34.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Babu Kali Nath Roy to be member of the Kalikattha union board, police-station Sarail, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Sibadas Nandy, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG, DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 21st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 748J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885), Mr. N. V. H. Symons, I.C.S., is appointed to be a member of the District Board of Mymensingh, *vice* Mr. L. G. Pinnell, I.C.S., resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 20th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 780J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be

members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Pabna in the district of Pabna :—

- | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. District Magistrate, <i>Chairman</i> | ... | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. Civil Surgeon, <i>Secretary</i> | ... | ... | |
| 3. District Engineer, Pabna | ... | ... | |
| 4. Chairman, Pabna District Board | ... | ... | |
| 5. Chairman, Pabna Municipality | ... | ... | |
| 6. The Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Pabna | ... | ... | |
| 7. Secretary, Pleaders' Bar Library, Pabna | ... | ... | |
| 8. Babu Lalit Behari Majumdar. | | | |
| 9. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Wasimuddin Ahmed, M.L.C. | | | |
| 10. Babu Durga Kanta Chakravorty. | | | |
| 11. „ Sita Nath Adhicary. | | | |
| 12. „ Pravash Chandra Roy. | | | |
| 13. Maulvi Abdul Hamid. | | | |
| 14. Dr. Manmatha Nath Saha. | | | |
| 15. Babu Benoy Kumar Roy. | | | |
| 16. „ Kshitish Chandra Chaki. | | | |
| 17. Dr. Hem Chandra Bhowmick. | | | |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 17th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 132 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(b) of the Dispensary Rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the municipal dispensary at Garden Reach in the district of the 24-Pargans :—

1. J. A. Murray, Esq.
2. Mr. Ansud Dowla, Bar.-at-law.
3. Dr. Adya Nath Chatterjee.
4. The Civil Surgeon of the 24-Pargans (*ex officio*).
5. Dr. Nilmoni Sur.
6. Dr. Jogendra Nath Pal.
7. Dr. Mohammad Hossain.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 699G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the gentlemen and officers named below have been appointed by the Comilla Municipality to be members of the Sadar dispensary at Comilla in the district of Tippera—

- | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | ... | ... | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| 2. The Civil Surgeon | ... | ... | |
| 3. The Sadar Subdivisional Officer | ... | ... | |
| 4. The Chairman, Municipality | ... | ... | |
| 5. The Chairman, District Board | ... | ... | |
| 6. The Vice-Chairman, District Board | ... | ... | |
| 7. Babu Kamini Kumar Dutta. | | | |
| 8. „ Indubhusan Datta. | | | |
| 9. Dr. Surendra Nath Sen. | | | |
| 10. Maulvi Abdul Gafur. | | | |
| 11. „ Syed Fazlar Rahman. | | | |
| 12. Nawabzada Syed Ehtesham Haidar Chowdhury. | | | |
| 13. Babu Brajendra Kumar Chatterjea. | | | |
| 14. Mr. Kazi Golam Mahiuddin Faroque. | | | |
| 15. Babu Khetter Mohan Ray. | | | |
| 16. „ Sasanka Mohan Naha. | | | |
| 17. „ Sasi Mohan Pal. | | | |

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 21st February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 626G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Munshi Bilal Ali, and Masvi Abdul Gani have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Bancharampur dispensary in places of Munshi Rajjab Ali and Mahamad Yakub Ali, respectively, the former having died and the latter having been removed by the Board.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 21st February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 691-G-VI-25.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a new public ferry to be known as "Batta village khal ferry" on the 3rd mile of Hatiya steamer ghat road within the jurisdiction of Hatiya thana in the district of Noakhali over the Batta village khal crossing Hatiya road.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Government notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Noakhali with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 20th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 682G-VI-25.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a public ferry to be known as "Sakchar ferry" over the Meghna river between Katakhal in village Sakchar and char Dighali in thana Lakhipur in the district of Noakhali.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Noakhali with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 20th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 685G.—VI-25.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a public ferry to be known as "Chargazi Pagladona Ferry" over the Meghna river between Chargazi commencing from the steamer ghat in thana Ramgati to Pagladona in thana Hatiya in the district of Noakhali.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Noakhali, with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 20th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 688G-VI-25.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3493L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a public ferry to be known as "Aswadia ferry" on the 3rd mile of Feni Diversion road within the jurisdiction of Sadar thana in the district of Noakhali over a newly formed khal which passes through Aswadia and other villages from Noakhali khal.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Government notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs, under section 35 of the Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received thereof under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Noakhali with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 20th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated 10th February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE.

Delhi, the 3rd February 1928.

No. 225-P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-15, dated the 26th April 1913, namely:—

In rule 70 of the said rules for the words "*United Kingdom*.—Registered parcels" the words "*United Kingdom and Iraq*.—Registered parcels" shall be substituted.

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, *Colonel,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th February 1923.

No. 40.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 24 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Ashriff Osman Jamall, being a non-official, to be a Member of the said Legislative Assembly.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE.

Delhi, the 17th February 1923.

No. 282 P. W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules and orders published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, namely :—

In clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 18 of the said rules, the words "Such registration shall cease to have effect at the close of the calendar year following that in which it was effected and must be renewed if a continuance of the privilege conferred by the system beyond that time is desired" and the word "first" shall be omitted.

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, Colonel,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th February 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 16th February 1923.

No. 977M.—The following draft of a further amendment in the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), is published, as required by section 18 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th April 1923. Any objection or suggestion which may be received in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Governor General in Council :—

Draft amendment.

In Schedule III to the said rules, column 5 of Form A and column 4 of Form B shall be omitted and column 6 in Form A and column 5 in Form B shall be re-numbered 5 and 4, respectively.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th February 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 15th February 1923.

No. 1042.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following

amendment in entry No. 94 of Schedule II appended to the notification of the Government of India in this department, No. 6705, dated the 23rd December 1922 :—

For

94	PAPER AND ARTICLES MADE OF PAPER AND PAPIER MACHE, PASTEBOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARD- BOARD, all sorts and STATIONERY, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, drawing and copy books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs and calendars, Christmas, Easter, and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also wastepaper and old newspapers for packing except old newspapers in bales and bags, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book, or parcel post (<i>see</i> No. 93) and also excluding the descriptions given below :—	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
	Old newspapers in bales and bags ...	cwt.	Rs. A. P. 8 8 0	15 " "
	News printing paper ...	lb.	0 3 3	15 " "
	Printing paper—			
	Flints ...	"	0 14 0	15 " "
	Real Art ...	"	0 9 0	15 " "
	Imitation Art, machine finish, super calendered, ivory finish account book (printing), antique, stereo, litho, poster, cartridge, cover paper and machine glazed pressings.	"	0 6 0	15 " "
	Other sorts, including coated papers ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Packing and wrapping paper—			
	Nature brown, Manilla machine glazed and un- glazed, sulphite envelope, kraft and imitation kraft.	lb.	0 4 0	15 " "
	Tissues, white and coloured ...	"	0 9 0	15 " "
	Writing paper—			
	Bond, bank loan, cream laid and wove and also white and coloured, glazed and unglazed.	"	0 9 0	15 " "
	Other sorts including handmade ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Straw boards ...	cwt.	14 8 0	15 " "

Substitute

94	PAPER AND ARTICLES MADE OF PAPER AND PAPIER MACHE, PASTEBOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARD- BOARD, all sorts and STATIONERY, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, drawing and copy books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs and calendars, Christmas, Easter, and other cards including cards in booklet form, including also wastepaper and old newspapers for packing except old newspapers in bales and bags, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book or parcel post (<i>see</i> No. 93) and also excluding the descriptions given below :—	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
	Old newspapers in bales and bags ...	cwt.	Rs. A. P. 8 8 0	15 " "
	News printing paper, glazed and unglazed ...	lb.	0 2 6	15 " "
	Printing paper—			
	Real Art ...	"	0 7 6	15 " "
	Imitation Art, machine finish, super calendered, ivory finish, account book (printing), antique, stereo, litho, poster, cartridge, cover paper and machine glazed pressings.	"	0 4 9	15 " "
	Other sorts, including coated papers and flints ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Packing and wrapping paper—			
	Nature brown, Manilla machine-glazed and un- glazed, sulphite envelope, kraft and imitation kraft.	lb.	0 3 6	15 " "
	Tissues, white and coloured ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Writing paper—			
	Bond, bank and also white and coloured, glazed and unglazed.	"	0 7 6	15 " "
	Creamlaid and wove ...	"	0 6 0	15 " "
	Other sorts including handmades and loane ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
	Straw boards ...	cwt.	11 8 0	15 " "

STAMPS.

The 17th February 1923.

No. 975.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 20, sub-section (2) of the Indian Stamps Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 348, dated the 13th January 1923, namely :—

- (i) In the preamble for the words and figures "No. 787-S.R., dated the 17th February 1899," the words and figures "No. 1281-S.R., dated the 17th March 1899" shall be substituted.
- (ii) In the third column of the second item of the table for the words and figures " $\frac{5}{8}$ of a Rupee, *i.e.*, francs 63 = Rs. 15" the words and figures " $\frac{5}{8}$ of a Rupee, *i.e.*, francs 69 = Rs. 15" shall be substituted; and in the third column of the third item of the table for the words and figures " $\frac{5}{8}$ of a Rupee, *i.e.*, Marks 34,500 = Rs. 15" the words and figures " $\frac{5}{8}$ of a Rupee, *i.e.*, Marks 81,000 = Rs. 15" shall be substituted.

D. T. CHADWICK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th February 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 19th February 1923.

No. 620-343Gen.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. T. Fuchi as Acting Consul General for Japan at Calcutta.

The 21st February 1923.

No. 660 884Gen.—Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. H. V. Simmons as Vice-Consul for Brazil at Calcutta.

No. 665-102Gen.—Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. R. F. Kelley as Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Calcutta.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Bengal Council of Medical Registration.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 650 M.R.—The 20th February 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that on the 16th of July 1922 a person calling himself "John Rigby, M.B., CH.B., Victoria University, Manchester," applied for and obtained registration under the Bengal Medical Act, 1914. Subsequent enquiry has proved beyond doubt that this person is an impostor and that he personated one Mr. John Rigby of 18, Halliwell Street, Chorely, England, who was registered under the British Medical Acts on 7th July 1915, and whose name appears on page 918 of the British Medical Register for 1922. In the circumstances the Bengal Council of Medical Registration are satisfied that the entry of the name of John Rigby in the Register of Registered Practitioners maintained under section 15 of the Bengal Medical Act, 1914, was fraudulently effected and accordingly, as provided in section 24 of the said Act, the entry has, under the direction of the Council, been erased from the Register.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, *Registrar.*

Mymensingh Sadar Hospital.

NOTICE.

THE next qualifying examination of Dressers will be held at the Mymensingh Sadar Hospital on Monday, the 5th March 1923, at 8 A.M. A fee of Rs. 2 shall have to be paid by each candidate. The Examination Committee will consist of the Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh, as President, and Assistant Surgeon attached to the Sadar Dispensary, and Teacher, Compounder class, as members.

H. N. BAKSHI, for *Civil Surgeon.*

MYMENSINGH, the 16th February 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE M. L. Examination for the year 1923 will be held on Monday, the 19th November 1923, and the following days.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE,

Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, the 28th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1923.

PART III.

Acts of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 585L, dated the 26th February, 1923.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Bengal, having been assented to by the Governor-General on the 23rd instant, is hereby published for general information :—

BENGAL ACT No. I OF 1923.**THE GOONDAS ACT, 1923.**

An Act to provide for the control of certain goondas residing in, or frequenting Calcutta or the neighbourhood of Calcutta, and for their removal elsewhere.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the control of certain goondas within Calcutta and the neighbourhood of Calcutta and to provide for their removal elsewhere in certain circumstances ;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act ;

5 & 6, Geo.
V, c. 61
6 & 7, Geo.
V, c. 37;
9 & 10, Geo.
V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and
local extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Goondas Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Definitions.

2. In this Act—

(1) "Bengal" means the Presidency of Bengal, as constituted on the first day of April, 1912 ;

(2) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 ;

Ben. Act IV
of 1866.

Ben. Act II
of 1866.

XV of 1908

(3) "Commissioner of Police" means the officer vested with the administration of police in Calcutta under the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, and any Act amending any of these Acts ;

Ben. Act III
of 1890.

(4) "goonda" includes a hooligan or other rough ;

(5) "neighbourhood of Calcutta" means the areas included in—

(a) the police-stations of Baranagore, Nawapara, Barrackpore, Dum-Dum, Tollyganj, Behala, Metiabruz, Maheshtolla, Bhangore, Tittaghar, Khardah and Budge-Budge in the district of the 24-Parganas ;

(Section 3.)

(b) the police-stations of Howrah, Sibpore, Malipanchghora, Golabaree, Lilloah, Bally and Bantra in the district of Howrah; and

(c) any other area which is included within the district of the 24-Parganas, Howrah or Hooghly, and which the Local Government by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* may include within this definition.

(6) "Presidency area" means Calcutta together with that portion of the district of the 24-Parganas which is not included in Calcutta as defined in this section, and the districts of Howrah and Hooghly.

Report by
Commissioner of
Police or District
Magistrate.

3. (1) Whenever it shall appear to the Commissioner of Police, that any person—

(a) is a goonda, or a member of a gang or body of goondas, and

(b) is residing within or habitually visiting or frequenting Calcutta,

and that such person or that such gang or body is committing or has committed or is about to commit or is assisting or abetting the commission of—

(i) a non-bailable offence against person or property, or

(ii) the offence of criminal intimidation, or

(iii) an offence involving a breach of the peace,

so as to be a danger to, or cause or to be likely to cause, alarm to, the inhabitants or to any section of the inhabitants of Calcutta, the Commissioner of Police shall make a report to the Local Government with a recommendation that such person or gang or body of persons be dealt with under the provisions of this Act.

(2) The same powers and duties as are conferred and imposed by sub-section (1) on the Commissioner of Police in respect of persons or gangs or bodies of persons residing in, or habitually frequenting Calcutta, are conferred and imposed on the District Magistrate having jurisdiction in any local area, which is outside Calcutta but is included in the neighbourhood of Calcutta, in respect of all persons or gangs or bodies of persons residing within or habitually visiting or frequenting such area, who appear to such District Magistrate to be goondas or members of a gang of goondas and to be committing, or to have committed or to be about to commit, or to be assisting or abetting the commission of, any of the offences set forth in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) of sub-section (1) so as to be a danger to, or to cause or to be likely to cause, alarm to, the inhabitants or to any section of the inhabitants of such area.

(Sections 4, 5.)

Issue of warrant
on receipt of
report.

4. (1) On receipt of the report of the Commissioner of Police or of the District Magistrate, as the case may be, the Local Government may make an order for the issue of a warrant for the arrest of the person against whom the report has been made.

(2) The warrant shall be in such a form as shall be prescribed by the Local Government by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and shall be issued by a Secretary to the Local Government and shall contain a statement of the heads of the charges made against such person in the report, and shall further require such person to submit by petition to the advising Judges appointed under sub-section (1) of section 5 by such date as may be specified in the warrant any representation that he may desire to make.

(3) The officer by whom such warrant is issued shall have—

(i) for the enforcement of the attendance of the person, against whom the warrant is issued, at such place and at such time or times as may be specified therein (and thereafter as such officer may direct) in order to communicate to such person the final order of the Local Government made under section 6, and

(ii) for the forfeiture, under section 514 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, of any bond, executed for the attendance of such person at such place and at such time or times, v of 1898.

all the powers of a Presidency Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898; and the warrant shall for the purposes set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) be deemed to be a warrant issued by a Presidency Magistrate, for the arrest of such person to answer a charge in respect of a bailable offence committed by him within the jurisdiction of such Magistrate, and such person, in default of sufficient security being furnished, may, unless such officer otherwise directs, be detained in custody until the final order of the Local Government under section 6 is communicated to him.

Local Govern-
ment to place
report before ad-
vising Judges.

5. (1) After issue of the warrant under section 4, the Local Government shall forthwith cause the report of the Commissioner of Police or of the District Magistrate, as the case may be, with all material facts and circumstances in their possession relevant to the same to be placed before two advising Judges, of whom one shall be a District and Sessions Judge of Alipore and the other a District and Sessions Judge who has served as such for a period of not less than five years.

(Section 5.)

- (2) The advising Judges shall consider in camera the report and the other facts and circumstances, if any, adduced before them by the Local Government, and any representation, submitted to them by the person against whom the report has been made within the time fixed by section 4 or such further time as they may allow, and shall call for such further information, if any, and may examine such witnesses, if any, as shall appear to them to be necessary to enable them to tender their advice on the report. They shall also give to the person against whom the report has been made, if he so desires, an opportunity of appearing in person before them to offer his explanation, and may at the instance of that person require the attendance of any other person, whose statement may support that explanation :

Provided that—

- (a) nothing in this section shall be deemed to entitle the person whose case is before the advising Judges to appear or be represented before them by pleader, nor shall the Local Government be so entitled,
- (b) the advising Judges shall not disclose to the person in question any fact the communication of which might endanger the safety of any individual, and
- (c) the advising Judges shall not be bound to observe the rules of evidence and shall not permit the putting of any question which may endanger the safety of any individual.

(3) Any statement made to the advising Judges by any person other than the person whose case is before them shall be deemed to be information given to a public servant within the meaning of section 182 of the Indian Penal Code, and the advising Judges shall for the purpose of securing the attendance of any person under the provisions of sub-section (2) have all the powers of a District Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

XLV of 1860.

V of 1898.

(4) When the advising Judges have reached their conclusions, they shall report the same in writing to the Local Government.

(5) If the person whose case is under their consideration claims, when submitting his representation or when appearing before the advising Judges, that both he and his father were born in Bengal or that he is a member of a family which has definitely settled in Bengal and is himself so settled, the advising Judges shall give him an opportunity of establishing his claim, and shall also give to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, an opportunity of rebutting the same, and at the time of submission of their report to the

(Sections 6, 7.)

Local Government shall record their opinion as to whether such person has established his claim.

Order of removal
by Local Govern-
ment.

6. (1) On receipt of the report of the advising Judges the Local Government, if satisfied that the person against whom the report has been made should be removed elsewhere, may by an order reciting the conclusions of the advising Judges, as reported by those Judges—

(a) direct him to leave Bengal within such time, by such route or routes, and for such period as may be stated in the order, or

(b) where the Local Government are satisfied that both he and his father were born in Bengal, or that he is a member of a family which has definitely settled in Bengal and is himself so settled, direct him to leave the Presidency area within such time, by such route and for such period as may be stated in the order, and may in that case further order that he shall during the same period notify his place of residence and any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence to the officer appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.

(2) The order of the Local Government under subsection (1) shall be final, and shall not be called in question in any subsequent proceeding under section 9 or section 10.

Evasion
orders of

7. Where any person on whom a warrant has been served under section 4—

(i) fails to attend at the place and at the time or times specified in the warrant and thereafter when required in order to receive the order of the Local Government under section 6, or

(ii) prior to the issue of that order, leaves Bengal or the Presidency area, as the case may be,

the Local Government may issue the order under section 6 in the absence of that person by publishing the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and such person shall be deemed to have absconded in order to evade that order:

Provided that the Local Government may condone a failure to attend under clause (i), on reasons for such non-attendance being furnished to their satisfaction, and in that case such person shall not be deemed to have absconded in order to evade the order.

(Sections 8—10.)

Identification
order.

8. Every person, in respect of whom an order has been made under section 6 shall, if so directed by the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be,—

- (i) present himself to be photographed ;
- (ii) allow his finger impressions to be recorded ;
- (iii) if literate, furnish such officer with specimens of his handwriting and signature ; and
- (iv) attend at such times and places as the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may direct for all or any of the aforesaid purposes.

Penalty for
breach of order
under section 6.

9. When any person, against whom an order has been made under section 6, fails to comply with such order within the time specified therein, or after complying with the said order returns to, or after evading the said order returns to or remains in, any place within Bengal or the Presidency area, as the case may be, before the expiry of the period stated in the order, or fails to give to the officer appointed to receive it the information in regard to residence or absence set forth in section 6, such person may be arrested without a warrant by a police-officer and shall be liable, on conviction before a Presidency Magistrate, or a Magistrate of the first class, to be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year.

Penalty for
breach of order
under section 8 or
for absconding to
evade an order
under section 6.

10. (1) Any person who fails to comply with, or attempts to evade, any direction given in accordance with the provisions of section 8, or who absconds in order to evade any order made under section 6, shall be liable to be arrested without a warrant and shall, on conviction before a Presidency Magistrate, or a Magistrate of the first class, be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or to a fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or to both.

(2) An offence under this section and under section 9 shall be deemed to be a non-bailable offence.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive^d SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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RESOLUTION REVIEWING THE REPORTS ON THE WORKING OF DISTRICT BOARDS IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY DURING THE YEAR 1921-22.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LOCAL SELF-GOVT. DEPARTMENT.

Local Self-Government.

CALCUTTA, THE 25TH JANUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 143 L.S.-G.

READ—

The reports of Commissioners of Divisions on the working of District Boards in Bengal during the year 1921-22.

District Boards.—Towards the end of the year, final arrangements were made for replacing the Darjeeling Road Cess Committee by a District Board, which was actually constituted in April 1922.

2. **Local Boards.**—There were 75 boards with 984 members. Where union boards have been formed, they are usually entrusted instead of the local boards with the repair of village roads and with the control of pounds. If local boards are to have any vitality, they must have responsible functions and the administration of adequate funds. So far the addition of a new link in the chain of local authorities has perhaps tended to impair the utility of the local board. It has new duties in supervising the activities of the union boards, but supervisory function such as this is barely sufficient justification for its existence. It is clear that the place and functions of the three rural local authorities will require careful definition, when the Local Self-Government Act is amended.

3. **Village Self-Government.**—At the end of 1921, nearly 1,600 union boards were in existence. When the lapse of time enables the early years of the Reforms to be viewed and appraised with a proper detachment, it is possible that the creation of an atmosphere of suspicion and distrust towards these institutions will be regarded as one of the non-co-operator's gravest disservices to India. Union boards have been represented as merely instruments of new taxation instead of potential agencies for the proper organization of the village resources. In one case, a vice-president's house was burnt down, while elsewhere a union board dispensary and office building shared the same fate.

There has been a serious set-back to village self-government; the Act was withdrawn from the Midnapore district and the boards replaced by the old *chaukidari panchayets*, while in other districts the introduction of the Act has been postponed. At the close of the year there were 1,089 of these boards. Nevertheless, in spite of a discouraging political environment, many boards have done useful work. Some union board dispensaries have been founded, several wells have been constructed, and in the Howrah district alone over 400 tanks were cleared of rank vegetation. A few boards have distributed quinine and other medicines gratuitously to the poor.

A considerable number of union benches and courts have been established. In Tippera they are reported in many cases to have done "remarkably good work," and the privilege of possessing a union bench is said to be highly prized.

On the other side of the ledger must be set down apathy on the part of some presidents and of more members, party faction and some natural reluctance to enforce the provisions of the Act. In many cases budgets have not been prepared in time, and meetings have lacked a quorum.

On the whole, the Minister for Local Self-Government is disposed to think that these infant institutions deserve congratulation for the manner in which they have weathered the storm, and while in more backward districts he feels that it would be most unwise to force the pace by the too rapid extension of the Village Self-Government Act, he holds firmly to the opinion, which many facts support, that these boards will ultimately play an important part in the scheme of local self-government.

One hundred and eighty-five union committees—a kind of half-way house between the *chaukidari panchayet* and the union board—continued to function in many districts. Their total receipts amounted to Rs. 1,27,220, of which Rs. 88,385 was expended, mainly on roads, sanitation and water-supply. The area of a union committee shows wide variations; in the Bankura district, for example, it ranges from 2 square miles to 9, in the Rajshahi district from about 8 to 11, and in the Faridpur district from 5 to 7 square miles. In one district, union committees with a population ranging from 5,000 to 10,000 had each, on an average, revenue of about Rs. 300. A committee administering this paltry sum over so large an area and for so large a population could not be expected to bring much interest or enthusiasm to its impossible task. Most union boards, however, have only slightly more ample funds. The 129 union boards of Dacca and 49 boards in Faridpur, of which all but 26 assessed union rates under section 87 (b) of the Village Self-Government Act, spent Rs. 40,031 on roads, Rs. 16,672 on water-supply, and Rs. 11,301 on drainage and conservancy, i.e., roughly Rs. 400 each.

4. **Finance of District Boards.**—The receipts amounted to Rs. 116·5 lakhs against Rs. 122·7 lakhs in 1920-21, the decrease being due to reduced receipts under the head of "Deposits and advances." The disbursements, however, increased from Rs. 122·7 lakhs to Rs. 123 lakhs. The closing balance amounted to Rs. 28·2 lakhs (of which Rs. 17·1 lakhs were in cash) against Rs. 34·8 lakhs in 1920-21.

5. **Taxation.**—The incidence was 2 annas 8 pies a head, varying in different districts from 1 anna 8 pies to 8 annas 1 pie.

6. **Education.**—The expenditure (Rs. 28·4 lakhs) was very slightly below that of the previous year. Of this amount, Government contributed Rs. 16·3 lakhs, while school fees yielded 4 lakhs. District Boards from their own funds contributed Rs. 11·7 lakhs.

The number of upper and lower primary schools increased from 39,078 to 39,688, of which 3,128 were entirely maintained by the boards while the rest received grants-in-aid: 9,495 of these institutions were girls' schools, against 9,142 in 1920-21 and 8,542 in 1919-20. The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division writes appreciatively of the excellent educational work which the American Baptist Mission is doing amongst the Sonthals of Midnapore. One Sonthal girl succeeded in winning a departmental middle scholarship.

The Chairman of the District Board of Faridpur states that the extension of primary education on the lines suggested by Mr. Biss has met with much opposition. "This is mainly due to the non-co-operation movement. The people are bitterly opposed to any form of taxation, direct or indirect." Bakarganj is equally pessimistic as regards the financial aspect of the problem. The Malda District Board is utilizing an imperial grant received originally for the construction of panchayati union schools for working out Mr. Biss's scheme in two unions, half the recurring cost to be met by the board and half from provincial revenues. Free primary schools (29) have been opened under three union boards in Khulna, and an education cess is to be levied for the maintenance of the schools.

The importance of technical and industrial education has not been overlooked. The Khulna Coronation Technical School had 30 boys as against 22 in 1920-21 on its roll, of whom 18 were specializing in carpentry, while 5 belonged to the blacksmith and the rest to the tinsmith class. The sale proceeds of the articles manufactured in the school amounted to Rs. 3,468 against Rs. 1,082 in the preceding year.

The peripatetic weaving school in Pabna is said to be popular; 55 students passed out in the year under report. The Mymensingh Technical School continued to specialize in cane and bamboo work, brass-casting and in fitter's, blacksmith's and tinsmith's work. The number of pupils increased from 43 to 57. In the Burdwan Division special attention was given to weaving schools.

7. **Public health and medical relief.**—The most striking feature of recent district board administration is the wider recognition of medical needs and of the importance of public health. The expenditure under these heads rose from Rs. 11·7 lakhs to Rs. 13·7 lakhs. Medical relief was provided primarily through 322 dispensaries maintained by the boards and 249 in receipt of grants-in-aid as against 304 and 226 in 1920-21.

The number of State dispensaries is small, and the resources of Western medicine are at present by no means easily available to a rural population of 42 millions. Newly qualified medical graduates tend to concentrate in Calcutta, since the mufassal offers them ordinarily a very precarious livelihood. Nadia decided to give small monthly subsidies to eight independent practitioners to enable them to carry on while building up a private practice, but the offer was accepted by only three during the year. Other districts are experimenting on similar lines, and Jessore has actually been able to withdraw its subsidies from a few established practitioners. No wide extension of the subsidy system is for the moment practicable, but if the union boards can be induced under the guidance and with the help of district boards to accept some responsibility for medical relief within the local area, a close network of dispensaries, housed in a modest way but administered by a competent doctor, will be feasible.

It can never be possible for Government to provide free medical relief for the teeming population of rural Bengal, but the Minister is strongly of opinion that as the provincial finances improve, it is essential to stimulate and encourage local endeavour by judicious grants-in-aid. He has, for the present been most reluctantly compelled to curtail the practical application of this principle, but the readiness of several boards, particularly Dinajpur, Birbhum and Howrah, to accept a lead in this direction augurs well for the future.

Curative medicine comes into close touch with preventive medicine or the science of public health on the outbreak of epidemic disease. Cholera each year receives increasing attention. Several itinerant doctors were engaged by different boards to cope with serious outbreak of this fell disease, and the Director of Public Health may justly congratulate himself on the gradual evolution of a "public health conscience" in Bengal. The causes of cholera are becoming common knowledge in the mufassal, and the central department of public health is constantly asked to assist the local authorities in the organization of preventive measures. Several boards are making vaccination free, and this enlightened policy, if accompanied by a vigorous vaccination campaign, would immediately effect a large reduction in the mortality of Bengal.

The district boards of Dacca and Mymensingh are said to have reduced their expenditure on vaccination. "As there was no outbreak of small-pox in either of these districts during the year under report, no paid vaccinators had to be appointed for free vaccination, as was done in the preceding year." But if a temporary immunity breeds security and the relaxation of preventive measures, these local areas and ultimately the province will inevitably suffer from the ravages of an alarming small-pox epidemic amongst an unvaccinated population. A skeleton public health organization is now possessed by practically every district board, and the Minister is confident that this staff—though individual officers may lack the necessary inspiration and enthusiasm and in spite of exiguous revenues—can and will amply justify its creation by the better organization of preventive measures against disease, simple propaganda to dispel the appalling ignorance which produces the heavy toll of infant lives, the supervision of vaccination, and the improved compilation of vital statistics.

8. **Veterinary.**—It is a matter of regret that expenditure on this important branch of work fell from Rs. 1,36,000 in 1920-21 to Rs. 1,31,000. The decrease is small, but apart from medical relief, the improvement of the water-supply and roads, and the prompt arrest of a cholera epidemic, there is perhaps no direction in which expenditure of local funds among an agricultural population is more amply justified, than in the provision of good veterinary treatment, and any diminution in the present small outlay on veterinary work is to be deplored. The Chairman of the Birbhum District Board states that the work of the veterinary assistants is much more appreciated by the public than in the past. In Midnapore and Rajshahi veterinary hospitals were opened at Sadar.

The Commissioners of the Dacca and Presidency Divisions state that the veterinary assistants, itinerant and stationary, did much useful work and their services are beginning to be properly appreciated by the raiyat.

The inoculation of cattle against disease is gradually winning favour, and it is deplorable that at this juncture the Hooghly District Board should propose to abolish the posts of two of its three veterinary assistants. The Minister realizes the financial difficulties against which this board is struggling, but in this application of the axe of retrenchment he cannot forbear the exclamation :—

"Woodman, spare this tree."

9. **Civil works.**—The expenditure on communications fell from Rs. 37.8 lakhs to Rs. 32.9 lakhs. This is largely due to lapses of budget allotments, owing to works not being promptly executed. In the 24-Parganas, the Ganga Sagor road from Kachubaria to Mansadwip (16 miles) was completed. The Khulna District Board spent Rs. 15,000 on a toll-bar bridge over the Betna

river, and nearly Rs. 30,000 on the construction of roads in accordance with a quinquennial programme.

In Jessore the metalled roads are said to be good. In Midnapore, in some parts of which a laterite soil renders repairs comparatively easy, the roads are said to have deteriorated. The Hooghly District Board was vigilant in preventing encroachments on its roads, and the Burdwan Board is becoming alive to the necessity of taking active measures in this direction.

10. Water-supply.—This is the gravest problem immediately confronting the district boards.

It is said that in Burdwan a large proportion of wells are dry in April and May—the months in which they are most needed—and a serious shortage of water for drinking purposes occurred in most districts last hot weather.

The expenditure on water-supply in the current year was only Rs. 5·14 lakhs against Rs. 5·8 lakhs in 1920-21. This expenditure is still met entirely from revenue, but it is obvious that a large programme can only be financed by means of a loan policy. The District Board of Birbhum is prepared to take a loan of Rs. 1 lakh for the re-excavation of tanks and the sinking of masonry and tube wells, while Khulna (one of the most progressive boards) also recognizes the advantages of a loan policy. In normal times, Government would readily have sanctioned those proposals, but the depletion of the provincial balances and the necessity of providing agricultural loans on a large scale to the raiyats of Rajshahi and Bogra, who suffered from the floods, has rendered it necessary to keep these applications in temporary abeyance. The Minister is, however, disposed to agree with the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division that the solution of the water-supply problem lies in the power of the union boards alone. The district boards, even with some considerable accession of revenue and the adoption of a loans policy, would still find it impossible to bring an adequate water-supply within the reach of the vast masses for whose wants they provide. They can guide, stimulate and subsidize the union boards, but they are undoubtedly too large a unit of administration to undertake direct responsibility for the water-supply of each village.

Government recognise that it is essential to take fresh stock of the position and to attempt to propound a definite policy for the consideration of local authorities, and the Minister proposes shortly to call a conference of district board representatives for this purpose.

11. Closing balance.—There was a slight decrease, but Rs. 17·10 lakhs is still an unduly large proportion on total receipts of Rs. 116·5 lakhs.

There was a heavy balance in Burdwan (Rs. 3,07,803) and Midnapore (Rs. 2,43,409). In the case of Burdwan, these heavy accretions are in part explained; in Midnapore the balances are due mainly to delay in undertaking sanctioned works.

In view of the difficulty in meeting their expanding duties from current revenues, it is desirable that district boards with heavy closing balances should prepare careful programmes for their disbursement—whether by utilizing them for capital works and thereby economizing their borrowing capacity, or for minor works, which could not be financed from loans.

12. General remarks.—It is certain that the district boards cannot attain to their full stature until their finances are placed on a more satisfactory basis. They are anxious to extend their system of medical relief, to find some solution to the water-supply problem which presses so heavily on them, to improve communications, which tend to deteriorate with so many new claimants to the common purse, and to consolidate experiments made in public health. Like the central department they are blocked at every turn by the want of funds, and so far from enlightened enterprise having any scope, they find it difficult to carry on the budgets of the past. There is abundant vitality in these boards and frequently enthusiasm in their Chairmen. The time has come when every one is glad to be a member of the district board. Under the new regime, the post is one to which considerable prestige and influence attach, and every one who aspires to be of some local importance turns his eyes towards the district board. It is not everywhere realised that with the

passing of the official Chairman, a change of considerable political importance has been effected. The policy of the boards must for some time to come depend largely on the Chairman, and by giving the board the right of election, Government have, so to speak, by a stroke of the pen, transferred to popular control an administration which touches the masses in many ways more closely than several departments of Government. The Minister is of opinion that on the whole the non-official Chairmen and their colleagues have risen to their high responsibilities, and he is glad to find that several of the local officers write appreciatively of the interest they have shown in their important duties. He desires particularly to express his appreciation of the good work done by the following gentlemen who have been specially mentioned by the Commissioners of Divisions, and to thank them for their services :—

CHAIRMEN OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Raja Moni Lal Singh Roy, C.I.E., Burdwan.
 Rai Abinash Chandra Banerji Bahadur, Birbhum.
 Babu Baroda Prosad De, Hooghly.
 Rai Ashutosh Bose Bahadur, Howrah.
 „ Sahib Bama Charan Ray, Bankura.
 Raja Reshicasa Law, C.I.E., 24-Parganas.
 Maharaja Kshaunish Chandra Ray Bahadur, Nadia.
 Babu Bijoy Krishna Mitra, Jessore.
 Rai Amrita Lal Raha Bahadur, Khulna.
 Nawab Khajeh Muhammad Yusuff, Khan Bahadur, Dacca.
 Khan Bahadur Maulvi Syed Ahmed Hossain Chaudhury, Mymensingh.
 Khan Bahadur Maulvi Nadir Hossain, Faridpur.
 Khan Bahadur Maulvi Homayatuddin Ahmed, Bakarganj.
 Khan Sahib Maulvi Aman Ali, Chittagong.
 Maulvi Abdul Karim, Tippera.
 Khan Sahib Maulvi Majibal Hyder Choudhury, Noakhali.
 Khan Bahadur Maulvi Emaduddin Ahmed, Rajshahi.
 Babu Tanka Nath Chaudhury, Dinajpur.
 Rai Kali Pada Banerji Bahadur, Jalpaiguri.
 Khan Sahib Syed Riyaz Uddin Quazi, Bogra.

VICE-CHAIRMEN OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Rai Tara Prasanna Mukherji Bahadur, Burdwan.
 Babu Rama Prasanna Mukherji, Birbhum.
 „ Satish Chandra Mukherji, Hooghly.
 Maulvi Abdus Samad, Murshidabad.
 Babu Bijay Gopal Bose, Jessore.
 „ Jatindra Nath Ghose, Khulna,
 „ Kshitish Chandra Guha, Dacca.
 „ Sasadhar Ghosh, Mymensingh.
 „ Debendra Nath Datta, Bakarganj.
 „ Rai Charan Guha, Bakarganj (offg.).
 „ Kumud Nath Dutta, Rajshahi.
 Rai Mrityunjoy Roy Choudhury Bahadur, Rangpur.
 Babu Lalit Mohan Sanyal, Bogra.
 „ Ashutosh Chaudhury, Malda.

MEMBERS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Babu Amulya Charan Mitra, Burdwan.
 „ Dwijendra Nath Mukherji, Birbhum.
 Major J. J. A. Brachio, Birbhum.
 Babu Surendra Nath Ghosh, 24-Parganas.
 Rai Biswambar Ray Bahadur, Nadia.
 Babu Haripada Adhikari, Nadia.
 „ Prasanna Kumar Sanyal, Nadia.
 Rai Sahib Bankim Chandra Mazumdar, Khulna.

Babu Ananta Kumar Ray Chaudhuri, Faridpur.
 „ Mathura Nath Mitra, Faridpur.
 „ Sarat Chandra Guha, Bakarganj.
 Rai Satyendra Nath Ray Choudhury Bahadur, Bakarganj.
 The Hon'ble Chaudhuri Muhammad Ismail Khan, Bakarganj.
 Babu Kali Prasanna Guha, Bakarganj.
 Maulvi Mafizuddin Ahmed, Bakarganj.
 Babu Ambica Charan Ray, Bakarganj.
 „ Akhil Chandra Dutta, Bakarganj.
 Rai Satish Chandra Sen Bahadur, Chittagong.
 Maulvi Jalaluddin Ahmed, Chittagong.
 Mr. P. J. Delanney, Tippera.
 Babu Anukul Chandra Ray, Tippera.
 „ Khetra Mohan Ray, Tippera.
 „ Jashoda Kumar Ghosh, Noakhali.
 Maulvi A. M. Abdul Hamid, Pabna.
 Babu Durga Kanta Chakravarty, Pabna.
 Maulvi Khaliluddin Talukdar, Pabna.
 Khan Sahib Maulvi Moazzam Ali Khan, Pabna.

CHAIRMEN AND VICE-CHAIRMEN OF LOCAL BOARDS.

Babu Ashu Tosh Ray, Chairman, Burdwan Sadar.
 „ Purna Chandra Dutta, Vice-Chairman, Kalna.
 Rai Sahib Jogendra Nath Singha, Chairman, Chuadanga.
 Babu Nishapati Banerji, Chairman, Ranaghat.
 Munshi Aftab Hossain Joardar, Vice-Chairman, Chuadanga.
 Babu Upendra Kumar Gupta, Chairman, Dacca Sadar.
 „ Mahendra Chandra Dhar, Chairman, Narainganj.
 „ Rajendra Kishore Ghose, Chairman, Munshiganj.
 „ Hari Bandhu Bhattacharji, Chairman, Manikganj.
 Maulvi Alimazzaman Chaudhury, Chairman, Goalundo.
 Babu Surendra Nath Ray, Chairman, Madaripur.
 „ Sarat Chandra Chatterji, Vice-Chairman, Madaripur.
 „ Surendra Nath Mitra, Vice-Chairman, Goalundo.
 Maulvi Efazuddin Ahmed, Chairman, Bhola.
 „ Taip Muhammad, Chairman, Naogaon.
 „ Kazi Jasimuddin, Chairman, Natore.
 „ Shoikh Ahmed, Chairman, Boalia.

MEMBERS OF LOCAL BOARDS.

Babu Hem Nath Banerji, Khulna Sadar.
 „ Satish Chandra Mazumdar, Khulna Sadar.
 „ Radha Raman Mazumdar, Rangpur Sadar.
 „ Bhowani Prasanna Lahiri, Rangpur Sadar.
 Maulvi Dr. Muhammad Muzammal, Rangpur Sadar.
 Babu Barada Govinda Chaki, Gaibandha.
 Khan Sahib Abdul Majid, Gaibandha.
 Babu Gopal Chandra Ghosh, Nilphamari.
 „ Jogesh Chandra Rai Chaudhuri, Kurigram.
 „ Mahila Ranjan Sarkar, Pabna Sadar.
 Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmed, Pabna Sadar.
 „ Abdul Majid, Sirajganj.
 „ Afzal Ali Khan, Sirajganj.

By order of the Government of Bengal

(Ministry of Local Self-Government),

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

FORM NO. I (a).

Statement showing the constitution of District Boards in Bengal during the year 1921-22.

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held, including those specified in columns 18 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 20 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of official present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominal non-official.	Nominal official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	Europeans.	Indians.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
BURDWAN DIVISION.																						
1	Burdwan ...		2,669	1,343,185	1	...	...	...	3	8	7	18	3	15	2	18	16	...	...	56.25	56.25	56.25
2	Birbhum ...		1,751	835,055	1	...	...	...	3	5	8	16	3	13	...	16	19	...	...	47.3	59.0	57.5
3	Bankura ...		2,611	964,487	1	...	...	...	4	8	17	24	4	20	3	21	15	...	...	44.4	44.0	53.3
4	Midnapore ...		5,141	2,595,071	1	...	...	...	6	6	12	24	7	17	3	21	18	...	...	71.48	67.55	69.54
5	Hooghly ...		1,159	900,802	1	...	...	...	6	7	15	28	6	20	3	24	16	...	...	48.8	65.0	61.3
6	Howrah ...		498.8	778,893	1	...	...	...	3	3	12	18	3	15	...	18	16	...	...	70.32	79.16	77.77
	Divisional Total ...		18,827.8	7,421,093	6	...	...	...	25	32	69	126	26	100	10	116	100	...	...	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																						
7	24 Parganas ...		4,781	1,738,350	1	...	...	...	6	7	11	24	6	18	1	23	14	...	...	76.3	73.6	73.5
8	Nadia ...		2,754	1,521,928	1	...	...	...	5	5	20	30	5	25	...	30	15	...	...	60	73.3	73.0
9	Murshidabad ...		2,119	1,288,791	1	...	...	...	5	6	10	21	5	16	3	18	17	...	1	68	61.0	55.7
10	Jessore ...		2,914	1,737,066	1	...	...	...	6	6	12	24	6	18	3	21	21	...	1	71.4	66.5	66.8
11	Khulna ...		2,057	1,537,615	1	...	...	...	4	4	8	16	4	12	...	16	15	...	...	65.3	60.1	70.4
	Divisional Total ...		14,565	7,023,750	5	...	...	...	26	28	61	115	26	89	7	106	82	2	1	...	...	...
DACCA DIVISION.																						
12	Dacca ...		2,781.8	2,823,976	1	...	...	...	5	6	22	33	5	28	3	30	14	...	...	60.0	69.3	67.0
13	Mymensingh ...		6,278.3	4,404,353	1	...	...	...	2	10	12	24	6	18	...	24	6	...	1	46.8	73.2	65.3
14	Faridpur ...		2,369.9	2,089,710	1	...	...	...	4	8	12	24	4	20	...	24	19	...	...	69.7	69.0	69.0
15	Bakarganj ...		4,642	2,428,911	1	...	...	...	0	6	12	24	6	18	3	21	17	...	...	47.0	61.7	58.0
	Divisional Total ...		16,072.0	11,746,949	4	...	...	...	17	30	56	105	21	84	6	99	66	...	1	...	...	...
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																						
16	Chittagong ...		2,487	1,611,422	1	...	...	...	5	5	20	30	5	25	3	27	16	...	...	59.75	76.0	68.13
17	Tipperra ...		2,405.8	2,743,073	1	...	...	...	5	5	20	30	5	25	3	28	17	...	...	44.12	68.49	63.07
18	Noakhali ...		1,642	1,472,786	1	...	...	...	4	5	9	18	4	14	...	18	16	...	...	50.37	63.94	63.15
	Divisional Total ...		6,514.8	5,827,281	3	...	...	...	14	15	49	78	14	64	6	73	57	...	7	...	...	...
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																						
19	Rajshahi ...		2,611	1,489,675	1	...	...	...	5	6	11	22	7	15	1	21	19	...	...	65.4	67.0	60.3
20	Dinajpur ...		3,940	1,705,353	1	...	...	...	4	5	14	27	4	23	1	26	19	...	...	59.0	61.08	61.63
21	Jalpaiguri ...		2,916	936,269	1	...	...	...	5	9	2	16	5	11	8	8	16	...	...	47.50	58.52	53.08
22	Rangpur ...		3,470	2,368,901	1	...	...	...	5	5	10	20	5	18	...	20	28	...	...	38.6	57.0	34.0
23	Bogra ...		1,347	1,048,806	1	...	...	...	4	11	...	15	5	10	...	15	22	...	...	52.6	46.0	50.0
24	Fabna ...		1,837	1,384,535	1	...	...	...	3	4	8	16	3	12	...	15	21	...	...	56.5	71.0	68.0
25	Malda ...		1,892	969,249	1	...	...	...	2	12	...	15	4	11	2	18	17	...	...	58.0	68.18	64.6
	Divisional Total ...		18,012	9,902,588	7	...	...	...	28	53	49	180	33	97	13	116	142	11	11	...	...	...
	GRAND TOTAL ...		69,091.6	42,521,661	25	...	...	...	110	188	286	564	120	434	40	614	647	13	20	...	...	...
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.		69,347.5	42,166,514	19	...	...	...	6	116	176	218	509	125	384	47	463	437	13	8	...	...

Act III (B. C.) of 1885.

FORM No. I(b).

Statement showing the constitution of Local Boards in Bengal during the year 1921-22.

NAME OF LOCAL BOARD.	Area under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.					NUMBER OF MEMBERS.										Total number of meetings held, including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
				Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	Europeans.	Indians.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
BURDWAN DIVISION.																								
Burdwan.																								
1	Sadar ...	1,238	555,110	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	16	...	16	...	9	1	...	...	88.20	88.20
2	Anandol ...	684	382,929	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	1	8	4	5	20	4	...	92.0	82.5	
3	Katwa ...	354	227,616	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	1	8	...	9	13	...	...	78.9	46.1	
4	Kalna ...	413	197,580	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	1	8	...	9	14	1	...	100.0	33.04	40.48
	Total ...	2,689	1,342,185	1	3	...	...	...	3	11	28	42	3	33	4	38	56	6	4	...	...	...
Arbhum.																								
5	Sadar ...	1,108	486,169	1	...	...	...	...	4	7	11	...	11	...	11	...	15	1	...	...	47.4	47.4
6	Rampurhat ...	646	392,186	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	1	8	...	9	14	...	...	57.1	45.5	
	Total ...	1,754	878,355	1	1	...	...	...	1	6	13	20	1	19	...	20	29	1	...	...	...	...
Bankura.																								
7	Sadar ...	1,917	689,000	1	...	...	...	...	1	7	10	18	1	17	...	18	11	...	...	54.54	74.82	78.23
8	Vishunpur ...	694	266,487	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	6	12	1	11	...	12	12	...	...	66.6	61.8	61.8
	Total ...	2,611	955,487	2	...	...	...	...	2	12	16	30	2	28	...	30	23	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore.																								
9	Sadar ...	3,267	1,158,829	1	...	...	...	...	14	10	24	4	23	...	24	...	13	2	...	34.5	49.6	47.12
10	Tamluk ...	653	347,524	1	...	...	...	...	1	11	6	18	3	15	...	16	16	1	...	37.87	62.93	58.67
11	Contai ...	849	613,225	...	...	...	...	...	4	7	10	21	4	17	2	19	17	1	...	30.75	47.12	44.52
12	Ghatal ...	372	235,493	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	1	14	...	15	8	...	...	30.0	69.8	70.6
	Total ...	5,141	2,595,071	2	...	...	...	...	2	36	36	78	12	66	2	78	51	4	...	...	...	...
Hooghly.																								
13	Sadar ...	429	278,064	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	1	14	...	16	11	...	...	81.8	58.1	62.6
14	Barampore ...	329	237,198	1	...	...	...	...	7	8	15	...	15	...	15	...	14	...	...	52.8	53.8	58.6
15	Arambagh ...	401	274,640	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	9	1	8	...	9	...	15	1	...	46.6	60.0	58.6
	Total ...	1,159	789,902	3	...	...	...	...	2	16	23	29	2	37	...	39	40	1	...	...	...	...
Haurah.																								
16	Sadar ...	162	302,267	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	9	14	1	...	53.84	61.54	60.68
17	Uluberia ...	331.8	476,626	1	...	...	...	...	3	10	15	...	15	...	15	...	12	...	...	100.0	78.41	78.88
	Total ...	493.8	778,893	2	...	...	...	...	1	7	16	24	1	23	...	24	26	1	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	13,827.8	7,421,093	11	4	...	...	...	2	15	37	181	238	31	312	6	327	325	13	4	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																								
24-Parganas.																								
18	Sadar ...	1,117	576,983	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	11	10	1	15	...	16	15	...	...	60	83.5	63.8
19	Diamond Harbour	1,391	515,725	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	12	10	...	1	10	61.0	47.6
20	Barnett ...	377	278,481	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	...	12	...	...	...	72.2	72.2
21	Bardhat ...	1,989	392,363	1	...	...	...	...	4	5	9	...	9	...	9	...	10	...	...	60	80.0	77.7
22	Barrackpore ...	147	37,498	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	5	7	1	6	1	6	13	...	...	77	88.4	86.8
	Total ...	4,721	1,738,350	4	1	...	...	...	3	15	35	63	4	49	1	52	60	...	1	...	...	...
Nadia.																								
23	Sadar ...	690	332,659	1	...	...	...	...	8	7	15	1	14	...	15	...	12	...	...	...	61.37	61.37
24	Ohudanga ...	437	243,032	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	...	12	...	...	87.5	62.5	64.1
25	Kumbha ...	391	447,021	1	...	...	...	...	9	10	15	...	15	...	15	...	10	...	...	30.0	69.38	70.0
26	Mehorpur ...	829	323,602	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	65.87	65.87
27	Ranaghat ...	407	176,614	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	6	12	1	11	...	12	12	...	...	27.7	45.3	42.4
	Total ...	2,751	1,631,928	5	...	...	...	...	1	38	39	66	9	64	...	66	56	...	...	...	...	...

Act III (H. C.) of 1903.

FORM No. 1 (b)—continued.

Statement showing the constitution of Local Boards in Bengal during the year 1921-22.

Serial number.	NAME OF LOCAL BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.																						
Murshidabad.																						
28	Sadar ...	...	992	671,455	1	...	...	...	...	7	14	21	...	21	1	20	12	8	...	...	43.6	43.6
29	Kandi ...	...	630	389,688	...	1	...	...	1	4	9	14	1	13	...	14	13	1	...	...	40.8	44
30	Jangipur ...	...	607	878,648	1	...	...	...	...	4	9	13	...	13	...	13	13	...	...	...	71.5	71.5
	Total ...	...	2,119	1,248,791	2	1	...	...	1	16	22	48	1	47	1	47	38	4	1	...	...	...
Jessore.																						
31	Sadar ...	...	741	453,394	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	11	...	...	...	58.9	58.9
32	Bongaon ...	...	646	302,773	1	...	...	...	...	7	5	12	...	12	...	12	8	...	1	...	54.1	54.1
33	Narail ...	...	487	380,609	1	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	9	13	...	1	...	68.3	68.3
34	Magura ...	...	425	265,046	1	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	9	11	...	1	...	87.5	80.4
35	Jhouladah ...	...	615	354,442	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	11	...	...	...	77.2	77.2
	Total ...	...	2,914	1,737,066	5	...	...	...	2	20	35	57	2	55	...	57	54	...	3	...	...	...
Khulna.																						
36	Sadar ...	...	644	428,219	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	17	...	...	...	63.9	63.9
37	Bageshat ...	...	679	378,141	1	...	...	...	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	12	14	...	...	100	74	78.6
38	Satkhira ...	...	724	531,225	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	16	1	14	...	15	13	1	...	63.6	100	48.2
	Total ...	...	2,057	1,337,615	3	...	...	...	2	11	26	39	2	37	...	39	44	1	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	14,565	7,623,750	19	2	...	...	9	87	167	263	11	252	2	261	251	5	5	...	...	...
Act III (E. O.) of 1883.																						
DACCA DIVISION.																						
Dacca.																						
39	Sadar ...	...	1,255.5	905,068	1	...	...	...	2	4	12	18	2	16	...	18	16	...	1	...	64.3	50.9
40	Narainganj ...	...	639.5	751,683	1	...	...	...	2	2	8	12	2	10	...	12	12	...	...	79.8	55.8	58.3
41	Munshiganj ...	...	386.0	632,407	1	...	...	...	2	9	7	18	3	15	...	18	14	...	...	60.0	56.0	56.1
42	Munshiganj ...	...	490.8	471,912	1	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	9	22	1	...	4.5	42.1	60.7
	Total ...	...	2,781.8	2,823,075	4	...	...	...	7	17	33	57	6	49	...	57	64	1	1	...	...	...
Mymensingh.																						
43	Sadar ...	...	1,845.5	1,158,923	1	...	...	...	...	8	12	18	...	18	...	18	13	...	...	...	71.7	71.7
44	Tangail ...	...	1,057.0	1,011,410	1	...	...	...	...	5	12	18	2	16	...	18	9	...	...	23.2	68.0	62.9
45	Jamshaidpur ...	...	1,267.8	776,506	1	...	...	...	1	5	10	16	2	14	...	16	17	...	1	...	68.9	68.9
46	Netrakona ...	...	1,137.0	611,555	1	...	...	...	2	2	8	13	3	9	...	12	11	...	...	30.9	49.2	44.6
47	Krishnaganj ...	...	975.0	793,890	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	2	13	...	15	13	...	...	10.0	63.5	50.4
	Total ...	...	6,278.3	4,404,353	5	...	...	...	4	23	52	79	9	70	...	79	68	1	1	...	...	...
Faridpur.																						
48	Sadar ...	...	636.7	533,365	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	11	...	1	...	56.8	56.8
49	Gondardo ...	...	447.6	328,063	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	10	...	...	...	60.0	66.0
50	Madaripur ...	...	731.0	797,130	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	12	...	1	...	52.5	52.5
51	Gopalganj ...	...	664.6	430,349	1	...	...	...	1	2	8	12	1	11	...	12	15	...	...	20.0	72.7	68.3
	Total ...	...	2,369.9	2,088,710	4	...	...	...	1	14	30	45	1	44	...	45	57	2	2	...	...	...
Bakarganj.																						
52	Sadar ...	...	1,205.0	985,184	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	...	18	1	17	15	...	...	...	48.6	48.6
53	Barisal ...	...	1,043.0	550,418	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	1	14	...	15	15	...	...	98.3	60.0	84.4
54	Patakhali ...	...	1,021.0	571,372	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	14	...	...	...	55.5	55.5
55	Bhola ...	...	783.9	515,537	1	...	...	...	...	3	8	12	...	12	...	12	15	...	...	78.3	50.0	52.5
	Total ...	...	4,042.0	2,428,911	4	...	...	...	...	17	34	51	2	49	1	50	59	1	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	16,072.0	11,746,949	17	...	...	...	12	71	149	232	20	212	1	231	248	5	4	...	...	...

FORM No. I(b)—concluded.

Statement showing the constitution of Local Boards in Bengal during the year 1921-22.

Serial number.	NAME OF LOCAL BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held, including those specified in columns 18 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																						
<i>Chittagong.</i>																						
36	Sadar ...	...	1,613.14	1,611,422	1	...	...	...	2	5	14	21	2	19	...	21	5	...	1	70	70.52	70.47
37	Ox's Bazar ...	...	873.82	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	9	7	...	...	57.14	73.21	71.48
	Total ...	...	2,487	1,611,422	2	...	...	...	3	7	20	30	3	27	...	30	12	...	1	...	...	...
<i>Tippah.</i>																						
38	Sadar ...	...	1,137.5	2,743,073	1	...	...	...	...	9	11	20	4	16	...	20	16	3	...	28.00	46.87	43.10
39	Brahmanbaria ...	...	763.5	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	10	15	3	12	...	15	8	...	...	37.5	77.0	69.19
40	Chandpur ...	...	584.4	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	8	12	2	10	...	12	13	...	...	73.00	71.60	71.75
	Total ...	...	2,485.8	2,743,073	3	...	...	...	5	13	29	47	9	38	...	47	37	3	...	...	...	...
<i>Noakhali.</i>																						
41	Sadar ...	...	1,299	1,472,786	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	1	17	...	18	15	...	1	60.00	58.82	58.88
42	Feni ...	...	348	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	2	7	...	9	12	...	...	20.88	65.47	55.55
	Total ...	...	1,647	1,472,786	2	...	...	...	...	9	18	27	3	24	...	27	27	...	1	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	6,614.4	5,827,241	7	...	...	...	8	29	67	104	15	89	...	104	76	3	2	...	...	...
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																						
<i>Rajshahi.</i>																						
43	Bailla ...	...	889.5	558,681	1	...	...	...	1	5	9	15	2	13	...	15	9	...	...	32.2	79.5	71.8
44	Nator ...	...	861.5	380,157	1	...	...	...	1	5	6	12	1	11	...	12	12	...	...	41.6	73.5	70.4
45	Naogaon ...	...	860	550,837	1	...	...	...	1	5	6	12	1	11	...	12	13	1	...	...	54.5	80
	Total ...	...	2,611	1,489,675	3	...	...	...	3	15	21	39	4	35	...	39	34	1	...	...	...	...
<i>Dinajpur.</i>																						
46	Sadar ...	...	1,592	705,440	1	...	...	...	...	10	8	18	...	18	...	18	7	...	...	...	45.23	45.23
47	Thakurgaon ...	...	1,171	445,428	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	1	14	...	15	12	...	...	67	67.1	67.8
48	Balrghat ...	...	1,177	445,478	1	...	...	...	...	5	7	12	...	12	...	12	4	...	...	...	41.66	41.66
	Total ...	...	3,940	1,705,253	3	...	...	...	1	19	25	45	1	44	...	45	23	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Jalpatguri.</i>																						
49	Alipur Duar ...	...	1,051	202,701	...	...	...	...	1	2	4	6	2	4	4	2	12	5	...	80	46.43	47.62
<i>Rangpur.</i>																						
70	Sadar ...	...	1,133	666,698	1	...	...	...	1	11	...	12	1	11	...	12	13	1	1	...	44	40.05
71	Gaibandha ...	...	782	620,823	1	...	...	...	1	7	4	12	1	11	...	12	13	...	...	9.23	41.7	48.75
72	Korigram ...	...	937	689,530	...	...	...	...	1	1	6	7	1	6	...	7	13	2	2	46	51.3	50.6
73	Nilphamari ...	...	649	491,860	...	...	...	...	1	1	6	7	1	6	...	7	11	1	1	100	65	70
	Total ...	...	3,470	2,388,911	2	...	...	...	2	4	30	4	3	31	...	35	50	4	4	...	...	...
<i>Pabna.</i>																						
74	Sadar ...	...	891	579,992	1	...	...	...	...	8	4	12	...	12	...	12	12	1	...	...	56.9	56.9
75	Buaggaon ...	...	940	804,643	...	1	...	...	...	4	8	12	2	10	1	11	17	5	...	23.5	42.3	39.2
	Total ...	...	1,837	1,384,635	1	1	...	...	...	12	12	24	2	22	1	23	29	6	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	12,949	7,151,155	9	1	...	...	3	10	80	62	13	139	5	147	148	16	4	...	...	...
	GRAND TOTAL ...	...	60,001.6	39,770,168	44	5	...	5	54	354	376	984	80	904	14	970	951	42	19	...	...	...
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	...	61,757.5	37,982,997	48	20	5	13	62	333	506	901	84	817	16	895	953	27	20	...	...	...

FORM

Statement showing the income of District Boards in

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	Closing balance of last year.	I.—LAND REVENUE.			VI.—LOCAL RATES.				XII.—INTEREST.				XVII.—LAW AND JUSTICE.
			Revenue due to canals.	Other land revenue receipts.	Total.	Local rate.	Village service fund.	Other receipts from local rates.	Total.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For other purposes.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Burdwan	5,47,237	...	...	...	6,78,017	...	...	6,78,017	...	...	1,550	1,550	...
2	Birbhum	1,11,909	...	...	...	1,56,069	...	...	1,56,069	...	...	...	...	248
3	Bankura	50,272	...	468	468	1,02,250	...	...	1,02,250	...	...	744	744	131
4	Midnapore	2,46,655	...	...	...	4,47,019	...	10,826	4,57,845	...	...	4,885	4,885	9
5	Hoochly	1,10,869	...	...	...	1,98,833	...	...	1,98,833	...	...	944	944	57
6	Howrah	1,36,876	...	495	495	84,862	...	...	84,862	...	3,652	692	4,344	39
	Divisional Total ...	12,03,617	...	963	968	16,68,949	...	10,826	16,79,775	...	3,652	8,601	12,453	474
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.													
7	24-Pargannas	*3,33,180	...	1,269	1,269	5,30,736	...	78,576	6,10,312	...	...	5,848	5,848	349
8	Nadia	80,650	...	1,530	1,530	1,87,470	...	2	1,87,472	...	...	4,548	4,548	478
9	Murshidabad	55,011	...	3,214	3,214	1,75,992	...	...	1,75,992	...	...	610	610	11
10	Jessore	1,29,288	...	7,688	7,688	2,36,768	...	...	2,36,768	...	336	1,028	1,364	477
11	Khulna	1,48,654	...	1,696	1,696	2,47,004	...	...	2,47,004	...	9	1,570	1,579	276
	Divisional Total ...	7,38,943	...	15,395	15,395	12,67,970	...	78,578	14,47,548	...	345	13,604	13,949	1,586
	DACCA DIVISION.													
12	Dacca	84,477	...	...	...	3,07,181	...	...	3,07,181	...	701	3,716	4,417	120
13	Mymensingh	2,01,645	...	...	...	5,61,616	...	255	5,61,871	525	646	685	1,706	106
14	Faridpur	43,473	...	...	...	2,41,474	...	...	2,41,474	...	...	1,045	1,045	115
15	Dakerganj	1,29,357	...	...	...	4,91,433	...	...	4,91,433	...	...	4,202	4,202	1,084
	Divisional Total ...	4,58,952	...	...	...	16,01,694	...	255	16,01,939	525	1,347	9,498	11,370	1,465
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.													
16	Chittagong	62,076	...	...	...	2,31,483	...	...	2,31,483	...	...	1,185	1,185	...
17	Tippera	1,85,010	...	...	...	2,87,776	...	46	2,87,822	...	...	2,063	2,063	...
18	Noakhali	1,62,269	...	3,948	3,948	2,61,000	...	...	2,61,000	...	...	...	...	20
	Divisional Total ...	3,99,355	...	3,948	3,948	7,70,259	...	46	7,70,305	...	...	3,236	3,236	20
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.													
19	Rajshahi	39,510	...	...	...	5,14,131	...	...	5,14,131	...	...	1,890	1,890	...
20	Dhujpur	66,465	...	...	...	2,14,869	...	...	2,14,869	...	...	...	...	...
21	Jhalaguri	1,07,559	...	...	...	2,27,933	...	...	2,27,933	...	...	189	189	...
22	Rangpur	2,09,144	...	1,277	1,277	3,65,921	...	...	3,65,921	...	...	2,029	2,029	...
23	Bogra	69,747	...	601	601	1,32,562	...	...	1,32,562	...	...	457	457	59
24	Pabna	97,908	...	...	...	1,84,158	...	...	1,84,158	...	...	898	898	...
25	Mulda	19,989	...	...	...	1,11,555	...	...	1,11,555	...	...	51	51	81
	Divisional Total ...	6,71,622	...	1,878	1,878	15,21,124	...	...	15,21,124	...	...	5,444	5,444	140
	GRAND TOTAL ...	31,71,649	...	22,181	22,181	69,29,986	...	90,705	70,29,691	525	5,544	40,385	46,464	3,685
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	31,83,549	7,091	22,094	29,188	67,17,292	2,922	1,333	67,21,517	618	8,376	43,359	52,351	3,610

* Revised figures. For explanation see

No. 11.

Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1922.

XVII.—POLICE.			XIX.—EDUCATION.											
Receipts under Outfit- Expense Act.	Other Items.	Total.	SCHOOL FEES.					CONTRIBUTIONS.			MISCELLANEOUS.			TOTAL.
			Trains and special schools.	High schools.	Middle schools.	Primary schools.	Total.	From Govern- ment.	Other contri- butions.	Total.	Salaries of books.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3,478	160	3,638	1,340	...	6,474	...	7,723	41,131	130	41,261	...	411	411	49,395
11,917	245	12,162	...	...	1,768	58	1,826	45,963	1,508	47,471	...	96	96	49,323
3,480	587	4,067	...	...	2,702	...	2,702	46,291	...	46,291	...	322	322	49,315
7,616	...	7,616	...	...	6,128	...	6,128	1,10,712	147	1,10,859	...	593	593	1,17,560
2,076	95	2,171	...	...	863	...	863	29,198	41	29,239	...	105	105	30,207
1,067	...	1,067	...	...	698	...	698	32,723	60	32,783	...	167	167	33,447
28,922	1,087	29,999	1,340	...	18,633	58	18,691	3,06,017	1,686	3,07,703	...	1,524	1,524	3,09,367
7,767	384	8,151	...	...	1,055	...	1,055	49,323	1,235	50,558	...	14	14	51,627
98,464	7	98,471	...	...	...	...	...	46,055	800	46,855	...	531	531	47,086
11,133	169	11,302	...	...	...	...	...	35,584	...	35,584	...	7	7	35,591
16,867	3,184	19,051	...	...	...	...	...	51,538	80	51,618	...	168	168	51,786
3,062	1,980	4,992	...	...	...	...	...	43,903	58	43,961	...	2,671	2,671	46,632
67,283	5,684	72,927	...	...	1,085	...	1,085	2,26,403	1,843	2,28,246	...	3,391	3,391	2,32,692
2,328	...	2,328	...	...	657	241	898	1,12,407	6,302	1,18,709	...	281	281	1,19,698
23,372	32	23,404	...	...	1,638	47	1,685	1,49,145	- 20	1,49,125	...	9,128	9,128	1,59,046
4,529	621	5,150	...	...	...	...	...	82,903	...	82,903	...	2,284	2,284	85,247
8,784	163	8,917	...	...	...	...	...	1,08,806	635	1,09,441	...	437	437	1,09,878
36,988	816	37,799	...	...	2,292	288	2,581	4,53,021	6,917	4,59,938	...	12,140	12,140	4,74,659
3,869	8	3,879	...	...	1,374	...	1,374	69,057	...	69,057	...	469	469	70,800
4,383	25	4,408	...	...	...	...	...	1,04,088	...	1,04,088	2,859	42	2,401	1,10,489
4,312	89	4,401	...	...	1,927	...	1,927	69,303	...	69,603	...	294	294	71,724
12,564	117	12,681	...	...	3,201	...	3,201	2,46,648	...	2,46,648	2,869	805	3,164	2,53,013
18,216	292	18,508	1,249	...	656	808	2,213	74,761	...	74,761	...	2,215	2,215	79,189
30,524	317	30,851	...	...	2,189	...	2,189	58,880	884	59,744	...	426	426	62,339
24,402	800	25,202	...	...	677	...	677	47,811	1,030	48,841	...	15	15	49,433
11,523	195	11,718	...	...	3,379	...	3,379	32,335	890	33,225	...	877	877	34,102
7,182	41	7,223	...	...	3,543	103	3,646	54,020	250	54,270	...	393	393	54,663
10,178	184	10,362	3,385	...	153	...	2,490	51,543	25	51,568	...	1,884	1,884	53,452
15,803	365	16,168	...	...	2,300	...	2,300	28,413	180	28,593	...	300	300	29,443
1,11,888	1,974	1,13,412	3,864	...	12,719	411	13,114	3,97,769	2,899	4,00,461	...	5,910	5,910	4,33,085
2,99,600	9,208	3,08,808	4,635	...	57,901	757	58,658	16,29,851	13,345	16,43,196	3,859	28,770	26,129	17,12,916
3,08,976	9,185	3,18,161	3,887	...	40,817	581	41,398	15,83,027	40,000	16,23,027	3,860	28,993	22,543	17,10,865

Form II of the Divisional Report.

FORM

Statement showing the income of District Boards

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	XX.—MEDICAL.										XXI.—SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER						
		Hospital and dispensary receipts.	Medicines sold by civil surgeons.	Income from endowments.	CONTRIBUTIONS—			MISCELLANEOUS.			TOTAL.	Botanical and other public garden receipts.	Veterinary receipts.	Receipts on account of experimental cultivation.	PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS AND FAIRS.			
					From Government.	Other contributions.	Total.	Sanitary fees and fines.	Other receipts.	Total.					Horse fairs.	Cattle fairs.	Other exhibitions or fairs.	Total.
		31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
BURDWAN DIVISION.																		
1	Burdwan	...	...	3,654	2,824	120	2,944	...	26	26	6,624	...	18	1,197	...	...	...	...
2	Birbhum	...	...	1,180	1,700	5,578	7,278	...	...	...	8,458	...	89	...	...	...	...	...
3	Bankura	...	...	...	410	3,747	4,157	...	139	139	4,296	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	267	267	...	...	...	267	...	80	...	...	...	...	...
5	Horiguly	...	...	4,261	2,749	2,610	5,359	...	6	6	6,616	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Howrah	...	...	...	1,800	663	2,463	...	...	...	2,463	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	...	...	9,065	9,513	12,983	22,496	...	171	171	31,722	...	192	1,197	...	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																		
7	24-Parganas	...	1	...	2,719	2,510	6,229	...	116	116	6,346	...	...	75	...	...	12,162	12,162
8	Nadia	...	...	...	1,800	1,718	3,518	...	68	68	3,586	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
9	Murshidabad	...	47	...	...	1,300	1,300	...	...	...	1,347	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jessore	...	184	...	19	1,370	2,482	3,822	...	90	90	4,116	...	12	...	...	...	...
11	Khulna	...	...	778	8,686	3,617	12,083	21	1,298	1,314	14,179	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	...	282	...	797	14,465	12,497	26,962	21	1,561	1,582	29,558	...	28	75	...	12,162	12,162
DACCA DIVISION.																		
12	Dacca	...	37	...	804	1,500	1,903	3,403	...	...	4,244	...	...	...	...	...	601	601
13	Mymensingh	...	...	...	900	9,703	10,603	...	...	...	10,603	...	468	...	...	...	...	...
14	Faridpur	...	...	...	1,820	8,325	10,145	...	42	42	10,387	...	98	...	...	...	...	...
15	Bakarganj	...	...	...	1,780	3,074	5,724	...	222	222	5,946	...	204	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	...	37	...	804	5,970	24,195	30,165	...	264	264	31,370	...	767	...	...	601	601
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																		
16	Chittagong	...	...	...	720	...	720	...	2,798	2,798	4,518	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Tippura	...	...	...	325	2,484	2,809	...	1,418	1,418	4,227	...	...	193	...	...	...	...
18	Noakhali	...	...	...	...	6,576	6,576	...	1	1	6,576	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	...	...	...	1,046	9,069	10,104	...	6,217	6,217	15,521	...	...	193	...	...	...	...
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																		
19	Rajshahi	...	...	...	929	7,039	8,568	...	26	26	8,594	...	8	...	...	...	239	239
20	Dinajpur	...	...	...	2,600	1,880	4,480	...	11	11	4,491	...	117	...	...	...	...	...
21	Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	1,016	...	1,016	...	...	...	1,016	...	287	...	...	...	...	...
22	Rangpur	...	...	...	...	19,567	19,567	...	...	...	19,567	...	282	...	...	...	...	...
23	Bogra	...	...	...	...	3,005	3,005	...	...	...	3,005	...	87	...	...	...	...	...
24	Pabna	...	...	...	1,660	695	2,355	...	52	52	2,317	...	80	...	...	...	...	...
25	Malda	...	...	...	...	653	653	...	...	...	653	...	64	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	...	...	...	6,195	22,559	29,554	...	89	89	29,643	...	308	...	...	...	239	239
	GRAND TOTAL	...	260	...	10,606	27,178	92,093	1,29,271	21	7,302	7,322	1,47,529	...	1,827	1,468	...	14,162	14,162
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	...	177	...	6,906	29,879	1,24,509	1,44,389	1,438	36,650	24,086	1,99,567	...	1,767	1,907	...	2,041	2,041

No. II—continued.

in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1922.

MINOR DEPARTMENTS.				XXII.— RECEIPTS IN AID OF SUPER- ANNUA- TION AND COMPAS- SIONATE ALLOW- ANCE.	XXIII.— STATION- ERY AND PRINT- ING.	XXV.—MISCELLANEOUS.						XXVI.—RAIL- WAYS.				
Miscellaneous.	Contributions from Government.	Other contributions.	Total.	Contribution for pensions or gratuities.	Press receipts.	Sale of old stores and materials.	Sale of <i>sear</i> (or cheated) buildings and lands.	Rent of <i>sear</i> (or cheated) buildings and lands.	Total.	CONTRIBUTIONS.		Other miscellaneous receipts.	Total.	Gross receipts.	Deduct—Working expenses.	Net receipts.
48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2	...	80)	1,517	...	771	...	...	...	...	73,074	...	98	73,172	...	...	...
...	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	827	827	...	...	...
...	...	106	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	141	240	...	...	...
...	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	50,720	...	968	51,697	...	...	...
...	112	...	...	112	24,046	...	1,537	25,765	...	...	10,743
...	184	184	...	...	45,891
2	...	406	1,795	...	771	112	...	...	112	1,47,948	...	3,815	1,51,875	...	...	57,633
...
...	4,500	...	17,787	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	819	319	...	...	21,329
...	200	...	212	...	...	18	...	...	18	30,458	...	1,461	31,927	...	...	...
...	66	...	...	66	29,399	...	510	29,935	...	...	...
...	...	120	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,500	931	676	15,106	...	...	...
...	4,700	120	18,085	...	...	54	...	...	84	63,317	931	2,955	67,267	...	...	21,329
...
...	...	98	699	...	...	14	...	...	14	...	215	333	562	...	...	...
...	...	250	708	...	211	4	...	...	4	...	...	63	67	...	...	...
...	...	14	109	...	...	22	2	...	34	...	1,972	1,229	3,235	...	...	...
...	...	277	481	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	695	695	...	...	...
...	...	639	1,997	...	211	50	2	...	82	...	2,187	2,320	4,569	...	...	...
...
123	...	120	242	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,425	2,425	...	...	...
...	198	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	189	189	...	...	...
...	2,386	2,386	...	...	...
123	...	120	426	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,000	5,000	...	...	...
...
...	242	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	54	...	...	...
...	...	225	262	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,194	...	641	30,835	...	...	...
...	287	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	334	334	...	...	...
...	...	1,000	1,289	...	...	...	...	...	...	45,236	...	704	45,930	...	...	...
...	37	...	...	...	...	236	236	...	...	36	372	...	...	...
5	...	10	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	264	264	...	...	...
...	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	210	210	...	...	...
5	...	1,229	2,429	...	...	...	...	236	236	78,480	...	2,252	77,008	...	...	...
180	4,700	2,520	24,784	...	998	246	2	236	484	2,86,685	3,118	16,342	3,06,629	...	...	78,862
291	3,984	1,084	17,024	...	1,987	145	...	243	511	2,67,771	5,579	45,888	2,18,199	...	...	1,16,287

FORM

Statement showing the income of District Boards

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	XXX.—IRRIGATION MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.		XXXI.—CIVIL									
		Local canal receipts.	IN CHARGE OF CIVIL OFFICERS.										Total.
			Tolls on ferries and roads.	Rent of buildings and lands [other than nazal (see cheater)].	Sale of buildings and other property other than nazal (see cheater).	Sale of stores and materials.	Storage charges—low fees.	Gravel (rest-house) fees.	Sale-proceeds of trees, grass, etc.	Miscellaneous.	Contributions from Government.	Other contributions.	
		65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76
BURDWAN DIVISION.													
1	Burdwan	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2	Birbhum ... ..	...	7,279	858	...	33	1,698	...	318	1,942	373	770	13,267
3	Bankura ... ..	...	872	309	...	...	237	...	142	85	20,295	655	22,495
4	Midnapore ... ..	...	2,320	164	...	32	39	...	166	1,246	14,231	125	18,449
5	Huoghly ... ..	...	16,326	1,381	90	126	74	...	41	934	10,011	594	29,491
6	Howrah ... ..	...	13,147	621	...	...	56	...	680	...	5,363	446	20,083
	Howrah ... ..	...	12,528	576	1,950	...	...	...	107	541	12,548	2,013	20,361
	Divisional Total ...	...	52,382	3,508	2,040	211	2,108	...	1,364	4,851	62,759	4,603	1,34,116
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.													
7	24-Parganas ... ..	...	60,841	2,251	90	...	500	...	1,021	2,304	58,015	11,556	1,86,487
8	Nadia ... ..	...	10,704	896	...	352	417	...	2,458	158	617	1,793	17,391
9	Murshidabad ... ..	...	16,229	323	...	...	74	...	2,090	1,006	22,094	38	41,851
10	Jessore ... ..	...	10,403	110	8	346	350	...	330	400	5,278	3,119	20,424
11	Khulna ... ..	...	26,405	...	...	1,109	1,161	...	67	117	40,221	2,614	71,894
	Divisional Total ...	...	1,24,582	3,579	98	1,707	2,511	...	5,966	3,962	1,26,225	19,017	2,87,447
DAOGA DIVISION.													
12	Daoga ... ..	...	33,214	1,690	...	40	79	...	179	1,607	39,618	1,060	77,577
13	Mymensingh ... ..	...	66,462	892	749	1,072	419	...	292	1,882	51,409	1,893	1,15,160
14	Faridpur ... ..	...	4,835	112	5	101	87	...	23	1,965	27,702	...	34,900
15	Bakerganj ... ..	...	8,517	591	...	...	402	...	122	475	64,716	6,297	81,410
	Divisional Total ...	...	1,03,328	3,365	754	1,213	957	...	618	6,019	1,83,445	9,250	2,26,947
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.													
16	Chittagong	16,262	19,544	946	...	...	39	...	168	1,922	27,439	2,029	63,086
17	Tippera ... ..	...	16,450	478	2,500	305	312	...	748	783	25,984	682	58,142
18	Nowshera ... ..	...	13,184	964	32	...	217	...	21	10,375	41,408	1,437	67,596
	Divisional Total ...	16,262	49,178	2,388	2,532	305	529	...	937	13,030	1,14,825	4,151	1,87,814
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.													
19	Rajshahi ... ..	...	14,438	557	2,890	264	476	...	1,614	427	42,446	800	63,622
20	Dinajpur ... ..	...	7,182	799	...	13	82	...	406	180	...	...	8,462
21	Jalpaiguri ... ..	...	18,949	764	...	189	781	...	425	192	42,513	274	64,577
22	Bangpur ... ..	...	43,440	1,045	3,000	142	916	...	243	378	76	7,351	66,429
23	Bogra ... ..	...	1,935	345	...	...	340	...	244	1,043	16,477	2,481	24,826
24	Pabna ... ..	...	10,965	21	...	41	206	...	810	193	21,390	3,220	36,686
25	Malda	1,540	27,160	27	11	58	...	...	568	628	14,084	700	43,167
	Divisional Total ...	1,540	1,24,039	3,688	5,511	660	2,469	...	4,410	2,939	1,35,926	14,784	2,97,796
	GRAND TOTAL ...	10,803	4,53,900	16,724	11,035	3,996	9,003	...	13,382	30,801	6,26,180	51,787	12,16,222
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	24,284	4,60,180	17,604	496	7,830	8,626	...	13,969	30,562	6,28,426	1,67,490	12,96,061

No. II—concluded.

in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1922.

WORKS.		Total income, excluding opening balance.	DEBT.			Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation per head of population.	Incidence of income (excluding balances) per head of population.
In charge of Public Works Offices.	Total.		Loans.	Deposits and advances.	Total.				
77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	As. P.	As. P.
...	18,967	8,29,855	...	19,992	19,992	8,49,847	12,97,084	8 1	9 10
...	22,495	2,48,839	...	31,351	31,351	2,80,890	3,82,799	2 11	4 9
...	18,449	1,78,890	...	5,102	5,102	1,84,162	2,34,451	1 6	2 11
...	29,491	2,68,850	...	63,516	63,516	7,33,086	8,16,721	2 9	4 1
...	20,058	2,88,378	...	23,013	23,013	3,21,381	4,32,080	2 6	5 2
...	20,861	2,04,533	...	22,617	22,617	2,27,150	2,84,028	1 9	4 2
...	1,34,118	24,30,045	...	1,68,561	1,68,561	25,08,498	28,00,123	3 7	5 3
...	1,86,487	8,59,874	...	50,754	50,754	9,10,428	12,43,608	5 7	7 10
...	17,391	3,13,590	...	4,041	4,041	3,17,631	3,98,581	2 1	3 7
...	41,851	2,68,918	...	16,318	16,318	2,85,236	3,43,247	2 2	3 4
...	20,424	3,61,568	...	17,986	17,986	3,79,544	4,68,822	2 3	3 5
...	71,594	4,03,168	...	49,700	49,700	4,53,868	5,01,522	2 11	4 9
...	2,87,847	22,07,908	...	1,40,799	1,40,799	23,48,707	26,88,790	3 0	4 11
...	77,677	5,17,036	...	30,628	30,628	5,47,664	6,32,141	1 8	2 11
...	1,15,160	5,73,572	...	94,651	94,651	6,68,723	11,69,788	1 11	3 2
...	84,600	3,81,582	...	18,689	18,689	4,00,271	4,43,124	1 10	2 11
...	51,410	7,03,748	...	68,284	68,284	7,72,030	8,01,587	2 8	4 7
...	2,08,947	24,76,216	...	2,12,452	2,12,452	26,88,668	31,47,020	2 2	3 4
...	62,086	3,81,874	...	16,006	16,006	4,07,880	4,70,506	2 4	4 1
...	58,142	4,67,523	...	46,510	46,510	5,14,033	5,99,073	1 8	2 9
...	67,986	4,07,841	...	31,621	31,621	4,39,462	5,01,531	2 8	4 5
...	1,87,814	12,87,033	...	94,137	94,137	13,81,173	17,01,110	2 1	3 8
...	63,632	4,84,330	75,000	24,367	1,00,367	5,84,697	6,24,227	2 5	5 2
...	8,643	3,43,369	...	3,162	3,162	3,51,531	4,17,998	2 0	3 3
...	94,077	2,67,821	...	4,777	4,777	3,12,598	4,80,157	2 0	3 4
...	86,639	5,81,324	...	21,006	21,006	6,12,340	8,12,784	2 6	4 0
...	21,905	2,27,220	...	16,519	16,519	2,43,739	3,13,546	2 0	3 6
...	26,986	2,60,947	...	21,350	21,350	2,82,297	3,60,005	1 10	2 2
...	43,187	2,84,420	...	7,705	7,705	2,12,134	3,02,124	1 10	2 4
...	2,97,799	24,84,411	75,000	99,784	1,74,786	26,59,197	32,30,849	2 5	3 1
...	12,16,322	1,08,88,518	75,000	7,12,725	7,87,725	1,16,84,243	1,51,25,892	2 8	4 1
1	18,33,081	1,08,48,992	76,000	18,42,176	14,18,176	1,22,67,168	1,67,50,717	2 8	4 1

FORM

Statement showing the expenditure of District Boards in

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	Closing balance of last year.	Total income during the year.	1.—REFUNDS AND DRAW-BACKS.			8.—LAND REV. ENUE.	9.—LOCAL RATES.	13.—INTEREST.				15.—ADMINISTRATION.					12A.—LAW AND JUSTICE COURTS OF LAW.
				Local rate refunds.	Other revenue refunds.	Total.			INTEREST ON LOANS.		Other items.	Total.	Office establishment.	GENERAL ESTABLISHMENTS OF LOCAL FUNDS.			Total.	
									On account of last year.	On account of current year.				Office contingencies (including stationery locally purchased).	Payment of establishments for officers of accounts, control and audit.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Burdwan ...	5,47,237	8,49,847	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,592	7,849	...	26,441	589
2	Birbhum ...	1,11,909	2,80,890	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,681	7,603	...	15,284	317
3	Bankura ...	80,279	1,84,152	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,489	4,552	...	9,041	733
4	Midnapore ...	2,46,655	7,33,066	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,801	8,174	...	23,975	...
5	Hooghly ...	1,10,669	3,21,391	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,449	7,575	...	18,024	107
6	Howrah ...	1,56,678	3,27,190	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,040	3,161	1,963	14,174	414
	Divisional Total	12,03,627	25,96,496	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66,012	38,304	1,363	1,06,319	2,089
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																	
7	24-Parganas ...	3,33,180	9,10,438	358	...	358	...	...	...	1,16,044	...	1,16,044	14,893	9,604	...	24,497	136
8	Nadia ...	80,800	3,17,631	56	...	56	120	...	...	...	...	...	9,296	2,556	4,129	16,971	...
9	Murshidabad ...	55,011	2,88,336	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,022	...	1,022	7,354	5,453	...	12,807	897
10	Jessore ...	1,30,388	3,79,544	...	...	...	349	...	...	4,210	...	4,210	11,849	7,664	...	19,513	308
11	Khulna ...	1,48,654	4,52,668	120	...	120	43	...	...	...	...	...	10,973	6,876	...	17,849	383
	Divisional Total	7,38,053	23,48,707	634	...	634	512	...	...	1,21,276	...	1,21,276	54,054	32,163	4,129	90,376	1,443
	DACCA DIVISION.																	
12	Dacca ...	84,477	5,47,664	228	...	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,910	9,831	...	23,741	733
13	Mymensingh ...	2,01,015	9,68,723	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,052	11,797	...	37,849	319
14	Faridpur ...	43,473	4,00,251	3	...	3	57	...	...	...	...	...	10,413	2,996	6,470	19,878	371
15	Bakarkanj ...	1,29,357	7,72,030	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,216	10,326	...	27,542	433
	Divisional Total	4,58,352	26,88,608	231	...	231	57	...	...	...	...	...	67,662	34,839	6,470	1,08,371	1,446
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																	
16	Chittagong ...	62,628	4,07,680	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,458	3,501	...	15,049	479
17	Tippera ...	1,85,040	5,14,033	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,517	2,823	...	17,410	1,480
18	Noakhali ...	1,52,260	4,39,262	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,829	4,760	...	16,579	117
	Divisional Total	3,99,928	13,61,175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37,844	11,163	...	49,047	3,084
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																	
19	Rajshahi ...	39,340	5,84,697	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,268	4,008	...	22,296	681
20	Dinajpur ...	66,465	3,51,531	50	...	50	...	...	...	2,642	...	2,642	11,082	1,960	...	13,042	141
21	Jalpaiguri ...	1,07,559	3,72,598	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,323	2,623	1,639	12,485	37
22	Rangpur ...	2,00,444	6,12,340	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,784	10,373	...	28,007	176
23	Dogra ...	69,747	2,43,799	...	...	...	...	...	...	467	...	467	8,836	1,896	...	7,753	10
24	Pabna ...	97,908	2,82,097	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,093	6,049	...	15,144	323
25	Malda ...	89,989	2,12,185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,390	2,771	...	8,076	88
	Divisional Total	6,71,652	26,59,197	50	...	50	...	...	...	3,109	...	3,109	75,562	29,580	1,629	1,06,771	1,665
	GRAND TOTAL	34,71,649	1,16,84,343	815	...	815	569	...	...	1,24,385	...	1,24,385	3,00,634	145,339	14,311	4,60,784	6,897
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	34,83,649	1,22,07,108	244	...	244	782	...	...	1,22,100	...	1,22,100	2,89,976	1,37,173	16,863	4,16,010	10,896

No. III.

Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1922.

20.—POLICE.					21.—PORTS AND PILOTAGE.		22.—EDUCATION.												
CATTLE-POUND CHARGES.					Subsidies to steam-boat companies.	Grants to Universities.	MAINTENANCE AND MANAGEMENT.					Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Miscellaneous.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Refunds.	Total.	
Establishments.	Contingencies.	Refunds of cattle-pound collections.	Other charges.	Total.			Inspection.	Training and special schools.	High schools.	Middle schools.	Primary schools.								Total.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
737	284	...	...	1,021	...	...	5,079	4,142	...	12,864	2,170	14,976	88,555	1,761	148	...	...	...	1,14,519
54	104	32	...	180	...	...	2,465	...	...	4,639	4,095	8,734	61,036	1,301	1,803	...	10	...	75,586
...	144	34	...	180	...	...	3,000	...	...	4,460	6,742	11,202	57,374	1,732	637	...	...	...	73,926
...	151	85	...	236	...	...	...	...	...	11,308	8,077	19,385	1,65,898	2,257	4,879	...	265	...	1,92,587
...	16	44	...	68	...	...	5,001	...	...	2,506	4,653	7,159	56,007	1,771	36	...	...	...	70,004
574	36	...	...	610	...	...	2,993	...	...	1,689	5,884	7,543	46,840	1,411	42	...	...	...	58,729
1,315	723	187	...	2,285	...	...	18,468	4,142	...	37,368	31,621	72,129	4,75,739	10,224	7,525	...	10	268	4,98,368
1,119	...	1,033	1,056	2,208	1,005	...	8,450	...	...	3,443	5,320	8,763	87,194	2,309	35	...	...	...	1,06,751
...	40	...	...	40	...	...	800	...	...	567	4,068	8,725	70,906	1,581	133	...	...	158	82,303
...	787	...	...	787	...	...	2,843	...	...	...	3,335	3,335	52,802	913	197	...	...	...	62,190
82	467	43	...	592	...	...	2,084	...	...	...	6,180	6,180	80,640	1,305	2,274	...	...	2,725	87,368
...	113	...	...	113	...	...	656	7,221	...	...	2,465	10,686	76,874	3,492	2,219	...	...	180	96,107
1,201	1,407	1,076	1,056	4,740	1,906	...	16,833	7,221	...	4,100	36,368	37,689	5,71,496	9,630	4,848	...	...	4,063	4,44,589
280	79	...	...	369	...	...	...	...	...	1,309	14,492	15,808	1,29,592	3,044	1,065	...	...	...	1,49,599
1,120	375	...	...	1,295	...	...	...	25,815	...	9,902	60,000	95,217	1,44,836	3,694	81	...	...	...	2,43,336
763	280	40	...	1,084	...	...	3,312	...	...	...	28,374	38,374	70,705	2,259	1,134	...	...	160	1,06,054
...	286	...	...	286	...	...	10,036	...	...	...	34,225	34,225	1,14,816	2,846	110	...	...	...	1,61,533
2,179	820	46	...	3,038	...	...	13,378	25,815	...	11,301	1,37,098	1,72,714	4,59,039	11,843	2,390	...	...	180	6,60,514
...	22	...	...	22	...	...	4,509	...	...	4,496	20,350	24,746	92,008	2,374	7,637	...	...	...	1,31,264
1,551	57	11	...	1,599	469	...	5,195	22,667	...	249	25,166	48,102	94,163	5,887	650	...	...	...	1,64,197
714	303	...	...	1,013	...	...	2,961	...	...	7,021	21,550	28,571	88,944	1,691	37,708	...	...	...	1,60,073
2,295	864	11	...	3,640	469	...	12,665	22,667	...	11,768	66,986	1,01,419	2,76,115	10,192	46,143	...	...	...	4,48,534
1,087	664	...	...	1,721	...	...	...	14,303	...	4,083	37,796	46,162	65,355	3,123	147	...	...	...	1,12,797
1,109	416	35	...	1,559	...	...	...	...	...	18,509	26,964	42,477	64,845	825	25	...	...	...	1,03,173
...	306	104	...	489	...	...	...	...	...	2,415	24,023	27,438	30,778	777	846	...	...	...	68,337
...	405	...	...	405	...	...	...	...	...	14,661	37,053	51,614	1,20,966	2,390	1,589	...	...	...	1,78,559
...	105	77	...	189	...	...	1,389	...	...	9,602	18,511	28,113	40,336	1,356	48	...	...	546	80,785
247	265	48	...	557	...	...	5,000	...	...	947	10,032	26,609	60,371	1,540	510	...	...	5,706	94,634
875	523	8	...	1,401	...	...	1,435	...	...	5,747	8,725	14,472	41,634	1,339	2,348	2,800	...	...	62,918
2,288	2,789	267	...	6,817	5,000	...	2,814	28,833	...	51,844	1,55,198	2,36,765	4,41,293	11,852	3,408	2,800	...	6,251	7,08,703
10,391	8,066	1,587	1,086	19,090	7,374	...	64,148	69,178	...	1,16,377	4,17,181	6,22,736	20,22,682	53,211	66,344	2,800	10	10,732	26,42,573
10,174	8,594	731	949	17,341	7,725	...	63,078	70,899	...	1,09,066	4,05,892	6,85,357	20,66,077	50,726	66,354	2,800	...	16,013	26,49,900

FORM

Statement showing the expenditure of District Boards in Bengal

24.—MEDICAL.																	25.—SCIENTIFIC AND				
Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	General medical establishment.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	SANITATION AND VACCINATION.			Medical schools and colleges.	Lunatic asylums.	Charges on account of epidemics.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Refunds.	Total.	Experimental cultivation.	PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS AND FAIRS.						
				Vaccination establishment and charges.	Sanitation charges.	Total.									Horse fairs.	Cattle fairs.	Other exhibitions or fairs.	Total.			
		39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55			
	BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
1	Burdwan ...	...	54,917	15,437	84	15,511	...	...	...	...	16,616	1,208	88,247	497	...	...	...	...
2	Birbhum ...	2,062	21,784	945	4,925	5,870	...	...	...	...	4,096	...	31,812	600	...	250	27	207
3	Bankura ...	...	10,643	3,017	1,585	3,702	...	...	...	...	1,986	76	16,357	369	...	...	150	150
4	Midnapore ...	...	32,963	4,404	6,125	10,529	...	...	7,401	...	2,399	...	53,282	1,915	...	...	...	...
5	Hooahly ...	5,334	44,368	1,791	6,692	8,483	...	...	...	...	...	...	54,183	4,238	...	...	...	...
6	Howrah ...	...	20,150	2,616	6,572	12,188	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,378	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	7,396	1,84,848	27,200	29,033	56,283	...	...	7,401	...	25,047	1,284	2,82,350	7,600	...	250	307	487	
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																				
7	24-Parganas ...	...	50,290	5,311	17,986	23,297	61	...	...	...	...	...	73,654	...	...	300	12,923	14,223
8	Nadia ...	2,873	20,233	40	16,461	18,501	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,427	...	...	...	300	300
9	Murshidabad ...	1,910	26,296	...	2,633	2,633	...	...	...	...	550	...	31,298	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jessore ...	1,588	27,747	167	9,735	9,902	...	...	1,507	...	...	140	40,864	200	...	...	...	...
11	Khulna ...	5,719	41,971	5,460	14,790	20,259	210	...	...	...	15,200	29	53,588	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	11,770	1,66,562	10,978	65,614	74,592	271	...	1,507	...	15,750	169	2,70,631	200	...	800	14,133	14,433			
	DAOGA DIVISION.																				
12	Dacca ...	...	64,221	35	8,413	8,454	...	...	...	...	...	...	72,675	...	...	...	2,265	2,265
13	Mymensingh ...	3,802	76,048	615	22,371	23,016	28,587	...	...	...	...	...	1,41,408	...	...	...	243	243
14	Faridpur ...	20	26,620	4,664	8,850	13,714	15	100	...	...	...	...	50,469	...	...	...	...	...
15	Bakurganj ...	...	69,843	5,098	9,667	14,765	180	...	...	...	...	...	84,498	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	3,822	2,46,482	10,642	59,307	69,940	28,792	100	...	...	...	...	2,49,035	...	...	...	2,801	2,801
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																				
16	Chittagong ...	1,732	32,803	6,186	111	6,299	610	...	...	...	...	...	41,444	...	...	...	...	...
17	Tippera ...	579	86,320	10,117	1,413	11,530	1,828	...	5,302	...	971	...	66,531	9	...	...	300	300	
18	Noakhali ...	1,001	30,965	931	4,960	5,891	890	...	...	...	...	...	38,256	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	3,312	1,03,088	17,236	6,484	23,720	2,687	...	5,803	...	971	...	1,84,231	9	...	...	300	300	
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																				
19	Rajshahi ...	486	27,719	3,452	32,319	35,771	409	...	...	...	...	...	64,356	...	...	...	622	622
20	Dinajpur ...	...	25,775	6,838	13,517	20,355	...	...	...	...	...	...	55,680	6,000	...	...	...	...
21	Jaipalguri ...	...	19,785	4,904	12,144	18,048	...	...	...	...	...	...	27,633	...	...	...	...	...
22	Rangpur ...	5,663	61,051	6,821	5,984	12,805	97	...	...	...	...	...	79,616	...	...	...	...	...
23	Bogra ...	134	22,354	1,649	4,475	6,124	120	...	524	50	105	...	29,416	...	...	...	...	...
24	Pabna ...	1,116	14,188	1,418	5,508	6,926	...	...	7,021	...	...	...	29,561	...	...	...	500	500
25	Malda ...	1,003	21,493	2,220	5,129	8,359	403	...	1,736	...	...	...	32,686	24	...	...	600	600
	Divisional Total	8,372	2,02,365	28,312	40,076	1,08,388	1,021	...	9,275	50	106	...	3,29,586	6,024	...	...	1,322	1,322	
	GRAND TOTAL	84,672	9,00,996	94,368	2,38,564	3,32,932	39,871	100	22,498	80	41,873	1,453	13,67,739	13,623	...	850	13,669	13,672			
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	22,147	8,02,167	77,906	1,98,316	2,70,522	4,041	301	26,264	2,491	22,981	2,551	11,76,206	19,426	...	350	36,427	36,777			

No. III—continued.

during the year ending 31st March 1922.

OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS.						29.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS.						30.—STATIONERY AND PRINTING.						31.—MISCELLANEOUS.						
Veterinary charges.	Bull and stallion charges.	Botanical and other public gardens.	Provincial statistics.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Total.	Pensions.	Gratuities.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions, including payments to Service Funds and Provident Funds.	Total.	Stationery purchased from central stores.	Other stationery.	Printing.	Lithography.	Total.	Donations for charitable purposes.	Rewards for the destruction of dogs, wild animals and snakes.	Other petty establishments and charges.	Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges.	Miscellaneous refunds.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5,115	...	...	...	900	...	4,512	154	...	...	5,123	5,277	...	...	3,496	...	3,496	...	...	3,970	60	50	...	661	4,741
2,411	561	...	...	...	...	2,879	424	...	...	1,741	2,165	...	...	2,661	...	2,661	...	...	...	412	10,277	...	8,889	19,278
2,526	...	...	...	...	...	4,026	...	...	...	1,809	1,300	...	...	285	...	285	...	...	...	884	18	...	...	898
6,362	2,930	...	...	8,670	66	14,898	95	...	499	2,668	3,192	...	...	1,934	...	1,936	...	...	...	4,365	11	...	...	4,396
2,598	...	...	...	1,439	...	6,265	...	...	...	2,594	2,594	...	...	1,575	...	1,575	...	...	...	4,609	487	...	...	5,076
1,916	...	...	...	...	190	1,935	...	...	...	1,939	1,809	...	...	2,188	...	2,188	...	...	...	2,067	581	...	...	3,648
21,807	2,491	...	...	5,999	156	35,510	673	...	429	15,244	16,346	...	...	12,129	...	12,129	...	...	3,970	12,357	11,404	...	9,260	27,031
6,545	...	...	...	...	43	30,821	268	...	...	4,940	5,208	...	...	3,449	...	3,449	...	...	...	5,711	10	...	...	5,721
6,867	...	...	...	...	...	7,057	861	...	...	2,137	2,998	...	...	1,860	...	1,860	...	...	...	3,419	75	...	...	3,494
3,906	...	...	...	4,360	66	8,322	1,369	...	...	1,806	3,075	...	...	2,492	...	2,492	...	...	...	...	1,137	...	...	1,137
2,920	...	...	...	2,953	...	6,042	997	...	...	2,056	2,053	...	...	2,024	...	2,021	240	...	...	...	223	64	...	537
2,934	1,518	...	...	2,529	...	7,976	172	...	...	3,000	3,172	...	...	1,969	...	1,969	...	...	...	...	21	1,875	...	1,896
24,175	1,518	...	...	9,823	109	50,268	3,567	...	...	13,939	17,506	...	...	11,794	...	11,794	240	...	...	9,374	3,161	...	...	19,775
3,499	...	...	...	...	...	5,757	1,076	...	...	2,983	4,868	...	...	1,915	...	1,915	...	...	...	5,768	...	...	...	5,768
11,885	674	...	...	...	...	13,002	2,086	...	...	6,842	8,927	...	...	5,488	...	5,488	...	...	...	299	...	...	...	299
2,787	...	...	...	550	...	3,287	...	...	...	1,691	1,691	...	...	2,000	...	2,000	...	...	...	911	842	...	...	1,443
5,343	1,819	...	...	3,104	...	12,366	644	...	...	4,638	5,282	...	...	1,698	...	1,698	...	...	...	10,270	...	...	...	10,270
23,494	2,698	...	...	3,101	550	34,312	4,704	...	...	10,054	20,788	...	...	11,099	...	11,099	...	...	...	17,238	842	...	...	17,780
4,011	...	...	...	2,424	...	6,435	1,091	...	...	2,824	2,915	...	...	1,209	...	1,209	...	...	...	1,220	...	...	...	1,220
2,217	867	...	...	...	...	10,393	2,000	72	...	2,809	3,781	...	...	755	...	755	8	...	...	...	20	...	...	28
3,692	1,422	...	...	1,408	...	6,812	2,808	...	...	2,467	5,275	...	...	2,939	...	2,939	...	...	...	1,028	...	...	...	1,028
17,210	2,290	...	...	2,424	1,408	22,641	4,799	72	...	6,100	12,971	...	...	5,003	...	5,003	8	...	...	2,348	30	...	...	2,376
5,022	...	...	...	2,291	...	8,313	...	...	131	2,467	3,598	...	...	1,935	...	1,935	...	149	...	1,008	...	...	...	1,157
5,870	...	...	...	...	...	11,839	...	...	...	2,968	2,958	...	...	1,053	...	1,053	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	60
4,738	535	...	...	...	...	5,273	1,200	...	...	2,469	3,669	...	...	1,230	...	1,230	...	1,550	...	57	...	...	...	1,607
14,638	1,002	...	...	...	...	16,640	7,384	...	...	5,278	12,542	...	...	2,546	137	2,683	...	...	...	250	...	...	...	250
2,766	...	...	...	...	...	3,766	...	...	...	1,666	1,666	...	...	1,348	...	1,348	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,829	695	...	...	...	...	7,024	1,265	...	...	1,592	2,857	...	...	2,085	191	2,186	...	...	...	2,312	...	1,000	...	3,312
4,165	239	...	...	...	...	5,118	600	...	...	1,586	2,136	...	...	2,392	...	2,392	...	25	...	...	15	...	...	50
44,328	2,481	...	...	2,291	...	57,616	10,329	...	131	18,966	39,426	...	...	13,600	328	13,928	...	1,734	...	2,698	15	1,000	...	6,427
1,30,984	12,448	...	...	26,651	3,223	2,08,347	24,072	72	...	72,303	97,007	...	...	53,635	328	53,963	348	1,734	3,570	44,945	15,142	1,000	9,250	76,289
1,26,176	7,687	...	...	24,802	3,262	2,12,181	24,471	...	464	68,829	83,764	...	...	47,864	242	47,826	323	1,675	3,151	30,862	16,063	9,232	8,426	69,834

FOR

Statement showing the expenditure of District

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	32.—FAMINE RELIEF.				RAILWAYS.					3.—MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.	33.—CIVIL WORK											
		Charitable relief.	Public works.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Interest on loans borrowed for railway purposes.	Repayment of loans borrowed for railway purposes and chargeable to Railway Revenue Account.	Construction of Railways charged to Revenue.	Miscellaneous railway expenditure.	Total.		Local casual charges.	BUILDINGS.					COMMUNICATION.		WATER SUPPLY AND WATER WORKS.			
													Object of expenditure.			Total.		Original works.	Repairs.	Original works.	Repairs.	Original works.	Repairs.
													Education.	Medical.	Others.	Original works.	Repairs.						
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
1	Burdwan	780	...	974	1,654	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,881	10,510	1,464	18,138	2,167	90,915	2,56,889	43,173	4,1
2	Birbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,325	12,324	1,837	24,986	1,818	7,190	88,117	6,182	9
3	Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,808	5,228	1,322	9,968	2,806	4,478	29,751	3,043	5
4	Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,657	6,384	2,403	11,572	2,872	24,552	1,88,401	12,823	2,1
5	Hoochly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,553	1,757	316	7,626	431	34,272	64,423	8,828	2
6	Mowrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,285	1,643	3,473	6,263	2,184	19,492	89,410	2,022	1,1
	Divisional Total	780	...	874	1,654	...	...	...	...	...	...	38,459	38,844	10,625	71,696	14,232	1,81,299	6,89,721	77,940	14,1
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																						
7	24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	95,068	...	2,018	2,864	7,439	9,561	5,966	47,257	2,24,958	86,882	4,4
8	Nadia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,864	541	984	1,764	3,135	9,599	85,847	81,898	1,2
9	Murshidabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,784	7,641	5,256	10,681	4,047	7,707	77,903	14,072	1,2
10	Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,781	2,751	392	2,424	4,500	20,212	79,680	14,038	1,4
11	Khulna	15,752	...	1,780	17,532	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,316	8,918	11,749	36,191	7,686	80,509	74,758	27,107	2
	Divisional Total	15,752	...	1,780	17,532	...	...	...	...	95,068	...	34,111	28,715	26,014	60,516	23,524	1,44,924	5,34,198	1,26,697	8,6
	DACCA DIVISION.																						
12	Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,180	18,974	4,019	17,241	20,982	24,564	68,461	24,366	6,7
13	Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,497	21,219	8,421	22,769	27,378	89,798	1,86,376	13,537	9,4
14	Fakirpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,694	2,118	2,769	5,509	6,905	22,920	40,328	16,217	3,4
15	Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,570	9,486	7,610	14,462	29,216	1,41,414	1,60,136	47,980	15,2
	Divisional Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86,871	51,799	22,812	69,981	90,521	2,79,708	4,65,901	1,02,080	33,1
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																						
16	Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,611	8,378	690	8,067	5,612	43,332	81,007	...	7,1
17	Tippera	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,814	1,228	10,073	13,815	2,922	21,425	62,869	25,783	4
18	Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,914	7,741	888	14,864	7,606	48,697	54,917	2,128	9
	Divisional Total	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,339	17,547	11,598	36,344	17,140	1,13,454	1,29,093	27,911	8,1
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																						
19	Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,628	10,301	1,295	21,211	7,008	1,02,111	85,889	27,738	6
20	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,966	3,201	1,363	15,947	92,276	11,543	1
21	Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,515	5,016	2,799	6,769	6,681	96,514	95,448	14,742	4
22	Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,906	3,688	4,617	15,321	10,890	79,867	95,722	18,098	1,3
23	Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,631	1,476	574	10,063	4,516	689	48,850	15,107	1,1
24	Pabna	908	...	...	908	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,742	2,351	2,480	11,177	3,397	29,185	21,122	12,370	2,2
25	Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,026	...	1,686	2,357	1,825	5,068	1,009	7,609	12,536	9,383	3
	Divisional Total	908	...	...	908	...	...	...	...	2,026	...	67,004	26,829	20,226	72,763	40,846	3,20,869	4,31,647	1,04,761	7,1
	GRAND TOTAL.	17,441	...	2,684	20,075	...	...	...	...	97,090	...	2,48,794	1,65,784	91,315	2,10,270	1,85,568	10,49,665	22,60,780	4,88,689	75,0
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	3,484	39	3,794	7,317	17,000	17,000	1,39,144	8,44,466	1,88,362	70,348	3,78,127	2,27,049	11,70,087	25,68,408	8,05,962	74,0		

No. III.—concluded.

Boards in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1922.

PUBLIC WORKS.											Total expenditure chargeable to current income.	Railway construction met from borrowed funds.		DEBT.		BALANCE.					
DRAINAGE WORKS.		Other works of improvement.	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to public works.	Tools and plant.	Siting bungalows and serais (rest-houses) establishments and charges.	Arboriculture charges.	Miscellaneous.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Total.		Repayment of loans.	Deposits and advances.	Total.	Total disbursements.	Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.			
Original works.	Repairs.										100								101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	56,479	3,850	22,278	3,508	...	...	22,107	5,16,796	7,68,288	...	4,465	9,29,937	9,34,409	10,03,695	85,586	8,07,608	3,98,386	...	...
...	...	...	19,610	454	4,471	341	...	...	6,430	1,23,298	2,66,247	...	...	60,263	60,263	5,46,800	30,216	36,084	46,399	...	...
...	...	...	15,310	...	909	1,461	43	...	...	70,321	1,89,370	...	...	13,971	13,971	2,00,341	10,798	23,368	34,080	...	...
...	...	...	43,940	764	...	8,053	1,438	...	...	2,94,042	8,83,839	...	...	12,785	12,785	8,96,321	1,39,988	2,43,409	2,63,897	...	...
...	...	...	30,136	605	...	1,085	...	...	15,704	1,62,543	3,26,428	...	...	75,847	75,847	4,02,275	14,889	14,948	39,786	...	...
...	...	...	16,084	289	811	170	...	...	...	1,38,014	2,51,929	...	...	74,011	74,011	3,26,940	2,264	35,824	38,068	...	...
...	...	...	1,80,559	5,953	28,388	6,668	1,481	...	44,301	13,18,951	24,03,806	...	4,465	4,66,804	4,71,269	28,76,075	2,73,620	6,51,429	9,35,048	...	...
...
...	...	937	28,733	8,682	634	1,198	35,390	...	...	4,02,592	8,58,197	...	3,810	34,996	37,806	8,97,003	67,065	2,79,549	2,46,806	...	...
20,477	...	...	26,676	719	1,865	3,452	...	...	5,000	1,95,026	3,50,352	...	...	11,492	11,492	3,61,634	49,768	-13,016	66,747	...	...
312	302	...	27,825	709	1,776	1,412	...	...	...	1,46,651	3,70,806	...	2,927	27,641	30,368	3,01,076	22,111	20,080	43,171	...	...
1,11,944	65	10	27,266	777	593	67	...	...	...	2,54,031	4,28,701	...	1,801	20,304	22,106	4,50,406	39,391	9,636	49,036	...	...
...	...	98	25,846	597	1,355	1,425	6,706	...	7,600	2,47,944	4,78,410	...	...	59,269	59,269	3,37,679	24,972	38,871	63,648	...	...
1,33,083	287	1,045	1,33,196	11,554	6,323	7,554	42,086	...	12,600	13,46,284	23,87,168	...	7,538	1,53,692	1,61,230	25,46,396	2,03,300	3,35,092	6,38,339	...	...
...
...	...	...	29,559	517	3,356	...	400	...	48,158	2,44,661	5,10,284	...	...	22,241	22,241	5,32,626	87,673	11,948	99,616	...	...
...	...	1,314	63,236	4,750	13,838	3,131	82	...	...	4,55,806	9,08,885	...	...	80,680	80,680	9,87,675	1,31,660	53,538	1,82,199	...	...
...	...	...	29,430	1,941	1,297	180	406	...	10,801	1,37,185	3,23,426	...	...	45,724	45,724	3,69,150	28,797	46,777	74,674	...	...
13,766	12,709	...	82,188	2,651	4,181	680	...	...	...	4,92,175	7,95,873	...	...	39,819	39,819	8,85,692	4,370	61,325	66,695	...	...
13,766	12,709	1,314	1,70,383	10,450	22,672	3,971	888	...	68,959	13,29,637	28,36,468	...	...	1,98,474	1,98,474	27,24,942	2,52,800	1,69,578	4,22,078	...	...
...
...	...	...	22,629	453	1,945	947	4,170	...	...	1,26,406	3,27,542	...	...	61,132	61,132	3,91,674	19,245	59,587	78,832	...	...
...	...	33,378	37,015	285	1,277	129	340	...	...	1,64,966	4,16,632	...	...	2,00,936	2,00,936	6,21,668	50,360	27,166	77,605	...	...
5,605	233	...	19,581	1,080	2,112	403	1	...	...	1,88,084	3,90,157	...	...	39,952	39,952	4,30,109	67,087	94,335	1,61,422	...	...
5,605	233	33,378	69,225	1,818	5,384	1,479	4,500	...	...	4,53,499	11,33,331	...	...	3,10,020	3,10,020	14,43,361	1,36,652	1,81,077	3,17,759	...	...
...
91	683	...	36,987	1,683	1,913	2,127	41	...	...	2,88,174	5,06,649	...	...	36,355	36,355	5,43,004	15,376	65,867	81,333	...	...
9,742	...	...	24,395	664	9,050	676	91	...	...	1,40,861	3,38,829	...	4,716	21,914	28,630	5,67,189	21,946	34,891	60,837	...	...
...	...	...	34,914	1,890	2,724	716	476	...	...	2,37,485	3,68,920	...	...	10,952	10,952	3,99,872	27,653	62,692	80,366	...	...
...	76	980	52,784	1,214	8,395	...	...	...	...	2,34,029	6,00,374	...	5,016	66,284	61,300	6,61,674	70,947	80,163	1,61,110	...	...
51	...	...	14,161	660	1,584	430	269	...	...	97,480	2,22,383	...	...	5,541	5,541	2,27,994	43,916	41,706	85,622	...	...
...	...	...	18,086	119	1,845	377	151	...	...	1,30,921	3,33,813	...	...	25,918	25,918	3,08,231	46,170	26,604	71,774	...	...
...	...	618	11,196	616	2,383	644	3,355	...	...	66,535	1,74,784	...	...	28,672	28,672	2,08,426	21,885	77,313	98,698	...	...
9,984	788	1,493	3,01,832	8,642	27,798	4,919	4,414	...	800	12,45,375	25,14,822	...	11,732	1,84,736	1,96,468	27,11,290	2,40,578	3,73,186	6,19,559	...	...
1,62,198	18,967	37,230	7,55,191	36,836	90,513	27,391	53,439	...	1,16,360	66,98,666	1,09,75,598	...	23,735	13,03,726	13,27,461	1,38,03,056	11,12,475	17,10,361	28,22,836	...	...
1,38,895	8,689	8,416	7,24,864	1,34,688	97,673	30,239	10,780	...	76,748	61,62,643	1,13,32,271	...	24,766	9,15,819	9,40,586	1,22,72,856	17,10,795	17,67,066	34,77,861	...	...

FORM NO. IV.

Statement showing the constitution of village authorities for Local Self-Government in Bengal during the year 1921-22.

DISTRICT.	Class of village authority (i.e., whether Union Committees, Village Panchayats, etc.).	Act under which constituted.	Number of village authorities.	Population affected.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.			
					Non-official.	Elected official.	Non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
BURDWAN DIVISION.												
Burdwan ...	Union Boards ...	Act V (B.O.) of 1919.	105	980,256	163	...	3	...	...	495	990	1,485
Birbhum ...	Ditto ...		171	836,454	167	...	4	...	...	559	980	1,539
Bankura ...	Union Committees ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1885.	5	24,011	5	...	...	...	1	31	19	41
Hooghly ...	Union Boards ...	Act V (B.O.) of 1919.	125	900,802	123	2	...	...	...	375	750	1,125
Howrah ...	Ditto ...		82	778,893	82	...	...	...	...	261	477	738
Divisional Total	.....	.....	548	3,520,410	539	2	7	...	1	1,711	3,216	4,928
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.												
24-Parganas ...	Union Committees ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1885.	17	119,925	17	...	...	...	...	55	84	139
Nadia ...	Ditto ...		9	65,552	8	1	...	...	1	44	32	77
Marhshabud ...	Ditto ...		27	206,961	19	...	5	3	5	76	162	243
Jessore ...	Ditto ...		15	87,174	14	1	...	...	7	51	72	130
Khulna ...	Ditto ...		2	10,521	1	...	...	...	1	5	13	18
...	Union Boards ...	Act V (B. C.) of 1919.	78	543,928	78	...	...	...	...	266	424	690
Divisional Total	.....	.....	148	1,034,061	187	3	5	3	14	497	796	1,297
DACCA DIVISION.												
Dacca ...	Union Boards ...	Act V (B.O.) of 1919.	139	1,131,069	125	...	4	...	...	431	730	1,161
Faridpur ...	Ditto ...		49	439,472	40	2	7	...	24	123	284	431
...	Union Committees ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1885.	5	85,237	4	1	...	...	3	9	17	29
Divisional Total	.....	.....	193	1,655,778	169	3	11	...	27	563	1,031	1,621
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.												
Tippera ...	Union Boards ...	Act V (B. O.) of 1919.	253	2,678,627	253	...	...	...	...	759	1,518	2,277
Noakhali ...	Union Committees ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1885.	4	47,908	2	2	...	...	7	2	18	27
...	Union Boards ...	Act V (B. O.) of 1919.	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Divisional Total	.....	.....	294	2,726,535	255	2	...	...	7	761	1,536	2,304
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.												
Rajshahi ...	Union Committees ...	Act III (B. O.) of 1885.	4	32,899	4	...	...	...	...	12	24	36
Rangpur ...	Ditto ...		88	639,170	84	1	1	...	11	285	440	687
Bogra ...	Ditto ...		6	44,453	6	...	...	...	3	15	25	43
Pabna ...	Ditto ...		4	49,549	4	...	...	...	...	12	24	36
Malda ...	Ditto ...		1	6,900	1	...	...	...	...	3	4	7
Divisional Total	.....	.....	101	778,571	99	1	1	...	13	275	517	808
GRAND TOTAL	.....	.....	1,274	9,690,159	1,199	11	24	8	62	3,820	7,086	10,906
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21.	.....	.....	482	3,489,914	444	12	16	10	68	1,902	3,296	4,161

NOTE.—Figures for union boards in the Noakhali district have not been received.

**RESOLUTION ON THE REPORTS OF COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS ON
THE WORKING OF MUNICIPALITIES DURING 1921-22.****GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.****LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.**

CALCUTTA, THE 26TH FEBRUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 562M.

READ—

Reports from the Commissioners of Divisions on the working of municipalities in the Bengal Presidency (except Calcutta) during the year 1921-22.

1. **Number of municipalities.**—The number of municipalities (116) remained unchanged. The provisions of the Bengal Municipal Act were extended to the town of Rajbari in the district of Faridpur at the close of the year.

2. **Elections.**—The elective system has been sanctioned for the Asansol Municipality, but owing to the delay in the formation of wards no election was held. General elections were held in 71 municipalities and were contested in the majority of cases. There was no contest in seven municipalities and in twelve other cases, which include Howrah, votes were recorded in only one ward. On the other hand, feeling ran so high in Dacca that in three wards polling continued up to the next morning. Irregularities frequently occurred in conducting ward elections and some elections were declared null and void. In Burdwan, Dacca, Pabna and Chittagong civil suits were instituted by unsuccessful candidates and in Chittagong, the new Board was unable to enter upon office within the year. The issue of Civil Court injunctions in such cases frequently interferes very seriously with the municipal administration and in the new Bengal Municipal Bill, which has recently been drafted and is now under consideration by Government, it is provided that no Court shall issue injunctions of this kind. The election rules were revised so as to provide for voting by ballot. This system was successfully worked in many municipalities, but the Magistrate of Dacca observes that in the case of the Dacca Municipality, where the constituency is a large one, it has caused much trouble both to the voters and the polling officers.

The number of municipalities of which Government appoint the Chairman was reduced to 4. The circumstances of these four municipalities are exceptional, and it was considered undesirable to make any change in their constitution for which, moreover, there has been no demand.

3. **Meetings.**—Altogether 169 meetings or one in every 14 failed for want of a quorum. The failure was most marked at Jainagar, where 10 out of 15 meetings were adjourned and two proved abortive. At Suri, Nabadwip, and Tangail about one-third of the number of meetings held was unsuccessful. The small municipality of Panihati held the largest number of meetings, viz., 47, while the Commissioners of the Rumjibanpur, Taki, Murshidabad and Kurseong Municipalities failed to meet once a month. The attendance of Commissioners was on the whole fair, but it is reported to be poor at Murshidabad.

4. **Rate-payers and voters.**—The total number of rate-payers rose from 322,466 to 327,239 or 15·7 per cent. of the total population. The ratio varied from 36·2 in Kumarkhali to 3·5 per cent. in Titagarh, a mill town with a large cooly population. Other towns in which rates are paid by less than one-tenth of the people are the mill municipalities of Bhatpara, Garulia, Champdany and Bhadreswar and the hill stations of Darjeeling and Kurseong.

5. Assessment and Taxation.—The average incidence of taxation per head of population rose from Rs. 2-11-7 to Rs. 2-12-2. It is highest in the hill municipality of Darjeeling (Rs. 9-10-0). Next come Cossipore-Chitpur (Rs. 8-2-7), Kurseong (Rs. 7-13-11) and Howrah (Rs. 7-5). In three municipalities, viz., Narayanganj, Chittagong and Burdwan the ratio was above Rs. 4 while it is as low as 6 annas and 1 pie in Debhatta and under 7 annas in Bazitpur. A truer idea of the incidence of taxation can be gained by considering the amount paid by the actual rate-payers who number about one-sixth of the municipal population. According to this method the incidence comes to Rs. 17-14-1 per rate-payer for the whole Presidency. The variation for individual towns is great, the rate-payers in Darjeeling, for instance, paying Rs. 183 per head, while those in the petty rural towns pay on the average about Rs. 2 each. Generally speaking, the incidence of municipal taxation in the Presidency compared with English standards, is extremely low and although the comparison cannot be pressed, it is certain that approximation to English standards in municipal needs and amenities cannot be attained until the widespread aversion to higher local taxation is overcome.

A general or partial revision of assessment was made in 52 municipalities, while the revision made in the previous year took effect in seven other towns. The revision produced an increase of Rs. 4½ lakhs in the municipal demand of the Presidency as a whole. The largest increases were obtained in the municipalities of Maniktola (Rs. 75,271), Garden Reach (Rs. 60,328), Budge-Budge (Rs. 23,576) and South Suburban (Rs. 20,836). In Budge-Budge, however, suits were filed by Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.—the largest rate-payers—against the revision, three of which have been decreed since the close of the year. A water-rate was imposed for the first time in Noakhali and Naihati,—the rate in the latter case taking effect from the 1st April 1922, while in Chandpur the water-rate was reduced from 6½ per cent. to 4½ per cent. on account of the large surplus in the waterworks fund.

6. Collections.—The total collections for the Presidency as a whole increased from Rs. 54 lakhs to Rs. 58 lakhs, but the percentage on the current demand fell from 95·5 to 95·3, the lowest ratio (54·4) being returned by Budge-Budge. In 13 municipalities the collections were equal to or in excess of the current demand and in 15 they were over 99 per cent. On the other hand, the ratio was under 80 per cent.—a deplorably low figure—in 8 towns, falling as low as 54 per cent. in Budge-Budge. Garulia alone collected the full demand without any remission or outstanding balance. The percentage of remissions on the current demand rose from 2·4 to 3·3. It was especially high in Mymensingh (18·8) and exceeded 10 per cent. in six others, viz., Chandrakona, Bansberia, Kotrung, South Dum-Dum, Jainagar and Rampur-Boalia. No satisfactory explanation has been given for these high ratios.

The balances outstanding at the close of the year rose from Rs. 7,06,896 to Rs. 8,54,003. Of this amount Howrah alone was responsible for Rs. 2,28,609. This large accumulation is mainly due to the general revision of assessment followed by appeals. Some old cases were settled in the year but as the bills were not amended in time the full dues could not be realized. The heavy balances in Cossipore-Chitpur (Rs. 45,311) and Budge-Budge (Rs. 31,738) were due partly to the non-payment of rates, which were the subject of civil litigation. Other municipalities which had outstandings of over Rs. 15,000 were Dacca, Narayanganj, Mymensingh, Barisal, Maniktola, Tollyganj, Bankura, Hooghly-Chinsurah, Bally, Chittagong and Rampore-Boalia. No satisfactory explanation has been furnished of the large outstanding balances in these cases, but generally they are due to laxity in collections and the unwillingness of the municipal executive to adopt coercive measures for the realization of their demand. The Magistrate of Rajshahi observes that in Rampore-Boalia there is in this respect a marked deterioration, which is further reflected in the increased amount of remissions.

7. Income and expenditure.—The aggregate receipts, including opening balances, rose from Rs. 97,43,588 to Rs. 1,14,79,564, the income from rates and taxes rising by nearly 4 lakhs. Expenditure also rose from Rs. 74,26,226

to Rs. 92,95,041, the largest increase, viz., Rs. 14,32,541 being under the head of "Public Health and Convenience."

8. **Closing balances.**—The closing balances, which had risen from Rs. 17 lakhs to Rs. 23 lakhs in 1920-21, fell again to nearly Rs. 22 lakhs; about one-third of the municipalities closed the year with balances exceeding one quarter of their total expenditure. Six municipalities had closing balances of over a lakh, viz., Cossipore-Chitpur (Rs. 3,16,223), Howrah (Rs. 2,78,332), Darjeeling (Rs. 2,09,955), Dacca (Rs. 1,32,393), Garden Reach (Rs. 1,32,281) and Maniktola (Rs. 1,20,630). No explanation has been furnished for the large balances in Howrah; in other cases they represent the unspent grants and loans received from Government for improvement schemes, such as water-supply, sewerage, etc., and the credit balance of special funds (*e.g.*, water, lighting, hackney carriage). The comparatively large balances standing to the credit of Cossipore-Chitpur and Maniktola are not excessive in the opinion of the Commissioner, regard being had to their needs. On the other hand, a number of municipalities failed to keep adequate working balances and in 15 cases, as against 13 in the previous year, they were insufficient to meet outstanding liabilities. In the case of Pabna, Muktagacha, Narayanganj, Navadwip and Debhatta, the outstanding liabilities exceeded largely the closing balances. The worst offender was Debhatta which had outstanding liabilities of Rs. 684 against an actual balance of Rs. 62 only. Next comes Narayanganj which closed the year with a sum of Rs. 2,969 only in hand but with liabilities of nearly Rs. 30,000. The present Chairman remarks that the municipal fund is well-nigh bankrupt.

9. **Public Instruction.**—The amount spent on education was Rs. 3,35,757 or 4·3 per cent. of the municipal income. The actual increase was Rs. 51,802 and as Government grants for educational purposes were less than those for the previous year, it may be inferred that the municipalities are showing greater readiness to discharge their obligations in respect of primary education. Seventeen municipalities, however, or one in every seven (as against 13 in the previous year) failed to spend 3·2 per cent. of their ordinary income—the percentage which is taken to represent the amount required for the education of half the number of boys of primary school-going age. On the other hand, forty-one spent more than 5 per cent. of their income and eleven over 10 per cent. on primary education.

The municipalities of Cossipore-Chitpur, Garulia, Panihati, Sirajganj and Darjeeling have adopted the scheme drawn up by Mr. E. E. Biss for the improvement and expansion of primary education. Cossipore-Chitpur received a Government grant of Rs. 20,000 for the construction of primary school buildings. Garulia and Tollyganj decided to impose an education cess, though the latter municipality has not yet adopted Mr. Biss's scheme.

10. **Water-supply.**—The Naihati water-supply scheme was completed during the year and considerable improvements were made in the Darjeeling water-works, the distribution pipe being extended to Singamari bustee. The filtered water-supply was also extended at Barrackpore and Dacca. The opening of the water-works at Noakhali proved extremely beneficial to the towns-people during the recent drought. The water-works at Krishnagar were also completed. A water-supply scheme is being undertaken at Comilla, and the work has begun, while a bore-hole is being sunk at Government cost at Patuakhali; if successful, it will serve as the basis of a distribution system. The Chittagong Municipality submitted a revised scheme for the improvement of its water-works at an estimated cost of Rs. 1 lakh. Government agreed to contribute Rs. 50,000 on condition that the municipality raised the balance by a loan and increased the water-rate. Faridpur and Rishra-Konnagar, owing to financial difficulties, were unable to proceed with their schemes. The Howrah Commissioners had under consideration a project for the improvement of their filtered water-supply, to include the supply of water, road watering, drain flushing, and Fire Brigade purposes. The Berhampore Commissioners were in grave difficulties with their water-supply. The water-works have not been efficiently managed and the water

fund is bankrupt ; while the general fund is hardly adequate to meet the bare needs of municipal administration. The Minister for Local Self-Government held a conference with the municipal executive and found the Commissioners anxious to take all possible measures to remove the present *impasse*.

Government have directed a re-assessment and with the additional revenue, which may thus be obtained, the Commissioners should be in a position to raise the small loan of Rs. 10,000 which is immediately required for placing the water-works in a proper condition.

It is gratifying to notice that the suggestion made in the previous year's resolution that smaller municipalities should undertake water-supply schemes of a cheaper type, based on artesian borings or tube wells, received the approval of several municipalities. Baruipur with an income of Rs. 10,000 has sunk six new tube wells, while Bogra and Pabna propose to undertake experimental borings. The sinking of an experimental deep tube well has already been taken in hand by the Garden Reach Municipality. Generally speaking, it cannot be said that the municipalities of Bengal, though they appreciate the benefits of a pure water-supply, are very ready to secure them by submitting to increased taxation. In the past Government have assisted some of the larger municipalities with liberal grants-in-aid, where these bodies have shown a disposition to help themselves, but even if retrenchment in other directions enables Government to pursue this policy, it must be many years before State aid on this scale can be given to all the municipalities of the province. Local bodies have as yet made little attempt to adopt the cheaper method of strict reservation of the present supplies, even where an adequate number of tanks exists. Higher local taxation is essential, but in the meantime much could be done by utilizing the provisions of the Act for preventing the pollution of public supplies.

11. **Drainage.**—Minor works are carried out in Burdwan, Suri, Midnapore, Bally, Budge-Budge, Maniktola, Chittagong, Dinajpur and Rangpur. At Darjeeling as an experimental measure a new type of tipper giving a full flush of 20 gallons per discharge was provided at one of the drains to replace the inefficient system of flushing previously in use, and the results being satisfactory, further extension of this new method of flushing will be carried out gradually. The scheme started in 1917-18 for remodelling all sullage drains in this municipality with Raniganj tiles was completed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 27,224. A project for the improvement of drainage of the area adjacent to the Serampore Railway Station was approved by Government. The drainage scheme of Hoorhly-Chinsurah which is estimated to cost Rs. 9 lakhs could not be taken up for want of funds and the execution of that prepared for ward No. 1 of the Krishnagar Municipality had also to be postponed. A supplementary scheme for English Bazar was prepared.

12. **Conservancy.** The conservancy charges which rose from Rs. 19 lakhs to more than Rs. 20 lakhs, were about Rs. 5½ lakhs in excess of the receipts from latrine fees.

An additional grant of Rs. 6,530 was made by Government for the completion of the Kurseong sewerage scheme. The Dacca Municipality was given a further grant of Rs. 4½ lakhs for its sewerage scheme which is in progress. The important Titagarh scheme which is estimated to cost more than 10 lakhs has been very recently sanctioned. Pending a decision in respect of the Grand Trunk Canal project, it has been impossible to sanction drainage schemes prepared for Cossipore-Chitpur, Maniktola and the neighbouring areas.

13. **Public Health.**—A gratifying feature of the year under review is the increasing interest displayed by most municipalities in public health. Measures were taken in many municipalities for the improvement of sanitation by filling up or cleansing insanitary tanks, ditches and *dobas* and by removing jungle and noxious vegetation. By-laws were framed by certain municipalities for the eradication of water-hyacinth. Steps were taken in Khulna for the improvement of insanitary groups of huts by the opening out of new roads and drains. Bhatpara raised about 30 bighas of low land, and the Municipal

Commissioners of Sherpur in Mymensingh filled up nine insanitary ditches and re-excavated nine tanks overgrown with weeds. In Maniktola no less than 15 foul tanks were filled up by the owners on requisitions made by the Commissioners. Birnagar, Chakdah and Kumarkhali, which are thickly overgrown with jungle, remained apathetic.

Preventive measures were taken to check the spread of epidemics. Medicines and disinfectants were freely distributed as far as possible and special doctors were appointed. Unwholesome food-stuffs were in some cases either destroyed or removed from the local bazars. Cholera broke out in 16 municipalities in the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions. In most cases measures were promptly taken to check the spread of the disease. Two local zemindars lent the services of two doctors for the treatment of cholera in Muktagacha. Cholera broke out in epidemic form among the Assam coolies who assembled in Chittagong in May and June 1921. The situation, grave as it was, was aggravated by the abnormal political situation, accompanied by a persistent *hartal*, and a general strike of the Indian employees of the Assam-Bengal Railway Company and the India General Navigation and River Steam Navigation Companies. Sanitary measures were, however, organized under the personal guidance of the Commissioner and the Assistant Director of Public Health. Small-pox broke out in epidemic form in Berhampore and Jamalpur. A few deaths from small-pox also occurred in other municipalities, viz., Dacca, Sherpur, Mymensingh, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur and Bogra.

Free vaccination was carried on by several suburban municipalities and has been introduced for the first time in Krishnagar. In Titagarh, Baranagar and Bhatpara free home vaccination was given throughout the year. In some municipalities notices and prosecutions had some effect in improving the vaccination returns.

As an anti-malarial measure quinine was distributed among the poor who suffered from malaria. Maniktola, South Dum-Dum and Nawabganj distributed quinine free among school children. Old Malda and Nawabganj suffered much from malaria, the number of deaths in the latter town being no less than 182. Kala-azar is taking an epidemic form both in the interior and headquarters of Dinajpur. The municipality was without a Health Officer during the whole year, no suitable candidate being available on the present pay.

Mortality was high in Darjeeling on account of epidemics of influenza and relapsing fever. The disinfecting staff of the municipality was largely augmented and a Sub-Assistant Surgeon was appointed. Kurseong suffered less from influenza, but there were cases of enteric fever and diarrhoea.

In Chittagong, which had no Health Officer, the two Sanitary Inspectors did useful work. Lantern lectures were given in that town to instruct students in the general principles of public and personal hygiene, while in Mymensingh a campaign on these lines was undertaken with special reference to cholera and small-pox.

14. Public Works.—The amount spent on public works rose from Rs. 8,69,508 to Rs. 10,68,844, the largest increase occurring under the head "Buildings." The office buildings of Maniktola and Cossipore-Chitpur were extended. The percentage of outlay on public works to the total expenditure ranged from 4 in Kurseong to 43.1 in Meherpur.

15. Loans.—Altogether 44 municipalities were in debt to Government at the end of the year, their total liabilities amounting to nearly Rs. 42 lakhs. Midnapore, Hooghly-Chinsura, Uttarpara, Krishnagar, Santipur and Darjeeling took loans aggregating Rs. 4,29,400, while Pabna and Maheshpur fully liquidated their debt.

16. Audit of accounts and embezzlement.—The accounts of almost all municipalities except Jalpaiguri, Cossipore-Chitpur, Debhata and Baduria were audited during the year. Two cases of embezzlements in Satkhira were brought to light, and the tax-daroga and the collecting sarkar were criminally prosecuted with the result that the former was acquitted and the latter convicted. The Municipal Commissioners of Baraset are taking steps to realize

Rs. 203 misappropriated by their head clerk and accountant. Audit reports unfortunately receive too little attention. It is perhaps too optimistic to expect that the Examiner of Local Accounts should be welcomed as the guardian of the public funds, but it is unfortunate that his advent should be sometimes regarded as a visitation, leading only to long and unprofitable explanations. In the United Kingdom, the members of local bodies are personally liable for the proper use of the public funds, and it is doubtful if the audit of local accounts can ever be really effective unless a more definite responsibility can be laid on the municipal board.

17. General Remarks.—Burdwan Division.—Howrah.—The total ordinary income rose from Rs. 13 lakhs to nearly Rs. 16 lakhs. The increase was mainly due to general revision of assessment in certain wards. Continuous revision of assessment under the Calcutta Municipal Act has been introduced and two out of the ten wards are re-assessed every year. The expenditure also showed an increase of Rs. 76,528, chiefly under the heads "Water-supply" and "Roads" and amounted to Rs. 12,62,192. The Commissioners have purchased a water-cart, propelled by mechanical power, to replace some of their old-fashioned bullock-drawn vehicles. The conservancy administration was managed by the Ward Committees as formerly; there were difficulties in recruiting sweepers and mehters. The conservancy of Howrah is not in its strong point, but in so large a town, nothing but a water-borne sewerage system can prove satisfactory. The scheme drawn up by Mr. E. E. Biss for the improvement of primary education was considered by the Municipal Commissioners; it was decided that the time was inopportune for the imposition of an educational cess. Measures were, however, taken to give the scheme a trial by starting two schools with the existing resources of the municipality, supplemented by an adequate Government grant.

The health of the town showed some slight improvement; the birth rate was 22.05 per mille against 20.20, while the total number of deaths was 6,419 against 7,713 in the preceding year. The death-rate among infants also decreased (1,162 against 1,219). The audit disclosed considerable slackness in the Collection Department. A new collector has been appointed and most of the defects remedied. It is believed that no defalcation took place.

18. The administration of the Burdwan Municipality was taken over by an elected Municipal Board at the close of the year; the Board is reported to have been working satisfactorily. The town is very malarious and the census of 1921 showed a considerable decrease in the population. Kala-azar has also made its appearance in the town. A scheme for the improvement of water-works has been sanctioned since the close of the year. The supply of good drinking water at Asansol and Raniganj is very inadequate. As regards the municipalities in Bankura, the Magistrate reports an absence of initiative and zeal in the cause of municipal progress and states that the Commissioners have hardly yet developed the spirit of local patriotism so as to take any real pride in the administration of their respective municipalities.

The finances of the Midnapore Municipality are seriously embarrassed. Special funds have been illegally diverted to general purposes; a private donation to the Midnapore College has been misapplied in this manner. These grave irregularities have been commented on by the Examiner of Local Accounts year after year, but no attempt has been made to set matters right. The collections are unsatisfactory and additional funds are necessary to complete the water-supply scheme. The small municipalities of Chandrakona and Kharar continue to remain unsatisfactory. Chandrakona was distinguished by its dissensions, while in Kharar an attempt was made to stop the payment of municipal taxes. This took the colour of non-co-operation and got the support of local non-co-operators, but in its origin, this movement is said to have been due to more personal causes.

In Hooghly-Chinsurah the collections were not satisfactory, the outstanding balance being Rs. 22,577. The municipality is unwieldy and parts of the town are apt at present to be neglected with the result that an agitation is on foot to partition the municipality. Collections improved in Bansberia; a jute mill having been erected in an area covered with jungle, considerable

improvement has been effected both to public health and municipal income. In Champdany the Commissioners generally showed a keen interest in municipal affairs and the municipality was free from the baneful influence of party faction, which is said to paralyze municipal activities in Kotrung. The administration of the Bhadreswar, Rishra-Konnagar and Uttarpara Municipalities is described as being satisfactory.

19. **Presidency Division.**—About one-fourth of the municipalities of the Presidency Division are in the 24-Parganas district and they include examples of most types of municipality in Bengal. Some are large suburban towns in which a standard of administration similar to that of the metropolis is needed, others are progressive mill towns and the rest are overgrown villages in which the conditions are more rural than urban. The following extracts are quoted from the report of the District Magistrate :—“The year on the whole has been one of comparative inactivity, and it is very difficult to point to any important achievement in it..... There are far too many bad municipalities. Most of the bad municipalities suffer from insufficiency of funds, even if the best use is made of the resources that are available. On the other hand, there are municipalities like Cossipore-Chitpur, Baranagore, Titagarh, Bhatpara, Naihati and Garden Reach whose funds are considerable and in all of them it is gratifying to be able to note that in spite of occasional lapses, party feeling is not allowed to rise superior to public interests, and that these municipalities are steadily endeavouring to improve the standard of administration. Among the smaller municipalities Baruipur continues to do the best it can with its limited resources.”

“The anti-malarial societies in Panihati made an interesting experiment during the past year in maintaining a society's doctor and establishing a chemist's shop, the shares of which are held by the members of the societies. The financial results of the experiment are said to be satisfactory, but at present the scheme is only in an experimental stage.”

“The need for more effective supervision of the municipal staffs still continues pressing. Even the best municipalities furnish extraordinary examples of the lack of supervision over the subordinate staff.”

It is satisfactory to find that in Garden Reach and Cossipore-Chitpur some attempt to work the *bustee* sections for the improvement of insinitary (*bustee*) areas has been made.

The Magistrate of Nadia reports that the public health in all the municipalities of that district was on the whole good. Kusthia is said to be the best managed municipality in the district, while Nabadwip suffered from personal rivalries. The administration of the municipalities in the Murshidabad district is said, so far as funds permitted, to have been satisfactory except in Azimganj where party faction of a violent type was unfortunately rampant. Better results are, however, expected from the new Board which has lately been formed. An interesting development in this town is the establishment of Standing Committees for the improvement of sanitation and street lighting. Khulna continues to give commendable attention to the question of water-supply and sanitation.

The Commissioner of the Division observes :—

“From my point of view, the principal feature of the year's municipal administration has been the comparative neglect of vital statistics and struggle of rural municipalities to improve their water-supply and of the few municipalities, which already have water works, to keep them in order. Neither Municipal Commissioners nor their executive staff are expert mechanics, and for the proper care of the plant and machinery they have to depend on the reputed or *soi-disant* experts whom they can attract to take charge of the management.”

“In regard to the other than the ‘best’ municipalities, which are in a minority, I cannot write with enthusiasm of the public spirit or the administrative energy exhibited by the Local Commissioners nor can I say that the best and most influential men in the community have yet learnt to take a laudable interest or an active part in the management of their local

affairs. Despite the large measure of municipal autonomy, I am unable to chronicle any municipal development or even the appearance of municipal enterprise."

"In all the municipalities of the Division, large and small, too often some one is needed to set local life in motion, to keep the local executive active in every direction. Great is the *vis inertiae* to be overcome, the repugnance to self-help and to self-taxation; great the practical distrust of science; and great the number of persons interested in offending against sanitary laws, even amongst those who must constitute the local authorities to enforce them."

20. **Dacca Division.**—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division observes that the administration of the larger municipalities is somewhat disappointing. Though some good work was done in Dacca, the record was marred by bad collections. The Barisal administration lacks in strictness and vigour; the management of its water-works was inefficient and caused much dissatisfaction. The Jhalakati and Nalchiti Municipalities were well administered. Bad roads and bad drains are the marked features of Mymensingh while the outstanding liabilities exceeded the closing balance. Jamalpur is handicapped by the inclusion of a large semi-rural area, which might be more suitably placed under union boards. Sherpur is said to be efficiently administered. Its collections—a good test—are very satisfactory. The funds of the Faridpur Municipality show a heavy deficit, and the new Board have earnestly faced the problem of cutting down expenses to improve their financial position.

21. **Chittagong Division.**—The Cox's Bazar Municipality continues (it is said) to do satisfactory work so far as its income permits. In Chittagong, however, the resources of the municipality were neglected. The collection of rates was bad and inefficient, although roads, water-supply, conservancy and education all called for a vigorous policy of improvement. Thanks to the liberality of a local Marwari gentleman (Babu Jagannath Madan Gopal Maheta), a suitable site comprising 8 bighas of land was acquired for a dispensary building at Bralmanbaria and the foundation stone was duly laid. Noakhali is being washed away, and though there is much to be done, the decreasing municipal income and the uncertain fate of the town are a bar to any vigorous measures of improvement.

22. **Rajshahi Division.**—The Magistrate of Rajshahi finds little to commend in the administration of Rampur Boalia. The financial position of the Pabna Municipality is unsound: its current liabilities exceed the amount outstanding from taxes. The normal municipal services are to some extent being carried on by means of credit, and the only remedy for the present financial embarrassment is an increase in taxation. In English Bazar municipal affairs are no brighter, collections were bad and there was no money for road repairs. No steps were taken for the general revision of assessment which was due in the year. The incidence of taxation in Rampur-Boalia, Pabna and English Bazar is especially low and these are perhaps the worst administered municipalities in the Division. Progress is impossible in these municipalities without an increase of income, whether by raising the rates or by more stringent assessment. The Darjeeling Municipality fully maintained its reputation as a progressive municipality. Improvements were effected in the water-supply, drainage, electric lighting and municipal buildings, while by the purchase of the Lower Beechwood estate the municipality will be able to take up in the future a housing scheme to meet the growing demand for the provision of houses of a cheap and sanitary type. Kurseong has completed a sewerage and drainage scheme which is, however, not working altogether satisfactorily.

23. **Conclusion.**—In a brief sketch of municipal administration such as this, it is not easy to make a just appraisal of its merits and defects. The deadening weight of poverty tends to crush out all enthusiasm and enterprise in these mofussil towns. Schemes, which are broached with some eagerness and worked out in industrious detail, are indefinitely postponed

and finally cease to possess interest or to generate hopes. And disappointment of this kind produces in the end apathy and stagnation. Municipal administration offers an attractive and ample field for the highest talent, when there are funds, and ideas can be given scope. Where the income yields just sufficient rupees to pay the sweepers, mend the roads and provide oil for a few street lamps, the administration becomes a matter of dull routine and it is not strange if it fails to arouse public spirit or produce civic pride. When these municipalities pass from hard penury to more comfortable budgetting, a spirit of greater enterprize may colour and inform their work. It is, however, by no means certain that the general public within any measurable time, will be prepared to pay the price and so long as the fear of increased taxation continues to be the common meeting ground of progressive and reactionary, municipal administration must be dreary, uneventful and barren.

24. The names of the following Chairman and Vice-Chairman have been specially brought to the notice of Government by the Commissioners of Divisions on account of the good work done by them; and the Government (Ministry of Local Self-Government) desire to express their appreciation of the public spirit shown by these gentlemen :—

Burdwan Division.

Babu Santosh Kumar Bose, Chairman,
Burdwan.

Babu Bholanath Bhattacharjee, Chairman,
Vishnupur.

Babu Nagendra Nath Rai, Chairman,
Tamluk.

Babu Sruti Nath Chakravarty, Vice-Chairman,
Tamluk.

Babu Nriya Gopal Sarkar, Chairman,
Ghatal.

Babu Mati Lal Bhattacharjee, Vice-Chairman,
Ghatal.

Rai Bhagabati Charan Kundu Bahadur,
Chairman, Bansberia.

Babu Nirmal Chandra Ghose, B.L., Chairman,
Baidyabati.

Mr. W. D. Bruce Watt, Chairman,
Bhadreswar.

Babu Siv Narayan Mukherjee, Chairman,
Uttarpara.

Presidency Division.

Major S. H. Ashworth, V.D., Chairman,
Naihati.

Mr. D. Mudie, Chairman, Bhatpara.

Rai Shyama Charan Bhattacharji Bahadur,
Vice-Chairman, Bhatpara.

Mr. W. J. Williamson, Chairman, Titagarh.

Maulvi Saiyid Mofakharar Rahman, Vice-Chairman,
Titagarh.

Babu Jogendra Nath Ghosal, Vice-Chairman,
Kamachati.

Mr. W. Cuthbert, Chairman, Baranagore.

Rai Kripa Nath Dutt Bahadur, Chairman,
Cossipore-Chitpur.

Babu Upendra Chandra Banerjee, M.A.,
B.L., sometime Chairman, Maniktala.

Mr. J. A. Murray, Chairman, Garden Reach.

Mr. Unsuddowlah, Vice-Chairman, Garden Reach.

Babu Sivadas Roy Chaudhuri, B.L., Chairman,
Barnipur.

Babu Tarapada Majumdar, Chairman,
Kusthia.

M. Samsur Rahman, Vice-Chairman,
Khulna.

Babu Jyoti Bhusan Chatterji, Vice-Chairman,
Krishnagar.

Dacca Division.

Babu Man Mohan Saha, Chairman,
Madaripur.

Babu Rajani Kanta Chatterji, Chairman,
Jhalakati.

Babu Nil Ratan Mukherjee, Chairman,
Nalchiti.

Maulvi Syed Hossein Ali, Vice-Chairman,
Barisal.

Chittagong Division.

Babu Bipin Behari Rakshit, Chairman,
Cox's Bazar.

Babu Upendra Mohan Mitter, Chairman,
Comilla.

Babu Purna Chandra Chakravarti, Chairman,
Brahmanbaria.

Rajahahi Division.

Rev. H. C. Duncan, Vice-Chairman,
Darjeeling,
Maharaja Jagadish Nath Ray, Chairman,
Dinajpur.
Babu Tarakeswar Chakravarti, Vice-
-Chairman, Dinajpur.
Babu Jogendra Nath Chatterji, B L., Chair-
man, Rangpur.

The Hon'ble Mr. Altaf Ali, Chairman,
Bogra.
Babu Purna Chandra Ray, Vice-Chair-
man, Bogra.
Maulvi Abdul Majid, Chairman, Siraj-
ganj.

By order of the Government of Bengal
(Ministry of Local Self-Government),

S. W. GOODE,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

FORM No. I.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1921-22.

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.					NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.										Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	As office.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23			
BURDWAH DIVISION.																									
Burdwan.	1	Burdwan ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	24,616	...	...	1	...	2	20	...	22	2	20	...	22	28	...	1	46.4	47.0	46.9	
	2	Kalna ...		8,424	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	1	14	31	4	4	57.44	49.76	50.33
	3	Katwa ...		6,832	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	20	6	...	...	41.0	41.0
	4	Dalihat ...		4,843	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	13	...	...	...	50.8	50.8
	5	Asansol ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	14,536	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	2	10	18	1	...	...	44.4	44.4
	6	Asansol ...		26,499	...	...	...	...	7	5	...	12	1	11	7	5	17	3	3	82.3	52.4	54.6
Total ...				95,741	4	...	1	1	9	42	34	86	8	32	10	76	127	14	8	...	...	...
Birbhum.	7	Birbi ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	8,915	1	...	...	...	2	3	11	16	1	15	...	18	28	9	3	28.57	36.53	36.78
	8	Baukura ...	Ditto	25,412	1	...	...	...	3	2	10	15	3	12	2	13	35	9	9	14.3	62.1	46.3
	9	Vishnupur ...		10,599	1	...	...	...	1	3	8	12	1	1	...	12	22	2	2	40.0	60.0	59.1
	10	Boumukhi ...		10,644	1	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	9	22	...	4	92.0	49.0	54.2
	Total ...				55,464	3	5	7	24	38	5	31	3	34	82	11	15		
	11	Midnapore ...	Act II (B.O.) of 1884.	28,965	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	3	15	...	18	13	...	...	61.8	73.6	69.2
12	Tamluk ...	8,348		1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	11	...	12	19	...	1	8.33	66.23	76.0	
13	Ghatal ...	10,770		1	...	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	1	14	...	15	17	1	...	17.64	57.14	54.50
14	Chandrabhona ...	6,470		1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	12	20	...	...	...	51.0	61.0
15	Hajibonpur ...	6,700		1	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	11	...	...	...	61.1	61.61
16	Kharai ...	3,756		1	...	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	16	...	...	...	80.0	80.0
17	Kharai ...	6,680		...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84.6	84.6
Total ...				71,580	6	...	1	...	3	28	60	90	5	85	...	90	121	2	1	...	...	...
Hooghly.	18	Hooghly ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	29,938	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	1	17	15	1	2	...	68.2	54.97
	19	Chinsura ...		6,883	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	33	5	...	...	41.8	41.8
	20	Berampore ...		28,197	1	...	...	...	1	4	11	16	1	15	2	14	17	...	2	17.6	61.9	59.1
	21	Baldyabati ...		16,471	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	29	1	1	...	44.3	63.3
	22	Chandrabhona ...		24,652	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	3	...	...	...	50.2	65.3
	23	Bhadraswar ...		22,091	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	3	...	...	...	52.5	63.5
	24	Risra ...		23,259	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	32	5	7	7.3	34.4	41.7
	25	Konnagar ...		6,846	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	15	...	1	100.0	81.11	87.4
	26	Kotrung ...		8,657	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	11	...	...	15.82	55.10	49.96
	27	Uttarpara ...		7,967	1	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	12	13	33.3	53.03	51.96		
Total ...				179,840	10	...	...	...	3	38	83	124	8	116	11	113	206	13	13	...	...	...

FORM No. I.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1921-22—contd.

Name of district.		Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.							Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.	
						Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.							Indians.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
BURDWAN DIVISION—contd.																							
Howrah.	Sadar Subdivision.																						
	28	Howrah ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	195,801	1	4	6	20	30	2	28	8	22	26	1	40.0	58.9	57.6
	29	Bally ...		23,209	1	1	6	14	21	4	17	2	19	21	45.16	48.73	48.63
		Total ...		218,510	2	5	12	34	51	6	45	10	41	46	1
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL ...		639,549	26	...	2	1	26	180	246	402	28	374	33	369	620	49	41	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																							
24 Parganas.	Barrackpore Subdivision.																						
	30	Kanchrapara ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	10,332	...	...	...	1	...	4	8	12	7	5	4	8	12	...	...	78.9	58.6	68.06
	31	Hallishar ...		7,216	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	3	9	2	10	17	...	...	5.9	58.09	59.21
	32	Nalhati ...		23,280	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	5	4	2	7	15	...	...	61.3	60.0	62.9
	33	Bhatpara ...		65,808	1	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	1	14	8	7	18	...	...	...	58.0	56.0
	34	Garulia ...		13,098	...	...	1	...	...	10	...	10	2	8	3	7	12	...	...	82.3	62.0	64.6
	35	North Barrackpore.		15,433	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	3	13	2	18	16	1	1	4.1	58.6	60.0
	36	Barrackpore.		10,722	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	4	5	...	9	17	...	...	47.0	68.3	68.8
	37	Titagarh ...		52,451	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	1	9	6	4	16	...	...	73.3	62.7	62.0
	38	Khardah ...		5,496	...	1	...	...	...	3	6	9	2	7	...	9	12	...	...	80.7	54.9	60.6
	39	Pandhali ...		10,161	1	...	...	...	...	3	7	10	5	5	...	10	47	3	3	82.7	58.7	56.7
	40	Kamarhati ...		23,018	1	...	...	...	...	4	9	13	...	13	2	11	18	...	...	...	73.3	73.7
	41	Baranagar ...		32,084	1	...	...	...	...	4	9	13	1	12	3	10	24	...	...	91.6	76.4	79.4
	42	North Dum Dum.		4,369	1	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	12	48.3	6	...
	43	South Dum Dum.		14,030	1	3	6	9	1	8	2	7	18	2	50.6	46.0	...
24 Parganas.	Sadar Subdivision.																						
	44	Osani-pore-Chitpur.	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	56,474	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	2	10	2	10	46	...	13	34.0	78.0	78.0
	45	Maniktila ...		67,373	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	11	1	11	31	4	7	35.4	45.7	44.8
	46	Tollygunge ...		21,637	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	5	26	2	2	...	49.6	49.6
	47	South Suburban.		33,343	1	...	...	...	...	2	7	10	1	9	...	10	14	...	...	86.7	52.1	56.4
	48	Garden Reach.		45,567	1	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	1	11	5	7	17	...	...	58.8	67.3	68.6
	49	Budge-Budge		25,723	...	...	1	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	3	9	23	...	...	...	57.0	57.0
	50	Rajpur ...		11,412	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	4	14	...	18	13	...	...	68.2	59.7	66.6
	51	Barnipur ...		6,114	...	...	1	...	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	9	18	...	...	33.3	59.7	56.6
	52	Jalugan ...		8,408	1	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	16	2	10	...	67.2	67.2	...
	Baraset Subdivision.																						
	53	Baraset ...	8,211	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	3	15	...	18	19	4	...	37.7	38.5	34.0	
	54	Gobardanga ...	5,112	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	16	4	...	...	37.5	37.5	...
Medinipur.	Rashtal Subdivision.																						
	55	Raduria ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	14,057	1	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	14	4	31.5	31.5	...
	56	Basirhat ...		19,267	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	1	14	...	15	18	3	3	...	50.0	50.0
	57	Taki ...		6,200	1	4	8	9	...	9	...	9	10	50.0	50.0	...
		Total ...		5,14,294	23	1	2	1	...	139	185	324	48	276	45	279	530	38	46
Medinipur.	Sadar Subdivision.																						
	58	Krishnagar ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	22,209	1	...	...	...	2	4	14	21	6	15	1	20	37	1	1	57.4	61.7	59.9
	59	Nabadwip ...		15,584	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	45	12	11	...	64.6	44.6
	Ranaghat Subdivision.																						
	60	Santipur ...	24,792	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	23	...	3	...	64.3	64.3	...
	61	Ranaghat ...	9,659	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	...	18	...	18	13	1	1	...	46.3	44.4	...
	62	Hirnagar ...	2,305	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	11	...	12	12	...	...	...	44.7	41.6	...
	63	Ohakdah ...	5,216	1	...	...	...	1	3	8	13	1	11	...	12	18	1	3	60.7	68.6	67.6	
	Kushtia Subdivision.																						
	64	Kushtia ...	7,840	1	...	...	...	...	3	10	15	3	13	...	13	17	1	...	38.9	49.3	47.6	
65	Kumarkhali ...	8,765	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	21	...	...	...	38.9	59.9	...	
Medinipur.	Meherpur Subdivision.																						
	66	Meherpur ...	5,898	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	21	...	2	...	68.2	65.2	...
		Total ...		96,968	9	...	...	...	4	39	86	129	10	119	1	138	207	16	21	...	...	...

FORM No. 1.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1921-22—contd.

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.										Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex officio.	Nominees.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
PRESIDENCY DIVISION—concl'd.																								
Murshidabad.	67	Berhampore	Act VII (B. O.) of 1884.	36,670	1	...	...	...	3	5	17	35	3	22	2	23	21	1	2	31.7	57.8	54.4
	Lalbagh Subdivision.																							
	68	Murshidabad		10,889	1	5	10	16	...	15	15	10	3	1	...	31.2	31.2	
	69	Asimganj		11,331	1	5	10	15	1	14	15	20	3	4	34.2	54.07	57.09	
	Kandi Subdivision.																							
	70	Kandi		11,787	1	2	7	10	1	9	...	10	21	5	...	71.4	79.3	78.5	
Jessore.	Jangipur Subdivision.		Act III (B. O.) of 1884.																					
	71	Jangipur		10,720	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	25	2	4	36	76.7	75.3
	72	Dhulian		8,435	1	...	...	...	...	3	7	10	...	10	...	10	14	...	...	...	47.8	47.8
	Total			79,531	6	...	...	...	4	36	63	93	6	67	2	91	111	14	11	...	...	...
	Sadar Subdivision.																							
	73	Jessore		10,130	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	16	1	17	...	18	19	3	...	47.86	41.79	42.1
Khulna.	Jamtala Subdivision.		Act III (B. O.) of 1884.																					
	74	Kotechandpur.		7,545	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	1	8	...	9	16	3	3	43.4	44.5	44.4
	Bongaon Subdivision.																							
	75	Moheshpur		3,511	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	28	8	8	...	36.2	36.3
	Total			31,395	3	...	...	...	1	13	28	42	2	40	...	42	63	13	11	...	...	...
	Sadar Subdivision.																							
76	Khulna	16,049	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	13	1	14	...	15	10	...	...	63.1	68.1	68.9		
Dacca.	Satkhira Subdivision.		Act III (B. O.) of 1884.																					
	77	Satkhira		10,399	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	16	2	2	...	60.62	60.53
	78	Peshhatta		5,570	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	12	...	1	...	60.91	60.91
	Total			31,918	3	...	...	...	1	12	36	39	1	38	...	30	47	2	3	...	...	...
	DIVISIONAL TOTAL			648,906	44	1	3	1	10	229	388	627	67	686	48	670	654	73	92	...	...	...
	Dacca Division.																							
Dacca.	Sadar Subdivision.		Act III (B. O.) of 1884.																					
	79	Dacca		117,900	1	...	...	...	2	5	14	21	3	14	3	18	22	...	...	32.2	65.9	61.2
	Narayanganj Subdivision.																							
	80	Narayanganj		30,663	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	4	8	33	3	3	...	52.6	52.6
	Total			148,563	2	...	...	...	2	9	22	33	3	26	7	26	55	3	3	...	...	...
	Sadar Subdivision.																							

FORM NO. I.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1921-22—concl'd.

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.								Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
(MITTAGONG DIVISION—concl'd.)																						
Noakhali.	102	Sadar Subdivision. Noakhali ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	7,715	1	...	...	...	1	8	8	12	1	11	...	12	20	3	2	20	45.45	43.33
DIVISIONAL TOTAL ..				112,823	6	...	...	...	1	30	62	93	2	91	5	88	110	3	5	...	...	...
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																						
Rajshahi.	103	Sadar Subdivision. Rampur Boria. ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	31,598	1	...	...	...	2	5	14	21	4	17	4	17	31	1	3	12.3	62.1	44.5
	104	Natore Subdivision. Natore ...		8,040	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	19	1	...	20.1	67.4	68.2
Total ..				32,638	2	...	...	...	3	10	20	39	5	34	4	35	50	2	3	...	...	...
Dinajpur.	105	Sadar Subdivision. Dinajpur ...		18,025	1	...	...	...	1	6	14	21	5	16	1	20	17	...	1	50.58	61.02	58.5
Jalpaiguri.	106	Sadar Subdivision. Jalpaiguri ...		14,520	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	1	14	...	15	20	4	...	80.	46.42	48.33
Hangpur.	107	Sadar Subdivision. Rangpur ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	19,076	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	2	16	...	18	27	...	1	31.4	60.	47.9
Bogra.	108	Sadar Subdivision. Bogra ...		12,322	1	...	...	...	3	3	10	15	3	12	...	15	22	3	3	6.81	31.6	37.
	109	Sherpur ...		3,984	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	20	2	...	45.9	48.8	
Total ..				16,306	2	...	...	...	3	6	18	27	3	24	...	27	42	5	3	...	...	...
Pabna.	110	Sadar Subdivision. Pabna ...		19,343	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	12	2	2	50.	46.5	45.8
	111	Seraiganj Subdivision. Seraiganj ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	35,518	1	...	...	...	...	8	10	18	...	18	2	16	15	1	1	...	45.5	40.5
Total ..				44,861	2	...	...	...	1	13	22	36	1	35	2	34	27	3	3	...	...	...
Maldah.	112	Sadar Subdivision. English Bazar. ...		14,057	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	16	...	...	68.7	55.8	56.2
	113	Old Maldah ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	3,145	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	61.1	61.1
	114	Nawabganj ...		12,633	...	...	1	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	18	...	3	...	63.7	63.7
Total ..				29,835	2	...	1	...	1	13	28	42	1	41	...	42	46	...	3	...	...	...
Darjeeling.	115	Sadar Subdivision. Darjeeling ...		20,916	...	...	...	1	4	5	16	27	5	22	14	13	14	...	...	68.57	68.06	62.9
	116	Kurseong Subdivision. Kurseong ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	6,445	1	...	...	...	2	3	8	13	3	9	5	7	10	...	...	56.6	47.7	50.
Total ..				27,361	1	...	...	1	6	7	26	39	8	21	19	20	24	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISIONAL TOTAL ..				202,622	12	...	1	1	16	65	156	247	26	211	26	211	253	14	14	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1921-22 ..				2,164,170	64	2	6	4	64	526	1,016	1,606	144	1,462	124	1,482	2,597	169	177	...	...	...
Ditto 1920-21 ..				2,041,511	100	3	5	7	76	511	1,009	1,596	160	1,436	126	1,470	2,286	151	144	...	...	...

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.														Total rates and taxes.
			Balance in hand at the close of last year.	Receipts from octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants' tax, pilgrims tax, etc., in as many columns as may be necessary).					
												Taxes on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable lands.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Burdwan		BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	1	Burdwan ...	81,180	...	59,036	8,002	863	8,125	41,428	...	31,086	...	...	...	...	1,44,440
		Kalna Subdivision.															
	2	Kalna ...	1,830	...	782	5,837	179	...	...	...	5,114	7,390	...	42	...	19,374
		Katua Subdivision.															
	3	Katua ...	4,248	...	156	1,419	318	...	...	...	3,419	7,150	2	...	...	12,364
	4	Dainhat ...	1,048	...	187	400	...	...	...	...	722	2,543	...	24	...	3,870
		Asansol Subdivision.															
	5	Raniganj ...	6,533	...	12,998	1,719	1,304	...	...	...	5,358	...	...	5	...	21,384
Burdwan	6	Asansol ...	8,809	...	35,998	1,493	673	...	...	...	13,743	...	...	233	...	52,140
		Total	1,07,528	...	1,09,167	18,870	3,239	3,125	41,428	...	60,372	17,083	2	304	...	2,52,578	
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	7	Suri ...	4,298	...	3,301	986	211	...	...	...	8,698	9,046	...	19	...	22,231
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	8	Bankura ...	25,715	...	6,159	3,162	408	...	5,098	...	5,280	8,838	86	...	...	26,965
		Vishnupur Subdivision.															
	9	Vishnupur ...	1,088	...	347	2,058	89	...	...	...	2,784	8,004	72	...	...	14,284
	10	Somra ...	2,457	...	176	905	88	...	...	...	...	5,188	...	...	...	6,857
		Total	30,100	...	6,682	7,025	555	...	5,098	...	8,064	22,064	98	...	...	49,608
Midnapore		Sadar Subdivision.															
	11	Midnapore ...	68,032	...	29,052	6,081	321	...	...	...	23,220	...	...	140	...	66,814
		Tamluk Subdivision.															
	12	Tamluk ...	1,342	...	701	390	205	225	...	...	3,205	4,746	...	99	...	6,664
		Chatal Subdivision.															
	13	Chatal ...	6,607	...	291	3,238	356	1,064	...	...	8,237	8,471	...	186	...	14,843
	14	Chandrakona ...	1,087	...	63	2,273	...	...	...	...	...	2,366	...	68	...	4,646
	15	Ramjibonpur ...	2,132	...	24	1,031	24	...	...	...	...	2,322	...	19	...	4,424
	16	Khirpal ...	3,944	...	20	2,077	...	...	...	...	...	1,908	4	...	...	4,063
	17	Kharar ...	2,349	...	6	3,083	...	...	...	...	...	5,037	...	16	...	6,191
Hooghly		Total	85,533	...	30,164	18,153	906	1,280	...	...	29,762	21,764	4	508	...	1,08,594
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	18	Hooghly-Ohinsura	11,598	...	40,890	6,431	1,226	4,282	26,041	...	22,167	...	...	262	...	1,12,199
	19	Ansberia ...	3,785	...	634	356	497	...	...	...	2,017	6,594	...	32	...	6,819
		Serampore Subdivision.															
	20	Serampore ...	23,789	...	31,315	1,692	2,696	8,100	28,826	...	24,027	...	...	172	...	61,827
	21	Baidyabati ...	9,115	...	14,113	6,684	1,235	143	...	...	7,942	...	...	84	...	20,171
	22	Chandpur ...	26,624	...	22,460	833	630	...	...	...	6,392	...	...	6	...	22,820
	23	Bhadreswar ...	14,766	...	16,780	800	580	...	...	...	9,304	...	...	3	...	27,467
	24	Rishra-Konnagar	7,969	...	18,334	532	418	1,387	...	...	11,666	...	...	48	...	22,276
Howrah	25	Kotrung ...	7,959	...	4,865	840	2,669	...	...	...	2,370	...	...	5	...	20,780
	26	Uttarpara ...	5,082	...	11,536	968	413	2,380	10,770	...	6,238	...	...	66	...	22,236
		Arambagh Subdivision.															
	27	Arambagh ...	1,305	...	614	1,973	126	...	...	...	1,288	2,028	...	33	...	6,066
		Total	1,12,549	...	1,61,041	20,663	11,890	16,273	71,627	...	56,806	6,323	...	679	...	2,82,110	
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	28	Howrah ...	2,11,571	...	6,06,047	17,481	28,867	...	8,28,906	1,66,394	3,61,857	...	...	70	...	14,96,862
	29	Bally ...	15,882	...	42,719	1,380	2,018	1,863	...	...	19,670	...	...	60	...	27,483
		Total	2,27,453	...	6,47,766	18,861	30,885	1,963	8,28,906	1,66,394	3,81,527	...	...	130	...	14,96,745
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL	5,67,494	...	8,68,104	84,368	57,184	22,549	4,66,969	1,66,394	5,93,719	76,269	104	1,614	...	23,06,294	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922.

(II)—RELATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.										
From pounds.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, serais [resh-houses], dhak bungalows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).			
18	19	20	20(a)	20(b)	20(c)	20(d)	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	29(a)	29(b)	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
443	302	...	...	...	...	...	745	7,332	...	287	...	...	...	...	125	...	29
170	101	8	...	...	...	...	270	107	21	...	248	...	...	...	1,084	...	77
245	32	3	...	...	...	...	275	...	7	...	...	...	26	...	3,310	...	...
311	...	5	...	...	...	...	316	216	21	...	...	...	...	...	143	...	...
291	106	...	...	...	...	...	397	191	2	...	...	291	75	...	...	530	47
529	212	...	...	...	...	...	732	110	1,500	248	...	...	1,959	...	...	...	5
1,977	764	16	...	...	...	...	2,747	7,056	15,320	536	348	291	2,059	...	5,562	530	158
205	194	...	...	...	...	...	499	124	...	101	...	1,752	...	...	...	...	...
287	41	9	...	132	...	30	519	338	9,925	30	...	...	5,450	...	...	...	...
315	...	...	...	32	...	15	362	1,015	1	33	...	...	1,240	...	5	...	...
499	...	...	...	...	...	10	500	46	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,101	41	9	...	184	...	55	1,390	1,439	9,938	72	...	...	6,730	...	5	...	...
267	379	5	...	60	...	5	800	567	1,030	40	25,981	...	615	...	253	...	6	
25	...	14	...	8	...	...	47	141	461	...	...	...	2,576	...	...	...	...
40	...	1	...	...	...	...	41	562	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
125	...	...	...	...	...	...	130	526	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
103	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	565	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
73	...	1	...	...	...	...	74	164	204	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99	...	2	...	...	...	...	31	175	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
762	372	23	...	73	...	5	1,325	3,203	1,910	40	25,984	...	3,191	...	253	...	...
267	436	...	...	46	...	...	749	397	458	...	...	...	114	...	...	...	...
296	...	5	...	...	...	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,167	...	...
918	206	...	...	28	...	5	1,157	901	83	203	...	2	6,331	...	1,028	118	693
155	...	3	...	40	...	...	198	255	30	1,021	...	...	48	...	...	...	...
315	63	...	...	...	...	...	368	55	25,237	...	...	...	50	...	75	...	...
239	63	6	...	...	...	...	408	...	...	...	...	...	51	...	75	225	...
577	48	3	...	47	...	...	675	...	13	229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	...	3	...	...	...	...	62	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	116	4	...	20	...	...	178	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	498
102	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	436	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,060	921	24	...	181	...	6	4,191	2,158	25,921	1,458	16	2	6,693	...	4,265	343	1,191	
862	...	25	22,542	47	...	...	20,496	12,747	554	...	...	...	15,176	10,491	...	...	48,616
884	...	16	...	...	...	...	400	298	6	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,246	...	51	32,542	47	...	...	20,496	14,045	569	97	...	...	15,176	10,491	...	...	48,616
5,461	2,282	128	22,568	485	...	65	42,948	23,925	39,949	2,298	26,348	2,045	32,749	10,491	10,185	873	49,973	

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.		Serial number of municipalities.	Name of municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.						(GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES)).									
				Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of Investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From Local funds.			From other sources.			Total.
					For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	
				30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
Burdwan	BURDWAN DIVISION—contd.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Sadar Subdivision.																		
	1	Burdwan ...	239	...	...	628	...	9,140	79,814	492	...	...	...	...	...	316	...	...	80,822
	Kalsa Subdivision.																		
	2	Kalsa ...	112	...	...	...	...	2,619	...	36	...	30	...	...	...	20	...	...	86
	Katwa Subdivision.																		
	3	Katwa ...	254	...	...	...	...	3,366	...	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	192
	4	Dumhat ...	89	...	...	...	...	469	...	72	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	119	491
	Asansol Subdivision.																		
	5	Raniganj ...	49	3,011	...	...	...	3,697	...	158	...	168	...	...	...	259	...	1,260	1,834
6	Asansol ...	155	...	...	...	...	3,977	...	256	...	350	...	...	...	400	...	...	1,006	
Total			668	3,011	...	628	...	23,498	79,814	1,291	...	548	...	306	986	...	1,379	84,331	
Birbhum	Sadar Subdivision.																		
	7	Suri ...	405	...	...	...	...	2,382	454	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	634
	Sadar Subdivision																		
Bankura	8	Bankura ...	319	...	...	...	...	16,062	150	1,416	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,560
	Vishnupur Subdivision.																		
	9	Vishnupur ...	397	...	...	...	...	2,311	361	960	...	...	...	...	...	360	...	...	1,621
	10	Soumukhi ...	80	...	...	...	...	175	193	928	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	53	1,474
Total			796	...	...	...	...	18,968	704	3,294	...	...	...	400	360	...	...	53	4,661
Midnapore	Sadar Subdivision.																		
	11	Midnapore ...	369	...	1,814	...	...	30,708	...	26,637	...	...	...	...	...	8,884	4,000	...	39,471
	Tamluk Subdivision.																		
	12	Tamluk ...	116	...	...	...	...	3,293	...	456	120	...	...	...	...	2,165	...	...	2,731
	Ghatal Subdivision																		
	13	Ghatal ...	21	30	...	...	...	1,094	...	591	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	501
	14	Chandrakona ...	4	...	...	...	...	768	...	144	...	...	...	240	...	...	285	...	669
	15	Rangbhanj ...	95	52	...	...	...	712	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	871
	16	Kharai ...	25	...	...	...	...	396	...	43	40	...	...	...	321	...	...	6	416
	17	Kharai ...	116	...	...	...	...	3,4	...	132	...	...	...	...	302	...	79	...	518
Total			745	82	1,844	...	...	57,370	...	28,011	100	...	...	1,589	11,019	4,000	895	48,174	
Hooghly	Sadar Subdivision.																		
	18	Hooghly-Chinsura	1,310	33	...	...	...	2,312	...	312	...	...	...	...	...	4,885	...	...	5,197
	19	Banheria ...	95	...	...	...	...	3,492	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36
	Serampore Subdivision.																		
	20	Serampore ...	492	112	...	...	...	8,935	512	360	...	450	...	...	...	4,567	...	465	6,344
	21	Budiyabati ...	257	31	...	...	...	2,679	...	172	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	...	813
	22	Chandpur ...	455	672	...	...	...	26,341	...	108	...	...	...	...	...	1,433	...	...	1,441
	23	Bhadreswar ...	337	576	...	...	...	1,263	...	84	136	...	...	...	340	...	...	1,896	1,856
	24	Bishra-Konnagore	203	346	...	349	...	1,140	...	72	...	...	...	...	...	1,419	...	96	1,589
	25	Kaburaj ...	7	...	...	...	...	33	...	48	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	61
26	Garpara ...	42	...	...	...	...	634	...	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	108	
Arambagh Subdivision.																			
	27	Arambagh ...	15	27	...	...	...	494	...	180	164	...	...	1,200	...	...	227	...	1,771
	Total			3,210	1,697	...	349	...	47,311	512	1,440	300	463	...	1,440	12,304	181	2,176	16,916
Howrah	Sadar Subdivision.																		
	28	Howrah ...	17,730	7,387	...	...	...	1,13,701	4,200	3,364	...	2,068	...	180	4,518	...	...	...	13,245
	29	Bally ...	236	6	...	...	...	648	...	264	...	...	...	...	1,817	...	43	...	1,824
	Total			17,966	7,393	...	...	...	1,14,344	4,200	3,628	...	2,068	...	180	6,335	...	43	16,169
DIVISIONAL TOTAL				23,993	12,193	1,844	977	...	2,43,843	85,884	36,667	460	3,069	...	3,850	20,739	4,181	4,046	1,68,706

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

MISCELLANEOUS.				EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.															
Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.	Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	Sale-proceeds of Government securities and with-drawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.			Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.	Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 17) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 43) per head of population.			
					From Government.	Raised in the open market.	Permanent.		Other.										
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61				
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.				
2,492	2,078	5,168	2,40,118	...	...	...	...	...	34,140	3,658	37,798	2,77,916	3,52,076	4 2 9	6 15 0
47	183	230	22,618	...	...	...	...	...	653	321	974	23,592	25,422	2 4 9	2 10 4
...	60	60	18,487	...	...	...	...	...	...	835	835	16,992	21,240	1 12 11	2 6 7
...	85	35	8,187	...	...	...	...	...	130	170	280	5,437	7,343	0 12 9	1 1 1
...	81	81	27,393	35,983	...	...	...	100	1,088	2,678	39,929	67,222	73,765	1 7 5	1 14 0	
...	833	223	58,178	...	...	...	...	...	98	200	299	58,477	67,286	1 15 6	2 3 1
2,539	3,358	6,897	2,69,081	35,983	...	...	...	100	3,110	7,512	79,685	4,49,636	5,57,184	2 10 1	3 13 9	
5	246	251	25,997	...	...	...	...	...	100	2,173	2,273	26,270	32,568	2 7 10	2 16 7
...	732	732	47,844	...	...	...	...	100	4,498	627	5,290	53,084	78,770	1 2 3	1 14 1
...	84	84	19,082	251	...	...	...	...	580	185	956	20,038	22,094	0 11 9	0 15 6
...	86	86	8,871	...	...	...	...	...	590	149	439	9,010	11,467	0 9 7	0 12 10
...	872	872	75,497	251	...	...	...	110	5,143	931	6,015	82,112	1,12,372	0 24 4	1 5 9	
...	497	497	1,30,299	...	1,00,000	...	...	100	12,362	1,478	1,13,940	2,44,239	3,12,971	2 0 5	4 8 0		
220	7	227	15,982	...	...	...	...	20	...	2	22	15,944	17,326	1 2 6	1 14 7
...	164	163	16,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	65	16,685	22,292	1 6 0	1 8 8
...	32	39	2,244	...	...	...	...	...	1,359	...	1,359	7,803	8,490	0 11 6	0 15 5
...	...	...	8,120	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	23	8,275	9,010	0 10 6	0 14 9
...	9	2	4,880	...	...	...	...	...	1,704	180	1,764	6,654	10,398	1 1 0	1 4 9
...	6	6	7,068	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	7,168	9,564	0 14 10	1 2
220	707	927	1,87,200	...	1,00,000	...	...	120	15,425	1,728	1,17,273	3,01,473	3,90,006	1 6 10	2 9 10		
...	4,124	2 124	1,22,581	...	30,000	...	...	...	1,142	2,344	23,526	1,47,107	1,58,705	3 11 11	4 2 0	
...	186	186	10,873	...	...	...	...	50	140	447	637	11,210	14,965	1 1 1	1 10 8
...	532	532	1,08,798	...	...	...	...	...	1,252	87	1,339	1,10,136	1,33,924	2 12 3	3 4 5
...	80	89	32,441	...	...	...	...	...	400	1,205	1,605	35,041	41,161	1 13 3	2 0 5
563	5	568	61,241	...	...	...	...	...	...	334	384	61,576	68,209	1 4 10	2 7 9
...	101	101	31,066	192	...	...	...	...	720	...	912	32,007	46,763	1 3 10	1 6 6
...	72	72	38,762	...	...	...	...	...	1,080	220	1,270	37,022	44,991	1 6 8	1 8 9
...	86	86	10,842	...	...	...	...	...	142	142	11,094	19,043	19,043	1 9 0	1 9 6
...	368	371	33,624	10,600	...	...	...	...	25	277	16,912	50,536	50,198	3 11 8	8 14 1
...	23	23	8,458	...	...	...	...	...	656	83	689	2,146	10,430	0 12 4	1 1 2
575	4,498	5,073	4,57,501	192	30,600	...	...	50	8,436	5,089	47,860	5,04,867	6,17,409	2 2 1	2 8 9		
2,580	7,980	10,540	15,99,534	75,000	...	...	...	...	11,908	30,410	1,17,318	17,16,872	19,28,443	7 5 0	8 3 0
61	1,069	1,180	71,800	...	...	...	...	...	4,246	1,496	5,741	77,541	93,403	2 14 8	3 1 5
2,681	9,069	11,690	18,71,384	75,000	...	...	...	...	16,153	31,406	1,33,069	17,94,413	20,31,846	6 13 6	7 10 4
5,970	18,740	24,710	27,87,500	1,11,406	1,36,600	...	...	370	78,568	49,339	3,76,971	31,63,771	37,31,365	3 12 9	4 6 10		

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of the last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.											6				Total rates and taxes.
				Receipts from octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Licensing rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g. servants' tax, pilgrim tax, etc., in as many columns as may be necessary).							
												Tax on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable lands.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17			
4. Parganna.	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.		Rs.	Ru.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
	Barrackpore sub-division.																		
	30	Kanchrapara ...	7,637	...	5,225	913	72	...	...	...	1,549	2,815	...	...	24	10,598
	31	Halishar ...	2,683	...	146	503	112	213	...	...	2,400	4,793	...	...	32	8,269
	32	Nalhati ...	41,958	...	17,088	1,503	989	2,000	...	...	7,379	...	...	...	9	29,468
	33	Bhatpara ...	28,243	...	45,090	2,806	3,580	1,281	...	...	30,280	...	...	...	93	73,542
	34	Garulia ...	8,024	...	10,200	475	1,338	...	...	...	7,230	...	...	...	10	19,313
	35	North Barrackpore	6,205	...	2,480	945	5,025	275	...	...	5,459	8,809	...	...	12	20,065
	36	Barrackpore ...	6,050	...	3,770	1,475	1,164	...	...	...	5,791	2,405	...	...	5	15,099
	37	Titagarh ...	36,911	...	32,946	1,547	783	...	...	...	24,114	...	...	...	21	69,311
	38	Shubdal ...	1,000	...	227	533	660	...	...	...	2,517	2,862	...	...	...	6,799
	39	Pandhali ...	3,965	...	...	1,336	276	...	...	...	4,052	7,753	...	...	5	13,421
	40	Kumarihati ...	6,364	...	16,647	631	380	...	...	...	11,647	...	...	...	172	28,477
	41	Baranagar ...	24,943	...	41,481	1,964	1,203	2,175	8,462	...	31,258	...	152	...	...	86,685	
	42	North Dum-Dum...	3,497	...	130	3,734	173	...	...	...	548	1,734	...	...	...	6,328
	43	South Dum-Dum.	41,043	...	17,375	1,619	238	0,465	...	6,678	...	251	...	48	52,674		
	Sadar sub-division.																		
	44	Chandpur-Chitpur	1,85,123	...	2,04,558	5,809	2,463	...	66,213	68,593	80,866	...	...	...	2,380	4,60,780
	45	Maniktila ...	1,18,265	...	88,788	14,238	6,223	...	68,224	11,564	53,788	...	711	...	...	2,43,304	
	46	Tollygunge ...	6,793	...	20,268	1,592	2,669	...	12,763	...	7,159	...	482	...	...	44,923	
	47	South Suburban...	12,524	...	26,829	1,314	9,737	...	8,823	...	12,461	...	...	...	2	69,076
	48	Garden Reach ...	87,633	...	99,886	2,245	2,173	...	82,636	...	84,016	...	1,755	...	78	1,72,781			
	49	Budge-Budge ...	44,979	...	32,866	579	435	...	...	...	7,506	...	75	...	...	41,463
	50	Kajpur ...	2,241	...	30	1,083	269	...	...	...	2,253	6,736	...	...	145	10,516
	51	Bainpur ...	1,248	...	188	1,730	149	...	...	...	1,948	3,925	...	...	40	7,066
	52	Jaiungar ...	498	...	82	1,119	64	...	...	...	2,013	4,065	...	...	123	7,476
	Baraset sub-division.																		
	53	Baraset ...	204	...	937	5,864	13	...	...	...	1,457	2,311	...	...	16	10,640
	54	Gobindanga ...	2,437	...	136	700	114	...	...	...	...	3,618	...	...	7	4,774
	Bastrhat sub-division.																		
	55	Baduria ...	200	...	50	2,260	148	...	...	...	572	4,023	...	...	21	7,072
	56	Baishat ...	1,196	...	1,042	2,082	411	...	...	...	8,299	5,125	...	...	18	12,177
	57	Taki ...	1,486	...	256	245	...	...	...	...	...	2,641	...	...	59	3,101
	TOTAL		6,88,101	...	6,78,804	60,232	40,791	5,947	2,33,566	79,967	3,28,775	62,095	3,496	...	3,800	18,06,897			
Nadia	Sadar sub-division.																		
	58	Krishnagar ...	1,04,900	...	27,745	4,155	1,769	...	...	...	18,846	...	...	38	...	53,543
	59	Nabadwip ...	2,062	...	11,946	1,164	288	...	...	...	9,689	...	53	...	...	23,160
	Ranaghat sub-division.																		
	60	Santipur ...	2,001	...	22,355	2,800	1,499	...	...	...	16,075	...	...	247	...	47,086
	61	Ranaghat ...	16,229	...	9,051	1,409	239	...	...	...	5,376	...	4	...	...	18,089
	62	Birnagar ...	592	...	110	203	...	...	...	...	...	2,650	...	...	...	2,863
	63	Chakdoh ...	626	...	326	966	186	...	...	...	...	2,377	...	14	...	3,899
	Kushtia sub-division.																		
	64	Kushtia ...	11,469	...	10,910	1,062	1,010	...	...	...	6,334	...	...	69	...	18,476
	65	Kumarkhali ...	1,492	...	134	172	119	...	...	...	3,252	4,083	...	95	...	7,902
	Meherpur sub-division.																		
	66	Meherpur ...	1,888	...	386	811	90	...	...	...	...	3,534	...	2	...	4,893
	TOTAL		1,41,989	...	82,068	12,771	5,180	...	...	...	59,873	12,494	57	463	...	1,73,599

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

(11)—REALISATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.										
From pounds.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary)						Total.	Rents of lands, houses, serais (rest-houses), daks bungalows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).		
		Vaccination fees.	Jute warehouse fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on musical processions.	Miscellaneous.	From burning-gates and burial grounds.									Sale of night-soil, etc.	Other fees.	
18	19	20	20(a)	20(b)	20(c)	20(d)	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	29	29(a)	29(b)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
360	21	2	...	...	...	...	348	...	0	...	...	...	...	552	...	...	...	...
60	...	9	...	...	...	...	69	80	2,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
444	178	...	...	...	...	...	622	606	103	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,060	137	...	...	...	...	...	1,217	304	36	1,053	...	...	...	100	...	400	60	385
179	...	...	...	...	...	...	179	1,860	21	...	...	...	...	26	...	80	...	...
160	243	...	...	...	...	...	383	19	...	710	...	...	...	248	...	108	...	172
87	244	...	...	...	...	...	343	312	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	486	...	...
90	66	...	...	...	...	...	156	1,513	37	...	642	...	...	776	...	736	...	...
160	86	4	...	...	...	...	190	3	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	...	...
299	19	...	...	...	...	...	318	365	64	...	...	...	...	67	...	336	...	10
674	...	15	...	20	...	...	609	843	14	36	...	...	...	54	...	129	...	194
66	...	...	...	16	...	...	82	2,393	433	13	...	...	...	112	...	248	...	260
167	...	...	...	...	...	...	163	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
450	...	6	...	...	...	...	466	190	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	...	...	875
1,418	...	29	45,571	153	...	...	47,101	6,361	67,822	6,484	...	...	...	126	...	612	...	8,400
1,092	...	26	8,098	...	...	...	9,216	1,083	...	7,266	...	...	...	150	...	...	...	...
448	...	27	...	176	...	...	648	418	3	1,260	...	...	...	241	125	...	...	...
149	...	62	...	...	...	...	211	110	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,561	...	2,000
293	...	71	6,276	34	...	...	7,376	672	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	360
30	...	42	...	...	...	...	72	172	...	4,860	...	...	...	84	...	61	...	...
106	104	8	...	...	...	...	285	242	123	41	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...
80	81	1	...	60	...	...	172	48	83	...	...	...	...	36	...	380	...	...
22	84	19	...	...	...	...	76	306	...	...	...	...	61	...	...	120	...	...
392	23	15	...	...	...	...	430	132	10	...	...	...	...	1,431	...	...	...	44
130	...	11	...	...	...	...	131	4	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
321	...	4	...	...	...	...	340	17	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...
127	...	27	...	...	...	...	164	94	84	...	...	...	...	665	...	...	...	...
26	...	9	...	...	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	4
8,637	1,242	391	60,643	459	...	...	71,374	17,144	61,737	22,243	642	61	4,021	125	3,218	50	8,084	...
766	267	4	...	20	85	...	1,211	701	2,380	...	...	...	...	30	...	8	...	121
180	94	3	...	...	...	...	277	326	...	26	...	...	...	20	...	125	...	169
461	164	...	...	...	...	...	625	81	...	1,162	7,433	...	...	60	...	87	...	85
227	79	10	...	108	...	...	434	1,449	697	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
20	...	1	...	23	...	...	44	611	3,084	...	...	...	...	327	...	...	...	4
320	...	1	...	16	...	...	337	123	62	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...
147	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	...	31	212	...	...	...	50	...	92	10	8
112	...	...	...	...	18	...	125	108	79	...	...	...	...	26	...	...	22	...
363	...	4	...	8	...	30	308	...	157	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...
2,616	704	28	...	176	48	30	3,596	3,390	6,686	1,899	7,483	221	554	...	312	33	412	...

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of Municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION— <i>contd.</i>						GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).								
			Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of Investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From Local Funds.			From other sources.		
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.
			30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
24-Parganas.		PRESIDENCY DIVISION— <i>contd.</i>															
		<i>Barrackpore sub-division.</i>															
	30	Kanchrapara ...	71	...	...	...	...	632	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
	31	Halishahar ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,580	...	26	...	...	...	127	...	...	127
	32	Nadhati ...	266	...	...	...	...	1,048	11,000	12	...	...	...	170	62	...	11,244
	33	Bhishpaia ...	749	...	...	...	...	4,016	758	148	...	...	...	300	95	...	1,321
	34	Chakul ...	154	330	...	...	...	2,500	...	60	...	...	...	...	1,200	...	1,460
	35	North Barrackpore ...	252	...	...	...	...	1,561	356	72	900	...	...	...	...	1,600	2,858
	36	Barrackpore ...	46	137	...	...	...	1,052	...	300	...	...	...	...	108	...	405
	37	Titagarh ...	502	...	...	...	...	4,105	...	142	...	...	...	...	2,520	...	2,702
	38	Khardah ...	368	...	...	...	...	609	...	84	...	...	1,218	...	...	...	1,309
	39	Famihat ...	74	...	...	...	...	920	...	300	...	...	...	...	344	...	644
	40	Kamrhat ...	242	...	...	...	...	1,502	...	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
	41	Baramagar ...	1,167	607	...	...	...	5,421	1,350	344	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,634
	42	North Dum-Dum ...	6	...	...	...	...	48	...	120	...	...	...	180	...	...	300
	43	South Dum-Dum ...	119	...	...	...	...	1,274	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	175	223
		<i>Sadar sub-division.</i>															
	44	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	902	412	...	...	...	75,878	1,000	21,032	...	900	...	...	...	1,200	24,212
	45	Maniktola ...	395	...	...	...	...	8,893	...	84	...	...	...	...	106	...	922
	46	Tollygunge ...	156	...	...	...	...	2,209	...	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	360
	47	South Suburban ...	174	...	...	...	...	3,806	366	360	120	...	300	...	265	500	2,411
	48	Garden Reach ...	618	...	...	...	...	1,610	1,410	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,010
	49	Budge-Budge ...	635	...	...	...	...	5,819	...	156	...	...	...	...	180	...	806
	50	Rajpur ...	125	...	...	...	...	568	...	318	...	...	...	...	...	...	700
	51	Baunipur ...	648	...	...	...	...	1,164	450	96	...	...	...	...	120	100	766
	52	Jaunagar ...	104	...	...	...	...	59	...	804	100	...	...	...	300	60	1,264
		<i>Barasat sub-division.</i>															
	53	Barasat ...	171	...	...	...	...	1,788	407	516	...	...	...	...	...	...	935
	54	Gobardanga ...	13	...	...	...	...	133	...	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	72
		<i>Baurhat sub-division.</i>															
	55	Baduria ...	68	...	...	...	...	110	...	301	...	...	...	300	...	...	696
	56	Baurhat ...	488	...	...	...	...	1,265	...	624	80	...	...	570	400	...	1,644
	57	Taki ...	10	...	...	...	...	19	...	204	...	...	...	...	1,350	...	1,754
		TOTAL ...	8,520	1,576	...	...	...	1,30,160	17,077	28,378	1,000	1,020	...	7,855	6,847	1,700	62,464
Nadia.		<i>Sadar sub-division.</i>															
	58	Krishnagar ...	247	...	...	...	...	2,696	43,247	616	...	6,000	...	...	1,599	...	50,662
	59	Nabudwip ...	272	...	...	...	...	857	...	372	...	...	...	1,350	...	184	1,906
		<i>Ranaghat sub-division.</i>															
	60	Santipur ...	224	70	...	122	...	9,424	1,893	2,026	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,919
	61	Ranaghat ...	102	...	...	...	...	2,173	500	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,600
	62	Dipranga ...	26	103	...	...	...	4,080	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	4,260
	63	Chakdih ...	15	...	...	...	...	429	...	144	...	...	...	240	...	...	364
		<i>Kuria sub-division.</i>															
	64	Kuria ...	159	...	...	...	...	589	...	380	...	...	...	...	464	...	764
	65	Kemarkha I ...	17	...	...	...	...	251	...	48	...	...	...	180	...	...	236
		<i>Meherpur sub-division.</i>															
	66	Meherpur ...	26	...	...	...	...	300	...	306	...	...	...	...	...	...	306
		TOTAL ...	1,140	178	...	382	...	21,689	46,840	4,332	...	6,000	...	1,980	2,008	...	69,661

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

MISCELLANEOUS.			Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 17) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 49) per head of population.
Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.		Sale proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.				
					From Government.	Raised in the open market.		Permanent.	Other.						
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
...	19	19	71,644	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,644	19,281	1 0 5	1 3 0
16	9	24	71,098	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,098	13,678	1 2 1	1 8 7
...	149	149	42,531	...	...	...	...	...	21,350	1,037	22,377	64,908	1,06,866	1 4 2	1 6 3
...	92	92	78,288	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	120	78,408	1,06,651	1 1 8	1 3 1
168	42	210	23,861	...	...	...	...	...	...	998	1,631	25,282	32,306	1 7 3	1 13 0
136	16	142	24,999	...	...	...	...	...	2,178	425	3,603	28,602	34,407	1 4 9	1 9 11
1,012	87	1,049	18,548	1,000	...	...	...	...	2,870	100	2,970	22,618	28,577	1 8 0	1 11 8
88	238	326	66,800	...	...	...	...	...	1,080	2,811	3,891	70,201	1,07,112	1 3 2	1 4 4
92	46	98	8,886	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	8,976	9,976	1 3 10	1 10 4
218	147	365	15,878	...	...	...	...	...	...	399	399	16,077	20,013	1 5 2	1 8 5
231	49	280	32,084	...	...	...	...	...	299	649	948	33,032	39,296	1 4 5	1 6 2
232	1,721	1,974	55,798	...	...	...	...	...	1,179	2,127	3,306	98,104	1,24,047	2 11 4	2 15 10
48	41	78	6,926	...	...	...	...	...	411	179	590	7,516	11,012	1 8 0	1 9 8
...	458	458	35,042	...	...	...	...	...	1,708	2,704	5,407	40,459	81,502	2 5 3	2 8 0
1,037	4,711	5,738	9,13,779	...	...	...	...	...	3,201	3,950	7,151	6,20,980	8,06,053	8 2 7	10 15 2
6,642	2,493	10,135	2,72,470	...	...	...	...	...	2,227	55,844	57,811	5,30,281	4,48,636	2 10 0	4 1 0
40	1,043	1,083	49,233	...	...	...	...	...	379	175	554	49,787	56,580	2 1 3	2 4 5
...	2,067	2,067	77,870	...	...	...	...	...	1,839	172	2,031	79,701	92,239	2 1 2	2 5 3
...	2,090	2,090	1,35,803	...	...	...	...	...	...	478	478	1,36,291	2,73,914	2 13 0	4 2 0
1	1,598	1,598	49,259	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,516	1,516	50,775	93,784	1 30 0	1 14 8
...	144	144	12,205	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	118	12,323	14,564	0 14 9	1 1 1
10	8	18	10,086	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	70	10,156	11,404	1 8 9	1 15 4
98	64	167	9,553	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	70	9,623	10,119	0 14 0	1 2 0
16	257	273	14,054	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	71	14,125	14,339	1 4 8	1 11 4
...	36	36	8,148	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	400	8,546	7,983	0 14 9	1 0 0
...	58	58	8,176	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,176	8,376	0 7 9	0 8 11
...	116	116	18,346	...	...	...	...	...	...	219	219	18,565	18,761	0 10 1	0 12 8
...	114	114	5,022	...	...	...	...	...	750	75	825	5,446	7,281	0 9 6	0 15 5
10,049	18,759	28,803	17,89,661	1,000	...	...	...	...	41,609	74,668	1,17,277	19,16,934	28,00,039	2 7 8	2 18 0
34	567	611	1,08,513	...	86,800	...	...	...	2,21,246	1,746	2,22,992	4,48,155	5,53,385	2 8 0	4 14 7
...	113	113	26,223	...	...	...	...	...	344	243	586	26,909	28,971	1 8 9	1 11 9
4	117	121	57,074	...	...	6,000	...	...	9,603	771	10,374	73,448	76,449	1 12 0	2 5 0
591	49	670	36,108	...	...	...	...	...	23	74	97	36,442	36,442	1 10 8	2 1 6
...	6	6	7,519	...	...	...	...	...	275	...	275	7,791	8,388	1 4 2	8 4 3
...	63	63	5,112	...	...	...	...	...	591	244	835	5,947	6,573	0 12 0	0 15 8
13	306	317	20,265	...	...	...	...	...	2,317	8	2,325	22,590	24,079	2 5 9	2 9 5
...	62	62	5,488	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,488	5,980	2 1 0	2 4 5
...	54	54	5,888	...	...	...	...	...	2,198	145	2,343	8,211	9,799	0 14 4	1 1 6
571	1,346	1,907	2,52,245	...	86,800	6,000	...	...	2,68,697	3,280	2,69,777	6,32,082	7,64,011	1 13 0	2 10 10

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.												Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants' tax, pilgrim tax etc., in as many columns as may be necessary).	
				Receipts from petrol.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Tax on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable lands.	Total rates and taxes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
		PRESIDENCY DIVISION—concl.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
		Sadar subdivision.															
	67	Berhampore ...	5,293	...	22,251	4,331	989	3,079	26,961	...	27,346	...	2,260	50	...	94,967	
		Lalbagh sub-division.															
	68	Murshidabad ...	2,221	...	1,341	2,043	994	2,400	...	...	6,252	6,703	6	...	...	20,139	
	69	Azimganj ...	725	...	310	1,970	474	3,962	...	...	5,649	9,008	...	5	...	24,092	
		Kandi subdivision.															
	70	Kandi ...	7,350	...	236	766	74	...	...	...	2,350	6,443	...	7	...	10,276	
		Jangipur sub-division.															
	71	Jangipur ...	1,181	...	69	1,173	124	4,057	...	...	2,564	3,940	...	...	...	12,367	
	72	Dhulian ...	1,460	...	359	756	169	...	...	...	...	3,286	...	2	...	4,565	
		Total ...	16,130	...	31,556	11,089	2,524	13,408	26,961	...	47,461	20,416	2,266	64	...	1,66,406	
		Sadar subdivision.															
	73	Jessore ...	4,219	...	14,927	2,639	203	...	11,780	...	6,983	...	...	21	...	36,563	
		Jhendah sub-division.															
	74	Kotechandpur ...	1,600	...	43	2,767	50	330	...	...	6,708	6,319	...	22	...	10,639	
		Bongaon sub-division.															
	75	Moheshpur ...	649	...	55	631	...	100	...	...	...	2,112	...	9	...	2,900	
		Total ...	6,468	...	15,035	7,037	253	430	11,780	...	8,091	7,421	...	55	...	30,109	
		Sadar sub-division.															
	76	Khulna ...	11,536	...	6,230	523	711	2,080	5,440	...	11,161	8,527	...	111	...	34,753	
		Saikhira sub-division.															
	77	Saikhira ...	43	...	796	712	71	...	2,930	...	2,073	4,144	...	13	...	10,731	
	78	Dubhatta ...	63	...	58	...	...	12	...	...	...	2,052	...	7	...	2,129	
		Total ...	11,642	...	7,086	1,235	782	2,092	8,360	...	13,234	14,723	...	124	...	47,613	
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL	8,59,819	...	8,14,543	22,314	49,830	22,337	2,80,967	70,937	4,67,077	1,27,161	5,756	4,005	...	19,43,647	
		DACCA DIVISION.															
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	79	Dacca ...	3,53,608	...	1,60,824	2,439	2,085	11,087	58,203	...	99,463	...	...	199	...	3,40,130	
		Narayanganj sub-division.															
	80	Narayanganj ...	8,047	...	49,465	406	7,962	7,056	33,794	...	27,319	...	...	101	...	1,26,103	
		Total ...	3,61,655	...	2,10,289	2,846	10,047	18,093	91,997	...	1,26,782	...	...	300	...	4,66,233	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

(II)—REALISATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.										
From pounds.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).						Rents of lands, houses, <i>Serais</i> (rest houses) and bungalows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).			
18	19	20	20(a)	20.b	20(c)	20(d)	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	29(a)	29(b)	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
644	...	2	...	...	...	...	646	925	17	128	...	...	220	...	596	...	...
1,010 180	74 36	12 7	...	...	...	...	1,098 323	498	84	...	...	...	677 23	...	819 443	...	...
92	...	5	...	24	...	...	122	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
388 573	...	...	...	...	...	...	248 573	18 26	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,564 171	...	...
2,698	112	26	...	24	...	...	3,050	1,626	129	128	...	...	930	...	4,113	...	...
722	124	...	...	68	...	172	1,087	776	...	...	80	...	...	...	241	...	...
241	8	9	...	28	...	...	346	402	...	...	27	...	...	...	51	...	88
365	...	...	...	...	...	...	365	...	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,528	142	9	...	166	...	172	1,808	1,178	123	...	107	...	...	...	292	...	88
199	22	11	...	248	...	...	586	697	129	5	...	...	25	...	10	...	...
219 26	...	3	...	...	3	...	322 81	587 12	19 11	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	...
448	83	14	...	243	3	...	829	1,296	164	5	...	...	49	...	10	...	...
15,914	2,223	463	46,046	1,167	51	202	60,668	24,543	68,663	23,785	8,082	289	6,474	126	10,025	82	3,529	
489	1,272	...	...	11	...	...	1,722	2,296	464	7,459	...	...	633	...	4,090	...	4,468
308	101	...	...	...	...	...	308	1,288	216	691	48	...	1,625	...	...	...	28
641	1,272	...	...	11	...	...	2,023	4,681	670	8,550	48	...	2,058	...	4,090	...	4,494

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATIONS— <i>conold.</i>					GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).									
			Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of Investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From Local Funds.			From other sources.		
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.
			30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Murshidabad.		PRESIDENCY DIVISION— <i>conold.</i>															
		Sadar subdivision.															
	67	Berhampore ...	487	87	...	...	...	2,537	2,431	698	...	...	...	...	126	...	3,256
		Lalbagh sub-division.															
	68	Murshidabad ...	54	...	...	...	...	1,628	785	288	...	...	...	...	3,650	...	4,723
	69	Azimganj ...	320	...	...	...	...	698	...	324	...	...	...	340	...	...	664
		Kandi subdivision.															
	70	Kandi ...	2	...	...	...	...	104	...	456	...	...	...	...	...	...	456
		Jaungpur sub-division.															
	71	Jaungpur ...	50	...	...	56	...	2,708	...	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	192
	72	Dhulian ...	39	...	...	...	...	270	...	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	324
		Total ...	852	87	...	56	...	7,941	3,219	2,280	...	...	...	340	3,776	...	9,015
Jessore ...		Sadar subdivision.															
	73	Jessore ...	602	...	...	...	...	1,699	...	480	...	...	...	...	...	...	480
		Jheridaha sub-division.															
	74	Kotochandpur ...	41	...	...	...	...	604	...	96	...	...	800	...	...	300	1,196
		Bangaon sub-division.															
	75	Moheshpur ...	4	...	...	...	...	137	...	...	...	...	...	320	...	...	320
		Total ...	647	...	...	...	...	2,440	...	676	...	...	800	320	...	300	2,006
Khulna ...		Sadar sub-division.															
	76	Khulna ...	266	...	...	...	...	1,142	737	288	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	2,115
		Satkhira sub-division.															
	77	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	641	1,207	104	...	388	...	...	...	...	1,683
	78	Debbhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	267	...	...	...	...	1,416	1,944	392	...	388	...	...	1,000	...	2,798
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			11,435	1,416	...	174	...	1,64,039	67,880	26,962	1,000	6,388	800	6,476	14,716	2,100	1,37,866
Dacca DIVISION.																	
BOON ...		Sadar Subdivision															
	79	Boon ...	1,108	2,624	...	...	...	24,828	3,26,140	6,816	...	...	...	...	7,300	...	2,39,864
		Narayanganj Subdivision.															
	80	Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	3,859	2,909	314	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,908
		Total ...	1,108	2,624	...	...	...	28,687	3,29,049	7,130	...	...	...	...	7,300	...	2,43,772

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

MISCELLANEOUS. 9			EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.														
Receivables on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.	Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	Sale proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.					Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 17) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 49) per head of population.	
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61		
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
108	451	560	1,01,266	...	...	...	...	...	3,840	388	4,228	1,05,494	1,06,787	3 9 0	4 0 0
...	96	96	27,682	...	...	...	...	50	78	...	128	37,810	38,081	1 14 4	2 11 2
...	590	590	27,155	...	...	...	...	...	793	...	793	27,948	28,673	2 3 7	2 6 8
...	40	40	10,998	...	...	...	...	...	385	...	385	11,383	11,383	...	...
...	171	171	15,726	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,857	1,857	17,583	18,764	1 2 3	1 8 0
20	34	34	5,788	...	...	...	...	...	15	48	63	5,849	7,309	0 8 7	0 10 2
129	1,393	1,511	1,88,613	...	...	...	...	50	5,111	2,293	7,454	1,96,067	2,12,197	2 1 7	3 6 1
96	636	632	40,461	...	...	...	...	75	444	43	562	41,023	45,342	2 4 1	2 7 0
163	846	1,026	13,813	...	...	...	...	...	300	184	484	14,297	15,897	1 1 0	1 4 10
...	65	65	3,797	...	...	...	...	...	561	...	61	4,358	5,007	0 6 1	0 6 8
278	1,437	1,715	1,47,071	...	...	...	...	75	1,305	227	1,607	59,678	66,146	1 8 0	1 11 4
...	380	380	38,976	...	...	...	...	...	...	484	484	39,460	51,296	2 5 0	2 12 9
...	106	106	13,393	...	...	...	...	...	15	1	16	13,409	13,432	1 1 0	1 4 10
39	...	29	2,212	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	44	2,258	2,308	0 6 1	0 6 3
39	486	515	54,581	...	...	...	...	...	15	529	544	55,135	67,085	1 8 0	1 11 4
11,064	33,400	34,464	23,50,171	1,000	86,800	6 000	...	175	3,14,737	80,947	4,89,689	38,49,830	37,09,449	2 5 0	2 12 9		
8,553	2,789	11,343	7,17,898	...	...	...	...	...	44,043	39,093	83,136	8,01,034	11,54,640	2 14 2	6 1 8
221	678	900	1,34,489	...	...	...	...	...	2,126	3,881	6,007	1,40,496	1,48,643	4 1 11	4 6 3
9,084	3,467	12,551	8,52,367	...	...	...	...	...	48,169	42,974	91,143	9,41,530	12,03,182	3 2 2	6 12 7

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.													Total rates and taxes.
				Receipts from octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls on roads and ferries.	Water-rate.	Licensing rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rate).	Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants tax, pilgrim tax, etc., in as many columns as may be necessary).					
												Tax on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable land.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Mymensingh.		DACCA DIVISION— <i>concd.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
		<i>Sadar Subdivision.</i>															
	81	Mymensingh ...	18,188	...	5,898	3,120	5,051	...	37,401	...	27,057	19,328	...	100	...	97,850	
	82	Muktagacha ...	912	...	51	1,274	257	...	...	...	2,456	5,560	13	...	...	10,647
		<i>Jamulpur Subdivision.</i>															
	83	Jamulpur ...	5,151	...	708	1,153	540	...	...	...	6,751	10,834	369	...	...	20,545
	84	Sherpur ...	1,349	...	195	1,256	266	...	...	...	6,141	7,764	...	216	...	15,938
		<i>Kishoreganj Subdivision.</i>															
	85	Kishoreganj ...	812	...	386	753	109	...	...	...	4,086	6,728	...	8	...	12,020
		<i>Netrokona Subdivision.</i>															
	87	Netrokona ...	4,866	...	412	194	904	...	...	...	7,942	6,547	...	33	...	16,083
		<i>Tangail Subdivision.</i>															
	88	Tangail ...	1,130	...	478	587	102	800	...	...	4,350	8,188	...	191	...	14,696
		Total ...	32,380	...	8,305	5,364	7,239	800	37,401	...	60,772	68,758	282	667	...	1,02,565	
Faridpur		<i>Sadar Subdivision.</i>															
	89	Faridpur ...	7,766	...	4,391	542	376	813	...	...	12,587	6,478	...	82	...	26,271
		<i>Madaripur Subdivision.</i>															
	90	Madaripur ...	5,039	...	916	...	6,020	1,282	...	...	9,712	9,420	35	...	...	27,806
		Total ...	12,805	...	5,307	542	6,407	2,095	...	...	22,300	15,908	35	82	...	54,076
Bakarganj		<i>Sadar Subdivision.</i>															
	91	Barisal ...	6,373	...	6,816	483	328	1,675	18,474	...	29,612	18,383	...	50	...	66,792	
	92	Nalchiti ...	1,436	...	55	...	31	230	...	...	...	2,412	...	7	...	2,752
	93	Jhalakati ...	2,735	...	332	...	557	1,120	...	...	4,001	6,349	...	42	...	12,301
		<i>Perojpur Subdivision.</i>															
	94	Perojpur ...	487	...	654	...	182	950	...	...	2,176	6,301	255	...	...	10,268
		<i>Patuakhali Subdivision.</i>															
	95	Patuakhali ...	12,480	...	525	...	200	646	...	...	...	4,612	...	103	...	6,387
		<i>Dakshinshabazpur Subdivision.</i>															
	96	Rhola ...	107	...	216	371	...	...	...	...	857	1,916	...	...	...	2,480
		Total ...	23,616	...	8,696	854	1,261	4,841	18,474	...	29,647	29,744	255	202	...	7,02,961	
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL	4,30,454	...	2,32,547	18,806	24,951	25,529	147,872	...	2,40,501	1,26,807	872	1,341	...	5,72,575	
Chittagong.		CHITTAGONG DIVISION															
		<i>Sadar Subdivision.</i>															
	97	Chittagong ...	19,138	...	52,486	5,127	1,946	2,350	61,480	...	26,823	...	...	264	...	1,58,975
	<i>Cox's Bazar Subdivision.</i>																
98	Cox's Bazar ...	1,452	...	677	...	...	2,175	...	...	1,523	2,216	16	...	...	6,316	
	Total ...	20,590	...	53,163	5,127	1,946	5,525	61,480	...	28,346	2,216	16	264	...	7,39,291		

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

(II)—REALISATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.)								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.										
From pounds.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Miscellaneous.	Total.	Rents of lands, houses, <i>servé</i> bungalows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary.)		
18	19	20	20(a)	20(b)	20(c)	20(d)	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	29(a)	29(b)	29(c)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
960 448	384 319	87 ...	...	300 ...	...	...	1,581 667	249 39	...	143 ...	...	...	...	249...	...	...	...	...
276 461	73 13	5 9	...	420 ...	...	...	773 473	161 38	361 ...	356...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
163 43	16 ...	5 5	...	124 ...	...	25 30	332 69	172 ...	4 ...	35 ...	...	...	...	36...	...	...	...	...
290	103	...	...	80	...	...	482	...	...	101	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...
271	68	4	...	54	...	...	497	125	21	7	...	...	...	46	...	...	...	...
2,010	775	66	...	978	...	45	4,874	904	398	641	...	...	...	360	...	...	...	...
222	67	...	...	67	...	1	388	267	356	...	...	...	...	56	...	...	...	3
159	...	...	...	720	...	...	672	...	...	...	595	...	...	2,154	...	...	...	5
268	67	...	...	787	...	1	1,260	267	356	...	505	...	...	2,209	...	...	...	8
208 59 156	208 ...	...	...	143 240	...	...	854 299 1,069	1,127 ...	151 596	375 10	...	...	...	15 5 25	...	150 ...	...	4,688
107	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	18	340	5	...	...	...	54	...	...	...	...
80	...	...	...	140	...	...	280	160	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...
19	...	...	...	40	...	...	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
639	205	...	...	1,076	...	...	2,318	1,428	1,092	398	208	...	...	139	...	190	...	4,688
4,678	2,438	66	...	2,732	...	46	10,977	7,190	2,419	9,866	991	...	...	4,761	...	4,280	...	2,100
713	763	...	...	806	...	...	2,074	686	30,166	...	12,335	...	...	1,020	...	...	...	...
365	...	2	...	...	...	...	393	...	7	...	...	...	...	1,242	...	...	...	...
1,096	763	6	...	869	...	...	2,467	686	20,173	...	12,335	...	...	2,162	...	...	...	...

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION— <i>concid.</i>						GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES.)								
			Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest on investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From local funds.			From other sources.		
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.
			30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Mymensingh.		DACCA DIVISION— <i>concid.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	81	Mymensingh ...	804	...	...	824	...	1,569	60	812	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	1,373
	82	Muktasachia ...	218	...	...	...	...	259	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jamalpur Subdivision.															
	83	Jamalpur ...	40	...	...	...	...	837	175	432	...	...	...	...	...	175	786
	84	Sherpur ...	171	...	...	...	...	209	165	144	...	...	...	...	...	1,677	1,982
		Kishoreganj Subdivision.															
	85	Kishoreganj ...	658	...	...	...	...	895	...	420	...	...	...	...	...	...	420
	86	Bajitpur ...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	300
		Netrokona Subdivision.															
	87	Netrokona ...	51	...	...	...	...	222	175	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	283
Faridpur		Tangail Subdivision.															
	88	Tangail ...	41	...	...	...	...	249	...	338	...	...	...	...	...	...	336
		Total ...	1,514	...	...	824	...	4,241	575	2,112	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,592	5,839
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	89	Faridpur ...	98	...	...	...	...	779	445	564	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,009
		Madaripur Subdivision.															
Bakarganj	90	Madaripur ...	300	...	...	...	...	3,054	...	616	...	...	...	...	...	...	686
		Total ...	398	...	...	...	...	3,853	445	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,945
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	91	Barisal ...	292	...	...	...	...	6,848	...	944	...	...	...	...	...	...	496
	92	Nalchiti ...	64	...	...	...	...	77	...	1,047	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,914
	93	Jhalakati ...	111	...	...	...	...	1,178	...	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	96
		Perojpur Subdivision.															
	94	Perojpur ...	72	...	...	...	...	489	210	356	...	...	...	...	...	...	565
		Patuakhali Subdivision.															
	95	Patuakhali ...	70	...	...	...	...	270	10,000	102	...	...	...	...	48	...	10,240
Chittagong.		Dakshinbhabaspur Subdivision.															
	96	Dhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	84
		Total ...	609	...	...	...	...	8,862	10,210	2,719	...	...	...	600	48	...	12,846
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL	2,709	2,628	...	324	...	43,383	3,40,278	12,943	1,000	...	...	600	7,246	...	3,121
		CHITTAGONG DIVISION.															
		Sadar Subdivision.															
Chittagong.	97	Chittagong ...	771	...	...	...	...	46,848	...	3,592	...	...	...	...	502	...	4,094
		Cox's Bazar Subdivision.															
	98	Cox's Bazar ...	3	...	...	...	...	1,252	...	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	210
		Total ...	774	...	...	...	...	48,100	...	3,802	...	...	...	...	502	...	4,304

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

MISCELLANEOUS.			Total income of year excluding opening balance.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.										Total receipts including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 17) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 48) per head of population.
Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.		Sale proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.			Realisation of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.				
					From Government.	Raised in the open market.	Permanent.		Other.							
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1,448	26,737	28,175	1,30,547	...	...	...	...	...	40,480	5,075	46,795	1,77,842	1,95,580	3 14 1	5 2 10
...	403	403	11,978	...	...	...	...	...	1,138	460	4,685	13,561	14,473	1 9 1	1 12 3
8	65	73	22,810	...	...	...	...	...	340	247	487	23,297	28,448	0 14 1	0 15 9
...	79	79	18,885	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	46	18,731	19,980	0 14 4	1 0 9
126	33	149	13,816	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	36	13,842	14,664	0 9 10	0 11 3
...	13	13	5,479	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	29	5,508	6,080	0 6 11	0 7 7
...	41	41	17,081	...	...	...	...	...	110	7	117	17,178	21,544	1 13 6	...
...	50	50	18,828	...	...	...	...	...	...	681	681	18,499	17,610	1 0 5	1 1 3
1,882	27,401	28,062	2,36,202	...	...	...	...	...	42,334	7,412	49,746	2,85,948	3,18,398	1 8 3	1 13 9
362	240	936	31,383	...	...	...	...	40	588	482	1,110	32,493	40,259	1 15 2	2 3 5
...	805	805	32,972	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,972	34,011	1 1 7	1 4 10
887	951	1,541	64,355	...	...	...	...	40	588	482	1,110	65,465	74,970	2 1 5	3 8 3
918	810	1,738	78,876	...	...	...	...	...	522	2,584	3,130	81,994	88,369	2 9 1	2 15 3
180	39	149	5,234	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	21	5,255	6,681	1 7 8	2 13 0
140	260	408	18,550	...	...	...	...	...	600	188	788	16,338	19,072	2 1 0	2 9 9
780	22	722	12,272	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,272	12,769	0 12 0	0 14 2
34	108	162	17,189	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,189	20,669	0 14 3	2 0 4
...	...	...	3,603	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,603	5,710	0 12 2	0 13 9
1,063	1,254	2,317	1,32,724	...	...	...	...	...	1,122	2,807	3,929	1,36,653	1,60,371	1 11 9	2 8 8
12,246	23,076	40,293	12,88,888	...	...	...	...	40	90,212	63,875	1,43,928	13,29,396	14,60,052	2 2 11	3 6 10
...	4,324	4,324	2,10,215	...	...	...	...	300	24,104	12,634	37,028	2,47,343	2,60,381	4 3 9	6 13 2
...	16	16	8,287	...	...	...	...	50	1,166	...	1,216	9,503	10,955	1 6 0	1 12 6
...	4,240	4,240	2,12,502	...	...	...	...	350	25,340	12,834	38,244	2,56,746	2,77,336	3 14 6	6 8 9

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.																	
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.											Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants' tax, pilgrim tax, etc., in as many columns as may be necessary).			Total rates and taxes.
				Receipts from octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting-rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine-rate).	Tax on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable lands.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Fippera		CHITTAGONG DIVISION—concl'd.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	99	Cornilla ...	9,582	...	20,371	2,512	376	2,550	...	...	14,848	...	24	...	...	40,491
		Brahmanbaria Subdivision.															
	100	Brahmanbaria ...	13,478	...	9,034	76	21	216	...	...	5,018	4,230	...	14	...	18,609
Noakhali	101	Chandpur Subdivision.															
		Chandpur ...	13,068	...	10,830	...	44	3,088	3,960	...	13,830	...	6	...	...	41,758
		Total ...	36,013	...	49,235	2,588	441	6,754	65,960	...	38,696	4,230	40	14	...	1,00,868	
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	102	Noakhali ...	4,589	...	8,794	715	281	...	510	...	6,701	...	...	42	...	17,043
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	61,702	...	1,11,192	8,480	2,668	12,279	65,930	...	69,851	6,446	56	340	...	2,77,192	
Rajshahi		RAJSHAHI DIVISION.															
		Sadar Subdivision.															
	103	Rampur Boulla ...	7,716	...	24,040	8,168	205	900	...	...	18,196	...	...	103	...	51,732
		Nator Subdivision.															
	104	Nator ...	2,641	...	9,076	3,233	325	...	5,690	...	7,192	...	82	...	...	23,648
		Total ...	10,357	...	33,116	11,391	590	900	5,690	...	26,388	...	82	103	...	77,370	
Dinajpur		Sadar Subdivision.															
	105	Dinajpur ...	9,483	...	5,430	11,587	502	2,500	...	...	18,808	19,161	385	...	...	58,463
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri		Sadar Subdivision.															
	106	Jalpaiguri ...	7,981	...	6,385	1,430	830	...	...	...	14,478	15,292	...	...	...	38,425
		Total ...	12,479	...	27,791	7,122	2,368	...	...	...	15,881	...	...	99	613	53,894
Bogra		Sadar Subdivision.															
	108	Bogra ...	11,790	...	3,438	2,884	584	858	...	...	18,026	11,599	78	...	...	35,466
	109	Sherpur ...	2,106	...	...	2,276	57	90	...	...	3,761	4,241	...	30	131	10,361
		Total ...	13,896	...	3,438	5,160	641	948	...	...	19,786	15,840	78	30	131	45,827
Pabna		Sadar Subdivision.															
	110	Pabna ...	22,110	...	3,489	2,502	34	1,645	...	...	10,920	11,698	...	32	...	30,613
		Seroniganj Subdivision.															
	111	Seroniganj ...	2,790	...	2,566	1,755	148	577	...	...	8,806	12,428	...	41	...	27,129
		Total ...	24,900	...	6,055	4,257	489	2,122	...	...	20,532	24,126	...	63	...	57,732
Malda		Sadar Subdivision.															
	112	English Bazar ...	3,666	...	1,924	1,571	307	650	...	...	5,681	7,528	...	1	...	17,679
	113	Old Malda ...	1,425	...	325	1,296	30	16	...	...	...	2,379	...	1	...	4,068
	114	Nawabganj ...	17,760	...	121	4,860	28	...	...	...	1,128	8,111	...	13	...	9,280
		Total ...	22,851	...	2,381	7,747	365	666	...	...	6,809	13,018	...	14	...	31,009
Darjeeling		Sadar Subdivision.															
	115	Darjeeling ...	2,76,298	...	88,869	1,516	935	...	45,615	29,603	34,773	...	...	36	...	2,01,969
		Kurseong Subdivision.															
	116	Kurseong ...	8,211	...	23,486	124	663	...	17,661	...	8,898	...	...	...	...	50,779
		Total ...	2,84,509	...	1,12,355	1,641	1,597	...	63,176	29,603	43,669	...	...	36	...	2,33,088
DIVISIONAL TOTAL.			2,86,402	...	1,06,921	50,427	7,402	7,220	68,866	29,603	1,08,361	87,455	498	309	744	6,14,869	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1921-22			22,06,758	...	22,12,367	2,44,046	1,42,085	30,250	10,20,304	2,75,964	15,26,490	4,32,188	1,933	7,369	744	26,00,377	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1920-21			18,95,942	...	20,00,975	2,40,968	1,27,886	31,525	9,50,346	2,68,964	13,31,486	3,97,924	36,822	7,478	607	24,05,769	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

(II)—REALISATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.										
From pounds.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, sergis (rent-houses), dak bungalows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).			
		Vaccination fees.	Jute warehouses fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on musical procession.	Miscellaneous.										Burning ghats and burial grounds.	Sale-proceeds of street sweepings and night soil, etc.	Other fees.
18	19	20	20(a)	20(b)	20(c)	20(d)	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	29(a)	29(b)	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
504	266	...	...	28	...	18	816	681	320	96	1	...	560	1	...	...	...	...
230	48	12	...	140	...	...	430	361	7	19	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...
98	...	...	...	633	...	...	635	366	6,600	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
826	314	12	...	701	...	18	1,671	1,398	6,947	118	1	...	630	1	...	...	...	...
164	...	...	...	...	...	...	164	199	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
2,068	1,079	30	...	1,297	...	18	4,802	2,253	27,120	118	13,336	...	3,796	...	...	...	...	...
674	1,630	25	155	144	...	...	2,618	326	90	695	...	...	25	...	81	...	807	...
317	664	273	...	...	...	...	1,248	76	31	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
991	2,379	397	165	144	...	...	3,866	461	121	729	...	...	26	...	81	37	870	...
763	107	...	706	279	...	...	1,663	440	51	620	2,733	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
636	...	...	...	163	...	...	699	4	...	...	...	...	781	...	...	...	...	...
870	338	7	...	...	11	...	1,221	1,117	23	45	...	...	80	...	...	...	...	...
700	184	...	290	385	...	61	1,530	1,265	88	...	1,752	...	79	...	...	...	...	...
274	...	4	...	...	1	...	279	18	1	31	123	...	40	...	...	...	...	...
974	184	4	290	385	1	61	1,799	1,263	89	31	1,874	...	119	...	...	...	...	...
538	168	31	...	...	...	...	747	107	214	7	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...
123	...	...	...	384	...	...	607	90	841	...	...	...	1,731	...	...	...	...	...
661	168	31	...	384	...	...	1,264	197	1,060	7	...	...	1,731	...	...	...	...	...
473	...	19	...	48	...	...	840	893	...	19	1	...	2,997	...	...	...	...	12(a)
882	...	4	57	96	...	...	739	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
928	...	...	...	...	...	...	928	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,983	...	23	57	144	...	...	2,207	828	...	19	1	...	2,997	...	...	...	...	12
186	...	67	...	92	...	...	393	91,831	4,792	100	...	...	17,682	...	...	...	...	1,00,541
20	...	3	...	136	...	...	159	84	...	...	...	...	183	...	...	...	...	...
164	...	70	...	328	...	...	452	91,916	4,799	100	...	...	18,168	...	...	...	...	1,00,541
6,930	3,091	432	1,307	1,027	12	61	12,330	96,340	6,101	1,580	4,808	...	23,843	...	...	81	37	1,00,023
32,068	11,139	1,094	94,494	6,398	63	303	1,33,442	1,59,161	1,54,292	87,340	53,325	2,327	72,628	10,617	24,571	992	1,64,615	...
43,349	12,189	848	90,610	7,676	96	327	1,48,948	1,55,797	23,800	34,989	58,516	86	74,016	7,119	21,255	8,091	1,55,660	...

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION— <i>cond.</i>						GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).								
			Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of investments.				Total.	From Government.			From Local funds.			From other sources.		
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	Premium on loans.		For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.
			30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
CHITTAGONG DIVISION— <i>cond.</i>			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Tippera	Sadar Subdivision.																
	89	Comilla ...	103	...	...	...	...	1,723	...	1,011	...	5,000	...	...	1,350	...	7,361
	Brahmanbaria Subdivision.																
	100	Brahmanbaria ...	86	...	...	...	...	543	450	553	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,103
	Chandpur Subdivision.																
	101	Chandpur ...	185	550	...	...	...	7,734	...	596	4,200	...	...	...	750	...	5,698
		Total ...	354	550	...	...	...	9,999	450	2,260	4,200	5,000	...	...	2,100	...	14,180
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Noakhali	102	Noakhali ...	841	...	...	...	...	544	...	682	...	...	...	...	...	61	743
DIVISIONAL TOTAL.			11,469	550	...	...	...	58,643	450	6,844	4,200	5,000	...	...	2,802	61	19,307
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																	
Rajshahi	Sadar Subdivision.																
	103	Rampur Baula ...	147	...	...	...	...	1,733	1,651	960	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,611
	Sadar Subdivision.																
	104	Nator ...	161	...	...	...	...	399	...	360	...	...	...	...	330	...	690
		Total ...	308	...	...	...	...	2,132	1,651	1,320	...	...	...	...	330	...	3,301
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Dinajpur	105	Dinajpur ...	63	...	...	...	...	2,907	367	1,129	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,496
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Jalpaiguri	106	Jalpaiguri ...	47	...	...	...	...	782	...	520	...	...	...	...	...	...	520
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Rangpur	107	Rangpur ...	535	...	...	...	...	1,771	...	344	...	...	...	...	95	2	371
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Bogra	108	Bogra ...	116	...	...	187	...	3,457	...	2,612	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	3,612
	109	Sherpur ...	273	...	...	...	...	495	...	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	579
		Total ...	389	...	...	187	...	3,952	...	2,696	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	4,191
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Pabna	110	Pabna ...	65	...	...	...	...	418	...	881	...	...	...	...	6	...	887
	Seraiganj Subdivision.																
	111	Seraiganj ...	46	...	...	...	...	2,707	...	501	...	...	...	...	...	...	501
		Total ...	110	...	...	...	...	2,125	...	1,382	...	...	...	...	6	...	1,388
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Malda	112	English Bazar ...	118	...	...	...	...	3,970	...	384	...	...	...	...	...	...	384
	113	Old Malda ...	19	...	...	...	...	19	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	120
	114	Nawabganj ...	73	...	...	...	...	73	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	300
		Total ...	210	...	...	...	...	4,062	...	804	...	...	...	...	...	...	804
Sadar Subdivision.																	
Darjeeling	115	Darjeeling ...	1,197	...	...	...	...	2,16,452	24,782	...	...	297	...	...	...	...	25,180
	Kurseong Subdivision.																
	116	Kurseong ...	10	...	...	...	...	277	6,530	950	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,780
		Total ...	1,207	...	...	...	...	2,16,729	31,312	250	...	297	...	...	...	...	31,960
DIVISIONAL TOTAL.			2,870	...	...	187	...	2,38,450	33,321	8,355	...	297	1,000	...	861	2	4,8,446
GRAND TOTAL, 1921-22			48,566	17,197	1,844	1,898	...	7,48,308	8,27,624	88,761	6,740	14,834	1,800	10,991	60,666	6,744	7,33,014
GRAND TOTAL, 1920-21			40,011	15,769	1,863	2,188	...	5,46,217	4,16,281	1,06,056	5,780	12,480	935	11,815	1,58,673	14,758	7,33,763

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—concl.

MISCELLANEOUS.			Total income of year excluding opening balance.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.										Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 17) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 49) per head of population.
Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.		Sale-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Banks.	Loans.		Realisation of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.						
46	47	48			50	51		52	53			54	55					56	57
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
90	331	411	50,801	...	...	...	...	50	1,156	266	1,472	52,273	61,855	1 9 0	1 15 9
...	386	386	21,071	...	...	...	...	...	470	...	470	21,541	35,014	0 12 8	0 14 4
87	493	550	58,363	...	...	...	...	50	6,777	2,232	9,059	65,422	78,980	2 12 2	8 11 7
147	1,200	1,347	1,28,235	...	...	...	...	100	8,103	2,494	11,001	1,39,236	1,75,849	1 9 0	1 15 10
...	101	161	18,845	...	...	...	...	50	708	59	816	19,460	24,049	2 3 11	7 3
147	5,591	5,738	3,65,382	...	...	...	...	400	34,469	16,191	50,660	4,15,442	4,32,234	2 7 4	3 3 3
106	256	360	59,044	...	...	...	...	...	2,355	...	2,356	61,399	69,115	2 1 7	2 6 4
23	97	120	28,005	...	...	...	...	...	633	15	648	28,653	31,291	3 2 10	3 7 9
137	353	460	87,048	...	...	...	...	...	2,098	15	3,003	90,052	1,00,408	2 5 10	2 10 8
938	366	1,304	67,023	...	...	...	...	...	4,579	1,563	6,542	73,565	82,996	3 3 10	8 11 6
70	2,140	2,210	42,645	...	...	...	...	...	200	906	1,100	43,745	51,726	2 10 4	2 14 11
267	284	501	57,758	...	...	...	...	...	2,485	2,873	5,358	63,118	75,596	2 13 2	3 0 5
...	270	270	44,220	...	...	...	...	...	...	567	567	44,797	55,587	2 13 8	3 9 0
...	193	193	16,622	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	80	11,792	13,807	2 10 7	2 15 0
...	469	469	55,852	...	...	...	...	...	80	567	647	56,499	70,394	2 22 11	3 6 9
...	386	386	32,050	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	73	32,123	55,233	1 9 3	1 11 3
...	1,140	1,140	21,979	...	...	...	...	...	45	998	1,043	23,017	35,907	1 1 0	1 4 0
...	1,595	1,635	65,024	...	...	...	...	...	115	998	1,113	66,140	91,010	1 4 7	1 7 2
55	313	268	22,834	...	...	...	...	...	766	...	766	23,590	27,256	1 4 1	1 10 0
5	308	311	6,137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,602	7,440	1 4 6	1 10 11
...	369	369	10,950	...	...	...	...	...	...	394	394	11,344	29,104	0 11 9	0 13 10
60	788	848	38,921	...	...	...	...	...	766	394	1,160	40,071	62,922	1 0 7	1 4 10
1,873	1,010	2,883	4,48,067	...	2,00,000	...	...	...	66,438	8,971	2,75,409	7,21,476	9,97,774	9 10 0	21 4 11
2	31	33	53,028	...	...	...	...	...	1,01,403	1,067	1,02,470	1,60,498	1,68,709	7 13 11	8 15 10
1,875	1,041	2,916	5,04,095	...	2,00,000	...	...	...	1,67,841	10,088	2,77,929	8,81,974	11,66,483	9 3 3	18 6 6
8,837	6,316	10,253	9,18,367	...	2,00,000	...	...	...	1,79,444	17,348	8,96,796	13,15,162	17,01,564	3 0 6	4 8 5
28,734	87,732	1,21,444	77,17,088	1,12,109	4,33,400	6,000	...	985	6,97,419	2,18,500	14,66,718	91,78,801	1,14,79,564	2 12 2	3 9 0		
28,038	76,734	1,12,769	71,08,492	1,73,812	3,81,185	...	...	1,040	2,85,917	1,80,220	9,41,104	80,47,646	97,43,568	2 11 7	3 7 8

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.						PUBLIC			
			General administration—(1) Office establishment, Insurrection, Honorary Magistrates' establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than octroi).	Pensions and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water supply.		Drainage.		
																Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Burdwan.		BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	1	Burdwan ...	7,564	9,715	...	...	180	...	...	17,409	32	6,806	...	25	6,802	692	35,109	10,636	2,768
	2	Kalna Sub-division.																		
	3	Kalna ...	836	1,696	...	...	...	...	...	2,532	14	1,560	...	41	1,616	...	385	...	654
	4	Katwa Sub-division.																		
	5	Katwa ...	631	833	...	...	7	...	...	1,461	...	1,172	...	1	1,173	...	7	...	1,387
Burdwan.	6	Dainhat ...	409	400	...	...	...	...	...	809	...	265	...	...	265	...	...	...	222
	7	Asansol Sub-division.																		
	8	Raniganj ...	1,051	1,053	...	...	...	...	...	2,104	...	1,417	...	12	1,429	248	420	...	1,914
	9	Asansol ...	2,153	3,088	...	...	10	...	...	6,251	...	3,067	...	...	3,067	...	2,904	327	3,688
	10		12,034	16,785	...	...	147	...	...	29,566	46	14,274	...	79	14,401	941	28,816	10,663	11,673
	11	Sadar Sub-division.																		
Burdwan.	12	Burdwan ...	1,021	1,039	...	6	...	...	...	2,066	1	1,561	...	12	1,574	...	345	...	2,246
	13	Sadar Sub-division.																		
	14	Bankura ...	2,291	3,122	...	...	...	...	...	5,413	29	3,380	...	2	3,411	588	5,509	...	3,099
	15	Fishnagar Sub-division.																		
	16	Vishnupur ...	892	908	...	...	...	...	...	1,800	8	1,059	...	9	1,073	738	48	...	80
	17	Sonamukhi ...	587	672	...	...	...	...	...	1,259	...	593	...	6	599	...	20	...	...
Midnapore.	18		3,770	4,702	...	...	...	...	...	8,472	37	5,032	...	17	5,066	1,396	5,667	...	2,179
	19	Sadar Sub-division.																		
	20	Midnapore ...	2,343	4,907	...	...	...	...	...	7,250	5	6,128	...	37	6,170	1,590	991	3,241	1,059
	21	Tamluk Sub-division.																		
	22	Tamluk ...	611	769	...	...	...	...	...	1,380	63	979	...	26	1,056	...	486	...	310
	23	Chatal Sub-division.																		
Hooghly.	24	Chatal ...	420	842	...	...	85	20	...	1,367	11	1,142	...	10	1,163	...	387	...	196
	25	Chandrakona ...	490	593	...	...	...	...	...	1,073	...	654	...	2	656	...	124	...	40
	26	Ranjanpur ...	340	548	...	...	...	...	...	888	...	326	...	...	326	...	...	...	122
	27	Khitrai ...	362	506	...	...	...	...	...	867	...	210	...	...	210	...	127	...	...
	28	Kharar ...	316	470	...	...	10	...	...	796	...	492	...	...	492	...	...	...	...
	29		4,873	8,034	...	...	95	20	...	12,821	66	9,910	...	75	10,061	1,590	2,115	3,361	2,987
Hooghly.	30	Sadar Sub-division.																		
	31	Hooghly-Chin-sura.	2,902	4,409	...	400	60	...	...	7,771	...	8,352	...	...	8,352	127	30,173	1,940	2,504
	32	Damberia ...	589	1,425	...	...	...	...	...	1,994	...	631	...	...	631	...	...	156	576
	33	Serampore Sub-division.																		
	34	Serampore ...	4,042	4,205	140	...	...	...	...	8,387	...	3,264	...	22	3,386	2,017	22,089	2,051	12,980
	35	Badyabati ...	1,460	3,167	...	...	...	...	...	4,647	...	3,324	...	...	3,324	...	...	...	2,320
Howrah.	36	Chandpur ...	1,910	3,224	...	...	...	...	...	4,144	...	1,645	...	...	1,645	...	...	7,994	437
	37	Bhadreswar ...	1,188	1,306	...	...	...	...	...	2,494	...	1,411	...	...	1,411	...	...	...	628
	38	Hishra-Kon-nagar.	1,242	1,281	...	...	...	...	...	2,523	...	2,412	...	...	2,412	...	...	657	2,083
	39	Kotrung ...	712	1,028	...	100	...	...	...	1,840	...	1,867	...	1	1,868	...	5	...	...
	40	Uttarpura ...	1,369	1,857	...	...	...	...	...	3,216	...	1,947	...	...	1,947	1,549	8,308	8	666
	41		18,994	24,215	140	600	60	...	...	38,909	...	26,473	...	28	26,501	4,993	60,814	12,506	24,196
Howrah.	42	Sadar Sub-division.																		
	43	Howrah ...	48,347	62,372	...	8,896	1,637	1,312	...	1,22,554	58,144	1,32,588	...	368	1,30,992	7,475	1,67,710	6,875	35,473	
	44	Bally ...	4,522	3,123	...	...	...	...	...	7,645	...	6,507	...	...	6,507	...	...	...	4,839
Howrah.	45	Total ...	62,869	65,495	...	8,896	1,637	1,312	...	1,30,199	58,144	1,39,096	...	278	1,37,015	7,475	1,67,710	6,875	34,301	
	46	DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	91,160	1,19,870	140	9,492	1,929	1,323	...	2,22,833	58,296	1,96,846	...	689	2,04,635	16,325	2,76,167	24,388	78,481	

the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including food cleaning and watering) latrines.	Charges on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Fountains.	Dak Bungalows and serais.	Arboriculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Public Works.				Total.
												Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
49,368	4,709	9,850	...	437	409	257	90	...	55	351	414	10,217	182	22,341	1	1,48,774
7,253	900	120	...	157	2,176	...	30	...	7	...	23	339	105	1,290	45	18,582
5,304	715	1,100	...	93	47	...	6	...	...	...	24	...	443	2,614	5	11,014
2,034	...	1,116	...	90	110	...	9	...	...	...	...	204	1	403	...	4,189
11,311	...	4,575	...	274	202	...	18	...	...	...	36	269	...	4,164	...	22,322
22,422	...	3,500	...	749	27	924	...	...	...	60	123	1,534	...	9,489	60	43,387
97,586	6,824	20,261	...	1,799	2,972	1,191	152	...	62	311	620	12,563	781	29,781	111	2,46,758
10,611	908	1,464	...	157	110	33	...	...	...	...	42	110	...	1,159	...	17,185
15,755	945	1,900	...	201	1,324	114	228	12	...	...	26	475	242	6,544	49	26,200
8,155	692	200	...	131	161	206	1	...	...	100	27	132	...	263	1	11,125
1,891	807	1,411	...	136	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	615	...	4,949
26,791	2,144	2,411	...	468	1,840	470	224	12	...	100	72	607	257	7,412	40	53,990
24,204	1,498	5,000	...	468	1,206	162	66	...	60	...	26	1,128	422	8,128	...	54,197
4,970	780	1,023	...	54	39	205	...	...	...	...	...	262	...	1,707	6	9,843
8,789	489	1,690	...	152	...	...	17	...	19	...	...	118	117	4,004	...	12,976
1,111	...	1,584	...	80	28	...	2	...	17	...	72	...	81	29	...	2,523
799	...	1,682	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	129	...	1,549
681	...	1,247	...	45	...	...	...	...	2	...	21	...	119	1,499	...	4,007
951	...	1,269	...	45	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	...	1,700	5	4,140
42,446	2,765	12,755	...	645	1,289	267	85	...	98	...	166	1,878	2,119	1,60,180	11	91,886
26,666	1,227	2,129	...	397	122	60	3	...	...	1,050	24	977	15	6,459	...	94,892
4,201	...	...	...	74	41	...	...	...	...	...	26	767	341	1,597	4	7,998
29,072	2,406	4,085	4	467	242	1,112	...	...	23	420	202	824	...	5,554	...	95,577
12,543	480	1,463	...	192	189	...	2	...	...	259	72	187	2,000	2,963	24	22,697
17,496	260	601	16	246	16	...	122	...	110	107	60	...	167	7,210	...	31,481
13,188	840	2,422	...	246	124	...	13	...	...	128	26	660	...	2,575	...	22,940
16,502	971	1,672	...	180	107	...	...	...	...	324	120	180	...	2,898	11	27,918
4,812	...	...	...	191	70	...	...	...	...	65	62	540	...	1,499	27	6,271
10,659	869	600	...	121	74	...	11	...	...	160	48	...	747	2,541	21	26,574
2,268	...	2,247	...	79	28	...	...	...	...	...	14	286	179	122	...	6,239
1,44,310	7,884	17,409	90	2,192	1,006	1,172	151	...	122	2,523	664	4,423	2,629	35,478	87	2,24,609
2,62,668	20,225	25,297	4,222	2,219	2,747	7,025	...	...	272	2,119	4,321	42,298	229	1,04,043	204	7,02,061
26,912	808	2,426	...	271	2,412	...	30	...	60	277	5	225	609	9,280	53	62,517
2,91,870	21,908	22,722	4,222	2,420	7,180	7,025	90	...	223	2,206	4,920	42,222	227	1,12,222	217	8,45,998
7,12,512	41,928	55,042	4,222	2,922	16,066	10,206	743	12	625	5,840	6,491	62,614	7,682	2,12,222	676	16,20,196

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipality

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.	MISCELLANEOUS.												Total.		
			Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, Museums, Menageries, etc.	Total.		Interest on Loans.		Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).											
								For general purposes.	Interest due on account of previous year.		Interest due on account of current year.	Discount.	Census charges.	Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident Funds.	Disposal of pauper dead bodies.	Burial and burning ground charges.	Election charges.		Miscellaneous.	Total.
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	47(f)	47(g)	48	49	
Burdwan.		BURDWAN DIVISION— concd. Sadar Sub- division.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	1	Burdwan ...	98	2,188	...	2,231	200	...	4,979	...	1,432	318	1,477	1,061	581	385	92	322	846	5,908	12,39	
	2	Kalna Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	Kalna ...	1,904	60	60	1,924	56	...	...	...	4	67	577	178	112	634	7-3	2	187	1,978	1,98
	4	Katwa Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5	Katwa ...	...	570	...	570	...	...	1,119	...	...	...	497	78	50	87	19	...	60	791	1,91
Burdwan.		Dainhat Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	6	Dainhat ...	60	210	...	270	...	...	...	...	100	...	212	9	22	...	75	5	36	349	44
	7	Asansol Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8	Asansol ...	...	1,440	48	1,488	...	...	...	...	...	...	210	478	42	...	324	...	146	1,098	1,09
	9	Asansol ...	...	3,004	...	3,004	...	...	...	...	...	...	591	152	179	...	...	...	588	1,507	1,50
			1,962	7,417	108	9,487	266	...	6,098	...	1,538	385	3,564	2,852	900	596	1,192	329	1,799	11,708	19,34	
Burdwan.		Sadar Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10	Sadar ...	...	974	60	1,034	...	...	...	...	12	...	214	7	76	3	...	...	321	621	62
	11	Bankura Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	12	Bankura ...	...	2,361	70	2,421	...	256	799	...	21	...	599	281	238	...	92	119	687	1,868	2,94
	13	Vishnupur Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	14	Vishnupur ...	85	1,860	228	2,173	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	370	12	153	2	5	1	169	702	702
Burdwan.		Sonamukhi Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15	Sonamukhi ...	...	1,506	...	1,506	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	3	34	1	...	...	302	420	420
	16		85	5,717	208	6,100	1,000	256	799	...	21	...	1,059	246	426	2	97	120	1,048	2,908	4,07	
	17	Sadar Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	18	Midnapore ...	61,146	2,478	30	64,649	...	...	...	...	...	...	678	566	1,151	477	118	...	838	3,517	3,517
	19	Tamluk Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore.		Tamluk ...	...	864	...	864	...	...	...	...	...	...	298	6	64	10	...	...	141	616	61
	20	Ghatal Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	21	Ghatal ...	...	1,204	...	1,204	...	...	...	...	...	...	534	70	57	10	62	...	144	877	877
	22	Chau Irakone ...	...	940	50	990	...	...	...	...	...	...	447	59	21	...	...	...	...	527	527
	23	Ramjithapur ...	...	619	...	619	...	...	...	...	...	...	161	...	24	...	...	...	69	224	224
	24	Kharar ...	...	323	12	335	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	9	10	...	...	...	25	129	129
Hooghly.		Kharar ...	...	381	...	381	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	24	16	...	...	...	78	216	216
	25		61,146	7,804	92	69,042	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,346	734	1,366	498	177	...	963	6,125	6,125
	26	Sadar Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27	Hooghly-Chin- surah.	...	2,025	247	2,272	...	...	6,527	...	...	...	1,237	286	165	4	208	...	710	2,585	2,585
	28	Bansberia ...	178	387	66	631	...	...	...	...	...	...	197	139	61	34	429	...	78	988	988
	29	Serampore Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hooghly.		Serampore ...	480	2,914	150	3,544	76	...	1,083	...	...	...	907	23	364	74	229	129	775	2,811	2,811
	30	Badyabati ...	1,691	...	...	1,691	...	...	...	...	...	...	719	662	176	9	186	...	1,959	3,012	3,012
	31	Chandpur ...	...	791	...	791	...	...	...	...	...	...	406	68	157	18	71	...	268	972	972
	32	Bhadreswar ...	...	1,240	...	1,240	...	...	...	...	...	...	602	626	141	58	...	...	287	1,684	1,684
	33	Rishra-Kon- dakar.	...	1,321	126	1,441	200	...	...	...	...	...	348	365	128	7	20	70	162	1,100	1,100
	34	Kotrang ...	...	922	...	922	...	...	...	...	...	...	186	387	67	...	170	40	161	1,011	1,011
Hooghly.		Uttarpur ...	...	887	72	959	...	...	1,260	...	...	...	360	7	165	12	40	48	161	772	2,12
	35	Arambagh Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	36	Arambagh ...	319	613	18	943	...	...	...	...	...	...	224	4	24	7	...	1	70	240	34
	37		2,261	11,104	673	14,434	376	...	8,980	...	...	...	5,178	2,617	1,477	214	1,248	298	2,879	14,808	28,88
	38	Sadar Sub- division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	39	Howrah ...	...	17,836	1,781	19,617	...	...	69,520	...	1,506	...	18,401	9,742	9,848	1,706	1,875	8,449	21,286	64,663	1,28,97
Howrah.		Bally ...	...	2,219	305	2,517	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,039	709	269	46	46	57	290	2,287	2,287
	40	Total ...	...	21,048	2,086	23,134	...	...	69,520	...	1,506	...	14,439	10,444	9,917	1,751	1,921	8,499	22,186	67,950	1,29,25
	41	DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	66,864	64,060	3,217	1,32,331	1,483	366	86,407	...	2,075	386	26,520	10,600	14,328	3,066	4,788	7,446	22,179	1,08,669	1,29,40	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total disbursements.	BALANCE.			Grand total.
	Investments.		Payment to sinking fund.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.		Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.	
	In securities (other than for sinking funds).	In savings bank.			Permanent.	Other.							
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,87,872	7,451	100	82,009	12,689	52,349	2,40,121	5,043	1,16,892	1,21,935	2,62,076
21,881	782	472	1,205	22,896	...	2,526	2,526	25,422
18,128 8,982	1,172	...	50 180	972 120	2,195 250	18,322 6,292	555 ...	2,362 1,162	2,917 1,162	21,240 7,888
29,451 58,688	...	8,011	...	...	100	27,605 50	1,107 342	41,223 292	70,674 59,076	2,518 ...	563 8,208	2,081 8,208	72,755 67,266
3,19,819	...	3,011	...	8,621	...	69,976	15,703	97,614	4,17,324	8,126	1,21,704	1,59,840	5,67,164
22,492	1,250	...	1,250	23,742	...	8,299	8,299	32,041
52,292	1,786	100	4,522	618	7,201	59,594	1,101	18,084	19,185	71,779
17,286 8,342	...	248	...	...	...	550 320	71 34	669 204	18,755 8,707	601 114	2,670 2,648	2,271 2,760	20,026 11,467
78,522	...	248	...	1,780	100	5,402	922	8,424	69,056	1,816	22,400	24,216	1,12,272
1,36,783	100	60,165	1,375	61,540	1,97,422	2,502	1,12,246	1,14,748	3,12,170
12,687	13,657	...	3,669	3,669	17,326
17,289 7,099 2,022 5,008 6,034	1,474	1,474	19,063	...	4,229	4,229	23,292
...	804	68	872	7,941	...	749	749	8,690
...	327	327	5,312	...	2,962	2,962	8,275
...	7,649	160	2,849	8,467	...	2,141	2,141	10,598
...	100	...	100	6,124	...	3,420	3,420	9,544
1,90,725	100	62,758	3,404	67,262	2,57,047	2,502	1,20,516	1,23,019	3,80,065
1,12,409	10,991	...	5,550	1,000	16,541	1,29,250	1,760	27,296	29,455	1,58,705
12,187	50	59	278	347	12,574	429	1,952	2,391	14,965
1,04,284 28,282 28,004 28,749 27,182	1,841	...	1,482	11,428	14,751	1,19,215	842	14,266	14,809	1,34,024
...	516	419	935	26,297	...	7,864	7,864	44,161
...	612	612	22,616	1,858	46,725	48,583	68,209
...	850	1,072	1,922	31,571	9,792	5,600	15,392	46,763
...	1,080	92	1,172	26,204	2,972	3,716	6,687	46,991
12,912 24,229	20	24	44	13,956	...	5,087	5,087	19,043
...	804	...	60	1,340	2,204	27,032	60	19,100	19,160	26,196
6,329	56	...	...	...	...	690	5	691	10,020	...	420	420	10,440
4,28,217	56	...	...	12,986	50	9,907	16,270	29,219	4,67,726	17,229	1,22,144	1,44,672	6,17,409
12,62,122 12,289	...	2,00,000	...	1,47,989	...	10,222	29,727	3,87,919	16,50,111	25,204	2,42,088	2,72,292	19,22,403
...	2,481	5,964	8,445	80,814	22	12,667	12,689	93,503
12,24,281	...	2,00,000	...	1,47,989	...	12,704	28,691	2,96,264	17,20,925	25,296	2,65,595	2,90,891	20,21,846
22,74,727	56	2,00,000	...	1,71,229	450	1,62,998	71,991	6,10,042	29,81,770	66,587	6,80,988	7,45,496	37,27,266

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.					PUBLIC			
			General Administration, Office Establishment, Inspection, Honorary Magistrate's Establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than octroi).	Pensions and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water supply.		Drainage.	
																Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
KANSAS.		PRESIDENCY DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
		Barrackpore Sub-division.																	
	30	Kanchrapara	836	726	...	...	...	...	...	1,562	...	...	...	...	...	...	461	...	2,054
	31	Halluabar	808	1,355	...	...	...	12	...	2,205	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	416
	32	Nalbat	1,058	2,676	...	...	...	...	...	3,644	...	1,913	...	...	1,914	21,989	...	...	1,115
	33	Bhatpara	3,296	2,439	...	...	...	...	...	5,735	...	3,971	...	43	3,013	432	968	1,983	7,681
	34	Garuha	2,131	1,155	...	...	...	...	...	3,286	...	680	...	9	389	...	...	...	618
	35	North Barrackpore.	903	1,289	...	...	...	...	...	2,192	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	...	...
	36	Barrackpore	1,299	783	...	...	...	...	...	2,082	...	8	...	...	8	...	...	...	1,300
	37	Titagarh	4,404	1,662	...	...	...	...	...	6,066	...	1,039	...	31	1,060	...	...	339	8,516
	38	Khardah	676	810	...	...	...	34	...	1,310	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	734
	39	Panihati	1,101	1,781	...	...	...	...	...	2,882	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	640	329
	40	Kamrathi	2,889	2,609	...	...	...	36	...	4,993	A.	3,403	...	4	3,407	...	...	...	545
	41	Baran-gore	4,719	6,132	...	...	7	1	72	10,931	...	6,489	...	28	6,497	5,018	4,847	548	2,418
	42	North Dum-Dum.	626	1,604	...	...	...	95	...	1,624	...	613	...	...	613	...	148	...	368
	43	South Dum-Dum.	1,588	2,175	...	...	...	15	...	3,778	...	2,819	...	...	2,813	1,007	3,796	...	666
		Sadar Sub-division.																	
		Baran-gore	19,358	20,808	...	1,606	1,575	...	...	43,344	66,930	43,327	...	8	1,10,165	4,927	52,429	3,559	15,383
	45	Manikola	7,210	12,860	...	...	319	...	...	20,469	3,068	24,207	...	...	32,513	...	48,818	10,382	4,518
	46	Tolygunge	1,602	3,760	...	...	...	...	...	5,364	...	2,812	...	...	2,863	600	5,223	...	3,423
	47	South Suburban.	1,625	4,099	...	...	...	...	...	5,722	...	5,028	...	...	5,028	...	2,863	...	1,490
	48	Garden Reach	5,475	3,716	...	...	67	8	...	9,266	12,460	6,981	...	34	19,535	1,859	12,647	165	4,626
	49	Budge Budge	1,708	3,287	...	...	...	...	...	4,990	...	7,322	...	...	7,322	...	4,108	26,070	685
	50	Bajpur	708	1,285	...	...	...	12	...	2,155	...	950	...	3	962	...	196	...	245
	51	Baidpur	513	644	...	...	...	...	...	1,087	...	448	...	...	448	...	40	74	276
	52	Joynagar	466	484	...	...	...	...	...	920	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	609
		Baraset Sub-division.																	
	53	Baraset	684	1,657	...	...	...	20	...	2,361	...	524	...	...	524	...	506	...	728
	54	Gobardanga	466	724	...	...	...	18	...	1,208	...	97	...	3	99	...	...	...	345
		Basirhat Sub-division.																	
	55	Baduria	501	745	...	...	...	...	...	1,246	...	18	...	7	25	...	200	...	518
	56	Basirhat	967	1,160	...	...	...	106	...	1,832	...	468	...	5	483	...	263	...	366
	57	Taki	444	628	...	...	...	...	...	1,072	...	60	...	3	63	46	21	...	...
		Total	67,376	81,960	...	1,743	2,820	72	...	1,53,471	87,696	1,12,909	...	216	2,00,823	46,078	1,36,014	41,877	60,567
Nadia.		Sadar Sub-division.																	
	58	Krishnagar	1,343	3,082	...	...	204	11	...	5,240	...	2,325	...	7	2,332	2,60,912	61	...	1,690
	59	Nabadwip	1,318	1,479	...	...	...	17	...	2,809	...	1,173	...	1	1,174	360	...	...	126
		Raunghat Sub-division.																	
	60	Banipur	1,992	2,194	...	...	...	4	...	4,190	...	4,177	...	...	4,177	...	398	370	2,470
	61	Itanagar	945	1,187	...	...	...	...	...	2,082	...	1,916	...	...	1,916	...	143	394	1,081
	62	Birugar	625	841	...	...	108	...	...	869	...	75	...	...	75	...	177	...	85
	63	Chakdah	517	469	...	...	...	...	...	976	...	147	...	...	147	...	277	...	...
		Kushtia Sub-division.																	
	64	Kushtia	1,037	1,130	...	...	...	...	...	2,167	...	2,228	...	1	2,229	...	...	...	1,144
	65	Kumarkhal	860	515	...	...	...	...	...	863	...	442	...	...	442	...	283	...	306
		Maharpur Sub-division.																	
	66	Maharpur	561	625	...	...	...	...	...	1,196	...	277	...	...	277	...	236	...	8
		Total	9,078	10,961	...	307	32	...	...	20,394	...	12,189	...	9	12,198	3,31,273	1,376	446	8,979

the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Quarantine (including road cleaning and watering) salaries.	Charges in account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Dak bungalows and serais.	Arboreal culture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Public Works.				Total.
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2,946	...	...	...	193	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	50	4,328	...	10,335
5,406	...	1,031	...	144	2	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	100	1,305	18	8,530
12,740	309	2,018	...	284	12	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	272	5,002	...	54,637
30,353	3,375	1,547	...	445	193	...	61	...	...	...	19	284	...	7,522	60	53,466
9,349	448	1,529	...	191	4	...	...	...	12	...	36	721	69	5,416	...	16,419
10,575	...	7,369	...	198	...	...	1	...	...	...	60	183	...	5,158	...	33,548
5,372	...	190	...	129	23	...	48	...	...	...	69	150	4,959	4,432	36	16,746
34,836	960	921	...	244	3	...	16	...	...	120	240	2,256	268	9,951	...	59,788
2,329	...	1,320	...	124	7	...	9	...	...	...	22	933	...	103	...	6,075
7,310	728	874	...	211	417	...	139	...	...	...	...	126	180	1,371	...	13,633
14,902	385	...	...	290	10	...	94	...	...	...	74	504	...	4,047	...	20,891
41,305	4,934	516	...	225	103	...	23	...	...	362	90	1,806	...	11,999	23	73,607
1,323	...	1,296	...	44	23	...	...	...	...	...	36	168	31	1,832	...	5,090
11,087	918	2,414	...	190	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	549	368	11,856	80	32,910
1,13,899	8,972	21,844	...	1,313	8,519	...	...	...	244	141	72	7,708	2,506	26,394	248	...
87,264	10,992	7,127	2,276	1,179	...	...	...	...	...	...	434	2,181	9,717	30,193	1,393	2,20,823
14,829	835	800	...	306	15	269	...	...	...	...	220	2,329	...	4,901	85	35,940
38,128	1,618	4,275	...	611	86	...	...	...	...	...	84	4,264	303	27,422	69	54,866
35,410	4,689	4,278	24	1,094	20	...	...	...	...	...	359	4,919	97	19,592	374	93,090
19,062	1,302	7,140	...	240	739	...	...	...	157	6	2	3,427	184	3,340	...	46,359
4,171	593	1,846	...	138	8	...	68	...	...	...	34	...	...	2,356	...	8,455
2,603	600	1,425	...	72	214	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	23	567	...	6,344
3,602	...	1,318	...	95	1	...	...	...	...	...	49	188	96	885	...	6,830
4,194	740	1,195	...	103	8	8	...	...	5	...	60	...	12	544	51	8,251
666	...	...	...	72	1	...	8	...	...	...	31	...	16	1,499	...	2,529
933	...	2,395	...	169	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	180	50	1,387	...	5,790
2,792	904	2,987	...	202	18	671	...	...	59	...	...	...	59	1,775	...	9,918
197	...	300	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	8	1,525	...	2,168
4,99,634	43,287	76,368	2,395	1,717	10,823	948	491	...	457	639	2,038	32,410	19,467	2,03,468	2,437	11,89,564
26,355	1,536	5,360	...	184	118	...	...	...	3,365	...	23	3,233	209	7,477	53	2,99,474
19,309	174	2,683	...	87	47	...	...	...	...	...	34	948	130	1,898	277	20,082
10,261	2,376	2,217	...	179	161	...	...	7	129	...	...	665	122	11,781	...	40,741
9,546	938	1,360	...	141	59	...	32	...	9	...	...	576	102	3,681	5	18,237
237	...	1,346	...	32	35	160	...	...	12	...	36	60	10	222	...	2,472
293	...	1,641	...	45	14	64	9	...	10	...	36	128	26	1,396	...	2,837
6,655	860	1,400	...	196	204	...	...	...	297	...	80	659	35	5,241	24	16,898
2,293	...	753	...	55	...	...	3	...	8	...	36	364	50	1,413	...	7,496
391	...	770	...	43	...	...	5	...	4	...	34	85	2,742	166	...	4,194
79,289	6,684	17,490	...	961	658	214	49	7	2,694	...	228	6,668	2,419	32,570	350	4,12,325

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS. For general purposes.	MISCELLANEOUS.														
			Schools and colleges.	Contribution.	Libraries, museums, managers, etc.	Total.		Interest on loans.		Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).											
								Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.		Discount.	Census charges.	Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident fund.	Disposal of pauper dead bodies.	Burial and burning ground charges.	Election charges.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total.	
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	47(f)	47(g)	48	49	
Far- gana.		PRESIDENCY DIVISION— contd.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
		Barrackpore Sub-division.																				
	30	Kanchrapara	...	257	...	257	25	...	...	...	...	...	47	10	43	...	...	...	106	306	306
	31	Hallsahar	485	...	...	485	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	211	86	...	...	...	96	843	843
	32	Nalhati	404	...	...	404	...	...	1,397	...	...	...	353	323	106	...	...	...	343	1,125	2,423
	33	Bhutpara	...	1,408	...	1,408	...	...	1,322	...	...	...	230	83	206	...	...	...	117	1,322	2,564
	34	Garnia	...	470	...	470	...	...	590	...	...	...	162	45	81	...	...	...	190	637	1,213
	35	North Barrackpore.	...	1,143	...	1,143	...	...	...	...	...	...	351	66	116	...	...	...	184	763	849
	36	Barrackpore	...	688	...	688	...	...	...	...	800	...	234	119	44	...	...	...	106	693	1,423
	37	Titagarh	1,087	834	...	1,921	...	...	755	...	...	...	416	162	176	...	...	...	653	1,468	2,923
	38	Khardah	...	316	...	316	...	...	...	...	...	...	231	...	38	...	...	...	3	18	234
	39	Panhati	...	795	...	795	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	33	31	...	...	...	36	44	182
	40	Kamarhati	191	764	140	1,095	...	...	...	...	250	...	661	119	145	...	...	...	112	128	2,917
	41	Burangaore	...	2,051	...	2,051	...	...	...	809	...	...	1,152	757	412	...	...	...	663	2,156	4,203
	42	North Dum-Dum.	...	875	...	875	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	34	...	...	...	6	156	157
	43	South Dum-Dum.	...	713	...	713	...	...	...	...	...	...	414	30	132	...	...	...	15	485	1,126
			Sadar Sub-division.																			
	44	Comptore-Chit-pore.	...	10,743	260	11,022	978	...	1,236	...	3,527	1,233	1,320	...	1,516	...	1,516	9,101	11,315
	45	Mouktole	600	5,979	...	6,579	300	2,545	...	8,460	...	4,738	487	791	487	5,993	16,917
	46	Tollygunge	180	1,478	35	1,648	143	...	40	...	1,155	461	184	47	537	2,564
	47	South Suburban.	240	2,207	108	2,555	93	991	329	367	2,138	31	4,027
	48	Garden Reach	...	2,903	...	2,903	20	394	611	737	505	18,360	15,854	16,245
	49	Bridge-End	180	2,400	180	3,860	210	674	145	140	80	1,615	1,835
	50	Rajpur	...	523	...	523	403	93	55	81	632	632
51	Baipur	387	...	...	387	...	...	...	283	...	17	...	100	186	66	...	...	...	363	107	1,134
52	Joy nagar	161	622	...	783	7	...	...	...	...	95	...	144	536	23	...	...	...	96	658	763
		Barrackpore Sub-division.																				
53	Parasut	...	1,233	...	1,233	...	...	...	240	...	...	...	187	...	...	...	...	...	39	191	458
54	Gobardanga	...	300	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	168	...	27	...	...	...	10	36	231
		Barrackpore Sub-division.																				
55	Baduria	...	880	...	880	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	3	28	...	...	...	24	26	398
56	Barrackpore	...	1,165	...	1,165	...	...	...	103	...	46	...	270	275	63	...	...	...	82	66	1,028
57	Taki	...	207	...	207	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	43	9	...	...	...	1,603	11	2,840
		Total	3,967	41,386	713	46,968	495	...	9,762	...	11,436	...	17,671	6,396	5,111	...	8,617	479	30,447	38,461	79,649	
		Sadar Sub-division.																				
58	Krishnagar	...	1,788	50	1,838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	871	234	274	...	...	...	435	73	2,640
59	Nabadwip	...	1,080	60	1,140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	554	1,070	72	...	...	...	533	2,388	2,388
		Ranaghat Sub-division.																				
60	Rantipur	4,748	1,945	153	10,810	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	897	173	235	...	...	...	64	8	1,745
61	Ranaghat	...	963	49	1,011	...	...	...	408	...	445	...	803	68	86	...	...	...	6	612	976
62	Birangar	...	278	...	278	...	...	...	567	...	...	...	99	43	16	...	...	...	10	...	609
63	Chakdah	...	391	...	391	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	4	18	...	...	...	...	...	943
		Kushia Sub-division.																				
64	Kushia	...	920	...	920	...	...	...	848	...	10	...	273	51	128	...	...	...	177	31	1,398
65	Kumarkhal	...	234	24	258	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	172	25	37	...	...	...	98	...	404
		Meherpur Sub-division.																				
66	Meherpur	...	667	...	667	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	503	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	503
		Total	8,748	5,376	333	17,351	...	...	1,621	...	465	...	2,631	1,737	866	...	723	108	2,637	10,140	15,216

the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total disbursements.	BALANCE.			Grand total.
	Investments.		Payment to sinking fund.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.		Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.	
	In securities (other than for sinking funds).	In savings bank.			Permanent.	Other.							
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
12,385	12,385	...	6,894	6,894	19,281	
11,732	11,732	...	1,947	1,945	13,678	
63,011	799	...	21,360	111	22,380	85,371	...	21,595	1,06,866	
66,226	3,796	...	...	5	3,799	70,026	...	36,626	1,06,651	
21,588	1,676	...	...	623	613	24,811	...	8,495	33,306	
27,767	310	464	25,411	...	6,366	34,407	
20,827	40	2,730	...	2,770	23,697	180	4,700	28,577	
71,046	3,966	...	1,040	3,387	6,733	77,781	3,108	27,173	1,07,113	
8,324	870	...	370	8,694	...	1,082	9,976	
16,201	10	...	10	16,401	...	3,641	20,042	
21,886	180	136	316	32,202	268	6,826	39,396	
67,288	8,900	...	...	2,116	...	732	3,676	16,424	1,12,713	1,026	19,309	1,74,047
7,879	870	...	870	8,249	...	2,793	11,012	
41,339	324	4,915	5,139	46,478	2,137	32,867	81,802	
4,41,203	35,023	...	...	3,482	...	2,949	7,174	46,627	4,89,830	18,691	2,97,632	5,33,555
3,03,431	3,208	100	1,856	19,312	24,475	3,27,906	42,616	78,014	4,08,330	
47,352	369	...	170	249	988	48,340	818	7,728	56,068	
73,993	2,027	50	1,864	130	4,061	78,054	...	14,175	92,229	
1,41,042	562	...	...	29	591	1,41,633	478	1,31,803	2,73,914	
86,259	1,192	...	833	138	2,163	88,422	1,360	6,072	95,754	
13,187	300	87	387	13,474	...	1,090	14,564	
9,384	924	...	...	190	1,114	10,508	...	893	11,404	
8,304	86	86	9,390	42	697	10,119	
12,067	886	...	...	...	886	13,923	...	408	14,339	
4,367	409	4,767	...	3,216	7,983	
8,012	8,012	...	364	8,376	
14,422	834	...	...	317	553	14,975	...	1,776	16,751	
6,446	350	6,796	...	498	7,294	
16,69,823	45,921	...	...	34,609	190	36,790	59,717	1,45,226	18,15,121	69,370	7,15,841	26,00,039
3,11,654	50	2,34,013	18	2,34,031	5,36,735	1,523	16,087	5,53,355	
27,454	329	392	731	28,175	...	798	28,971	
61,695	2,519	7,412	541	10,472	72,165	...	4,284	76,449	
24,477	764	...	...	109	873	25,344	44	11,084	36,423	
2,981	2,300	...	332	71	3,693	7,364	...	1,029	8,393	
8,554	591	66	656	9,240	179	134	9,573	
22,509	803	...	...	1,306	375	3,393	25,909	97	8,133	34,079	
6,467	6,467	...	1,493	9,960	
6,937	50	1,798	65	1,903	8,840	...	680	9,799	
6,74,487	803	3,004	2,619	2,35,771	1,626	2,43,082	7,18,160	1,553	45,999	7,64,011	

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.						PUBLIC			
			General administration (a). Office Establishments, Inspection. Honorary Magistrate's establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes including Bonded Warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than petrol).	Pensions and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply. Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Drainage. Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Murshidabad.		PRESIDENCY DIVISION— concd. Sadar Subdivision.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	67	Berhampore...	2,861	4,779	...	...	14	...	...	7,654	...	5,468	...	...	5,408	2,082	26,518	219	7,986
		Lalbagh Subdivision.																		
	68	Murshidabad ...	1,034	1,310	...	...	...	...	...	2,353	37	1,899	...	1	1,437	20	...	290	2,325
	69	Asimganj ...	842	1,509	2,647	...	...	...	...	5,098	...	1,173	...	...	1,173	...	...	...	1,247
		Kandi Subdivision.																		
	70	Kandi ...	568	628	...	...	6	...	...	1,197	...	817	...	...	817	...	32	...	199
		Jagajpur Subdivision.																		
	71	...	682	1,089	14	...	...	...	...	1,748	...	1,087	...	2	1,089	...	00	68	288
		Shullan ...	454	541	...	...	...	...	...	995	...	...	...	...	...	...	460	...	600
	Total ...	6,891	9,970	2,661	...	20	...	...	19,042	37	9,939	...	3	9,979	2,102	27,060	782	12,557	
Jessore		Sadar Subdivision.																		
	73	Jessore ...	1,354	1,481	...	...	...	...	...	2,785	...	626	...	10	636	...	8,819	...	1,028
		Jhentidah Subdivision.																		
	74	Kotechandpur ...	583	767	...	...	7	...	...	1,367	...	611	...	2	613	...	163	...	...
		Ronggaon Subdivision.																		
	75	Moheshpur ...	382	206	...	...	...	...	...	587	...	822	...	1	323	...	132	...	74
	Total ...	2,219	2,408	...	...	7	...	...	4,729	...	1,559	...	18	1,573	...	9,087	...	1,102	
Khulna		Sadar Subdivision.																		
	76	Khulna ...	1,454	1,307	...	...	22	...	...	2,783	...	1,228	...	14	1,242	32	4,741	292	8,019
		Sathkira Subdivision.																		
	77	Sathkira ...	605	700	...	15	...	...	...	1,320	...	367	...	...	367	...	2,698	...	44
	78	Deshhatta ...	874	211	...	11	...	...	...	596	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	113
	Total ...	2,433	2,218	...	26	24	...	...	4,701	...	1,595	...	14	1,619	32	8,639	347	8,175	
	DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	87,592	1,06,632	2,861	2,076	2,404	72	...	8,02,347	87,723	1,38,191	...	265	3,26,179	3,98,494	1,82,089	47,660	84,980		
Dacca		Dacca Division.																		
		Sadar Subdivision.																		
	79	Dacca ...	10,069	11,978	...	1,015	484	...	...	22,545	...	32,822	...	170	32,992	21,658	85,300	4,84,513	17,987
		Narayanganj Subdivision.																		
	80	Narayanganj ...	4,723	2,694	...	139	...	...	...	7,556	...	7,085	...	18	7,103	...	16,999	1,068	1,731
	Total ...	14,792	14,672	...	1,154	498	...	...	31,101	...	39,907	...	198	40,095	21,658	71,008	4,85,581	20,018	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Emergency (including road cleaning and watering) charges.	Charges in account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Dak bungalows and serais.	Arboretum, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Public Works.				Total.
												Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
27,304	814	4,408	...	806	602	149	9	...	40	...	36	767	...	9,778	22	80,998
9,338	835	2,124	...	191	266	765	93	...	...	...	26	971	...	2,272	199	30,681
9,486	894	2,660	...	140	172	...	9	...	...	...	60	2,127	...	1,533	...	18,314
2,728	...	8	...	145	37	...	14	...	96	...	60	476	...	2,990	...	7,776
4,768	677	2,882	...	146	41	...	21	...	...	...	60	214	156	1,660	8	...
260	...	200	...	126	...	...	53	...	...	...	...	426	16	1,363	1	...
54,874	2,240	12,832	...	1,054	1,108	914	129	...	186	...	252	4,080	177	20,846	220	142,994
10,100	655	2,191	...	144	85	...	14	...	...	...	59	1,376	1	3,183	14	27,461
2,901	...	2,325	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	400	2,955	1,508	...	10,949
399	...	1,085	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118	266	...	2,081
12,809	655	2,561	...	262	88	...	14	...	...	...	...	1,776	4,074	5,016	14	40,481
11,401	1,005	2,000	...	192	62	...	6	...	246	120	72	660	...	6,619	2	20,469
2,224	244	940	...	47	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,378	12	9,220
180	...	108	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	94	...	...	656	...	1,128
34,129	1,249	2,066	...	271	91	...	6	...	246	120	166	680	...	8,653	14	40,882
600,881	54,085	115,229	2,209	11,265	12,738	2,076	669	7	2,672	649	2,777	46,494	27,127	2,71,268	2,084	18,26,419
1,29,800	7,719	21,120	...	1,440	1,322	1,751	298	...	9,168	1,264	399	16,966	1,477	46,322	343	8,07,907
22,940	1,266	4,209	...	841	191	165	83	484	44	1,121	92	1,911	190	26,169	...	99,790
1,79,461	9,977	18,939	...	2,006	1,614	1,924	841	485	9,190	2,875	491	18,806	1,667	72,524	243	9,07,897

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS. For general purposes.	MISCELLANEOUS.												Total.		
			Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, Museums, Managements, etc.	Totals.		Interest on loans.		Discount.	Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).										
								Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.			Census charges.	Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident Fund.	Disposal of papered-off bodies.	Burial and burning ground charges.	Election charges.	Miscellaneous.		Total.	
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	47(f)	47(g)	48	49	
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Murshidabad.	PRESIDENCY DIVISION—contd.																					
	Sadar Sub-division.																					
	67	Berhampore ...	...	1,708	...	1,708	408	...	...	...	154	...	1,098	178	305	...	93	66	330	1,986	2,140
	Labagh Sub-division.																					
	68	Murshidabad ...	...	840	...	840	...	...	...	...	...	...	293	231	108	...	18	34	429	1,113	1,113
	69	Asimganj ...	...	842	...	842	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	398	88	...	164	30	328	1,075	1,075
	Kandi Sub-division.																					
	70	Kandi ...	...	939	...	939	...	...	...	...	...	...	164	37	50	...	...	34	76	361	361
	Jangipur Sub-division.																					
	71	Jangipur ...	...	752	...	752	...	...	...	...	...	...	206	440	...	...	...	...	...	949	949
72	Dhulian ...	...	527	...	527	...	...	...	...	...	...	186	41	26	...	...	35	100	328	328	
Total ...		...	5,608	...	5,608	408	...	...	...	...	154	...	2,086	1,235	475	...	275	209	1,179	5,519	5,673
Sadar Sub-division.																						
Jessore.	73	Jessore ...	...	1,331	150	1,481	98	...	2,049	...	106	...	450	108	195	...	86	43	313	1,873	3,527
	Jhaidah Sub-division.																					
	74	Kotechandpur ...	...	966	...	966	...	...	...	...	120	...	456	...	33	...	...	...	185	503	627
	Bongaon Sub-division.																					
	75	Moheshpur ...	...	504	...	504	...	...	4	...	...	...	91	...	9	...	...	...	50	159	161
Total ...		...	2,801	150	2,951	98	...	2,053	...	222	...	897	133	160	...	36	43	799	2,994	4,811	
Sadar Sub-division.																						
Khulna.	76	Khulna ...	...	1,381	60	1,341	130	...	237	...	...	...	467	193	137	...	128	15	111	1,019	1,241
	Sakthira Sub-division.																					
	77	Sakthira ...	...	418	...	418	...	...	...	...	...	...	455	6	58	...	9	...	78	599	599
	78	Dubhatta ...	...	214	...	214	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	66	...	...	...	...	41	135	135
	Total ...		...	1,913	60	1,973	130	...	237	...	...	...	1,010	324	195	...	138	15	330	1,513	2,035
DIVISIONAL TOTAL.			12,610	59,981	1,355	78,946	1,011	...	18,668	...	12,277	...	25,465	9,755	6,805	...	9,338	831	23,243	77,988	2,08,300	
Dacca DIVISION.																						
Sadar Sub-division.																						
Dacca.	79	Dacca ...	...	25,408	...	25,408	3,146	...	15,784	...	2,489	...	1,791	2,184	1,894	...	17,193	1,435	...	24,097	48,396
	Narayanganj Sub-division.																					
	80	Narayanganj ...	...	2,128	...	2,128	...	...	2,308	...	234	...	589	1,126	651	...	5,779	137	...	6,495	12,541
Total ...		...	27,536	...	27,536	3,146	...	18,092	...	2,723	...	2,380	3,310	2,545	...	22,972	1,572	...	24,544	60,937	

the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND BEST.								Tidying disbursements.	BALANCE.			GRAND TOTAL.
	Investments.		Payment to sinking fund.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.		Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.	
	In securities (other than for sinking funds).	In savings bank.			Permanent.	Other.							
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
88,375	3,923	570	4,493	102,868	890	5,079	5,919	1,08,787
26,374	50	142	...	192	26,566	...	5,465	5,465	30,031
26,502	1,292	...	1,292	27,764	...	909	909	28,673
11,088	580	15	600	11,688	...	5,945	5,945	16,633
15,300	2,908	2,908	18,208	556	...	556	18,764
6,055	60	198	258	6,223	...	968	968	7,191
1,83,704	80	5,972	3,691	9,713	198,417	1,446	17,384	18,830	2,19,247
35,178	3,800	...	2,860	71	7,451	43,629	575	1,088	1,618	45,243
14,514	100	141	241	14,755	...	1,142	1,142	15,897
5,828	148	...	600	...	748	4,376	...	631	631	5,007
54,226	3,948	...	4,280	212	8,440	59,280	575	2,811	3,386	62,666
37,210	723	...	...	1,258	2,081	39,291	137	11,868	12,005	51,296
11,824	25	14	39	11,963	...	1,489	1,489	13,452
2,200	45	45	2,245	...	62	62	2,307
51,834	723	...	25	1,418	2,166	53,900	137	12,619	13,086	67,086
24,22,722	12,092	...	602	22,344	2,689	2,82,888	46,664	4,09,329	2,42,967	73,241	7,93,101	8,66,482	37,09,449
8,22,243	30,777	180	23,907	11,084	35,968	10,22,247	20,007	96,226	1,16,233	11,64,480
7,50,144	2,469	...	2,382	2,463	15,492	1,40,576	1,042	1,995	2,967	1,43,543
12,00,402	48,245	180	26,289	14,496	89,220	11,67,422	27,049	98,211	1,25,260	12,09,682

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipality.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.					PUBLIC			
			General administration (i) Office establishment, (ii) Inspection, Honorary Magistrates establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes, including Bonded Warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than octroi).	Pensions and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.		Drainage.	
																Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Mymensingh.		DACOA DIVISION— consid.																	
		Sadar Subdivision.																	
	81	Mymensingh ...	2,033	5,194	...	...	...	...	...	8,227	...	5,583	...	1	5,584	37,455	19,287	889	2,579
	82	Muktigachia ...	781	1,031	...	...	...	...	...	1,812	...	1,380	...	6	1,386	...	14	...	249
		Jamalpur Subdivision.																	
	83	Jamalpur ...	1,225	1,568	...	...	...	...	...	2,793	...	1,759	...	1	1,760	...	162	...	481
	84	Sherpur ...	1,265	1,516	...	...	...	...	...	2,780	...	770	...	5	775	...	368	...	376
		Kishoreganj Subdivision.																	
	85	Kishoreganj ...	772	940	...	...	...	...	...	1,612	...	1,109	...	1	1,109	...	396	62	386
	86	Bajitpur ...	406	493	...	...	...	...	...	899	...	354	...	1	355	...	55	...	...
		Netrokona Subdivision.																	
	87	Netrokona ...	...	658	...	...	...	...	...	1,323	...	686	...	...	686	...	370	...	380
		Tangail Subdivision.																	
	88	Tangail ...	606	986	237	...	...	...	...	1,831	...	1,462	...	...	1,462	...	428	38	413
		Total ...	8,752	12,256	237	...	...	...	...	21,345	...	13,086	...	16	13,101	37,455	30,810	689	4,734
Faridpur.		Sadar Subdivision.																	
	89	Faridpur ...	2,138	2,340	...	...	9	...	...	4,382	...	1,264	...	6	1,270	...	1,722	...	162
		Madaripur Subdivision.																	
	90	Madaripur ...	924	1,645	...	...	...	...	...	2,569	...	3,996	...	1	3,997	1,065	...	167	...
		Total ...	3,067	3,985	...	...	9	...	...	6,951	...	5,260	...	7	5,267	1,065	1,722	167	162
Bakerganj.		Sadar Subdivision.																	
	91	Barisal ...	2,181	2,177	...	...	14	...	...	5,372	...	6,331	...	3	6,334	7,398	9,391	...	763
	92	Nalchiti ...	317	411	...	...	...	...	...	728	...	742	...	7	749	...	30	...	30
	93	Jhalakati ...	766	657	145	...	...	...	...	1,468	...	1,399	...	2	1,401	400	106	...	704
		Perojpur Subdivision.																	
	94	Perojpur ...	766	698	...	...	...	...	...	1,464	...	1,568	...	1	1,569	...	846	...	90
		Patuakhali Subdivision.																	
	95	Patuakhali ...	461	539	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	753	...	1	754	...	10,329	...	577
		Dakshinabazar Subdivision.																	
	96	Bhola ...	265	318	...	...	18	...	...	699	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35
		Total ...	4,856	5,700	145	...	30	...	...	10,731	...	10,831	...	14	10,827	7,398	30,701	...	2,308
Chittagong.		DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	31,647	38,508	282	1,154	537	...	...	70,028	...	69,166	...	224	69,390	67,966	1,14,842	4,66,891	37,302
		CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																	
		Sadar Subdivision.																	
	97	Chittagong ...	4,080	7,951	173	7	815	...	...	12,996	...	7,121	...	...	7,121	...	84,169	...	5,809
Chittagong.		Cox's Bazar Subdivision.																	
	98	Cox's Bazar ...	310	480	...	...	...	...	...	790	...	677	...	...	677	17	...	...	132
		Total ...	4,390	8,431	173	7	815	...	...	13,786	...	7,798	...	...	7,798	17	84,169	...	6,041

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including road cleaning and watering) salaries.	Charged on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter houses.	Fountains.	Dak Bungalows and arcades.	Arboreal, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Public Works.				Total.
												Establishment.	Buildings.	Gravel.	Stores.	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
24,332 4,378	8,906 ...	6,384 125	...	324 175	706 307	468 ...	307 2	...	...	380 ...	97 ...	1,831 376	95 728	6,567 776	31 6	1,15,418 7,128
8,388 8,307	1,470 987	1,800 3,177	...	332 148	1,380 638	...	...	...	9 32	8 ...	48 49	718 987	27 3	1,946 2,096	11 14	15,840 14,518
4,640 1,800	632 ...	900 560	...	180 75	16 87	...	7 ...	...	...	...	...	...	385 ...	1,071 1,084	18 ...	8,388 8,316
5,828	868	480	...	163	18	...	190	...	...	...	66	...	...	1,896	...	11,000
4,888	1,200	1,200	...	187	67	...	...	...	...	...	24	241	118	1,726	...	20,000
70,841	8,906	14,286	...	1,434	2,894	468	408	...	41	288	286	4,368	1,435	17,188	78	1,96,886
13,126	1,186	1,287	...	932	268	...	187	...	14	72	60	704	108	2,817	...	21,448
7,180	1,091	2,600	...	179	11	212	...	...	...	...	141	646	725	7,978	...	21,889
30,308	2,347	2,727	...	511	369	212	187	...	14	72	201	1,852	831	10,390	...	48,838
22,622 648 5,547	1,008 ... 776	2,000 1,170 1,600	...	198 60 22	80 23 80	...	...	...	...	60 ...	60 24 24	1,082 ...	1,800 21 422	18,081 722 1,886	72 ...	60,080 3,821 12,390
2,088	870	1,150	25	196	38	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	19	1,440	1	6,686
188	...	800	...	304	6	...	...	...	...	25	24	384	7	1,528	...	18,612
1,338	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,870
21,972	2,688	7,830	25	640	118	...	222	...	107	133	122	1,724	1,969	18,657	88	28,969
2,96,470	25,181	41,142	25	4,691	4,793	2,604	1,186	488	2,322	2,638	1,108	28,160	5,899	1,18,664	607	12,24,260
44,796	2,378	3,000	...	330	637	216	141	...	424	...	476	6,939	1,671	27,141	48	1,58,456
5,398	...	665	...	92	...	779	...	...	...	...	...	680	164	1,242	...	6,387
47,281	2,378	3,665	...	422	637	935	141	...	424	...	476	7,619	1,825	28,483	48	1,64,816

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.	MISCELLANEOUS.														
			Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, Museums, Manageries, etc.	Total.		For general purposes.	Interest on Loans.			Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).									
									Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.	Discount.		Census charges.	Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident Fund.	Disposal of pauper dead bodies.	Burial and burning ground charges.	Election charges.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total.
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	47(f)	47(g)	48	49	
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Mymensingh.		DACCA DIVISION—contd.																				
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	81	Mymensingh ...	...	2,211	...	2,211	...	...	4,453	...	952	...	717	161	472	...	442	103	466	2,348	7,748
	82	Muktagacha ...	...	270	...	270	...	...	...	...	...	...	292	67	64	...	6	42	283	714	714
		Jamalpur Subdivision.																				
	83	Jamalpur ...	...	1,007	20	1,027	120	...	...	...	...	...	302	56	120	...	524	25	284	1,331	1,331
	84	Shorpur ...	...	682	24	707	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	41	97	...	66	...	124	622	622
		Kishoreganj Subdivision.																				
	85	Kishoreganj ...	...	499	...	499	420	...	...	...	6	...	126	712	60	...	553	...	140	1,508	1,508
	86	Bajitpur ...	...	1,068	...	1,068	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	322
Faridpur.		Netrokona Subdivision.																				
	87	Netrokona ...	...	872	...	872	...	...	...	...	...	...	164	...	25	...	...	...	124	228	864
		Tangali Subdivision.																				
	88	Tangali ...	...	1,216	...	1,216	...	...	211	...	...	...	180	26	29	...	528	6	55	664	1,042
		Total ...	...	7,896	44	7,940	540	...	4,764	...	959	...	2,412	1,080	951	...	2,234	177	1,576	8,510	14,222
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	89	Faridpur ...	...	1,394	...	1,394	...	...	...	927	...	...	499	264	93	...	620	...	849	2,265	2,192
		Madaripur Subdivision.																				
	90	Madaripur ...	1,639	1,075	60	2,634	626	...	...	...	...	...	470	242	102	...	189	...	795	1,800	1,800
Bakerganj.		Total ...	1,639	2,469	60	4,228	626	...	...	927	...	...	969	607	106	...	809	...	1,444	4,922	4,922
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	91	Barisal ...	...	1,712	24	1,736	25	...	1,220	...	662	...	440	162	202	...	809	...	228	1,421	2,225
	92	Nalchiti ...	...	168	...	168	...	...	...	...	475	...	29	...	16	...	17	...	50	121	606
	93	Jhalakati ...	709	262	...	971	...	...	...	...	100	...	122	24	81	...	4	...	224	466	556
		Perajpur Subdivision.																				
	94	Perajpur ...	...	682	24	706	458	...	...	...	...	...	222	46	56	...	717	10	122	1,277	1,277
		Patuakhali Subdivision.																				
	95	Patuakhali ...	276	422	...	698	...	...	...	...	72	...	51	15	40	...	4	...	69	779	222
		Dakshinshabbar Subdivision.																				
Chittagong.	96	Bhola ...	84	...	...	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,069	2,246	48	4,363	478	...	1,229	...	1,212	...	926	227	487	...	1,087	10	742	2,464	2,016	
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	2,768	42,074	152	44,994	4,794	...	27,862	927	2,062	...	6,972	2,196	2,679	...	27,026	1,726	4,427	40,122	28,722	
		CHITTAGONG DIVISION																				
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	97	Chittagong ...	18,046	6,284	240	24,570	120	1,867	2,085	...	66	...	50	460	879	...	460	451	7,271	2,907	14,624	
		Cox's Bazar Subdivision.																				
	98	Cox's Bazar ...	...	987	...	987	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	24	...	...	...	126	229	259
		Total ...	18,046	7,271	240	25,557	120	1,867	2,085	...	66	...	229	460	912	...	460	451	7,297	3,136	14,883	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—contd.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total disbursements.	BALANCE.			Grand total.
	Investments.		Payment to sinking fund.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.		Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.	
	In securities (other than for sinking funds).	In savings bank. @			Permanent.	Other.							
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,39,188	2,670	...	33,340	2,120	37,130	1,66,318	368	28,844	299,119	1,96,330
17,330	1,320	69	1,299	12,629	768	1,086	1,844	14,478
22,881	191	2,733	2,924	25,785	348	2,315	2,663	28,448
18,481	38	38	19,439	...	541	841	19,980
13,484	79	480	559	14,043	...	611	611	14,654
8,829	46	...	46	5,874	...	306	306	6,080
18,233	160	...	160	15,393	386	345	6,151	31,544
18,031	425	...	...	289	714	16,745	393	489	874	17,619
2,43,357	3,095	...	34,046	5,729	32,869	2,76,326	2,183	59,930	43,109	2,18,335
31,741	40	2,220	1,469	3,729	35,470	74	4,715	4,789	40,359
33,718	542	542	34,380	...	3,751	3,751	38,011
68,459	40	2,220	2,011	4,271	69,730	74	5,466	5,540	75,270
78,892	2,280	...	600	1,237	4,010	80,906	5,624	1,336	7,460	88,369
4,712	21	27	4,793	...	1,898	1,898	6,691
18,586	440	100	541	17,326	...	1,847	1,847	19,073
12,165	12,165	...	594	594	12,759
18,516	18,516	...	18,153	18,153	36,669
2,322	516	...	...	...	516	2,889	...	841	841	3,710
1,20,384	2,796	...	940	1,338	5,094	1,24,478	5,624	26,169	26,792	1,60,271
14,28,688	54,266	220	63,494	38,094	1,41,564	18,48,257	44,929	1,72,866	2,11,795	18,60,052
3,17,000	5,995	200	30,492	7,311	33,898	3,61,796	13,310	1,373	14,683	3,66,381
9,839	50	870	...	620	9,870	...	1,285	1,285	10,955
2,28,259	5,985	250	31,043	7,311	34,519	3,61,468	13,310	2,668	15,978	3,77,336

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.							PUBLIC			
			General administration, office establishment, inspection, Honorary Magistrate's establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money-boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.).	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than control).	Pensions and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to outposts).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Tipperrah	90	CHITTAGONG DIVISION— concd. Sadar Subdivision.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
	100	Capilla ... Brahmanbaria Subdivision.	2,050	2,546	26	...	4,421	...	3,083	...	47	3,199	3,366	750	...	1,994		
	101	Brahmanbaria ... Chandpur Subdivision.	775	1,123	36	...	1,933	...	1,382	1,382	...	104	...	436		
	101	Chandpur ... Chandpur Subdivision.	1,785	933	...	176	47	2,921	...	2,921	...	10	2,940	...	4,739	...	896		
		Total ... Sadar Subdivision.	4,590	4,401	...	176	47	61	...	9,276	...	6,986	...	60	7,114	3,366	5,893	...	3,326		
Noakhali	102	Noakhali ... DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	749	771	1,650	...	1,363	...	8	1,371	1,937	169	...	333		
		RAJSHAHI DIVISION.	9,699	18,603	173	...	862	61	...	24,581	...	16,117	...	74	16,263	5,330	69,084	...	9,699		
Rajshahi	103	Rampur Boalia ... Sadar Subdivision.	2,036	5,275	7,831	...	2	2,747	...	16	2,764	97	860	923		
	104	Nator ... Nator Subdivision.	1,013	1,169	2,172	...	2,137	...	16	2,148	...	6,379	...	313		
		Total ... Sadar Subdivision.	3,069	6,434	9,903	...	2	5,874	...	31	6,907	97	6,639	923		
Dinajpur	105	Dinajpur ... Sadar Subdivision.	1,875	3,005	4,880	...	4	4,642	...	17	4,663	...	494	1,017		
	106	Jalpaiguri ... Sadar Subdivision.	1,786	2,707	...	241	4,784	...	5,807	...	125	3,983	...	286	...	973		
Rangpur	107	Rangpur ... Sadar Subdivision.	1,900	4,084	...	10	5	50	...	6,009	...	4,235	...	1	4,236	...	821	363	5,307		
	108	Bogra ... Sadar Subdivision.	1,840	2,138	...	240	54	864	...	4,642	...	4,281	...	1	4,282	...	510	...	393		
Bogra	109	Sherpur ... Sadar Subdivision.	577	894	1,471	...	1,351	1,351	...	169	...	59		
		Total ... Sadar Subdivision.	2,499	3,082	...	240	54	864	...	6,113	...	5,632	...	2	5,634	...	679	...	391		
Fakirhat	110	Fakirhat ... Sadar Subdivision.	875	2,873	3,447	...	14	2,901	2,965	...	1,798	...		
	111	Serajganj ... Sadar Subdivision.	1,107	2,003	3,110	...	1,760	...	10	1,770	...	48	...	13		
Maidan	112	English Bazar ... Sadar Subdivision.	1,221	1,097	2,318	...	1,533	...	12	1,545	3,309		
	113	Old Maidan ... Sadar Subdivision.	399	370	...	33	790	...	717	...	19	735	...	180	...	18		
Darjeeling	114	Nawabganj ... Sadar Subdivision.	895	1,087	1											

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—concluded.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conveyance (including road cleaning and watering) charges.	Charges on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Dak bungalows and serais.	Arboriculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Public works.				Total.
												Establishments.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
17,877	715	2,808	...	158	52	11	123	...	...	2	58	618	857	7,549	...	36,818
6,867	930	1,020	...	171	132	...	350	...	8	...	178	416	2,040	2,945	...	16,167
19,312	835	5,352	...	183	545	...	...	...	...	80	62	1,030	263	10,500	12	43,779
44,046	2,480	9,780	...	512	729	11	473	...	8	32	288	2,064	3,170	20,091	12	96,784
8,858	835	1,500	...	148	267	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	...	823	...	14,893
1,00,192	5,998	14,935	...	1,082	1,523	1,006	614	...	432	182	774	...	...	60,000	60	2,76,411
24,338	3,153	4,700	...	320	94	529	145	...	164	...	...	1,003	142	8,120	26	45,445
8,193	1,016	1,080	...	174	232	...	...	...	...	...	24	571	...	2,149	...	19,922
32,801	4,198	5,780	...	484	346	529	145	...	164	...	24	1,574	142	8,369	26	66,867
25,963	...	4,280	...	273	285	...	48	...	328	225	...	788	29	10,884	...	44,980
8,967	1,182	2,496	...	270	109	238	6	...	...	...	...	60	1,088	2,845	87	28,609
21,889	1,893	3,600	...	330	596	...	182	56	238	62	39	388	404	6,780	5	42,490
15,202	882	3,291	...	233	94	...	25	...	960	39	64	2,320	26	1,967	...	24,965
4,270	...	1,111	...	185	153	...	8	...	11	...	32	341	86	389	27	6,959
19,672	242	3,872	87	418	247	...	31	...	671	39	106	2,671	172	2,846	27	31,914
12,053	860	2,620	...	144	77	96	2	...	...	...	216	681	...	3,032	7	21,842
10,591	900	3,631	...	198	17	4	...	...	293	...	192	206	...	6,982	19	32,972
23,646	1,750	6,951	...	342	94	100	2	...	293	...	408	880	...	9,914	26	44,814
8,830	790	2,525	...	203	177	1,265	...	...	...	...	...	597	...	790	84	17,260
1,092	...	560	...	41	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,063	...	2,923
2,508	467	1,830	...	181	1	...	11	...	...	...	60	260	...	940	...	6,393
12,914	1,347	4,865	...	425	219	1,205	11	...	...	...	60	947	23	2,583	84	26,678
65,662	6,672	29,569	...	732	6,067	12,648	...	...	525	...	18	23,297	2,48,021	16,618	81	4,28,888
79,902	86	4,300	...	332	810	135	...	...	10	...	60	120	...	258	237	1,31,012
1,45,885	6,728	35,869	...	1,064	6,667	12,778	...	...	525	...	78	23,417	2,43,081	16,776	338	5,70,900
2,98,918	17,870	64,488	87	3,616	8,663	16,810	396	56	2,829	356	718	30,734	2,44,899	60,097	692	8,54,610
20,08,490	1,42,732	3,20,631	6,623	29,506	41,803	29,200	2,644	75	7,366	6,660	10,889	1,54,631	2,86,613	6,23,230	4,366	57,72,077
19,16,637	1,39,418	2,92,382	4,724	28,923	36,909	21,442	2,238	70	7,221	8,982	11,657	1,62,816	1,16,985	5,85,714	5,593	43,89,536

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTION.	MISCELLANEOUS.														
			Schools and colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, Museums, Menageries, etc.	Total.		For general purposes.	Interest on Loans.				Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).									
									Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.	Discount.	Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Census charges.	Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provisional Fund.	Disposal of pauper dead bodies.	Burial and burning grounds charges.	Election charges.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total.
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	47(f)	47(g)	48	49	
Tippera		CHITTAGONG DIVISION— concd.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	99	Sadar Subdivision.																				
		Comilla ...	1,965	180	97	2,242	...	...	...	...	...	...	747	201	107	...	94	...	813	1,962	1,962
	100	Brahmanbaria Subdivision.	...	1,496	...	1,496	...	...	308	...	...	...	420	159	100	...	456	...	486	1,661	1,660
	101	Chandpur Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali		Chandpur ...	2,074	...	...	2,074	25	414	...	...	...	...	335	1,543	168	...	145	...	923	2,110	2,524
		Total ...	4,039	1,476	97	5,612	25	414	308	...	...	...	1,600	1,903	373	...	725	...	2,372	6,728	7,445
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	102	Noakhali ...	1,151	80	50	1,281	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	...	78	...	400	20	112	639	639
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	22,227	2,537	1,264	22,510	145	2,301	3,393	...	65	...	1,770	2,363	1,362	...	1,581	501	2,741	17,318	23,077	
Rajshahi.		RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																				
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	103	Rampur Baulia Subdivision.	2,145	792	120	2,057	...	...	...	...	...	299	673	308	470	406	40	...	...	2,196	2,196
	104	Nator Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nator ...	180	814	60	1,054	...	...	...	...	1	851	44	107	167	231	4	8	...	913	914
Dinajpur		Total ...	2,325	1,606	180	4,111	...	...	...	...	1	653	717	415	637	637	44	8	...	3,100	3,110
		Sadar Subdivision.																				
	105	Dinajpur ...	7,668	1,029	31	8,737	240	...	171	...	838	743	115	235	330	81	3	171	...	1,676	2,683	
		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	106	Jalpaiguri Subdivision.	1,869	...	55	1,724	...	...	170	...	...	197	164	275	263	...	...	...	...	902	1,072
Bangpur		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	107	Bangpur ...	1,837	...	220	2,057	150	...	...	...	75	315	1,082	123	126	91	1	7	...	1,654	1,729
		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	108	Bogra ...	3,244	1,595	195	5,034	100	...	...	...	75	675	...	641	...	...	...	...	...	1,835	1,910
	109	Bherpur ...	414	342	60	816	...	...	80	...	...	310	21	74	...	...	...	...	...	914	971
Pabna		Total ...	3,658	1,937	255	5,850	100	...	80	...	75	891	21	715	...	181	...	941	...	2,749	2,884	
		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	110	Pabna ...	927	1,350	15	2,292	...	...	600	...	...	609	269	128	480	...	92	...	...	1,677	2,277
		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	111	Beraigauj ...	...	1,517	50	1,567	...	80	...	...	...	554	844	50	1,267	244	...	...	...	2,009	3,079
Maidha		Total ...	927	2,867	65	3,859	...	80	600	...	...	1,268	1,115	188	1,756	244	92	...	...	4,676	5,356
		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	112	English Bazar ...	...	914	...	914	...	...	...	...	...	204	65	101	131	...	11	...	...	572	572
	113	Old Maidha ...	639	...	...	639	...	...	...	...	4	56	19	30	197	...	...	...	...	823	826
	114	Nawabganj ...	...	849	56	978	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	17	63	81	...	...	...	...	161	161
Dacca Div.		Total ...	639	1,798	96	2,531	1,000	...	...	...	4	360	101	184	409	...	11	...	...	1,556	1,656
		Sadar Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	115	Dacca ...	24,63	4,769	180	29,586	1,000	...	30,386	...	489	2,739	1,531	5,358	2,395	...	...	49	...	13,192	43,997
		Kurseong Subdivision.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	116	Kurseong ...	540	1,162	1,221	2,721	...	...	2,850	...	...	901	2	512	854	288	...	...	...	2,157	4,507
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			25,177	5,931	1,201	32,307	1,000	...	32,736	...	489	4,240	1,533	5,870	3,249	288	...	49	...	15,349	48,504	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1921-22			1,48,268	1,80,176	8,089	2,36,537	9,922	2,637	1,64,183	927	31,983	10,737	55,470	41,178	41,935	6,168	42,332	11,230	20,240	2,76,175	4,68,906	
DITTO FOR 1920-21			1,15,375	1,02,363	6,196	2,23,934	7,783	2,343	1,02,740	...	24,297	23,294	39,146	30,310	2,105	25,971	1,351	24,297	...	2,57,024	4,38,953	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1922—concluded.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total disbursements.	BALANCE.				Grand total.
	Investments.		Payment to sinking fund.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.		Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.		
	In securities (other than for sinking fund).	In Savings Bank.			Permanent.	Other.								
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
48,635	50	1,170	370	1,590	50,225	...	11,630	11,630	61,855	
22,957	912	...	470	...	1,382	24,339	...	10,675	10,675	35,014	
54,883	689	50	7,698	736	9,343	64,226	2,918	11,836	14,754	78,980	
1,28,455	1,601	100	9,528	1,106	12,335	1,38,790	2,918	24,111	37,059	1,78,849	
19,884	50	1,135	2,317	23,186	651	212	853	24,0	34,0	
3,73,089	7,596	400	31,725	10,634	50,363	4,23,444	...	37,011	52,790	4,73,234	
61,793	2,335	...	2,335	64,128	...	4,987	4,987	69,115	
26,208	759	...	759	26,964	...	4,327	4,327	31,291	
87,998	3,094	...	3,094	91,092	...	9,314	9,314	1,00,406	
65,463	959	...	5,460	...	6,829	72,292	3,709	6,997	10,706	82,998	
40,151	1,003	...	...	...	1,003	41,154	2,223	8,349	10,572	51,726	
56,671	50	2,440	257	2,747	59,418	4,059	12,118	16,177	75,595	
40,823	4,393	4,393	45,316	...	11,271	11,271	56,587	
11,572	11,736	...	2,071	2,071	13,807	
52,495	4,393	4,557	57,052	...	12,342	12,342	70,394	
32,823	90,000	...	270	...	90,270	53,093	...	2,140	2,140	55,233	
32,498	285	...	452	501	1,241	33,739	1,458	612	2,068	35,807	
68,321	20,285	...	722	594	21,611	86,835	1,458	2,752	4,204	91,040	
23,609	1,705	1,568	3,273	26,842	545	779	1,374	27,216	
5,418	79	...	79	5,415	55	1,049	1,144	6,563	
10,842	11,021	480	17,638	18,028	29,104	
38,869	1,784	1,568	3,352	42,321	1,100	19,601	20,601	62,922	
6,18,788	61,929	...	82,999	36,504	1,71,031	7,87,810	10,774	1,99,181	2,09,955	9,97,774	
1,46,881	2,223	...	7,882	637	10,942	1,57,623	...	11,096	11,096	1,68,719	
7,83,488	53,781	...	90,881	37,331	1,81,973	9,45,442	10,774	2,10,267	2,31,041	11,66,483	
11,70,537	76,102	50	1,04,881	41,053	2,25,096	13,96,603	23,221	2,62,640	3,06,961	17,01,564	
78,88,784	48,978	2,08,209	603	8,41,887	3,979	6,46,916	1,93,936	14,36,387	92,95,041	2,22,947	19,66,576	21,84,523	1,14,79,544	
82,77,370	318	2,33,740	...	8,18,373	1,385	8,70,148	2,32,998	11,45,866	74,36,296	2,70,460	20,46,903	23,17,363	97,48,663	

Vital Statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 10th February 1923.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1921.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.													Total of all causes.		Total of corrected deaths of the previous year.											
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-borns).	Still-born registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Deaths from child-birth.	(Other causes).	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.			
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	617,660	280,261	907,921	267	20	30	10	...	22	6	1	...	8	30	37	14	13	70	13	74	4	188	310	319	629	329	249	578	...	...	...
Burdwan	2	Amraol Mining Settlement.	176,814	152,339	329,153	189	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	3	...	...	9	...	13	3	...	66	63	56	119	55	47	102	...	...	...
Howrah	3	Howrah	126,472	66,229	192,701	101	6	4	...	...	7	4	2	...	...	15	4	10	...	7	1	17	3	...	22	58	40	98	80	78	156	...	...	...
Dacca	4	Dacca	67,333	52,117	119,450	65	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	19	4	2	...	3	...	2	2	...	15	26	23	49	21	37	68	...	...	...
24 Parganas	5	Manikgala	40,396	26,376	67,372	18	1	1	3	...	7	...	...	...	...	3	1	5	1	6	2	...	...	...	13	23	20	43	26	20	46	...	...	...
	6	Bhatpara	44,723	19,866	64,589	17	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	2	8	10	6	6	12	...	...	...
	7	Quamrur-Chitpur.	34,239	20,165	54,404	28	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	...	3	8	5	13	9	7	16	...	...	...
	8	Titagarh	26,033	13,918	39,951	20	3	3	5	4	1	...	1	2	11	8	19	9	13	31

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 24th February 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 2101A.—The 1st March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Reginald Hugh Lloyd Langford James of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 2104A.—The 1st March 1923.—A vacancy having occurred in the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation by Mr. R. H. L. Langford James, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 24 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the Indian Jute Mills Association constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 14th April 1923.

No. 2190A.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24(2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Frederick Wynne Robertson, I.C.S., to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 2191A.—The 3rd March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Francis Cooper French, C.S.I., I.C.S., of his office as member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 2219A.—The 5th March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. George Alexander Eason of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 2222A.—The 5th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. George Goodair Dey to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 2283A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—*No. 1947.—The 26th February 1923.*—Mr. A. G. R. Henderson, I.C.S., officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore, is appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge, Midnapore, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. M. Yusuf, I.C.S., or until further orders.

Burdwan.
Midnapore.—*No. 1950A.—The 26th February 1923.*—Mr. Amrita Lal Mukharji, Subordinate Judge, and Assistant Sessions Judge, Midnapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore.

Dacca.
Bakarganj.—*No. 2015A.—The 28th February 1923.*—Babu Dharendra Kumar Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is transferred to the Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district.

Mymensingh.
Bakarganj.—*No. 2061A.—The 1st March 1923.*—Mr. Iradatulla, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Mymensingh, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Bakarganj.

Bankura.—*No. 2122A.—The 2nd March 1923.*—Babu Brajabandhu Bhaumik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bankura district.

Jalpaiguri.
Faridpur.—*No. 2201A.—The 5th March 1923.*—Babu Banku Behari Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, is transferred to the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district.

Hooghly.
Calcutta.—**POLICE.**—*No. 2001A.—The 27th February 1923.*—Mr. J. E. Spencer, officiating Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, is transferred to the Intelligence Branch, Bengal Police.

Midnapore.
Hooghly.—*No. 2003A.—The 27th February 1923.*—Mr. J. R. Phillips, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Superintendent of Police, Hooghly.

Khulna.
Midnapore.—*No. 2005A.—The 27th February 1923.*—Babu Nikhil Chandra Basu, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Khulna, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, and, under the provisions of section 1 of Act V of 1861, to perform the duties of a Superintendent of Police in that district.

Dacca.
Calcutta.—*No. 2007A.—The 27th February 1923.*—Mr. C. J. Leonard, Superintendent of the River Police, Narayanganj, Dacca, is appointed to be an Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Dacca.—*No. 2009A.—The 27th February 1923.*—Mr. W. A. Davies, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Dacca City, is appointed to act temporarily as Superintendent of the River Police, Narayanganj, Dacca.

Howrah.—**ECOLESIASTICAL.**—*No. 2176A.—The 2nd March 1923.*—The licences granted to the Reverend B. Evans of the Baptist Mission, Howrah, under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, XV of 1872, are hereby revoked.

CONFIRMATION.

POLICE.—*No. 1965A.—The 26th February 1923.*—Babu Jyotirindra Nath Nandi, Deputy Superintendent of Police, on probation, is confirmed in his appointment with effect from the 2nd February 1923.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1941A.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Sharat Chandra Lahiri, No. 11, Sub-Deputy Collector and Chaukidari Circle Officer, Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 25th January 1923.

No. 1945A.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. Mohammad Yusuf, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (including a period of two months and nine days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923.

No. 1953A.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector and Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Dacca Division, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty-seven days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 21st February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1956A.—The 26th February 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Latif Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for twenty-nine days, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 1st December 1922.

No. 1974A.—The 27th February 1923.—Babu Nirmal Kumar Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 27th November 1922.

No. 1992A.—The 27th February 1923.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatterji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 18th December 1922.

No. 2012A.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Nalini Kanyo, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for three days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 27th November 1922.

No. 2017A.—The 28th February 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Sub-Deputy Collector, Pirojpur, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for six months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the note thereunder, with effect from the 19th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2022A.—The 28th February 1923.—Mr. D. McPherson, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for seven months (including a period of four months and eleven days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2025A.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Phanindra Nath Chatterji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, is allowed leave on average pay from the 27th May to the 11th June 1922 (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 2046A.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Radhika Mohan Basak, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Rajshahi, is allowed leave for four months, viz., leave on average pay for one month and eleven days or the amount due on the date of relief, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 21st February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 2125A.—The 2nd March 1923.—Mr. J. D. Tyson, I.C.S., is allowed leave on average pay for one day (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 2nd August 1922.

No. 2179A.—The 2nd March 1923.—Mr. M. H. B. Lethbridge, I.C.S., officiating District and Sessions Judge, Rajshahi and Malda, is allowed leave on average pay from the 15th March 1923 to the 13th October 1923 (including a period of two months and seven days on account of privilege leave) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 2204A.—The 5th March 1923.—Maulvi Lehazuddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Madaripur, Faridpur, is allowed leave for four months, viz., leave on average pay for one month and four days or the amount due on the date of relief (of which one day is on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1959A.—The 26th February 1923.—The Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, is appointed to be a member of the Central Examination Committee, Calcutta.

No. 2107A.—The 1st March 1923.—With reference to notification No. 2104A., dated the 1st March 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 21st March 1923 as the date by which nomination papers of candidates for election by the Indian Jute Mills Association constituency shall reach the Returning Officer.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2394P.—The 5th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of issue No. 2, volume I of a newspaper in English entitled the "Indian Independence", dated 1st February 1923, printed at Berlin and commencing with the words "Swaraj left undefined" and ending with the words "and the beginning of a new war in the East" and all other documents containing extracts therefrom on the ground that the said newspaper contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2284A.

POWERS.

No. 1903A.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. C. A. Tegart, C.I.E., M.V.O., Superintendent of Police, on deputation, who has, under the orders of this date, been appointed to act as Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is appointed, under the provisions of section 23 of Act V of 1898, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the town of Calcutta.

No. 1939A.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Ashutosh Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and is directed, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2031A.—The 28th February 1923.—The officers, named below, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class—

Babu Pramod Kumar Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Howrah.
Babu Shankar Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate, Howrah.

No. 2049A.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Braja Nath Ray, Deputy Magistrate, Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

No. 2115A.—The 1st March 1923.—Maulvi Quazi Shafiuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and is directed, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take down evidence in the English language.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1245J.—The 27th February 1923.—Babu Kumud Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge, on leave, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Dinajpur and *ex officio* Subordinate Judge of Jalpaiguri.

No. 1297J.—The 1st March 1923.—Babu Santosh Kumar Mitra, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Nadia, to be ordinarily stationed at Meherpur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bama Charan Chakrabatti or until further orders.

No. 1299J.—The 1st March 1923.—Lala Jogesh Chandra, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Pirojpur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Mahendra Nath Mukhati or until further orders.

No. 1340J.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Purna Chandra Chatarji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Hooghly, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Serampore bench in the said district and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1345J.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Bhagaban Chandra Roy, Babu Mon Mohan Ray Chaudhury and Maulvi Fazle Ali Khan, members of the Nabinagar union board, in the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the district of Tippera, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Radha Charan Roy, Babu Bhuban Mohan Bhattacharji and Maulvi Abdus Sobhan, resigned.

No. 1346J.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Bhagaban Chandra Roy, Babu Mon Mohan Roy Chaudhury and Maulvi Fazle Ali Khan, members of the Nabinagar union board, in the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the district of Tippera, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Radha Charan Roy, Babu Bhuban Mohan Bhattacharji and Maulvi Abdus Sobhan, resigned.

No. 1347J.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Khetra Nath Datta, a member of the Kalikatcha union board, in the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the district of Tippera, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Siva Das Nundy, resigned.

No. 1348J.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Khetra Nath Datta, a member of the Kalikoteha union board, in the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the district of Tippera, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Siva Das Nandy, resigned.

Tippera.

LEAVE.

No. 1275J.—The 20th February 1923.—Babu Jagat Nath Basu Ray, munsif of Satkhira, in the district of, Khulna, now employed at the Sadar station, is allowed leave on average pay on medical certificate as prescribed in the Local Government's ruling on article 74 (a) (i) and (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for two months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of those rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

Khulna.

No. 1276J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Mahendra Nath Mukhati, munsif of Pirojpur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on half average pay for two weeks, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th February 1923.

Bakarganj.

No. 1277J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Binay Bhushan Sen, munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 3rd to the 12th February 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 16th September 1922.

Bakarganj.

No. 1278J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Bama Charan Chakrabatti, munsif of Meherpur, in the district of Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-seven days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 12th February 1923.

Nadia.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 551M.—The 26th February 1923.—In pursuance of section 49, sub-section (1) of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 of that Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to sanction the street scheme known as scheme No. XVIII A (Chatawala Gullee to Eden Hospital Road) in Ward No. VIII of the Calcutta Municipality which has been submitted to them by the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta under section 47 of the said Act.

Calcutta.

2. A description of the scheme is given as follows:—

The scheme is part of the proposed public street No. V (Bowbazar Parallel) and is a continuation of scheme No. XVII already sanctioned by Government. It provides for the construction of a 40 feet wide road from Chatawala Gullee to Eden Hospital Road and widening of Phear Lane to 35 feet and Hide Lane to 40 feet and also other cross roads. It also provides for the construction of a portion of the main 60 feet wide road between Central Avenue and Hide Lane.

The scheme provides for the acquisition of the whole of the land within the blue verge on the plan of the scheme. The land will be relaid in building plots as shown on the plan.

It is proposed to reserve the large building plots formed out of Nos. 23 and 15, Chatawala Gullee, for rehousing the Chinese and others who are displaced by these operations, if found necessary. If any plot is formed out of land in one ownership the owner will have the option of exempting it from acquisition under section 78.

It is also the intention of the Board of Trustees to arrange that where a plot is formed principally out of land in one ownership, such owner will have the opportunity of acquiring or retaining the new plot.

The following figures relate to the particulars to the scheme :—

			Cottahs.	Acres.
(1) Total area of the scheme	...	...	615	10.16
(2) Total area within the limits of acquisition	...	...	563	9.32
(3) Total area of existing roads within the scheme	...	...	72	1.20
(4) Total area of new widened and existing roads within the scheme.	...	...	204	3.79
(5) Area of lands thrown into the roadway	...	...	105	1.73
(6) Area of existing roads included in surplus lands	...	...	7	0.11
(7) Area of surplus lands	...	...	359	5.94
(8) Length of new roads:—				
(1) 60 ft. roads	...	...	161 yards.	
(2) 40 ft. „	...	...	534 „	
(3) 35 ft. „	...	...	97 „	

Total of all new roads ... 792 „ = 0.45 miles.

The existing roads within the limits of acquisition comprise 11.17 per cent. of area. The total road area within the same limits after the improvement will amount to 36.31 per cent.

The estimated cost of land and engineering works is as follows :—

Land—Gross	...	...	...	35½ lakhs.
Recovery	...	...	...	33 „
Net	...	...	...	2 „

The preliminary estimate for engineering works is Rs. 2½ lakhs.

3. The area covered by the scheme is bounded as follows :—

North—From a point on the eastern boundary of No. 34-1, Chatawala Gullee about 30 feet north from the south-eastern corner of the said premises eastwards across Chatawala Gullee along the southern boundary of the remainder of No. 23, Chatawala Gullee, along the northern boundary of Nos. 22, 22-1, Chatawala Gullee across Chatawala Gullee along the southern boundary of the remainder of No. 15-1, Chatawala Gullee along the southern boundary of No. 22, Blackburn Lane. Thence eastwards across Blackburn Lane along the southern boundary of premises Nos. 23, 24, 25, 25-1, Blackburn Lane, across Blackburn Lane along the south boundary of Nos. 9-1, 8A, 8-1A, 8-2A, Blackburn Lane. Thence along the south and eastern boundary of No. 7, Blackburn Lane; thence along the northern boundary of No. 6, Blackburn Lane, across Hide Lane. Thence along the western boundary of No. 4, Hide Lane. Thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of Nos. 4, 5, 6, Hide Lane. Thence along the northern and a portion of eastern boundary of No. 80, Phear Lane. Thence across Phear Lane eastwards in a line to the north-east corner of No. 63-3, Eden Hospital Road.

East—From this point southwards along the eastern boundary of Nos. 61-3 and 61, Eden Hospital Road, to a point on Eden Hospital Road, thence eastwards along the northern edge of Eden Hospital Road to a point opposite the north-eastern corner of No. 8, Eden Hospital Road, thence along the eastern boundary of No. 8, Eden Hospital Road, thence along the southern boundary of Nos. 6 and 8, Eden Hospital Road, thence along the western boundary of No. 7, Eden Hospital Road to its south-western corner.

South—From this point westwards along the southern boundary of Nos. 4 and 5, Eden Hospital Road, thence along the southern boundary of premises Nos. 19, 18 and 16, Phear Lane, thence along the western boundary of No. 16, Phear Lane, to a point on Phear Lane. Thence westwards along the southern edge of Phear Lane to a point opposite south-western corner of No. 35, Blackburn Lane, thence northwards across Phear Lane along the western boundary of Nos. 33, 34 and 35, Blackburn Lane, thence westwards in a straight line to the south-eastern corner of No. 14, Chatawala Gullee. Thence westwards along the south boundary of No. 14, Chatawala Gullee and along the southern edges of Chatawala Gullee along the northern boundary of Nos. 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8 and 7, Chatawala Gullee, to a point opposite the south-eastern corner of No. 35, Chatawala Gullee.

West—From this point northwards across Chatawala Gullee along the western edge of Chatawala Gullee to the point from which it started.

4. A list of municipal holdings to be acquired is annexed herewith.
 5. The plan of the proposed layout of the scheme may be inspected at the office of the Calcutta Improvement Trust, No. 5, Clive Street, Calcutta.

List of holdings to be acquired.

Name of street.	Number of municipal holdings.
Chatawala Gullee ...	14-1, 14-3, 15, 15-1 (portion), 15-2, 23 (portion), 23-1, 24, 25, 29, 32, 32-1.
Blackburn Lane ...	1, 1-1, 1-2, 2, 3, 3-1, 4, 5, 6, 6-1, 9, 26, 26-1, 26-2, 27, 28, 28-1, 29, 30, 31A, 31-1A, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36.
Peter Lane ...	4, 5, 6.
Phear Lane ...	16, 17, 19, 20, 20-1, 20-2, 21, 22, 23, 23-1A, 23-2, 24, 25, 80, 80-1, 81, 81-1, 81-1-1, 81-1-2, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 87-1, 87-2, 88, 89-1, 90.
Sagore Dutt Lane ...	4-3-1A.
Eden Hospital Road ...	2, 6, 61, 61-3.

excluding the temple at No. 23-1, Phear Lane, and the mosque at No. 82, Phear Lane.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 667M.—The 1st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. W. T. MacEvan to be a Commissioner of the Garulia Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. R. B. Laird, resigned.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 669M.—The 1st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. C. O. Manuel to be a Commissioner of the Budge-Budge Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. P. G. Holmes, resigned.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 673M.—The 1st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section, 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884) the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Katwa Municipality in the district of Burdwan, under section 23 of that Act, electing Babu Manmatha Nath Chatarji to be Chairman of that municipality.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 704M.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Babu Pranbandhu Chakravarti to be a Commissioner of the Kumarkhali Municipality in the district of Nadia, *vice* Babu Dwarka Nath Pramanik, deceased.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 719M.—The 5th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (4) of section 241 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and at the request of the Commissioners of the Dacca Municipality made at a meeting, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend section 241 of the said Act to the said municipality.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 540Medl.—The 28th February 1923.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. Leventon, I.M.S., Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Sealdah, is allowed leave for two years, three months and twelve days, *viz.*, leave on average pay for five months and twenty-six days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st March 1923, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 542 Medl.—The 28th February 1923.—Major W. L. Harnett, I.M.S., First Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Sealdah, during the absence, on leave, of Lieutenant-Colonel A. Leventon, I.M.S., or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 576 Medl.—The 1st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by article 3 of the statutes of the Bengal State Medical Faculty, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of the Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Dr. Mrigendra Lal Mitra, F.R.C.S., (Edin.), to be a member of the Governing Body of the said Faculty, *vice* Lt.-Col. R. P. Wilson, I.M.S.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 578 Medl.—The 1st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by article 3 of the statutes of the State Medical Faculty, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Dr. Bamandas Mookerjee, I.M.S. (Cal.), to be a member of the Governing Body of the said Faculty, *vice* Dr. S. K. Mallik, C.B.E., M.D.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 583 Medl.—The 1st March 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following modification in the rules for the management, admission and training of students in the Government Medical Schools in Bengal, published under this Department notification No. 1716 Medl., dated the 30th June 1921, as subsequently amended:—

Insert the words "of this Presidency" *after* the words "woman students" in line 2 of rule 30 of the rules.

W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal. (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 382 P.H.—The 2nd March 1923.—The following draft of additional by-laws which have been framed by the Commissioners of the Howrah Municipality under section 350 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to confirm under section 351 of the Act, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st May 1923, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft by-laws.

(1) No owner, occupier of any house, land, or premises in or upon which any privy or urinal may be situated, shall allow night-soil, urine or filth of any kind to flow or to discharge from such privy or urinal into any tank, hollow or excavation.

Penalty for infringement:—

A fine not exceeding Rs. 20. Daily fine of Rs. 10.

(2) No person shall throw, deposit or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy or cess-pool into any tank, hollow, or excavation, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement:—

A fine not exceeding Rs. 20. Daily fine of Rs. 10.

S. W. GOODE.

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 3058, dated Calcutta, the 24th February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Bankir Behari Roy is appointed House Physician, Second Physician's Ward, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 20th February 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Ganesh Chandra Sarkar.

No. 3060, dated Calcutta, the 24th February 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Haris Chandra Sen is appointed temporarily Emergency Officer, Medical College Hospital Calcutta, with effect from the 20th February 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Bankim Beha. Roy.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 701Edn.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Gopi Bhusan Sen, Professor, Hooghly College, was allowed leave on average pay for thirty-five days (on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit with effect from the 9th January 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Hooghly.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 702Edn.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Subimal Chandra Ghosal, officiating Demonstrator in Chemistry, Hooghly College, was appointed ~~acting~~ the Bengal Educational Service as a Professor in the same College, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Gopi Bhusan Sen.

Hooghly.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 719Edn.—The 1st March 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to order that the Governing Body of the Hooghly Madrasah, sanctioned in this department notification No. 1823Edn., dated the 29th August 1922, for the academic year 1922-23, should continue till December 1923.

Hooghly.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 755Edn.—The 2nd March 1923.—Miss Saralabala Rakshit, assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as second mistress of that school with effect from the date on which she takes over charge, *vice* Miss R. B. Verulker, on deputation, or until further orders.

Dacca.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 770Edn.—The 5th March 1923.—Miss Kamini Bose, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Zenana Work and Muhammadan Education, Presidency and Burdwan Divns., was allowed leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, on medical certificate.

Presidency
Burdwan Divns.

and

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 771Edn.—The 5th March 1923.—Mrs. Muzheruddin Ahmad was appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service (Women's Branch) as Assistant Inspector of Schools for Zenana Work and Muhammadan Education, Presidency and Burdwan Divisions, during the absence, on leave, of Miss Kamini Bose.

Presidency
Burdwan Divns.

and

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 774Edn.—The 5th March 1923.—Babu Santosh Kumar Chatterji, Professor, Rajshahi College, is allowed leave on average pay for four months with effect from the 18th December 1922, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, on medical certificate.

Rajshahi.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 776Edn.—The 5th March 1923.—Babu Atul Chandra Banarji, head master, Faridpur Zilla School, was appointed to act as head master, Dacca Collegiate School, during the absence, on leave, of Khan Bahadur Maulvi Tasadduq Ahmad.

Faridpur.
Dacca.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 777Edn.—The 5th March 1923.—Babu Girija Kanta Bagchi, assistant head master, Faridpur Zilla School, was appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as head master in the same school, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Atul Chandra Panarji.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 753Edn.—The 2nd March 1923.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India Mr. P. M. O'Riordan, head master of the Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, is promoted to the Indian Educational Service, with effect from the 29th January 1923.

W. W. HORNELL,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 435Mis.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Mirza Muhammad Baker Shiraz temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Chinsura, Polba, Balagarh and Magra, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Hussain Shirazi, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 436Mis.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Mirza Muhammad Baker Shirazi temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Chinsura, Polba, Balagarh and Magra, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Hussain Shirazi, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 441Mis.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Dewan Saiyid Gowsur Reza to be a Muhammadan Registrar within chankidari unions Nos. 12 to 21, 24, 30 and 31 in police station Iswarganj in the district of Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 442Mis.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Dewan Saiyid Gowsur Reza to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within chankidari unions Nos. 12 to 21, 24, 30 and 31 in police-station Iswarganj in the district of Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 443Mis.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Gholam Rabbani to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Trisal in the district of Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 444Mis.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Gholam Rabbani to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Trisal in the district of Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 455 Regn.—The 5th March 1923.—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the grades of District Sub-Registrars :—

Confirmed in the first grade.

Babu Sachis Chandra Chatarji, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Srish Chandra Chakrabutty, retired.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the first grade.

Maulvi Abdul Khaleque, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Sachis Chandra Chatarji, confirmed in grade I.

Confirmed in the second grade.

Maulvi Shaikh Mutiuddin, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Sachis Chandra Chatarji, confirmed in grade I.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the second grade.

Babu Jyotish Chandra Singh, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Khaleque, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade I.

Confirmed in the third grade.

Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Maulvi Shaikh Mutiuddin, confirmed in grade II.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the third grade.

Babu Atul Krishna Mukharji, officiating District Sub-Registrar, is appointed to be a substantively *pro tempore* District Sub-Registrar, grade III, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Jyotish Chandra Singh promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade II.

The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the grades of Sub-Registrars :—

Confirmed in the first grade.

Babu Surendra Nath Mukharji, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh, confirmed in grade III of District Sub-Registrars.

Babu Sharat Chandra Banarji, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Babu Saiyendra Krishna Deb, deceased.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the first grade.

Mr. A. R. Penheiro, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Atul Krishna Mukharji, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade III of District Sub-Registrars.

Babu Kunja Bihari Mukharji, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Babu Sharat Chandra Banarji, confirmed in grade I.

Confirmed in the second grade.

Babu Surendra Nath Ray, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Mukharji, confirmed in grade I.

Babu Haripada Sen, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Babu Sharat Chandra Banarji, confirmed in grade I.

Babu Digendra Nath Chakrabutty, with effect from the 8th October 1922, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Chakrabutty, deceased.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the second grade.

Maulvi Chaudhuri Barhanuddin Ahmad Siddique, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Mr. A. R. Penheiro, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade I.

Maulvi Saiyid Mustafa Ali, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Babu Kunja Bihari Mukharji, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade I.

Maulvi Tawshar Rahim, with effect from the 8th October 1922, *vice* Babu Digendra Nath Chakrabutty, confirmed in grade II.

Confirmed in the third grade.

Babu Akshay Kumar Ghosh, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Ray, confirmed in grade II.

Babu Nagenra Nath Basu, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Babu Haripada Sen, confirmed in grade II.

Babu Jyotindra Chandra Chakrabutty, with effect from the 8th October 1922, *vice* Babu Digendra Nath Chakrabutty, confirmed in grade II.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the third grade.

Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Halim, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Maulvi Chaudhuri Berhanuddin Ahmad Siddique, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade II.

Maulvi Abdul Hamid (No. III), with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Maulvi Saiyid Mustafa Ali, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade II.

Babu Jogendra Chandra Nath, with effect from the 8th October 1922, *vice* Maulvi Nawabur Rahim, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade II.

Confirmed in the fourth grade.

Babu Jitendra Kumar Banarji, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Babu Akshay Kumar Ghosh, confirmed in grade III.

Maulvi Saiyid Sharfuddin Hossain, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Basu, confirmed in grade III.

Maulvi Khundkar Ali Asghar, with effect from the 8th October 1922, *vice* Babu Jyotindra Chandra Chakraborty, confirmed in grade III.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the fourth grade.

Maulvi Khundkar Abdul Jabbar, with effect from the 3rd September 1922, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Halim, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade III.

Maulvi Abul Hossain, with effect from the 4th September 1922, on account of the creation of an appointment substantively *pro tempore* in grade IV of Sub-Registrars, consequent on the opening of the Joint Sub-Registry offices at Kandi in Marshidabad.

Maulvi Sakawat Ali, with effect from the 1st October 1922, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hamid (No. III), promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade III.

Babu Sasadhar Pramanik, with effect from the 8th October 1922, *vice* Babu Jogendra Chandra Nath, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade III.

The following probationers are promoted substantively *pro tempore* to grade V of Sub-Registrars with effect from the 2nd November 1922.—

- Babu Jatindra Mohan Nath.
- „ Narendra Nath Chatarji.
- „ Bhupati Ranjan Sen.
- Maulvi Muhammad Amir Hussain.
- Babu Harry Ballav Chaudhuri.
- „ Prafulla Kumar Datta.
- Maulvi Mahbubul Alam.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 24th February 1923.

No. 125A.—Babu Rajendra Lal Roy, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari, Rangpur, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 81

(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, read with the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 14140.S.R., dated the 20th December 1922, leave on average pay for four weeks (the entire period being due on account of privilege leave), with effect from the 20th February 1923, or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

No. 126A.—Babu Akshoy Kumar Roy is appointed to act as head master, Gharia Guru Training School, Chittagong, on Rs. 75 per mensem, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Nagendra Kumar Roy, on leave.

The 26th February 1923.

No. 127A.—Babu Kamini Mohan Sen, head pandit, Baridpur Sita School, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted leave on half average pay for four months, with effect from the 5th January 1923, in terms of rule 81

The 28th February 1923.

Calcutta.—In supersession of this office notification No. 51A, dated the 28th February 1923, Maulvi Maharaddin Ahmed, Lecturer, Krishnagar College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted leave on half average pay for six months; with effect from the 2nd January 1923, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules.

He is also permitted to prefix the Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

The 1st March 1923.

Noakhali. **No. 129A.**—Maulvi Abdul Majid, assistant master, Noakhali Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted privilege leave for six days, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, under article 275(i) of the Civil Service Regulations. He was also permitted to prefix the last Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave.

Dacca. **No. 130A.**—In partial modification of this office notification No. 665A, dated the 28th August 1922, Babu Jogendra Lal Datta is declared to have acted as drill master, Dacca Training College, on an allowance of Rs. 60 a month in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, with effect from the afternoon of 29th July 1922 to 22nd January 1923, vice Babu Jatindra Nath Pathak, on leave.

Calcutta. **No. 131A.**—In supersession of the orders published in this office notification No. 27A, dated the 13th January 1923, Mahamahopadhyay Pandit Gurn Charan Tarkadarshantirtha, Lecturer in Nyaya Sanskrit College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted leave on half average pay for six months with effect from the 23rd December 1922, in terms of rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules.

Hooghly. **No. 132A.**—Babu Beni Madhab Bhattacharji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Sadar Hooghly, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for six months, with effect from the 14th February 1923, viz., leave on average pay for four months and leave on half average pay for two months.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Mymensingh. **No. 67.**—*The 27th February 1923.*—Maulvi Alaaddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Madhupur, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 24th January 1923, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 4 dated the 4th January 1923.

Mymensingh. **No. 68.**—*The 27th February 1923.*—Maulvi Alaaddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar grade III, of Madhupur, in the district of Mymensingh, on leave is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Manohardi, in the district of Dacca.

Khulna. **No. 69.**—*The 28th February 1923.*—Babu Atul Krishna Banarji, Sub-Registrar of Dumuria, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules; with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

Murshidabad. **No. 70.**—*The 28th February 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Yasin, Sub-Registrar grade V of Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and sixteen days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Noakhali. **No. 71.**—*The 28th February 1923.*—Maulvi Habibar Rahaman, Sub-Registrar of Chagalnarya, in the district of Noakhali, was allowed leave on average pay for one month (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 7th January 1923.

No. 72.—*The 28th February 1923.*—Babu Anis Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar grade II, is allowed extraordinary leave without allowances for three months and six days, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st January 1923, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 441 dated the 19th September 1922.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 222 Mis.—The 26th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Bengal Amusements Tax Act, 1922 (Bengal Act V of 1922), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for regulating the renewal of stamps or the refund of value thereof, viz. :—

1. When any stamp or stamps referred to in clause (a) of section 4 of the said Act have been damaged or spoiled, and it is required to renew the same, the Collector may, on the application of any person made within six months from the date of the purchase of the stamps, give in lieu thereof—

- (a) other stamp or stamps of the same description and value; or
- (b) if required and he thinks fit, stamps of any other description to the same amount in value; or
- (c) at his discretion, the same value in money, deducting one anna for each rupee or fraction of a rupee.

2. When any person is possessed of a stamp or stamps which have not been spoiled or rendered unfit or useless for the purpose intended, but for which he has no immediate use, the Collector shall repay to such person the value of such stamp or stamps in money deducting one anna for each rupee or portion of a rupee, upon such person delivering up the same to be cancelled and proving to the Collector's satisfaction—

- (a) that such stamp or stamps were purchased by such person with a bona fide intention of using them, and
- (b) that he has paid the full price thereof, and
- (c) that they were so purchased within the period of one year next preceding the date on which they were so delivered.

Provided that when more stamps than one are presented for refund of value under this rule, the deduction of one anna in the rupee should be made on the aggregate value of the stamps, and not on each stamp separately.

3. Application for renewal or refund of stamps shall invariably be made to the Collector of the district where the stamps were purchased.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1173 Com.—The 28th February 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 37 of the Indian Factories Act, 1911 (XII of 1911), as amended by the Indian Factories (Amendment) Act, 1922 (II of 1922), the Governor in Council proposes to make the following rules which are published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

1. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 10th June 1923, and any objections or suggestions which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered.

Draft rules.

1. Where under the provisions of section 30, women are exempted from the provisions of section 27, the total overtime permitted shall not exceed six hours during the week.

2. Where under the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 30 any persons are exempted from the provisions of sections 27 and 28, the overtime permitted shall not be such as to make the number of hours of overtime exceed forty in each month.

3. Where under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 30, any factory has been exempted from the provisions of section 27, every person employed in such factory for more than sixty hours in any one week shall be paid, in respect of the overtime, at a rate which shall be at least one and a quarter times the rate at which he is normally paid.

4. Nothing in rules 1 to 3 shall be deemed to prevent the granting of further exemptions.

NOTIFICATION.—The 24th February 1911, in pursuance of the power conferred by section 2 of the Bengal Steam Boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1879 (Bengal Act XL of 1879), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules published under notification No. 52 Marine, dated the 31st May 1910, as subsequently amended:—

Amendments.

1. In line 7 of rule XII of the said rules *delete* words "for inspection."
2. For rule XVI of the said rules *substitute* the following, namely:—

"XVI. For every certificate required for a steam boiler, the owner, manager or agent of the boiler shall pay in advance, with the application to the Director of Industries, the fee for the grant of the certificate, or the first portion thereof, as the case may be, calculated on the heating surface of the steam boiler, according to the rates laid down in rule XXI."

3. For rule XXI of the said rules *substitute* the following, namely:—

"XXI. Fees for the certificates to be granted for the inspection of boilers shall be charged according to the following scale:—

(1) If the certificate is granted after one inspection or after more than one inspection, rendered necessary for reasons certified by the Chief Inspector as not due to any default of the owner:—

	Rs.
Boilers up to 100 sq. ft. heating surface	20
from 101 " " " " to 300 sq. ft. heating surface	25
" " 301 " " " " " 500 " " " "	30
" " 501 " " " " " 700 " " " "	35
" " 701 " " " " " 900 " " " "	40
" " 901 " " " " " 1,100 " " " "	45
above 1,100 " " " "	50

(2) If the certificate is granted after two inspections, not falling within the provisions of clause (1), a fee exceeding the following scale by the amount of travelling allowance to which the officer, who has made the inspections, is entitled under the Civil Service Regulations on account of the journey and halt made for the purpose of one such inspection:—

	Rs.
Boilers up to 100 sq. ft. H.S. Rs. 20 and one additional fee of Rs. 20, i.e., Rs. 40	
from 101 sq. ft. H.S. to 300 sq. ft. H.S. Rs. 25 and one additional fee of Rs. 25, i.e., 50	
" " 301 " " " " 500 " " " " 30 " " " " 30, i.e., 60	
" " 501 " " " " 700 " " " " 35 " " " " 35, i.e., 70	
" " 701 " " " " 900 " " " " 40 " " " " 40, i.e., 80	
" " 901 " " " " 1,100 " " " " 45 " " " " 45, i.e., 90	
" above 1,100 sq. ft. H.S. " 50 " " " " 50, i.e., 100	

(3) If the certificate is granted after three inspections not falling within the provisions of clause (1), a fee exceeding the following scale by the amount of travelling allowance to which the officer, who has made the inspections, is entitled under the Civil Service Regulations on account of journeys and halts made for the purpose of two such inspections:—

	Rs.
Boilers up to 100 sq. ft. H.S. Rs. 20 and two additional fees of Rs. 40, i.e., Rs. 100	
from 101 sq. ft. H.S. to 300 sq. ft. H.S. Rs. 25 and two additional fees of Rs. 50, i.e., 75	
" " 301 " " " " 500 " " " " 80 " " " " 60, i.e., 90	
" " 501 " " " " 700 " " " " 35 " " " " 70, i.e., 105	
" " 701 " " " " 900 " " " " 40 " " " " 80, i.e., 120	
" " 901 " " " " 1,100 " " " " 45 " " " " 90, i.e., 135	
" above 1,100 " " " " " 50 " " " " 100, i.e., 150	

An additional fee of Rs. 50 shall be charged for the inspection of a boiler on a Sunday, Christmas Day, New Year's Day, Good Friday and King's Birthday. Of the additional fee so charged one-half shall be paid to the Inspector and the balance credited to the Steam-Boiler Fund.

Formula for calculating heating surface.

The heating surface for these purposes may be defined generally as the total surface of all plates and tubes exposed to heat on one side and in contact with water on the other, measured on the water side. For Lancashire and Cornish Boilers the total heating surface shall include the water surface of the furnaces between the end plates and of the tubes where fitted, and the part of the external shell below the side door cover. In the case of the arena, furnaces may be considered as plain cylinders, the area of their water surface is to be taken as their great circle, and the length of the boiler is to be taken as the distance between the end plates.

plates. For the shell the width of that part of the circumference below the flue covers is to be taken as $= 2D$, and this width \times the length between end plates is to be taken as the area of shell heating surface. The part of the surface of the back end plate exposed to heat is to be neglected.

The formula for the total heating surface of a Lancashire boiler having plain furnaces without cross-tubes is therefore H. S. in square feet $= 2L (3.14d + D)$. L is the length of the boiler between end plates, D is the mean external diameter of the largest belt of shell, d is the diameter of furnace flue all sizes in feet.

For steam and water drums of water tube boilers the heating surface of the drum may be taken as half the external mean circumference into the clear length of drum between the outer brick walls or centres of cross boxes as the case may be. The surface of the tubes may be taken as the external furnace of the inclined tubes between tube plate and headers. The heating surface of the headers is to be neglected.

For Marine type boilers the heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the furnaces between the tube plates (considered in the same way as for Lancashire boilers), the wetted surface of the combustion chambers (less the area of the tube holes) and the wetted surface of the tubes between tube plates. The parts of the front tube plate exposed to heat are to be neglected.

For Locomotive type boilers the heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the fire-box above the foundation ring (less the area of the tubes and the fire-hole and ring) and the wetted surface of the tubes between tube plates. The smoke box tube plate is to be neglected.

For vertical boilers of ordinary type the heating surface shall include the wetted surface of the fire-box above the foundation ring (less the area of fire-hole and ring and tube holes, if any) and the wetted surface of any cross or other tubes and uptake below the lowest water level shown in the gauge-glass. For any other heating surface not provided for in the foregoing instructions the same general procedure shall be observed. No deduction should be made for stays, etc., in calculating the heating surface.

4. ~~Delete~~ rule XXII of the said rules.

5. In column 2 of Division II of Form No. 1 for the word "horse-power" substitute the words "Heating Surface."

6. In Division III of Form No. 1 for the existing scale of fees substitute the following, namely:—

								Rs.
Boilers up 100 square feet heating surface	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
" from 101 square feet H. S. to 300 square feet H. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
" " 301 " " " 500 " " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
" " 501 " " " 700 " " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35
" " 701 " " " 900 " " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40
" " 901 " " " 1,100 " " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45
" above 1,100 " " " ... " " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50

Formula for calculating heating surface.

(As per rule XXI.)

7. In column 5 of Form No. 2 for the word "horse-power" substitute the words "Heating Surface."

No. 1286Com.—The 5th March 1923.—Mr. A. W. Cook, C.I.E., I.C.S., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, is appointed to be the Chairman of the Mining Board, Bengal, constituted under section 9 (1) of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), *vice* Mr. K. C. De, C.I.E., I.C.S., resigned.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 1274Com.—The 5th March 1923.—In declaration No. 857Com., dated the 12th February 1923, published on page 213, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th February 1923, in line 4 for the words and figures "between mile 120, feet 3,283 and mile 102, feet 4,965" read "between mile 120, feet 3,283 and mile 120, feet 4,965."

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 11 Marine.—The 12th February 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 36 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884 (VII of 1884), read with section 41 of the said Act, and notification No. 1775, dated the 5th March 1921, issued thereunder by the Department of Commerce of the Government of India, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the granting of certificates of competency to engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships having engines not exceeding 282 B.H.P. :—

RULES TO REGULATE THE GRANT OF CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY TO ENGINE-DRIVERS OF SEA-GOING MOTOR SHIPS HAVING ENGINES NOT EXCEEDING 282 B.H.P.

GENERAL RULES.

1. (1) Certificates of competency as engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships may be granted to such persons as pass the examinations to be held by examiners appointed for this purpose from time to time and as otherwise comply with the requisite conditions.
Certificates of competency granted to persons who pass requisite examinations.
- (2) Such examinations shall be held at the Port of Calcutta on such dates as may be fixed.
2. A candidate for examination must apply on the form prescribed for this purpose (Form Ex-3a) copies of which are obtainable at the Port Office. The form properly filled in, together with the candidate's certificate of discharge, testimonials and previous certificates, if any, must be lodged with the Port Officer not later than three days before the date of the examination at which the candidate is going to sit.
How to apply.
3. In addition to the usual certificates of discharge, a candidate shall be required to produce satisfactory testimony as to his experience, ability, sobriety and general good conduct up to the period immediately preceding the date of his application.
Testimonials as to character.
4. (1) Testimonials as to workshop service, which must be signed by the employer, must testify to the candidate's ability and conduct, and state the nature of the work on which he was engaged, and the period of such service.
Testimonials as to service.
- (2) Testimonials regarding service at sea must testify to the candidate's sobriety, experience and ability and general good conduct for at least the last twelve months of such service, and must be signed by the Chief Engineer or by the Superintending Engineer who shall state clearly the periods, if any, during which the applicant was on regular watch and in regular charge of a watch on the main engines of a motor ship, dredger or tug.
5. The testimonials of service of British and foreign seamen serving in foreign vessels, which cannot be verified in the Port Office, must be confirmed either by the Consul of the country to which the ship in which the candidate served belonged, or by some other recognized official authority of that country, or by the testimony of some credible person having personal knowledge of the facts required to be established :
Foreign service.
- Provided that the mere production of such proofs shall not necessarily be deemed sufficient, each case being decided on its merits, and that, if in any case the sufficiency of the proofs given appears to be doubtful, the point shall be referred to the local Government for orders.
6. Before a candidate is allowed to appear for examination the examiners shall satisfy themselves that there are no gaps in his service which are not properly accounted for.
Gaps in service.
7. If any doubt exists as to the age of a candidate, he may be required to produce a certificate of his birth or baptism.
Age.
8. Foreigners must prove to the satisfaction of the examiners that they can speak the English and Hindustani languages sufficiently well to perform the duties required of them on board a British vessel.
Foreigners must know English and Hindustani.
9. A candidate's testimonials and other papers will be returned to him when the examination is finished, and if he passes he will receive a form (Form 16) authorizing the Port Officer to whom it is addressed to issue the certificate.
Return of testimonials, etc.
10. Certificates of competency for engine-drivers of sea-going motor ships shall be made and issued by the local Government in the form hereunto annexed. Each certificate shall be made in duplicate, and one copy shall be delivered to the person entitled to the certificate and the other shall be kept and recorded by the Port Officer of Calcutta.
Issue of certificates.

11. If a candidate fails in his examination, he may not present himself for re-examination until he can produce proof of six months' further satisfactory service at sea, if the results of the examination showed that he might be expected to qualify in that time, or of such longer period of such service as may be determined by the examiners in case the examination results did not show this.

Failure.

12. (1) A candidate for examination, when making his application on Form Ex-3a, will be required to pay the examination fee before any action is taken under these rules.

Fee to be paid.

(2) If it appears that the service of a candidate is not sufficient to entitle him to be examined, or that his testimonials are not satisfactory, he may be allowed to present himself again for examination without paying any further fee, when he has completed the requisite service, or is able to produce satisfactory testimonials as the case may be.

13. (1) Subject to the provisions of rule 12 the fee for each examination under these rules shall be fifteen rupees. This fee must be remitted with the application to the Port Officer at the Port Office.

Payment of fee and penalty for offering gratuity.

(2) If a candidate offers a gratuity to any servant of the Department he shall be regarded as having committed an act of misconduct, and his candidature shall be rejected and he shall not be allowed to present himself for examination for a period of twelve months from the date of such rejection.

14. If a candidate fails in his examination, no part of the examination fee shall be returned to him.

Fee not to be returned on failure.

Qualifications.

15. A candidate for a certificate of competency as engine-driver of a sea-going motor ship must be not less than 22 years of age, and must possess one of the following qualifications, namely—

(a) he must have—

(i) served for not less than four years in India or a British Colony, or not less than three years in Europe, as an apprentice or journeyman in an engineering factory or workshop in the making, fitting and repairing of engines, and for not less than two years of such period he must have been employed in the making, fitting, and repairing of internal combustion engines; and

(ii) served at sea for an additional period of not less than eighteen months in a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, other than a dredger or tug, having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., or of not less than three years in a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines as aforesaid, and throughout such period he must have been employed on regular watch on the main engines of such motor ship, dredger or tug:

Provided that workshop service of a character different from that specified in for sub-clause (i) may, with the approval of—, be accepted in substitution the same, if, in addition to the service so accepted and in addition to the service specified in sub-clause (ii), the candidate is qualified by employment extending for not less than three months for each twelve months of the service accepted on marine internal combustion engines either in a workshop or on regular watch in the main engine room of a vessel propelled by such engines; or

(b) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than five years in the engine-room of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, of which period not less than three years must have been served as Serang or principal tinsal under a certificated engineer and not less than six months must have been served as a driver under a certificated engineer:

Provided that of the aforesaid periods of five and three years, periods not exceeding two and-a-half and one and-a-half years, respectively, may be served in a sea-going steam ship in lieu of in a motor ship; or

(c) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than one year on a foreign-going or home-trade motor-ship, other than a dredger or tug, having engines of not less than 170 B. H. P., or for a period of not less than two years on a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have been employed on regular watch on the engines of such motor ship, dredger or tug, and have held a certificate of competency as a first-class engine-driver under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as applied to motor-vessels; or

(d) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than two years on a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship other than a dredger or tug having engines of not less than 170 B. H. P., or for a period of not less than four years on a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have been employed on regular watch on the engines of such motor ship, dredger or tug, and have held a certificate of competency as a second-class engine driver under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as applied to motor-vessels; or

I of 1917.

(e) he must have served—

(i) at sea for a period of not less than three years in the engine-room of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship, of which period not less than two years must have been served as serang or principal tindal under a certificated engineer, and not less than one year must have been served as a driver, under a certificated engineer; and

(ii) for an additional period of not less than one year in an engineering factory or workshop at the making, fitting and repairing of motor engines; or

(f) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than ten years in the engine-room of a sea-going motor-dredger or tug with engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., not less than six years of which period must have been served as serang or principal tindal, and not less than one year as driver; or

(g) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than three years as engine-driver on regular watch on the main engines of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have held a certificate of competency under section 27 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884, as engine-driver of a steam-ship; or

VII of 1884

(h) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than four years as engine-driver on regular watch on the main engines of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have held a certificate of competency under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as a first-class engine-driver of an inland steam-vessel; or

I of 1917.

(i) he must have served at sea for a period of not less than six years as engine-driver on regular watch on the main engines of a foreign-going or home-trade motor ship having engines of not less than 282 B. H. P., and throughout such period he must have held a certificate of competency under section 21 of the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917, as a second-class engine-driver of an inland steam-vessel.

I of 1917.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this rule the expressions “home-trade ship” and “foreign-going ship” have the meanings respectively assigned to them in section 118 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859.

I of 1859.

16. The candidate must satisfactorily pass a *viva voce* examination on the working of the various types of internal combustion engines and be able to name the principal parts of the machinery.

17. The candidate must know what attention is required by the various parts of the machinery; understand the use and management of the different valves, cocks, pipes and connections; and be familiar with the various methods of supplying air and fuel to the cylinders.

18. The candidate must be able to describe the chief causes which may make the engine difficult to start and to explain how he would proceed to remedy any defects connected therewith; he must also be able to show that he understands the mechanism of the starting and reversing arrangements and that he is competent to deal with defects therein.

19. The candidate must be able to overhaul the engine, to adjust the working parts, and to put the engine together again in good working condition. He must also understand how to make good the result of ordinary wear and tear on the machinery and how to correct defects from accidents.

20. The candidate must be familiar with the nature and properties of the various fuel oils used in internal combustion engines. He must understand what is meant by “flash point.”

21. The candidate must know the danger resulting from leakage from the fuel oil tanks and must understand the precautions to be taken against explosion. He must also be able to take the necessary precautions to guard against the escape of inflammable vapour from the vaporizer, when the engines are stopped. He must know how to deal with fire should it break out.

22. The candidate must possess a working knowledge of the management of auxiliary steam-boilers and machinery connected therewith, viz., electric light engines, steering engines, evaporators and pumps.

23. The candidate must also be able, if required, to show his practical knowledge by actually working the engines of a motor vessel in the presence of the examiner.

By His Excellency the Governor of Bengal in Council.

Certificate of Competency as Engine-driver of a sea-going motor ship under Act VII of 1884

To _____

Whereas it has been reported to His Excellency the Governor in Council that you have been found duly qualified to fulfil the duties of engine-driver on a sea-going motor ship having engines of under 282 B. H. P., I do hereby, in pursuance of Act VII of 1884, grant you this Certificate of Competency.

By order of the Government of Bengal,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Given under my hand and seal this _____ day of _____ 192

No. of certificate _____

Bearer _____, son of _____, by caste _____

Date and place of birth, showing village, thana and district _____

Residence, showing village, thana and district _____

Height _____

Personal description, showing particularly any permanent marks of scars _____

Signature _____

Any engine-driver who fails to deliver up a certificate which has been cancelled or suspended is liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 500.

A.B.—Any person other than the owner thereof becoming possessed of this certificate is required to transmit it forthwith to the Port Officer, Calcutta.

Issued at Calcutta on the _____ day of _____ 192 .

[Registered.]

Port Officer of Calcutta.

No. 16 Marine.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. J. Farquharson, Leadsman Apprentice, Bengal Pilot Service, is promoted to the grade of Second Mate Leadsman, with effect from the 8th March 1923.

No. 17 Marine.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. E. A. Ward, Branch Pilot, is granted leave on average pay for two months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th January 1923.

No. 18 Marine.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. H. A. Cooper, Senior Master Pilot, is appointed to act as a Branch Pilot, with effect from the 17th November 1922.

No. 19 Marine.—The 26th February 1923.—Mr. L. E. Ley, Leadsman Apprentice, Bengal Pilot Service, is promoted to the grade of 2nd Mate Leadsman, with effect from the 18th March 1923.

No. 20 Marine.—The 28th February 1923.—Mr. E. E. King, provisional Junior Master Pilot, is granted leave on average pay for eight months (of which nineteen days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th February 1923 P.M.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 9.—*The 1st March 1923.*—Bengal Government notification No. 4, dated the 6th February 1923, posting Mr. B. G. Gwyther, Superintending Engineer, to the Central Circle, on return from special duty in the Marine Department, is hereby cancelled.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 16.—*The 26th February 1923.*—The following regulations issued by the Secretary of State for India regarding the appointment in England of Assistant Executive Engineers to the Indian Service of Engineers in 1923 are republished for general information.

[For Regulations see pages 59-69, Part IA of the Calcutta Gazette of 7th February 1923.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 974Ind.—*The 1st March 1923.*—Mr. Percy Brown, Principal of the Government School of Art, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for five months from the 16th June 1923, under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in continuation of the Easter holidays and summer vacation of the school for 1923, which extends from 30th March 1923 to 15th June 1923, under proviso (d) of rule 82 of those rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 975Ind.—*The 1st March 1923.*—Mr. Jamini Prakash Ganguli, Vice-Principal of the Government School of Art, Calcutta, on a salary of Rs. 350—40—550 per month, outside the grades of the Educational Services, is appointed to act as Principal of the School of Art and in the Indian Educational Service, vice Mr. Percy Brown.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 976Ind.—*The 1st March 1923.*—Mr. T. A. Achary, officiating Head Master of the Government School of Art, Calcutta, in the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Vice-Principal of the School of Art, vice Mr. Jamini Prakash Ganguli.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1047Ex.—*The 5th March 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 85 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal

(Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the rules published under Notification No. 595S.R., dated the 30th March 1915; as subsequently amended, namely:—

(1) *After* rule 56 A of the said rules, *insert* the following, namely:—

"56B. (1) No person other than licensed druggists, chemists, medical practitioners and dentists shall be permitted to import Cocaine into Bengal, and the permission shall not be granted unless—

(i) the application to import furnishes the following details:—

- (a) exact description and amount of the drug to be imported, and
- (b) name and address of the firm in the exporting country from which the drug is to be obtained;

(ii) the applicant undertakes that the drug to be imported is intended exclusively for medicinal purposes.

(2) When, after the consideration of the contents of the application, the Excise Commissioner grants the permit for import of the drug, he shall issue an import certificate in the form prescribed by the League of Nations, to meet the provisions of the International Opium Convention of 1912."

(2) *After* sub-clause (b) of clause (iii) of rule 57 of the said rules, *add* the following, namely:—

"(bb) in the case of export to a country beyond the limits of India, of a certificate from the Government of the importing country to the effect that the consignment is approved by that Government and is required exclusively for medicinal or scientific purposes."

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1048 Ex.—The 5th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (L of 1878), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the Bengal Morphia Rules, 1918, published under Bengal Government Notification No. 561S.R., dated the 2nd March 1918, namely:—

(1) *For* rule 23 of the said rules *substitute* the following:—

"23. The Chief Excise Authority may by special order authorise any person to export morphia drugs and medicinal opium from Bengal, but no person shall be authorised to export these drugs out of India except when the application for the export is accompanied by a certificate from the Government of the importing country to the effect that the consignment is approved by that Government and is required exclusively for medicinal or scientific purposes."

(2) *For* rule 25 of the said rules *substitute* the following, namely:—

"25. (1) The Chief Excise Authority, or such other officer as the Local Government may empower in this behalf, may grant to any licensed dealer or licensed chemist a pass for the import of morphia drugs and medicinal opium not exceeding the quantity which such dealer or chemist may lawfully possess; but this pass shall not be granted unless

(i) the application to import furnishes the following details:—

- (a) exact description and amount of the drug to be imported and
- (b) name and address of the firm in the exporting country from which the drug is to be obtained;

(ii) the applicant undertakes that the drug to be imported is intended exclusively for medicinal purposes.

(2) When, after the consideration of the contents of the application, the Excise Commissioner grants the pass for the import of the drug, he shall issue an import certificate in the form prescribed by the League of Nations, to meet the provisions of the International Opium Convention of 1912."

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 2524 A.—The 1st March 1923.—Babu Pramatha Nath Ganguly, District Agricultural Officer, Malda, is granted leave for two and a half years with effect from the 22nd May 1922, viz., leave on average pay for forty-five days (on account of privilege leave at his credit) under rule 81 (b) (ii), leave on half average salary for one hundred and thirty days under rule 87 (a), one hundred and eighty days under rule 81 (c) (ii) and the remaining period, leave without pay under rule 85 (a) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 2552A.—The 2nd March 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen, District Agricultural Officer, Barisal, is granted an extension of leave on average salary for ten days in continuation of the leave already granted to him under this department notification No. 82A., dated the 13th February 1923. Babu Jnanendra Mohan Sen will continue to act as District Agricultural Officer, Barisal, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Surendra Nath Sen.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 3025.—The 26th February 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Panchnam-barorchar Gramya Dharma Bhandar (registered No. 64 of 1910) in the district of Mymensingh under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Jamalpur, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 3384.—The 1st March 1923—In supersession of notification No. 8364, dated the 16th June 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Basirhat, as Liquidator of the Paschim Alipur Co-operative Bank (district 24-Parganas) I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Calcutta, instead, as liquidator of the said society.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2193L.R.—The 1st March 1923.—The following amendments are made in the revised rules for the grant of leases of waste lands for tea cultivation in the districts of Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling, issued under Government notification No. 639T.R., dated the 10th June 1919, and published at pages 950-64, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem :—

Jalpaiguri.
Darjeeling.

Rule 41(b)—For the last sentence of the rule substitute—

“The new lease will be in the same form as the surrendered lease and its term will be the unexpired portion of the surrendered lease. The rent of the area covered by the surrendered lease will not be changed. The rent of the converted jote land will be fixed as in sub-clause (a) above, but shall not be less than the rent paid for the land before conversion.”

Rule 63.—Add at the end of the rule—

“At the same time the Deputy Commissioner should send a draft of the new lease containing the proposed rent, together with an explanation of the methods of assessment, to the lessee or his agent, intimating that objections to the draft lease will be received within 15 days. On receipt of any objection the Deputy Commissioner may give the lessee an opportunity of being heard in support of his objections and will forward his recommendations thereon to the Board for consideration.”

No. 2248L.R.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880 (Bengal Act V of 1880), and section 2 of the Bengal Vaccination (Amendment) Act, 1911 (Bengal Act II of 1911), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the said Acts to the area administered by the District Board of Darjeeling.

Darjeeling.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 2178 L.A.—The 1st March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 bighas 16 cottahs 13 chittaks and 15 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 2·259 acres, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6025 L.A., dated the 18th July 1921, published at pages 1209-10, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, and required for the extension of the Bhandarhati High English School compound in the village of Bhandarhati, pargana Baliguri, zilla Hooghly.

No. 2263 L.A.—The 3rd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 8·858 acres which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 8801 L.A., dated the 3rd October 1921, published at page 1627, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th idem, and required by the Eastern Bengal Railway for a new triangle line at Fulchhari, in the village of Fulchhari, pargana Patiladaha, district Rangpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2158 L.A.—The 28th February 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Mahespur union board for a public purpose, viz., ~~halat at Mahespur in the village of Mahespur, pargana Baradakhhat, tappa Pachbhog, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·069 of an acre, bounded on the—~~

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 685, 356 and 347,

East—By the halat,

South—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 429 and 430,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 359,

is required within the aforesaid village of Mahespur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Narayanganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2266 L.A.—The 2nd March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Pabna District Board for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a road leading to Teghori village, in mauza Balookolpara-Mamdakola, police-station Ullapara, pargana Ishupshahi, zilla Pabna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·36 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By the remaining lands of Babu Purna Chandra Adhikary, Bama Sundari Debya, Bhim Adhar Poddar, Navadwip Chakraborty, Sadek Ali Sarkar, Mennat Ali Talukder and Suresh Pramanik,

East—By the District Board road to Serajgunge and

West—By the Teghori village halat,

is required within the aforesaid village of Balookolpara-Mamdakola.

This declaration is made, under the provision of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Serajgunge.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2279 L.A.—The 3rd March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bakarganj for a public purpose, viz., for tank at Bakshirghatichora, police-station Matheria, in the village of Bakshirghatichor-pargana Saidpur, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.14 acres, bounded on the—

North—Matheria Inspection Bungalow, plot No. 113 and remaining portion of plot No. 112 and

East, South and West—Remaining portion of plot No. 112,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bakshirghatichora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Pirojpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2280 L.A.—The 3rd March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the union board Bahrerak for a public purpose, viz., for a drain at Bahrerak in the village of Bahrerak, pargana Bikrampur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .058 of an acre bounded on the—

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 406,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 405 and the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 406,

South—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 426, 407 and 403,

West—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 405, 404 and 403,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bahrerak.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Munshiganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JAILS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2339 Jails.—The 5th March 1923.—Mr. F. D. Bartley, Deputy Commissioner of Police, headquarters, Calcutta, is appointed to be a visitor of the Juvenile Jail, Alipore, and of the Central Jail, Alipore.

This cancels notification No. 10369 Jails, dated the 30th November 1921, appointing Mr. J. S. Wilson to be a visitor of these jails.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 7 For.—The 17th February 1923.—Babu Juan Prasanna Roy, probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, attached to the Buxa Division, is posted to the charge of the South Borthar Range of that Division with headquarters at Ghilapata, with effect from the forenoon of the 10th February 1923.

R. C. MILWARD,

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 802S.R.—The 2nd March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in supersession of notification No. 2601S.R., dated the 20th October 1921, the Board of Revenue, Bengal, makes the following amendments in the rules published under notification No. 22B., dated the 8th January 1885, at page 31 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th January 1885, as subsequently amended, namely :—

I. In rule 1, *add* the following to the list of Customs-officers :—

“ Ministerial Officers.”

II. After rule 5, *insert* the following, namely :—

“ 5A. The duties of ministerial officers are principally connected with the keeping of accounts of, and the carrying on of correspondence in connection with, the transactions of the custom-house. They may, when specially authorized by the Collector of Customs, and subject to his general orders, perform his duties under sections 28, 89, 128, 137 (c), 200 and 201 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.”

F. W. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

The 23rd February 1923.

No. 1737G.—The following rule has been framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in exercise of the power vested in it by section 20 of the Court-fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), and confirmed by the Government of Bengal, is published for general information.

RULE NO. OF 1923.

Insert the following as “ Note ” to Article I of Part IV of Rule I of the Rules framed by the High Court under clause (i) of section 20 of the Court-fees Act, 1870, in Chapter V, at page 144, Volume I of the General Rules and Circular Orders, Civil :—

“ *Note* :—Suits under sections 30 and 52 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), are suits for rent within the meaning of the heading of this Part.”

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

The 28th February 1923.

Mr. G. Ryper, Deputy Registrar, High Court, Original Side, Calcutta, on Rs. 800,—1,000, having retired from service from the 1st March 1923, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice has made the following appointments until further order with effect from that date :—

Babu Jyotish Chandra Mitra, Assistant Registrar and Chief Clerk in Insolvency on Rs. 400—600, *vice* Mr. G. Ryper, and Mr. D. Bose, Bar-at-Law, *vice* Babu Jyotish Chandra Mitra.

The following officiating arrangement has been made by the Hon'ble the Chief Justice with effect from the 25th February 1923 :—

Mr. J. S. Cotta, Assistant Registrar on Rs. 200—300, *vice* Mr. J. M. Ghose, Assistant Registrar on Rs. 300 (now on leave), and Mr. F. Palsett, shorthand writer on Rs. 200—450 *vice* Mr. J. S. Cotta. Mr. Palsett will draw the pay of his substantive post under rule 31 of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1794A.—Babu Priya Nath Basu, munsif of Feni, in the district of Noakhali, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Feni munsif.

By order of the High Court,

MAURICE REMFRY,

Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Act IX of 1887, that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Dacca and Munshiganj, will, in the month of April 1923, sit in the Courts on the undermentioned dates—

For April 1923.

Munshiganj ... From 16th to 21st April 1923.
Dacca ... The rest of the working days of the month of April 1923.

J. C. GOSWAMI, *Judge.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 504 R.G.—Maulvi Saiyid Furrokh Mirza, probationary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, Sadar, is temporarily posted to the Lalbagh subdivision of that district.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 27th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 506 R.G.—Babu Priya Ranjan Das Gupta, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Alipore, 24-Parganas district, is transferred to the headquarters station of the district of Khulna.

J. LANG, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 27th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 44 Jct.—Babu Gopal Chandra Chatterji is appointed to be a non-official visitor of the Balurghat sub-jail, in the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Babu Chandra Kumar Chatterji, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP KALIMPONG, *the 25th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 568 J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Susil Kumar Bhattacharjee to be a non-official visitor of the Vishnupur Subsidiary Jail, in the district of Bankura, for a period of two years, *vice* Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 19th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 831 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 63 (2) of the Jail Code, the following gentlemen are appointed to be non-official visitors of the undermentioned sub-jails in the district of Mymensingh :—

Netrokona sub-jail	...	Babu Umesh Chandra Sinha, <i>vice</i> Babu Gopi Nath Chakravarty, resigned.
Kishoreganj sub-jail	...	Maulvi Moslehuddin Ahmad, <i>vice</i> Babu Ram Narayan Agasti, B.A.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offy.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 27th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 31M.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the bye-election held on the 7th February 1923 in ward No. III of the Chakdah Municipality, in the district of Nadia, Babu Jotindra Nath Bose has been duly elected to be a Commissioner for that ward in place of Babu Manmatha Nath Pramanik, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 1st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 594M.—It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election will be held on Monday, the 16th April 1923, to elect a Commissioner in Ward No. VI of the Darjeeling Municipality, *vice* Mr. A. F. Cooke, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 3rd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 133L.S.-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, as amended, I approve the election of the following gentlemen as Chairmen of the three Local Boards named below in the district of Khulna :—

Name of Local Board.		Name of Chairman elected.	
Khulna (Sadar)	...	Babu Biswa Nath Nandi.	
Bongaichhat	...	" Suk Lal Nag.	
Satkhira	...	" Aurobinda Nath Roy Chowdhury.	

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 1st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 527L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Nagendra Nath Datta has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Balarambati union board in Singur police-station in the Serampur subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Hari Das Banerjee, resigned.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 24th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 544L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Muhammad Yasin has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Rajhat union board in Polba police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Munshi Bahar Mandal, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 27th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 588M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919) read with rule 39 of the rules under the Act for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Basiruddin has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Rajshahi as a member of the Mariasil union board in police-station Puthia in the Sadar subdivision of the Rajshahi district in place of Munshi Kalimuddin Mandal, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 2nd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 556 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Manmatha Nath Chaudhury has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of the Panchra union board in Jamalpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Hari Charan Banerjee, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 28th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 912 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, the District Magistrate has appointed Babu Chandra Kumar Rai Chaudhury to be a member of the Goshairhat union board, in police-station Goshairhat, in the Madaripur subdivision of the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Chandra Mohan Ghosh, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 794 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Harirampur in the Manikganj subdivision of the district of Dacca :—

1. The Senior Sub-Inspector of Harirampur police-station, *ex officio*, *vice* Maulvi Hosainuddin Choudhury *alias* Chand Miskin, resigned.
2. Syed Burhan Ali, *vice* Babu Madhusudan Chakravarty, resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 23rd February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 562 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) read with rule 23 of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Satya Taran Chaudhury has been appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Panchra, in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Jogendra Chandra Banerjee, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 1st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 6 of the Rules for Managing Committees of Government High Schools the following gentlemen have been appointed members to constitute the managing committee of the Rangpur Zilla School :—

- | | | |
|--|-----|---|
| (1) The District Magistrate | ... | President. |
| (2) The Head Master, Rangpur Zilla School | ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| (3) Babu Kalika Charan Roy | ... | Elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| (4) Rai Sarat Chandra Chatterji, Government Pleader, and Chairman, District Board, Rangpur | ... | Non-official member representative of the parents and guardians of the Hindu boys. |
| (5) Maulvi Muhammad Asaf Khan, B.L. | ... | Non-official member representative of the parents and guardians of the Muhammadan boys. |
| (6) Senior Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector | ... | Official member other than an inspecting officer of the Education Department. |

D. S. FRASER, *District Magistrate*.

RANGPUR MAGISTRACY, the 26th February 1923.



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PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India, in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 28th February 1923.

No. 737-558-Gen.—Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. D. Allart as Vice-Consul for the Netherlands at Calcutta.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 2nd March 1923.

PART B.

RESIGNATION.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 321—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

1 Brigade (Calcutta Port Defence), Royal Field and Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant C. B. Chartres. Dated 19th October 1921,

2nd Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Major Arthur Devon. Dated 2nd November 1922, and to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the corps on retirement.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following resolution issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. F.-1740-Judl.

RESOLUTION.

Delhi, the 21st February 1923.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 30 of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in Part B of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, Nos. 713—734, dated 2nd June 1913, relating to the execution of the deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council :—

1. After the entries under Heading II, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

“III.—Contracts and other instruments for the Indian Army Ordnance Corps :—

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>(1) Contracts for stores (other than textiles) obtained in India for supplies to Arsenal, Ordnance and Clothing Depôts.</p> <p>(2) Contracts for undertaking sales of unserviceable stores.</p> <p>(3) Agreements entered into in India with civilian employees for a specified period of service in the Indian Army Ordnance Corps.</p> <p>(4) Contracts for landing, weighing and forwarding Ordnance Stores.</p> <p>(5) All instruments connected with the receipt and delivery of property given as security.</p> | <p>By the Director of Equipment and Ordnance Stores</p>

<p>By the Director of Equipment and Ordnance Stores, Chief Ordnance Officers and Ordnance Officers of Depôts.”</p> |
|--|---|

2. Heading III shall be renumbered IV.

3. Heading “IV.—Contracts for the Army Clothing Department” and the entries under it shall be omitted.

Order.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to all local Governments and Administrations, the several Departments of the Government of India and the Solicitor to the Government of Bengal, for information and guidance, [with reference to its Office Memorandum No. 16964-5 (A.D.), dated the 6th January 1923] (and for communication to the Agent to the Governor General, Baluchistan), and that it be also published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

{ } To the Army Department.
{ } To the Foreign and Political Department.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Calcutta.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal notification No. 1410Medl., dated 7th April 1923, it is hereby notified that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 11 A.M. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 16th, 17th and 18th April 1923.

2. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 16th April 1923, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge.

3. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to rules 9 and 10 of the persons granting the certificates to rules 11 and 14 (3) and to the certificate forms O (3), D, E and F in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid notification as circulated by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Calcutta Hospitals, Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Chief Medical Officers, etc., with his circular No. 23, dated the 22nd July 1913.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

Preliminary test examination for admission into the compounders' class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the compounders' class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, will be held on Saturday, the 28th April 1923, at 11 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Superintendent, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, between the 1st and 15th April 1923.

No fees will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

NOTIFICATION.

Dressers' Examination at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

PASSED compounders, who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this School, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at the Dressership Examination to be held on Thursday, the 19th April 1923. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

NOTE.—This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders on production of a certificate that they have received instructions in a hospital or dispensary recognized by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

Bengal Veterinary College.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 9 A.M., on 23rd April 1923. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. D. MACGREGOR, I.V.S.,
Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

Orders by the Hon'ble the President and the Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association.

IT is hereby notified that a centre for holding the Sanskrit Title Examination, under the auspices of the Director of State Education at Indore, Central India, has been sanctioned by the Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association from the year 1923.

ASHUTOSH SHASTRI, *Secretary, Calcutta Sanskrit Association.*

OFFICE OF THE CALCUTTA SANSKRIT ASSOCIATION, the 14th February 1923.

Orders by the Hon'ble the President and the Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association.

IT is hereby notified that a centre for holding the Sanskrit Title Examinations under the auspices of the Sanskrit Samiti at Naogaon, Rajshahi, has been sanctioned by the Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association from the year 1923.

ASHUTOSH SHASTRI, *Secretary, Calcutta Sanskrit Association.*

OFFICE OF THE CALCUTTA SANSKRIT ASSOCIATION, the 24th February 1923.

BURDWAN DIVISION.**Supplementary list of candidates elected to Upper Primary Scholarships in the Burdwan Division.**

THE value of each of the Upper Primary Scholarships is Rs. 3 a month tenable for two years from 1st January 1923.

No.	Name.	School from which the candidate appeared.	School at which the Scholarship will be tenable.
HOWRAH DISTRICT.			
1.	Dhirendra Nath Shome ^a	Chakraber U P.	Santragachi M. E.
BIRBHUM DISTRICT.			
1.	Shaikh Alla Rakha (a)	Sorpur U. P.	Rampurhat Union High English School.

^a The scholarship will be paid by the Howrah Municipality.

(a) The reserved scholarship has been transferred from Midnapore to Birbhum district for want of a suitable Muhammedan candidate.

W. E. GRIFFITH, *Inspector of Schools.*

CHINSURA, the 2nd March 1923.

Final Examinations of Normal Schools in the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions, 1922.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examinations of the Normal Schools in the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions held in December 1922 :—

TWO-YEAR COURSE.

First Division.

(Arranged in order of merit.)

Serial No.	Roll No.	Name.	Age.			Name of School.
			Y.	M.	D.	
1	13	Chakravarty, Rames Chandra	...	17	10 21	Chittagong Normal School.
2	27	Mahammad Ishaq, II	...	17	11 9	Ditto.
3	35	Qazi Ali Newaz	...	18	10 11	Ditto.
4	30	Muzaffar Miyan	...	19	2 0	Ditto.
5	1	Abdul Ghani	...	19	14 12	Ditto.
6	7	Abdul Majid, II	...	18	0 0	Dacca Normal School.
7	53	Sutar, Radha Charan	...	18	0 0	Ditto.
	19	Md. Anwarulla	...	22	8 8	Rangpur Normal School.
8	5	Abdul Mannan	...	21	4 16	Dacca Normal School.
9	45	Pal, Debendra Kumar	...	18	7 26	Ditto.
10	34	Mobarak Ali	...	19	0 6	Ditto.
11	20	Jonab Ali	...	18	11 11	Chittagong Normal School.
12	11	Khan, Saifaluddin	...	18	4 8	Rangpur Normal School.
13	38	Md. Ibrahim	...	20	0 14	Dacca Normal School.
14	8	Abdul Majid, III	...	18	0 0	Ditto.
	36	Md Aked	...	19	0 15	Ditto.
15			...	18	6 3	Chittagong Normal School.

(Arranged in order of roll number.)

Roll No.	Name.	Age.			Name of School.
		Y.	M.	D.	
1	Abdul Based	...	18	0 0	Dacca Normal School.
2	Abdul Ghani	...	18	0 0	Ditto.
3	Abdul Hamid, I	...	18	1 0	Ditto.
4	Abdul Hamid, II	...	18	1 14	Ditto.
6	Abdul Majid, I	...	18	4 0	Ditto.
15	Das, Girish Chandra	...	18	5 15	Ditto.
19	Datta, Kashirote Chandra	...	18	0 18	Ditto.
20	Datta, Nares Chandra	...	18	7 6	Ditto.
21	Debnath, Radha Kanta	...	19	9 28	Ditto.
22	Fatey Ali	...	18	5 23	Ditto.
23	Ghosh, Suresh Chandra	...	18	1 6	Ditto.
24	Golam Nabi	...	18	0 14	Ditto.
27	Kar, Aswini Kumar	...	22	11 14	Ditto.
29	Kasim Ali	...	18	0 0	Ditto.
31	Kazi, Zahiduddin	...	18	2 14	Ditto.
32	Khan, Manzuddin	...	21	3 0	Ditto.
33	Khondkar, Md. Yasin	...	18	3 14	Ditto.
44	Noor Mohammad	...	18	0 17	Ditto.
47	Pal, Raj Kumar	...	18	4 27	Ditto.
48	Saha, Kunja Mohan	...	22	10 17	Ditto.
50	Sen, Upendra Chandra	...	18	1 0	Ditto.
51	Sen Gupta, Joy Chandra	...	22	0 0	Ditto.
4	Abdul Qader	...	18	10 26	Chittagong Normal School.
10	Bhannik, Nibaran Chandra	...	22	2 14	Ditto.
12	Chakravarty, Manomohan	...	18	5 14	Ditto.
15	Das, Sarada Kumar	...	18	10 2	Ditto.
19	Fazlur Rahman	...	20	11 4	Ditto.
22	Lodh, Surendra Kumar	...	19	2 17	Ditto.
23	Majumdar, Devendra Nath	...	19	2 0	Ditto.
24	Majumdar, Sitanath	...	18	5 22	Ditto.
26	Muhammad Ishaq, I	...	18	10 0	Ditto.
33	Olim Uddin	...	17	11 23	Ditto.
43	Sil, Bharat Chandra	...	19	8 29	Ditto.
45	Sultan Mahmud	...	19	1 19	Ditto.
2	Ahmed Tahrim Uddin	...	17	10 7	Rangpur Normal School.
6	Barma, Rajani Kanta	...	21	9 16	Ditto.
10	Khan, Kobad Ali	...	18	4 16	Ditto.
15	Mia, Raichuddin	...	20	11 27	Ditto.

Third Division.

(Arranged in order of roll number.)

Roll No.	Name.	Age.	Name of School.
Y. M. D.			
10	Amiruddin ...	21 1 22	Dacca Normal School.
11	Basak, Benode Behari ...	18 11 0	Ditto.
14	Das, Chandra Kumar ...	18 1 22	Ditto.
16	" Rajani Kanta ...	18 6 20	Ditto.
17	" Ram Kumar ...	18 1 24	Ditto.
18	" Kamala Kanta ...	19 0 0	Ditto.
25	Howladar, Krishna Bandhu ...	19 10 18	Ditto.
26	Hussan Uddin ...	19 1 19	Ditto.
28	Karam Ali ...	19 0 0	Ditto.
30	Kazi Aftabuddin ...	18 0 0	Ditto.
35	Md. Abdul Bari ...	18 0 24	Ditto.
39	" Ranjan Ali ...	18 4 14	Ditto.
40	" Nowab Ali ...	18 3 14	Ditto.
42	Md. Soyf Ali ...	18 0 15	Ditto.
46	Pal, Hamendra Chandra ...	19 2 15	Ditto.
49	Samsul Islam ...	18 0 14	Ditto.
52	Sil, Ananta Kumar ...	18 4 7	Ditto.
2	Abdul Halim ...	22 4 26	Chittagong Normal School.
3	Abdul Mannan Khan ...	17 10 12	Ditto.
5	Abdur Rashid ...	18 2 29	Ditto.
8	Asgar Ali ...	18 1 21	Ditto.
11	Chakravarty, Dharendra Kumar ...	19 8 12	Ditto.
14	Das, Bepin Chandra ...	19 11 0	Ditto.
16	Das, Sarada Prasanna ...	22 4 17	Ditto.
18	Dhar, Jitendra Kumar ...	18 0 20	Ditto.
21	Keramat Ali ...	19 4 26	Ditto.
25	Mandal, Haricharan ...	18 11 0	Ditto.
31	Nath, Hari Mohan ...	19 4 4	Ditto.
32	Nawab Ali ...	19 4 4	Ditto.
34	Pal, Harendra Kumar ...	20 0 14	Ditto.
38	Syedun Rahman ...	18 5 0	Ditto.
39	Sekandar Ahmad ...	17 10 0	Ditto.
41	Shamshul Haq Chowdhury ...	19 3 17	Ditto.
44	Sil, Sashi Bhushan ...	19 3 0	Ditto.
Private	Pal, Purna Chandra ...	...	Ditto.
4	Akand, Samser Ali ...	21 0 28	Rangpur Normal School.
5	Barna, Baburam ...	23 0 22	Ditto.
7	Basu, Krishnadhan ...	18 8 13	Ditto.
8	Bepari Sefatulla ...	21 11 3	Ditto.
9	Das, Indramohan ...	17 9 19	Ditto.
14	Mea, Yakub Ali ...	18 11 9	Ditto.
17	Mandal, Umed Ali ...	19 5 17	Ditto.
20	Pramanik, Shahebul ...	19 5 22	Ditto.
21	Purabit, Janaki Charan ...	18 6 9	Ditto.
23	Sarker, Khaliluddin ...	17 9 28	Ditto.
25	Roy, Krishna Mohan ...	...	Ditto.
Private	Majibar Rahman ...	...	Ditto.
"	Md. Azizuddin ...	...	Ditto.

TEACHERS' CLASS.

First Division.

(Arranged in order of merit.)

7	Moniruddin Ahmed ...	22 1 0	Dacca Normal School.
5	Md. Abdur Rahman ...	23 0 0	Ditto.

Second Division.

(Arranged in order of roll number.)

2	Das, Bilash Chandra ...	30 0 0	Dacca Normal School.
3	" Jonn Chandra ...	23 0 0	Ditto.
8	Mea, Abdul Majid, I ...	24 0 0	Ditto.
9	" Abdul Majid, II ...	22 10 0	Ditto.
11	Mallik, Surjya Kanta ...	29 0 0	Ditto.
4	Tariqullah ...	24 1 21	Chittagong Normal School.

Third Division.

(Arranged in order of roll number.)

Roll No.	Name.			Age.			Name of School.
				Y.	M.	D.	
1	Abdur Rashid	...	...	28	0	0	Dacca Normal School.
4	Deb, Gagan Chandra	...	...	28	10	0	Ditto.
12	Sadat Ali	...	...	28	0	0	Ditto.
13	Sayed Hasanuddin	...	...	28	0	0	Ditto.
2	Shamsuddin Ahmed	...	...	30	10	0	Chittagong Normal School.

M. WEST,
Principal, Training College, Dacca.

Dacca, the 9th February 1923.

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.

List of candidates who have been awarded Middle and Upper Primary scholarships, specially sanctioned for the depressed classes, under Government (Education Department) order No. 535Edn., dated the 18th February 1923.

(The value of each Middle scholarship is Rs. 4 a month tenable for 4 years and that of Upper Primary Rs. 3 a month tenable for 2 years, from 1st January 1923.)

Name of scholar.	Name of the school from which the candidate appeared.	Name of the school where the scholarship is tenable.
MIDDLE SCHOLARSHIPS.		
1. Ramnhasi Mandal	Najipur M. E.	Balurghat H. E.
2. Prafulla Kumar Shaha	Bangpur Practising M. E.	Bangpur Zilla School.
3. Naresh Chandra Chaudhury	Gajaghanta M. E.	Ditto.

UPPER PRIMARY SCHOLARSHIPS.

Bhabani Charan Baroi	Naogaon Practising U. P.	Naogaon H. E.
...	Bhadraghat U. P.	Jnanadaini M. E.

M. AHMED, Inspector of Schools (offg.).

RAJSHAHI, the 1st March 1923.

List of students successful at the City and Guilds of London Institute Special Technological Examinations in domestic subjects held at Kurseong and Darjeeling in November 1922.

		KURSEONG.	
Examination No.	Candidate's Name.	Subject of examination.	Class.
3	Robertson, Janey	Plain Cookery	1
4	Bunce, Barbara	Ditto	2
5	Winckler, Beryl	Ditto	2
6	Bunce, Muriel	Plain Needlework	1
7	Robertson, Janey	Ditto	2
8	Hill, Dorothy	Ditto	1
9	Winckler, Beryl	Ditto	1
10	Bunce, Barbara	Plain Cookery	1
11	Butler, Maud B.	Ditto	1
12	Collard, Margaret	Ditto	1
13	Howie, Ethel Muriel	Ditto	1
14	Montrose, Lilian A.	Ditto	2
15	Nash, Gertrude I.	Ditto	2
16	Rhenius, Mabel A. B.	Ditto	2
17	Yettie, Norah A.	Ditto	1
18	Millett, Dorothy E.	Ditto	2
19	Saul, Hannah K.	Plain Needlework	1
20	Butler, Maud B.	Ditto	2
21	Collard, Margaret	Ditto	1
22	Howie, Ethel	Ditto	2
23	Montrose, Lilian A.	Ditto	1
24	Nash, Gertrude I.	Ditto	1
25	Rhenius, Mabel A. B.	Ditto	1
26	Yettie, Norah A.		
		DARJEELING.	
1	Knowles, Kathleen	Plain Needlework	2
2	Buggy, Frances	Ditto	2
4	Martin, Lucy	Ditto	2
5	Instone, Marie	Ditto	2
6	Barkley, Lucy	Ditto	2

E. HOOGEWERF, Secretary,

City and Guilds Examination Committee.

The 1st March 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Preliminary Examination in Law in July 1923 will commence on Monday, the 2nd July 1923.

The Intermediate Examination in Law in July 1923 will commence on Monday, the 9th July 1923.

The Final Examination in Law in July 1923 will commence on Monday, the 16th July 1923.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE,

Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, the 26th February 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

Sir Bipinkrishna Bose Scholarship.

OUT of the interest of a sum of Rs. 8,000 in 6 per cent. War Bonds, made over to the University by Sir Bipinkrishna Bose, a scholarship of Rs. 40 a month, tenable for one year, will be annually awarded for proficiency in only one of the following subjects in the order stated :—

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| (1) Anthropology. | (5) Physiology |
| (2) Experimental Psychology. | (6) Geology |
| (3) Botany. | (7) Physics. |
| (4) Zoology. | (8) Chemistry. |

The scholarship will be awarded to the successful candidate who distinguishes himself most at the B. A. and B. Sc. Honours Examination in the subject for the year.

The first award will be made on the result of the examinations in 1924, and the subject of the scholarship for that year will be Anthropology; the subject for each succeeding year will be taken from the above list in the order.

The scholar shall prosecute his studies for the M.A. or the M.Sc. degree at the University College of Science and the scholarship will be tenable subject to the production of periodical certificates of satisfactory progress in study under the professors concerned.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 27th February 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

REVISED NOTICE.

THE Annual Convocation of the Senate for conferring degrees will be held at the Senate House, on Saturday, the 24th March 1923, at 3 P.M.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 3rd March 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

.. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL IRRIGATION REVENUE REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1921-22.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 27TH FEBRUARY 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 27.

READ—

The Annual Irrigation Revenue Report for the year 1921-22.

The irrigation and navigation works in operation in Bengal for which both capital and revenue accounts are kept are (1) the Midnapore Canal, (2) the Hijili Tidal Canal, (3) the Calcutta and Eastern Canals and (4) the Madaripur Bil Route. Of these, the Midnapore Canal is both for irrigation and navigation and the other three are for navigation only. All these works are now unproductive.

A capital account has also been opened and was maintained during the year under review for the Grand Trunk Canal, the construction of which was sanctioned by the Secretary of State at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,09,00,000,

although all works in connection with the project except those for which Government have committed themselves have been held in abeyance pending further examination on its productive aspect. For the Orissa Coast Canal, the Nadia Rivers and the Gaighatta and Baxi Khal a revenue account was maintained during the year, although this will be discontinued with effect from the financial year 1922-23. The other works of the department, viz., those in connection with the Eden Canal, the river training works and the anti-malarial works were treated as works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.

2. The financial results of the year and the capital expenditure to date are exhibited in the following statement :—

	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, DIRECT AND INDIRECT.		Receipt. of the year less refunds.	Expenditure of the year less refunds.	Net revenue of the year.	Net revenue of the previous year.
	Of the year.	To end of the year.				
<i>Works for which both capital and revenue accounts are kept.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
IRRIGATION.						
(Unproductive.)						
Midnapore Canal ...	- 247	84,96,213	2,32,836	1,91,646	41,190	- 4,576
NAVIGATION.						
(Productive.)						
Grand Trunk Canal ...	35,73,868	54,22,997	...	...	...	...
(Unproductive.)						
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	...	26,14,318	67,507	27,418	40,089	35,045
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	- 93,731	96,79,536	4,12,748	9,36,939	- 5,24,191	- 4,00,373
Madaripur Bil Route ...	7,52,809	61,26,005	2,85,199	1,09,243	1,75,956	1,81,959
Total ...	42,32,699	3,23,39,069	9,98,290	12,65,246	- 2,66,956	- 1,87,945
<i>Works for which only revenue accounts are kept.</i>						
Nadia Rivers ...	...	...	13,072	85,342	- 72,270	- 59,148
Orissa Coast Canal ...	...	...	14,786	10,280	4,506	5,545
Gaighatta and Buxi khal ...	...	...	1,900	2,248	- 348	1,430
Total ...	...	...	29,758	97,870	- 68,112	- 52,173
<i>Works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.</i>						
Eden Canal ...	...	...	31,337	36,170	4,833	- 13,358

3. The capital expenditure on the **Grand Trunk Canal** (direct and indirect) during the year was Rs. 35,73,868 and the total capital outlay to the end of the year was Rs. 54,22,997. The expenditure during the year was principally incurred to meet payments on account of the dredger "Ronaldshay" and also partly to meet establishment charges and the cost of acquisition of land.

4. No capital expenditure was incurred during the year on the **Midnapore Canal** which consists of two weirs at Midnapore and Panchkura, 69.75 miles of main and branch canal used both for irrigation and navigation, and 254.5 miles of distributaries. The area irrigated during the year was 83,012 acres as compared with 91,066 acres in 1920-21 and an average of 87,139 for the triennium ending March 1921. The receipts and working expenses (direct and indirect) were Rs. 2,32,836 and Rs. 1,91,646, the result being a net revenue of Rs. 41,190 against a net deficit of Rs. 4,576 in the preceding year. The large difference is due mainly to far less expenditure having been incurred in the year under review on maintenance than in the

preceding year. The water rates in this canal have since been raised generally. Proposals for increasing the navigation tolls on this and other canals are also under the consideration of Government.

5. No capital expenditure was incurred during the year on the **Hijili Tidal Canal** which with the Terapakia pass khal, Palaboni khal and the khal leading to the Gewankhali lock entrance constitutes a navigation canal of 49½ miles length. The receipts and working expenses of this canal during the year were Rs. 67,507 and Rs. 27,418, respectively, the result being a net revenue of Rs. 40,089 against a net revenue of Rs. 35,045 in the previous year. The better result is attributable to the absence of any flood and consequent depression in trade which was present in the previous year.

6. **The Calcutta and Eastern Canals** form a series of natural and artificial navigation channels extending for 1,184 miles for the purpose of maintaining communication between Calcutta and Eastern Bengal. The receipts during the year from navigation tolls on these canals were Rs. 3,87,457 as compared with Rs. 3,65,011 in the preceding year. A small capital outlay was incurred on the canal during the year and this was chiefly on excavating a channel between the Kakrabonia khal and Channel Creek to the south of the Doagra Channel in the Sundarbans steamer route. This channel will serve as an alternative to the Doagra Channel which is rapidly dying.

7. The capital expenditure during the year on the **Madaripur Bli Route** connecting the Madhumati and Kumar rivers in the Faridpur district, was incurred chiefly on the work of widening and deepening the main channel of the route. The receipts from navigation tolls amounted to Rs. 2,82,786 against Rs. 3,14,963 in the previous year. The heavy fall is chiefly due to depression in trade on account of heavy import duties and high prices of materials, failure of the rice crop, less production of jute owing to low price and also partly to the coal crisis.

3. **The Orissa Coast Canal** in conjunction with the Hijili Tidal Canal affords communication between Bengal and Orissa, and before the opening of the Bengal Nagpur Railway, it was the only inland route by which food could be conveyed into Orissa in time of famine. This canal is for navigation only and lies partly in this Presidency and partly in the province of Bihar and Orissa. The receipts and working expenses (direct and indirect) for the portion within Bengal were respectively Rs. 14,786 and Rs. 10,280 against Rs. 13,236 and Rs. 7,691 in the previous year.

9. The work in the **Nadia Rivers** consists in the training of the river channels by bandals with the two-fold object of maintaining by the scouring of shoals a sufficient depth of water for boat traffic and at the same time improving the sanitation of the country. The Hooghly river also depends on these rivers for its headwaters. The report of the Committee appointed in 1917 to advise Government on the steps to be taken to carry out systematic observations of the changes in the Nadia Rivers and also, if possible to improve their condition as navigable channels and as feeders for the Lower Hooghly is still under the consideration of Government. The only outcome so far has been the constitution of a permanent board whose duty it will be to examine all important projects which are likely to restrict the free flow of flood water. The receipts and working expenses (direct) of the system during the year under review were Rs. 13,072 and Rs. 78,786, respectively.

10. **The Gaighatta and Buxi Khal** is a short channel connecting the rivers Damodar and Rupnarain. The collection of tolls on boat traffic in this khal was leased for three years from 15th May 1919 at a rental of Rs. 4,700 per annum. The receipts and working expenses (direct) were respectively Rs. 1,900 and Rs. 2,189.

11. **The Eden Canal** was originally constructed for sanitary purposes, but it is now used to some extent for irrigation. The supply of water in the canal has become insufficient and uncertain in recent years owing to the precarious nature of supply in the Damodar river. It is expected that this state of things will improve on the construction of the Damodar canal project, an estimate amounting to Rs. 68 lakhs (direct charges) for which has been sanctioned by the Government of India and the Secretary of State. The

revised estimated cost of the project has risen up to 90 lakhs, and as it is impossible that under the present state of finance, Government should embark upon this prohibitive expenditure, an enquiry is being made if the people to be benefited by the project are agreeable to contribute to the same should it be thought desirable to carry it out under the Agricultural and Sanitary Improvement Act, 1920.

12. The work in connection with the **Improvement of the Bidyadhari river** by creating a spill reservoir for the flood-tide was in progress during the year. The operations have proved satisfactory, but for further improvement, dredging work has been commenced in the river to which the Corporation of Calcutta and the Government of Bengal will both contribute.

13. Of the works in connection with the projects for mitigating the effects of the Damodar floods, some were completed during the year and others were in progress.

14. (i) **Training Works** were, as usual, carried out in the Dhaleswari and Buriganga rivers to facilitate navigation and improve the water-supply of the town of Dacca. The training works were highly satisfactory in the Dhaleswari river, but it was not so in the Buriganga, as a considerable amount of discharge escaped through the cut at Jagannathpur.

(ii) Training works were also carried out during the year on the river Ganges between Rajmahal and Goalundo through the agency of the India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited.

(iii) To improve navigation as well as the sanitary conditions and water-supply of the town of Rampur Boalia, training works were carried out on the channel of the river Ganges.

(iv) At the mouth of the Bhagirathi river at its offtake from the Ganges no dredging was done during the year for want of funds as well as of a suitable dredger. Attempts were made to improve the entrance by means of bandalling only.

15. **General.**—As stated in the last year's resolution, the important problems with which the Irrigation Department in Bengal have to deal are connected more with the improvement of navigation and sanitary conditions and control of flood water in the province than with irrigation properly so called. As regards the improvement of navigation, the Government have long been impressed by the urgent necessity of developing the waterways and the Grand Trunk Canal is the outcome of laborious investigations carried out for the purpose for several years. The project was sanctioned by the Secretary of State, but a special officer has been deputed to work out the details to show its productive aspect to the Legislative Council before actual construction is taken up. It is expected that if the project is carried out, navigation in the Province will be very greatly improved.

The proposals for river improvements at Dacca were under consideration during the year under review. Of the anti-malarial schemes required for the improvement of the sanitary and drainage condition of the Province, some were completed during the year and others were under construction or investigation. The flood embankments and the sluices in them were efficiently maintained during the year.

16. The Irrigation Department during the year under review was successively in charge of Rai Amar Nath Das Bahadur, Mr. C. Addams-Williams, C.I.E., and Mr. G. T. Huntingford. The thanks of Government are due to these officers for the efficient conduct of the affairs of the Government during the year. The good work of other officers has also been noted by Government.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and a copy thereof and of its accompaniments be submitted to the Government of India in the Public Works Department and circulated to other Governments and to all Departments and officers of this Government as usual.

By order of the Governor in Council,

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

**ALLOTMENT OF VARIOUS GOVERNMENT OFFICES IN CALCUTTA FOR THE
PURPOSE OF MEDICAL CERTIFICATES BETWEEN THE PRESIDENCY
SURGEONS.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Medical.

CALCUTTA, THE 2ND MARCH 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 627Medl.

READ—

This Governemnt resolution No. 1088Medl., dated the 25th May 1915.

SINCE the issue of the orders contained in the resolution cited above several amendments have been made in the appendix attached thereto. Moreover, as a result of the Reforms, the allotment of various departments for the purpose of medical certificates between the Presidency Surgeons has been altered to a considerable extent. The designation of certain officers has, moreover, been changed, and new offices under this Government and the Government of India have been created. It has therefore been decided to issue revised orders embodying all the changes which have since been made.

2. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that the ~~annual~~ appendix, which has been revised in accordance with the above decision, should be substituted for the appendix published with the resolution cited above.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to all heads of departments for information and communication to officers subordinate to them.

Ordered also that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to all departments of this Government for information.

Ordered also that a copy of this resolution be submitted to the Government of India, Education Department, for information.

Ordered also that this resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Government of Bengal

(Ministry of Local Self-Government)

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Governn.ent of Bengal (offg.).

Distribution of the officers attached to the various Government offices in Calcutta for the purpose of the grant of medical certificates.

Offices and Departments.	Gazetted Officers.	Non-gazetted Officers.	Total.
1	2	3	4
Professor of Midwifery.			
Secretariat (Appointment, Political and Judicial Departments of the Government of Bengal).	5	99	104
Bengali Translator to Government ...	1	17	18
Legal Remembrancer's Office ...	3	10	13
Coroner's Court ...	1	1	2
Public Prosecutor's Office ...	1	6	7
Chief Presidency Magistrate ...	7	56	63
Municipal Magistrate's Office ...	2	13	15
Calcutta Small Cause Court ...	8	110	118
Indian Law Reporter ...	...	9	9
Central Examination Committee ...	...	2	2
Inspector-General of Police ...	15	211	226
Secretariat (Agriculture and Industries Department of the Government of Bengal).	3	25	28
Deputy Director of Agriculture, Bengal ...	1	4	5
Director of Fisheries, Bengal ...	3	6	9
Bengal Veterinary College, Belgachia ...	8	30	38
Civil Veterinary Department ...	2	20	22
Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal ...	5	39	44
Director of Industries, Bengal ...	12	129	141
Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal ...	5	28	33
Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Sibpur, and Calcutta Gardens.	1	6	7
Honorary Secretary, Zoological Garden, Alipore ...	2	4	6
Secretariat (Legislative Department of the Government of Bengal).	5	20	25
Book Depôt ...	...	16	16
Secretariat (Revenue Department of the Government of Bengal).	3	47	50
Office of Director of Land Records ...	2	14	16
Office of Director of Surveys, Bengal ...	1	21	22
Bengal Traverse and Miscellaneous Section ...	3	62	65
Bengal Drawing Office ...	2	151	153
Board of Revenue ...	1	33	34
Commissioner of the Presidency Division ...	3	35	38
Office of the Lady Adviser to the Court of Wards ...	...	2	2
Government Gardens in Calcutta ...	...	2	2
Census Operation ...	...	2	2
Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal ...	1	25	26
Jail Depôt, Calcutta ...	...	4	4
Presidency Jail ...	2	41	43
Juvenile Jail ...	1	20	21
Alipore Central Jail ...	1	23	24
Press and Forms Department ...	1	109	110
Office of the Protector of Emigrants, Calcutta ...	...	14	14
Establishment of the Orphananj (Kidderpore) and Calcutta Markets.	...	4	5
Army Department ...	1	45	46
Ordnance Department (Factories) ...	4	50	54
Ditto (Stores) ...	...	20	20
Army Remount Department ...	2	4	6
Military Works Services ...	3	90	93

Offices and Departments.	Gazetted Officers.	Non-gazetted Officers.	Total.
1	2	3	4
Professor of Midwifery—concluded.			
Medical Stores Depot	2	38	40
Foreign and Political Department of the Government of India (Calcutta Establishment).	...	2	2
Legislative Department of the Government of India (Calcutta Establishment)	...	4	4
Meteorological Department (Revenue and Agriculture Department, Government of India).	1	33	34
Survey of India	20	824	844
	145	2,280	2,725
Professor of Clinical Medicine.			
Secretariat (Finance, Commerce and Marine Departments of the Government of Bengal).	4	90	94
Collector of Calcutta	23	78	101
Collector of Customs, Calcutta	8	483	491
Income-tax Office	6	152	158
Presidency Commissioner's Office, Income-tax Department.	...	1	1
Accountant-General, Bengal	10	411	421
Examiner of Local Accounts	1	28	29
Examiner of Outside Accounts	1	31	32
Opium Godown ... ..	...	3	3
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies	2	10	12
Electrical Adviser and Electrical Inspector, Bengal and Assam.	2	5	7
Chief Inspector of Factories	5	8	13
Bengal Secretariat Press	1	254	255
Do. do. Branch Press ... ..	...	108	108
Private Secretary's Press ... ..	...	13	13
Smoke Nuisances Commission	3	3	6
Boiler Office	10	10	20
Port Office	9	125	134
Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor	3	3	6
Shipping Office	2	12	14
Branch Shipping Office	1	15	16
Agent for Government Consignments	2	54	56
Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence (Department of Commerce, Government of India, excluding Army Clothing Department.)	5	38	43
Office of Director of Statistics	1	95	96
Department of Commerce of the Government of India (Calcutta Establishment.)	...	1	1
Controller of Currency (Finance Department, Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	3	63	66
Currency Office, Calcutta	3	350	353
Mint and Assay Masters, Calcutta	4	87	91
Assistant-in-charge, Finance Department of the Government of India, Calcutta.	...	1	1
	109	2,532	2,641
Professor of Surgery.			
Secretariat (Public Works Department of the Government of Bengal).	3	62	65
Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle	1	28	29
Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	5	52	57
Ditto, 2nd ditto	5	57	62
Ditto, 3rd ditto	4	40	44
Ditto, Electric Division	4	41	45

Offices and Departments.	Gazetted Officers.	Non-gazetted Officers.	Total.
1	2	3	4
Professor of Surgery—concluded.			
Superintending Engineer, Central Circle ...	1	30	31
Consulting Architect, Bengal ...	3	17	20
Superintendent, Governor's Estate ...	1	18	19
Government Central Press, Calcutta, (Department of Industries, Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	3	689	692
Office of the Director of Telegraph Engineering, Eastern Circle, (Public Works Department of the Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	1	16	17
Office of the Divisional Engineers, Telegraphs, Calcutta, East and West Divisions.	7	117	124
Office of the Controller of Stores, Alipore ...	2	77	79
Office of the Superintendent of Workshop, Alipore ...	2	58	60
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs including the Office of the Chief Electrician, Telegraphs, Alipore, (Public Works Department of the Government of India).	23	269	292
Deputy Postmaster-General, Railway Mail Service, Eastern Circle.	2	42	64
Railway Mail Service, "C" Division ...	1	230	231
Ditto, "E" do. ...	1	137	138
Office of the Director of Geological Survey of India, (Department of Industries of the Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	37	30	67
Office of Superintendent of Local Manufactures ...	4	44	48
Office of the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India, (Department of Industries of the Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	3	7	10
Office of Controller of Patents and Designs ...	3	10	13
High Court (Home Department of the Government of India.)	18	389	407
In connection with the revision of records ...	...	2	2
Office of the Administrator-General, Bengal ...	2	58	60
	136	2,540	2,676
Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery.			
Office of Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam (Public Works Department of the Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	1	128	139
Dead Letter Office, Bengal ...	...	92	92
Stock Depôt, Bengal ...	...	23	23
Calcutta General Post Office and its Town Sub-Offices.	7	1,289	1,296
Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, Calcutta Sorting.	1	395	396
Superintendent of Post Offices, Presidency Division.	1	3	4
Central Telegraph Office and its local offices ...	3	730	733
	23	2,660	2,683
Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery.			
Military Accounts Department (Finance Department of the Government of India, <i>portion</i>).	10	271	281
Examiner, Press Accounts ...	2	12	14
Accountant-General, Central Revenues ...	5	224	229
Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs ...	9	1,145	1,154
Secretariat (Local Self-Government and Education Department of the Government of Bengal).	3	48	51

Offices and Departments.	Gazetted Officers.	Non-gazetted Officers.	Total.
1	2	3	4
Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery—concluded.			
Director of Public Instruction, Calcutta Branch ...	6	27	33
Inspector of European Schools ...	1	4	5
Inspector of European Schools, Presidency Division	6	13	19
Assistant Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.	1	1	2
Inspector of Schools, Burdwan and Presidency Divisions.	1	2	3
Additional Inspector of Schools, Calcutta and Diamond Harbour.	1	1	2
Deputy Inspector of Schools ...	2	4	6
Presidency College ...	36	37	73
Bethune College ...	5	5	10
Bethune Collegiate School ...	1	14	15
Sanskrit College ...	5	12	17
Sanskrit Collegiate School ...	...	10	16
Calcutta Madrasah, Arabic Department ...	4	21	25
Ditto Anglo-Persian Department ...	2	19	21
Hare School ...	2	21	23
Hindu School ...	1	21	22
Model School ...	...	9	9
Calcutta Training School ...	1	7	8
Elliot Madrasah Hostel ...	...	2	2
Woodburn Middle English School ...	...	7	7
Eden Hindu Hostel ...	1	1	2
David Hare Training School ...	4	1	5
Model Maktab ...	...	2	2
Baker Madrasah Hostel ...	...	2	2
Inspecting Pandit ...	...	4	4
Director of Public Health ...	1	25	26
Assistant Director of Public Health ...	2	8	10
Health Officer, Port of Calcutta ...	1	11	12
Registrar of Births and Deaths, etc. ...	...	5	5
Chief Engineer, Public Health Department ...	4	13	17
St. Thomas' Church ...	1	...	1
Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal	2	24	26
Presidency General Hospital ...	10	15	25
Medical College ...	28	12	40
Campbell Hospital ...	1	54	55
Campbell Medical School ...	9	20	29
Chemical Examiner ...	7	8	15
Voluntary Venereal Hospital ...	1	4	5
Albert Victor Leper Asylum ...	1	5	6
Lunatic Asylum, Bhowanipore ...	2	46	48
Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal ...	4	32	36
Registrar of Assurances, Calcutta ...	2	30	32
Medical College Hospital ...	10	24	34
Railway Board (Calcutta Establishment of the Railway Department of the Government of India, portion).	...	2	2
In connection with the revision of records ...	...	1	1
Office of Mining Engineer and Metallurgist, Railway Department.	2	14	16
Office of the Senior Government Inspector of Railways (Circles Nos. 1 and 2).	2	5	7
Coal Transportation Officer ...	1	22	23
Controller of Printing, Stationery and Stamps, (Department of Industries of the Government of India, portion).	3	135	138
	203	2,468	2,671

Offices and Departments.	Gazetted Officers.	Non-gazetted Officers.	Total.
1	2	3	4
Police Surgeon, Calcutta.			
Police Commissioner's Office, Calcutta ...	...	138	138
Executive Police Force ...	18	4,622	4,640
Police supplied to private individuals ...	...	63	63
Police Hospital ...	3	7	10
Calcutta Morgue ...	...	3	3
Armed Foot Police ...	1	14	15
Cattle Pound ...	...	4	4
Burma Military Police ...	...	2	2
First Aid Staff ...	2	...	2
River dock and jetty ...	2	714	716
	26	5,567	5,593
Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.			
Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal (Military Secretary's Office of the Government of Bengal).	7	7	14
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.	1	6	7
Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal	2	1	3
	10	14	24
Civil Surgeon, 24-Parganas.			
Army Clothing Department (Department of Commerce of the Government of India).	...	4	4
Royal Indian Marine ...	1	6	7
Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian and Bengal-Nagpur Railways (Finance Department of the Government of India, <i>portion</i> .)	1	9	10
	2	19	21

**RESOLUTION ON THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT REPORTS FOR THE
YEAR ENDING THE 30TH SEPTEMBER 1922.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.**REVENUE DEPARTMENT.****Land Revenue.****CALCUTTA, THE 5TH MARCH 1923.**

RESOLUTION—No. 232L.R.**READ—****The Survey and Settlement Reports for the year ending the 30th September 1922.**

During the year under review the decision to reduce the survey programme from a four-party to a two-party programme was carried into effect. Traverse survey was finished in the districts of Bogra and Pabna by one party and continued in that of Khulna by the second party. The main programme carried out consisted of 1,864 square miles against an estimate of 1,801 square miles. It was fully completed and no revision work remained.

The Survey Department also carried on some miscellaneous surveys during the year. The survey of the limits of the jurisdiction of the Calcutta High Court which was undertaken during the preceding year was continued during the year under review.

2. The report of the Director of Land Records shows that the settlement staff made good progress in the face of great discouragement. In addition to being afflicted by epidemics of influenza and fever, which of late have been seriously interfering with the progress of settlement work, the settlement staff were, during the year under review, harassed by the spread of non-co-operation to the mufassal and an outbreak of lawlessness which synchronised with the most critical months of the short field season. The effects of the outbreak were most seriously felt in the Pabna-Bogra and Birbhum settlements. In the district of Bogra every householder was forbidden on pain of boycott to give any shelter or food to an amin or to sell anything to a settlement employee even in the markets; Mr. Macpherson, I.C.S., the charge officer, was attacked by a big crowd armed with sticks and oars and but for the intervention of some friendly villagers might have been seriously hurt. In the district of Birbhum the amins were driven out of the most important villages, and in some cases the houses, in which they had taken shelter, were burnt, and in others they were escorted to the railway station and given their fares home; the Settlement Officer and his staff were publicly insulted and abused and on more than one occasion narrowly escaped assault. Non-co-operation also interfered with recovery in Jessore and was partly responsible for strikes in the Bankura and Nadia presses. The settlement staff, however, faced the unexpected situation with exemplary courage and patience: and it is significant to note that the Director of Land Records reports that in the district of Bogra the raiyats eventually realised that they had been misled and were soon taking as much interest in the work as the raiyats of Bakarganj or Mymensingh before the war. Moreover, but for the fact that the number of plots and interests to the square mile have largely exceeded the standard in all the districts taken up in recent years, the programmes

would have been practically up-to-date in all settlements in spite of the curtailment of the budgets and the consequent sudden changes in the programme.

3. Major settlement operations in the districts of Mymensingh, Midnapore, Tippera, Noakhali and Rajshahi, which were in their closing stages, were practically completed; they were in full swing in the districts of Pabna, Bogra, Bankura, Birbhum, Nadia, Jessore and Khulna. The new districts taken up for cadastral survey during the year were Khulna in place of Jessore and Birbhum in place of Burdwan. Owing to the financial difficulties of the province, only a limited programme was undertaken in Birbhum and the work stopped; the work was confined to the cadastral survey and kharanpuri of 628 square miles out of the area traversed in 1920-21. Altogether 2,500 square miles were cadastrally surveyed against 2,875 square miles in the previous year and 2,477 square miles in 1919-20. Attestation was done in 2,638 square miles and final publication was completed in 2,387 square miles as against 2,477 and 2,140 square miles, respectively, in the previous year. By the end of the year, records-of-rights had been completed in 58·4 per cent. of the area in this province to which the Bengal Tenancy Act applies. The decision to reduce the programme from a four-party to a two-party programme also applies to the settlement proceedings under the Director of Land Records in respect of cadastral parties. Thus during the year under review there were two full cadastral parties at work in Pabna-Bogra and a reduced party in Birbhum. The complete reduction to a two party programme has been effected from the year 1922-23, but the settlements of districts taken up in accordance with the larger programme are still under completion.

4. Important minor settlement operations for the revision of land revenue were also carried on in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Dacca, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Tippera, Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri. Altogether, 402·79 square miles were cadastrally surveyed and records of 15·25 square miles were finally published. The revenue was increased from Rs. 77,362 to Rs. 1,08,039.

5. In Nadia, complicated questions connected with *utbandi* tenancies cropped up in the third block as in the first two blocks. In some parts of this block the increased demand for land has led the tenants to take conversion of the *utbandi* lands into ordinary raiyati holdings on the landlords' terms. But, owing to the rates at which conversion was made being too high, some of the poorer lands have been surrendered, and settlement on the *utbandi* system is again going on. A Bill which has been framed on the recommendations of the Committee appointed to consider the amendment of the Bengal Tenancy Act about the conversion of *utbandi* tenancies into ordinary raiyati holdings has recently been circulated for opinion.

6. Resumption proceedings have formed a heavy incubus on the settlement operations in all the districts of Eastern Bengal, but all the main rivers of the province have now been covered and except perhaps in Khulna the burden on future settlements is expected to be comparatively light.

Up to the end of the year under review, proceedings have been drawn up for 1,827 new estates; and the proceedings for 1,550 estates with a land revenue of over Rs. 2,26,000 have been confirmed by the Board of Revenue. The Director of Land Records makes the interesting statement that if the value to Government of the new estates thus formed is capitalised at 20 times the revenue the proceedings have secured to the State property worth about 58 lakhs of rupees at a cost hardly exceeding 5 per cent. of this amount.

7. Mr. C. A. O'Donel officiated for Lieutenant-Colonel F. C. Hirst in the Bengal Survey Department up to the 19th November 1921, after which Lieutenant-Colonel Hirst held charge of it up to the end of the year. Mr. F. A. Sachse, I.C.S., was in charge of the Department of Land Records throughout the year. The Governor in Council has much pleasure in acknowledging the services rendered by these officers and also by the



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 2256A.—The 5th March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. R. H. Muir of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 2259A.—The 5th March 1923.—A vacancy having occurred in the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation by Mr. R. H. Muir, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 24 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 14th April 1923.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 2832A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—*No. 2274A.—The 5th March 1923.*—Babu Manindra Bhushan Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Birbhum district.

Birbhum.

No. 2301A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. J. Younie, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty, is posted temporarily to the headquarters station of the Jalpaiguri district.

No. 2306A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. J. D. V. Hodge, I.C.S., on leave, is appointed to act until further orders as Magistrate and Collector, Tippera.

No. 2309A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. J. H. Lindsay, I.C.S., on leave, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector, 24-Parganas.

No. 2321A.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Nirmal Kumar Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 2324A.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Akhil Chandra Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Dacca Division.

No. 2335A.—The 7th March 1923.—The orders of the 2nd March 1923 appointing Mr. Chanindra Mohan Chatterji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, on leave, to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Dacca, are cancelled.

No. 2338A.—The 7th March 1923.—Nawabzada Saiyid Ali Ashraf, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.

No. 2372A.—The 7th March 1923.—Maulvi Saiyid Furrokh Mirza, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on probation, Murshidabad, is temporarily transferred to the Lalbagh subdivision of that district.

No. 2374A.—The 7th March 1923.—The services of Mr. R. Douglas, I.C.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

No. 2406A.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. J. R. Blair, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Mymensingh, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 2408A.—The 9th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Braja Durlabh Hajra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, to be Additional District Magistrate, Mymensingh, for a period not exceeding six months and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

No. 2601A.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. Birendra Kumar Basu, I.C.S., officiating Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, Mymensingh, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District and Sessions Judge, Rajshahi and Malda.

No. 2605A.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. Satyendra Nath Modak, I.C.S., Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lalbagh, Murshidabad, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, Mymensingh.

No. 2705A.—The 13th March 1923.—Mr. J. Younie, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, is appointed to act as Deputy Commissioner of that district, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. H. Nelson, I.C.S., or until further orders.

POLICE.—No. 2020A.—The 28th February 1923.—Captain P. J. Doherty is appointed to be an Assistant Commandant, Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion).

No. 2616A.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. W. E. Duckfield, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is transferred to Dacca and is appointed to have charge of the Dacca City Police, on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Tippera.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 2296A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. W. H. Nelson, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Jalpaiguri, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 25th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2313A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. Satyendra Nath Roy, I.C.S., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for fourteen days.

No. 2314A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. M. Smither, I.C.S., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for fifteen days.

No. 2351A.—The 7th March 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Taheruddin, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, Rajshahi, is allowed leave for four months, viz., leave on average pay for three months and thirteen days (of which two months and five days are on account of privilege leave at his credit) or the amount due on the date of relief, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2395A.—The 9th March 1923.—Babu Paresb Nath Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, was on leave for two months and fifteen days with effect from the 23rd November 1922, viz., leave on average pay for two months and two days (of which one month and three days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 2402A.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. W. S. Hopkyns, O.B.E., I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (including a period of one month and four days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923.

No. 2707A.—The 12th March 1923.—Major H. G. Benton, an Aide-de-Camp on the personal staff of His Excellency the Governor of Bengal, is allowed combined leave for six months, with effect from the 12th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., privilege leave for sixty days and furlough for the remaining period, under Army Instruction No. 793 of 1922 (India).

POLICE.—*No. 2290A.—The 6th March 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf, probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (the whole period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th February 1923.

No. 2328A.—The 7th March 1923.—Mr. C. S. Buckner, probationary Assistant Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th February 1923.

No. 2692A.—The 10th March 1923.—Babu Narendra Chandra Bhattacharji, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2693A.—The 10th March 1923.—Rai Sahib Kumud Mohan Das Gupta, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 26th February 1923.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2262A.—The 5th March 1923.—With reference to notification No. 2259A., dated the 5th March 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 21st March 1923 as the date by which nomination papers of candidates for election by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency shall reach the Returning Officer.

No. 2411A.—The 9th March 1923.—The following is substituted for rule (2) in Appendix IX to the rules for the departmental examination of Assistant Magistrates and others dated the 14th September 1912:—

“Officers of the Bengal Civil Service (Executive) and the Subordinate Civil Service will be on probation for a minimum period of two years after appointment. During

this time they should be trained so as to get as much experience as possible in Magisterial and Revenue Courts with a view to their acquiring a knowledge of official routine. They should also study the Codes and the Acts to enable them to go up for their departmental examinations. They will be allowed to appear for the Lower Standard at the first half-yearly examination held after their appointment; and in no case will an officer be confirmed until he has passed these examinations completely by the Higher Standard."

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2483P.—The 7th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a leaflet in English by M. N. Roy, headed "Open letter to Chittaranjan Das and his followers" and beginning with the words "The 37th Annual Session of the Indian National Congress at Gaya marked, etc.," and ending with the words "left in the folds of the 'No-change' party" and all other documents containing the matter of the said leaflet on the ground that the said leaflet contains words which excite or attempt to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

No. 2564P.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of issue volume II, No. 1, of a newspaper in English called the "Vanguard" dated the 15th February 1923, commencing with the words "Ourselves—In India to-day we hear everybody talk about the masses" and ending with the words "everywhere merely serves the interests of Imperialism" and all other documents containing extracts therefrom on the ground that the said newspaper contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred and contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

No. 2612P.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a leaflet in English by M. N. Roy headed "An appeal to the labour unions of India" and commencing with the words "Workingmen and workingwomen" and ending with the words "save these soldiers of freedom. Signed. For the Communist party. M. N. Roy", and all copies of all other documents containing the matter of the said leaflet on the ground that the said leaflet contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

No. 2738P.—The 9th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 12, sub-section (1) of the Indian Territorial Force Act, 1920 (XLVIII of 1920), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following as members of the Advisory Committee, Indian Territorial Force, constituted under notification No. 14316 P., dated the 18th October 1921. They will hold office for one year from the 1st April 1923 to the 31st March 1924 :—

- (1) Dr. S. K. Mullick, C.B.E. (2) Dr. H. S. Suhrawardy.
(3) Major E. B. Mangin.

2. The Governor in Council is also pleased in exercise of the power conferred by rule 29 (2) of the Indian Territorial Force Rules, 1920, to reappoint Dr. S. K. Mullick, C.B.E., as President of the said Committee.

No. 2806P.—The 19th February 1923.—The Magistrate and Collector, Tippera, is appointed to be *ex officio* Political Agent, Tripura.
Tippera.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 180 Pl.—The 6th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Goondas Act, 1923 (Bengal Act I of 1923), the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe the following form of warrant for the arrest of a person against whom a report has been made under section 3 of the Act:—

Warrant of arrest.

(Section 4 of the Goondas Act, 1923.)

To

(Name and designation of the Police officer to whom the warrant is addressed.)

WHEREAS it appears from a report of the Commissioner of Police District Magistrate of that of is a Goonda or a member of a gang or body of Goondas and is residing within or habitually visiting or frequenting Calcutta the neighbourhood of Calcutta and whereas the said is committing, has committed or is about to commit or is assisting or abetting the commission of an offence or of offences specified in section 3 of the Goondas Act, 1923, namely*

so as to be a danger to or cause or be likely to cause alarm, to the inhabitants or to any section of the inhabitants of Calcutta the neighbourhood of Calcutta.

You are hereby directed to arrest the said and to produce him within twenty-four hours of his arrest at before the Commissioner of Police District Magistrate of.

2. The heads of charges made against the said are that he

..... and he is hereby required under section 4, sub-section (2) to submit on day of by petition to the Advising Judges any representation that the said may desire to make.

Herein fail not.

Dated Calcutta, the day of

Signature

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

* Here specify the nature of the offence or offences.

If the said shall give bail himself in the sum of with one surety in the sum of (or two sureties each in the sum of) to attend before the Commissioner of Police District Magistrate of on the day of and to continue so to attend, until otherwise directed by me, he may be released.

Dated Calcutta, the day of

Signature

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Warrant for detention in custody in default of bail.

If the said is not able to furnish the above bail he will after production before the ^{Commissioner of Police} District Magistrate of be detained in custody in the jail at until the final order of the Government under section 6 of the Act is communicated to him, and you the Superintendent (or keeper) of the said jail are hereby authorised and required to receive the said into your custody and to produce him before the ^{Commissioner of Police} District Magistrate of on such day as may be fixed for the communication to him of the final order aforesaid.

Dated Calcutta, the day of

Signature.....

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTE.—A duplicate copy of the warrant should be made over to the person arrested thereunder.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2833A.

POWERS.

No. 2288A.—The 6th March 1923.—The officers named below are vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure:—

Rangpur.

Babu Hiranya Kumar Das Gupta, Deputy Magistrate, Rangpur.
Maulvi Abdul Majid, No. III, Deputy Magistrate, Rangpur.

No. 2292A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. R. H. Hutchings, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate, Manikganj, Dacca, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal

Dacca.

Procedure.

No. 2294A.—The 6th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct the officers named below to take down evidence in the English language:—

*** Tippera.**

Babu Manindra Kumar Sen, Deputy Magistrate, Chandpur, Tippera,
„ Sudhansu Ranjan De, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Tippera.

No. 2303A.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. J. Younie, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate, Jalpaiguri, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Jalpaiguri.

No. 2321A.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Nirmal Kumar Sen, who has under orders of this date been posted to the Burdwan Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Burdwan Divn.

No. 2360A.—The 7th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Kashiwar Chakrabatti, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Rajshahi, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (2) of the section

Rajshahi.

No. 2361A.—The 7th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu **Rajshahi.** Ramesh Chandra Sen, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Rajshahi, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 2364A.—The 7th March 1923.—Rai Anath Bandhu De Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate, Rajshahi, is vested, under section 407 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear appeals from the decisions of Magistrates of the second and third classes.

No. 2608A.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. Satya Priya Bhattacharji, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1412J.—The 6th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Surja Narayan Chatterji the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Barasat subdivision of the said district, and
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Barasat bench in the said district.

No. 1416J.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. Alexander Addis Leslie is appointed to act as Deputy Administrator-General and Deputy Official Trustee, Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. C. Morgan or until further orders.

No. 1447J.—The 7th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Garden Reach bench in the said district :—
- (1) Mr. Unsud Dowla. | (2) Babu Adya Nath Chatterji.

In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the Governor in Council is further pleased to direct Mr. Unsud Dowla to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1482J.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Suresh Chandra Mitra the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Gobardanga bench in the said district and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1498J.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Kali Kumar Ray Chaudhuri the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Alipore bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

He is also vested with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and to order at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 1506J.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon each of the following gentlemen the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Howrah, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

Howrah.

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district:—

1. Khan Shihab Golam Rabbani.
2. Babu Matilal Barman.

No. 1508J.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Asipada Mallik the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Howrah, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

Howrah.

(b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1520J.—The 8th March 1923.—Babu Gopaldas Ghosh, munsif, on leave, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Midnapore, *vice* Mr. Krishna Kumar Sen, transferred, or until further orders.

Midnapore.

No. 1524J.—The 9th March 1923.—Babu Gyanada Sankar Gupta, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Khulna, to be ordinarily stationed at Sadar, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Nikunja Bihari Banarji or until further orders.

Khulna.

No. 1537J.—The 9th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Ashutosh Bhattacharji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

24-Parganas.

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Bhatpara Bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1549J.—The 10th March 1923.—Babu Nikunja Bihari Banarji, munsif of Khulna, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Sherpur, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sherpur munsifi and also with the powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

Khulna.
Mymensingh.

No. 1551J.—The 10th March 1923.—Babu Bagala Prasanna Basu, munsif of Sherpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Khulna, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

Mymensingh.
Khulna.

LEAVE.

No. 1414J.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. C. C. Morgan, Deputy Administrator-General and Deputy Official Trustee, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which two months and eight days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 7th March 1923 or from any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

No. 1516J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Nikunja Bihari Banarji, munsif of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay (on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit) for twenty-five days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th March 1923.

Khulna.

No. 1517J.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Atul Chandra Ray, munsif of Narayanganj, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 15th to the 17th February 1923, under article 8P (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1518J.—The 26th February 1923.—Babu Priyabrata Sen, munsif of Jhenidah, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on half pay, on medical certificate, from the 18th to the 26th November 1922, under the Local Government's ruling 1 (b) on article 103 (a) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1519J.—The 28th February 1923.—Babu Gopal Das Ghosh, munsif, now acting as Subordinate Judge, Midnapore, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 20th January to the 5th February 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1574J.—The 10th March 1923.—In supersession of notifications Nos. 9085J., dated the 23rd December 1922, and 999J., dated the 16th February 1923, Babu Phanindra Mohan Chatterji, Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Dacca and Tippera, now employed at Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay from the 12th December 1922 to the 11th March 1923 (both days inclusive) on medical certificate under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1577J.—The 10th March 1923.—Mr. Satish Chandra Mitra, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed leave for six months and nineteen days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 21st March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 794-M.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. Pasupati Dutt to be a Commissioner of the Rangpur Municipality, vice Khan Sahib Maulvi Syed Abdul Mansur, resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 835-M.—The 12th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Baduria Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 23 of that Act, electing Babu Khetra Nath Mukerji to be Chairman of that Municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 758-M.—The 7th March 1923.—The following draft of a notification which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to issue in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Hackney Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), is published, as required by the second proviso to that section, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st May 1923, and any objection or suggestion with regard thereto which may be received by the undersigned from any rate-payer or inhabitant of the Jamalpur Municipality before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft order.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Calcutta Hackney Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend to the Jamalpur Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, all the provisions of the said Act except sub-section (1) of section 6.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 759M.—The 7th March 1923.—The following draft of by-laws which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to

Mymensingh.

make for the Jamalpur Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the Calcutta Hackney Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st May 1923, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned before that date through the District Magistrate will be duly considered :—

DRAFT BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 71 (1) OF THE CALCUTTA HACKNEY CARRIAGE ACT, 1919 (BENGAL ACT I OF 1919), FOR THE JAMALPUR MUNICIPALITY IN THE DISTRICT OF MYMENSINGH.

Appointment and duties of the Registering Officer.

1. Every hackney-carriage in the Jamalpur Municipality shall be annually registered by a Registering Officer who shall be appointed for the purpose by the Municipal Commissioners and who shall keep a register in which he shall enter the class and number assigned to every hackney-carriage.

Qualifications of drivers.

2. Every person applying for a driver's license shall be required to satisfy the Registering Officer—

- (a) that he knows how to drive and control horses and is in all respects a fit person for such employment,
- (b) that he is well acquainted with the principal roads, offices and places of interest in and around Jamalpur Municipality,
- (c) that he has a thorough knowledge of the list of fares prepared by the Commissioners of the Jamalpur Municipality,
- (d) that he knows the rules of the road.

3. A license shall be issued to each hackney-carriage driver, and there shall be attached to each license in such manner as the Commissioners may prescribe—

- (a) the thumb mark of the driver ; and
- (b) a list of fares to be prepared under the authority of the Municipal Commissioners for which a charge of annas 4 shall be paid by the driver.

4. Every driver of a hackney-carriage shall carry with him and produce when called upon to do so by any Commissioner of the municipality or by any police officer not below the rank of Assistant Sub-Inspector or by his fare or by any municipal officer duly authorised by the Chairman in this respect his license and list of fares and distances.

5. No hackney-carriage driver shall drive with his feet in any other position than on the foot board of the vehicle, nor shall muffle up his face and head in such manner as might endanger the proper driving of his vehicle.

6. No hackney-carriage driver shall be allowed to drive any licensed hackney-carriage or carriages other than those specified on his license without the permission of the Registering Officer.

Dress.

7. The drivers and attendants of hackney-carriages shall be neat and clean in their person and clothing.

Description of horses and carriages.

8. No horse shall be used to draw a hackney carriage unless it has been passed by the Registering Officer, and no horse shall be passed unless it is—

- (a) not less than 13 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a first class hackney-carriage ;
- (b) not less than 14·2 hands high if intended to be used singly in a first class hackney-carriage ;
- (c) not less than 12 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a second class hackney-carriage ;
- (d) not less than 14 hands high if intended to be used singly in a second class hackney-carriage ;
- (e) not less than 11·2 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a third class hackney-carriage ;
- (f) not less than 13·2 hands high if intended to be used singly in a third class hackney-carriage ;
- (g) thoroughly broken to harness ;
- (h) free from infectious or contagious disease ;
- (i) sufficiently sound and strong for constant hardwork.

9. The harness shall be of decent appearance, strong and in good repair; rope or iron chain traces may be used provided the iron traces be covered with leather. No string fastenings will be allowed.

10. First class hackney-carriages shall conform to the following dimensions and be of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners:—

					Ft.	In.
Width of seats	...	...	...	...	3	3
Breadth of front seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Breadth of rear seats	...	...	...	...	1	8
Height of seat from floor without cushions	...	...	...	...	1	2
" " roof " seat	...	...	...	...	3	6
Thickness of cushions	...	...	...	...	0	3
Width between seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Height of floor of body from ground	...	...	...	...	1	8
Height of steps from ground	...	...	...	...	0	10
Diameter of front wheels	...	...	...	...	2	8
Diameter of back wheels	...	...	...	...	3	6
Height of hood from hind seat board to top of hood inside	...	...	...	...	3	10

Provided that hackney-carriages registered before the issue of these bye-laws are exempted from conforming to these dimensions.

The wheels shall be rubber-tyred, strong and sound so as to run true and without rattling or shaking and shall be protected by properly fitted splash-boards. The springs and axles shall be in perfect order and all iron work must be strongly put together.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition, and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The hood and apron shall be made of strong leather and shall be so fitted as to make the carriage water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted dark green with plain yellow or gold lining; the hood and apron shall be painted black.

The doors shall close well and shall not rattle.

All iron work shall be painted black. Each carriage must have a thoroughly good pair of lamps and each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that light from the window shall be visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicles.

11. Second class hackney carriage (phaeton type).—

The same measurements as those prescribed for first class hackney carriage but of lighter make: provided that hackney carriages registered before the issue of these bye-laws may, at the discretion of and on such conditions as may be fixed by the Commissioners at a meeting, be exempted from conforming to those dimensions, if such conformity is likely to cause hardship to the owners.

The wheels shall be rubber or iron-tyred, strong and sound so as to run true and without rattling or shaking, and shall be protected by properly fitted splash-boards.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order and all iron work must be strongly put together.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The hood and apron shall be made of strong leather and shall be so fitted as to make the carriage water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted dark blue with plain red lining.

The hood and apron shall be painted black. The doors shall close well and shall not rattle.

All iron work shall be painted black. Each carriage must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicles.

12. Second class hackney carriage (bund gharry or brownberry type) shall conform to the following dimensions and be of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners:—

					Ft.	In.
Width of seats	...	...	...	...	3	0
Breadth of seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Thickness of cushions	...	...	...	...	0	3
Height of roof from seat without cushions	...	...	...	...	3	3
Width between seats	...	...	...	...	1	6
Diameter of front wheels	...	...	...	...	2	4
Diameter of back wheels	...	...	...	...	3	2
Height of steps from ground	...	...	...	...	0	10

The wheels shall be rubber-tyred or iron-tyred, strong and sound so as to run true and without rattling or shaking.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The doors shall close well.

The windows, venetians and blinds shall not rattle, but shall work easily and shall have proper catches to raise and lower them.

The roof shall be water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted dark blue with plain red lining.

All iron work shall be painted black.

Each carriage must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicle.

13. Third class hackney carriages shall conform to the following dimensions and be of a pattern fixed by the Commissioners :—

				Ft.	In.
Width of seats	...	...	...	2	9
Breadth of seats	...	...	...	1	6
Thickness of cushions	...	...	...	0	3
Height of roof from seats without cushions	...	...	...	3	6
Width between seats	...	...	...	1	6
Diameter of front wheels	...	...	...	2	4
Diameter of back wheels	...	...	...	3	2

The wheels shall be iron-tyred, strong and sound so as to run true and without rattling or shaking.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition, and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The doors shall close well.

The windows, venetians and blinds shall not rattle, but shall work easily and shall have proper catches to raise and lower them.

The roof shall be water-tight.

The body, wheels and shafts of the carriage shall be painted chocolate with plain yellow lining. All the iron work shall be painted black. Each carriage shall have a good pair of lamps.

Identification of horses.

14. Licenses will be issued for horses passed by the Registering Officer as fit for being used in hackney-carriages.

Class of hackney-carriages.

15. Hackney-carriages shall be of three classes and of patterns fixed by the Commissioners and of the dimensions and colours prescribed by bye-laws 10 to 13.

16. Every licensed hackney-carriage shall be distinctly marked on its panels with the registered number of the class to which it belongs, the figures to be not less than five inches in length, the colour of which shall be changed every year.

17. The lamps of every licensed hackney carriage shall have the registered number painted on them, the figures to be not less than one inch in length, the colour of which shall be changed every year.

Fees.

18. A fee shall be paid to the Commissioners in accordance with the following scale for the issue, transfer or removal of licenses :—

	1st class hackney-carriage	2nd class hackney-carriage.	3rd class hackney-carriage.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Owner's license	1 0	3 0	2 0
Driver's license	2 0	2 0	2 0
Duplicate license plate	0 8	0 8	0 8
Owner's license for horse	1 8	1 8	1 8
Transfer of owner's license	2 0	1 8	1 0
Transfer of owner's license for horse	1 0	1 0	1 0
Duplicate owner's license	1 8	1 0	0 8
Duplicate driver's license	0 8	0 8	0 8
Duplicate owner's license for horse	0 8	0 8	0 8
Duplicate driver's ticket	0 8	0 8	0 8
Fare plate	2 0	2 0	2 0
Duplicate fare plate	2 0	2 0	2 0
Certificate copy of particulars of register and license.	0 8	0 8	0 8
Alteration in the register	0 8	0 8	0 8

19. Fares shall be paid according to distance or time at the option of the hirer to be expressed at the commencement of the hiring; if not otherwise expressed, the fare to be paid according to time.

Rates and fares to be paid for hackney-carriages.

Description of carriages.	FARE BY DISTANCE.		Fare by time.
	For any distance within and not exceeding one mile.	Exceeding one mile.	
1st class ...	Annas 12 ...	At the rate of 8 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above any number of miles completed.	Minimum fare— Rs. A. For short distances not exceeding 15 minutes ... 0 10 For half an hour ... 1 0 For one hour ... 1 8 For subsequent hours ... 0 12 Half a day of five hours ... 4 0 Whole day of nine hours ... 7 0
2nd class ...	„ 8 ...	Ditto ditto ...	Phaeton type— For half an hour ... 0 12 For one hour ... 1 0 For subsequent hours ... 0 8 Half a day of five hours ... 2 8 Whole day of nine hours ... 4 8 Bund or Brownberry type— For half an hour ... 0 8 For one hour ... 0 14 For subsequent hours ... 0 8 For half a day of five hours ... 2 8 For whole day of nine hours ... 4 0
3rd class ...	„ 5 ...	At the rate of 3 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above any number of miles completed.	3rd class— For half an hour ... 0 8 For one hour ... 0 12 For subsequent hours ... 0 6 Half a day of five hours ... 2 0 Full day of nine hours ... 3 8

Passengers and luggage.

20. No hackney-carriage shall carry more than four adult persons altogether, in addition to the driver and attendant.

For the purpose of this bye-law two children under twelve years of age shall be reckoned as one adult.

21. The driver of every hackney-carriage shall carry in or upon such carriage a quantity of luggage not exceeding two maunds, together with one additional maund for every person below four carried in the carriage, without any charge over and above the fare.

A charge not exceeding two annas may be levied for every ten seers or part thereof in excess of the free allowance.

Inspection of hackney-carriages.

22. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or any other officer authorised in that behalf by the Commissioners of the municipality at any time between sunrise and sunset to enter any premises on which any licensed hackney-carriage, or the horses or other animals, harness or other things used therewith are kept, in order to carry out any provision of this Act or these bye-laws, and the owner, occupier or his agent shall afford every facility for such officer's inspection.

Protection of weak and lame horses.

23. It shall be lawful for the Registering Officer at any time to cause any animal used in a hackney-carriage to be produced before him for the purpose of inspection, and it shall be compulsory upon the owner to produce any such animal within twenty-four hours after the receipt of such notice.

24. The owner of any animal declared under section 30 to be unfit for use in a hackney-carriage shall, if he disposes of or removes it from the premises on which it is stabled, give notice of the fact to the Registering Officer within one week of such disposal or removal, intimating at the same time the name and address of the person to whom he has disposed of it and the place to which it has been removed.

25. Notice of the death of a registered horse shall also be given to the Registering Officer who, on receipt of such notice, shall cause the entry concerned to be cancelled in the "Register of horses" and the certificate of registration to be withdrawn.

Regulation of use of horses.

26. No owner shall permit any horse to work continuously in any hackney-carriage in excess of the following scale of time :—

Class of carriage.	Maximum period allowed to be worked.	Minimum period of rest.
First, second and third if drawn by two horses	10 hours ...	14 hours.
Ditto ditto one horse	8 " ...	16 "

27. The following particulars shall be entered in a register to be kept by every owner for the purposes of by-law No. 3 :—

Date.	Registered No. and class of carriage.	Branded number of horse or horses used to draw the carriage together with descriptions.	Hour of leaving stable.	Hour of return to stable.	Names of drivers and attendants.	Signature of owner.	Signature and rank of Inspecting Officer.

Publication of list of fares.

28. The list of fares prepared by the Commissioners with reference to the scale of rates laid down by bye-law No. 19 shall be published in such manner as the Commissioners shall deem proper.

29. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and kept for sale to the public printed tables setting forth these fares.

Advertisements on hackney-carriage.

30. No printed, written or other matter shall appear on the inside or outside of any hackney-carriage by way of advertisement, without the permission of the Registering Officer.

Registers and licenses.

31. The following particulars shall be entered in the registers and licenses under this Act :—

(1) Hackney-carriage license.

Particulars of license.

1. The class and the number assigned to the carriage in the register.
2. The name, father's name and residence of the owner, the description of the carriage, and the place where the carriage is kept.
3. The number and description of horses to be employed in drawing such carriage.
4. The number of passengers the carriage is licensed to carry.
5. The date on which the license was granted.
6. That the carriage shall ply for hire at any of the public stands in the town and suburbs of Jamalpur and not in any other place.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(2) Register of hackney-carriages.

1. The class and number assigned to the carriage in the register.
2. The certificate number.
3. Date on which license was granted.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Place of residence.
6. Stable locality.
7. House number.

8. Driver's and his father's names.
9. Place of residence.
10. Period of suspension or cancellation.
11. Date of renewal.
12. Duplicate ticket.
13. Duplicate license.
14. Date of conviction.
15. Section of law.
16. Punishment inflicted.
17. Date of offence.
18. Offence.
19. Ownership transferred to.
20. Date of transfer.
- *21. Signature of Registering Officer.
22. Remarks.

(3) Horse Register.

1. Serial number.
2. Class of hackney-carriage in which horse is to be used.
3. To be used singly or in pair.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Owner's address.
6. Place where it is intended to keep the horse.
7. Date on which license was granted.
8. Ownership transferred to.
9. Date of transfer.
10. Date of notices issued to owner.
11. Date of disposal of notices.
12. Signature of Registering Officer.
13. Remarks.

(4) Hackney-carriage driver's license.

1. The number of the license, the name, father's name, place of abode and age of the person to whom such license was granted.
2. The date on which the license was granted.
3. The class and the number of the hackney-carriage he is allowed to drive.
4. Date of expiry of license.
5. A summary of the more important statutory provisions and bye-laws affecting drivers of hackney-carriages.
6. The name of the owner of the stable to which he is attached.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(5) Horse license.

1. The class of hackney-carriage with which the horse is to be used, and whether it is to be used singly or in pair.
2. The name and father's names of the owner, residence of the owner.
3. The number assigned to the horse in the register.
4. The place where it is intended to keep the horse.
5. The date on which the license was granted.
6. The date on which the license expires.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 837M.—The 12th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Golam Muhammad to be a Commissioner of the Titagarh Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Maulvi Elahi Buksh, resigned.

24-Parganas.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 758Medl.—The 10th March 1923.—Captain G. Shanks, M.D., I.M.S., sub. *pro tem* Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Calcutta, is confirmed in the appointment with effect from the 11th May 1921.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 761Medl.—The 10th March 1923.—On reversion from military duty, 2nd class Military Assistant Surgeon W. A. Browne, I.M.D., is appointed as House Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st November 1922.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 405P.H.—The 6th March 1923.—Dr. C. H. Elmes, C.B.E., M.B., C.H.B., Health Officer of the Port of Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for five months and sixteen days (including four days on account of privilege), leave under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 12th March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 3780, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Satyendra Nath Sen, Second Assistant Chemical Examiner, Calcutta, is granted leave on average pay for five months and twelve days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th January 1923.

No. 3782, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Hem Chandra Chakrabatti, third Assistant Chemical Examiner, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Second Assistant Chemical Examiner, with effect from the 15th January 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Satyendra Nath Sen.

No. 3784, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Krishnadhan Sinha, Fourth Assistant Chemical Examiner, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Third Assistant Chemical Examiner, with effect from the 15th January 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Hem Chandra Chakrabatti.

No. 3786, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Jitendra Kumar Banerji is appointed to act as Fourth Assistant Chemical Examiner, Calcutta, with effect from the 15th January 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Krishnadhan Sinha.

No. 3700, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Bidhu Bhusan Pal acted as House Physician, Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Calcutta, from 29th December 1922 to 4th January 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Manipdra Nath Mallik.

No. 3702, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Bidhu Bhusan Pal did supernumerary duty at the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Calcutta, from 5th January to 6th February 1923.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 2464A.—The 10th March 1923.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Sanitary Inspectorship examination and to be duly qualified for employment as second grade Sanitary Inspectors under municipalities and district boards:—

(In order of merit.)

1. Priya Nath Datta Gupta.
2. Majibul Haq.
3. Susanta Kumar Datta
4. Tarak Narayan Maitra.
5. Santosh Kumar Nandi.

6. Subodh Chandra Mukharji.
7. Dwijendra Nath Das.
8. Kshirod Prashad Bhaumik.
9. Ashutosh Sanyal.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY,

Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Appointment by the Chancellor of the University.

No. 833Edn.—The 9th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, VIII of 1904, as amended by the Calcutta University Act, VII of 1921, His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to re-appoint Dr. Abdullah Al Mamun Subrawardy M.A., Ph.D., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, with effect from 6th March 1923, the date on which his present term expires.

Calcutta.

Appointment by the Chancellor of the University.

No. 845Edn.—The 9th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. R. B. Ramsbotham, M.A., M.B.E., Principal of the Hooghly College, to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, *vice* Mr. W. C. Wordsworth, resigned.

Hooghly.

Appointment by the Chancellor of the University.

No. 867Edn.—The 10th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, VIII of 1904, as amended by the Calcutta University Act, VII of 1921, His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate the following gentlemen as ordinary Fellows of the University, with effect from the date noted against each:—

Calcutta.

- (1) Prof. C. V. Raman, 20th March 1923, *vice* Dr. C. E. Cullis, retired.
- (2) Mr. Johan Van Manen, 6th March 1923, *vice* Mr. A. H. Harley, retired.
- (3) Lt.-Col. J. W. D. Megaw, 6th March 1923, *vice* Col. McCay, retired.
- (4) Dr. Pramathanath Banerjee, 20th February 1923, *vice* Dr. Brojendra Nath Seal, resigned.
- (5) Mr. S. R. Das, 6th March 1923, *vice* Sir T. C. P. Gibbons, retired.
- (6) Rev. N. G. Leather, 6th March 1923, *vice* Dr. J. Watt, retired.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 895Edn.—The 12th March 1923.—Maulvi Khabiruddin Ahmad, District Inspector of Schools, Noakhali, in the Bengal Educational Service, is appointed to act as Second Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Maula Faksh, on deputation, or until further orders.

Noakhali.
Chittagong Divn.**Appointment by the Chancellor of the University.**

No. 897Edn.—The 12th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. A. Macdonald, B.Sc., M.A., Professor of the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, *vice* Mr. C. D. M. Hindley, M.A., M.I.C.E., resigned.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 900Edn.—The 12th March 1923.—Notifications Nos. 484Edn. and 485Edn., dated the 12th February 1923, published at page 208 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 14th February 1923, granting Rai Bhupati Nath Das Bahadur leave and appointing Mr. A. K. Chanda to act in his place are hereby cancelled.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 906Edn.—The 12th March 1923.—Babu Monmohan Ghosal, assistant head master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service, as head master, Bogra Zilla School, *vice* Babu Bharat Bandhu Saha, on leave, or until further orders.

Rajshahi.
Bogra.

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 828Edn.—The 8th March 1923.—Mr. G. M. Pearson is appointed temporarily to be science master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from the 1st March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment.

Kurseong.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 466 Mis.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Israil to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Galachipa in the district of Bakarganj.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 467 Mis.—The 8th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Israil to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Galachipa in the district of Bakarganj.

C.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 5th March 1923.

No. 133 A.—Maulvi Minnat Ali, who has been acting as an English teacher of the Dacca Madrasah and in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, *vice* Maulvi A. M. Siddiquor Rahman, on deputation to the Dacca Training College, is allowed to continue in that appointment until further orders.

The 6th March 1923.

No. 134 A.—The orders passed in this office notification No. 11 A., dated 5th January 1923, sanctioning an exchange of appointments between Maulvi Muhammad Izzatulla, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Muk-sudpur, Faridpur, and Maulvi Abdus Sattar, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Kustia, Nadia, are hereby cancelled.

No. 135 A.—Babu Phatik Chandra Ganguli is appointed to act as assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, and on Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Monindra Mohan Das, Gupta, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 136 A.—(1) In partial modification of this office orders of the 24th October 1918 Babu Sashi Bhushan Chatterjee, then an assistant master, Noakhali Zilla School, and in class V, Subordinate Educational Service, under orders of transfer to the Khulna Zilla School (now assistant head master, Bankura Zilla School, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250), is granted leave on medical certificate in terms of article 336, Civil Service Regulations, for six months with effect from 17th June 1918.

He is permitted to combine to his leave the summer vacation of the Noakhali Zilla School from the 12th May to 16th June 1918, in terms of article 277, Civil Service Regulations.

(2) The officiating arrangements made in the Khulna Zilla School in this office orders of the 24th October 1918 are allowed to stand.

The 7th March 1923.

No. 137 A.—(1) Babu Suresh Chandra Sen Gupta, assistant master, Perojpur Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now officiating head master, Faridpur Guru Training School, is appointed to be assistant master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Maninatha Nath Banerjee, transferred.

(2) Babu Manmatha Nath Banerjee, assistant master, Bhola Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to be head master, Faridpur Guru Training School, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Sen Gupta, transferred.

(3) Babu Ananta Kumar Banerjee is allowed to continue in his officiating appointment as assistant master, Perojpur Government High School, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Sen Gupta, transferred.

No. 138 A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Maulvi Abdur Razzak, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Swarupkati, Bakarganj (on probation), and now officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhola, Bakarganj, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Barhatta, Mymensingh, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Ganesh Chandra Roy, transferred.

(2) Babu Ganesh Chandra Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Parhatta, Mymensingh (on probation), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mehendiganj, Bakarganj, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Mir Tofazzal Ali, transferred.

() Maulvi Mir Tofazzal Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mehendiganj, Bakarganj (on probation), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhola, Bakarganj, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Razzak, transferred.

No. 139A.—Babu Ram Renu Acharji, assistant master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as assistant master, Hindu School, on his own pay, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mukharji

(No. I), on leave.

The 8th March 1923.

No. 140A.—Babu Ramani Mohan Roy is declared to have acted as assistant master, Faridpur Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, against the vacancy consequent on the temporary appointment of Babu Girija Kanta Bagchi as head master of the school.

No. 141A.—In modification of this office notification No. 74A., dated the 5th February 1923, Pandit Monmotha Nath Bhattacharyya, assistant master (grammar pandit), Sanskrit Collegiate School, on a salary of Rs. 88 a month, in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, is granted privilege leave on full pay for twelve days, under article 274 of the leave rules of July 1920, and on half pay for three days, under article 271 of the same rules of July 1920, with effect from the 24th January 1923.

The 9th March 1923.

No. 142A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Maulvi Dynayetuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Shibpur, Dacca, on Rs. 75—5—200 (on probation), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Monohardi, Dacca, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Kali Mohan Mukherji, transferred.

(2) Babu Kali Mohan Mukherji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Monohardi, Dacca, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Rajabari, Dacca, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Sarkar, transferred.

(3) Babu Basanta Kumar Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Rajabari, Dacca, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Shibpur, Dacca, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Dynayetuddin Ahmed, transferred.

No. 143A.—Babu Ashutosh Dutta, assistant head master, Howrah Zilla School, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted leave for six months from 25th January 1923, under rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules, viz., leave on average pay for five days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

No. 144A.—Maulvi Aboo Jafar, assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 50 in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service (now Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Presidency Division, in the Bengal Educational Service), is granted leave without allowances, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, for the period from the 13th March 1919 to 10th May 1919, both days inclusive.

This modifies this office order granting him leave for the period from 1st March 1916 to 10th May 1919 in terms of notifications No. 206A(2), dated the 23rd February 1923, and No. 291A., dated the 8th April 1922.

W. W. HORNBELL

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 73.—The 6th March 1923.—Babu Kamakshya Kumar Banarji, Sub-Registrar of Sonamukhi, in the district of Bankura, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and seven days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department Notification No. 565, dated the 15th December 1922.

No. 74.—The 8th March 1923.—Babu Ratish Chandra Ray, probationer, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under subsidiary rules framed by Local Government under rule 104 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th March 1923.

No. 75.—The 8th March 1923.—Babu Sudhir Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar of Kotalpur, in the district of Bankura, is allowed leave on half average pay for thirty days, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 15, dated the 13th January 1923.

No. 76.—The 8th March 1923.—Babu Amod Lal Barman, Sub-Registrar of Magura, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave for two months, viz., leave on average pay for one month and nineteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 78.—The 10th March 1923.—Qara Husain Qaisar Mirza, Sub-Registrar, grade III, is appointed to act until further orders as Sub-Registrar of Janai, in the district of Hooghly, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th February 1923, *vice* Maulvi Qazi Mahmudur Rahman, on leave.

J. N. RAY,
Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 599Mis.—The 12th March 1923.—With reference to Notification No. 3506Mis., dated the 20th November 1922, published at page 2082, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, the Governor in Council hereby declares, under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, the 2nd June 1923 to be a public holiday on account of the birthday of His Majesty the King-Emperor of India.

A. MARR,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 21Marine.—The 6th March 1923.—Mr. F. Lungley, Senior Master Pilot, is appointed to act as a Branch Pilot, with effect from the 6th March 1923, P.M.

No. 22Marine.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. J. Hudson, Branch Pilot, is appointed to the command of the S. P. V. "Fraser," with effect from the 4th April 1923, *vice* Mr. F. W. Moore, Branch Pilot, reverted to the running list.

No. 23Marine.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. H. G. Fox, Branch Pilot, is granted by the High Commissioner for India leave for six months on medical certificate, viz., leave on half average pay for two months and twenty-eight days and leave without allowances for three months and three days, in extension of the leave notified in Bengal Government notification No. 4T.-Marine, dated 16th May 1922.

A. MARR,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 17.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Sarat Chandra Sur, Assistant Executive Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Khulna Division to the office of the Superintending Engineer, Southern Circle.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1156Ind.—The 9th March 1923.—Mr. J. D. Balfour of Messrs. Burn & Co., is appointed to be a member of the Board of Control for Apprenticeship Training and of the Governing Body of the Calcutta Technical School, constituted under this department resolution No. 30T.-Ind., dated the 10th June 1921, as amended by resolution No. 638Ind., dated the 11th February 1922, with effect from the 31st January 1923, *vice* Mr. T. M. Shewell.

J. T. DONOVAN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

No. 1173 Exc.—The 10th March 1923.—Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Tippera and Noakhali, is transferred temporarily to Naugaon, in the district of Rajshahi, *vice* Babu Tarakeswar Bhattacharji, appointed to be Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

Tippera.
Noakhali.
Rajshahi.

No. 1174 Exc.—The 13th March 1923.—Babu Gunendra Nath Ray Chaudhuri, Probationary Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Dacca, is appointed temporarily to hold charge of Tippera and Noakhali *vice* Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, transferred.

Dacca.
Tippera.
Noakhali.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 3100 A.—The 10th March 1923.—Mr. P. G. Krishnan, District Agricultural Officer, is granted leave on half average salary for a further period of three weeks, in extension of leave sanctioned in this office notification No. 498 A., dated the 11th January 1923.

No. 3106 A.—The 10th March 1923.—Babu Santi Prasad Sen Gupta, District Agricultural Officer, Khulna, is appointed as the District Agricultural Officer, 24-Parganas, with effect from the date of joining.

Mr. P. G. Krishnan is appointed as District Agricultural Officer, Khulna, with effect from the date of his return from leave.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2506 L.R.—The 10th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Bengal Act II of 1882), and of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Act I of 1894), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Rai Charan Pal, Sub-Deputy Collector, with the powers of a Collector under those Acts in the district of Tippera.

Tippera.

No. 2511 L.R.—The 10th March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Unesh Chandra Banarji, settlement kanungo, is authorised to discharge in the district of Murshidabad the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

Murshidabad.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 2362 L.A.—The 6th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 12 chittaks and 40 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.298 of an acre, being premises No. 13, Annada Prosad Banerjee Lane, bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 1827 L.A., dated the 16th February 1915, published at pages 267-8, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, and was required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust for street scheme No. V in Wards Nos. XXI and XXII of the Calcutta Municipality :—

BOUNDARIES :

North—By a portion of premises No. 14-1-1, Annada Prosad Banerjee Lane,

East—By premises No. 14, Annada Prosad Banerjee Lane.

South—By a portion of premises No. 12, Annada Prosad Banerjee Lane,

West—By Annada Prosad Banerjee Lane.

No. 2522 L.A.—The 10th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the land measuring, more or less, 3 of an acre, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6893 L.A., dated the 14th August 1920, published at page 1476, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem and required by the Corporation of Calcutta for a Municipal Milk Market in the vicinity of Baitakkhana Bazar in the town of Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2366 L.A.—The 6th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for collecting siding at the entrance of the Borea branch and alterations to yard and private siding at Kulti station in the villages of Petana and Kulti, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 23 bighas 14 cottahs and 9 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 7.84 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT A :

North—By the lands of Kunja Behari Ghosh, Shalim Shaik, Madari Muchi, Kashinath Roy, Srinath Chakravarti, Debidas Chakravarti and Dhan Majhi and Plot B under acquisition,
East—By the land of Kunja Behari Ghosh,
South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,
West—By the lands of Kashi Nath Roy, Srinath Chakravarti, Debidas Chakravarti, Dhan Majhi, Bhupendra Nath Mandal and Madari Muchi and road from Kulti Station to Borea;

PLOT B :

North—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,
East—By the land of the Bengal Iron & Steel Company,
South—By Plot A under acquisition,
West—By the lands of Shalim Shaik, Madari Muchi, Ram Bandhu Majhi and Bepin Muchi,

are required within the afore-said villages of Petana and Kulti.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2369 L.A.—The 6th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Tippera for a public purpose, viz., for an out-door dispensary at Debidwar, in the village of Debidwar, pargana Bardakhhat, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 18 cottahs 5 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to .964 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By village road, land of Gagan Acharji, khal, land of Kailas Das, tank bank and tank of Kailas Das and Prokas Das, cadastral survey plots Nos. 585, 647 and parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 645 and 646,
East—By slope of District Board road and cadastral survey plot No. 584,
South—By land of Kailas Das, khal, lands of Gagan Datta and Ram K. Das and parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 652, 653 and 645,
West—By tank and tank bank of Kailas Das and Prokas Das and land of Kailas Das and parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 646 and 646,

is required within the aforesaid village of Debidwar,

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2378 L.A.—The 6th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of Narayanpur-Bamna Road to Mukundapur village road, in the village of Narayanpur, pargana Habilishahar, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.1684 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Nagendra Bala Devi, Abdul Hazra, Abdul Osman and others, Meyazan Molla, Abdul Osman and Fakir Mondal and by the Bamna Road,

East—By the lands of Abdul Osman and others, Meyazan Molla, Abdul Osman and Fakir Mondal, and by the Mukundapur Road, and

South—By the lands of Abdul Osman and Fakir Mondal, Meyazan Molla, Fakir Mondal, Abdul Osman and others and by the Mukundapur Road,

West—By the lands of Fakir Mondal, Meyazan Molla, Abdul Osman and others, Nagendra Bala Devi, Abdul Hazra and by the Bamna Road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Narayanpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2379 L.A.—The 6th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Murshidabad for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank in the villages of Mahadia and Kotaldighi *alias* Lakshmi-kantapur, pargana Fatehsing, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 bighas of standard measurement equivalent to 1.65 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the khas land of zamindar Saradindu Narayan Ray and lands of Biswanath Chakravarty and Krishna Mistry,

East—By the lands of Krishna Mistry and Muhammad Eusuff,

South—By the lands of Muhammad Eusuff, Khudu Singh and Bibhuti Mandal,

West—By the land of Bibhuti Mandal and khas land of zamindar Saradindu Narayan Ray,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Mahadia and Kotaldighi *alias* Lakshmi-kantapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Kandi.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2445 L.A.—The 7th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Rangpur for a public purpose, viz., for the Gularjan bridge at the third mile of road No. 87, in the village of Kumradanga, pargana

Bajitpur, zilla Rangpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 6.096 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT No. A.

North—By Bara Moisha Beel,

East—By old site of Madrasa, Jote lands of Kasir Akanda, Kurman Ali, Rahim Ali, Koram Ali, Kurman Ali, Rahim Ali, Mir Baksha, Safer Fakir, Afer Fakir and Jogendra Chandra Ghosh,

South—By District Board road No. 87,

West—By the Jote lands of Karam Ali, Kasir Akanda, Rahim Ali, Safer Fakir, Basat Mridha and Mir Baksha,

PLOT No. B.

North—By District Board road No. 87,

East—By the Jote lands of Jobu Mondal, Namir Prodhan, Emanu Gachu and Srinath Pal,

South—By Jhinia Beel,

West—By the Jote lands of Mir Baksh, Daraj-ulla and Farajulla, Aversha, Shahebulha, Panu Bibi, Emanu Gachu and Panu Bibi,

are required within the aforesaid village of Kumradanga.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Gaibandha.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2490L.A.—The 8th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that an additional piece of land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Serampore Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening out a road between Khatir Bazar road and Baisnabapara lane in the village of Mahesh, pargana Boro, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 2 cottahs 9.42 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to .043 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT A :

North, South and West—By land of Sarat Chandra Chakraborty,

East—By land already acquired under declaration No. 4427L.A., dated the 30th May 1921,

PLOT B :

North and South—By land of Sarat Chandra Chakraborty,

East—By land of Sarat Chandra Chakraborty and footpath,

West—By land already acquired under declaration No. 4427L.A., dated 30th May 1921,

are required within the aforesaid village of Mahesh.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Hooghly.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2502L.A.—The 9th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Victoria Memorial Girls' School at Fogra in the village of Sutrapur, pargana Shelbarsha, zilla Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .482 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By Nawab Syed Abdussobhan Chowdhury's palace,

East—By grave-yard and mango garden belonging to Khaja Golam Mahi Uddin,

South—By pathway to Khaja Golam Mahi Uddin's house, and

West—By municipal road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Sutrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bogra.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2492For.—The 8th March 1923.—Mr. J. R. P. Gent, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bengal, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for fourteen months from the 18th March 1923.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JAILS.

No. 2370Jails.—The 6th March 1923.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. C. Thompson, O.B.E., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for six months and three days (of which five months and twenty-one days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from 4th October 1922.

This cancels notification No. 262T.R., dated the 8th September 1922.

No. 2373Jails.—The 6th March 1923.—Military Assistant Surgeon H. A. Young is appointed temporarily to be Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, Calcutta, with effect from the 4th October 1922.

This cancels notification No. 9999Jails, dated the 18th November 1922.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 670L., dated the 7th March, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. G. F. Rose has been declared under rule 12 (2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Indian Jute Mills Association constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

C. TINDALL,
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 7th March 1923.

No. 2063A.—Babu Nikunja Bihari Banarji, munsif of Sherpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sherpur munsifi.

No. 2066A.—Babu Bagala Prasanna Basu, munsif of Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Khulna.

The 9th March 1923.

No. 2221A.—Babu Kumud Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge, now employed at Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is appointed to be a District Delegate, under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865), and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the Asansol munsifi.

He is also authorised under the provisions of section 23 (1) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (Act XII of 1887), to take cognizance of proceedings arising within the local limits of the Asansol munsifi under Act X of 1865 and Act V of 1881, which cannot be disposed of by District Delegates.

No. 2215A.—Babu Bamandas Mukharji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, now employed at Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Mymensingh.

No. 2224A.—Babu K. and Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge, now employed at Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Asansol munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of March 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Court of Hooghly, will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

March 1923.	Working days.		
Hooghly—1st to 11th	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	7
Howrah—21st to 31st	7
			22

G. K. NAG, *Additional Judge.*

SMALL CAUSE COURT, SERAMPORE, *the 5th March 1923.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 521R.G.—Babu Jitendriya Mukherji, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector and Chaukidari Circle Officer, Kushtia, in the district of Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days with effect from the 10th December 1922.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 28th February 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 884J.—Babu Jogendra Nath Maitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, employed on flood relief work, Naogaon, in the district of Rajshahi, is posted to the headquarters station of the Jalpaiguri district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 6th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 524 R.G.—Babu Purna Chandra Acharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, temporarily posted to the Bongaon subdivision of the district of Jessore, is retransferred to the headquarters station of the district of Nadia.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 7th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 526 R.G.—Babu Surendra Nath Banarji (No. III), Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Bongaon subdivision of the district of Jessore.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 7th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 737 J.G.—In supersession of the previous notification No. 515 J.G., dated the 13th February 1923, Babu Harendra Chandra Parori, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted as Circle Officer of Katulpur in the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Ghatak, transferred.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 8th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 741 J.G.—Babu Upendra Nath Ghatak, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer of Katulpur, is transferred to Sonamukhi in the district of Bankura as Circle Officer.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 8th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 901 G-III-25.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlul Karim (No. I), Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer at Biahmanberia, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (entirely on account of privilege leave at credit), with effect from the 14th March 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 7th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1019 J.—In supersession of this office notification No. 688 J., dated the 17th February 1923, Babu Atul Bihari Gosain, Sub-Deputy Collector of Patuakhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for eighteen days, with effect from the 12th March 1923.

A. N. MOHERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 7th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 758 J.G.—Babu Nirmal Kumar Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 10th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 671J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby re-appoint Rai Sahib Ram Nath Mukharji to be a non-official visitor of the Bankura Jail for a period of two years, with effect from the 23rd March 1923.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 2nd March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1024J.—It is hereby notified for general information that this office notification No. 7896J., dated the 19th December 1922, published at page 2244, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 27th December 1922, fixing the 21st March 1923 as the date for the next general election of Commissioners of the Perojpur Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, is cancelled.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 8th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 972J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Munshi Abdul Biswas has been duly elected to be a member of the Jashai union board, in police-station Pangar, in the Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Joardar, deceased.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 6th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 974J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Akshoy Kumar Bakshi has been appointed by the Magistrate of Faridpur to be a member of the Baharpur union board in Goalundo subdivision of the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Bankim Chandra Bakshi, deceased.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 6th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 975J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Tarini Charan Roy has been appointed by the Magistrate of Faridpur to be a member of the Arakandi union board in Goalundo subdivision of the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Ganga Charan Roy, deceased.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 6th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 949J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Juanada Prasad Bhattacharya has been elected to be a member of the Bangram union board in Sabhar station in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Akhaya Kumar Sarkar, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 5th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 134 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the bye-election held in ward No. IV of the Saktipur union committee in thana Beldanga in the Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district Babu Hari Pada Shaha has been duly elected to be a member of the said union committee in place of Babu Raj Ballav Ghatak, resigned.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 7th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 888G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Munshi Abdus Samad to be member of the Astagram union board, police-station Brahmanbaria in the district of Tippera, in place of Munshi Abbas Ali, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 7th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1036J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Munshi Joydhar Sarkar has been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be a member of Amta union board in Dhamrai police-station in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Munshi Afzal Khan, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 8th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 917 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 19 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885), Babu Nepal Chandra Sen is appointed to be a member of the District Board of Mymensingh, *vice* Babu Nirajan Roy, resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 5th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 620L.-S.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been elected as members of the Midnapore District Board:—

Names of members.	Local Board by which elected.
1. Babu Debendra Lal Khan	...
2. " Shital Prasad Ghosh	...
3. " Kailash Chandra Bhunia	...
4. Rai Manmatha Nath Bose Bahadur	...
5. Babu Brajendra Nath Roy	...
6. Maulvi M. Suhrawardy	...
} Sadar Local Board.	
7. Mr. R. Maity	...
8. Babu Kaish Chandra Das	...
9. " Chitta Ranjan Roy	...
10. " Jiban Krishna Maity	...
11. " Jogendra Nath Sasmal	...
} Contai Local Board.	
12. Babu Mahendra Nath Maity	...
13. " Srinath Das	...
14. " Ishan Chandra Mahapatra	...
15. " Bipra Charan Maity	...
16. " Jibesh Chandra Deb Pattanaik	...
} Tamruk Local Board.	
17. Babu Birendra Nath Sasmal	...
18. " Sat Kouri Pati Roy	...
19. " Mohini Mohan Das	...
} Ghatal Local Board.	
20. Babu Ramesh Chandra Das	...
21. " Priya Nath Mandal	...
22. " Abinash Chandra Sen Gupta	...
} Jhargram Local Board.	

2. The following gentlemen are, under section 7 of the Local Self-Government Act, appointed members of the said Board :—

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| 1. Superintendent of Police, Midnapore | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. Subdivisional Officer, Contai | |
| 3. Ditto, Tamluk | |
| 4. Ditto, Ghatal | |
| 5. Ditto, Jhargram | |
| 6. Maulvi Syed Golam Ali Eba. | |
| 7. Babu Radha Gobinda Pal. | |
| 8. „ Srutinath Chakravarti. | |
| 9. „ Dwijadas Bhaduri. | |
| 10. Mr. W. C. Woodgate. | |
| 11. Rai Sahib Sambhu Charan Datta. | |

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 8th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 604L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Patrasayer in the district of Bankura :—

- | | | |
|---|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Circle Officer of Patrasayer | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Sub-Inspector of Police, in charge of Patrasayer police-station. | ... | |

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 6th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 281M.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Bankura, in the district of Bankura :—

- | | | |
|---|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Magistrate of Bankura | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. „ Civil Surgeon of Bankura | ... | |
| 3. „ Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Bankura | ... | |
| 4. „ Chairman, Bankura Municipality | ... | |
| 5. „ Vice-Chairman, Bankura Municipality | ... | |
| 6. Babu Prasanna Kumar Banerjee. | | |
| 7. Rai Sahib Ram Nath Mukharjee. | | |
| 8. Maulvi Zuhhadar Rahim. | | |
| 9. Reverend A. E. Brown. | | |
| 10. Rai Sahib Bama Charan Rai. | | |

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 6 of the rules for managing committees of Government high schools the following gentlemen have been appointed members to constitute the managing committee of the Rangpur Zilla School :—

- | | | |
|---|-----|---|
| (1) The District Magistrate | ... | President. |
| (2) The Head Master, Rangpur Zilla School | ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| (3) Babu Kalika Charan Roy | ... | Elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| (4) Rai Sarat Chandra Chatterjee Bahadur, Government Pleader and Chairman, District Board | ... | Non-official member representative of the parents and guardians of the Hindu boys. |
| (5) Maulvi Muhammad Asaf Khan, B.L. | ... | Non-official member representative of the parents and guardians of the Muhammadan boys. |
| (6) The Senior Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rangpur | ... | Official member other than an inspecting officer of the Education Department. |

D. S. FRASER, *District Magistrate*.

RANGPUR, the 9th March 1923.



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.. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Commerce Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, Extraordinary, dated the 1st March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 1st March 1923.

No. 1332.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), and in supersession of the notification in the Department of Commerce, No. 1761, dated the 1st April 1922, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that on and from the date of this notification a duty at the rate of fifteen annas per maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois shall be levied on salted fish, dry or wet, imported into any Customs port from any place beyond the limits of British India.

D. T. CHADWICK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

TELEGRAPHS.

Delhi, the 24th February 1923.

No. 343 P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules published with the

notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6975-137 (Telegraphs), dated the 16th September 1909, namely :—

In rules 92 and 276 for the words "that fee will cover the registration of special delivery instructions" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"an extra fee of Rs. 5 per annum will be levied for the registration of each separate special delivery instruction and of Re. 1 for each change in any one of such instructions, provided that the holder of an abbreviated address registered prior to the 1st April 1923 will be permitted to register special delivery instructions free of charge during and for the remainder of the period for which the registration of the abbreviated address was effected prior to that date."

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, *Colonel,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

STAMPS.

Delhi, the 3rd March 1923.

No. 1264.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, clause (a) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 3616-Exc., dated the 16th July 1909, namely :—

For entry No. 37 as amended by notification No. 2352-F., dated the 12th September 1919, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

37. Instrument in the nature of a conveyance by the Government of standing tree- or any other forest produce in a Government forest; and also the following instruments :—

(1) *In Madras, Bengal, Central Provinces and Assam.*

- (i) Contract for the collection of minor produce, barks, etc.;
- (ii) Contract for felling and removing trees;
- (iii) Contract for the collection, removal and disposal of stock in coupes subject to obligation to coppice and clear the area;
- (iv) Contract for the purchase of timber to be felled - departmentally;
firewood cut
- (v) Contract of the usufruct of trees and topes;
- (vi) Contract for the felling and purchase of timber;
cutting firewood
- (vii) Kancha or grazing lease;
- (viii) Agreement for felling and conversion of timber;
- (ix) Agreement for right to collect seigniorage on minor produce brought for sale by hill tribes;
- (x) Agreement for cultivation under the taungya system in reserved forests;
- (xi) Agreement for fishing in reserved forests.

(2) *In Bombay.*

- (i) Agreement for the felling, conversion, collection and transport of forest produce;
- (ii) Agreement for the felling, collection, removal and purchase of timber, firewood, etc.;
- (iii) Agreement for the collection, removal and purchase of minor forest produce;
- (iv) Agreement for cutting, removal and purchase of grass;
- (v) Agreement for the cutting, collection, pressing and storage of grass;
- (vi) Agreement for grazing of cattle;
- (vii) Agreement for the manufacture and purchase of minor forest produce;
- (viii) Agreement for the purchase and resale to the public of firewood;
- (ix) Agreement for the lease of forest land;
- (x) Agreement for constructing roads and buildings;
- (xi) Agreement for the supply of clothing articles for forest subordinates;
- (xii) Agreement for leasing private buildings and land for Government offices, depots, residences of Government servants and other purposes.

(3) *In the United Provinces.*

- (i) Contract for the collection of minor produce, barks, etc. ;
- (ii) Contract for felling and removing trees ;
- (iii) Contract for the purchase of $\frac{\text{timber}}{\text{firewood}}$ to be $\frac{\text{felled}}{\text{cut}}$ departmentally ;
- (iv) Contract of the usufruct of trees and topes ;
- (v) Contract for the $\frac{\text{felling}}{\text{cutting}}$ and purchase of $\frac{\text{timber}}{\text{firewood}}$;
- (vi) Agreement for felling and conversion of timber.

(4) *In Burma.*

- (i) Contracts or agreements for removing, collecting, felling, extracting, disposing of, $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{or}}$ purchasing forest produce—
 - (a) on behalf of Government (departmental working) or
 - (b) by purchasers (to include all forms of long or short term leases or purchase contracts).
- (ii) Contracts or agreements with forest villagers—
 - (a) for the supply of labour,
 - (b) for cultivation under the taungya system.

D. T. CHADWICK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 26th February 1923.

No. M.-987.—For the purposes of rules 32 and 33 of the rules framed under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), and published with notification No. 2968-82, Geology and Minerals, dated the 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council has approved of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in respect of its degree of Bachelor of Science in mining engineering, with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL.

Delhi, the 2nd March 1923.

No. F. 65.—Mr. P. C. Bamford of the Bengal Police is placed on special duty in the Home Department with effect from the 26th February 1923.

J. CREER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

JUDICIAL.

The 5th March 1923.

No. F.-1302.—Mr. G. C. Gooding is appointed to be Solicitor to the Government of Bengal with effect from the 14th January 1923, *vice* the late Sir Charles Kesteven, Kt.

C. W. GWYNNE,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 9th March 1923.

PART B.

Promotions.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 348.—The following promotions are made with effect from the dates specified :—

1 Brigade (Calcutta Port Defence), Royal Field and Garrison Artillery.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant J. P. Lynch, M.C. Dated 2nd February 1923.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Mining Instruction in Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.

THE full course covers a period of three years, and the following is an abstract of the syllabus :—

First year	...	{ (1) Mathematics. (2) Elementary Science.
Second year	...	{ (1) Elementary Mechanics. (2) Mechanical Drawing. (3) Elementary Mining and Surveying.
Third year	...	{ (1) The Principles of Coal Mining. (2) Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of Collieries.

Copies of detailed syllabus may be obtained from the Secretary and the Lecturer.

A fee of Rs. 5 is payable by each student to the Mining Lecturer on the first registration of his name for the first or second year's course of lectures. The fee for the third year's course is Rs. 10. These fees are not returnable.

The class arrangements for all the courses will be arranged by the Lecturer on the night of enrolment. Students should enrol at the first meeting so that the class work may be commenced without delay.

The course of instruction will commence in the first week in September and end in the following May. The examination will be held in May. Candidates who pass the final examination will receive a certificate recording their success. No certificates will be given to candidates unless they attend the second and third years. No candidate will, however, be permitted to sit for the examination unless he has attended 50 per cent. of the lectures and received 40 per cent. of the marks allotted for home work.

During session 1923-24 lectures on Mathematics and Science will be delivered in Bengal on two nights each week ; in Bihar and Orissa lectures on all years of the course will be delivered.

The Mining Lecturer will also deliver in Bengal during the session 1923-24 only the lectures on the Principles of Mechanical Engineering of Coal Mines as laid down in the old course one night weekly. Only students who have qualified in other part of the old course will be admitted to this course.

Lecture Centres.

Bengal.

Raniganj Lecture Hall.
Sitarampur ditto.

Bihar and Orissa.

Jharia Lecture Hall.
Sijna ditto.

[The Mining Education Advisory Board desire that Colliery Managers will kindly publish this information in their collieries. An appeal is also made to them to support the lectures by seeing that members of their colliery staff, who are suitable, take advantage of the lectures and attend them regularly.]

T. H. RICHARDSON,

Secretary, Mining Education Advisory Board.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, BOTANIC GARDEN P. O., the 7th March 1923.

Mining Instruction in the Coalfields of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.

SYLLABUS OF THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

First Year Course.

1. **Mathematics.**—Arithmetic and Algebra up to simple equations. Mensuration and use of squared paper. Trigonometry up to solution of triangles.

2. **Elementary Science.**—**Physics.**—Volume of displacement, Balances, Density, Specific gravity bottle, Fluid pressure, Hydrometer, Syphon, Barometer, Ideas of forces, Equilibrium of three forces, Centres of gravity, Fraction, Thermometer, Expansion due to heat, Latent heat of steam, Properties of solids, liquids and gases, Boyle's Law, Hydrostatics, Elements of Electricity and Magnetism, Electrical units.

Chemistry.—Atomic theory, elements, compounds, mixtures, acids, bases, composition of the atmosphere and of gases met with in mines.

Second Year Course.

1. **Mechanics.**—Units of Mass, Length and time, Levers, Pulleys, Wedges, Gearing. Simple machines, Equilibrium, Units of work and energy, Horse-power, Stress and strain, Design and headgears, Strength of ropes, chains, boilers, etc. The elementary principles of Hydraulics.

2. **Mechanical Drawing.**—Conventional signs, Construction of Scales, Nuts, Bolts, Screw threads, simple parts of machines, Engines and Pumps. The elementary principles of Geometry.

3. **Mining Surveying.**—Use of pens, scales and protectors, Surveying by means of the chain only. The Miner's dial, Loose needle surveying, Fixed needle surveying, Levelling, Field books, Contouring. The use of the Plane Table. The Theodolite and its uses, Plotting by co-ordinates. Setting out and alignment. The adjustment of instruments.

Third Year Course.

1. **The Principles of Coal Mining.**—(1) **Geology.**—General structure of the earth's crust, igneous and aqueous rocks; definitions of outcrop, dip, strike, fault, roll, wash-out and dyke, etc.; recording geological observations; reading a geological map; description of the Indian coal-bearing rocks; composition and properties of coal; commercial values of coal.

(2) **Exploration.**—Prospecting, trial shafts and trenching, advantages of boring, methods of boring, driving through faults, uses of boreholes in mines, etc.

(3) **Breaking ground.**—Common tools, storage and use of explosives, electric fuses, machine drills, coal-cutting machines.

(4) **Sinking.**—Site of colliery, position of inclines and shafts, their excavation and shape, apparatus used in sinking, lining shafts, arrangements at top of sinking shaft, brief mention of special methods of sinking.

(5) **Methods of working.**—Quarrying, advantages of bench work, disposal of soil, shaft pillars, pillar and gallery method, working thick seams in stages, extraction of pillars, panels, brief description of long wall and chambering methods.

(6) **Supporting.**—Props and lids, bars, chocks or cogs, square and special timbering in loose ground, arching, steel girders, packing, dry and hydraulic stowing.

(7) **Mine gases.**—Their experimental preparation by chemicals and illustration of their physical and physiological properties, their chemical composition, methods of detecting, explosions, spontaneous combustion of coal, dangers of coal dust.

(8) **Ventilation.**—Ascensional currents, currents induced by the heat of steam or furnace, mine fans, friction of air in mines, theory of splitting the air, calculations of ventilating pressure, etc., coursing the air, measurement of quantity of air, use of anemometer, watergauge, thermometer and barometer, reserving the air current.

(9) **Safety lamps.**—Principle of the safety lamps, Sir Humphry Davy's experiments, types of safety lamps, firedamp detectors.

2. **The Principles of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of Coal Mines.**—(1) **Applied Mechanics.**—The practical application of the principles taught in the 1st and 2nd years.

(2) **Steam, electricity and compressed air.**—Theory of steam boilers and their fittings, the steam engine, the dynamo, the electric motor, electric lighting and airing, the air compressor.

(3) **Winding.**—Types of winding engines and description of parts, calculation of the dimensions of winding engines, strength of ropes and chains, detaching hooks, over-winding prevention devices, rope cappings, care and examination of ropes, buckets, cages, guide ropes.

(4) **Pumping.**—The lift pump, the force pump, sinking pumps, pumps with positive valve motion, the pulsometer, turbine pumps, calculations of the dimensions of pumps, methods of supporting pumps and pipes, strength of pipes, pipe joints, dams to hold back water.

(5) **Hauling.**—Tramways, tubs, hand tramping, horse haulage, self-acting inclines locomotives, single rope haulage, main and tail rope haulage, endless rope or chain haulage, calculations of the dimensions of hauling engines, ropes, etc., capping of haulage ropes, couplings, haulage clips, etc., signalling.

(6) **Surface arrangements.**—Headframes and pulleys, receiving frames, keds, arrangements of roads on pit bank, tipplers, simple screening and sizing, railway sidings, aerial ropeways.

(7) Simple treatment of coking and bye-product ovens.

T. H. RICHARDSON,

Secretary, Mining Education Advisory Board.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, the 7th March 1923.

Dacca Medical School.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders and Dressers at the Dacca Medical School.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will be held on the 23rd April 1923 and subsequent days:—

- (a) No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Government notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.
- (b) All male candidates must forward to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. A fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate, who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to attend the next examination without payment of fresh fee.
- (d) Women candidates are examined free of charge.
- (e) Passed compounders who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at an examination in bandaging, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in minor duties of hospital work. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders, on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognised by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

• M. MACKELVIE, C.I.E., M.B., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.

DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the compounders' class, Medical School, Dacca, will be held on the 26th April 1923 at 10 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, on or before 25th April 1923.

M. MACKELVIE, C.I.E., M.B., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.

DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2962C.

THE following orders of the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are published for general information :—

Under section 22, read with section 21, sub-section (3) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), the Government of Bengal are pleased to order that, with effect from the commencement of the session 1923-24, the Hooghly College shall be affiliated to this University in History to the B. A. Honours standard.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar*.

SENATE HOUSE, the 5th March 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE next M. A. and M. Sc. Examinations will be held on Monday, the 24th September 1923, and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the above Examinations should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations on or before the 22nd June 1923.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations*.

SENATE HOUSE, the 5th March 1923.

COUNCIL OF POST GRADUATE TEACHING IN ARTS.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

CANDIDATES for the M.A. Examination in English, 1923, are hereby given the option to substitute for Homer's Odyssey, Dryden's Virgil's Aeneid, Books I and VI, which was the text prescribed for 1922.

G. N. BANERJEE, *Secretary*.

SENATE HOUSE, the 6th March 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

IN connection with the forthcoming election for the seat in the Provincial Legislative Council allotted to the Calcutta University under the Reforms Scheme, the franchise is enjoyed by all graduates of this University of not less than seven years' standing. Only such graduates of the University as passed their first Degree Examinations in 1915 (and were, therefore, entitled to be admitted to their Degrees at the annual Convocation held in 1916) or earlier will be eligible to vote at the election. Licentiates of Medicine, who obtained their degrees under the old regulations, will be treated as graduates for the purposes of franchise qualifications.

With a view to enable the undersigned to prepare an electoral roll for the above purpose, graduates of the prescribed standing are requested to furnish the undersigned with the undermentioned particulars on or before the 7th April, 1923 :—

- (1) Name, in full ;
- (2) Address ;
- (3) Present occupation ;
- (4) Place of residence ;
- (5) Name of the first Degree Examination of this University which they passed, as also the year when, and the College (if any) from which, they passed such examination.

The franchise is restricted to qualified graduates who are ordinarily resident in the Presidency of Bengal, in the sense that they are identified with it by actual residence during the greater portion of the year.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar*.

SENATE HOUSE, the 12th March 1923.



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

**Tour Programme of
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
during March and April 1923.**

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
March.	HOURS.		
29th, Thursday ...	16-15	Leave Howrah ...	By special train.
30th, Friday ...	.....	En route.	
31st, Saturday ...	10-20	Arrive Bombay (Ballard Pier)	
	22-30	Leave Bombay (Victoria Terminus)	By special train.

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
April.	HOURS.		
1st, Sunday ...	5-0	Arrive Kirkee.	
	6-0	Leave Kirkee ...	By motor.
	9-0	Arrive Mahabaleswar.	
2nd, Monday, to 4th, Wednesday.	.....	Halt.	
5th, Thursday ...	8-0	Leave Mahabaleswar ...	By motor.
	11-0	Arrive Kirkee.	
	11-15	Leave Kirkee ...	By special train.
6th, Friday ...	.....	<i>En route.</i>	
7th, Saturday ...	8-30	Arrive Howrah.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Lytton.*

Lady Hermione Bulwer-Lytton.*

Lady Davina Bulwer-Lytton.*

The Hon'ble John Bulwer-Lytton.*

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary.

Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, Private Secretary.

Major H. G. Benton, Aide-de-Camp.*

Captain G. B. Fyldes, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.

Medical Officer.*

(2) Letters and telegrams for the party should be addressed to the Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

* Bombay only.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL,

Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, *the 15th March 1923.*

No. 3029A.—*The 14th March 1923.*—Under the provisions of section 29 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. William Crawford Currie of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 3032A.—*The 14th March 1923.*—A vacancy having occurred in the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation tendered by Mr. W. C. Currie, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 24 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 30th April 1923.

No. 3259A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to appoint Captain D. W. M. Prinsep, 1st Duke of York's Own Skinner's Horse, to be an extra Aide-de-Camp on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 13th March 1923.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 3317A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 2828A.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Mr. J. Peddie, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Midnapore, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 3225A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Fariduddin, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Dacca Division.

No. 3229A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Babu Gyanendra Mohan Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gaibandha, Rangpur, is appointed temporarily to have charge of that subdivision.

No. 3240A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Babu Girija Bhushan Ghoshal, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Hooghly district.

No. 3253A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Babu Praphulla Chandra Das Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rangpur, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Kurigram subdivision of that district.

No. 3270A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Babu Satya Charan Haldar, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sandip, Noakhali, is transferred to the Burdwan Division.

POLICE.—No. 3268A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Mr. J. R. Johnson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, on deputation, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—No. 3275A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—The Reverend Mohan Lal Murmu of Sarenga in the district of Bankura, is authorised, under section 6 of Act XV of 1872, to solemnize marriages between persons one or both of whom is or are a Christian or Christians and, under section 9 of the Act, to grant certificates of marriages between persons who are native Christians.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 2824A.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Maulvi Din Muhammad, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for six months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2826A.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Phanindra Bhushan Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under article 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2976A.—*The 13th March 1923.*—Babu Mano Mohan Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Serampore, Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for four months (of which three months and twenty-five days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2981A.—*The 13th March 1923.*—Mr. Satyendra Nath Modak, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lalbagh, Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for one week (the entire period being on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 3101A.—*The 16th March 1923.*—Babu Dhurjati Kumar Datta, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under the proviso to article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in continuation of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 28th November 1922.

No. 3231A.—*The 17th March 1923.*—Babu Binod Bihari Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gaibandha, Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 9th April 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 3235A.—The 17th March 1923.—Mr. H. M. Veitch, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Pankura, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (including one month and four days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th April 1923.

Pankura.

No. 3243A.—The 17th March 1923.—Babu Rakhal Mohan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 3rd to the 14th April 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Nadia.

No. 3250A.—The 17th March 1923.—Babu Lak Bihari Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kurigram, Rangpur, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-two days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th April 1923.

Rangpur.

No. 3256A.—The 17th March 1923.—Babu Sourendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for two months, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 20th November 1922.

This cancels notification No. 1209A., dated the 5th February 1923, posting the Sub-Deputy Collector to the Presidency Division.

No. 3261A.—The 17th March 1923.—Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, was on leave on half average pay for nine days from the 4th April 1922, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

POLICE.—No. 3246A.—The 17th March 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 26th January 1923.

No. 3264A.—The 17th March 1923.—Mr. A. E. F. Wood, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which five months and eighteen days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mymensingh.

No. 3284A.—The 19th March 1923.—Mr. F. P. McKinty, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and twenty-four days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923.

Calcutta.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2841A.—The 13th March 1923.—The following is substituted for item 4 (a) in Appendix I, Part I, to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912 :—

4(a) Act V of 1919

... The Bengal Village Self-Government Act.

No. 3035A.—The 14th March 1923.—With reference to notification No. 3032A., dated the 14th March 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 4th April 1923 as the date by which nomination papers of candidates for election by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency shall reach the Returning Officer.

L. BIRLEY

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION No. 1.

No. 2942P.—The 15th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 15, sub-section (1) of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to impose a lighting rate not exceeding 3 per cent on the annual value of holdings situated within the Barrackpore Cantonment:

Barrackpore.

Provided the said lighting rate shall not be levied on buildings which are the property of the State and are not used for residential purposes.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION No. II.

No. 2945P.—The 15th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 15, sub-section (2) of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to apply for the assessment and recovery of the lighting rate imposed in the Barrackpore Cantonment the provisions of sections 6 (3), 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 106, 107, 108, 109, 112 to 130, 310, 312 to 315 and 354, Form B in the third schedule, and Forms A, B, C, D and E, in the fourth schedule of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), in the following adopted form:—

PART I.—ASSESSMENT.

1. In these rules the expression "holding" means land held under one title or agreement and surrounded by one set of boundaries:—

Bengal Act II.
1884, section 6

Definition of holding.
Provided that where two or more adjoining holdings form part and parcel of the site or premises of a dwelling house, manufactory, warehouse, or place of trade or business, such holdings shall be deemed to be one holding for the purpose of these rules.

Explanation.—Holdings separated by a road or other means of communication shall be deemed adjoining within the meaning of this proviso.

2. The Cantonment Authority after making such enquiries as may be necessary, shall determine the valuation of all holdings within the Cantonment as hereinafter provided.

Ibid, section 96.

The Cantonment Authority to determine the valuation of holdings.

3. Save as is herein otherwise provided, such valuation shall be valid for five years from the date on which it first takes effect in the Cantonment, and until the beginning of the year next after the date on which a new valuation may be made, or until the valuation be revised and amended.

Ibid, section 97.

Duration of assessment.

4. Lighting rate shall not be assessed or levied on any holding which is duly registered as a public burial or burning ground.

Ibid, section 98.

Holdings exempted from tax.

5. The Cantonment Authority, in order to prepare the valuation list, may, whenever it thinks fit, by notice, require the owners or occupiers of all holdings to furnish it with returns of the rent or annual value thereof and the Cantonment Authority, or any person authorised by it in writing in that behalf, at any time between sunrise and sunset, may enter, inspect and measure any such holding after having given 48 hours' previous notice of its intention to the occupier thereof.

Ibid, section 99.

Returns for ascertaining annual value.

6. Whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required to do so, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further daily fine not exceeding five rupees for each day during which he shall omit to furnish a true and correct return; and whoever hinders, obstructs or prevents the Cantonment authority, or any person appointed by it, as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such holding shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 200.

Ibid, section 100.

Penalty for default in furnishing return.

7. The gross annual rental at which any holding may be reasonably expected to let shall be deemed to be the annual value thereof, and such value shall accordingly be determined by the Cantonment Authority and entered in the valuation lists:

Annual value of holding how to be ascertained.

Provided that, if there be on a holding any building or buildings, the actual cost of erection of which can be ascertained or estimated, the annual value of such holding shall not be deemed to exceed an amount which would be equal to seven and a half per cent. on such cost, in addition to a reasonable ground rent for the land comprised in the holding:

Ibid, section 101

Provided also that, in estimating the annual value of a holding under this rule, the value of any machinery that may be on such holding shall not be taken into consideration.

- 7A. The Cantonment Authority, at a meeting to be held before the close of the year next preceding the year to which the rate will apply, shall determine the percentage on the valuation of holdings at which the rate shall be levied; and the percentage so fixed shall remain in force until the order of the Cantonment Authority determining such percentage shall be rescinded, and until the Cantonment Authority at a meeting shall determine some other percentage on the valuation of holdings at which the rate will be levied from the beginning of the next year: provided that the first assessment of the rate may be made from the beginning of the quarter next after that in which the percentage has been fixed by the Cantonment Authority at a meeting.

Ibid, section 102.

Determination of rate of tax or holding.

Bengal Act III of
1894, section 108.

8. The Cantonment Authority shall cause to be prepared a valuation and rating list which shall contain the following particulars and any others which the Cantonment Authority may think proper, to include—

Preparation of valuation and rating list.

- (a) Name of the street or road in which the holding is situated.
- (b) Number of the holding on the register.
- (c) Description of the holding.
- (d) Annual value of the holding.
- (e) Name of owner and occupier.
- (f) Amount of rate payable for the year.
- (g) Amount of quarterly instalment.
- (h) If the holding exempted from assessment a note to that effect.

9. Every occupier shall be liable to the lighting rate for the time of his occupation.

Occupier liable to the rate for the time of occupation only.

When any person shall have been an occupier for a part only of any quarter, he shall be liable only for so much of the rate for that quarter as may be proportionate to the number of days during which he shall have been an occupier.

Ibid, section 815.

If he shall have paid the rate in advance, the amount paid in excess of the sum due under this rule shall be refunded.

Excess paid in advance to be refunded.

Ibid, section 106.

10. Whenever, from the circumstances of the case, the levy of the rate on any holding in the Cantonment would be productive of excessive hardship to the person liable to pay the same, the Cantonment Authority at a meeting may reduce the amount payable on account of such holding, or may remit the same.

Ibid, section 107.

11. If the value of any holding shall be diminished from any cause beyond the control of the owner thereof, the owner thereof may apply for reduction of the valuation of the same.

Application for reduction of assessment.

Ibid, section 108.

12. The Cantonment Authority may, at any time after the publication of the notice required by rule 14, value and rate any holding which was without authority omitted from the valuation and rating list, or which has become liable to valuation and rating after the publication thereof, and may enhance the valuation and rating of any holding which may appear to have been insufficiently valued or rated through mistake, oversight or fraud, and may revalue and reassess the lighting rate on any holding the value of which has been increased by additions or alterations to any building thereon.

Any lighting rate imposed, or enhancement made, under this rule shall take effect from the beginning of the quarter next following that in which the rate shall be imposed or enhancement made.

Ibid, section 109.

13. The Cantonment Authority may, at any time, substitute for any name mentioned in the valuation and rating list the name of any person to whom any holding mentioned therein shall have been transferred. Such person shall be liable to pay the lighting rate payable on such holding from the first day of the quarter next after the date of the transfer.

Ibid, section 112.

14. When the valuation and rating list of the lighting rate on the annual value of holdings shall have been prepared or revised, the Cantonment Authority shall sign the same, and shall cause it to be deposited in its office, and shall cause the notice in Form A of the First Schedule annexed to these rules to be published as far as possible in the following manner.

Every such notice shall be written in or translated into, the vernacular of the district, and deposited in the office of the Cantonment Authority and a copy shall be posted up in a conspicuous position at such office and in such other public places as the Cantonment Committee may direct.

Ibid, section 851.

And a public proclamation shall be made throughout the Cantonment by beat of drum, notifying that such copy has been so posted up, and that the original is open to inspection in the office of the Cantonment Authority.

Ibid, section 110.

15. Any person who is dissatisfied with the amount assessed upon him or with the valuation or rating of any holding, or who disputes his occupation of any holding, or its liability to be assessed or rated may apply to the Cantonment Authority to review the amount of assessment, valuation or rating, or to exempt him from the assessment or rate.

Ibid, section 114.

16. Every application presented under the last preceding rule shall be heard and determined by not less than three members of the Cantonment Authority who shall be appointed in that behalf by the Cantonment Authority at a meeting. The members so appointed, after taking such evidence and making such enquiries as they may deem necessary, may pass such orders as they shall think fit in respect of such application.

The decision of such members, or of a majority thereof, in such cases shall be final.

17. Unless good cause shall be shown to the satisfaction of such members for extending the time allowed, no such application shall be received after the expiration of one month from the date of publication of the notice required by rule 14 relating to the list containing the valuation or rating in respect of which the application is made, or after the expiration of fifteen days from the date of service of the first notice of demand for payment at the rate in respect of which the application is made, whichever period shall last expire.

Limitation of time for application of review.

Bengal Act III of 1884, sec. 115.

Assessment to be questioned only under these rules.

18. No objection to any assessment or rating shall be taken in any other manner than is provided for in these rules.

Ibid, section 116.

PART II.—RECOVERY.

19. By notification to be posted up in its office, the Cantonment Authority shall declare at what hours of each day (not being a Sunday or other recognized holidays) the office shall be open for the receipt of money and the transaction of business.

Ibid, section 117.

Office hours for payment of the lighting rate.

20. The amount due by any person on account of the lighting rate shall be deemed to be the amount entered in the list, the notice relating to which is published under rule 14, unless the amount entered in such list is subsequently altered by the Cantonment Authority as provided in these rules, in which case the amount to which the rating is so altered shall be deemed to be the amount due. Every instalment of such rate shall be deemed to be due on the first day of the quarter in respect of which such instalment is payable.

Ibid, section 118.

Lighting rate payable in advance.

21. The lighting rate shall be paid by the occupiers of the holdings by quarterly instalments in advance.

Ibid, section 119.

Payment of lighting rate.

22. For all sums paid on account of the lighting rate, a receipt stating the amount and the rate on account of which it is paid shall be given, signed by the tax collector or by some other officer authorized by the Cantonment Authority to grant such receipts.

Ibid, section 119.

Receipts to be given.

23. If any holding shall be occupied by more than one tenant holding severally, or shall be of less value than one hundred rupees, it shall be lawful for the Cantonment Authority to recover the rate from the owner of such holding, who shall have the following remedies for the recovery of such rate from the tenant.

Ibid, section 120.

Power to assess owner in certain cases.

24. Whenever any rate shall be recovered from any owner of any holding under the provisions of these rules, it shall be lawful for such owner if there shall be but one occupying tenant of such entire holding, to recover from such tenant the entire amount of the rate which shall have been so paid by such owner; and if there shall be one occupying tenant of a part of such holding or more than one occupying tenant of such holding, then to recover from such tenant, or each of such tenants, such sum as shall bear to the entire amount of rate which may have been so recovered from such owner the same proportion as the value of the portion of such holding in the occupation of such tenant bears to the entire value of such holding, subject, however, to the provisions of rule 25.

Ibid, section 121.

Owner to recover from the occupier rates paid by the owner.

25. Every owner, who, under the provisions of these rules, may be entitled to recover any sum from any occupying tenant of any holding or of any portion thereof, shall have, for the recovery of such sum, all such and the same remedies, powers, rights, and authorities as if such sum were rent payable to such owner by such tenant in respect of so much of such holding as may be in the occupation of such tenant.

Ibid, section 121.

26. At any time within six months after any sum has become due on account of the lighting rate, the Cantonment Authority shall cause to be presented to the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the said sum, which shall contain a statement of the period for which the lighting rate is in arrear. If the amount mentioned in such bill be not paid on presentation thereof, a notice of demand, in the form marked A in the second schedule, with copy of the bill appended thereto, shall be served on the person liable to pay the same and such notice of demand may be served at any subsequent time provided that no charge shall be made in respect of the service of such notice. Such notice shall be signed by the President of the Cantonment Authority or an officer authorized in that behalf, and shall be served by the person authorized to receive payment.

Ibid, section 122.

27. If any person after service upon him of the bill and notice referred to in rule 26 shall not, within 15 days of the service of such notice or from the date of any order made on an application for review under rule 16, pay the sum due, either to the Cantonment Authority at its office or to some person authorized by it to receive the money, or show to the Cantonment Authority sufficient cause for not paying the same, this amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale shown in the table of fees marked B

Ibid, section 123.

If not paid in 15 days, process of distress may issue.

in the second schedule, may, at any time within three months after the date of service of the said notice or of the order made on an application for review as aforesaid, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, except ploughs, plough cattle, tools or implements of agriculture or trade, wherever found, or of any moveable property belonging to any other person, subject to the same exceptions which may be found within the holding in respect of which such defaulter is liable to such rate:

Provided that, when the holding in respect of which the default is committed is a place of business, and the moveable property distrained is shown to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority to have been left there for repairs or safe custody in the ordinary course of business, it shall be released,

Provided also that if the said property or any part thereof belongs to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner thereof for any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress, or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same.

28. Every warrant of distress and sale under the last preceding rule shall be issued by the Cantonment Authority and shall be in the form marked C in the second schedule. Distress shall be made

by actual seizure of moveable property and the officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall be responsible for the due custody thereof. Such officer shall make an inventory of all moveable property seized under the warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum in the Cantonment, and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the form marked D in the second schedule:

Provided that, if the property is of a perishable nature, it may be sold at once with the consent of the defaulter, or without such consent at any time after the expiry of six hours from the seizure.

29. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant may, under the special orders of the Cantonment Authority, between sunrise and sunset break open any outer or inner door or window of a house, in order to make the distress, if he has reasonable ground for believing that such house contains any moveable property belonging to the defaulter, and if after notification of his authority and purpose and demand of admittance duly made, he cannot otherwise obtain admittance:

Provided that he shall not enter or break open the door of any room appropriated for the zenana or residence of women, which by the usage of the country is considered private, except after three hours' notice and opportunity given for the retirement of the women.

30. If the sum due be not paid with costs before the time fixed for the sale, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Cantonment Authority, the moveable property seized shall be sold by auction at the time and place specified in the most public manner possible, and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and costs.

The surplus sale-proceeds (if any) shall be credited to the Cantonment Fund, and may be paid on demand to any person who establishes his right to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority or in a court of competent jurisdiction.

The tax collector or other officer authorized in that behalf shall make a return of all such sales to the Cantonment Authority in the form marked E in the second schedule.

31. All officers and servants of the Cantonment Authority, and all chaukidars, constables and other officers of police are prohibited from purchasing any property at any such sale.

Certain persons prohibited from purchasing at sale.

Whoever (not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code) contravenes the provisions of this rule shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fines, or with both.

32. The Cantonment Authority shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the recovery of the lighting rate under these rules.

The Cantonment Authority to keep account of distresses and sales.

33. If no sufficient moveable property belonging to a defaulter, or being upon the premises in respect of which he is rated, can be found within the Cantonment, the Deputy Commissioner, Barrackpore, or any other Magistrate having jurisdiction over the Cantonment, may, on the application of the Cantonment Authority, issue his warrant to any officer of his Court for the distress and sale of any moveable property or effects belonging to the defaulter within any other part of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, or for the distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the defaulter within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate exercising jurisdiction within the territories administered by the Governor of Bengal, and such other Magistrate shall endorse the warrant so issued and cause it to be executed and the amount, if levied, to be remitted to the Magistrate issuing the warrant, who shall remit the same to the Cantonment Authority.

Sale of property beyond limits of Cantonment.

34. No distress or sale made under this rule shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any error, defect or want of form in the bill, notice, summons, warrant of distress, inventory or other proceedings relating thereto.

35. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize thereby the whole or any part of the lighting rate, the Cantonment Authority may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

36. The Cantonment Authority may order to be struck off the books any amount in respect of lighting rate which may appear to them to be irrecoverable.

37. The President of the Cantonment Authority shall, for the transaction of business under these rules, exercise all or any of the powers vested in the Cantonment Authority, excepting any power which is only exercisable by that Authority at a meeting.

The First Schedule.

FORM A.

(See Rule 14.)

Notice to be published of the preparation of the Valuation and Rating List of Holdings.

To

Cantonment, Barrackpore.

Whereas a valuation and rating list of the lighting rate on the annual value of holdings has been deposited in the office of the Cantonment Authority as required by rule 14 of the Rules for the assessment and recovery of the rate;

Notice is hereby given that the said list is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same, at the office of the said Cantonment Authority, during office hours on any day not being a close holiday; and that the several owners of the holdings included therein are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by the Cantonment Authority for the receipt of the same, or to the Tax Collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the 1st day of (), and every subsequent payment on or before the 1st day of (), the 1st day of () and the 1st day of (), and in default thereof any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made, and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of 1922.

President of the Cantonment Authority.

The Second Schedule.

FORM A.

(See Rule 26.)

Notice of Demand.

To

Cantonment, Barrackpore.

Take notice that the sum of Rs. being the amount due from you as shown in the accompanying bill is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not within 15 days, pay the same to an officer authorized to receive payment or into the office of the Cantonment Authority, the amount together with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels, or otherwise as provided by law.

President of the Cantonment Authority.

(The following note will be added at the foot of the above notice in those cases only in which the notice is to be addressed to a person who has not already paid one instalment of the tax at the rate at which the demand is made.)

NOTE:—If you have any objection to make against this demand, you may, instead of paying the amount which is hereby demanded, present a petition to the Cantonment Authority praying for a review of the amount assessed (or rated). Such petition must be presented within 15 days of the service of this notice, otherwise it will not be received. If you present such petition no amount will be levied from you until the Cantonment Authority shall have passed an order on your petition, but after 15 days from such order the amount due by you, with such costs as the Cantonment Authority may direct, will be levied unless it has been previously paid.

FORM B.

(See Rule 27.)

Table of Fees payable upon Distraints.

Sums distrained for.				Fees.	
				Rs. A.	
Under Rs. 1		...	...	...	0 4
1 and under Rs. 5		...	...	...	0 8
5	"	10	...	...	1 0
10	"	15	...	...	1 8
15	"	20	...	...	2 0
20	"	25	...	...	2 8
25	"	30	...	...	3 0
30	"	35	...	...	3 8
35	"	40	...	...	4 0
40	"	45	...	...	4 8
45	"	50	...	...	5 0
50	"	60	...	...	6 0
60	"	80	...	...	7 8
80	"	100	...	...	9 0
above	"	100	...	...	10 0

The above charge includes all expenses, including the service of notice of demand except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case 3 annas must be paid daily for each man. If the amount demanded be paid or the warrant discharged before the sale is held so that no sale is necessary, one-fourth of the fees specified in the above table shall be remitted.

FORM C.

(See Rule 28.)

Distress Warrant.

To

(here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rs. due for lighting rate for the period mentioned in the margin, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said and fifteen days have elapsed since the service of notice of demand, this is to require you to distrain the moveable property of the said wherever it may be found within the Cantonment, except ploughs, plough cattle, tools or implements of trade or agriculture, or any moveable property, subject to the same exceptions, which may be found within the holding specified in the margin to the amount of the said sum of and the further sum of to defray the charges of taking, keeping and selling such property, and if, within ten days next after such distress the said sum of shall not be paid, to sell the said property and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of and the charges of taking, keeping and selling such property, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of said property, and if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Cantonment Authority. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said, you are to certify the same to us in returning this warrant.

President of the Cantonment Authority.

FORM D.

(See Rule 28.)

Bengal Act III of 1884, Fourth Schedule, Form D.

Form of Inventory and notice.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of _____ due for the rates mentioned in the margin, and that unless you pay to me or into the office of the Cantonment Authority of _____ the said sum of _____ and the further cost of this distraint as specified below, within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(Signature of the officer executing the warrant of distress.)

Costs of distress _____

Date _____

FORM E.

(See rule 30.)

Bengal Act III of 1884, Fourth Schedule, Form E.

Registers of Distraints of Property and Sales held on account of Arrears for the month of _____ in _____

1. Name of defaulter.
2. Number on Register and specification of the holding on account of which the arrear is due.
3. Amount of arrears due.
4. Amount of costs and penalty.
5. Total amount to be realized.
6. Inventory of property seized under distress.
7. Date of distress.
8. Date of sale.
9. Details of articles sold.
10. Amount realized on each article.
11. Purchaser's name.
12. Total amount realized.
13. Amount paid into the Cantonment Authority's office on account of the arrear due, with date.
14. Amount paid into the Cantonment Authority's office on account of costs and penalties.
15. Surplus proceed of sale remaining after deducting the amount of arrears, costs and penalties due.
16. How the surplus was disposed of, with date of such disposal.
17. Balance of arrear still remaining unrealized, if any.
18. On what date such remaining balance was realized or written off by authority.
19. Remarks (explaining why the property seized was released without sale, if not eventually sold, etc.).

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 886 Pl.—The 15th March 1923.—Notification No. 1291 Pl., dated the 23rd March 1922, transferring the village Bhatchala from Maheshtala police-station to Behala police-station in the district of the 24-Parganas, published at page 579, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th March 1922, is cancelled.

No. 910Pl.—The 17th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 64 of the Police Act, 1861 (V of 1861), and in supersession of the notification dated the 22nd November 1888, published at page 1000, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 28th November 1888, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend that section to the town of Nischintapur, the headquarters of the Thakurgaon subdivision in the district of Dinajpur, within the boundaries specified below :—

Dinajpur.

North—The Senna river and mauza Salandar (Jurisdiction List No. 244).

East—A line drawn at right angles to the road No. 35 known as Nilphamari road and passing through the centre of the masonry bridge at the 1st mile of the said road at a distance of 2,550 feet from the junction of the said road and road No. 3, Darjeeling road.

South—A line drawn at right angles to the road from Thakurgaon to Dinajpur via Pirganj, which is known as road No. 3, Darjeeling road, and passing through the centre of the masonry bridge at the 35th mile of the said road, at a distance of 1,382 feet from the junction of the said road and road No. 35 known as Nilphamari road.

West—The Tangan river.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3318A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 2969A.—The 13th March 1923.—With the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), and by section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. A. Tegart, C.I.E., M.V.O., officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, to be a Presidency Magistrate in Calcutta and to empower him to sit singly as a Presidency Magistrate.

Calcutta.

POWERS.

No. 3225A.—The 17th March 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Fariduddin, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Dacca Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

Dacca Divn.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1585J.—The 12th March 1923.—Babu Prabodh Chandra De, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Khulna, to be ordinarily stationed at Satkhira, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Jagat Nath Basu Ray, or until further orders.

Khulna.

No. 1588J.—The 12th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Debendra Kishore Tarafdar the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bogra, for a period of three years from the 7th April 1923; and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sherpur bench in the said district.

Bogra.

No. 1599J.—The 12th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon each of the gentlemen, named below, Honorary Magistrates of the Munshiganj bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Dacca, for a period of three years from the 14th April 1923,—

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Munshiganj subdivision of the said district :—

Khan Bahadur Munshi Kabirullah.

Rai Ramesh Chandra Guha Bahadur.

No. 1677J.—The 14th March 1923.—Mr. Manik Chandra Ghosh, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed to act as a Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Satish Chandra Mitra.

No. 1683J.—The 14th March 1923.—Mr. J. W. Chippendale, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Jatindra Chandra Gupta.

No. 1686J.—The 14th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Tarini Krishna Sen the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Dacca, for a period of three years from the 6th April 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Manikganj subdivision of the said district,

(b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Manikganj bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1688J.—The 14th March 1923.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen Gupta, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Barasat, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Harijiban Banarji or until further orders.

No. 1693J.—The 14th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Gour Mohan Sadhukhan the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kanchrapara bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1728J.—The 16th March 1923.—Rai Sahib Jnanendra Chandra Guha, Vakil, High Court, Calcutta, acted as Public Prosecutor in the Courts of Presidency Magistrates, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Rai Tarak Nath Sahu Bahadur.

No. 1755J.—The 17th March 1923.—Babu Shailendra Nath Chatterji, M.A., M.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Munshiganj, but for the present to be employed at Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. II, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 1670J.—The 1st March 1923.—Babu Hiran Chandra Mitra, munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 15th February to the 2nd March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1671J.—The 1st March 1923.—Babu Harijiban Banarji, munsif of Baraset, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 2nd February to the 29th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1680J.—The 14th March 1923.—Mr. Jatindra Chandra Gupta, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed leave for six months and six days, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1723J.—The 16th March 1923.—Rai Tarak Nath Sadhu Bahadur, Public Prosecutor in the Courts of Presidency Magistrates, Calcutta, was on leave from the 24th October 1922 to the 23rd December 1922 (both days inclusive), viz., leave on full pay for the period for which privilege leave was due to him and on full average salary for the remaining period, under the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1753J.—The 22nd February 1923.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif, under orders of transfer to Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on half average pay till the 29th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th January 1923.

No. 1759J.—The 1st March 1923.—Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. 11, munsif of Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, now employed at the Sadar station, is allowed leave on half average pay for one month, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 8th February 1923.

No. 1760J.—The 7th March 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 10th January 1923, Babu Malati Nath Basu, munsif of Kushtia, in the district of Nadia, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 10th December 1922 to the 12th February 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th November 1922.

No. 1761J.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Gyan Chandra Banarji, munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave of absence up to the 22nd February 1923, viz., leave on average pay for two days on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 27th January 1923.

No. 1762J.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Jitendra Nath Chatterji, munsif of South Raojan, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on half average pay up to the 5th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

No. 1763J.—The 8th March 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 5th January 1923, Babu Raj Kumar Basu, munsif of Sudharam, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 24th December 1922 to the 29th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th November 1922.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 1719J.—The 16th March 1923.—The following promotions are sanctioned in the Bengal Civil Service (Judicial):—

Promoted to the selection grade on Rs. 1,300.

Babu Jagadish Chandra Gosain, with effect from the 1st January 1923, *vice* Banwari Lal Banarji, retired.

Promoted to the selection grade on Rs. 1,000.

Mr. Iradatulla, with effect from the 1st January 1923, *vice* Babu Jagadish Chandra Gosain, promoted.

RESIGNATION.

No. 1744J.—The 17th March 1923.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Reverend Mukunda Kishore Chakrabarti of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Bolpur bench in the district of Birbhum.

G. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 843 M.—The 13th March 1923.—In pursuance of section 49, sub-section (1) of the

Calcutta.

Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 of that Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to sanction the Street Scheme known as Scheme No. XIII (Park Street Widening—Wood Street, to London Street) in Ward No. 15 of the Calcutta Municipality, which has been submitted to them by the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta under section 47 of the said Act.

2. A description of the scheme is given below :—

Description of the Scheme.

This is a street scheme which provides for the construction of a portion of proposed Public Street No. XXXIII (Park Street Widening) which has been sanctioned by Government. It provides for the widening of Park Street to a width of 84 feet and for a length of about 440 yards from Wood Street to London Street. The scheme is a continuation of Scheme No. XII (Park Street Widening—from Chowringhee Road to Wood Street).

The following figures relate to the scheme :—

		Cottahs.	Acres.
1.	Total area of the scheme	812	13.42
2.	Total area within the limits of acquisition ...	786	12.99
3.	Total area of new and widened and existing roads within the scheme ...	198	3.27
4.	Area of surplus land	588	9.72
5.	Area of land thrown into roadway	75	1.24
6.	Area of existing roads within the scheme ...	123	2.03
7.	Length of new roads—		
	(1) 84-foot road	440 yards.	
	(2) 60 " "	66 "	

The existing roads within the limits of acquisition comprise 15.6 per cent. of the area. The total road area within the same limits after the improvement will amount to 25.2 per cent.

The estimated cost of land and engineering works is as follows :—

Land Gross	...	...	32 lakhs.
Recovery	...	...	31 "
Net	...	...	1 lakh.

The preliminary estimate for engineering works is Rs. 1,71,000.

3. The area covered by the scheme is bounded as follows :—

On the north—From a point on the north-western corner of premises No. 85, Park Street, running approximately eastwards along the southern edge of Park Lane to the north-western corner of premises No. 105, Park Street, thence eastwards along the northern boundary of premises No. 105, Park Street, to a point on the north-eastern corner of the said premises.

On the east—From this point southwards along the eastern boundary of premises No. 105, Park Street, and across Park Street to a point on the southern edge of Park Street about 20 feet from the north-eastern corner of premises No. 40, Park Street, thence westwards along the southern edge of Park Street to the north-western corner of premises No. 38, Park Street, thence southwards along the eastern edge of London Street to the south-western corner of premises No. 22, London Street.

On the south—From this point westwards across London Street, and along the southern boundary of premises No. 36, Park Street, to the south-western corner of the said premises, thence southwards along the eastern boundary of premises No. 34, Park Street, to a point on the south-eastern corner of the said premises. From this point westwards along the southern boundary and northwards along the western boundary of premises No. 34, Park Street, to the south-eastern corner of premises No. 32, Park Street, thence westwards along the southern boundary and northwards along the western boundary of premises No. 32, Park Street, to the north-western corner of the said premises, thence approximately westwards along the southern edge of Park Street to a point on the eastern edge of Wood Street about 30 feet from the north-western corner of premises No. 15, Wood Street.

On the west—From this point northwards across Park Street and along the eastern edge of Wellesley Street to the north-western corner of premises No. 83, Park Street, thence eastwards along the northern boundary of the said premises and northwards along the western boundary of premises No. 85, Park Street, to the point whence it first, started.

4. A list of municipal holdings to be acquired is annexed herewith.

5. The plan of the proposed lay-out of the scheme may be inspected at the office of the Calcutta Improvement Trust, No. 5, Clive Street, Calcutta.

List of Holdings to be acquired.

Name of street.	Number of municipal holdings.
Park Street ...	32, 34, 36, 36-1, 83, 85, 87A, 87B, 87C, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97 (portion), 99, 101, 103, 105.
Wood Street ...	15 (portion).

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 847M.—The 13th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Naihati Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 9 to 18.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 858M.—The 14th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Brahmanbaria Municipality, in the district of Tippera, under section 23 of that Act, electing Babu Kamala Kanta Banik to be Chairman of that Municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 898M.—The 15th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Rishra-Konnagar Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, under section 23 of that Act, electing Babu Hari Charan Chatarji to be Chairman of that Municipality.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 908M.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899 (Bengal Act III of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to sanction the grant by the Corporation of Calcutta, to Mr. J. N. Gupta, M.B.E., I.C.S., Chairman of the Corporation, of an extension of leave for six months, with effect from the 24th of December 1922, viz., leave on average pay for one month under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of these rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 938L.S.-G.—The 19th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of section 31 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (I of 1871), and in modification of the orders contained in clauses (a) and (b) of notification No. 3174 F.M., dated the 16th August 1913, and in clauses (a) and (b) of notification No. 1428L.S.-G., dated the 18th May 1914, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to—

- (i) transfer to the union boards in the district of Rajshahi, named below, all the functions of the Magistrate of that district under chapters II and III of the said Act, I of 1871, in respect of all pounds within the local areas subject respectively to the jurisdiction of the said union boards,
- (ii) direct that the whole of the surplus accruing under section 18 of the said Act, I of 1871, in the areas under the jurisdiction of the union boards in the district of Rajshahi, named below, shall be placed to the credit of the union funds respectively constituted for the said union boards:—

Naopara, Kismat Gangkair, Dharmapur, Daluabari, Jhaluka and Maria.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 947M.—The 19th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 85 (a) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to sanction the levy, by the Commissioners of the Rajbari Municipality, in the district of Faridpur, of a tax upon persons occupying holdings within that municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 889M.—The 18th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 15 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the

24-Parganas.

Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are

pleased to direct that—

(1) the Naihati Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas shall for the purpose of the election of Commissioners be divided into six wards as shown in columns 1 and 2 of the following table, and

(2) that the number of Commissioners to be elected for each such ward shall be that shown in column 3 of the table :—

Number and name of ward.	Boundaries of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
1	2	3
I.—East Kantalpara ...	<p><i>North</i>—The central line of Janmahmud Ghat road running from the junction of Haridas Ghosh road up to the east end of Ghoshpara road, otherwise known as Ferry Fund road, thence through an imaginary straight line across the railway lines up to the east end of the Eastern Bengal Railway property.</p> <p><i>East</i>—Eastern boundary of the Eastern Bengal Railway property down to a point about 150 yards north of the Radhaballabh road. The boundary line will thence strike east till it meets the northern end of the foot-path running south by the house of Satyabala Devi. It will follow the foot-path to the Radhaballabh road, run east including the Radhaballabh road to the north-east corner of the Arjuna tank and south along a foot-path known as Makaltola road till it meets the Muktearpur khal.</p> <p><i>South</i>—Muktearpur khal from the junction of Makaltola road on the east to the point where it is traversed by Ferry Fund road, otherwise known as Ghoshpara road.</p> <p><i>West</i>—The central line of Ferry Fund road otherwise known as Ghoshpara road from the junction of Muktearpur khal on the south to the point where it meets the central line of Kadamtola road, then the boundary line runs along this road, to the junction with the central line of Thakurpara road, then running north to the central line of Bankim road, then west to the central line of Syam road, and then north to the central line of Janmahmud Ghat road (crossing Ferry Ghat road through the central line of Haridas Ghosh road)</p>	2
II.—West Kantalpara ...	<p><i>North</i>—The central line of Janmahmud Ghat road from the riverside to its junction with Haridas Ghosh road.</p> <p><i>East</i>—The central line of Ferry Fund road otherwise known as Ghoshpara road from the junction of Muktearpur khal on the south to the point where it meets the central line of Kadamtola road, then the boundary line runs along this road to its junction with the central line of Thakurpara road, then running north to the central line of Bankim road, then west to the central line of Syam Road, and then north to the central line of Janmahmud Ghat road (crossing Ferry Ghat road through the central line of Haridas Ghosh road).</p> <p><i>South</i>—Muktearpur khal from river Hooghly on the west to the point where it is traversed by Ferry Fund road otherwise known as Ghoshpara road.</p> <p><i>West</i>—River Hooghly.</p>	2

Number and name of ward.	Boundaries of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
1	2	3
III.—East Naihati	<p><i>North</i>—The central line of Kailas Das road, otherwise known as Majhipara road, running east from the junction of the new Central road called Robertson road up to the east end of Eastern Bengal Railway property.</p> <p><i>East</i>—Eastern boundary of the Eastern Bengal Railway property from Kailas Das road, otherwise known as Majhipara road, down to the east end of the imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Jannahmud Ghat road.</p> <p><i>South</i>—The central line of Jannahmud Ghat road commencing at its junction with Barada road and terminating at the end of the imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of it across the railway line up to the easternmost point of the railway property.</p> <p><i>West</i>—The central line of the new Central road, i.e., Barada road, in conjunction with Robertson road.</p>	2
IV.—West Naihati	<p><i>North</i>—The central line of Kailas Das road, otherwise known as Majhipara road, between Robertson road and the river Hooghly.</p> <p><i>East</i>—The central line of the new Central road, i.e., Robertson Road, in conjunction with Barada road.</p> <p><i>South</i>—The central line of Jannahmud Ghat road between Barada road and the river Hooghly.</p> <p><i>West</i>—The river Hooghly.</p>	2
V.—South Garifa	<p><i>North</i>—The central line of Lakhinarayan Kaviraj road from the riverside terminating in an imaginary line to run straight eastward in continuation of it until the end of the municipal area is reached.</p> <p><i>East</i>—The eastern limit of the Eastern Bengal Railway property from the imaginary line running straight in continuation of Lakhinarayan Kaviraj road up to Kailas Das road otherwise known as Majhipara road.</p> <p><i>South</i>—The central line of Kailas Das road otherwise known as Majhipara road, between river Hooghly on the west and up to the easternmost boundary of the Eastern Bengal Railway property on the east.</p> <p><i>West</i>—The river Hooghly.</p>	2
VI.—North Garifa	<p><i>North</i>—The northern boundary of the Malapara road, Barrackpore road and Ballvara Road till it meets the western boundary of village Balivara, then the western boundary of villages Balivara, Rampore and Malaneha.</p> <p><i>East</i>—Eastern boundary of the Eastern Bengal Railway property up to the imaginary line running straight in continuation of Lakhinarayan Kaviraj road.</p> <p><i>South</i>—The central line of Lakhinarayan Kaviraj road from the riverside terminating in an imaginary line to run straight eastward in continuation of it until the end of the municipal area is reached.</p> <p><i>West</i>—The river Hooghly.</p>	2

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 948 L.S.-G.—The 19th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to constitute the following group of villages, in the district of Midnapore, into a union :—

Name of District in which the Union is constituted.	Thana.	Name of Union.	Number of members of which the Union Committee shall consist.	Names of villages (i.e. revenue manas) which constitute the Union, with jurisdiction list numbers.
Midnapore	Contai	Contai	9	<p>Athilagori ... 370</p> <p>Kuorpur ... 367</p> <p>(including Purba and Paschim Kuorpur, subdivision Kuorpur, jurisdiction list No. 368, Hatabari, jurisdiction list No. 369).</p> <p>Kharki (Sherpur Kharkibari) ... 371</p> <p>Manoharchak (including Aulota Manoharchak) ... 538</p> <p>Baggabanpur ... 476</p> <p>Haripur ... 477</p> <p>Karkuli (including Kantanala Bazar) ... 264</p>

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 41 of the same Act the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that three of the members of the said Contai union shall be appointed by the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division and six of them shall be elected as prescribed by section 39 of the said Act.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 950 L.S.-G.—The 19th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 37 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend the provisions of Chapter II, Part I of the said Act, relating to the formation of union committees, to the district of Midnapore.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 945 M.—The 19th March 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government), in exercise of the power conferred on them by section 86 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Rajbari Municipality, in the district of Faridpur, made at a meeting, propose to make the following order.

The draft will be taken into consideration on the 28th April 1923, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the under-signed through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 86 (b) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Rajbari Municipality, in the district of Faridpur, made at a meeting, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) sanction the levy, by the Commissioners of the said Municipality, of a fee, under section 142 of the Act, on the registration of carts, with effect from the 1st October 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 951 M.—The 19th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by subsection (2) of section 241 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to sanction the rules framed by the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality and published for information with notification No. 46-L.S.G., dated the 9th January 1923.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offy.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 818 Medl.—*The 15th March 1923.*—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendment in clause (5) of paragraph 4 of the second schedule appended to this department notification No. 1631 Medl., dated the 14th November 1910, regarding the constitution of the managing committee of the Burdwan Fraser Hospital :—
For the words "a member" substitute the words "two members"

Burdwan.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 828 Medl.—*The 16th March 1923.*—Major A. H. Proctor, D.S.O., M.D., I.M.S. (on leave), is appointed to officiate as Surgeon-Superintendent, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Lt.-Col. E. E. Waters, I.M.S.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 827 Medl.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Major E. W. O'G. Kirwan, I.M.S., Second Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be First Resident Surgeon of the institution, *vice* Major W. L. Harnett, I.M.S., transferred.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 829 Medl.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Captain H. Hingston, M.D., I.M.S., officiating Civil Surgeon, Bakarganj, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be Second Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, *vice* Major E. W. O'G. Kirwan, I.M.S.

Bakarganj.
Calcutta.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 445 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Mr. F. C. Griffin, A.M.I.C.E., is appointed as an Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, in charge of the Presidency Division.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 446 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Mr. W. J. Berry, M.B.E., F.S.I. (Col.), M.R. San. I., is appointed as an Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, in charge of the Eastern Division.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 447 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Mr. A. Webster, A.M.I.E. (Ind.), is appointed as an Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, in charge of the Western Division.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 448 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Mr. Khitish Chandra Banerjee, A.M.I.E. (Ind.), is appointed as an Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, in charge of the Dacca Division.

Dacca.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 449 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Mr. Sukhendra Nath Ghosh, B.A., B.Sc. (Glasgow), A.M.I.C.E., M.R. San. I., M.I.E. (Ind.), is appointed as an Executive Engineer, Public Health Department in charge of maintenance and stores.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 450 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Panna Lal Sen, B.A., B.E., is appointed as an Assistant Engineer, Public Health Department.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 451 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Bhabendra Nath Mazumdar, B.E., is appointed as an Assistant Engineer, Public Health Department.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 452 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Surendra Narain Roy, B.E., is appointed as an Assistant Engineer, Public Health Department.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 453 P.H.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Subodh Chandra Ghose is appointed as an Assistant Engineer (temporary), Public Health Department.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 4146, dated Calcutta, the 14th March 1923.—The following candidates are declared to have passed the Dressership Examination held at the S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, on the 5th March 1923 :—

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Profulla Kishore Dutta Roy. | 4. Md. Monfaruddin Bhuiya. |
| 2. Amar Chandra Chakraverty. | 5. Eunsuddin Chakladar. |
| 3. Makhan Lal Kar. | 6. Surendra Chandra Ghosh. |

No. 4172, dated Calcutta, the 15th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Pratulpati Ganguli acted as Junior Demonstrator of Practical Pharmacy, Medical College, Calcutta, from the 9th December 1922 to the 5th January 1923, *vice* Military Assistant Surgeon P. S. Bedell.

B. H. DEARE,
Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 957Edn.—The 14th March 1923.—Dr. C. E. Cullis, officiating Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay from the 16th March to the 14th April 1923, under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and in continuation leave on average pay for six months, under rules 81 (b) (i) and 86 of those rules.

Appointment by the Chancellor of the University.

No. 977Edn.—The 15th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section (6), sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, VII of 1921, His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to reappoint Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda, M.A., B.L., and Dr. D. Thomson, M.A., B.Sc., Ph.D., as ordinary Fellows of the Calcutta University, with effect from the date on which their present term expires.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1011Edn.—The 17th March 1923.—Mr. Hiran Kumar Banarji of the Bengal Educational Service has been granted by the High Commissioner for India leave without allowance for six months in extension of the leave already granted to him.

J. N. ROY,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 548Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Sufi Muhammad Kasem Ali to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Barwan and Khargram in the district of Murshidabad.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 549Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Sufi Muhammad Kasem Ali to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Barwan and Khargram in the district of Murshidabad.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 554Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Mainuddin Ahmed temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Rajair in the district of Faridpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Jasimuddin Ahmed, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 555Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Mainuddin Ahmed temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Rajair in the district of Faridpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Jasimuddin Ahmed, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 560 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi M. Akhtar Kamal Chaudhuri temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Ramoo in the district of Chittagong, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Mazharul Huq, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 561 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi M. Akhtar Kamal Chaudhuri temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Ramoo in the district of Chittagong, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Mazharul Huq, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 566 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Saiyid to be a Muhammadan Registrar within chaukidari unions Nos. I to VI of police-station Feni in the district of Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 567 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Saiyid to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within chaukidari unions Nos. I to VI of police-station Feni in the district of Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 572 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—It is notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to sanction the conversion of the Asasuni Sub-Registry office in the district of Khulna into a joint office to Kaliganj having concurrent jurisdiction with that office in the same district, with effect from the 1st April 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 573 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to direct under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908, and in supersession of all previous orders that the registration sub-district of Kaliganj in the district of Khulna shall have jurisdiction over police-stations Kaliganj, Shyamnagar, Debhatta and Asasuni, with effect from the 1st April 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 576 Mis.—The 16th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint the District Magistrates of Midnapore, Murshidabad and Chittagong to be *ex-officio* Registrars of their respective districts. The posts of Departmental Registrars of those districts are hereby abolished.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 582 Mis.—The 17th March 1923.—The officers named below are appointed to be Sub-Registrars in charge of the Sadar Registration offices of the districts mentioned opposite their names:—

Maulvi Abdul Majid—Chittagong.

Babu Satya Ranjan Das Gupta—Murshidabad.

Babu Kalidas Chakrabarti—Midnapore.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 10th March 1923.

No. 145A.—Miss Stair Jamini Bose, assistant mistress of the Vidyameyee High English School for Girls, Mymensingh, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted commuted furlough on average pay, under Government of India; Finance Department, No. 2099C.S.R., dated the 27th November 1920, for one month and seventeen days, with effect from the 6th November 1922.

No. 146A.—Babu Jageswar Chakravarti, assistant master (head pandit), Uttarpara Government High School, on Rs. 80—4—160, is appointed to be assistant master (English teacher) of the same school on Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 23rd March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Raj Krishna Biswas, retired.

The 12th March 1923.

No. 147A.—Maulvi Muzaffer Ahmed is declared to have acted as assistant Maulvi, senior section, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 100 per month for the period from 11th to 23rd December 1922 (both days inclusive) against the vacancy consequent on the grant of leave to Maulvi Syed Wasiuddin.

The 14th March 1923.

No. 148A.—An exchange of appointments is sanctioned in the interest of the public service between—

Mymensingh.

(1) Maulvi Abbas Salam, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sherpur, Mymensingh, on Rs. 75—5—200 (on probation), and

(2) Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Netrokona, Mymensingh, on Rs. 75—5—200 (on probation).

No. 149A.—Maulvi Abdul Matin, assistant master, Chittagong Government Moslem High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as head master, Charia Guru-Training School, with effect from 13th February 1923, *vice* Babu Nagendra Kumar Roy, on leave, or until further orders.

2. Maulvi Serajul Islam is appointed to act as assistant master, Chittagong Government Moslem High School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Matin, on deputation.

No. 150A.—Maulvi Syed Hossain Ali, senior English teacher, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, having joined his duty on 1st March 1923, the unexpired portion of his leave on half average pay granted in this office notification No. 92A., dated 10th February 1923, is hereby cancelled.

No. 151A.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Mutsuddi, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, on Rs. 75—5—200 (on probation), now on deputation to the Dacca Training College—is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twenty-three days (the entire period is on account of privilege leave) from the 14th December 1922.

The 16th March 1923.

No. 152A.—Babu Harendra Nath Biswas, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kasiani, Faridpur (on probation), on Rs. 75—5—200, now on deputation to the Dacca Training College, is granted leave on average pay for eleven days (the entire period on account of privilege leave) from the 8th to the 18th January 1923, both days inclusive, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 153A.—This office notification No. 101A., dated the 15th February 1923, sanctioning an exchange of appointments between Babu Manindra Mohan Das, assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, and Maulvi Yakub Ali, assistant master, Jhalakati Government High School, in the district of Bakarganj, is hereby cancelled.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 77.—*The 14th March 1923.*—Maulvi Qazi Mahmudur Rahman, Sub-Registrar of Jansi, in the district of Hooghly, on leave, is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of Alipore at Behala, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 79.—*The 14th March 1923.*—Maulvi K. M. Abdul Haque, Sub-Registrar, grade V (substantive *pro tempore*), of Khulna, was on leave on average pay under subsidiary rules framed by Local Government under rule 104 (b) of the Fundamental Rules from the 2nd to 27th January 1923 (both days inclusive).

No. 80.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Babu Prabhat Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days (twenty-nine days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in continuation of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 588, dated the 22nd December 1922.

No. 81.—The 19th March 1923.—Babu Niranjan Bihari Sen Gupta, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days (eighteen days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 38, dated the 26th January 1923.

No. 82.—The 19th March 1923.—Manvi Baiyid Abdur Rashid, Sub-Registrar of Atrai, in the district of Rajshahi, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Pakulla, in the district of Mymensingh.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2809 F.—The 16th March 1923.—Mr. A. J. Norton, Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (including twenty-three days on account of privilege leave at his credit) under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923, and is permitted to prefix the Easter holidays to the leave.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

No. 2851 F.—The 16th March 1923.—Rules framed under Fundamental Rule 44 regulating the grant of travelling allowances and published in the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of the 23rd December 1921 under notification No. 19427 F. of the same date—

Substitute the following for the last paragraph of the note to rule 43 of the travelling allowance rules (Reserved side)—

"This note applies to casual visits to police-stations. Subject to the rules in sub-section (iii) of this section, it does not apply in the case of officers employed in investigating a case of dacoity, in looking after a bad character, or in other genuine police work which, in the opinion of the controlling officer, rendered necessary a visit to a police-station."

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 85 S.R.—The 12th January 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (9), clause (b) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Gopendra Kumar Ghose Chaudhuri Deputy Collector, to be a "Collector" for the purposes of sections 16, 18, 31, 32, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 56 and 73 of that Act in the district of Rangpur.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTICE.

No. 741 S.R.—The 17th March 1923.—An examination of the Benares provision opium of season 1921-22 will be held at the new opium godown No. 14, Strand Road, Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 10th April 1923, at 11 A.M. Merchants, dealers and others interested in opium are invited to attend.

Samples of the opium examined will be given to merchants and dealers only in small tins, labelled with the names of the persons requiring the sample.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 24 Marine.—The 17th March 1923.—The following questionnaire framed by the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee, together with the instructions for the guidance of those who desire to forward their views to the Committee, is published for general information.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE COMMITTEE.

Instructions to persons invited to give evidence before the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee.

The "terms of reference" to the Committee are stated in the attached memorandum (Appendix B). The following questions are designed to cover the whole field of the enquiry, so far as it can be outlined at this stage. It is not, therefore, expected that each witness should necessarily answer all the questions put. It is particularly requested, however, that categorical replies should be given to each question which a witness may find himself in a position to answer and that no attempt should be made to reply to the Questionnaire as a whole in the form of a general memorandum. If a witness wishes to give his views on any points relevant to the enquiry, which have not been included in the Questionnaire, it would be convenient that such points should be dealt with in a supplementary statement. Appendix C contains a brief account of the different forms of State aid or protection given in various countries for the development of a national mercantile marine which, it is hoped, will serve as a useful guide to witnesses as to the particular lines on which their views and suggestions are required. The special attention of shipbuilding and engineering firms is drawn to the separate list of questions on the subject of shipbuilding and engineering which forms Appendix A to the Questionnaire.

2. The Committee is inviting directly or through Local Governments various associations and individuals to forward in writing their replies to the Questionnaire. The Committee will also be glad to receive replies from any Associations or individuals not so invited, who may wish to represent their views. Copies of the Questionnaire can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Indian Mercantile Marine Committee, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, or to the Secretary in the Marine Department of the Government of Bombay, Bengal and Madras and the Secretary in the Commerce Department of the Government of Burma.

3. The early receipt of written replies to the questions will greatly facilitate the work of the Committee. After perusal of the replies the Committee will select the witnesses for oral examination. To give adequate time for this it is requested that replies may be despatched to the Secretary with the least possible delay.

J. H. GREEN,

Secretary, Indian Mercantile Marine Committee.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE DOCKYARD, BOMBAY, 3rd March 1923.

QUESTIONNAIRE.

Development of Shipping Industry

1. What is your opinion regarding the present condition of the Shipping industry in India?
2. If you consider the situation unsatisfactory, what, in your opinion, are the conditions in India at present which militate against the development of shipping enterprises by the people of this country?
3. Can you suggest any measures to remove or mitigate existing difficulties or disabilities without having recourse to State aid, and to encourage the people of this country to embark on shipping enterprises?
4. Are you of opinion that State aid is necessary or desirable to promote the satisfactory development of shipping industries by the people of this country?
5. If you consider State aid necessary or desirable, what method or methods do you advocate?

6. Do you advocate any legislative measures for the purpose of the satisfactory development of shipping industries by the people of this country, and, if so, what should the legislative measures be?

7. Do you favour the grant of navigation bounties to vessels owned by the people of this country and on the Indian register and trading (a) between Indian ports, (b) between India and ports abroad, and (c) between ports outside India?

8. Would you, in the case of vessels owned by the people of this country, and registered in India, restrict the grant of navigation bounties to specified routes, and, if so, to what routes, and state your reasons for selecting the particular routes you suggest?

9. Do you advocate any limits as to gross registered tonnage, average speed at sea and age for the aforesaid vessels to be eligible for a navigation bounty, and, if so, what limits in each case?

10. If you are in favour of these bounties, what rates and limits of bounty would you advocate for the aforesaid vessels for a bounty based on gross registered tonnage, minimum average speed at sea and minimum distance run over a stated period?

11. Would you recommend any additional percentage of increased bounty for extra speed over and above the minimum average speed at sea advocated by you, and, if so, what percentage on vessels engaged in trading as indicated in question No. 7 (a), (b) and (c)?

12. Do you advocate that provision should be made for the gradual reduction of the bounty after a specified terms of years? If so, what percentage of reduction would you suggest and after how many years for vessels engaged in trading as indicated in question No. 7 (a), (b) and (c)?

13. Would you advocate that Navigation bounties should not be paid to vessels built outside of India unless they have been on the Indian register for a specified period of years, and, if so, for what period?

14. Do you advocate that Navigation bounties should cease altogether after a specified period of years in respect of vessels built outside of India, and, if so, after what period?

15. Would you advocate that all vessels receiving a navigation bounty must take on board a certain number of Indian apprentices for purposes of training?

16. Would you exclude the employment of (a) non-British subjects and (b) non-British Indian subjects on vessels receiving a navigation bounty except when vacancies, which it is impossible to fill, occur at a foreign port? If you advocate exclusion, would you reserve any power to the Government to make exceptions?

17. Would you advocate the cessation of navigation bounties in the case of vessels being sold, chartered or mortgaged to non-Indians?

18. Under the provisions of the Indian Coasting Trade Act V of 1850, the coasting trade of India is open to all comers. Are you in favour of this policy or do you recommend any reservation of the Indian coasting trade for the development of an Indian Mercantile Marine, and, if so, what?

19. What, in your opinion, would be the effect of any policy of reservation on the Indian coastal trade?

20. If you advocate the reservation of the Indian coastal trade, would you impose a condition that such ships should give facilities for training Indian apprentices?

21. What size and description of vessels, in your opinion, are most likely to be required for an Indian Mercantile Marine?

Development of Shipbuilding and Marine Engine construction.

22. Do you consider that vessels required for the Indian Mercantile Marine should be built entirely in private shipyards, or do you recommend the establishment or development of Government dockyards for this purpose?

23. What is your opinion regarding the present condition of the Shipbuilding and Marine Engine construction industry in India?

24. If you consider the situation unsatisfactory, what, in your opinion, are the conditions in India at present which militate against the development of such industries by the people of this country?

25. Can you suggest any measures to remove or mitigate existing difficulties, or disabilities, without having recourse to State aid, and to encourage the people of this country to embark on such industries?

26. Are you of opinion that State aid is necessary or desirable to promote the satisfactory development of those industries by the people of this country?

27. If you consider State aid necessary or desirable, what method or methods do you advocate?

28. Do you advocate any legislative measures for the purpose of the satisfactory development of these industries by the people of this country, and, if so, what should the legislative measures be?

29. Are you in favour of the grant of construction bounties to vessels built in Indian shipyards?

30. Do you advocate that construction bounties should be confined to vessels built of steel only? If so, what, in your opinion, should be the minimum gross registered tonnage of vessels built in Indian shipyards, which can be considered eligible for a construction bounty?

31. If you advocate the grant of construction bounties, what rate per ton of gross registered tonnage do you recommend should be given for the hull alone?

32. If propelling machinery also is built in India, would you advocate a bounty per actual horse power being paid to the propelling machinery builder?

33. In the case of vessels which are to receive shipbuilding bounties, do you advocate that no materials made outside of India should be used for the construction of the hull and propelling machinery or would you advocate any exception such as :—

- (i) Stem, stern post, rudder and rudder tiller, rudder post, quadrant, and rudder pintles.
- (ii) "A" brackets and tripple screw shaft bearings.
- (iii) All stanchions not less than 7 inch diameter.
- (iv) All kinds of springs.
- (v) Corrugated and plain or flanged boiler furnaces.
- (vi) Rotor (wheel) spindle or shaft and blades for turbine engines.
- (vii) Patented articles or articles of new design made abroad.
- (viii) Windlasses, cargo winches, steering engines and gear, anchors and chains, wire ropes, hand bilge pumps, fire pumps, cabin ports, electric apparatus, steam and electric pumps, and ash ejectors.
- (iv) Steel plates, angles, forgings and castings (iron or steel).

34. If you advocate any exceptions as suggested above, do you recommend the grant of any customs concessions, and, if so, what?

35. What measures do you suggest to prevent the abuse of these concessions?

Encouragement of the Construction of Wooden Ships.

36. What is your opinion regarding the present condition of the Wooden Ship-building industry in India?

37. If you consider the situation unsatisfactory, what, in your opinion, are the conditions in India at present which militate against the further development of such industry by the people of this country?

38. Can you suggest any measures to remove or mitigate existing difficulties or disabilities, without having recourse to State aid, and to encourage the people of this country to further develop such industry?

39. Are you of opinion that State aid is necessary or desirable to promote the further development of this industry by the people of this country?

40. If you consider State aid necessary or desirable, what method or methods do you advocate?

41. Do you advocate any legislative measures for the purpose of the further development of this industry by the people of this country, and, if so, what should the legislative measure be?

42. Are you in favour of the grant of construction bounties to wooden ships built in Indian shipyards?

43. Is any difficulty experienced in effecting the insurance of Indian built wooden ships, and, if so, what remedial measures do you recommend?

OFFICERS FOR THE INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE.

44. Do you consider that any considerable number of the youths of this country are likely to be desirous of following the sea in the capacity of Officers in the Mercantile Marine?

45. If so, should Government take any active steps to provide for—

- (a) their training,
- (b) future employment, and
- (c) facilities for further study when qualifying for Board of Trade certificates in the various grades, or would you leave these to private enterprise in India?

46. Do you advise that cadets for training should proceed direct to sea as apprentices or should they undergo a preliminary course of instruction in a training ship or training establishment on shore?

Preliminary training as cadets

47. If you are in favour of preliminary training in a training ship or establishment, do you advise that this should be carried out in India, and, if so, do you recommend that the training ship or establishment should be provided or supported by Government?

48. If some cadets are also trained in England, do you consider that they should be expected to pay the full fees for such training, or do you advise that Government should assist by establishing a system of scholarships for the purpose? If the latter, please give your views regarding the form which these scholarships should take?

49. If the training ship or establishment should be in India, should there be one or more, and do you recommend that the maintenance charges of such institutions should be met wholly or partially by the levy of fees? If not wholly, by what means do you suggest that the maintenance charges should be met?

50. Do you advocate the establishment of a training ship or nautical college on shore?

51. Do you advocate that after undergoing their preliminary training, the boys should serve a period of apprenticeship in steamers of the Mercantile Marine or in a sea-going training ship?

Further training as apprentices to the sea.

52. If the former, do you consider that shipowners are likely to accept apprentices for training, and if not, do you know what their principal objections are to doing so? Can you suggest any measure to overcome such objections and to encourage shipowners to accept apprentices?

53. If the apprentices are required to pay a premium for their apprenticeship, should Government pay the whole, or any portion of it?

54. If you recommend the provision of a sea-going training ship for apprentices, do you consider that this should be supplied and maintained by Government, or are you of opinion that it could be maintained entirely or partially by premiums and by carrying freight or Government stores?

55. Do you consider that apprentices in a sea-going training ship should be given free food, and any uniform or clothing allowance during apprenticeship?

56. Have you any views as to the curriculum of study during the period of training as a cadet and as an apprentice?

57. Do you consider that any sort of Nautical Academy or Academies should be established for the purpose of enabling Indian Mercantile Marine Officers, who have completed their apprenticeship, to undertake special studies before appearing for their Board of Trade Certificate for Mates and Masters, on the lines that now obtain in the United Kingdom?

58. If so, how many academies do you consider are likely to be required for the purpose and in which ports should they be situated? Could they be made self-supporting by fees or should they be provided and maintained wholly or partially by Government?

Engineers for the Indian Mercantile Marine.

59. Do you consider that any considerable number of the youths of this country are likely to be desirous of following the sea in the capacity of Engineers in the Mercantile Marine?

60. If so, should Government take any active steps to provide for—

- (a) their training,
- (b) future employment, and
- (c) facilities for further study when qualifying for Board of Trade Certificates in the various grades or would you leave these to private enterprise in India?

61. Will you please state your views in detail as to the nature of the facilities which should be supplied by Government?

62. Do you consider that the present Engineering and Shipbuilding firms in India can give sufficient practical training to apprentices to enable them to become efficient Marine Engineers?

63. Are there any schools, colleges or institutes in the ports of India where sufficient theoretical knowledge can be obtained by apprentices to enable them to become efficient Marine Engineers, and if so, are the numbers sufficient?

Recruitment of Indians as Executive Officers and Engineers in the Royal Indian Marine.

The Commissioned ranks of the Royal Indian Marine both in the Executive and Engineering branches are open to Indians provided they have the necessary qualifications. These qualifications are:—

Under the rules, as they stand at present, the limits of age for appointment to the junior executive rank of the Royal Indian Marine, *viz.*, Sub-Lieutenant are 17 and 22 years. A Board of Trade Certificate (Second Mate) is not obligatory, but in lieu thereof a candidate must produce evidence of four years' service at sea, or a course in a training ship with subsequent service at sea amounting to four years in all. Candidates must have had sea service outside the Indian Ocean. Preference is ordinarily given to candidates trained on His Majesty's School Ships "Conway" or "Worcester" or at the Pangbourne Nautical College. If a candidate is without a Board of Trade Certificate, he is appointed on probation as a midshipman for 18 months in the first instance, during which period he is required to qualify for promotion to the rank of sub-lieutenant. The candidates are selected by a Selection Board appointed by the Secretary of State for India.

The Government of India are now considering proposals for obtaining candidates for the Royal Indian Marine direct from the training ship in future, instead of from the Mercantile Marine Service, and for completing their training in India.

The "Worcester" is at present the only training establishment which is prepared to take youths from this country and that only to a limited extent. They would have to join at the age of fourteen.

The Royal Indian Marine being a small service the average entry in each year is only about four.

64. Do you consider the present arrangement adequate or would you recommend some other scheme, such as the establishment of a training ship in India for the Royal Indian Marine or a combined training ship for the Royal Indian Marine and proposed Indian Mercantile Marine? Please state your views.

The qualifications for these appointments are five years' service as an apprentice in a recognised Engineering firm or Government Dockyard.

Engineer Officers.

At present there are no Engineering firms or Government Dockyards which can give the necessary training in Marine Engineering as no construction work of sufficient size is undertaken.

It will be necessary, therefore, until a shipbuilding industry is instituted in India or the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard is largely developed, that candidates for Commissions in the Engineering branch of the Royal Indian Marine must be trained in Great Britain.

65. Under these circumstances, do you consider that the Government should give any facilities to enable suitable candidates to serve their apprenticeship?

General.

It has always been an accepted principle that so far as Maritime Services are concerned, the course of the post should follow as far as possible the course of trade. Consequently to secure the

Postal Subventions.

maximum economy in carrying mails, steamer services already in existence have been utilised for the purpose. Subsidies are fixed by negotiation or tender based on the regularity and speed of the services and the number of miles combined with the speed has been the determining factor in fixing the rate.

66. Do you accept the above or have you any other views as to how these mail contracts should be arranged?

67. What other conditions, if any, do you consider it necessary or advisable to introduce in mail contracts in the future and with what object?

68. What considerations, if any, do you wish to urge in order to give all steamship companies in India an equal chance of competing for mail contracts?

69. Do you advocate any methods of indirect aid to promote the establishment of an Indian Mercantile Marine? If so, what are they?

Indirect Aid.

70. If you have advocated direct or indirect State Aid or assistance, what method or methods can you suggest for the purpose of raising the funds required? Will you give figures in support of

Finance.

your proposals, including the total sum involved?

For the purpose of questions Nos. 1 to 35 "Vessels" should be deemed to mean "self propelled vessels" unless where otherwise expressly stated.

"Actual horse power" should be deemed to mean "indicated horse power" except in the case of turbine engines. In the latter case it should be "shaft horse power" plus 10 per cent.

The words "bounty" and "subsidy" have been used in the questionnaire with a strict regard to the literal meaning of these terms. Thus "bounty" should be understood to mean a free gift of money by the State for the encouragement of the shipping or shipbuilding industry, and "subsidy" a payment made by Government for the performance of a specific service such as the conveyance of mails.

APPENDIX A.

SHIPBUILDING AND ENGINEERING.

1. What kind of ships or vessels do you build, wood or steel, or both?
2. What is the largest wood ship you have built?
3. What is the largest steel vessel you have built?
4. Do you build engines?
5. What is the largest engine you have built for a vessel? Give the dimensions and power.
6. Do you build boilers?
7. What are the dimensions and working pressure of the largest boiler you have built?
8. What is the area of your shipyard?
9. How many building berths have you?

10. What lengths of ship or vessel can you build and launch ?
11. What number of ships or vessels of the sizes stated by you could you build per year with your present plant if the necessary contracts were secured ?
12. What amount of engines and propelling machinery for the number of vessels stated above could you make ?
13. If you could not make all or part of the propelling machinery and boilers could you get it supplied quickly enough to secure the output of vessels *per annum* stated above ?
14. The total tonnage of steamers of the Indian Shipping Companies and ship-owners in the Ports of India is stated to be about 140,000 tons gross. Assuming that the replacement of this tonnage takes place every twenty years, what proportion of this replacement could your present plant undertake ?
15. If you saw a certainty of building sufficient ships or vessels of larger size than you can now build, would you enlarge your present shipyard and plant and to what extent ?
16. It has been stated that the Mercantile Marine of Japan was 491,258 tons gross in 1906, and that it increased to 841,931 tons in 1914, showing an average increase of 43,834 tons per annum for the eight years. Suppose that the shipbuilders of India had to construct a mercantile marine at this rate, what amount of tonnage per annum would you be prepared to construct ?
17. Where do you recommend the placing of a shipyard or shipyards assuming that measures were taken "for the encouragement of shipbuilding and of the growth of an Indian Mercantile Marine by a system of bounties, or other measures" ?
18. Can you give the Committee the approximate relative cost of vessels and machinery built in India as compared with other countries ?
19. If so, will you state the relative rates paid per hour of the relative trades, and the relative amount of work produced per hour in the various countries including India ?
20. Can you give the relative cost in the various countries, of the principal kinds of material that go to make a vessel and her machinery ?
21. Will you give the average and maximum number of men you have employed ?
 - (1) Before 1914,
 - (2) Between 1914 and end of 1918,
 - (3) Since the beginning of 1919,

giving them under the various headings of staff (in detail), and of their respective trades ?

22. Will you furnish statements as to the number and scope of the machines that you have in your works and supply plans of your shipyards, if you have any ?

23. If you have any plans of proposed new shipyards in India, will you supply them ?

APPENDIX B.

TERMS OF REFERENCE.

To consider what measures can usefully be taken :—

- (1) for the liberal recruitment of Indians as Deck or Executive Officers and Engineers in the Royal Indian Marine ;
- (2) for the establishment of a Nautical College in Indian waters for the purpose of training Executive Officers and Engineers of ships ;
- (3) for ensuring the entertainment of Indian apprentices for training as such Officers and Engineers, in the ships owned by Shipping firms that enjoy any subsidy or other benefits from Government on any account, and for the creation of an adequate number of State scholarships for providing instruction in the Nautical Colleges and training ships in England, pending the formation of a Nautical College in India ;
- (4) for the encouragement of shipbuilding and of the growth of an Indian Mercantile Marine by a system of bounties, subsidies and such other measures as have been adopted in Japan ;
- (5) for the acquisition of training ships by gift from the Imperial Government or otherwise, and
- (6) for the construction of the necessary dockyards and engineering workshops in one or more ports.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 10.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Sita Kanta Ganguly, Assistant Engineer, Bakarganj Division, is granted, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for a period of four months (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 1st February 1923 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

G. G. DE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 11.—*The 12th March 1923.*—Babu Dharendra Nath Roy, Upper Subordinate, is transferred, in the interests of public service, from the Chittagong to the Bakarganj Division.

G. G. DEY,

Chief Engineer, Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS

INDUSTRIES.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1376 Ind.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Mr. Ashutosh Guha, Assistant Principal, Government Weaving Institute, Serampur, is appointed to act as Principal of the Weaving Institute, *vice* Mr. E. Hoogewerf, with effect from the 1st December 1922.

Hooghly.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1377 Ind.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Babu Haridhan Chakravarti, Senior Lecturer, Government Weaving Institute, Serampur, is appointed to act as Assistant Principal of the Weaving Institute, *vice* Mr. Ashutosh Guha.

Hooghly.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

AGRICULTURE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1313 Agri.—*The 15th March 1923.*—Mr. G. P. Hector, Economic Botanist to the Government of Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which six months being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1354 Mis.—*The 16th March 1923.*—Mr. A. M. McGrigor is appointed to be Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the committee of management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta, with effect from the 3rd March 1923, *vice* Mr. W. K. Doda, on leave.

Calcutta.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 3224A.—The 12th March 1923.—In this office notification No. 82-A., dated the 13th February 1923, please read "Babu Jnanendra Mohan Sen Gupta" for "Babu Jnanendra Nath Sen."

R. S. FINLOW,
Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 4291.—The 17th March 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Hatila Tangirpar Jautha Bank (registered No. 323 of 1914), in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Rai Nalini Nath Banerjee Bahadur, B.L., Secretary, Chandpur Central Bank, Limited, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 4295.—The 17th March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 2655, dated the 20th February 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the late Manindra Lal Roy as liquidator of the Ambari Gramya Bhandar (registered No. 429 of 1923) in the district of Rangpur, I hereby appoint instead the auditor of co-operative societies, Kurigram, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 4336.—The 17th March 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Jagatpur Jautha Bank (registered No. 241D of 1920), in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Rai Nalini Nath Banerjee Bahadur, B.L., Secretary, Chandpur Central Bank, Ltd., to be liquidator of the said society.

J. M. MITRA,
Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 4193.—The 14th March 1923.—In supersession of notification No. 1511, dated the 30th January 1923, so far as it relates to the appointment of auditor of Co-operative Societies, Meherpur, as liquidator of the Jagannathpur Co-operative Bank (Catholic) (registered No. 113 of 1914) in the district of Nadia, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Kushtea, as liquidator in place of the abovementioned auditor of co-operative societies.

M. THORP,
Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND ACQUISITION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2732L.A.—The 17th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, $3\frac{1}{2}$ bighas 2 cottaks and $2\frac{1}{2}$ chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 1.03 acres, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 3003L.A., dated the 20th March 1922, published at page 558, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, and required by the District Board of Bankura for the construction of a girls' school in the village of Khatra, pargana Supur, zilla Bankura.

Bankura.

No. 2758 L.A.—The 17th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 chittack and 1½ square feet only of standard measurement, being a portion of premises No. 41-1, Baranoshi Ghosh Street, and bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7790 L.A., dated the 20th November 1917, published at pages 1791-93, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem and required for Scheme No. VII of the Calcutta Improvement Trust (Central Avenue—Mechuabazar Street to Beadon Street) in the town of Calcutta—

North—By the common passage appertaining to premises Nos. 39-40, 41, 41-1, and 42, Baranoshi Ghosh Street;

East—By a portion of premises No. 41-1, Baranoshi Ghosh Street;

South—By that portion of premises No. 41-1, Baranoshi Ghosh Street already withdrawn from acquisition under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, *vide* notification No. 5515 L.A. of the 31st July 1919;

West—By premises No. 41, Baranoshi Ghosh Street.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 2623 L.A.—The 14th March 1923.—For the word "Rajshahi" printed in bold type in the margin of Erratum No. 1556 L.A., dated the 14th February 1923, published at page 252, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, read "Birbhum."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2592 L.A.—The 13th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Jhalakati Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the reaching ground and an approach road thereto in the village of Chandkati, pargana Selimabad, district Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 2·06 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT "A."

North—By settlement plot No. 445 of Bikna and portion of plot No. 178 of village Chandkati,

East—By portion of settlement plots Nos. 178, 176, 175 and 193 of the village of Chandkati,

South—By portion of settlement plot No. 173 and plot No. 172 of the village of Chandkati,

West—By portion of settlement plots Nos. 177, 176 and 174 of the village of Chandkati.

PLOT "B."

North—By portion of settlement plots Nos. 174 and 171 of the village of Chandkati,

East—By portion of settlement plot No. 174 in the village of Chandkati,

South—By portion of settlement plot No. 171 and plot No. 172 of the village of Chandkati,

West—By Basanda road (settlement plot No. 152) of the village of Chandkati,

are required within the aforesaid village of Chandkati.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bakarganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2620 L.A.—The 14th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for the carriage and wagon repair shops at Ondal station, in the village of Srirampur, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 89 bighas and 8 cottahs of standard measurement, equivalent to 29.55 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

East—By the lands of Sadai Bauri, Pachai Bauri, Sudan Bauri, Upendra Bauri, Hari Bauri, Durga Das Ray and Sham Chand Laik,

South—By the lands of Sham Chand Laik, Durga Das Ray, Indra Muchi, Bipin Behari Sadhu, Matangini Dasi, Durga Das Acharya, Baidya Nath Bagdi, Ram Ranjan Sadhu and khas patit land of the darpatnidars, Messrs. Burn and Company,

West—By the land of Bholai Dhara and khas patit land of the darpatnidars, Messrs. Burn and Company,

is required within the aforesaid village of Srirampur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway Company, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2672 L.A.—The 16th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bankura for a public purpose, viz., for a portion of Ambikanagar-Barunia road, in the village of Tuman, pargana Ambikanagar, zilla Bankura, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose 4 pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 6 bighas 6 cottahs and 12 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 2.09 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT NO. I :

North—By road to Kusumkhundi,

South—By Jore,

East and West—By Dolu, Joyram, Sanker, Kumar and Dhanu Majhis' lands,

PLOT NO. II :

North, East and South—By road,

West—By Ragai and Dhanu Majhis' lands,

PLOT NO. III :

North, East and South—By road to Gosaidihi,

West—By Sonamani Dasi, Bajun, Uday, Balapand and Dhanu Majhis' lands,

PLOT NO. IV :

North—By Kumar Majhi's land,

East—By Muchiram, Jagannath and Manu Majhis' lands,

South—By road and Muchiram Majhi's land,

West—By road,

are required within the aforesaid village of Tuman.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bankura.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2766 L.A.—The 17th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Dacca for a public purpose, viz., for raising a portion of the District Board Munshiganj-Srinagar road from Atpara to Srinagar in the villages of Srinagar (pargana Bikrampur, Makimabad and Baikantapur), Harpara (pargana Bikrampur, Makimabad, Baikantapur, tappa Saistanagar), Sholaghar (pargana Makimabad, Baikantapur, tappa Saistanagar, Jafaruzial), Patabhog (pargana Makimabad, Bikrampur, Jafaruzial, Rajnagar, Rasulpur, Majidpur), Nandipara (pargana Rasulpur, Bikrampur, Rajnagar), Kaligaon (pargana Rasulpur and Bikrampur), Atpara (pargana Afangabad, Rajnagar, Bikrampur, Hyderabad, Rasulpur, Baikantapur, tappa Saistanagar), zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose 17 pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 14·452 acres, bounded on the—

16th mile :

BLOCK I :

North—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 872, 873, 874 and 857,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 51 of mauza Beltali,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 320,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 856,

BLOCK II :

North and East—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 857,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 320,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 855,

BLOCK III :

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 848, 850, 352, 849, 277, 278, 280, 281, 285, 283, 284, 286, 289, 290, 295, 296, 297, 300, 301, 304, 305, 306, 311, 312, 319, 318, 144, 142, 141, 140, 139, 138, and 137,

East—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 850, 854 and 320,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 320,

West—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 137 and cadastral survey plots Nos. 144 and 311,

BLOCK IV :

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 321 of mauza Atpara and plot No. 419 of mauza Beltali,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 444 of mauza Beltali,

South—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 880, 879, 878, 877, 875 and 876,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 846,

BLOCK V :

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 321,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 686,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 687 and part of the cadastral survey plot No. 684,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 627,

BLOCK VI :

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 321,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 677,

South—By the part of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 676, 675, 1359, 653 and 1344,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 651,

BLOCK VII :

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 321,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 651,

South—By the part of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 649, 322, 323, 324 and 325,

West—By the part of the cadastral survey plot No. 325,

17th mile :

BLOCK I :

- North*—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 137, 134, 133, 130, 129, 128, 123, 125, 120, 119, 100, 99, 98, 97, 96, 95, 391, 392, 397, 395 and 412 of mauza Atpara, Nos. 239, 148, 147, 146, 144, 138 and 137 of mauza Kalligaon, Nos. 63, 64, 62, 60, 58, 57, 56, 55, 54, 53, 52, 51, 50 and 49 of mauza Nandipara and Nos. 173, 177, 180, 181, 183, 184 and 185 of mauza Patabhog.
- East*—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 137 and cadastral survey plots Nos. 128 and 100 of mauza Atpara, No. 49 of mauza Nandipara and plot No. 183 of mauza Patabhog.
- South*—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 320 and 413 of mauza Atpara and plot No. 240 of mauza Kalligaon, plot No. 48 of mauza Nandipara and plots Nos. 176 and 187 of mauza Patabhog.
- West*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 136 of mauza Patabhog.

BLOCK II :

- North*—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 321, 370, 371, 379 and 114 of mauza Atpara, plots Nos. 66, 67 and 164 of mauza Nandipara and plots Nos. 174 and 188 of mauza Patabhog.
- East*—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 325 and cadastral survey plot No. 368 of mauza Atpara and remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 65 of mauza Nandipara.
- South*—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 325, 364, 366, 368, 369, 372, 378, 380, 381, 383, 384, 389, 390, 398, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 410, 411 and 415 of mauza Atpara and plots Nos. 65, 66, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 47, 46, 45, 36, 35 and 33 of mauza Nandipara and plot No. 174 of mauza Patabhog.
- West*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 32 and remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 68 of mauza Nandipara.

18th mile :

BLOCK I :

- North*—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 136, 135, 131, 130, 114, 128, 117 and 115.
- East*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 185.
- South*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 187.
- West*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 4763 of mauza Sholaghar.

BLOCK II :

- North*—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 4752, 4911, 4751, 4750, 4759 and 4748.
- East*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 4763.
- South*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 187.
- West*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 4745.

BLOCK III :

- North*—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 4747 of mauza Sholaghar, 418, 428, 513, 427, 429, 392, 391 and 390 of mauza Harpara.
- East*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 4745.
- South*—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 187 and 430.
- West*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 388 and part of plot No. 390.

BLOCK IV :

- North*—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 385, 440 and 384.
- East*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 457.
- South*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 430.
- West*—By the cadastral survey plot No. 448.

BLOCK V :

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 230, 509, 508, 228, 227, 67, 66 and 65 of mauza Harpara and plots Nos. 964, 963, 723, 722, 721, 720, 713, 712, 711 and 710 of mauza Srinagar,

East and South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 724,

West—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 708, 713 and 723,

BLOCK VI :

North—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 188, 1 and 2 of mauza Patabhog and plot No. 725 of mauza Srinagar,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 110,

South—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 82, 79, 77, 76, 73, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 5, 4 and 3 of mauza Patabhog and plots Nos. 726, 736, 738, 740, 741, 743, 745, 746, 747, 756, 757, 758, 759, 764, 765, 766, 768 and 769,

West—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 769,

19th mile :**BLOCK A :**

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 690, 689, 687, 685, 684, 683 and 615,

East—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 691 and 724.

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 724,

West—By the cadastral survey plot No. 614,

BLOCK B :

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 725,

East—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 769,

South—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 769, 773, 774, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780 and 781,

West—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 781,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Srinagar, Harpara, Sholaghar, Patabhog, Nandipara, Kuligaon and Atpara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Munshiganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 2671 For.—*The 16th March 1923.*—Under the provisions of section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), the Governor in Council declares that the land situated in the Darjeeling district, the limits of which are specified below, is reserved forest with effect from the 15th April 1923. This forest will be known as the Pankhasari Reserve Forest.

The approximate area is 638 acres.

BOUNDARIES.**Plot No. I.**

North—From pillar No. 48 on the eastern bank of Git Khola to pillar No. 66 of the southern boundary of Labha block,

East—A line running from pillar No. 66 southwards to a distance of about 4 chains,

South—A line running more or less parallel to the existing forest boundary line from pillar No. 48 to pillar No. 66 being situated at an average distance of 5 chains from it till it meets the Git Khola,

West—The Git Khola.

Plot No. II.

North—The existing forest boundary line from pillar No. 70 of Labha block to pillar No. 22 of Pankhasari block,

North-east—A line from pillar No. 22 at the bearing of 145° and 31 chains in length, and thence at the bearing of 257° to a distance of 10 chains,

East and South-east—A line from the terminating point of the north-east boundary at the bearing of 209° and 1 mile 26 chains in length, and thence at the bearing of 232° to a distance of 9 chains, and thence at the bearing of 209° to a distance of 5 chains,

West and South-west—A line from pillar No. 70 of Labha block at the bearing of 132° to a distance of 7 chains, thence at the bearing of 97° to a distance of 2½ chains, thence at the bearing of 135° to a distance 12 chains, thence at the bearing of 175° to a distance of 21 chains, thence at the bearing of 136° to a distance of 3 chains, thence at the bearing of 83° to a distance of 3 chains, thence at the bearing of 134° to a distance of 5 chains, thence at the bearing of 228° to a distance of 1 chain, thence at the bearing of 158° to a distance of 15 chains, thence at the bearing of 149° to a distance of 70 chains when it meets the extreme point of the south-east boundary line.

No special rights and privileges are granted in the Pankhasari Reserve Forest.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JAILS.

No. 2682 Jails.—*The 16th March 1923.*—Mr. A. H. W. Leonard, officiating Superintendent of the Central Jail, Midnapore, is allowed leave for fourteen months, viz., leave on average pay for ten months

(of which six months are on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under articles 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and note thereunder and 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from the 1st April 1923 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2773 Jails.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Mr. C. A. Tegart, C.I.E., M.V.O., Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is appointed to be a visitor of the Juvenile Jail, Alipore, and of the New Central Jail, Alipore.

This cancels notification No. 4649P.J., dated 26th November 1920, published at Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st December 1920.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

No. 3918, dated Calcutta, the 17th March 1923.—Captain H. Hingston, I.M.S., made over charge of the Barisal Jail to Dr. Bipin Chandra Das Gupta on the forenoon of the 8th March 1923.

W. G. HAMILTON, LT COL., I.M.S.,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal (offg.).

TREASURY NOTICE.

DEPUTY Magistrate and Deputy Collector Babu Lalit Chandra Guha has been placed in charge of the Bakarganj Treasury from the afternoon of the 14th March 1923, and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

H. P. V. TOWNEND, *Collector.*

BARISAL, the 14th March 1923.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of March 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Court of Hooghly, will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

March 1923.			Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th ...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th ...	...	...	7
Howrah—21st to 31st ...	...	...	7
			<hr/> 22 <hr/>

G. K. NAG, *Additional Judge.*

SMALL CAUSE COURT, SERAMPORE, *the 5th March 1923.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 944G.—Babu Jyotirindra Nath Das, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Comilla, Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (entirely on account of privilege leave at credit) from the 3rd April 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 10th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1122J.—Babu Akhil Chandra Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, who has been posted to the Dacca Division in Government notification No. 2324A., dated the 7th March 1923, is temporarily posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 13th March 1923.*

ERRATUM.

No. 636L.S.-G.—In this office notification No. 229L.S.-G., dated the 26th January, published at page 189, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 7th February 1923, for "Babu Hiralal Pal" read "Babu Hiralal Ray."

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVL., CHINSURA, *the 10th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 558R.G.—Maulvi Shamsuddin Muhammad Abdul Aziz, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Muzhidabad, Sadar, is transferred temporarily to the Lalbagh subdivision of the same district.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 16th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1045G.—The orders contained in this office notification No. 901G., dated the 7th March 1923, granting leave on average pay for six weeks with effect from the 14th March 1923 to Maulvi Muhammad Fazlul Karim, No. 1, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer at Brahmanbaria in the district of Tippera, are hereby cancelled.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 15th March 1923.*

ERRATUM.

No. 688L.S.-G.—In paragraph 2 of this office notification No. 620L.S.-G., dated the 8th March 1923, published at pages 347-48, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th Idem, for "Mr. W. C. Woodegate" read "Mr. G. W. Woodgates".

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 15th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

IN exercise of the powers conferred on me by rule 63 (1) of the Revised Rules under the Jail Code, I appoint the following members of the Legislative Council to be non-official visitors of the jails noted against each in the districts of this division:—

Name of member.	Name of jail.
Babu Surendra Nath Roy	} Alipore Central Jail.
Mr. Saiyid Nasim Ali	
Maharaja Kshaunish Chandra Ray Bahadur.	Krishnagar District Jail.
Mr. Saiyid Erfan Ali	.. Krishnagar District Jail, Ranaghat and Kushtia Sub-Jails.
Maulvi Ekramul Huq	... Kandi and Jangipur Sub-Jails.
Babu Surendra Narayan Sinha	... Lalbagh Sub-Jail.
Maulvi Refiuddin Ahmed	} Jessore District Jail.
Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray	
" Nalini Nath Roy	... Narail Sub-Jail.
" Bhabendra Chandra Ray	... Jhenidah Sub-Jail.
" Sailaja Nath Ray Choudhury.	Khulna District Jail and Satkhira Sub-Jail.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 10th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1079J—It is hereby notified for general information that a by-election will be held on the 21st April 1923 in ward No. V of the Mymensingh Municipality to elect a Commissioner for that ward, *vice* Babu Dharendra Chandra Bose, resigned.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 12th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 639L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Akbar Mia has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Ausgram Union board in Ausgram police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Jnan Ranjan Chatterjee, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 10th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 656L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rules 38 and 24 of the Election Rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Priya Nath Santra has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Howrah to be a member for Ward No. II of the Chandipur union board in Uluberia police-station in the Uluberia subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Priya Nath Ghosh, removed.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, CHINSURA, the 12th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1140J.—It is hereby notified for general information that in general elections held on the 2nd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th December 1922, the following gentlemen were duly elected to be members of the undermentioned local boards in the district of Faridpur for the police-stations mentioned against their names:—

Names of local boards.	Names of police-stations for which elected.	Names of gentlemen elected.
Sadar	Kotwali	{ 1. Babu Panchanan Chakravorty. 2. Maulvi Wahedan Nabi.
	Nagarkanda	{ 1. Khanakar Mahammad Naser. 2. Maulvi Shah Abdul Mannan.
	Bhanga	{ 1. Babu Baman Chandra Chaudhury. 2. Munshi Abdul Gaffur.
	Sadarpur	{ 1. Babu Digendra Chandra Banerjee. 2. Munshi Doliluddin Ahmed.
	Bhushna	{ 1. Maulvi Abdul Aziz. 2. Babu Bhabataran Ray.
Gopalganj	Madhukhali	1. Babu Jogendra Nath Ray.
	Gopalganj	{ 1. Maulvi Abdul Hamid Choudhuri. 2. Babu Jaga Mohan Biswas. 3. Maulvi Abdul Quader.
	Kotwalipara	{ 1. Maulvi Abdul Hasib Chaudhuri. 2. Babu Raj Kumar Biswas. 3. " Sarat Chandra Sen Gupta.
	Maksudpur	{ 1. Maulvi Rahmatjan Chaudhury. 2. Babu Pramatha Nath Bose.
	Kasiani	{ 1. Babu Jogesh Chandra Biswas. 2. Maulvi Mahammad Jahurul Haq Mia.
Madaripur	Kalkini	1. Babu Harbilash Gangopadhya.
	Gossairhat	{ 1. Babu Debendra Nath Ray Chaudhuri. 2. " Surendra Nath Ray.
	Bhedarganj	1. Babu Manoranjan Banerjee.
	Palong	1. Babu Surjya Kanta Ghatak Chaudhuri.
	Janzira	1. Maulvi Abdur Rashid.
	Shibchar and Matbarerchar...	1. Babu Srish Chandra Ghosh.
	Madaripur	{ 1. Babu Krishna Das Ray. 2. Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed.
	Rajair	{ 1. Babu Suresh Chandra Ray Chaudhuri. 2. Maulvi Jasimaddin Ahmed.
Goswando	Lonsing	1. Babu Mahendra Lal Pal Choudhury.
	Goalundo (Raj- bari).	{ 1. Babu Bejoy Sankar Mazumdar. 2. " Nibaran Chandra Chakrabarty. 3. Munshi Mahammad Asmatoli Khan.
	Baliakandi	{ 1. Babu Hira Lal Maitra. 2. " Surendra Nath Maitra. 3. Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Jalil.
	Pangsa	{ 1. Maulvi Syed Abdur Rabb. 2. Babu Kunja Behari Bose. 3. " Narendra Nath Bakshi.

2. Under section 11 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the following local boards:—

Sadar	...	...	1. Circle Officer, <i>ex-officio</i> .
			2. Maulvi Abdul Bari.
			3. Kazi Nuruddin Ahmed.
			4. Maulvi Iskandar Muhammad Salim.
			5. Babu Indu Bhushan Sarkar.
			6. " Purna Chandra Gaha.
Gopalganj	...	...	1. Circle Officer, <i>ex-officio</i> .
			2. Maulvi Khondkar Abdul Hamid.
			3. Babu Sit Nath Sen Gupta.
			4. Dr. Doyal Chandra Bose.
			5. Babu Kumud Nath Biswas.

Madaripur	...	1. Senior Circle Officer, <i>ex-officio</i> .
		2. Maulvi Gholam Moulā Chaudhuri.
		3. " Fakhruddin Ahmed Chaudhuri.
		4. Munshi Zainuddin Matbar.
		5. Intazuddin Shikdar.
		6. Rai Saheb Hira Lal Maulik.
		7. Babu Akshoy Kumar De.
Goalundo	...	1. Maulvi Alluzzaman Chaudhuri.
		2. Khan Saheb Muklesar Rahman.
		3. Maulvi Ahmadali Mridha.
		4. " Khandkar Naziruddin Ahmed.
		5. Babu Gaya Nath Mandal.

3. Under section 10 of the said Act the following gentlemen are also appointed to be members of the following local boards :—

Sadar	...	1. Babu Brojobondhu Mandal.
Madaripur	...	1. Khan Saheb Khadem Hossain Khondkar.
		2. Maulvi Mozaffar Ali Khan.
Goalundo	...	1. Babu Troilokya Nath Saha.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 14th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 972 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V, 1919, read with rule 39 of the Rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Munshi Jinnat Ali Sarkar to be a member of the Salemabad union board, police-station Bancharampur in the district of Tippera, in place of Ainuddin Doctor, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 12th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 53 Jct.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, Babu Bepin Behari Chatterji has been appointed to be a member of the committee for the management of the Victoria Charitable Dispensary at Darjeeling, *vice* Rai Hari Mohan Chandra Bahadur, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., DARJEELING, the 13th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by rule 3 of the rules for the managing committee of Government High Schools, I appoint the following gentlemen as members of the managing committee of the Dinajpur Government Zilla School, in the district of Dinajpur. Members other than *ex-officio* members will hold office for three years from the date of the notification :—

1. The District Magistrate	...	President.
2. The Head Master of the School	...	Vice-President and Secretary.
3. Babu Dakshinaranjan Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master	...	Elected representative of the teaching staff.
4. Babu Jogindra Chandra Chakravarty, M.A., B.L.	...	Representative of the parents and guardians of pupils.
5. Maulvi Mahomed Kader Bux, B.L.	...	Ditto.
6. Babu Radhikalal De, Deputy Magistrate	...	An official other than an educational officer.

N. N. RAY, *District Magistrate*.

DINAJPUR MAGISTRACY, the 16th March 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

No. 2695 Epi.—The 17th March 1923.—The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th March 1923, is republished for general information.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

EMIGRATION.

Delhi, the 10th March 1923.

No. 212.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922 (VII of 1922), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules:—

RULES UNDER THE INDIAN EMIGRATION ACT.

Short title. 1. These rules may be called the Indian Emigration Rules, 1923.

Definitions. 2. In these rules unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "*The Act*" means the Indian Emigration Act, 1922 (VII of 1922).

(b) "*Assisted Return Emigrant*" means a Return Emigrant who is assisted to return to India by the Government of the country to which he emigrated.

(c) "*District Magistrate*" means in a Presidency Town the Commissioner of Police and elsewhere the District Magistrate of a district.

(d) "*Form*" means a Form set forth in the Schedule to these rules.

(e) "*Labourer*" means any person performing unskilled work.

(f) "*Magistrate*" means any stipendiary Magistrate appointed under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898:

Provided that the Local Government may, by notification in the local official gazette, direct that the powers of a magistrate under all or any of these rules may be exercised by such other class or classes of magistrates as it may specify in this behalf, either generally or in any specified area or for the purposes of emigration to any specified country.

(g) "*Medical Inspector*" means the Medical Inspector of Emigrants.

(h) "*Protector*" means the Protector of Emigrants.

(j) "*Return Emigrant*" means an emigrant who has left India under the terms of the Act and who returns to India.

PART I.

RULES REGARDING EMIGRATION OF UNSKILLED LABOUR.

I.—*Emigration Staff.*

3. (1) The appointment of an Emigration Commissioner by the Government of a country to which emigration is lawful shall for the purposes of these rules take effect from the date on which the

Emigration Commissioner.

Governor-General in Council may by notification in the *Gazette of India* declare his approval of the appointment.

(2) The Governor General in Council shall not declare his approval of such appointment unless he is satisfied that the remuneration received by the person so appointed will not depend on the number of labourers whom he assists to emigrate but will be in the nature of fixed salary.

Duties of the Emigration Commissioner.

4. (1) An Emigration Commissioner shall—

- (a) be responsible for the diffusion of correct information regarding the country by the Government of which he is appointed and for all arrangements made to secure emigrants for that country and to assist them to emigrate thereto;
- (b) control and be responsible for the operations of all persons engaged by him or under his orders in pursuance of such arrangements.

(2) A Local Government, within whose jurisdiction emigrants are secured, shall, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, issue instructions for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the Act and of these rules, and the Emigration Commissioner and all officers appointed under the Act or under these rules shall be bound to comply with such instructions.

5. An Emigration Commissioner shall, if the Governor General in Council so requires, appoint a responsible Assistant to be stationed at a suitable centre for the supervision of Emigration Agents and of the places of accommodation established under rule 18. Such appointment shall be approved by the Local Government within whose jurisdiction such Assistant is to operate.

Appointment of Assistant to Emigration Commissioner.

6. (1) An Emigration Commissioner may, and if required by the Local Government shall, divide the area within a single Province, within which he desires to secure emigrants, into circles approved by the Local Government of that Province. For each such circle he shall appoint, with the previous approval of the Protector, an Inspector of Emigration, whose duty it shall be to supervise the work of all persons engaged in assisting and inducing labourers to emigrate to the country represented by the Emigration Commissioner by whom he is appointed.

Constitution of Circles and appointment of Inspectors of Emigration.

(2) The salary and allowances of an Inspector of Emigration shall be fixed and shall not depend on the number of emigrants obtained from his circle.

(3) If the Local Government, after such enquiry as it thinks fit, desires an Inspector to be removed from his post the Emigration Commissioner shall be bound to comply with its request.

7. (1) An Emigration Commissioner may appoint as many persons as he may consider necessary for purposes of propaganda and for assisting labourers to emigrate. Such persons shall be called Emigration Agents.

Emigration Agents.

(2) Emigration Agents must be men of good character and respectability and shall, whenever possible, be men who have actually worked in the country for which they are employed. They shall be paid a fixed salary which shall not depend on the number of emigrants recruited by them.

(3) An Inspector of Emigration appointed under rule 6 shall not be appointed an Emigration Agent.

8. (1) No person shall operate as an Emigration Agent unless he is in possession of a valid licence in Form No. 1 issued by the Emigration Commissioner in this behalf.

Emigration Agent to be licensed.

(2) A licence issued under sub-rule (1) shall be valid for a period of one year but may be renewed by the Emigration Commissioner for further period of three months at a time.

(3) The number of persons whom an Emigration Agent is authorized to assist to emigrate and the area in which he is authorized to operate shall be specified in every such licence.

(4) The Emigration Commissioner shall forward a copy of any licence issued by him under this rule to the Protector and to the District Magistrate of every district in which an Emigration Agent is authorized by such licence to operate.

9. No person, except under and in accordance with a licence issued under rule 8, shall induce, or attempt to induce, any person to emigrate or to attempt to emigrate or to leave any place for the purpose of emigrating.

Unlicensed persons not to recruit.

10. No person shall enter into, or attempt to enter into, any agreement with any person purporting to bind him to emigrate.

Prohibition of agreements to emigrate.

11. An Emigration Agent shall not operate in a district for which he holds a licence unless the licence has been countersigned by the District Magistrate of such district.

Emigration Agent not to recruit unless licence countersigned by District Magistrate.

12. If a District Magistrate is satisfied, after such enquiry, if any, as he thinks necessary and after giving the Emigration Agent an opportunity of being heard, that an Emigration Agent who desires to recruit labour in his district is by character or from any other cause unfitted to be employed in such recruitment, he may refuse to

Power of Magistrate to refuse countersignature.

countersign the licence issued to such Emigration Agent under rule 8; the reasons for such refusal shall be recorded in writing by the District Magistrate.

13. If any misconduct or disregard of these rules or of the conditions of his licence on the part of an Emigration Agent comes to the notice of the District Magistrate of a district in respect of which such Agent's licence has been countersigned in accordance with rule 11, or if such District Magistrate finds reason to believe that such Agent is by character or from any other cause unfitted to be an Emigration Agent, he may require such Agent to produce his licence and after giving him an opportunity of being heard may, if he is satisfied that such misconduct or disregard has occurred or that he is so unfitted, cancel the countersignature thereon.

14. When a District Magistrate countersigns or refuses to countersign a licence under rule 11 or rule 12, as the case may be, or cancels the countersignature on a licence under rule 13 he shall at once report such countersignature, or such refusal or cancellation, to the Emigration Commissioner who granted the licence. The Emigration Commissioner shall cancel any licence on which countersignature has been refused or cancelled by any District Magistrate.

15. Where a licence is limited to a subdivision or any part thereof the powers conferred and duties imposed by rules 11 to 14 shall be exercised and performed by the Subdivisional Magistrate of such subdivision.

16. An Emigration Agent shall, on the demand of a magistrate or officer in charge of a police-station, produce the licence issued to him under rule 8. Should such magistrate desire to endorse on the licence any remark concerning such Agent, he shall be entitled to do so and such remark shall be reproduced on all subsequent licences issued to such Agent until it is ordered to be expunged—

(a) by the District Magistrate to whom such magistrate is subordinate, or if the magistrate making the endorsement was the District Magistrate by such District Magistrate or his successor in office, or

(b) by the Local Government;

Provided that the Local Government shall not order an endorsement made by a magistrate other than the District Magistrate to be expunged, unless the District Magistrate competent to pass such order has refused to do so.

II.—Statement of information to be supplied to emigrants.

17. (1) The Emigration Commissioner shall be responsible for the preparation of a statement containing information relating to the country which he represents and the Emigration Agent shall supply a copy of such statement to every person, whom he attempts to induce to emigrate to such country, and shall obtain a receipt from such person for every copy so supplied.

(2) The statement shall not be brought into use until it has been approved by the Governor General in Council, to whom it shall be submitted by the Emigration Commissioner through the Local Government.

(3) The statement shall be in a form prescribed by the Emigration Commissioner and shall be printed in English and in the vernacular language or languages of the local area in which the Emigration Agent operates.

(4) Without prejudice to the generality of its contents the statement shall contain information relating to the following heads, namely:—

- (a) the climate of the country;
- (b) the nature of the work open to emigrants;
- (c) the hours of work per day generally prevalent in the country and the days of rest generally allowed;
- (d) the wages generally offered and the deductions, if any, made from them;
- (e) the arrangements generally available for housing and treatment during sickness;
- (f) the cost of leaving for labourers in the country in question; whether rations are supplied to labourers and if so, whether cooked, or uncooked, and whether free of cost or on payment;
- (g) the duration of the journey from India to the country and the nature of the arrangements for the journey;
- (h) the conditions of repatriation;
- (j) the facilities available in regard to education and the observance of religious rites;
- (k) the prospect of land being granted for cultivation;
- (l) the special punishments, if any, inflicted for labour offences.

For the purposes of clause (d) and clause (f) of this sub-rule, wages and cost of living shall be stated both in rupees and in the currency of the Colony.

III.—Places of accommodation in areas in which emigrants are obtained.

18. In any district in which the Local Government so directs the Emigration Commissioner shall provide sufficient and proper accommodation in a suitable place for such intending emigrants as he may collect pending their production before a Magistrate and removal to the port of embarkation. The Emigration Commissioner shall inform the District Magistrate of the situation proposed by him for the place of accommodation and shall obtain his approval to such situation before the place is brought into use.

19. (1) In and in connection with every place of accommodation provided in accordance with rule 18, the following requirements shall be observed, namely :—

- (a) the premises shall be maintained in a cleanly condition, and facilities for the cleanliness of the inmates thereof shall be available ;
- (b) the premises shall be capable of accommodating the largest number of persons likely to require accommodation therein at any one time ;
- (c) the number of persons, whom the premises can simultaneously accommodate, as determined by the District Magistrate or Protector shall be inscribed on a board affixed in a conspicuous place for the information of persons hereinafter required or authorized to inspect the premises, and the persons simultaneously accommodated therein shall not exceed such number ;
- (d) a notice board shall be prominently exhibited immediately outside the premises whereon it shall be stated that the premises are a place of accommodation provided in accordance with these rules and are in charge of a person specified by name ;
- (e) the premises shall be within reasonable distance of a plentiful supply of wholesome drinking water, and suitable arrangements for bathing and for the purposes of nature shall be made ;
- (f) a woman, who is not an intending emigrant, shall not be accommodated therein without the special permission of the Emigration Commissioner ;
- (g) the premises shall contain separate accommodation for the use of women entitled to accommodation therein who desire or are required by tribal or local custom to be separately accommodated ;
- (h) the premises shall be such as to admit of suitable medical treatment of any inmate thereof who falls ill and all sanitary requirements in connection therewith shall be duly observed ;
- (i) the person in charge of the premises shall keep an inspection book for the entry of remarks by persons hereinafter required or authorized to inspect the same

(2) Subject to the requirements specified in sub-rule (1) the accommodation provided in accordance with rule 18 shall be deemed to be sufficient and proper within the meaning of that rule, if it is in accordance with the standards of comfort observed by persons residing in the same area and belonging to the same class of life as the intending emigrants.

(3) All intending emigrants shall be entitled to free medical treatment in the event of their falling sick while in a place of accommodation provided under rule 18.

(4) The Local Government may prohibit the use of any place of accommodation, which they consider unsuitable, either absolutely or until such improvements and alterations as they may specify have been carried out, and in urgent cases the District Magistrate may prohibit the use of any such place pending the orders of the Local Government.

20. (1) The District Magistrate shall arrange for every place of accommodation provided under rule 18 to be visited and inspected by a magistrate not less than once a month.

(2) In a Presidency town the Local Government, and elsewhere the District Magistrate shall appoint a visiting Committee composed of non-officials for the purpose of inspecting any such place, and it shall be the duty of every member of such Committee to inspect such place at such intervals of time as the Local Government or District Magistrate, as the case may be, may determine.

(3) In addition to the persons hereinbefore required to inspect such places of accommodation the following classes of persons shall be authorized to inspect any such place, namely :—

- (a) gazetted revenue and police officers serving in the district in which the place is situate ;
- (b) where the place is situate in a Municipal area, the members of the Municipal Committee for that area and the members of any District, Taluk, or Local Board, whose jurisdiction adjoins that area ;
- (c) where the place is not situate in a Municipal area, the members of any District, Taluk, or Local Board, within whose jurisdiction it is situate.

(4) Emigration Agents or other persons in charge of any such place shall afford every facility for its inspection by any person required or authorized to inspect it.

(5) Any person required or authorized to inspect any such place may record his remarks in the inspection book referred to in clause (i) of sub-rule (1) of rule 19. A copy of such remarks shall be forwarded forthwith to the Emigration Commissioner and to the District Magistrate by the Emigration Agent or other person in charge of such place.

(6) Friends and relatives of any intending emigrant accommodated in any such place shall be permitted to visit such place and to converse with such intending emigrant, and no such friend or relative shall be removed or excluded from such place on the ground that he is trying to dissuade an inmate thereof from emigrating.

IV.—*Restrictions on recruiting by Emigration Agents.*

21. Emigration Agents shall not operate in pilgrim centres during times of pilgrimage or at places where festivals are in progress or at any place notified by the Local Government in this behalf.

Operations not to be extended to pilgrim centres and places notified by Local Government.

22. No intending emigrant below the age of 18 years who is unaccompanied by a parent or guardian and no intending female emigrant unaccompanied by a relative over 18 years of age shall be assisted to emigrate.

Persons below the age of 18 years and women unaccompanied by a relative not to emigrate.

23. Men who are unmarried or unaccompanied by their wives shall not be assisted to emigrate to any one country in any one year to a number exceeding one in five of the total number of persons so assisted:

Restriction on emigration of single men.

Provided that the Governor General in Council may exempt any specified country from the operation of this rule or may in the application of this rule to any specified country modify the ratio fixed to hereby.

V.—*Production before a Magistrate.*

24. (1) Prior to despatch to the port of embarkation every intending emigrant shall be produced before the District Magistrate or such other Magistrate as may be deputed by the District Magistrate in this behalf and such magistrate may examine such emigrant regarding the reasons for desiring to emigrate and his knowledge of the conditions attaching to his Emigration. Neither the emigration Agent nor any person on his behalf shall be present at such examination. Emigrants recruited at the port of embarkation shall be produced before a Presidency or other magistrate appointed in this behalf at such port.

Production of emigrants before magistrate.

(2) The Emigration Agent shall submit in triplicate to the magistrate before whom intending emigrants are produced in accordance with sub-rule (1) a nominal roll in Form No. 2 of the persons whom he proposes to assist to emigrate.

25. (1) On production of intending emigrants before a magistrate under sub-rule (1) of rule 24 the magistrate shall check the persons so produced with the nominal roll forwarded to him under sub-rule (2) of the said rule and shall examine them in order to satisfy himself that the Act and these rules have been complied with.

Magistrate to check nominal roll.

(2) If on examination of any intending emigrant such magistrate finds—

(a) that an intending emigrant who is below the age of 18 or is a woman bears to one of the other intending emigrants not so disqualified the relationship stated in the roll;

(b) that any other intending emigrant—

(i) has been recruited by a licensed Emigration Agent, and

(ii) is willing to emigrate and understands the statement of information supplied to him under rule 17, and

(iii) has not been induced to emigrate by any coercion, undue influence, fraud, misrepresentation or mistake,

he shall record in the three copies of the roll that such intending emigrant is permitted to emigrate.

(3) If the magistrate is of opinion that any intending emigrant should not be permitted to emigrate, he shall record on the copies of the roll an order to this effect, stating the reasons for such order.

(4) If the magistrate feels any doubt as to the alleged relationship of any dependent to any other intending emigrant he may make further enquiry and call for further evidence before recording his orders on the roll.

(5) After the nominal roll has been checked in accordance with sub-rule (1) and after such amendments as are necessary have been made therein, one copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the magistrate and the remaining two copies shall be handed to the Emigration Agent for submission respectively to the Protector at the port of embarkation and to the Emigration Commissioner.

26. No person rejected under sub-rule (3) of the preceding rule shall be permitted to emigrate and every person so rejected shall, with his dependents, if any, be returned to his home, at the expense of the Emigration Agent.

Rejected persons not to be permitted to emigrate.

27. (1) Any person desiring to emigrate and claiming that he is not subject to the provisions of the Act and of these rules relating to emigrants may appear before a Magistrate with evidence, oral or documentary, that he is not an "emigrant" within the meaning of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Act.

Confirmation of non-emigrant.

(2) The magistrate, after such enquiry as he thinks necessary, shall, if satisfied that the applicant is not an "emigrant" to the country to which he proposes to emigrate within the meaning of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Act, grant him a certificate to that effect and shall endorse the documentary evidence of identity where such is produced.

(3) A certificate granted by a magistrate and the documentary evidence of identity endorsed by the magistrate under sub-rule (2) shall, if produced before any magistrate, authority or officer acting under the Act, not later than six months after the granting thereof, be conclusive proof that the person named therein is not an "emigrant" within the meaning of the Act to the country specified therein.

VI.—Conveyance of emigrants to the port of embarkation.

28. Every person permitted to emigrate under the Act or these rules shall be conveyed with all convenient despatch, by or under the orders of the Emigration Agent to the place of accommodation established at the port of embarkation in accordance with the provisions hereinafter contained.

Despatch of persons permitted to emigrate.

29. (1) When an emigrant has been examined under rule 24 at a place beyond the limits of the port of embarkation, he shall, while proceeding to such port, be accompanied throughout the journey either by the Emigration Agent himself or by a competent person appointed in that behalf by the Emigration Commissioner.

Competent person to accompany emigrants to port of embarkation.

(2) The Emigration Agent or the person so appointed shall, throughout the journey, provide the emigrant with proper and sufficient food and lodging.

VII.—Non-recruited emigrants.

30. (1) Persons who desire to obtain assisted passages, but do not desire the assistance of Emigration Agents, may apply direct to the Emigration Commissioner of the country to which they wish to proceed. The application shall be accompanied by a certificate in Form No. 3 from a magistrate having jurisdiction in the area in which such person resides unless the application is made at the port of embarkation.

Non-recruited emigrants.

(2) If the Emigration Commissioner agrees to grant assisted passages to any persons applying to him under sub-rule (1), they may be assisted to proceed to the place of accommodation established under rule 18 and shall be dealt with thereafter in the same manner as persons assisted to emigrate by Emigration Agents or if applying at the port of embarkation shall be received into the place of accommodation established under rule 31.

VIII.—Places of accommodation at the port of embarkation.

31. For every port from which emigrants embark to the country represented by an Emigration Commissioner, such Emigration Commissioner shall establish on a convenient site approved by the Local Government a suitable place of accommodation for the reception and lodging of emigrants about to embark from such port, and shall provide all necessary food and clothing for all emigrants accommodated in such place.

Place of accommodation at port of embarkation.

32. A place of accommodation established under rule 31 shall not be used for the reception and lodging of emigrants until it has been inspected and approved by the Protector, and on sanitary grounds by the Medical Inspector, and until a licence for its use has been granted by the Protector in Form No. 4.

Place to be licensed.

Cancellation of licence.

33. The Protector may at any time cancel a licence granted under the preceding rule—

(a) if he considers that the place in respect of which the licence was granted has become unhealthy or unsuitable in any other respect for the accommodation of emigrants, or

(b) if the Emigration Commissioner has failed, after reasonable notice, to comply with any of the requirements of these rules in respect of such place.

34. The arrival of any emigrant at the place established under rule 31 shall be reported forthwith by the person in charge of such place to the Emigration Commissioner who shall submit a weekly return of such arrivals to the Protector.

Report of arrival of emigrants.

35. (1) The Protector and the Medical Inspector shall, at least once in every week during which any emigrants may be kept in any such place, inspect the emigrants and examine the state of such place, and the manner in which the emigrants therein are lodged, fed, clothed and otherwise provided for and attended to.

(2) The Protector and the Medical Inspector shall, in their inspection and supervision of such places, comply with directions to be framed for their guidance by the Local Government.

36. A resident medical officer approved by the Medical Inspector shall, unless the Local Government otherwise directs, be appointed by the Emigration Commissioner for every place of accommodation established under rule 31 and his name shall be registered in the Protector's office. He shall keep a hospital register in Form No. 5 and shall produce it for inspection when the place is visited by the Protector or Medical Inspector. The Emigration Commissioner may appoint additional medical officers approved by the Protector.

37. (1) Every place of accommodation established under rule 31 shall be open to inspection by any non-official persons whom the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

(2) A visitor's book shall be kept in every such place in which the Protector and Medical Inspector and any of the non-official persons referred to in sub-rule (1) shall enter the dates of their visits and may make any such suggestions or remarks as they think fit.

(3) Friends and relations of any emigrant accommodated in any such place shall be permitted to visit such place and to converse with such emigrant, and no such friend or relation shall be removed or excluded from such place on the ground that he is trying to persuade an inmate thereof to return to his home.

38. The Emigration Commissioner shall reside or shall depute a responsible representative to reside within, or in some place immediately adjoining every place of accommodation, established under rule 31, with a view to the exercise of immediate and efficient control over subordinates, and to the prevention of irregularities.

39. The Emigration Commissioner shall cause registers for every place of accommodation established under rule 31 to be kept in Forms Nos. 6 and 7 and the entries therein to be punctually, legibly and accurately made. An annual return of accommodation and a monthly return of sickness in such place shall likewise be prepared in Forms Nos. 8 and 9, respectively, and shall be forwarded by the Emigration Commissioner to the office of the Protector. A weekly hospital report in Form No. 10 shall also be furnished by the Emigration Commissioner to the Medical Inspector.

40. (1) In the event of cholera, small-pox or other communicable disease appearing in a place of accommodation established under rule 31, every emigrant attacked by the disease shall be sent to an outside hospital for treatment; and the relatives of the affected person, if any, not accompanying the patient to such hospital and all contacts shall at the same time be placed in a segregation shed situated in an isolated part of the premises; and shall not be permitted to move or be removed thence without the written permission of the resident medical officer appointed under rule 36.

(2) Relatives accompanying an affected person to an outside hospital shall be provided either with food or with a subsistence allowance.

41. The removal of the name of any emigrant from the register kept in Form No. 6 for any cause other than embarkation, and any death or other casualty occurring among the emigrants shall be reported in Form No. 11 to the Protector not later than the day following the occurrence, and any death, from whatsoever cause, shall also be reported to the Medical Inspector before noon on the following day.

42. (1) In the case of the death of an emigrant before embarkation, the Emigration Commissioner shall make a correct inventory in a register to be kept in Form No. 7 of the personal property which such emigrant had with him at the time of his death and shall forward such property, together with a descriptive list thereof, to the office of the Protector for disposal:

Provided that any foul clothing in the possession of such emigrant shall be burned.

(2) The Emigration Commissioner shall also notify the death to each of the successors entered in column 14 of Form No. 6.

(3) Claims made by relatives shall be communicated to the Protector who shall, after such enquiries as may be necessary, dispose of the property referred to in sub-rule (1) in such manner as he may think fit.

IX.—Examination before embarkation.

43. A nominal roll in duplicate of all emigrants who are about to embark shall be prepared in Form No. 12 and the Emigration Commissioner shall be responsible for the correctness and legibility of the entries made therein.

44. (1) Before any emigrants leave the place of accommodation established under rule 31, the existence in the nominal roll prescribed by rule 43 of an entry relating to each such emigrant and the correctness thereof shall be verified, and they shall be examined as to their fitness to undertake the voyage by the Medical Inspector who shall make over the nominal roll with the report of his inspection to the Protector.

(2) The Protector shall examine the emigrants and may refuse permission to an emigrant to embark on any of the following grounds:—

- (i) that the Medical Inspector reports that such emigrant is unfit to undertake the journey to the country to which he or the person on whom he is dependent, as the case may be, has agreed to emigrate;
- (ii) that the provisions of the Act or of these rules have been in any way contravened in relation to such emigrant; or
- (iii) that such emigrant appears not to have understood the conditions on which he is proceeding and on such conditions being adequately explained to him is unwilling to embark.

45. (1) The Protector shall state on each copy of the nominal roll prescribed by rule 43 whether each emigrant is permitted to embark or is refused permission, recording his reasons briefly in the case of refusal.

(2) One copy of the nominal roll shall be recorded in the office of the Protector and the other copy made over to the Emigration Commissioner for record in his office.

46. No emigrant shall be allowed to embark until seven days have elapsed from the date of his arrival at the place of accommodation established under rule 31.

47. An emigrant to whom permission to embark is refused on the ground specified in clause (i) of sub-rule (2) of rule 44 shall, if his unfitness to undertake the journey is of a temporary nature, and if the Medical Inspector so recommends, be detained in the place of accommodation until he is reported by the Medical Inspector to be fit to undertake the journey and shall then be permitted by the Protector to embark. Any intending emigrant who is related to an intending emigrant so detained shall be entitled, if he so desires, to remain with such emigrant in the place of accommodation and to receive maintenance therein.

48. An emigrant to whom permission to embark is refused by reason of his permanent unfitness to undertake the journey or on the ground specified in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of rule 44 shall with his dependants, if any, be returned to his home through the Protector's office at the expense of the Emigration Commissioner.

49. (1) An emigrant who is to be returned to his home in accordance with rule 48 shall be examined by the Medical Inspector on the day fixed for his departure and unless certified by him to be fit to bear the journey shall not be permitted to depart.

(2) An emigrant to whom permission to depart has been refused in accordance with sub-rule (1) shall be detained under treatment in the place of accommodation until such time as the Medical Inspector certifies that he is fit to bear the journey to his home.

50. For each emigrant permitted by the Protector to embark a fee shall be levied from the Emigration Agent or the Emigration Commissioner at such rate as may be prescribed by the Governor General in Council in this behalf, and no part of such fee shall be recovered from such emigrant.

X.—Return Emigrants.

51. (1) Assisted return emigrants shall be disembarked only at ports from which emigration has been declared lawful and shall on arrival be accommodated in a place of accommodation appointed by the Emigration Commissioner in that behalf, where they shall be properly lodged and provided for until the Emigration Commissioner is in a position to arrange for their departure to their homes.

(2) The Emigration Commissioner shall prepare in Form No. 13 a list of assisted return emigrants who have returned in a sick or helpless condition and after the Medical Inspector has endorsed his remarks thereon shall forward it to the Protector.

52. Sick return emigrants shall be entitled, if they so desire, to be treated in hospital at the place of accommodation appointed under rule 51 or elsewhere and on their discharge from hospital shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions hereinafter contained.

53. Assisted return emigrants shall, if they so desire, and if the terms on which they emigrated so entitled them, be returned to their homes at the expense of the country to which they emigrated. Such assisted return emigrants as are considered by the Medical Inspector to be physically or mentally helpless, shall be so returned by the Emigration Commissioner under proper escort.

54. (1) If the Emigration Commissioner is satisfied that a return emigrant has deposited money for transmission to India through the Government of the country from which he has returned, the Emigration Commissioner shall forthwith make payment to him of the equivalent in Indian money at the rate of exchange current at the port of disembarkation of the money so deposited. The Emigration Commissioner shall draw the attention of such emigrant to the disadvantages attaching to the carrying on the person of considerable sums of money in notes or silver and shall if such emigrant so desires assist him to obtain postal money orders payable to himself at such post office as he may name.

(2) Amounts so payable to an emigrant who has died on the voyage together with any unclaimed property which such emigrant had with him at the time of his death shall be forwarded by the Emigration Commissioner to the Protector for disposal in such manner as may be prescribed by the Local Government.

55. On the disembarkation of any batch of assisted return emigrants the Emigration Commissioner shall report to the Protector the number of assisted return emigrants in such batch who embarked from the country to which they emigrated with the number, if any, who died during the voyage to the port of disembarkation and the cause of death in each case.

XI.—Agents appointed under section 7 of the Act.

56. (1) The agents appointed in any place under section 7 of the Act shall be generally responsible for the welfare of emigrants in that place and for carrying out the purposes of the Act in relation to such emigrants.

(2) Such Agents shall obtain information on any matters affecting the welfare and status of Indians in the countries in which they are employed and shall communicate such information to the Governor-General in Council.

(3) They shall prepare and submit annual reports, in such form as may be prescribed by the Governor-General in Council in this behalf, regarding the condition of Indians in the country in which they are appointed.

(4) They shall, so far as may be possible, protect and advise all classes of Indian emigrants within their charge and bring any requirements of such emigrants to the notice of the proper authorities in India or in the country in which they are appointed.

(5) They shall, in the case of countries to which emigration for the purposes of unskilled work is permitted under section 10 of the Act, inspect on arrival every ship specially chartered for conveying emigrants, shall maintain registers of the emigrants arriving in and departing from the country, shall visit places where emigrants work and reside, and shall satisfy themselves that the conditions on which emigration is permitted are being strictly observed.

(6) They shall be directly subordinate to the Governor General in Council.

(7) In carrying out the above duties they shall act in co-operation with the Immigration Department of the Government of the country in which they are appointed.

PART II.

RULES FOR SKILLED WORK.

57. Every application under section 16 of the Act for permission to engage or to assist any person or persons to emigrate for the purpose of skilled work, shall, besides furnishing the information required by the said section, contain a full statement of the name of the applicant, his father's name, his place of residence and his occupation or profession.

58. Where the permission applied for is granted by the Local Government such Local Government shall forward to the Protector at the port at which the intending emigrants are to embark a copy of the application and of the order of permission passed thereon under section 17 of the Act.

59. (1) The Protector shall, if the Local Government so directs, give to every person permitted to engage, or to assist any person to emigrate under the provisions of Chapter IV of the Act, a certificate in Form No. 14.

(2) Before giving such certificate the Protector shall satisfy himself that every emigrant has been supplied with a written statement correctly explaining the terms of his employment and the general conditions of life obtaining in the country to which the emigrant intends to proceed.

FORM No. 6.

[See rules 39, 41 and 42 (2).]

Register of place of accommodation.

	Date of admission into the place.
1	Place of communication No.
2	Name.
3	Family name.
4	Name.
5	Relationship to persons accompanying.
6	Sex.
7	Age.
8	Caste.
9	District.
10	Town.
11	Village or town and mohalla.
12	Distinguishing marks.
13	Name and residence.
14	Successor to estate in India.
15	Father's name.
16	Relationship.
17	If a returned emigrant, from what colony.
18	Date of magistrate's order permitting emigration.
19	Place of recruitment and name of Emigration Agent.
20	Date.
21	Cause.
22	If not embarked, cause and date of non-embarkation.
23	Date of embarkation and name of ship.
24	Remarks.

FORM No. 7.

[See rules 39 and 42 (1)]

Form of register of deceased emigrant's property.

Particulars of effects (other than worn clothing) of deceased emigrants as recorded by the Emigration Commissioner for _____ during the _____ year 19____.

[illegible]

FORM No. 8.

(See rule 39.)

Accommodation Return.

Return of emigrants accommodated in the place of accommodation of the
year 19 .

Agency during the

District from which emigrating.		
Number despatched from place of acquisition in recruiting district.		
Infants born en route.		
Left hospital on the way.		
Relapsed.		
Deserted.		
Died.		
Arrived from recruiting districts.		
Number at close of previous year.		
Transferred from other places of accommodation.		
Readmitted from outside hospital or asylum.		
Born in colony.		
Total of ailments &c.		
Rejected as unfit.		
Released.		
Transferred to other places.		
Sent to outside hospital or asylum.		
Disposed of as orphans.		
Deserted.		
Died.		
Despatched to colony.		
Number at close of year.		
Number of returned emigrants emigrating again.		
Number of returned emigrants.		
Account of savings of returned emigrants.		
Remarks.		

FORM No. 9.

(See rule 39.)

Form of report of sickness at the place of accommodation.

Return of sickness among Emigrants accommodated in the place of accommodation of the _____
Agency during the month of _____ 19 ____.

Disease.	Number remaining under treatment from last month.	Number admitted during the month.	UNDER TREATMENT DURING THE MONTH.			Discharged.	Sent to outside hospital or asylum.	DEATHS.			Under treatment at close of the month.	Remarks.	
			Men.	Women.	Children.			Men.	Women.	Children.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
						Persons.							Persons.
Number remaining in the place of accommodation at the close of last month.						(a) Daily average strength							...
Admitted during the month						(b) Daily average of sick							...
						(c) Percentage of sick to strength							...
						(d) Percentage of deaths to strength							...
Total													...

Resident Medical Officer.

Dated at _____
The _____ 19 ____

- N.B.—The following rule should be observed :
- (a) To find the daily average strength of emigrants, divide the sum of the total number of persons present daily by the total number of days.
 - (b) To find the daily average number of sick add together the number of sick in hospital for each day, and divide the total by the number of days.
 - (c) To find the rate per cent. of daily average of sick to strength, take the daily average number of sick and multiply the number by 100, and divide the product by the daily average strength.
 - (d) To find the rate per cent. of deaths to daily average strength, multiply the total number of deaths by 100, and divide the product by the daily average strength.

Instructions.—This monthly return to be forwarded to the Medical Inspector, and a duplicate to the Protector of Emigrants within a fortnight of the month following that to which it relates.
NOTE.—When cases are returned as ' fever ' and are not either simple, continued or malarial fever, a note should be added specifying the kind of fever from which the emigrants are suffering.
Forwarded to the Protector of Emigrants.

Emigration Commissioner for

Dated at _____
The _____ 19 ____

FORM NO. 13.

[See rule 51(2)]

Statement of sick and helpless returned emigrants arrived in the ship
from _____ on the _____ of _____

Name of returned Emigrants.	Age.	Sex.	Relationship to other returned Emigrants.	Physical or mental condition.	IF FIT TO TRAVEL WHETHER		IF UNFIT TO TRAVEL WHETHER TO BE		Remarks of Medical Inspector.	Particulars as to ultimate disposal to be entered by Emigration Commissioner.
					Without escort.	Or with escort.	Sent to hospital.	Or to Asylum.		

FORM NO. 14.

[See rule 59(1).]

Form of certificate to be granted by the Protector to an applicant to engage or to assist emigrants for skilled labour.

Certified that _____ resident of _____ has been permitted by the Government of _____ to engage, or to assist, the person or persons, named below, to emigrate for the purpose of _____ and that the requirements of Chapter IV of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922, and of the rules thereunder have been fulfilled.

Particulars of person or persons engaged or assisted to emigrate, and of his or their dependents, if any.

Name.	Father's name.	Village or town, thana, taluk or taluk and district of residence.	Serial number in Register maintained under section 18 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922.
1	2	3	4

FORM NO. 15.

(See rule 60.)

Register of complaints from emigrants.

Country to which Emigrant proceeded.	Date and number of registration of Emigrant in Register maintained under section 18 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922.	Date of complaint.	Substance of complaint.	Summary of investigation made.	Action taken.
1	2	3	4	5	6

J. HULLAH,
 Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 10th March 1923.

No. 1448.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing, by sea or by land, into British India of any copy of any publications issued by "the Indian Labour Bureau, Berlin", in whatever language they may be printed.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th March 1923.

No. 859-102-Gen.—With reference to notification No. 665-102-Gen., dated the 21st February 1923, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. R. F. Kelly as Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Calcutta has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 16th March 1923.

Resignations.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 392.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

The Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

Lieutenant R. F. Read. Dated 29th January 1923.

Lieutenant W. E. Roberts. Dated 5th February 1923.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Orders by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.

No. 8789C.T.—The 14th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal, appoints Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen to be an Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax for the Burdwan Range comprising the districts of Hooghly, Howrah, Midnapore, Bankura, Burdwan, Birbhum, Murshidabad and Malda, with effect from 12th March 1923.

II. In exercise of the further powers conferred by the same sub-section the Commissioner directs that the said officer shall perform his functions in respect of all classes of persons and in respect of all classes of incomes within the areas mentioned above.

No. 8793C.T.—The 14th March 1923.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen is appointed Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax for the Burdwan Range comprising the districts of Hooghly, Howrah, Midnapore, Bankura, Burdwan, Birbhum, Murshidabad and Malda, with effect from 12th March 1923.

No. 9207C.T.—The 17th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal, appoints Mr. Thanwerdas Tirithdas Thadani to be an Income-tax Officer.

In exercise of the further powers conferred by the same sub-section the Commissioner of Income-tax directs that Mr. Thadani shall perform his functions in respect of all classes of persons and in respect of all classes of incomes in Calcutta, District IV, comprising so much of ward 7 specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, as is bounded on the south by Canning Street.

No. 9216C.T.—The 17th March 1923.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen, Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, is allowed leave on average pay for nine days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in continuation of the leave already granted to him under notification No. 4798-C.T., dated the 12th October 1922. He is also permitted to affix Sunday, the 10th March 1923, to his leave.

E. N. BLANDY,
Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Mining Instruction in Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.

THE full course covers a period of three years, and the following is an abstract of the syllabus :—

First year	...	{ (1) Mathematics. (2) Elementary Science.
Second year	...	{ (1) Elementary Mechanics. (2) Mechanical Drawing. (3) Elementary Mining and Surveying.
Third year	...	{ (1) The Principles of Coal Mining. (2) Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of Collieries.

Copies of detailed syllabus may be obtained from the Secretary and the Lecturer.

A fee of Rs. 5 is payable by each student to the Mining Lecturer on the first registration of his name for the first or second year's course of lectures. The fee for the third year's course is Rs. 10. These fees are not returnable.

The class arrangements for all the courses will be arranged by the Lecturer on the night of enrolment. Students should enrol at the first meeting so that the class work may be commenced without delay.

The course of instruction will commence in the first week in September and end in the following May. The examination will be held in May. Candidates who pass the final examination will receive a certificate recording their success. No certificates will be given to candidates unless they attend the second and third years. No candidate will, however, be permitted to sit for the examination unless he has attended 50 per cent. of the lectures and received 40 per cent. of the marks allotted for home work.

During session 1923-24 lectures on Mathematics and Science will be delivered in Bengal on two nights each week ; in Bihar and Orissa lectures on all years of the course will be delivered.

The Mining Lecturer will also deliver in Bengal during the session 1923-24 only the series of lectures on the Principles of Mechanical Engineering of Coal Mines as laid down in the old course one night weekly. Only students who have qualified in other part of the old course will be admitted to this course.

Lecture Centres.

Bengal.

Raniganj Lecture Hall.
Sitarampur ditto.

Bihar and Orissa.

Jharia Lecture Hall.
Sijna ditto.

[The Mining Education Advisory Board desire that Colliery Managers will kindly publish this information in their collieries. An appeal is also made to them to support the lectures by seeing that members of their colliery staff, who are suitable, take advantage of the lectures and attend them regularly.]

T. H. RICHARD ON,

Secretary, Mining Education Advisory Board.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, BOTANIC GARDEN P. O. on the 7th March 1923.

Mining Instruction in the Coalfields of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.

SYLLABUS OF THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

First Year Course.

1. **Mathematics.**—Arithmetic and Algebra up to simple equations. Mensuration and use of squared paper. Trigonometry up to solution of triangles.

2. **Elementary Science.—Physics.**—Volume of displacement, Balances, Density, Specific gravity bottle, Fluid pressure, Hydrometer, Syphon, Barometer, Ideas of forces, Equilibrium of three forces, Centres of gravity, Fraction, Thermometer, Expansion due to heat, Latent heat of steam, Properties of solids, liquids and gases, Boyle's Law, Hydrostatics, Elements of Electricity and Magnetism, Electrical units.

Chemistry.—Atomic theory, elements, compounds, mixtures, acids, bases, composition of the atmosphere and of gases met with in mines.

Second Year Course.

1. **Mechanics.**—Units of Mass, Length and time, Levers, Pulleys, Wedges, Gearing, Simple machines, Equilibrium, Units of work and energy, Horse-power, Stress and strain, Design and headgears, Strength of ropes, chains, boilers, etc. The elementary principles of Hydraulics.

2. **Mechanical Drawing.**—Conventional signs, Construction of Scales, Nuts, Bolts, Screw threads, simple parts of machines, Engines and Pumps. The elementary principles of Geometry.

3. **Mining Surveying.**—Use of pens, scales and protectors, Surveying by means of the chain only. The Miner's dial, Loose needle surveying, Fixed needle surveying, Levelling, Field books, Contouring. The use of the Plane Table. The Theodolite and its uses, Plotting by co-ordinates. Setting out and alignment. The adjustment of instruments.

Third Year Course.

1. **The Principles of Coal Mining.**—(1) **Geology.**—General structure of the earth's crust, igneous and aqueous rocks; definitions of outcrop, dip, strike, fault, roll, wash-out and dyke, etc.; recording geological observations; reading a geological map; description of the Indian coal-bearing rocks; composition and properties of coal; commercial values of coal.

(2) **Exploration.**—Prospecting, trial shafts and trenching, advantages of boring, methods of boring, driving through faults, uses of boreholes in mines, etc.

(3) **Breaking ground.**—Common tools, storage and use of explosives, electric fuses, machine drills, coal-cutting machines.

(4) **Sinking.**—Site of colliery, position of inclines and shafts, their excavation and shape, apparatus used in sinking, lining shafts, arrangements at top of sinking shaft, brief mention of special methods of sinking.

(5) **Methods of working.**—Quarrying, advantages of bench work, disposal of soil, shaft pillars, pillar and gallery method, working thick seams in stages, extraction of pillars, panels, brief description of long wall and chambering methods.

(6) **Supporting.**—Props and lids, bars, chocks or cogs, square sets, special timbering in loose ground, arching, steel girders, packing, dry and hydraulic stowing.

(7) **Mine gases.**—Their experimental preparation by chemicals and illustration of their physical and physiological properties, their chemical composition, methods of detecting, explosions, spontaneous combustion of coal, dangers of coal dust.

(8) **Ventilation.**—Ascensional currents, currents induced by the heat of steam or furnace, mine fans, friction of air in mines, theory of splitting the air, calculations of ventilating pressure, etc., coursing the air, measurement of quantity of air, use of anemometer, watergauge, thermometer and barometer, reserving the air current.

(9) **Safety lamps.**—Principle of the safety lamps, Sir Humphry Davy's experiments, types of safety lamps, firedamp detectors.

2. **The Principles of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of Coal Mines.**—(1) **Applied Mechanics.**—The practical application of the principles taught in the 1st and 2nd years.

(2) **Steam, electricity and compressed air.**—Theory of steam boilers and their fittings, the steam engine, the dynamo, the electric motor, electric lighting and airing, the

(3) **Winding.**—Types of winding engines and description of parts, calculation of the dimensions of winding engines, strength of ropes and chains, detaching hooks, over-winding prevention devices, rope cappings, care and examination of ropes, buckets, cages, guide ropes.

(4) **Pumping.**—The lift pump, the force pump, sinking pumps, pumps with positive valve motion, the pulsometer, turbine pumps, calculations of the dimensions of pumps, methods of supporting pumps and pipes, strength of pipes, pipe joints, dams to hold back water.

(5) **Hauling.**—Tramways, tubs, hand tramming, horse haulage, self-acting inclines locomotives, single rope haulage, main and tail rope haulage, endless rope or chain haulage, calculations of the dimensions of hauling engines, ropes, etc., capping of haulage ropes, couplings, haulage clips, etc., signalling.

(6) **Surface arrangements.**—Headframes and pulleys, receiving frames, keds, arrangements of roads on pit bank, tipplers, simple screening and sizing, railway sidings, aerial ropeways.

(7) Simple treatment of coking and bye-product ovens.

T. H. RICHARDSON,

Secretary, Mining Education Advisory Board.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, the 7th March 1923.

Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Calcutta.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal notification No. 1410Medl., dated 7th July 1913, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 11 A.M. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 16th, 17th and 18th April 1923.

2. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 16th April 1923, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge.

3. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to rules 9 and 10 of the persons granting the certificates to rules 11 and 14 (3) and to the certificate forms (I (3), D, E and F in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid notification as circulated by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Calcutta Hospitals, Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Chief Medical Officers, etc., with his circular No. 23, dated the 22nd July 1913.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 12th February 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

Preliminary test examination for admission into the compounders' class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the compounders' class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, will be held on Saturday, the 28th April 1923, at 11 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Superintendent, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, between the 1st and 15th April 1923.

No fees will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

NOTIFICATION.

Dressers' Examination at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

PASSED compounders, who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this School, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at the Dressership Examination to be held on Thursday, the 19th April 1923. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

NOTE.—This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders on production of a certificate that they have received instructions in a hospital or dispensary recognized by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilisation of dressings and instruments and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

Bengal Veterinary College.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 9 A.M., on 23rd April 1923. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. D. MACGREGOR, I.V.S.,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**Award of Endowed Prizes for Muhammadans, 1922.**

Serial No.	Name.	School.	Prize.	Value. Rs.
1	Mahomad Nehal Hassan ...	Calcutta Madrasah ...	Prince Jehan Kader Mirza Bahadur's Ripon Prize ...	20
2	Abdul Mannan ...	Ditto ...	Nawab Zainul Abodin Khan Bahadur's Ripon Prize ...	20
3	(i) Qamruddin Ahmed ...	Ditto ...	Muhammadian Literary Society's Ripon Prize ...	20
	(ii) Mahmood Mirza ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	20
4	(i) Abdul Malik ...	Ditto ...	Sahibzada Bahinuddin's Ripon Prize ...	20
	(ii) Khairuddin Ahmed ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	20
5	M. A. A. Qadry ...	Ditto ...	Maulvi Kasim Ariff's Ripon Prize ...	20
6	Obaidul Hasan ...	Ditto ...	Maulvi Syed Aley Ahmed's Ripon Prize ...	20
7	Syed Abu Haider ...	Ditto ...	Sahibzada Muhammad Nasiruddin Hyder's Ripon Prize ...	12
8	Md. Hanif ...	Ditto ...	Mirza Abdul Kafi Shirazee's Ripon Prize ...	12
9	Reasut Hussain ...	Dibrugarh Government High School, (Assam) ...	Muhammadian Defence Association's Shamsul Alam Memorial Prize ...	10

W. W. HORNEILL, *Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 8th March 1923.

Comilla Sadar Hospital.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that an examination of non-qualified compounders, who have served as such in hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision in Tippera district for a period not less than seven years, will be held at the Sadar Hospital, Comilla, on Monday, the 30th April 1923.

K. B. NARAYAN, *Civil Surgeon.*

COMILLA, the 10th March 1923.

Rules for Half-yearly Examination in the Art of Teaching.

MEMORANDUM.

THE half-yearly examination in the Art of Teaching for the teachers of boys' schools teaching through the medium of English, in the Rajshahi Division, will be held at the Jalpaiguri Zilla School on Monday, the 23rd April 1923, and the day following, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular and classical subjects will also be held on that day at the same school.

2. The examination will consist of—

- (a) A practical examination of class management.
- (b) A practical test of ability to teach by giving two lessons to a class. The subject and the scope of the lesson will be communicated to each candidate later on.
- (c) An oral examination in which the candidate will have to answer some questions on the art of teaching, object lessons, class control, organization and discipline.

3. The following books on the art of teaching are recommended :—

(a) For teachers of vernacular and classical subjects—

1. Uchcha Siksha Sahachar, by D. N. Neogi.
2. Nimna Siksha Suhrid, by P. Mukherjee.
3. Uchcha Siksha Suhrid, by P. Mukherjee.
4. Bidyalaya Bidhayak Bibidha Bidhan, by A. N. Adhikari.
5. Bhugol Siksha Pranali, by Imdadul Haque.
6. Teachers' Manual, by Macmillan & Co.

(b) For Matriculate teachers—

1. D. Salmon's Art of Teaching.
2. Wren's Indian Teachers' Guide.
3. Wren's Direct Method of Teaching English.
4. Yate and Rajagopalchari's Direct Method.
5. Imdadul Haque's Bhugol Siksha Pranali.

(c) For graduates and I. A. passed teachers—

1. The books recommended under (b).
2. Landon's Principles and Practice of Teaching and Class Management.
3. Raymont's Principle of Teaching.
4. Suggestions for the Consideration of Teachers (Board of Education, Whitehall).
5. Talks to Teachers (James).

Intending candidates from high schools, Government, aided and unaided, are directed to send in their applications, through the headmasters of the schools in which they are employed, to this office at least a fortnight before the date of examination, and teachers of middle schools through the Deputy Inspectors, at least three weeks before the date. Every candidate will be required to produce his University or other certificates at the time of examination. A statement containing information on the following points should accompany the applications :—

1. Name.
2. Father's name.
3. Age on the 31st March 1922.
4. Name of the candidate's native district, subdivision and village.
5. The last examination which the candidate passed and the year in which the candidate passed it.
6. Period of service as a teacher.
7. Name of the appointment which the candidate now holds and the date from which he has been holding it.
8. Signature of the candidate.

M. AHMED, *Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division (offg.).*

JALPAIGURI, the 1st March 1923.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination in Law held in January, 1923 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	{ Gan, Manindranath	...	University Law College.
	{ Muhammad Ghyasuddin	...	Ditto.
	{ Mukhopadhyay, Mihirkumar	...	Ditto.
4	{ Mitra, Rashbihari	...	Ditto.
	{ Sahu, Bisweswarinath	...	Ditto.
6	{ Chattopadhyay, Rebatimohan	...	Ditto.
7	{ Das, Jogindranath	...	Ditto.
8	{ Mahmood Hasan	...	Ditto.
9	{ Gangopadhyay, Nanigopal	...	Ditto.
	{ Sinha, Nandakisor	...	Ditto.
11	{ Chattopadhyay, Praphullakumar	...	Ditto.
12	{ Guha, Sachindrakumar	...	Ditto.
13	{ Pande, Surendranath	...	Ditto.
14	{ Basu, Juharlal	...	Ditto.
	{ Sanyal, Jyotirindranath	...	Ditto.
16	{ Sen, Anantabimal	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 11.
	{ Bandyopadhyay, Sudhansumohan	...	University Law College.
	{ Barua, Sisirkumar	...	Gauhati Earle Law College.
17	{ Basu, Byomkes	...	University Law College.
	{ Chattopadhyay, Radhasyan	...	Ditto.
	{ Dasgupta, Kalyankumar	...	Ditto.
	{ Deb, Bidhugopal	...	Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	{ Abdul Wahhab	...	Gauhati Earle Law College.
	{ Bhattacharyya, Arabinda	...	University Law College.
	{ Chakrabarti, Nisikanta	...	Ripon Law College.
4	{ Syed Nawabali	...	University Law College.
5	{ Sil, Praphullasankar	...	Ditto.
6	{ Sanyal, Kamadacharan	...	Ripon Law College.
7	{ Dey, Brajendraharajay	...	University Law College.
	{ Bhattacharyya, Jogeschandra	...	Ditto.
	{ Bhattacharyya, Dhirendranath	...	Ditto.
8	{ Karimakar, Jogeschandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ Saha, Pramathanath	...	University Law College.
	{ Basu, Manindralal	...	Ditto.
12	{ Ghosh, Bijaygopal	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 17.
	{ " Iswarlal	...	University Law College.
	{ Abul Quasem	...	Ripon Law College.
15	{ Ebrahim Khan	...	Ditto.
	{ Mandal, Anandaprasad	...	Ditto.
	{ Abdus Salam	...	University Law College.
18	{ Chaudhuri, Chandrakanta	...	Ditto.
	{ Syed Md. Atiqullah	...	Ditto.
21	{ Bandyopadhyay, Jnanendramohan	...	Ditto.
	{ Das, Pabitrakumar	...	Ditto.
23	{ " Bijaykumar	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ Lutfur Rahman	...	Ditto.
	{ Chattopadhyay, Nripendranath	...	University Law College.
25	{ Datta, Birajomohan	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ Taraphdar, Niranjan	...	Ditto.
28	{ Chattopadhyay, Sasadhar	...	University Law College.
	{ Ray, Khagendrakisor	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ Das, Ramnath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 2.
30	{ Mitra, Amiyachandra	...	University Law College.
	{ Sengupta, Atulkumar	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ " Kshitindrabhusan	...	University Law College.
	{ Bandyopadhyay, Khagendranath	...	Ripon Law College.
34	{ " Radharaman	...	University Law College.
	{ " Upendrachandra	...	Ditto.
	{ Chakrabarti, Purnachandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ Das, Umeshchandra	...	Gauhati Earle Law College.
	{ Chaudhuri, Dhirendralal	...	University Law College.
	{ Datta, Maheswarachandra	...	Ditto.
39	{ Matizer Rahman	...	Ripon Law College.
	{ Sarkar, Kiranmohan	...	University Law College.
	{ Sen, Kshitishchandra	...	Dacca Law College.

44	Das, Satischandra, I	... University Law College.
	Ghosh, Atulchandra	... Ditto.
	Ray, Chittaranjan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 1.
47	Chattopadhyay, Jitendranath, II	... Ripon Law College.
	Ghatak, Nirajanath	... University Law College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Binodbihari	... Ditto.
	Abdul Haleem	... Ditto.
	Chaudhuri, Pulinbihari	... Ditto.
50	Md. Abdul Wahed	... Ripon Law College.
	Nandi, Gopendranath	... University Law College.
	Sengupta, Pramadkumar	... Ripon Law College.
55	Bhaduri, Akshaykumar	... Ditto.
	Mitra, Sudhindrakumar	... University Law College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Jyotamkumar	... Ditto.
57	Bhattacharyya, Paresnath	... Ripon Law College.
	Malik, Pasupatiath	... University Law College.
	Tribedi, Raghunandan	... Ditto.
61	Bandyopadhyay, Raghobendra	... Ditto.
	Mukhopadhyay, Jnanendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	Chakrabarti, Dwijendranath	... University Law College.
	Phanindraachandra	... Ditto.
63	Chaudhuri, Nabadwipchandra	... Ditto.
	Misra, Debendranath	... Ditto.
	Purkayastha, Prabirchandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Das, Jogesachandra	... University Law College.
68	Saha, Madanmohan	... Ditto.
	Sengupta, Satischandra	... Ditto.
	Chattopadhyay, Sudhirchandra	... Ditto.
71	Raychaudhuri, Jnanapriya	... Ditto.
	Sinha, Amulyadhan	... Ditto.
	Basu, Sudhirkumar	... Ditto.
74	Biwas, Bibhuachandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Chakrabarti, Dineschandra	... Ditto.
	De, Sailendranath	... Ditto.
	Bhattacharyya, Ardhendubhushan	... Ditto.
	Biwas, Bibhutibhushan	... Ditto.
78	Hossain Baksh Biwas	... University Law College.
	Kar, Harendrachandra	... Ditto.
	Mukhopadhyay, Satischandra	... Ditto.
	Syed Ansaruddin Ahmed	... Ditto.
	Datta, Anupamkrishna	... Ditto.
84	Asutosh	... Ditto.
	Manipuri Arjun Sinha	... Gauhati Earle Law College.
	Pramanik, Rajanikanta	... University Law College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bankimchandra	... Ditto.
	Gangopadhyay, Kalipada	... Ditto.
88	Ghosh, Janakinath	... Ditto.
	Satyendramohan	... Ditto.
	Sen, Jyotischandra	... Ditto.
93	Anjud Ali	... Ripon Law College.
	Bhaduri, Amulyakumar	... University Law College.
	Serajul Islam	... Ditto.
96	Bhattacharyya, Hemchandra	... Ditto.
	De, Gurncharan	... Ditto.
	Jha, Jayantiprasad	... Ditto.
	Md. Khairaz Zaman	... Ditto.
	Dube, Manindrachandra	... Ditto.
100	Kanjabilla, Umakanta	... Ditto.
	Ray, Ishnaballabh	... Ditto.
	Baksi, Lalitmohan	... Ditto.
103	Bhattacharyya, Janakiballabh	... Ditto.
	Majumdar, Krishnadas	... Ripon Law College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Nanigopal, II	... University Law College.
	Das, Nagendrachandra	... Ditto.
	Modak, Satischandra	... Ditto.
107	Munsi, Sisirkumar	... Ditto.
	Raychaudhuri, Nikhilchandra	... Ditto.
	Sarkar, Bijaybhushan	... Ditto.
112	Datta, Sarojkumar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 8.
	Mitra, Hirenendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	Upadhyay, Shiopujan	... University Law College.
115	Bhattacharyya, Adinath	... Dacca Law College.
	Maitra, Aniyagobiinda	... University Law College.
	Ray, Debeschandra	... Ditto.
	Bandyopadhyay, Sachindranath	... Ditto.
	Guha, Nalinikumar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 6.
118	Kalimuddin Ahmed	... Ripon Law College.
	Mitra, Hirenendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 13
	Ray, Lalitmohan	... Ripon Law College.
123	Kabezuddin Ahmed	... Ditto.

124	Bandyopadhyay, Jitendramohan	... University Law College.
	Barkukati, Mohinikanta	... Gauhati Earle Law College.
	Bhattacharyya, Pramodacharan	... University Law College.
	Pal, Surendranath	... Ditto.
	Serajul Huq	... Ripon Law College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Amarnath	... University Law College
129	Chakrabarti, Tudubaran	... Ditto.
	M. Abdul Karim	... Ditto.
	Som, Prabhatranjan	... Ditto.
	Aich, Rameschandra	... Ditto.
	Bhagwat Prosad	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 16.
133	De, Nandakumar	... University Law College.
	Ray, Purnachandra	... Ditto.
	S. Abdur Roufe	... Ditto.
	Abdul Ghani	... Ripon Law College.
138	Ghosh, Satischandra	... Ditto.
	Hajra, Charuchandra	... University Law College.
141	Kundu, Surendramohan	... Ditto.
	Maharumad Shafi	... Ditto.
	Abdus Salam Khan	... Ditto.
	Barma, Sachindramohan	... Ditto.
143	Bashiruddin	... Dacca Law College.
	Datta, Bijayprasauna	... Ripon Law College.
	Gupta, Gaurranjan	... University Law College.
	Majumdar, Asutosh	... Ditto.
	Bal, Jnanendranath	... Ditto.
	Chaudhuri, Kantipada	... Ditto.
	Das, Jogendrakumar	... Ripon Law College.
149	Datta, Biswanath	... University Law College.
	Mitra, Amarendrakumar	... Ditto.
	Sarkar, Nagendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	Sinha, Asutosh	... University Law College.
156	Sen, Debendranath II	... Ditto.
	Abdul Kadir	... Gauhati Earle Law College
157	Maitra, Sasikumar	... University Law College.
	Md. Faziul Huq	... Ripon Law College.
	Mitra, Praphullakumar	... University Law College.
161	Sengupta, Bhupalchandra	... Ditto.
	Chakrabarti, Nirmalachandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Das, Rohinikanta	... University Law College.
162	Datta, Saratchandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Kirankumar	... University Law College.
	Quazi Shams ul alom	... Ripon Law College.
167	Aich, Bhupeschandra	... Ditto.
	Sarkar, Dineschandra	... University Law College.
169	Das, Jadabchandra	... Gauhati Earle Law College.
	Sen, Sureschandra	... University Law College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Sudhirkumar	... Ditto.
171	Das, Pulinbihuri	... Ditto.
	Ghosh, Pratapchandra	... Ripon Law College
	Sikdar, Narendranath	... University Law College.
	Ghosh, Mihirlal	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 18.
175	Kharn, Upendranath	... Ripon Law College
	Sengupta, Ushanath	... University Law College.
	Datta, Anilchandra	... Ripon Law College.
178	Gangopadhyay, Siteschandra	... Dacca Law College.
	Ghosh, Jitendranath, I	... University Law College.
	Kabiruddin Khan	... Dacca Law College.
	Sinha, Manmathanath	... Ripon Law College.
	Baruya, Dhironlal	... Ditto.
183	Basu, Ramanath	... Ditto.
	Ray, Krishnakumar	... University Law College.
	Abdus Sauf	... Ditto.
	Bhattacharyya, Debendranath	... Ditto.
	" Satischandra	... Ditto.
	Chaudhuri, Kahitiindranath	... Ditto.
	De, Surendranath	... Ditto.
	Debesarima, Sonapati	... Gauhati Earle Law College.
	Gangopadhyay, Bibhutibhusan, I	... University Law College.
	Ghosh, Satyansadhan	... Ditto.
	Guha, Manindranath	... Dacca Law College.
186	Joardar, Annadaprasad	... University Law College.
	Mahammad Ali Chaudhury	... Dacca Law College.
	Mandal, Jagatchandra	... Ditto.
	Mitra, Mahendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	Pal, Nilmani	... University Law College.
	Ray, Lalitmohan, II	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 9
	" Nagendranarayan	... University Law College.
	" Nitindranath	... Ditto.
	Saha, Dwarkanath	... Dacca Law College.
	Sarkar, Brajendrakumar	... University Law College.

A. C. BOSE, Controller of Examinations.

S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh.**NOTICE.**

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders class, Mymensingh S. K. Hospital, will be held on Monday, the 23rd April 1923, at 8 A.M.

Candidates desiring to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the undersigned on or before the 20th April 1923.

J. N. MITRA, *Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh.*

NOTICE.**Examination of Compounders at Mymensingh S. K. Hospital.**

THE next qualifying examination of Compounders will be held at the S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, on Monday, the 16th April 1923, at 8 A.M., and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government notifications Nos. 1410 and 1411, dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of Civil Surgeon, President.
Mymensingh.

Assistant Surgeon attached to the S. K. Hospital	...	} Members.
Teacher of Compounder class	

No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11, 12 of Government notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(b) All candidates must forward to the undersigned an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. A fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of a fresh fee.

J. N. MITRA, *Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh.*

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**NOTIFICATION.**

DINANATH ADHIKARI (Registered No. 4513 of 1913-14), ward of Babu Chandramohan Adhikari, is hereby debarred from appearing at any future examination of this University, for gross misconduct.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 15th March 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 738L., dated the 15th March, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 14th March, 1923, and is hereby published for information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

THE CALCUTTA RENT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.

A .

BILL

to amend the Calcutta Rent Act, 1920.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Calcutta Rent Act, 1920, so as to provide for its extension for a further period as hereinafter provided ;

Ben. Act 111
of 1920.

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act has been obtained to the passing of this Act ;

b & 6, Geo.
V, c. 61 ;
6 & 7, Geo.
V, c. 87 ; 9,
& 10, Geo.
V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Calcutta Rent (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Ben. Act III
of 1920.

2. In sub-section (4) of section 1 of the Calcutta Rent Act, 1920, for the words "for a period of three years from the date of the commencement of the Act" the words and figures "until the end of March, 1924" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 1 of Ben.
Act III of 1920.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Inquiry has shown that the supply of houses in Calcutta is still short of the demand and, after careful consideration, it is considered desirable to extend the present Calcutta Rent Act, 1920, until the end of next cold weather.

This Act is admittedly imperfect, but, on the whole, it has served its purpose, and as the proposed extension will be for a short period, it is not considered advisable to undertake a complete revision of the Act.

Rent control can only be justified as an emergent measure, and in introducing the Bill the Government desire to place on record their definite opinion that at the end of March, 1924 such control should finally cease.

SURENDRA NATH BANERJEA,

Member in charge.

CALCUTTA;

The 12th February, 1923.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 753 L., dated the 16th March, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 14th March, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

**THE BENGAL AERIAL ROPEWAYS BILL,
1923.****CONTENTS.****PREAMBLE.****CHAPTER I.****PRELIMINARY.****CLAUSE.**

1. Short title, local extent and commencement.
2. Definitions.

CHAPTER II.**AERIAL ROPEWAYS FOR PUBLIC TRAFFIC.***Procedure and Preliminary Investigations.*

3. Application for concession.
4. Contents of application.
5. Preliminary investigations.

*Orders authorising the construction of Aerial
Ropeways for Public Traffic.*

6. Order authorising construction and contents of such order.
7. Final order.
8. Cessation of powers given by an order.
9. Opening of aerial ropeway to passenger traffic.

Inspection of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

10. Inspection of aerial ropeway before opening.
11. Appointment and duties of Inspector.
12. Powers of Inspectors.
13. Facilities to be afforded to Inspector.

*Construction and Maintenance of Aerial Ropeways
for Public Traffic.*

14. Authority of promoter to execute all necessary works.
15. Temporary entry upon land for repairing or preventing accident.
16. Removal of trees, structures, etc.
17. Orders of Collector subject to revision by Local Government.

Working of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

18. Promoter may fix rates.
19. Duty of promoter to work aerial ropeway without partiality.
20. Reporting of accidents.
21. Power to close and re-open aerial ropeway.

Discontinuance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

22. Cessation of powers of promoter on discontinuance of aerial ropeway.
23. Power of removal of aerial ropeway on cessation of promoter's powers.

Purchase of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

24. Power of Local Government and local authorities to purchase aerial ropeways for public traffic.
25. Power to promoter to sell when option to purchase not exercised and order revoked by consent.

Inability or Insolvency of Promoter.

26. Proceedings in case of inability or insolvency of promoter.

By-laws.

27. Power of promoter to make by-laws.

CHAPTER III.

PRIVATE AERIAL ROPEWAYS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.

28. Application for acquisition of land in case of certain private aerial ropeways.
29. Agreement.
30. Temporary occupation of land in case of private aerial ropeway.

CHAPTER IV.

OFFENCES, PENALTIES AND ARREST.

31. Failure of promoter to comply with Act.
32. Unlawfully obstructing promoter in exercise of his powers.
33. Unlawfully interfering with aerial ropeway.
34. Maliciously doing, abetting or attempting to do, acts endangering safety of persons travelling or being upon aerial ropeway.
35. Arrest for offences against certain section.

CHAPTER V.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS.

36. Returns.
37. Protection of roads, railways, tramways and waterways.
38. Acquisition of land by a promoter.
39. Limitation of claims for damage to animals or goods.
40. Application of Act to certain private aerial ropeways.
41. Power of Local Government to make rules.

THE BENGAL AERIAL ROPEWAYS BILL, 1923.

A BILL

*to authorise, facilitate and regulate the construction
and working of aerial ropeways in Bengal.*

Preamble

WHEREAS it is expedient to authorise, facilitate and regulate the construction and working of aerial ropeways in Bengal;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under section 80A, subsection (3), of the Government of India Act, to the passing of this Act;

5 and 6,
Geo. V, c. 61;
6 and 7, Geo.
V, c. 87; 9 and
10, Geo. V, c.
101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

Preliminary.

Short title, local
extent and com-
mencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Aerial Ropeways Act, 1923;

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal, except the Hill-tracts of Chittagong; and

(3) It shall come into force at once:

Provided that it shall come into operation in the Darjeeling district only on such date and subject to such exceptions and modifications as the Governor in Council may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, direct.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "aerial ropeway" means an aerial ropeway (or any portion thereof) for the carriage of passengers, animals or goods, and includes all posts, ropes, carriers, stations, offices, warehouses, workshops, machinery and other works used for the purposes of, or in connection with, and all land appurtenant to, such aerial ropeway;

[*Cf. Act IX
of 1870, s. 3(d)
(a) and (c).*]

(2) "carrier" means any vehicle or receptacle hung or suspended from, or hauled by, a rope and used for the carriage of passengers, animals or goods or for any other purpose in connection with the working of an aerial ropeway;

(3) "Collector" means the chief officer in charge of the land-revenue administration of a district, and includes any officer specially appointed by the Local Government to discharge the functions of a Collector under this Act;

(4) "Inspector" means an Inspector of aerial ropeways appointed under this Act;

(5) "local authority" means a Municipal Committee, District Board, body of Port Commissioners or other authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by the Government with, the control or management of a municipal or local fund, and also includes a Local Board;

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter I.—Preliminary.—Chapter II.—Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Procedure and Preliminary Investigations.—Clauses 3, 4.)*

- (6) "order" means an order authorising the construction of an aerial ropeway under this Act;
- (7) "post" means a post, trestle, standard, strut, stay or other contrivance or part of a contrivance for carrying, suspending or supporting a rope; [Cf. Act XII of 1885, s. 2(5).]
- (8) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the Local Government under section 41;
- (9) "promoter" means—
- (i) the Local Government,
 - (ii) a local authority,
 - (iii) any person,
 - (iv) any company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, or VII of 1913,
 - (v) any railway company as defined in the Indian Railways Act, 1890. IX of 1890.
- in whose favour an order has been made under section 7 or under section 28, or on whom the rights and liabilities conferred and imposed on the promoter by this Act, and by rules and orders made under this Act as to the construction, maintenance and use of the aerial ropeway, have devolved or have been imposed by section 40;
- (10) "rate" includes any fare, charge or other payment for the carriage of passengers, animals or goods on an aerial ropeway; and
- (11) "rope" includes any cable, wire, rail or way, whether flexible or rigid, for suspending, carrying or hauling a carrier, if any part of such cable, wire, rail or way is carried overhead and is suspended from, or supported on, posts. [Cf. Act XII of 1885, s. 2(4).]

CHAPTER II.**Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.***Procedure and Preliminary Investigations.*Application for
concession.

3. Every application by an intending promoter other than the Local Government for permission to undertake the necessary preliminary investigations in regard to a proposed aerial ropeway for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods shall be submitted to the Local Government.

Contents of
application.

4. Every such application shall include—

- (a) a description of the undertaking and of the route to be followed by the proposed aerial ropeway;
- (b) a description of the system of construction and management and of the advantages to the community to be expected from the ropeway;
- (c) an estimate of the cost of construction thereof;
- (d) a statement of the estimated working expenses and profits in respect thereof;

The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.

(Chapter II.—*Procedure and Preliminary Investigations.—Orders authorising the Construction of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clauses 5, 6.*)

- (e) a statement of the maximum and minimum rates which it is proposed to charge ;
- (f) such maps, plans, sections and drawings in connection therewith as the Local Government may require in order to form an idea of the proposal.

Preliminary investigations.

5. Subject to the provisions of this Act, and of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Local Government may, at their discretion, accord sanction to the intending promoter to make such surveys as may be necessary, and require him to submit such detailed estimates, plans, sections and specifications and such further information as they may deem necessary for the full consideration of the proposal.

1 of 1894

The intending promoter shall not be entitled to claim any compensation from Government for any expense incurred under this section in the event of his application being ultimately refused.

Orders authorising the Construction of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

Order authorising construction and contents of such order.

6. (1) The Local Government may, on application made by any intending promoter, and after due consideration of the details supplied in accordance with section 5, publish in the *Calcutta Gazette* a draft of the proposed order authorising the construction by or on behalf of, such promoter, subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Local Government may think proper, of an aerial ropeway within any specified area or along any specified route—

- (a) for the public carriage of passengers ;
- (b) for the public carriage of passengers, animals and goods ; or
- (c) for the public carriage of animals and goods.

(2) A notice shall be published with the draft order stating that any objection or suggestion which any person may desire to make with respect to the proposed order will, if submitted to the Local Government on or before a date to be specified in the notice, be received and considered.

(3) The Local Government shall also cause public notice of the intention to make the order to be given at convenient places within the said area or along the said route, and shall, so far as may be conveniently possible, cause a like notice to be served on every owner or occupier of land over which such route lies, and shall consider any objection or suggestion, with respect to the proposed order, which may be received from any person within the date specified in such notice and decide thereon.

[Cf. Act 1 of 1894, s. 9.]

(4) The draft of the proposed order may specify—

- (i) a time within which the capital required for the construction of the aerial ropeway shall be raised ;

[Cf. Act XI of 1896, s. 7.]

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Orders authorising the Construction of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clause 7.)*

- (ii) a time within which the construction shall be commenced;
- (iii) a time within which the construction shall be completed;
- (iv) the conditions under which a concession, guarantee or financial assistance may be given by the Local Government or a local authority to the promoter;
- (v) the rights of purchase by the Local Government or by a local authority;
- (vi) the conditions relating to the structural design, quality of materials, factors of safety, method of computing stresses, and other such technical details as may be considered necessary;
- (vii) the conditions relating to the construction of the ropeway over roads and other public ways of communication except such railways and tramways as are referred to in clause (a) of item 5 of Part I of schedule I to the Devolution Rules, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council over such railways and tramways;
- (viii) the conditions under which the promoter may sell or transfer his rights to the Local Government or to a local authority, company or person;
- (ix) the conditions under which the ropeway may be taken over by the Local Government to be worked by itself or by a local authority or by a company or person other than the promoter;
- (x) the motive power to be used on the ropeway and the conditions (if any) on which such power may be used;
- (xi) the minimum headway to be maintained under different parts of the rope;
- (xii) the points under the rope at which bridges or guards shall be constructed and maintained;
- (xiii) the amount of security (if any) to be deposited by the promoter in the event of his application being granted; and
- (xiv) such other matters as the Local Government may deem necessary.

Final order.

7. (1) If, after considering any objections or suggestions which may have been made in respect to the draft on or before the specified date, the Local Government are of opinion that the application should be granted with or without modifications, or subject or not to any restrictions or conditions, they may make an order accordingly.

(2) Every order authorising the construction of an aerial ropeway for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and such publication shall be conclusive proof that the order has been made as required by this section.

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Orders authorising the Construction of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Inspection of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clauses 8-10.)*

Cessation of powers given by an order.

8. If a promoter authorised by an order to construct an aerial ropeway for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods does not, within the time specified in the order,—

[Of Pen. Act 118 of 1893, s. 9]

- (a) succeed in raising the full amount of capital required for the completion of the ropeway, or
- (b) substantially commence the construction of the ropeway, or
- (c) complete the construction thereof,

the powers given to the promoter by such order shall, unless the Local Government prolongs the time so specified, cease to be exercised.

Opening of aerial ropeway to passenger traffic.

9. When the construction of an aerial ropeway has been authorised under this Act, for the public carriage of animals and goods only, the Local Government may, on application made by the promoter, sanction the opening of such ropeway for the public carriage of passengers also.

Inspection of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

Inspection of aerial ropeway before opening

10. (1) No aerial ropeway intended for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods shall be opened for any kind of traffic until the Local Government or an Inspector empowered by the Local Government in this behalf has, by an order, sanctioned the opening thereof for that purpose. The sanction of the Local Government under this section shall not be given until an Inspector has, after inspection of the ropeway, reported in writing to the Local Government—

- (a) that he has made a careful inspection of the ropeway and appurtenances;
- (b) that the moving and fixed dimensions and other conditions prescribed under sub-section (4) of section 6 and sub-section (1) of section 7, have been complied with;
- (c) that the ropeway is sufficiently equipped for the traffic for which it is intended;
- (d) that the by-laws and rules prescribed by sections 27 and 41 have been duly made, approved and published; and
- (e) that the ropeway is, in his opinion, fit for public traffic and can be used without danger either to the persons, animals or goods carried thereon, or to the persons employed thereon, or to the general public.

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall extend to the opening of additional sections of the ropeway, and to deviation lines and any alteration or re-construction materially affecting the structural character of any work to which the provisions of sub-section (1) apply or are extended by this sub-section.

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Inspection of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Construction and Maintenance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—
Clauses 11-14.)*

Appointment
and duties
of
Inspector.

11. (1) The Local Government may appoint such persons as they deem fit to be Inspectors of aerial ropeways for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods. [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 4.]

(2) It shall be the duty of any such Inspector from time to time to inspect such ropeways, and to determine whether they are maintained in a fit condition and worked with due regard to the convenience and safety of the persons using them and of the general public, and consistently with the provisions of this Act.

Powers
of
Inspectors

12. An Inspector shall, for the purpose of any of the duties which he is authorised or required to perform under this Act, be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and shall, for that purpose, have such powers as may be prescribed. [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 5.]
Act XLV of 1860

Facilities to be
afforded
to
Inspector.

13. The promoter, and his servants and agents, shall afford to an Inspector all reasonable facilities for performing the duties and exercising the powers imposed and conferred upon him by this Act, or by rules made thereunder. [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 6.]

Construction and Maintenance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

Authority of
promoter to exe-
cute all neces-
sary works.

14. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, and, in the case of immovable property not belonging to the promoter, to the provisions of any enactment for the time being in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes and for companies, a promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic may— [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 7.]

- (a) make such survey as he thinks necessary;
- (b) place and maintain posts in or upon any immovable property; [Cf. Act XIII of 1885, s. 10, first para.]
- (c) suspend and maintain a rope over, along or across any immovable property;
- (d) make such bridges, culverts, drains, embankments and roads as may be necessary; [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 7(a), (d) and (f).]
- (e) erect and construct such machinery, offices, stations, warehouses and other buildings, works and conveniences as may be necessary; and
- (f) do all other acts necessary for constructing, maintaining, altering, repairing and using the aerial ropeway.

Provided that a promoter may take any action under clause (b) or clause (c) of this sub-section, notwithstanding the objection of the owner or occupier of the property affected thereby if the Collector, by an order in writing, permits such action.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 12(2), first proviso.]

(2) When making an order under the proviso to sub-section (1), the Collector shall fix the amount of compensation or of annual rent or of both which should, in his opinion, be paid by the promoter to the owner of the property affected thereby, or, in the case of immovable property, to the owner or occupier thereof.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 12(3).]

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Construction and Maintenance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Working of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clauses 15-19.)*

Temporary entry upon land for repairing or preventing accident.

15. (1) A promoter may, at any time, for the purpose of examining, repairing or altering an aerial ropeway for public traffic or of preventing any accident, enter upon any immovable property adjoining such ropeway, and may do all such works as may be necessary for such purpose.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, ss. 9 and 10]

(2) In the exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1), the promoter shall cause as little damage as possible, and compensation shall be paid by him for any damage so caused; and, in a case of dispute as to the amount of such compensation, or the person to whom it shall be paid, the matter shall be referred to the decision of the Collector.

Removal of trees, structures, etc

16. (1) Where any tree standing or lying near an aerial ropeway for public traffic, or where any structure or other object which has been placed or has fallen near any such ropeway subsequently to the issue of an order under section 7 in regard to such ropeway, interrupts or interferes with, or is likely to interrupt or interfere with, the construction, maintenance, alteration or use of the ropeway, the Collector may, on the application of the promoter, cause the tree, structure or object to be removed or otherwise dealt with as he thinks fit.

[Cf. Act IX of 1910, s. 18(3) and (4)]

(2) When disposing of an application under sub-section (1), the Collector shall, in the case of any tree in existence before the construction of the aerial ropeway, award to the person interested in the tree such compensation, if any, as he thinks reasonable, and the Collector may recover the same from the promoter in the same manner as an arrear of land revenue.

Explanation—For the purposes of this section, the expression "tree" shall be deemed to include any shrub, hedge, jungle-growth or other plant.

Orders of Collector subject to revision by Local Government

17. No suit shall lie, in respect of any matter referred to in the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14, sub-section (2) of section 14, section 15 or sub-section (1) of section 16, but every order made by a Collector under any of those sections, and every award made by him under sub-section (2) of section 16, shall be subject to revision by the Local Government.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 10(2), and Act IX of 1910, s. 12(4).]

Working of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

Promoter may fix rates.

18. The promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic shall, for the purposes of working an aerial ropeway, and subject to such maximum and minimum rates as may be prescribed, have power from time to time to fix the rates for the carriage of passengers, animals or goods on the aerial ropeway.

[Cf. Ben Act III of 1888, s. 24]

Duty of promoter to work aerial ropeway without partiality.

19. No promoter shall, for the purposes of working an aerial ropeway for public traffic, make or give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to, or in favour of, any particular person or any particular description of traffic in any respect whatsoever, or subject any particular person or any particular description of traffic to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect whatsoever.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 42 (2)]

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Working of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Discontinuance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clauses 20-22.)*

^{Reporting of accidents} **20.** When any of the following accidents occur in the course of working an aerial ropeway for public traffic, namely :— [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 22]

- (a) any accident attended with loss of human life or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property; Act XLV of 1860.
- (b) an accident of a description usually attended with loss of human life or with such grievous hurt as aforesaid or with serious injury to property;
- (c) any accident of any other description which the Local Government may notify in this behalf in the *Calcutta Gazette*;

the promoter shall, without unnecessary delay, send notice of the accident to the Local Government and to the Inspector of the aerial ropeway;

and the promoter's servant in charge of the station on the aerial ropeway nearest to the place at which the accident occurred or, where there is no station, the promoter's servant in charge of the section of the aerial ropeway on which the accident occurred shall, with the least possible delay, give notice of the accident to the Magistrate of the district in which the accident occurred and to the officer in charge of the police-station within the local limits of which it occurred, or to such other Magistrate and police-officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

^{Power to close and re-open aerial ropeway}

21. (1) If, after inspecting any aerial ropeway opened to public traffic, an Inspector is of opinion that the ropeway or any specified part thereof cannot be used without danger to the public, or is no longer in a fit state for the carriage of any specified class of traffic, he shall state that opinion, together with the grounds therefor, to the Local Government; [Cf. Act IX of 1890, ss. 23 and 24.]

and the Local Government may thereupon order, that, for reasons to be set forth in the order, the aerial ropeway, or the part thereof so specified, be closed to all traffic or to any specified class of traffic:

Provided that, in any case of extreme urgency, the Inspector may order the suspension of the working of the ropeway or any part thereof which he considers necessary, pending the final orders of the Local Government on the case.

(2) When, under sub-section (1), an aerial ropeway or any part thereof has been closed to any traffic, it shall not be re-opened to such traffic until it has been inspected, and its re-opening sanctioned, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Discontinuance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

^{Discontinuance of powers of promoter on discontinuance of aerial}

22. If, at any time after the opening of an aerial ropeway for public traffic, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Local Government that the promoter is a [Cf. Ben. Act III of 1883, s. 29.]

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Discontinuance of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Purchase of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clauses 23, 24.)*

for three months, discontinued the working of the ropeway or of any part thereof, without a reason sufficient, in the opinion of the Local Government, to warrant such discontinuance, the Local Government, if they think fit, may declare that the powers of the promoter in respect of such aerial ropeway or part thereof shall be at an end; and thereupon the said powers shall cease and determine.

Power of removal of aerial ropeway on cessation of promoter's powers.

23. (1) When a declaration has been made under section 22, in respect of any aerial ropeway or of any part thereof, an officer appointed in that behalf by the Local Government may, at any time after the expiration of two months from the date determined as aforesaid, remove such aerial ropeway or part thereof, as the case may be;

[cf. Ben. Act III of 1888, s. 89.]

and the promoter shall pay to the officer so appointed such costs of removal as shall be certified by that officer to have been incurred by him.

(2) If the promoter fails to pay the amount of costs so certified within one month after the delivery to him of the certificate or of a copy thereof, such officer may, without any previous notice to the promoter and without prejudice to any other remedy which he may have for the recovery of the said amount, sell and dispose of the materials of the aerial ropeway or part thereof so removed;

and may, out of the proceeds of the sale, pay and reimburse himself the amount of costs certified as aforesaid and of the costs of the sale;

and shall pay over the residue (if any) of such proceeds to the promoter.

Purchase of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.

Power of Local Government and local authority to purchase aerial ropeways for public traffic.

24. (1) When an order under section 7 has been made in favour of a promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic, not being the Local Government, or a local authority, the Local Government, or a local authority specified in the order published under section 7, shall, on the expiration of such period, not exceeding fifty years, and of every such subsequent period, not exceeding twenty years, as shall be specified in such order, have the option of purchasing the undertaking, and if the Local Government, or the local authority with the previous sanction of the Local Government, elect to purchase, the promoter shall sell the undertaking to the Local Government or to the local authority as the case may be, on payment of the value of all lands, buildings, works, materials, plant and apparatus of the promoter, suitable to, and used by him for the purposes of, the undertaking, such value to be in case of difference or dispute determined by arbitration:

[cf. Act IX of 1910, s. 7.]

Provided that the value of such lands, buildings, works, materials, plant and apparatus shall be deemed to be their fair market value at the time of purchase,

*The Bengal Aerial ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Purchase of Aerial Ropeways for Public Traffic.—Clause 25.)*

due regard being had to the nature and condition for the time being of such lands, buildings, works, materials, plant and apparatus, and to the state of repair thereof, and to the circumstance that they are in such a position as to be ready for immediate working, and to the suitability of the same for the purposes of the undertaking :

Provided also that there shall be added to such value, as aforesaid, such percentage, if any, not exceeding *twenty per cent.* of that value, as may be specified in the order passed under section 7, on account of compulsory purchase.

(2) Where a purchase has been effected under sub-section (1)—

- (a) the undertaking shall vest in the purchasers free from any debts, mortgages or similar obligations of the promoter or attaching to the undertaking :

Provided that any such debts, mortgages or similar obligations shall attach to the purchase-money in substitution for the undertaking; and

- (b) save as aforesaid, the order published under section 7 shall remain in full force, and the purchaser shall be deemed to be the promoter :

Provided that where the Local Government elects to purchase, the order under section 7 shall, after purchase, in so far as the Local Government is concerned, cease to have any farther operation.

(3) Not less than two years' notice in writing of any election to purchase under this section shall be served upon the promoter by the Local Government or the local authority, as the case may be.

(4) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, a local authority may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government, waive its option to purchase, and enter into an agreement with the promoter for the working by him of the undertaking until the expiration of the next subsequent period referred to in sub-section (1) upon such terms and conditions as may be stated in the agreement.

Power to promoter to sell when option to purchase not exercised and order revoked by consent.

25. Where, on the expiration of any of the periods referred to in section 24, neither the Local Government nor a local authority purchases the undertaking, and the order published under section 7 is, on the application or with the consent of the promoter, revoked, the promoter shall have the option of disposing of all lands, buildings, works, materials, plant and apparatus belonging to the undertaking in such manner as he may think fit.

[Cf. Act
IX of 1910,
s. 3.]

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter II.—Inability or Insolvency of Promoter.—By-laws.—Clauses 26, 27.)**Inability or Insolvency of Promoter.*

Proceedings in
case of inability
or insolvency of
promoter.

26. (1) If, at any time after the opening of an aerial ropeway for public traffic, it appears to the Local Government that the promoter is insolvent or is unable to maintain the ropeway, or to work the same with advantage to the public, or at all, the Local Government may declare that the powers of the promoter, in respect of such aerial ropeway, shall, at the expiration of six months from the date of such declaration, be at an end; and thereupon the said powers shall, at the expiration of that period, cease and determine.

[Cf. Ben.
Act III of
1882, s. 40.]

(2) At any time after the expiration of the said six months, an officer appointed by the Local Government in that behalf, may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920, remove the aerial ropeway in the same manner and subject to the same provisions as to the payment of costs and to the same remedy for the recovery thereof, in every respect, as in cases of removal under section 23.

V of 1920.

By-laws.

Power of promoter to make
by-laws.

27. (1) A promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (3), make by-laws—

[Cf. Act IX
of 1890, s. 47.]

- (a) for regulating the rate of speed at which carriers are to be moved or propelled;
- (b) for declaring what shall be deemed to be dangerous or offensive goods, and for regulating the carriage of such goods;
- (c) for regulating the maximum number of passengers and animals, and the maximum weight of goods, to be carried in each carrier;
- (d) for regulating the use of steam-power, or any other mechanical power or electrical power, on the aerial ropeway;
- (e) for regulating the conduct of the promoter's servants;
- (f) for regulating the terms and conditions on which the promoter will warehouse or retain goods at any station on behalf of the consignee or owner of such goods; and
- (g) generally for regulating the travelling upon, and the use, working and management of, the aerial ropeway.

(2) Such by-laws may provide that any person who contravenes the provisions of any of them shall be liable to fine which may extend to any sum not exceeding fifty rupees, and that, in the case of a breach of a by-law made under clause (e) of sub-section (1), the promoter's servant responsible for the same shall forfeit a sum not exceeding one month's pay, which sum may be deducted by the promoter from his pay.

(3) A by-law made under this section shall not take effect until it has been confirmed by the Local Government and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*:

Provided that no such by-law shall be so confirmed until it has been previously published by the promoter in such manner as may be prescribed.

The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.

(Chapter III.—Private Aerial Ropeways for certain purposes.—Clauses 28, 29.)

CHAPTER III.**Private Aerial Ropeways for certain purposes,**

Application for acquisition of land in case of certain private aerial ropeways.

28. Where the Local Government are satisfied that the construction, extension, working or management of an aerial ropeway for private traffic is likely to prove useful to the public by reason of its facilitating the transport of commodities of general utility or required for the conservation of undertakings supplying those commodities, and where the intending promoter of such aerial ropeway is desirous of obtaining any land for the purpose of such construction, extension, working or management, the Local Government may, on the application of such promoter, acquire on his behalf such land under the provisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or procure the temporary occupation of the same under the provisions of Part VI of that Act, whether the said intending promoter is or is not a company as defined in that Act.

I of 1894.

Agreement.

29. (1) No order shall be made by the Local Government under section 28 until an inquiry has been held as hereinafter provided and the intending promoter has entered into an agreement with the Government in respect of the matters mentioned in sub-section (4).

(2) Such inquiry shall be held by such officer and at such time and place as the Local Government shall appoint.

(3) Such officer may summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel the production of documents by the same means and, as far as possible, in the same manner as is provided by the Code of Civil Procedure in the case of a Civil Court.

Act V of 1908.

(4) Such officer shall report to the Local Government the result of the inquiry, and if the Local Government are satisfied that the ropeway is or is likely to be useful to the public, they shall, subject to any rules made under section 41, require the intending promoter to enter into an agreement with the Government, providing to the satisfaction of the Local Government for the following matters, namely:—

(a) the terms on which the ropeway shall be held by the promoter ;.

(b) the time within which, and the conditions on which, the ropeway shall be constructed, maintained and used.

(5) Every such agreement shall, as soon as may be after its execution, be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.

(Chapter III.—Private Aerial Ropeways for certain purposes.—Clause 30.—Chapter IV.—Offences, Penalties and Arrest.—Clauses 30, 31.

Temporary
occupation
of
land in case of
private aerial
ropeway.

30. If land is to be occupied temporarily in accordance with the provisions of section 28 on behalf of the promoter of an aerial ropeway for private traffic, and if the Local Government on the application of the promoter so direct, then the provisions of Part VI of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, shall apply to such occupation, subject to the provisions that, notwithstanding anything contained in Section 35 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the occupation and use by the promoter of the land occupied shall continue for such period, not exceeding ten years, as the Local Government may fix, and that the compensation to the owner of such land shall be fixed with due regard to any additional loss or inconvenience caused to him by reason of such period of occupation.

I of 1894.

CHAPTER IV.*Offences, Penalties and Arrest.*

Failure of pro-
moter to comply
with Act.

31. If a promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic—

[Cf. Act XI
of 1886, s. 27,
and Ben. Act
III of 1883,
s. 29.]

- (a) constructs or maintains an aerial ropeway otherwise than in accordance with the terms of an order made under section 7, or
- (b) opens an aerial ropeway or permits it to be opened in contravention of any of the provisions of section 10, or
- (c) fails to comply with the provisions of section 13, or
- (d) fails to pay within a reasonable time any compensation awarded by the Collector or by the Local Government under sections 14, 15, 16 or 17, or
- (e) contravenes any of the provisions of section 19, or
- (f) fails to send notice of any accident as required by section 20, or
- (g) fails to close an aerial ropeway in accordance with an order passed under sub-section (1) of section 21, or re-opens any aerial ropeway in contravention of sub-section (2) of that section, or
- (h) continues to exercise the powers of a promoter, in respect of any aerial ropeway, in contravention of the provisions of section 22 or section 26, or
- (i) fails to comply with the provisions of section 27 or section 36, or
- (j) contravenes any of the provisions of section 37, or
- (k) contravenes the provisions of any rule made under section 41,

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter IV.—Offences, Penalties and Arrest.—
Clauses 32-35.)*

he shall (without prejudice to the enforcement of specific performance of the requirements of this Act, or of any other remedy which may be obtained against him) be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day after the first during which the offence continues to be committed.

Unlawfully obstructing promoter in exercise of his powers.

32. If any person without lawful excuse, the burden of proving which shall be upon him, wilfully obstructs any person acting under the authority of the promoter in the lawful exercise of his powers in constructing, maintaining, altering, repairing or working an aerial ropeway, or injures or destroys any mark made for the purpose of setting out the line or route of such ropeway, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

[Cf. Act XI of 1886, s. 28.]

Unlawfully interfering with aerial ropeway.

33. If any person without lawful excuse, the burden of proving which shall be upon him, wilfully does any of the following things, namely:—

[Cf. Act XI of 1886, s. 29.]

- (a) interferes with, removes or alters any part of an aerial ropeway or of the works connected therewith,
- (b) does anything in such a manner as to obstruct any carrier travelling on an aerial ropeway,
- (c) attempts to do, or abets, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, the doing of anything mentioned in clause (a) or clause (b),

Act XLV of 1880.

he shall (without prejudice to any other remedy which may be obtained against him in a Court of Civil Judicature) be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

Maliciously doing, abetting or attempting to do, acts endangering safety of persons travelling or being upon aerial ropeway.

34. If any person does anything mentioned in clauses (a), (b) or (c) of section 33 or does, attempts to do, or abets, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, the doing of any other act or thing in relation to an aerial ropeway with intent or with knowledge that he is likely to endanger the safety of any person travelling or being upon the aerial ropeway, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to fourteen years.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 125.]

Act XLV of 1880.

Arrest for offences against certain sections.

35. (1) If any person commits any offence under section 32 which obstructs the working of an aerial ropeway for public traffic, or commits any offence punishable with imprisonment under section 34, he may be arrested without warrant or other written authority by any servant of the promoter, or by any police-officer or by any other person whom such servant or officer may call to his aid.

[Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 131.]

(2) A person so arrested shall, with the least possible delay, be taken before a Magistrate having authority to try him or to commit him for trial.

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter V.—Supplementary Provisions.—Clauses 36-40.)*

CHAPTER V.

Supplementary Provisions.

Returns.

36. A promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic shall, in respect of such ropeway, submit to the Local Government returns of capital, receipts and traffic at such intervals and in such forms as may be prescribed. [Cf. Act IX of 1890, s. 52.]

Protection of roads, railways, tramways and waterways.

37. No promoter of an aerial ropeway shall, in the course of the construction, repair, working or management of such ropeway, cause any permanent injury to any public road, railway, tramway or waterway, or obstruct or interfere with, otherwise than temporarily, as may be necessary, the traffic on any public road, railway, tramway or waterway. [Cf. Act IX of 1910, s. 51.]

Acquisition of land by a promoter.

38. The Local Government may, if they think fit, on the application of any promoter of an aerial ropeway for public traffic desirous of obtaining any land for the purpose of constructing, working or managing such ropeway, direct that he may, subject to the provisions of this Act, acquire such land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, in the same manner and on the same conditions as it might be acquired if the promoter were a company. [Cf. Act IX of 1910, s. 57(2).] I of 1894.

Limitation of claims for damage to animals or goods.

39. No person shall be entitled to a refund of an overcharge in respect of animals or goods carried by an aerial ropeway for public traffic or to compensation for the loss, destruction or deterioration of animals or goods delivered to be so carried, unless his claim to the refund or compensation has been preferred in writing by him or on his behalf to the promoter within six months from the date of the delivery of the animals or goods for carriage by the ropeway.

Application of Act to certain private aerial ropeways.

40. (1) Sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20 and 21, clauses (c), (f), (g) and (h) of section 31, sections 34, 35 and 37, and sub-sections (1) and (3) and clauses (a), (b), (d), (i) and (k) of sub-section (2) of section 41 shall also apply to the private aerial ropeways constructed for the purposes referred to in section 28, whether constructed before or after the commencement of this Act:

Provided that, in the application of section 16 to any such aerial ropeway, for the words "the issue of an order under section 7" the words "the opening of the ropeway to traffic or the issue of a notification for the acquisition of, or an order for the temporary occupation of, land in accordance with the provisions of section 28, whichever is earlier," shall be deemed to be substituted.

(2) Clauses (a), (c) and (e) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) of section 10 shall also apply to all such private aerial ropeways constructed after the commencement of this Act, and clause (b) of section 31 shall apply to such ropeways to the extent that section 10 applies thereto.

*The Bengal Aerial Ropeways Bill, 1923.**(Chapter V.—Supplementary Provisions.—
Clause 41.)*

(3) The Local Government, on the application of the promoter or otherwise, may declare that the provisions of section 28 and of sub-section (1) of this section shall apply to any private aerial ropeway or class of private aerial ropeways for private traffic.

Power of Local
Government to
make rules.

41. (1) The Local Government may, after previous publication, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may prescribe—

- (a) the powers of an Inspector appointed under section 11;
- (b) the duties of the promoter's servants, police-officers, and Magistrates on the occurrence of an accident;
- (c) the maximum and minimum rates which a promoter may fix under section 18;
- (d) the standard dimensions and specifications with which the aerial ropeway is to conform;
- (e) the manner of previous publication of by-laws made under section 27;
- (f) the intervals at which a promoter shall submit returns under section 36, and the forms in which such returns shall be submitted;
- (g) the preparation, submission and auditing of the accounts of the promoter;
- (h) the method of arbitration for the settlement of disputes;
- (i) the manner in which notices under this Act shall be served;
- (j) the manner in which, and the conditions under which, the through booking of goods may be permitted between an aerial ropeway and a railway, tramway or another aerial ropeway; and
- (k) the safe and efficient working of aerial ropeways.

(3) All rules made under this section shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to empower the Government of Bengal to authorise surveys and the carrying of aerial ropeways over private property; to provide for compensation to the owners of such property; and to ensure the safe and efficient working of the ropeways when constructed.

SAIYID NAWAB ALI CHAUDHURI,

Member-in-charge.

CALCUTTA:

The 6th January, 1923.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

No. 755L., dated the 16th March, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 14th March, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

**THE INDIAN SALT (BENGAL AMENDMENT)
BILL, 1923.**

A

BILL

to amend the Indian Salt Act, 1882.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Salt Act, 1882, in its application to Bengal, in order to dispense with the compulsory attendance of police-officers at searches by officers of the Salt Department ;

XII of 1882.

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act has been obtained to the passing of this Act ; .

5 and 6 Geo.
V, c. 61 ; 6 and
7 Geo. V, c. 37 ;
9 and 10,
Geo. V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and
local extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Salt (Bengal Amendment) Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Amendment of
section 18 of Act
XII of 1882.

2. In section 18 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882—

(i) the word “ then ” where it occurs for the first and second time, shall be omitted ;

(ii) before the words “ summon in writing ” the words “ if he considers it necessary, but not otherwise, ” shall be inserted ; and

(iii) the words and brackets “ (but always in the presence of an officer of police not inferior in rank to a head constable) ” shall be omitted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the Bill is to remove from the Indian Salt Act, 1882, those provisions which now require the presence of police officers at all searches made by officers of the Salt Department for the detection of offences under the Act. It is considered that the salt officers should carry out ordinary searches without the assistance of the police but the amendments proposed will not debar them from calling in the police when necessary.

J. DONALD,
Member-in-charge.

C. TINDALL,
*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

No. 757L., dated the 16th March, 1923.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 14th March, 1923, and is hereby published for general information, together with Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

THE CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.

A

BILL

*further to amend the Calcutta Improvement Act,
1911.*

Ben Act V
of 1911

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911, in the manner hereinafter appearing ;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained, under section 80A, sub-section (3), of the Government of India Act, to the passing of this Act :

It is hereby enacted as follows.—

S. & S., Geo
V, & 61,
S. & 7, Geo
V, & 87,
S. & 10, Geo
V, & 101

Short title

1. This Act may be called the Calcutta Improvement (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of
long title and
preamble to
Bengal Act V of
1911

2. In the long title and in the first paragraph of the preamble to the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (hereinafter called the said Act) after the word "Calcutta" the words "and the development of the suburbs and environs of Calcutta" shall be inserted.

Repeal.

3. The following portions of the said Act are hereby repealed, namely :—

"(a) clause (f) of section 2 ;

(b) in the heading to Chapter III, the words 'and Re-housing Schemes' ;

(c) sections 39, 40, 42, 51, 52, 66, 68 (and the sub-heading over it), 120, 121, 124, 127 and 128 ;

(d) in section 67, the words and figures 'or section 66' ; and

(e) in clause (i) of section 171A, the words 'and, in the case of a hut, to twenty rupees', and in clause (ii) of that section, the words 'and, in the case of a hut, to five rupees.'"

Amendment of
section 1.

4. For sub-section (3) of section 1 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(3) It shall extend in the first instance only to the Calcutta Municipality; but any provision of this Act may be extended by the Local Government, entirely or in part, by notification, under the procedure prescribed by section 148, to the Maniktola, Cossipore-Chitpur, Garden Reach, Tollygunge and South Suburban Municipalities, and to any other specified area in the neighbourhood of the Calcutta Municipality:

Provided that before making any such extension to any area which lies to the west of the river Hooghly the Local Government shall obtain and consider the opinion of any Board of Trustees for the improvement of Howrah which may hereafter be created.

(4) The decision of the Local Government that a specified area is in the neighbourhood of the Calcutta Municipality shall be recorded in the notification issued under sub-section (3), and shall be final.”

Amendment of
section 9.

5. To section 9 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely:—

“(3) In the case of any person or class of persons the Local Government may waive the disqualification referred to in clause (e) of sub-section (1).”

[Cf. Bur.
Act V of 1920.
s. 7 (3).]

Amendment of
section 27.

6. To section 27 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely:—

“(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Board may authorise the Chairman, for reasons to be recorded in their proceedings, to enter into a contract without inviting tenders or without the acceptance of any tender, which may have been received.”

Amendment of
section 32.

7. In clause (a) of section 32 of the said Act for the words “in the case of officers and servants whose monthly salary does not exceed three hundred rupees” the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“in the case of appointments carrying a salary of not more than three hundred rupees.”

New section
substituted for sec-
tion 36.

8. For section 36 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“36. (1) The Board may from time to time frame an improvement scheme for Calcutta or for any of the areas mentioned or referred to in sub-section (3) of section 1, as they may think fit, for the purposes of—

(a) providing building sites, particularly for the accommodation of persons displaced or likely to be displaced by improvement schemes, or

- (b) remedying defective ventilation, or
- (c) creating new, or improving existing, means of communication and facilities for traffic, or
- (d) affording better facilities for conservancy or drainage, or
- (e) providing open spaces for the purposes of recreation or ventilation, or
- (f) the re-arrangement and reconstruction of the streets and buildings, or any of them, within such area, with a view to removing the sanitary defects in such area.

2) When in the opinion of the Corporation it is desirable that an improvement scheme should be undertaken in any area for the purposes of clause (f) of sub-section (1), the Corporation may make an official representation to the Board that an improvement scheme should be framed for such area."

Amendment of section 38.

9. In sub-sections (1), (2) and (3) of section 38 of the said Act for the words "a general improvement scheme" the words "an improvement scheme" shall be substituted.

New section substituted for section 41.

10. For section 41 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"41. An improvement scheme may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) the acquisition by the Board of any land within the area of the scheme;
- (b) the laying out or relaying out of the land in the said area so as to form suitable plots for the erection of buildings or otherwise;
- (c) such demolition, alteration or reconstruction of buildings, situated on land which it is proposed to acquire in the said area, as the Board may think necessary;
- (d) the construction of any buildings which the Board may consider it necessary to erect for any purpose, and in particular the construction, maintenance and management of dwellings and shops for persons displaced by the execution of any improvement scheme and for the accommodation of the poorer classes generally;
- (e) the laying out or alteration of streets (including bridges, causeways and culverts, if required);
- (f) the levelling, paving, metalling, flagging and channelling of the said streets;
- (g) reclamation and drainage, inclusive of sewerage and of surface drainage and sewage disposal;

[cf. Bur.
Act V of
1920, s. 41(e).]

- (h) the alteration or extension of any water-mains within the said area, or the extension of any system of water-mains in neighbouring areas;
- (i) the provision of such lamps, lamp-posts and other apparatus for lighting as may be required by the Corporation and as would have been supplied by them if they had constructed the said streets;
- (j) the provision of such sanitary conveniences as are ordinarily provided in a municipality;
- (k) the raising, lowering, or levelling of any land in the area comprised in the scheme;
- (l) the formation or retention of open spaces for the purposes of recreation, ventilation or ornament;
- (m) the reservation of sites for schools, hospitals, asylums, markets and other charitable or public institutions; and
- (n) any other matters, consistent with this Act, which the Board may think fit."

Amendment of
section 45.

11. In clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 45 of the said Act for the words "a general improvement scheme or a street scheme, as the case may be" the words "an improvement scheme" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 47.

12. In section 47 of the said Act—

(1) to sub-section (1) the following shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that if at any time before the sanction of the Local Government is accorded under section 48, the Board propose to acquire any land not included within the notice prepared under section 43, sub-section (1), they shall first serve in respect of the said land the notices prescribed by section 45";.

(2) for the words "complete plans" in clause (a) of sub-section (2) the words "preliminary plans" shall be substituted; and

(3) to sub-section (3) the words "and shall forward a copy of the said application to the Corporation" shall be added.

New section 49A.

13. After section 49 of the said Act the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"49A. (1) Before proceeding to execute any part of an improvement scheme sanctioned under section 48, the Board shall prepare complete plans and estimates of the cost of the proposed works, and shall forward a copy

of such plans and estimates to the Corporation. Within sixty days from the receipt of the said plans and estimates, the Corporation may make any recommendation to the Board that the said plans and estimates be modified in any respect, and the Board shall consider such recommendation.

- (2) If the Board and the Corporation do not agree as to the works which should be executed in any improvement scheme, the matter shall be referred to the Local Government, whose orders thereon shall be final."

Amendment of
section 53.

14. For the proviso to section 53 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that, with the approval of the Local Government, the Board may, for reasons to be stated—

- (i) in the application submitted to the Local Government under sub-section (1) of section 47, or
- (ii) in the complete plans forwarded to the Corporation under section 49A,

lay out or alter any street so as to be of less width than the minimum prescribed by this section."

Amendment of
section 54.

15. In section 54 of the said Act—

- (1) in sub-section (1) for the words "is required for executing any improvement scheme" the words "is within the area of any improvement scheme, and is required for the purposes of such scheme" shall be substituted;
- (2) the word "actual" before the word "loss" in the penultimate line of the same sub-section, shall be omitted; and
- (3) for sub-section (2) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) If any question or dispute arises—

- (a) as to the sufficiency of the compensation paid or proposed to be paid under sub-section (1), or
- (b) as to whether any building, street, square or other land, or any part thereof, is required for the purposes of the scheme,

the matter shall be referred to the Local Government, whose decision shall be final."

Amendment of
section 63.

16. In sub-section (3) of section 63 of the said Act after the word "building", where it first occurs, the words and brackets "(other than a hut)" shall be inserted.

Amendment of
section 65.

17. In section 65 of the said Act—

(1) for sub-section (1) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) Whenever, on the application of the Board, the Corporation are satisfied—

(a) that any street or portion of a street laid out or altered by the Board has been duly levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, sewered and drained in the manner provided in the plans agreed upon or finally approved under section 49A, and

(b) that such lamps, lamp-posts and other apparatus as the Corporation would themselves ordinarily provide in a street laid out or altered by them, and as ought to be provided by the Board, have been so provided, and

(c) that water-mains and sanitary conveniences as shown in the plan agreed upon or finally approved under section 49A have been duly provided in such street, or portion of a street,

the Corporation shall, by resolution, agree to take over such street or portion of a street, and the street or portion of a street shall thereupon vest in them, and shall thenceforth be maintained, kept in repair, lighted and cleansed by them”;

(2) in sub-section (2) and in sub-section (3) for the words “the General Committee” the words “the Corporation” shall be substituted.

New section substituted
for section 69.

18. (1) For the sub-heading over section 69 of the said Act, the sub-heading “Acquisition of Land” shall be substituted.

(2) For the said section 69 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“69. The Board may—

(a) with the previous sanction of the Local Government, acquire land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act; and

(b) without such sanction, acquire land for any of the said purposes by agreement with any person:

Provided that any such agreement may be entered into notwithstanding that the land is not immediately required for any of the said purposes.”

Amendment of
section 72

19. In section 72 of the said Act—

(1) for sub-sections (6) and (7) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(6) For the purpose of filling up the temporary vacancies in respect of the

Assessors of the Tribunal, the Local Government shall constitute a panel of qualified persons, of whom one-half shall be nominated by the Corporation, and may from time to time, subject to such nomination, alter or add to the membership of such panel.

- (7) When any person ceases for any reason to be a member of the Tribunal, or when any member is temporarily absent in consequence of illness or any other unavoidable cause, or when any member has an interest in any property in respect of which the Tribunal is to make an award, the Local Government shall forthwith appoint a person, who is on the panel constituted under sub-section (6), to be a member in his place, either for the remainder of his term of office, or for the period of his temporary absence or for the hearing of the case in respect of property in which he is interested, as the case may be :

Provided that one of the persons nominated to the panel by the Corporation shall always be appointed in place of an assessor appointed by them under sub-section (3).

- (8) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), any person appointed; temporarily, under sub-section (7) in place of a member of the Tribunal, shall continue to hold office for the purposes of any case which he has begun to hear, until the award in such case has been determined.
- (9) The names of all persons enrolled on a panel constituted under sub-section (6), and all appointments made under this section, shall be published by notification."

New section substituted for section 75.

20. For section 75 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

75. (1) The President of the Tribunal shall, on or before the fifteenth day of January in each year, submit to the Local Government an estimate of the expenditure to be incurred during the ensuing year on account of the remuneration, prescribed under section 73 for members of the Tribunal, the salaries, leave allowances and acting allowances prescribed under section 74 for officers and servants of the Tribunal, and the rent of buildings and other necessary charges incurred by the Tribunal.

- (2) The Local Government shall forward a copy of the estimate to the Board, and after considering such representations as the

Board may make, shall sanction the estimate with such modifications, if any, as the Local Government may think necessary.

- (3) The Board shall thereupon from time to time make payments to the President of the Tribunal for disbursement in accordance with the sanctioned estimates, and may be required by the Local Government to make such further payments in excess of the sanctioned estimate, as the Local Government may from time to time direct."

New section substituted for section 78.

21. For section 78 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" 78. (1) In any case in which the Local Government have sanctioned the acquisition of land, in any area comprised in an improvement scheme, which is not required for the execution of the scheme, the owner of the land, or any person having an interest therein greater than a lease for years having seven years to run, may make an application to the Board, requesting that the acquisition of the land be abandoned.

- (2) The Board shall admit every such application if it—

- (a) reaches them before the time fixed by the Collector under section 9 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, for making claims I of 1894. in reference to the land, and
- (b) is made by all persons who have interests in the land greater than a lease for years having seven years to run.

Explanation.—A mortgagee shall not be deemed to be a person having an interest in the land greater than a lease for years having seven years to run.

- (3) If the Board decide to admit any such application, they shall forthwith inform the Collector, and the Collector shall thereupon stay proceedings for the acquisition of the land, and the Board shall proceed to fix a fee in consideration of which the acquisition of the land may be abandoned.
- (4) Such fee shall be payable by the applicant on or before a date to be fixed by the Board in this behalf; and such date shall not be less than four years from the publication of the notification under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.
- (5) Before the date so fixed, the person from whom the Board have arranged to accept the said fee, may, if the Board are satisfied that the security offered by him is sufficient, execute an agreement with the Board either—
- (i) to leave the said fee outstanding as a charge on his interest in the land,

subject to the payment in perpetuity of interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, the said interest to run from the date fixed under sub-section (4), or

- (ii) to pay the said fee by such number of equal yearly or half-yearly instalments of principal or of principal and interest, as may be approved by the Board, interest in both cases being calculated at the rate of six per cent. per annum on the amount outstanding.

- (6) When the said fee has been paid on or before the date fixed under sub-section (4), or when an agreement has been executed in pursuance of sub-section (5) in respect of any land, the proceedings for the acquisition of the land shall be deemed to be abandoned.
- (7) If the said fee be not paid on or before the date fixed under sub-section (4), the Collector shall then proceed to acquire the land.
- (8) If any sum payable under an agreement executed in pursuance of sub-section (5) be not paid on the date on which it is due, so much of the fee fixed by the Board under sub-section (3) as is still unpaid, shall be payable on that date, in addition to the said sum.
- (9) At any time after an agreement has been executed in pursuance of clause (i) of sub-section (5), any person may pay off the balance outstanding of the charge created thereby, with interest due, if any, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, up to the date of such payment.
- (10) When an agreement in respect of any land has been executed by any person in pursuance of sub-section (5), no suit with respect to such agreement shall be brought against the Board by any other person (except an heir, executor or administrator of the person first aforesaid) claiming to have an interest in the land."

Amendment of
section 79.

22. In section 79 of the said Act for the word, figure and brackets "sub-section (4)" the word, figure and brackets "sub-section (5)", and for the words "four per cent." the words "six per cent.", shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 80.

23. In section 80 of the said Act for the word, figure and brackets "sub-section (4)" the word, figure and brackets "sub-section (5)" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 81.

24. For sub-section (2) of section 81 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) Whenever the Board decide to lease or sell any land acquired by them under this Act from any person, they—

(a) shall give notice by advertisement in local newspapers; and

b) shall offer a prior right to take on lease or purchase such land to any person or his heirs, executors or administrators, who formerly had any interest in such land and who, in the opinion of the Board, has a superior claim to such land, or if it appears to the Board that no person has such a superior claim, the Board shall put up to auction the right to take on lease or purchase such land among all persons who, previous to its acquisition, had interests in any portion of such land greater than a lease for years having seven years to run:

Provided that the prior right referred to in this clause need not be offered or put up to auction, if the Board consider that to do so would be detrimental to the carrying out of the purposes of this Act:

Provided also that before putting up to auction the right to take a lease or purchase such land, the Board may fix a minimum reserve price, below which the said right shall not be sold.”

Amendment of
section 82.

25. For sub-section (1) of section 82 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) The duty imposed on instruments relating to immovable property and liable to duty under the following articles of Schedule I to the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, as amended by the Bengal Stamp (Amendment) Act, 1922, namely:—

Articles 23, 31, 32 (a), 32 (b) (i), 33, 35 [in respect of a fine or premium or money advanced for a lease], 40 (a) and 58A

shall, in the case of instruments affecting immovable property situated in the Calcutta Municipality and executed on or after the commencement of this Act, be increased by two per cent. on the value of the property so situated, or (in the case of a mortgage with possession) on the amount secured, by the instrument as set forth in the instrument.”

11 of 1899
Ben. Act
111 of 1922

Amendment of
section 83.

26. In clause (a) of the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 83 of the said Act before the word “passenger” the words “person in military employ when travelling on duty or by any” shall be inserted.

Amendment of
section 88.

27. In section 88 of the said Act—

(1) in sub-section (3) for the figures "140" the figures and letter "141 E" shall be substituted; and

(2) for sub-section (4) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(4) The Corporation may at any time increase, by not more than two per cent., the maximum rate authorized by clause (a) of section 147 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, if they are of opinion that any payment prescribed by sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) cannot otherwise be made except by an undue curtailment of the expenditure necessary for carrying out the purposes of that Act."

Amendment of
section 89.

28. For clause (a) of section 89 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(a) meeting expenditure required for the purposes of this Act, or."

Amendment of
section 98.

29. In section 98 of the said Act—

(1) the words, figures and brackets "subject to the provisions of section 125, sub-section (2)", shall be omitted;

(2) for clause (c) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(c) if the Board have, before borrowing money on debentures, reserved, by public notice, a power to pay off the loan by periodical instalments and to select by lot such number of debentures as they may then or thereafter from time to time determine for repayment at such periods as they may then or at any time thereafter fix—then by paying such instalments at such periods, or"; and

(3) to the said section the following shall be added, namely:—

"Provided always that if the method described in clause (c) be adopted, the approval of the Local Government shall first be obtained to the number of debentures and the periods for repayment determined and fixed from time to time under that clause."

Amendment of
sections 105 and
106.

30. In sub-section (1) of section 105 and in section 106 of the said Act, for the figures "141" the figures and letter "141G" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 115.

31. To section 115 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely:—

"and shall be held by the Board in trust for the purposes of this Act subject to the provisions herein contained."

Amendment of
section 117.

32. To sub-section (2) of section 117 of the said Act the words "unless the Board by an order, general or specific, shall otherwise direct" shall be added.

New section sub-
stituted for section
122.

33. For section 122 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"122. There shall be placed to the credit of the
Credits to Calcutta Improvement Calcutta Improvement
Fund. Fund—

- (a) all sums received in pursuance of section 78 or section 79;
- (b) all moneys received on account of loans taken by the Board under this Act;
- (c) the proceeds of the sale of any land and all rents of land, vested in the Board;
- (d) all *premia* received by the Board in connection with leases;
- (e) the proceeds of the sale of any movable property (including securities, in which the funds of the Board may from time to time be invested);
- (f) all proceeds received by the Board of taxes imposed under Chapter V;
- (g) all sums contributed by the Corporation which are received by the Board under section 88;
- (h) all fines, damages and proceeds of confiscation received by the Board under section 175;
- (i) all sums received from the Government in aid of the funds of the Board; and
- (j) all other sums paid to the Board under this Act."

New section
substituted for
section 123.

34. For section 123 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"123. The moneys credited to the Calcutta
Application of moneys credited. Improvement
Fund shall be
applied to—

- (a) the repayment of loans and meeting all charges for interest and sinking fund on account of loans and all other charges incurred in connection with loans;
- (b) the payment of any salaries, wages, remuneration, fees and allowances, due or made under this Act, payments made under section 75, sub-section (3) and the payment of contributions under section 146;

- (c) meeting all costs of framing and executing improvement schemes and re-housing schemes;
- (d) meeting the cost of acquiring land for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act;
- (e) meeting the cost of constructing buildings required for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act;
- (f) making payments in pursuance of section 149, otherwise than for interest or for expenses of maintenance or working; and
- (g) the payment of any other expenses incurred by the Board in carrying out the purposes of this Act."

New section
substituted
for
section 125.

35. For section 125 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"125. Subject to the maintenance of a closing balance of one lakh of rupees, and unless the Local Government otherwise direct, the Board may invest any surplus moneys, not required for the purposes of this Act, in the manner prescribed in section 101, towards the service of any loans outstanding after the expiry of sixty years from the commencement of this Act."

Amendment
of
section 126.

36. In section 126 of the said Act the word, figure and brackets "sub-section (2)" shall be omitted, and for the words "that sub-section" the words "that section" shall be substituted.

New section
substituted
for
section 129.

37. For section 129 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"129. The Board shall submit to the Local Government—
Submission of accounts to Local Government—

- (a) at the end of each half of every financial year, an abstract of the accounts of their receipts and expenditure, and
- (b) after the completion of every improvement scheme, an account of all receipts and expenditure on account of such scheme, so as to show its net and gross cost."

Amendment
of
section 137.

38. For clause (4) of section 137 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(4) for prescribing the form of the abstracts of accounts referred to in clause (a) of section 129 and section 136 and of the accounts referred to in clause (b) of section 129."

Amendment of
section 188.

39. To sub-section (2) of section 188 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely:—

[Cf. Ben.
Act III of
1899, s. 559
(18).]

“and

(h) prohibiting or regulating the placing of obstructions, projections or encroachments or the depositing of materials, goods or other things or the tethering of animals in a street vested in the Board, or in or over any drain in any such street, or on any land vested in the Board.”

Amendment of
section 171.

40. In section 171 of the said Act, after the word “building,” where it first occurs, the words and brackets “(not being a hut)” shall be inserted.

Amendment of
section 5 of the
Schedule.

41. In section 5 of the Schedule to the said Act, for the words “upon payment of the cost of acquisition” in section 17A of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the words “upon taking possession of the land, forthwith” shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 13 of the
Schedule.

42. In section 13 of the Schedule to the said Act, to sub-section (1) of section 48A of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the following shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that no compensation shall be payable if the proceedings of the Collector are stayed under section 78 of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911.”

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Proposals to amend the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), were first raised in consequence of the judgment of Mukharji and Cuming, JJ. *in re* Calcutta Improvement Trust *versus* Chandra Kanta Ghosh, holding that the compulsory acquisition of surplus land for recoupment purposes, was not authorized by the Act. A contrary view was taken in a similar injunction suit brought against the Board to restrain it from the acquisition of surplus lands, by a Full Bench of the High Court, and the judgment of Mukharji and Cuming, JJ., was subsequently reversed by the Privy Council.

The amendment of section 42 of the Act might, therefore, appear to be no longer necessary. Other legal difficulties have, however, arisen in administering the Act. The legality of executing improvement schemes in the suburban area outside Municipal Calcutta, unless they are connected with or subserve schemes undertaken in Calcutta, has been questioned. It has again been doubted whether the Trust could provide open spaces as a principal item of improvement instead of merely as a subsidiary part of a general or street improvement scheme. There is reason to believe that the legal powers of the Board do not fall short of those, which the Legislature, as the Council debates indicate, intended to vest in that body, but it is obviously most desirable that any doubts which may still exist, should be definitely removed.

2. The draft Bill in the first place aims at placing the power of the Board to operate in the suburbs and environs of Calcutta beyond all doubt. It was originally intended that the Bill should make specific provision for the improvement of Howrah, but it has now been decided to create a special Trust for Howrah by a separate Bill.

3. Sections 36 *et seq.* have been re-drafted. It has been found that in actually working the Act, no hard-and-fast line can be drawn between a "general improvement scheme" and a "street scheme." The first scheme undertaken by the Trust was styled a "general improvement scheme"; all subsequent schemes have been designated "street schemes." In a city like Calcutta in which building sites are frequently irregular and ill-adapted for their purpose, the opening up of a main thoroughfare inevitably involves the relaying out of a considerable area in the vicinity of the new main artery, and the "street scheme" thus exhibits all the characteristics of a general improvement scheme. This distinction which, so far as Calcutta conditions are concerned, has proved artificial, has, therefore, been abandoned, and the drafting of the important sections of Chapter III has in consequence been simplified. The right of the Corporation to make an official representation is, as before, confined to the case of insanitary areas, whereas the Trust may frame an improvement scheme for any area. The purposes for which an improvement scheme may provide, correspond in the main with those already referred to in the present Act; the Bill, however, permits the provision of open spaces being made the main or principal item of an improvement scheme instead of being merely subsidiary thereto.

4. It is proposed that there should be two distinct stages, covering first, the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates for an improvement scheme, and secondly their final adoption. Preliminary plans and estimates will be submitted as at present to the Local Government, and on receiving their approval, will be forwarded to the Corporation, with detailed engineering plans and specifications for the approval of that body. It will be for the Corporation and the Board to discuss those questions of technical detail, and in the event of their agreement, the plans and estimates will stand finally approved. In the event of a difference of opinion between these two bodies, the orders of the Local Government will be obtained. At present, the General Committee considers the engineering plans and reports to the Corporation; it is considered desirable that in future the plans and estimates should go direct to the Corporation, which would naturally not consider them, until they had been first examined by the Works Committee. The General Committee will, moreover, cease to exist on the enactment of the

Calcutta Municipal Bill, 1921, which is likely to come into force before the present Bill. There has been some difference of opinion between the Corporation and the Board as to the exact liabilities or obligations, which section 65 of the Act imposes upon the Board. The section has been re-drafted so as to provide for the Board supplying such lighting and water-supply adjuncts or apparatus, as the Corporation would themselves ordinarily provide in a street which they had constructed. Provision has also been made for a section of a street being made over to the Corporation under section 65 before the whole thoroughfare included within the scheme has been completed.

5. The words "authorized to acquire" in section 68 when read with section 69 are somewhat ambiguous. The two sections have been combined in one section, to show that the Board may acquire by agreement any land which they may compulsorily acquire.

6. It frequently happens that one of the assessors of the Tribunal is temporarily absent on account of illness or other unavoidable causes; it may, again, sometimes be undesirable that an assessor who is interested in any property in respect of which an order has to be made, should sit on the Tribunal when it is hearing the case. It is suggested that a small panel of qualified persons should be appointed—half of them to be nominated by the Corporation—from whom the Local Government might, without any loss of time, appoint a person to act in place of any assessor, who for one of the reasons already stated may be unable to sit on the bench. It is provided that only a member of the panel who has been nominated by the Corporation, should be appointed in place of the assessor appointed by that body.

7. At present the office rent, contingent expenses, etc., of the President of the Tribunal are paid by the Board and are audited as part of the expenditure of the Board. It is suggested that this procedure has the appearance of depriving the President of his proper independence, and it is therefore, proposed that the President of the Tribunal should each year submit to the Local Government an estimate of his expenditure; which the Local Government may sanction with such modifications as they think necessary, after considering any representation which the Board may make. The Board would then be required to make payments from time to time to the President of the Tribunal, for disbursement in accordance with the sanctioned estimates.

8. Some changes are made in section 78. At present the fees or commutation payments are payable at dates which vary according to the accident of the order in which the Collector takes up the cases; the result is that those owners whose cases are taken up first, are required to make their payments at an earlier date than the more fortunate persons, whose cases are decided later. Under the present Bill, the fee will be payable or the agreement will have to be executed, by a date to be fixed for each scheme by the Local Government, such date to be not less than 4 years from the publication of the notification under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act. Owners will thus be in a better position to judge whether it is worth their while to pay the exemption fee; it will also be easy on or before the date fixed as above to ascertain the exact area of the land acquired and the land abandoned, which at present it is often impossible to do, as exemption fees are fixed before the line of road has been laid down on the ground. The new section 78 also leaves it open to the Board to arrange with the owner for the payment of the exemption fee by equated annual payments or otherwise; such elasticity will certainly be popular with land-owners.

9. The meaning of section 81 is admittedly uncertain. The Committee recommend that the Act should be amended so as to provide that whenever the Board decide to sell or lease any land they shall, unless they consider that to do so would be detrimental to the carrying out of the purposes of the Act, offer a prior right to take on lease or purchase such land to any person, who formerly had any interest in such land and who, in the opinion of the Board, has a preponderating claim to such land, or if it appears to the Board that no person has such preponderating claim, shall put to auction the right to take on lease or purchase such land among all persons who, previous to its acquisition, had interests in any portion of such land greater than a lease for years having seven years to run.

10. It is proposed to excise from the Act as unnecessary and responsible for confusion sections 120, 121, 124, 127 and 128, which provide for the maintenance of separate Capital and Revenue accounts. The Board has been given a certain sum of money to be spent on works of improvement and, so far as the basis of its finance is concerned, it is immaterial whether its income accrues year by year or is presented to the Trust in a single lump sum. These sections have accordingly been omitted, and the necessary consequential amendments made in sections 122 and 123.

SURENDRA NATH BANERJEA,

Member-in-charge.

CALCUTTA ;

The 24th January, 1923.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 2.—The object of the alteration in the long title and in the preamble to the Act, contained in sub-clause (2) of this clause is to make it clear that the Board is to have power to operate in the suburbs and environs of Calcutta.

The proposed addition to the preamble in sub-clause (2) of this clause is considered necessary, since the recitals in the preamble in regard to the previous sanction of the Governor-General relate to sanctions granted under enactments which have been subsequently repealed by the Government of India Act.

Clause 3.—The repeal of clause (f) of section 2 mentioned in sub-clause (a) of clause 3 is owing to the abandonment of the distinction between a general improvement scheme and a street scheme. Sub-clause (c) of this clause provides for the repeal of sections 39, 40, 42, 51, 52, 66, 68, 120, 121, 121, 127 and 128 and certain other portions of the Act. It is proposed to repeal sections 39, 40 and 51 owing to the abandonment of the distinction between general improvement schemes and street schemes. The necessary portions of section 39 are reproduced in the new section 36 in clause 8. Section 40 merely states the obvious principles which should guide the Trust, and it is considered unnecessary to give statutory authority to them, apart from the possibilities of raising legal difficulties. The matters dealt with in section 42 are provided for in the new section 41 in clause 10. Such of the provisions of the repealed section 52 as are required are reproduced in clause (d) of the proposed new section 41. Section 66 is unnecessary owing to the omission of the references to the General Committee in the modified section 65 in clause 17. Section 68 has been incorporated with section 69 in clause 18(2) of the Bill, for the reason given in paragraph 5 of the Statement of Objects and Reasons. The deletion of sections 120, 121, 124, 127 and 128 is explained in paragraph 10 of the Statement of Objects and Reasons. The repeal mentioned in sub-clause (d) of clause 3 is consequential on the repeal of section 66, and the repeal of portions of section 171A dealt with in sub-clause (e) of clause 3 is consequential on the amendment in section 63(8) included in clause 16.

Clause 4.—If the legislature decide to amalgamate the Maniktala Municipality with the Calcutta Municipality, as recommended by the Select Committee on the Calcutta Municipal Bill, 1921, the proposed sub-section (3) of section 1 will require modification in this respect.

Clause 5.—The proposed sub-section (3) in section 9 follows section 7(3) of the Rangoon Development Trust Act, 1920 (Bur. Act V of 1920). Its object is to prevent the loss of the services of a really useful man as Trustee merely by reason of his disqualification under section 9 (1)(e).

Clause 6.—Valuable time is often wasted in complying with the provisions of section 27, and it is considered advisable to make the section more elastic, as indicated by the proposed sub-section (5), so as to allow the Chairman, on the authority of the Board, to exercise a discretion in the matter of calling for tenders under certain circumstances.

Clause 7.—The object of the amendment in clause (a) of section 32 is to make the intention more clear.

Clause 8.—As mentioned in paragraph 3 of the Statement of Objects and Reasons the distinction between a "general improvement scheme" and a "street scheme" has been abandoned in section 36 and other sections in Chapter III. The distinction between the obligatory and optional features of an improvement scheme, has also been given up. The section contains the features of a general improvement scheme and a street scheme, as set out in the existing Act.

Clause 9.—The amendment in sub-sections (1), (2), and (3) of section 38 is merely consequential.

Clause 10.—The wording of clause (a) of section 41 has been altered with a view to avoid any difficulties as to the acquisition of surplus lands. In clause (d) the words “other than sale or hire” have been omitted, as they unnecessarily limit the operations of the Trust. The clause will now cover re-housing, and it has been amplified in this respect. The expression “poorer classes” has been used instead of “poorer and working classes” as in section 52, which is to be repealed, so as to enable the Trust to provide for the poorer *bhadralok*. Clauses (g), (h), (i), and (j) amplify the latter portion of the existing clause (f). Clause (k) corresponds to clause (b) in the existing section 42, which it is proposed to repeal. Clause (l) amplifies clause (b) of section 42. As regards the proposed new clause (m) in section 36 it is considered desirable that power be taken to reserve sites for charitable or public institutions, and it is thought that any abuse of this power, such as the allocation of a site *gratis* to a quasi-public institution, can be avoided, since the Trust will have power to refuse pre-emption under section 81 (2) (b) in cases where sites are required for public purposes. The new clause (n) in section 36, in regard to any other matters, is necessary.

Clause 11.—This clause contains a necessary consequential amendment in clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 45.

Clause 12.—The new proviso to sub-section (1) of section 47, requires the Board to give sixty days' notice to the parties affected, in cases where modifications in a scheme involve the acquisition of properties which were not to be acquired under the original scheme. As regards the proposed amendment in clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 47, it is considered desirable that only preliminary plans should go to Government, and that engineering details should be relegated to the detailed plans prepared after Government sanction is obtained, and be settled between the two bodies directly concerned. The amendment in sub-section (3) of section 47 is self-explanatory.

Clause 13.—The new section 49A provides for the preparation by the Board, of detailed plans and estimates to be submitted to the Corporation, but not to the Local Government. The provisions of the existing section 50 will prevent any extensive changes in a scheme sanctioned by Government.

Clause 14.—The alterations in the proviso to section 53 are intended to give more elasticity as to the width of streets required. It is not possible to provide 40 feet roads, nor are they necessary, *e.g.*, in areas laid out with small three *cottah* sites of which one-third remains an open space. For areas so laid out a 20 feet road is probably quite adequate, provided that sufficient 40 feet thoroughfares are provided. The existing proviso (ii) has been of no real practical utility, since *mehltars*' passages are not needed where there is a sewerage system. In any case the proposed proviso would meet any rare case which might occur.

Clause 15.—Legal difficulties have arisen as to the interpretation of the words “is required for executing any improvement scheme” in sub-section (1) of section 54. The words “for the purposes of such scheme” have therefore been used instead, which will cover acquisition for recoupment. It is considered that all land within the scheme area should be made to contribute to its cost, and that the Corporation should not receive preferential treatment in this respect over private owners. As regards the amended sub-section (2) of section 54 it seems desirable to provide for Government deciding any dispute, as to what is required for the purposes of a scheme. It is proposed to omit the word “actual” before the word “loss” in sub-section (1) of section 54 because it is considered that except in the case of municipal streets and squares required for executing any improvement scheme, the Corporation should receive the actual market price of the property it surrenders, but the word “actual” has a tendency to limit or restrict the word “loss”, and is unnecessary.

Clause 16.—It has been provided that the provisions of sub-section (8) of section 68, are not to apply to a hut.

Clauses 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 24.—The alterations proposed in sections 65, 69, 72, 75, 78 and 81 are indicated in paragraphs 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, respectively, of the Statement of Objects and Reasons.

Clauses 22 and 23.—The alterations in sections 79 and 80 are consequential on the changes made in section 78.

Clause 25.—The existing section 82 is ambiguous, and the alterations in sub-section (1) of this section are intended to remove this ambiguity by stating the articles in Schedule I of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, which are covered by the sub-section.

Clause 26.—It is thought desirable to make an exception as regards the terminal tax in favour of persons in military employ when travelling on duty. A similar exemption is allowed by the Municipal Board of Benares in the case of military passengers proceeding to Benares on military duty.

Clause 27.—The amendment in sub-section (3) of section 88 merely brings up to date the citation of the section of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, referred to. Sub-section (4) of section 88 has been altered with a view to make the intention more clear.

Clause 28.—Clause (a) of section 89 has been altered owing to the removal of the distinction between the capital and revenue accounts, and there is no reason why the Board should not use the loans it raises for any of the purposes for which it was created.

Clause 29.—The first amendment in section 98 is consequential. The object of the second and third amendments is to permit of loans being issued current till a certain year, and of repayments by the Board commencing at some earlier period by the issue of debentures under the new clause (c), the drawings to be so calculated that the payments on account of interest and re-payment of capital may be the same in each half-year.

Clause 30.—The amendment in sections 105 (1) and 106 brings up to date the citation of the section of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, referred to.

Clause 31.—It is considered desirable to make it clear in section 115 that the moneys payable to the Board are to be held by them in trust for the purposes of the Act.

Clause 32.—The alteration in section 117 (2) is to meet possible cases where it is not convenient for the payments to be made by cheque.

Clauses 33 and 34.—The reasons for the alterations in sections 122 and 123 are indicated in paragraph 10 of the Statement of Objects and Reasons.

Clause 35.—The new section 125 merely reproduces with slight modifications the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 125. The omission of the provisions of sub-section (1) is due to the abandonment of the distinction between the revenue and capital accounts.

Clause 36.—The amendment contained in this clause is merely verbal and consequential.

Clause 37.—Section 129 has been amplified by the addition of a provision requiring the Board on the completion of a scheme to submit an account showing its net and gross cost.

Clause 38.—The alterations in section 137 (4) are consequential.

Clause 39.—The proposed clause (h) in sub-section (2) of section 138, which is based on clause (18) of section 559 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, will enable the Board to make rules to prevent encroachments. At present nuisances are caused on the land belonging to the Board, e.g., by *gariwans* tethering their cattle or parking their carts on such land, and the only legal remedy of the Trust is by a civil suit. It is impossible for the Trust to fence in all such lands effectively.

Clause 40.—The amendment in section 171 is consequential on the amendment in section 63 (8) contained in clause 16.

Clause 41.—The object of the amendment in section 5 of the Schedule to the Act is to make it clear in section 17A of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, with reference to the payment of rates, that the transfers from the owner to Government and from the Government to the Board should take place simultaneously.

Clause 42.—The proposed proviso in 48A of the Land Acquisition Act, as modified for the purposes of the Calcutta Improvement Act, is considered necessary, in view of the alterations made in section 78, referred to in paragraph 8 of the Statement of Objects and Reasons.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923.

PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 5th March, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. IX OF 1923.

An Act further to amend the Indian Factories Act, 1911.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Factories Act, 1911 ; it is hereby enacted as follows :—

XII of 1911.

Short title

1. This Act may be called the Indian Factories (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Addition of new sub-section to section 22, Act XII of 1911.

2. To section 22 of the Indian Factories Act, 1911 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following sub-section shall be added, namely,—

XII of 1911.

“(2) where, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), any person is employed on a Sunday in consequence of his having had a holiday on one of the three days preceding that Sunday, that Sunday shall, for the purpose of calculating the weekly hours of work of such person, be deemed to be included in the preceding week.”

Amendment of section 37, Act XII of 1911.

3. In section 37 of the said Act, for clause (j) of sub-section (2) the following clause shall be substituted, namely,—

“(j) the parts of the machinery and electrical fittings to be kept fenced in accordance with section 18, sub-section (1), clause (c), and the provisions to be made for the protection from danger of persons employed in attending to the machinery, electrical fittings or boilers.”

Amendment of section 41, Act XII of 1911.

4. In clause (g) of section 41 of the said Act, for the figures and letter “19B” the figures and letter “19A” shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 50, Act XII of 1911.

5. Sub-section (2) of section 50 of the said Act shall be omitted.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923.

PART VI.

Bills introduced in the Council of State and Legislative Assembly, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Assembly, and Bills published under Rule 18 of the Indian Legislative Rules.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 19th February, 1923 :—

No. 8 OF 1923.

A Bill further to amend the Government Savings Bank Act, 1873.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

V of 1873

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Government Savings Banks (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 3, Act V of 1873.

2. In section 3 of the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the definition of "Secretary" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

V of 1873.

" 'Secretary' means, in the case of a Post Office Savings Bank, the Postmaster-General appointed for the province in which the Savings Bank is situate."

Substitution of new section for section 4, Act V of 1873.

3. For section 4 of the said Act the following of section shall be substituted, namely :—

" 4. If a depositor dies and probate of his will or letters of administration of his estate or a certificate granted under the Succession Certificate

VII of 1889.

Act, 1889, is not within three months of the death of the depositor produced to the Secretary of the Government Savings Bank in which the deposit is, then—

- (a) if the deposit does not exceed three thousand rupees the Secretary may pay the same to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it or to administer the estate of the deceased, or
- (b) if the deposit does not exceed one hundred rupees, any officer employed in the management of a Government Savings Bank, who is empowered in this behalf by a general or special order of the Governor General in Council, may, subject to any general or special orders of the Secretary in this behalf, pay the deposit to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it or to administer the estate."

Amendment of
sections 6 and 7,
Act V of 1872.

4. In sections 6 and 7 of the said Act, after the words "Secretary of any such Bank" the words "or any officer empowered under section 4" shall be inserted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the Bill is to facilitate withdrawal of small sums of money left in the Post Office Savings Bank Accounts of deceased depositor. By virtue of section 3 of the Post Office Cash Certificates Act, 1917, the provisions of the Bill will be applicable also in the case of payments due on 5-year Cash Certificates forming part of the estate of a deceased person.

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK.

Dated 12th February, 1923.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 10th February, 1923 :—

No. 5 OF 1923.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 ; it is hereby enacted as follows :—

II of 1899.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Stamp (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of
Act II, 1899,
Schedule I.

2. In Schedule I to the Indian Stamp Act, 1899—

(i) In each of the following articles, namely, No. 19, No. 36, No. 37 and No. 52, in the second column for the words "one anna" the words "two annas" shall be substituted ;

(ii) For Article No. 49, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

• Promissory note [as defined by section 2 (22).]

(a) When payable on demand—

(i) when the amount or value is less than Rs. 250 ;

Two annas .

(ii) in any other case

Four annas.

(b) When payable otherwise than on demand—

The same duty as a Bill of Exchange (No. 13) for the same amount payable otherwise than on demand.

(iii) In article No. 47—

(a) in Division B, in the first column, for the words "Fire-Insurance" the words "Fire-Insurance and other classes of Insurance, not elsewhere included in this article, covering goods, merchandise, personal effects, crops, and other property against loss or damage ;" and

(b) in Division E, in the first column, for the words "of sea-insurance or a policy of fire-insurance" the words "of the nature specified in Division A or Division B of this article"

shall be substituted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Non-judicial stamps, although transferred to the provinces as a source of revenue, are subject to legislation by the Indian Legislature under Item 20 in Part II of Schedule I of the Devolution Rules.

2. When the Government of Bengal last year proposed to raise the rates of stamp duty on those instruments, it was decided to reserve the following for all-India legislation since uniformity of duty in these particular cases was essential :—

No. in Schedule I to the Indian Act.				Description.
1	...	...	...	Acknowledgment.
13	...	...	...	Bill of Exchange.
19	...	...	...	Share Certificate.
21	...	...	...	Cheque.
28	...	...	...	Delivery Order in respect of goods.
36	...	...	...	Letter of Allotment of shares.
37	...	...	...	Letter of Credit.
47	...	...	...	Policy of Insurance.
49	...	...	...	Premissory Note.
52	...	...	...	Proxy.
53	...	...	...	Receipt.
60	...	...	...	Shipping Order.

In February, 1922, Local Governments were asked their views whether any, and if so, which, of the instruments referred to above could bear an enhancement of the existing rates of duty and to what extent. After considering their replies, it has been decided that the duty on certain of these instruments can be raised.

3. The Government of India have also decided to take this opportunity of amending Article 47 of Schedule I of the Stamp Act so as to bring under clause B of the Article certain classes of insurance which have hitherto, for the purposes of stamp duty, been taken under clause D. This amendment has been supported by all Local Governments.

4. The object of the present Bill is to give effect to these proposals.

C. A. INNES.

Delhi, the 3rd February, 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE RETRENCHMENT COMMITTEE IN REGARD TO THE ABOLITION OF PERMANENT POSTS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL:

APPOINTMENT DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 16TH MARCH 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 3108A.

The Government of Bengal have considered the observations of the Retrenchment Committee contained in paragraph 460 of their report on the position of permanent servants of Government whose posts it may be decided to abolish.

The Committee emphasise the inherent right of Government to discharge superfluous permanent staff and point out that there is an article, 436, in the Civil Service Regulations which prescribes the action to be taken when this right is exercised and confers certain privileges on the discharged staff. I

is necessary in the public interests to maintain this right, but it is desirable in view of the anxiety naturally caused to a considerable number of Government servants by the possible results of the acceptance of the Committee's proposals to announce the course of action that Government propose generally to adopt.

Rule 56 (a) of the Fundamental Rules prohibits generally extensions of service beyond the age of 55 except on clear grounds of public interests and this rule will be strictly followed. Rule 56 (b) allows ministerial officers ordinarily to continue in service up to the age of 60. In the extraordinary conditions now prevailing no further extensions beyond the age of 55 will be allowed except with the express orders of Government. Government further reserve the right to call upon officers who are near the end of their services to retire on pension if that is considered desirable to enable the Committee's recommendations to be carried out. No question arises in the case of temporary staff, and in the case of permanent servants where the period of service has been so short as not materially to affect the chance of obtaining other employment, or where the possession of technical qualifications makes the obtaining of other employment comparatively easy, Government will exercise the right of reducing establishment on such terms as may appear equitable. In all other cases an endeavour will be made to provide the surplus officers with other suitable employment under Government, though no guarantee can be given that such employment will be the exact equivalent of the appointment abolished, and in considering the time at which effect will be given to the recommendations of the Retrenchment Committee regard will be had to the possibility of providing employment for such surplus officers. In order to make such provision a list will be maintained in the Appointment Department of officers whose services will be dispensed with and no permanent appointment under Government will be filled without consideration whether it is possible to utilise it for the absorption of an officer whose name is on this list of surplus officers. If it is found necessary to fill up a vacancy for which a suitable surplus officer is not immediately available it will be filled temporarily only, unless Government decide that owing to the nature of the appointment there is no chance of absorbing in it an officer already in Government employ whose services are immediately available or are likely to be so in the near future.

—ORDER.—Ordered that the Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that copies of it be forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions for information and for communication to officers subordinate to them.

Ordered also that copies of the Resolution be forwarded to the several departments of Government for information and for communication to heads of departments and other officers subordinate to them.

Ordered also that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Accountant-General, Bengal, for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF THE YEAR 1922-23.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Separate Revenue Branch (Salt).

No. 728S.R.

Dated Calcutta, 16th March 1923.

THE following report on the state of the salt market in the Presidency of Bengal, for the third quarter of the year 1922-23, comprising the months of October, November and December 1922, is published for general information.

2. The quantity of salt of every description cleared during the quarter amounted to 3,929,769 maunds (including 2,889,372 maunds issued under the credit system), as compared with 3,841,245 maunds (including 2,768,986 maunds issued under the credit system) in the previous quarter and 4,370,723 maunds (including 3,610,730 maunds issued under the credit system) in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The net amount of duty levied was Rs. 53,35,853 (including Rs. 44,40,160 adjusted under the credit system), as against Rs. 49,27,271 (including Rs. 37,38,315 adjusted under the credit system) in the previous quarter, and Rs. 31,82,328 (including Rs. 25,85,854 adjusted under the credit system) in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

3. The subjoined Table I shows in detail the importations into the Port of Calcutta and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter, compared with the figures of the corresponding quarters of the two previous years:—

Table I.

Whence imported.	1920-21.		1921-22.		1922-23.	
	THIRD QUARTER.		THIRD QUARTER.		THIRD QUARTER.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom ...	866,766	656,752	744,402	608,187	516,027	489,566
Hamburg and Bremen ...	1,142,323	468,100	461,484	532,672	526,252	483,416
Port Said ...	724,820	292,790	902,423	657,088	984,083	568,850
Spain ...	827,511	392,460	210,069	299,200	396,957	303,144
Salif ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden ...	1,080,794	1,068,024	1,507,504	1,101,500	887,234	814,566
Rock Salt ...	...	...	...	...	27,222	...
Bombay ...	11,9,852	106,535	289,109	281,391	206,250	211,580
Massowah ...	888,290	370,200	210,500	364,130	366,901	263,550
Madras, Coconada, Villagapatam, Masulipatam, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	4,700	126,879
Tutukorin ...	...	...	40,064	70,556	101,800	83,100
Kayalpatnam ...	...	...	...	...	88,200	67,000
United States of America (Pacific Coast) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ditto (Atlantic Coast) ...	...	5	...	62	...	...
New South Wales ...	...	98	...	83	...	2
Victoria ...	...	60	...	41	...	23
Queensland ...	...	179	...	161	...	19
South Australia ...	...	...	...	10	...	...
Ceylon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canada (Atlantic Coast) ...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Tunis ...	...	71,250	...	...	...	...
Natal ...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Holland ...	...	10	...	...	...	...
Fiji Islands ...	...	...	...	44	...	...
Netherlands ...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Australia ...	...	...	...	...	...	20
Total ...	5,091,346	3,420,674	4,566,556	3,904,976	4,080,176	3,861,316*

* Inclusive of 2,889,372 maunds of salt issued under the credit system.

Compared with the corresponding quarters of the previous year and of 1920-21, importations were less by 6.5 and 19.9 per cent., respectively, and clearances were less by 13.9 and 1.7 per cent., respectively. As compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, the decreased imports from United Kingdom, Aden and Bombay, and increased imports from Hamburg, Port Said, Spain, Tuticorin, Madras, Kayalpatam and Massowah are noticeable.

4. Table II shows the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter as compared with the preceding four quarters:—

Table II.

Where stored.	Third quarter of 1921-22.	Fourth quarter of 1921-22.	First quarter of 1922-23.	Second quarter of 1922-23.	Third quarter of 1922-23.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea Government salt <i>golas</i> (including the private licensed ware-houses at Bankrista-pore)	3,227,162	3,766,590	2,595,297	3,148,112	3,513,757
Chittagong salt <i>golas</i>	682,953	403,060	337,625	372,122	672,036
Narayanganj (private bonded salt ware-houses)	25,200	55,000	44,945	28,210	13,610
Jhalakati (private bonded salt warehouses)	33,160	19,810	...	18,400	5,284
Chandpur (private bonded salt warehouses)	19,660	5,177	...	12,573	16,890
Total	3,988,135	4,249,637	2,977,867	3,579,417	4,221,577

5. The figures showing the despatches of salt from Calcutta by different routes during the quarter under report will be published as usual in the *Calcutta Gazette* by the Director of Statistics with the Government of India, when they are available.

6. The quantity of salt despatched during the quarter by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar was *nil*, as against 304 maunds in the previous quarter and *nil* in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

7. The quantity of saltpetre salt excised in the refineries of Bengal during the quarter amounted to *nil*, as against 32 maunds in the previous quarter and *nil* in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

8. No information was available concerning the shipments of Liverpool salt during the quarter for the Port of Calcutta.

9. Table III shows the average wholesale prices* per 100 maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt at the Port of Calcutta during each fortnight of the quarter:—

Table III.

Description of salt.	Fortnight ending the 15th October 1922.	Fortnight ending the 31st October 1922.	Fortnight ending the 15th November 1922.	Fortnight ending the 30th November 1922.	Fortnight ending the 15th December 1922.	Fortnight ending the 31st December 1922.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Liverpool <i>panga</i> ...	123 0 0	118 8 0	...	...	115 0 0	...
Spanish <i>karkach</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said <i>karkach</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said crushed ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden crushed ...	...	104 0 0	104 0 0	...	...	...
Salif crushed ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay <i>karkach</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras salt ...	90 0 0	90 0 0	90 0 0	90 0 0	90 0 0	90 0 0
Hamburg <i>fine</i> ...	...	104 0 0	104 0 0	104 0 0	...	...

* The prices are exclusive of the Port Commissioners' special toll of 4 annas per ton and Customs duty of Rs. 1-4 per maund.



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

**Tour Programme of
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
during March and April 1923.**

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
March.	HOURS.		
29th, Thursday	16-15	Leave Howrah	By special train.
30th, Friday	.....	En route.	
31st, Saturday	10-20	Arrive Bombay (Ballard Pier).	
	22-30	Leave Bombay (Victoria Terminus).	By special train.

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
April.	HOURS.		
1st, Sunday ...	5-0	Arrive Kirkee.	
"	6-0	Leave Kirkee ...	By motor.
"	9-0	Arrive Mahabaleswar.	
2nd, Monday, to 4th, Wednesday.	.....	Halt.	
5th, Thursday ...	8-0	Leave Mahabaleswar ...	By motor.
"	11-0	Arrive Kirkee.	
"	11-15	Leave Kirkee ...	By special train.
6th, Friday ...	.....	<i>En route.</i>	
7th, Saturday ...	8-30	Arrive Howrah.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Lytton.*
 Lady Hermione Bulwer-Lytton.*
 Lady Davina Bulwer-Lytton.*
 The Hon'ble John Bulwer-Lytton.*
 Lieutenant-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary.
 Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, Private Secretary.
 Major H. G. Benton, Aide-de-Camp.*
 Captain G. B. Fyldes, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.
 Medical Officer.*

(2) Letters and telegrams for the party should be addressed to the Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

* Bombay only.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL,
Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, *the 15th March 1923.*

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 3652A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 3290A.—*The 19th March 1923*—Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Div. Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 3293A.—*The 19th March 1923*.—Babu Sudhir Kumar Sen Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 3322A.—*The 20th March 1923*.—Mr. Hubert Graham, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore.

No. 3325A.—*The 20th March 1923*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rai Jyotish Chandra Sen Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, to be Additional District Magistrate of that district for a period not exceeding six months, and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

No. 3329A.—*The 20th March 1923.*—Babu Ashutosh Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Presidency Divn. Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

No. 3350A.—*The 20th March 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 12, sub-section (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), read with section 6 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Captain P. J. Doherty, I.A., Assistant Commandant, Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion), to be Cantonment Magistrate for the Buxa Duars Cantonment in the district of Jalpaiguri, with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, within the limits of the above Cantonment.

No. 3369A.—*The 21st March 1923.*—Maulvi Shamsuddin Muhammad Abdul Aziz, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Lalbagh subdivision of that district.

No. 3385A.—*The 22nd March 1923.*—Mr. H. G. Waight, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahi, is appointed to have charge of the Kalimpong subdivision of the Darjeeling district.

No. 3387A.—*The 22nd March 1923.*—Mr. Rakhal Chandra Sen, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, is appointed to have charge of the Lalbagh subdivision of the Murshidabad district.

No. 3390A.—*The 22nd March 1923.*—Mr. L. G. Durno, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is appointed to have charge of the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the Tippera district.

No. 3392A.—*The 22nd March 1923.*—Mr. E. T. Coates, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Tippera, is appointed to have charge of the Jhargram subdivision of the Midnapore district.

No. 3573A.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—The services of Mr. Chaudhuri Nanak Chandra, I.C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 3601A.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Maulvi Abul Fazl Muhammad Mohsin Ali Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Netrakona subdivision of that district.

CONFIRMATION.

GENERAL.—No. 3398A.—*The 22nd March 1923.*—Mr. Prabodh Chandra De, I.C.S., is confirmed in the grade of District and Sessions Judges, with effect from the 6th December 1922.

RESIGNATION.

GENERAL.—No. 3334A.—*The 20th March 1923.*—Mr. F. W. Ward has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 25th March 1923.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 3310A.—*The 19th March 1923.*—Mr. A. J. Dash, I.C.S., officiating District and Sessions Judge, Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 12th April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, to the 13th October 1923, inclusive.

No. 3349A.—*The 20th March 1923.*—Mr. D. G. Davies, I.C.S., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for six months.

No. 3395A.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Babu Kshitish Chandra Haldar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under the proviso to article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 11th July 1922.

No. 3597A.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—In supersession of the orders of the 5th January 1923, Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for four months from the 3rd December 1922, under the proviso to article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 3599A.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Babu Nepal Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Netrakona, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 8008A.—The 23rd March 1923.—Babu Amar Nath Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 31st January 1923.

POLICE.—No. 3314A.—The 19th March 1923.—Major E. D. Dallas Smith, I.A., Assistant Commandant, Eastern Frontier Rifles, Bengal Battalion, is allowed leave for three months viz., leave on average pay for two months and six days under article 100 (a) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and furlough for the remaining period under article 100 (a) (ii) of those rules and under Army Instruction (India) No. 793 of 1922.

No. 3377A.—The 21st March 1923.—Mr. M. J. Willmott, Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on half average pay for eight months, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th August 1922.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 939Pl.—The 21st March 1923.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of burglars and thieves (pick-pockets) ordinarily residing in the jurisdiction of police-station Palong, in the district of Faridpur, and commonly known as the Chikandi Kundaria gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 940Pl.—The 21st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of the Chikandi Kundaria gang, which has been declared to be a criminal tribe by notification No. 939Pl., dated the 21st March 1923, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence, any change or intended change of residence, and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

No. 962Pl.—The 23rd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (c) and (j) of section 20 (2) of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following addition to rule 3 (2) of the rules published under notification No. 111P., dated the 6th January 1913, in Part I, pages 35-38 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem.

Add the following as clause (a) to sub-rule (2) of rule 3:—

"the Superintendent of Police shall submit the register in respect of each criminal tribe in his district to the District Magistrate at the close of each year with his recommendations, if any, for the removal of the name of any person from such register and the District Magistrate shall pass such orders thereon as he may think necessary, in conformity with the provisions contained in clause (a) above. (This however will not in any way affect the powers of the District Magistrate to order the erasure of names from the register at other times.)"

No. 977Pl.—The 22nd March 1923.—Notification No. 2496P.D., dated the 22nd September 1911, investing the additional sub-inspector of police attached to the Damukdia police-station in the district of Nadia, with the powers of an officer in charge of a police-station, published at page 1357, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th September 1911, is cancelled.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3653A.

POWERS.

No. 3290A.—The 19th March 1923.—Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Burdwan Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 3329A.—The 20th March 1923.—Babu Ashutosh Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Presidency Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 3380A.—The 21st March 1923.—Rai Sahib Bhupendra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate, Howrah, is vested with powers under section 190 (1)(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1764J.—The 19th March 1923.—Babu Amulya Kumar Bhattacharji, M.Sc., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at South Raojan, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Jitendra Nath Chatarji, or until further orders.

No. 1784J.—The 19th March 1923.—Babu Brajendra Saran Sanyal, M.Sc., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Nadia, to be ordinarily stationed at Kushtea, during the further absence, on leave, of Babu Malati Nath Basu, or until further orders.

No. 1799J.—The 20th March 1923.—Babu Kumud Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge, under orders of transfer to Dinajpur, now on leave, is appointed temporarily to act as Subordinate Judge of Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Bijay Gopal Chatarji, on deputation or until further orders.

No. 1862J.—The 22nd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Birbhum, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Suri bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language—
 - (1) Babu Nirmal Shih Banarji.
 - (2) Janki Nath Mukharji.

No. 1895J.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Asansol subdivision and
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Raiganj bench in the said district—
 - (1) Babu Prafulla Kumar Mukharji.
 - (2) „ Nagendra Nath De.

No. 1897J.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Manmatha Nath Guin the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Nadia, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,
Nadia.
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Chudanga bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1934J.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Jogendra Nath Sen the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Chittagong, for a period of three years from the 6th April 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of Cox's Bazar subdivision of the said district,
Chittagong.
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Cox's Bazar independent bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1936J.—The 26th March 1923.—The services of Babu Rehati Rajan Mukharji, munsif of Burdwan, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.
Burdwan.

No. 1938J.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Muhammad Habibur Rahman Khundkar the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bogra, for a period of three years from the 7th April 1923, and
Bogra.
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sherpur independent bench in the said district.

LEAVE.

No. 1803J.—The 20th March 1923.—Mr. Nirmal Chandra Sen, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for five months and twenty-four days, with effect from the 15th April 1923, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.
Calcutta.

No. 1806J.—The 20th March 1923.—Mr. N. A. Khundkar, B.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, officiating Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, will continue to act as Judge of that Court during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Nirmal Chandra Sen.
Calcutta.

POWERS.

No. 1766J.—The 19th March 1923.—Babu Charu Chandra Basu, M. I., munsif of Jhargram, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153(b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.
Midnapore.

No. 1797J.—The 20th March 1923.—Babu Kumud Nath Ray, Subordinate Judge now employed at Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889. He is also vested with powers under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (Act V of 1920), to try all cases cognizable under this Act arising within the local limits of Asansol munsifi.
Burdwan.

No. 1889J.—The 24th March 1923.—Babu Gyanendra Mohan Das, Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Mymensingh.
Mymensingh.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1001M.—The 20th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Baranagore Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 27 of that Act, electing Babu Pran Krishna Shaw to be Chairman of that Municipality, *vice* Mr. G. T. G. Milne, resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1003M.—The 20th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. G. A. Mason to be a Commissioner of the Garulia Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. W. Smart, resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1016 M.—The 20th March 1923.—The following draft order, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th May 1923, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner before that date will be duly considered—

Draft order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Rajbari Municipality in the district of Faridpur, made in pursuance of resolutions passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend—

- (i) the provisions of Parts VI and VII of the said Act to the said municipality and
- (ii) the provisions of Part IX of the said Act to a portion of the municipality, the boundaries of which are specified below :—

North—250 feet off north of the halat commencing from Silimpur road near the house of Adu driver of Char Binodepur up to District Board Godar Bazar road and 500 feet off north of Binodepur road from its junction with District Board Godar Bazar road up to its junction with District Board Station Ghat road.

East—500 feet off south of District Board Station Ghat road from its junction with Binodepur road up to the eastern railway over bridge, 250 feet off east of Kasikanda road commencing from the railway institute up to its junction with Sajjankanda-Purnapara road, 200 feet off east of Sajjankanda-Purnapara road from its junction with Kasikanda road up to its south-eastern extremity of Sajjankanda.

South—Sajjankanda-Purnapara road from its south-eastern corner in Sajjankanda up to its junction with District Board Faridpur road 500 feet off west of District Board Faridpur road from its junction with Sajjankanda-Purnapara road up to its junction with Sajjankanda-Nutanpara road, 250 feet off south and west of Sajjankanda Nutanpara road, 250 feet off south of District Board Banibaha road from its junction with Sajjankanda-Nutanpara road up to its turning towards north near *Devibattala*.

West—500 feet off north of District Board Banibaha road from *Devibattala* up to its junction with Sajjankanda-Nutanpara road, 250 feet off west of Haritala road, 250 feet off west of western embankment, 250 feet off south of Mission House road, 250 feet off west of Silimpur road from its junction with Mission House up to its junction with the halat near Adu driver's house in Char Binodepur.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, M.L.A.

No. 1089M.—The 24th March 1923.—The following draft of by-laws which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government)

Hooghly.

propose to make for the Uttarpara Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the Calcutta Hackney-carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th May 1923, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned before that date, through the District Magistrate, will be duly considered :—

DRAFT BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 71 (1) OF THE CALCUTTA HACKNEY-CARRIAGE ACT 1919 (BENGAL ACT I OF 1919), FOR THE UTTARPARA MUNICIPALITY.

Appointment and duties of the Registering Officer.

1. Every hackney-carriage in the Uttarpara Municipality shall be annually registered by a Registering Officer to be appointed for the purpose by the Municipal Commissioners. The Registering Officer shall keep a register in which he shall enter the class and number assigned to every hackney-carriage.

2. Every person applying for a driver's license shall be required to satisfy the Registering Officer—

- (a) that he knows how to drive and control horses and is in all respects a fit person for such employment;
- (b) that he is well acquainted with the principal streets, public buildings, railway station and places of interest in and around Uttarpara;
- (c) that he has a thorough knowledge of the list of fare and tables of distances prepared by the Municipal Commissioners of Uttarpara;
- (d) that he knows the rules of the road and the signals used by drivers of carriages and motors.

3. Licenses for hackney-carriage drivers and bearers for palanquins and rickshaws will be in different forms. There shall be attached to each license in such manner as the Municipal Commissioners may prescribe—

- (a) the thumb mark of the driver, and
- (b) a book of fares and distances to be prepared and printed under the authority of the Commissioners. The book shall be supplied free of cost to every driver or bearer.

4. Every driver of a hackney-carriage or bearer of a palanquin or rickshaw shall carry with him and produce when called upon to do so by any police officer or by his fare, or by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Municipality or any municipal officer, his license with the book of fare and distances.

5. No hackney-carriage driver shall drive with his feet in any other position than on the foot-board of the vehicle, nor shall muffle up his face and head in such manner as might endanger the proper driving of his vehicle.

6. No hackney-carriage driver shall be allowed to drive any licensed hackney-carriage or carriages other than those specified on his license, without the permission of the Registering Officer.

Description of horses, carriages, palanquins and rickshaws.

7. No horse shall be used to draw a hackney carriage unless it has been passed by the Registering Officer, and no horse shall be passed unless it is—

- (a) not less than 13 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a second class hackney carriage,
- (b) not less than 14 hands high if intended to be used singly in a second class hackney carriage,
- (b) not less than 12 hands high if intended to be used in a pair in a third class hackney carriage,
- (d) not less than 13½ hands high if intended to be used singly in a third class hackney carriage,
- (a) thoroughly broken to harness,
- (f) free of infectious or contagious disease, and
- (g) sufficiently sound and strong for constant hard work.

8. The harness shall be black in colour, of a decent appearance, strong and in good repair; rope or iron chain traces may be used provided they be covered with leather. No string fastenings will be allowed.

Second class and third class hackney carriages.

9. The front wheels of every second and third class carriage shall not be less than 2' 4" inches and the hind wheels of those carriages shall not be less than 3' 6" inches in diameter.

The wheels shall be rubber tyred or iron tyred, in the case of second class carriages, and iron tyred in the case of third class carriages, strong and sound, so as to run true and without rattling or shaking.

The springs and axles shall be in perfect order.

The lining and cushions shall be clean and in good condition and the inside of the carriage perfectly clean.

The doors shall close well.

The windows, venetians and blinds shall not rattle but shall work easily and shall have proper catches to raise and lower them.

The roof shall be water-tight. The body, wheels and shaft of the carriages shall be painted dark blue with thin red lining.

All iron work shall be painted black.

Each carriage must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicle.

10. There shall be one class of rickshaws of a pattern fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

The body of the rickshaw shall be sound and clean and all the boards strong and properly secured.

The wheels shall be rubber-tyred, strong and sound so as to run true and without rattling or shaking, and shall be protected by properly fitted splash-boards.

The springs and axles shall be made of good metal, strong and properly riveted and free from rust.

The iron supports at the back shall be properly curved and securely fixed at each side, strong and of sound metal and free from rust.

The shafts shall be of sound wood, strong, securely fixed and furnished at the fore-ends with the ring-shaped metal supports and connected by a collision guard.

The hood, apron and cushions shall be made of and covered with good cloth, canvas or other material approved of by the Municipal Commissioners. The hood and apron shall be so fitted as to make the vehicle water-tight.

The body wheels and shafts of all rickshaws shall be painted dark blue with thin red lining. All ironwork shall be painted black.

Every rickshaw must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicle.

11. There shall be one class of palanquins of a pattern fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

The body of the palanquin shall be sound and clean, properly secured. The doors shall close well, work easily and shall not rattle, and shall have proper catches to open and shut them.

The body and pole shall be painted dark blue with thin red lining. All ironwork shall be painted black.

Every palanquin must have a good pair of lamps. Each lamp shall have a red glass window in the back and shall be so placed that the light from the window is visible from a point ten yards in rear of the centre of the vehicle.

Identification of horses.

12. Every horse passed by the Registering Officer shall be branded on both forehoofs in the following manner :—

(1) The registered number as shown in the "Register of Horses" on the off fore-hoof.

(2) The year of registration on the near forehoof.

13. It shall be compulsory for the owner to produce the horse before the Registering Officer at the end of three months to be rebranded without being sent for.

Classes of hackney-carriages, palanquins and rickshaws.

14. Hackney-carriages shall be of two classes and of patterns fixed by the Municipal Commissioners and of the dimensions and colours prescribed by by-law No. 9.

15. There shall be one class of rickshaws and of palanquins, of a pattern fixed by the Municipal Commissioners and of the colours prescribed by by-laws Nos. 10 and 11.

16. Every licensed hackney-carriage and palanquin and rickshaw shall be distinctly marked on its panels and on the inside with the registered number and the number of the class to which it belongs, the figures to be not less than eight inches in length the colour of which shall be changed every year.

17. The lamps of every licensed hackney-carriage or palanquin or rickshaw shall have the registered number painted on them, the figures to be not less than one inch in length the colour of which shall be changed every year.

(3) Rates and fares to be paid for rickshaws.

FARE BY DISTANCE.		FARE BY TIME.	
For any distance within and not exceeding one mile.	For any distance exceeding one mile.	For any time within and not exceeding one hour.	For every hour or part of an hour beyond one hour.
3 annas	At the rate of 3 annas for every mile and for any part of a mile over and above number of miles completed.	6 annas	3 annas.

Passengers and luggage.

20. No hackney-carriage shall carry more than four adult persons altogether, in addition to the driver and attendant.

21. (1) No rickshaw shall carry more than two adult passengers.

(2) No palanquin shall be allowed to carry more than two adult passengers.

For the purpose of this by-law two children under twelve years of age shall be reckoned as one adult.

22. The driver of every hackney-carriage shall carry in or upon such carriage a quantity of luggage not exceeding two maunds, together with one additional maund for every person below four carried in the carriage, without any charge over and above the fare. A charge not exceeding two annas may be levied for every ten seers or part thereof in excess of the above free allowance.

This by-law shall not apply to bicycles, perambulators and child's mail carts, for each of which a charge not exceeding four annas may be made.

23. No baggage shall be carried on any rickshaw except a small box or hand-bag (not exceeding 24 x 15 x 9 inches).

Inspection of hackney-carriages, palanquins and rickshaws.

24. It shall be lawful for any police officer of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector and Health Officer or Sanitary Inspector of the municipality at any time between sunrise and sunset to enter any premises on which any licensed hackney-carriage or palanquin or rickshaw or the horse or other animals' harness or other used therewith are kept in order to carry out any provisions of this Act or these by-laws, and the owner, occupier or his agent shall afford every facility for such officer's inspections.

Protection of weak and lame horses.

25. It shall be lawful for the Registering Officer, at any time, to cause any animal used in a hackney carriage to be produced before him for the purpose of inspection, and it shall be compulsory upon the owner to produce any such animal within 24 hours after the receipt of such notice.

26. The owner of any animal declared under section 30 to be unfit for use in a hackney-carriage shall, if he disposes of it or removes it from the premises on which it is stabled, give notice of the fact to the Registering Officer within one week of such disposal or removal, intimating at the same time the name and address of the person to whom he has disposed of it and the place to which it has been removed.

27. Notice of the death of a registered horse shall also be given to the Registering Officer who on receipt of such notice shall cause the entry concerned to be cancelled in the "Register of Horses" and the certificate of registration to be withdrawn.

Regulation of use of horses.

28. No owner shall permit any horse to work continuously in any hackney carriage in excess of the following scale of time—

Class of carriage.	Maximum period allowed to be worked.	Minimum period of rest.
Second and third, if drawn by two horses.	10 hours	14 hours.
By one horse	8 "	16 "

29. The following particulars shall be entered in a register to be kept by every owner for the purposes of by-law No. 28 :—

Date.	Registered No. and class of carriage.	Branded number of horse or horses used to draw the carriage together with descriptions.	Hour of leaving stable.	Hour of return to stable.	Names of drivers and attendants.	Signature of owner.	Signature and rank of Inspecting Officer.

Publication of the list of fares and distances.

30. The list of fares prepared by the Municipal Commissioners with reference to the scale of rates laid down No. 19 and table of distances shall be published in such manner by by-law as the Municipal Commissioners shall deem proper.

Registers and Licenses.

31. The following particulars shall be entered in the registers and licenses under this Act :—

(1) Hackney-carriage License.

Particulars of License.

1. The class and the number assigned to the carriage in the register.
2. The name, father's name and residence of the owner, the description of the carriage and the place where the carriage is kept.
3. The number and description of horses to be employed in drawing such carriage.
4. The number of passengers the carriage is licensed to carry.
5. The date on which the license was granted.
6. The obligation to ply for hire at any public stands in the town and suburbs of Uttarpara.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(2) Register of Hackney-carriages.

1. The class and the number assigned to the carriage in the register.
2. The certificate numbers.
3. Date on which license was granted.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Place of residence.
6. Stable locality.
7. House number.
8. Driver and his father's names.
9. Place of residence.
10. Period of suspension or cancellation.
11. Date of renewal.
12. Duplicate ticket.
13. Duplicate license.
14. Date of conviction.
15. Section of law.
16. Punishment inflicted.
17. Date of offence.
18. Offence.
19. Ownership transferred to.
20. Date of transfer.
21. Signature of the Registering Officer.
22. Remarks.

(3) Horse Register.

1. Serial number,
2. Class of hackney-carriage in which horse is to be used.
3. To be used singly or in pair.
4. Owner and his father's names.
5. Owner's address.
6. Branded number assigned to horse in register.
7. Place where it is intended to keep the horse.
8. Date on which license was granted.
9. Ownership transferred to.

10. Date of transfer.
11. Date on which horse was rebranded.
12. Date of notices issued to owner.
13. Date of disposal of notices.
14. Signature of Registering Officer.
15. Remarks.

(4) Hackney-carriage-drivers' License.

1. The number of the license, the name, father's name, place of abode and age of the persons to whom the license was granted.
2. The date on which the license was granted.
3. The class and number of the hackney-carriage he is allowed to drive.
4. Date of expiry of license.
5. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(5) Rickshaw-bearer's License.

1. The number of the license.
2. The name and father's name, place of abode and age of the person to whom such license is granted.
3. The date on which the license was granted.
4. The number of rickshaw he is allowed to draw.
5. Date of expiry of license.
6. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(6) Rickshaw-owner's License.

1. The number assigned to the rickshaw in the register.
2. The name, father's name and residence of the owner, the description of the rickshaw and the place where the rickshaw is kept.
3. The number of passengers the rickshaw is licensed to carry.
4. The date on which the license was granted.
5. Date of expiry of license.
6. The obligation to ply for hire at any of the public stands in the town and suburbs of Uttarpara and not at any other place.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(7) Register of Rickshaws.

1. The number assigned to the rickshaw in the register.
2. Fee certificate number.
3. Date on which license was granted.
4. Owner's and his father's names.
5. Place of residence.
6. Where the rickshaw is kept.
7. House numbers.
8. Bearer's and his father's names.
9. Place of residence.
10. Period of suspension or cancellation.
11. Date of renewal.
12. Duplicate license.
13. Duplicate ticket.
14. Date of conviction.
15. Section of law.
16. Punishment inflicted.
17. Offence.
18. Ownership transferred to.
19. Date of transfer.
20. The number of persons the rickshaw is licensed to carry.
21. Signature of Registering Officer.
22. Remarks.

(8) Register of Palanquins.

1. The number assigned to the palanquin in the register.
2. Date on which license was granted.
3. Owner's and his father's names.
4. Place of residence.
5. Place where the palanquin is to be kept.
6. House number.
7. Bearer's and his father's names.

8. Place of residence.
9. Period of suspension or cancellation.
10. Date of renewal.
11. Duplicate license.
12. Duplicate ticket.
13. Date of conviction.
14. Section of law.
15. Punishment inflicted.
16. Date of offence.
17. Offence.
18. Ownership transferred to.
19. Date of transfer.
20. The number of persons the palanquin is licensed to carry.
21. Signature of the Registering Officer.
22. Remarks.

(9) Palanquin-owner's License.

1. The number assigned to the palanquin in the register.
2. The name, father's name and residence of the owner, the description of the palanquin, and the place where the palanquin is to be kept.
3. The number of passengers the palanquin is licensed to carry.
4. The date on which the license was granted.
5. Expiry of license.
6. The obligation to ply for hire at any of the public stands in the town and suburbs of Uttarpara and not at any other place.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(10) Palanquin-bearer's License.

1. The number of license.
2. The name and father's name, place of abode and the age of the person to whom the license was granted.
3. The date on which the license was granted.
4. Date of expiry of license.
5. The number of the palanquins he is allowed to carry.
6. Signature of the Registering Officer.

(11) Horse License.

1. The class of hackney carriage with which the horse is to be used, and whether it is to be used singly or in pair.
2. The name and father's name of the owner, residence of the owner.
3. The number assigned to the horse in the register.
4. The place where it is intended to keep the horse.
5. The date on which the license was granted.
6. The date on which the license expires.
7. Signature of the Registering Officer.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1042 L.S.-G.—The 22nd March, 1923.—The following draft of an amendment, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in the rules, published under notification No. 4267 L.S.-G., dated the 5th January 1920, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th May 1923 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned through District Officers before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft amendment.

For rule 11 of the said rules substitute the following :—

11. (1) At an ordinary meeting of the union board three members shall form a quorum.
- (2) At a special meeting the quorum shall be formed by at least one-half of the number of members, provided that where the union board consists of seven or nine members the quorum shall be formed by four or five members respectively.
- (3) If at the time appointed for a meeting referred to in sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) or within one hour thereafter, a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned and shall be called again on a future day to be appointed by the President. The members present at such adjourned meeting shall form a quorum whatever their number may be.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1052M.—The 22nd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 (2) (d) and 62 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, III of 1899, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. W. J. Traise to be a Commissioner of the Corporation of Calcutta, *vice* Mr. H. A. Stark, resigned.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1055M.—The 23rd March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Calcutta Burial Boards Act, 1889 (Bengal Act IV of 1889), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint a Burial Board for Calcutta for the Hindu community consisting of the following members :—

- (1) The Chairman of the Corporation of Calcutta, *ex officio*.
- (2) The Health Officer of the Corporation of Calcutta, *ex officio*.
- (3) Ward Commissioner of Ward No. 4, *ex officio*.
- (4) Ward Commissioner of Ward No. 24, *ex officio*.
- (5) Babu Sarada Charan Mitra, Executive Engineer, Second Calcutta Division.
- (6) Dr. S. C. Sircar.
- (7) Mr. D. P. Kishaitan, M.L.C.
- (8) Babu Etwar Ram.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1073L.S.-G.—The 24th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (k) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V, of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendments in the rules published under notification No. 1998 L.S.-G., dated the 3rd July 1920 :—

Amendments.

For rules 2 and 5 of the said rules *substitute* the following, namely—

2. The union board shall first prepare, village by village and in Form No. I, a list of all persons owning or occupying lands and buildings in the union, either permanently or temporarily, showing their trade, business, etc., within the union and the estimated annual income which they derive from any land, buildings or other property or business within the union. All such persons shall be included in the list, even if some are subsequently exempted.

5. A person liable to pay the rate but not living in the union shall be assessed on the lands and buildings he has within the union and on any income he derives from any land, buildings, property or business within the union.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1087M.—The 24th March 1923.—The following draft of a notification, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to issue in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Calcutta Hackney-Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), is published, as required by the second proviso to that section, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th May 1923 and any objection or suggestion with regard thereto which may be received by the undersigned from any ratepayer or inhabitant of the Uttarpara Municipality before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft notification.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Calcutta Hackney-Carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend to the Uttarpara Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, all the provisions of the said Act except sub-section (1) of section 6.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1092M.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 2 of the Calcutta Hackney-carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend to the Midnapore Municipality all the provisions of the said Act except sub-section (1) of section 6.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1093M.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 84 of the Calcutta Hackney-carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the Commissioners of the Midnapore Municipality to exercise and perform in the said municipality the same powers and duties as are conferred or imposed by the said Act on the Corporation of Calcutta and the Commissioner of Police, respectively.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1094M.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the Calcutta Hackney-carriage Act, 1919 (Bengal Act I of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make for the Midnapore Municipality the by-laws which were published for information with notification No. 4463M., dated the 19th August 1922.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1103L.S.-G.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 18A of the Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885) read with section, 22 of the General Clauses Act (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to cancel notification No. 757L.S.-G., dated the 17th February 1922, published at page 354 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd February 1922, removing Maulvi Abdur Rashid Khan from his office as a member of the Noakhali District Board.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

CORRIGENDA.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1090L.S.-G.—The 26th March 1923.—In the table appended to notification No. 2592L.S.-G., dated the 23rd May 1921, published at pages 1095—1156 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 15th June 1921, make the following corrections:—

Page 1123, column 5 of the table, showing the mauzas constituting the Batikar union, add—

'Karjhadishi	...	793'
'Balna	...	796'

Page 1124, column 5 of the table, showing the mauzas constituting the Bansanka union, delete—

'Karjhadishi	...	793'
'Balna	...	796'

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 849Medl.—The 20th March 1922.—Lt.-Col. R. P. Wilson, F.R.C.S., D.P.H., I.M.S., Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospital, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which one month and one day on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 850Medl.—The 20th March 1923.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. P. Connor, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Professor of Surgery of the institution and Surgeon to the Medical College Hospitals during the absence, on leave, of Lieutenant-Colonel R. P. Wilson, F.R.C.S., D.P.H., I.M.S.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 851Medl.—The 20th March 1923.—Lt.-Col. H. B. Steen, M.S. M.D., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Chittagong, is appointed to officiate as Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the Medical College Hospitals, *vice* Lt.-Col. F. P. Connor, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 872Medl.—The 22nd March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Sarasilal Sarkar, officiating Civil Surgeon, Malda, is allowed privilege leave for fifteen days from the 6th June to the 20th June 1921 (both days inclusive).

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 911Medl.—The 26th March 1923.—Second Class Military Assistant Surgeon C. W. E. Frederick attached to the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is granted study leave for one year under the Study Leave Rules for officers of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Creation of a Trust Fund, called Joy Chandl Dutt Fund, for the welfare of the inmates of the Albert Victor Asylum for Lepers.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 914Medl.—The 26th March 1923.—Whereas the late Mrs. Joy Chandl Dutt of 13, Manicktollah Street, Calcutta, widow of Greece Chunder Dutt, deceased, by the effect of her will and various codicils thereto bequeathed a Government promissory note (3½ per cent.) of the nominal value of Rs. 10,000 to the authorities of the Calcutta Leper Asylum, the interest thereof to be applied for the inmates of such Asylum and whereas the said fund has been made over to the Board of the Albert Victor Asylum for Lepers (Calcutta) commonly known as the Calcutta Lepers Asylum and whereas the said Board as the persons acting in the administration of the trust of the said bequest have applied to the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) to vest the said fund in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments on the terms of the scheme already existing for the management of the said Asylum set forth in the notifications No. 575 of the 29th September 1898 and No. 2174Medl. of the 29th August 1919 now it is hereby notified that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) upon the said application and with the concurrence of the Board of the said Asylum in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, doth hereby order that the said security of which full particulars are set forth in the schedule hereunder written do vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Bengal on the terms that the interest thereof shall be paid as it becomes due to the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, or other the President for the time being of the said Board of Management of the Albert Victor Asylum for Lepers, Calcutta, and that such interest arising from the said fund or from any investments for the time being representing the same shall be expended at the discretion of the said Board in adding to the comfort of the inmates of the said Asylum in matters which are not fit subjects for expenditure from the general revenues thereof or applicable thereto.

The Schedule above referred to.

Fund.	No.	Particulars.	Amount.	Half-yearly interest.	Interest due on—
Joy Chandl Dutt Fund	328180	3½ per cent. Government Promissory Note of 1865.	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 175	31st October and 30th April.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 4834, dated Calcutta, the 20th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Gosta Bihari Bhaduri is appointed to be Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, at Parbatipur, with effect from the 7th March 1923, vice Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Ray.

No. 4896, dated Calcutta, the 21st March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Bidhu Bhusan Pal is appointed to act at the Bhola subdivision and dispensary, Bakarganj district, with effect from the 10th March 1923, vice Assistant Surgeon Srish Chandra Sarkar.

No. 4916, dated Calcutta, the 22nd March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Surendra Nath Ghosh, II, is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 17th March 1923.

No. 4997, dated Calcutta, the 23rd March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Ray is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 14th March 1923.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1108Edn.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Babu Charu Chandra Bhattacharji, Laboratory Assistant, Presidency College, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as a Demonstrator in the College, with effect from the 16th December 1922, *vice* Babu Purna Chandra Kundu, on deputation, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1127Edn.—*The 24th March 1923.*—Miss Lilabati Ghosh, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Faridpur, was allowed leave for fourteen months with effect from the 1st December 1920, *viz.*:—(i) ordinary privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, (ii) additional privilege leave for one month and twenty-four days under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, (iii) extraordinary leave without allowances for the period from the 25th April 1921 to the 31st December 1921 under rule 306 of the new leave rules of July 1920, and (iv) leave on half average pay for the period from the 1st to the 31st January 1922 under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Appointment by the Chancellor.

No. 1137Edn.—*The 26th March 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, VII of 1921, His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Aminul Islam to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, *vice* Nawab A. F. M. Abul Rahman, Khan Bahadur, with effect from the date on which the term of office of the latter expires.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1140Edn.—*The 26th March 1923.*—Babu Narayandas Basu, Demonstrator in Physics, Chittagong College, in the Subordinate Educational Service, was appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as a Professor in that College, with effect from the 1st July 1922 to the 19th January 1923, against the vacancy in the Indian Educational Service consequent on the deputation of Mr. Bhupati Mohan Sen, and subsequently with effect from the 2nd September 1922, *vice* Dr. Surendra Nath Das Gupta, on deputation.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1141Edn.—*The 26th March 1923.*—Babu Debendra Kumar Sen, Lecturer, Chittagong College, in the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as a Professor in that College, with effect from the 20th January 1923, *vice* Dr. Surendra Nath Das Gupta, on deputation, or until further orders.

J. N. Roy,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 20th March 1923.

No. 154A.—In modification of the orders published in this office notification No. 128A., dated 23rd February 1923, Maulvi Maharaddin Ahmed, lecturer, Krishnagar College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted leave on medical certificate on average pay for two months, with effect from 2nd January 1923, in terms of the proviso under rule 81 (b) (ii) read with rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules.

He is also permitted to prefix to his leave the X'mas and the New Year's Day holidays.

The 22nd March 1923.

No. 155A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned:—

(1) Babu Mukini Mohan Das, head master, Calcutta Model (Middle English) School, on Rs. 75—0—200, is appointed to act as assistant master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshibabad, on his own pay, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Ram Renu

Calcutta.
Khuina.

Acharjee, transferred.

(2) Babu Bhupendra Nath Sarkar, assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now under training in the David Hare Training College, is appointed to act as head master, Calcutta Model (Middle English) School on his own pay, with effect from the date he takes over charge of the school, *vice* Babu Mohini Mohan Das, transferred, or until further orders.

(3) The officiating arrangement in the Khulna Zilla School, sanctioned in this office notification No. 567A (2), dated the 1st August 1922, is allowed to continue until further orders.

No. 156A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 40A., dated the 18th January 1923, Maulvi Zahiruddin Ahmed, English Teacher, Hooghly Madrasah (officiating assistant head master, Birbhum Zilla School, on Rs. 150—10—250), is appointed to act as assistant head master, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from the 21st February 1923, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Dutta, on leave.

The 23rd March 1923.

No. 157A.—In this office notification No. 132A., dated the 1st March 1923, granting Babu Beni Madhab Bhattacharyya, Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Sadar, Hooghly, on Rs. 75—5—200, leave for six months, with effect from the 14th February 1923, viz., leave on average pay for four months and leave on half average pay for two months, *read* "Howrah Sadar" for "North Sadar, Hooghly."

No. 158A.—The temporary appointments of Miss Nirmal Hazra and Miss Santiprava Das as lecturers of the I. A. classes attached to the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, sanctioned in this office notification No. 1A., dated 2nd January 1923, and No. 60A., dated 26th January 1923, respectively, are allowed to continue up to the 30th June 1923.

No. 159A.—In supersession of the orders published in this office notification No. 52A., dated 25th January 1923, Babu A. Litya Kumar Bhattacharji, assistant master, Dacca Intermediate College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted leave on half average pay for the period from 6th December 1922 to 24th February 1923 (both days inclusive) in terms of rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental rules.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 83.—*The 20th March 1923.*—Babu Prabhat Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar, grade III, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Muradnagar, in the district of Tippera.

No. 84.—*The 20th March 1923.*—Babu Bidhu Bhusan Raha, Sub-Registrar of Muradnagar, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Madhupur, in the district of Mymensingh.

No. 85.—*The 20th March 1923.*—Babu Ashutosh Bakshi, Sub-Registrar of Moyna, in the district of Midnapore, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Anandpur in the same district.

No. 86.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Babu Digindra Nath Chakrabatti, Sub-Registrar of Netrokona, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be Sadar 1st Joint Sub-Registrar of Mymensingh.

No. 87.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Babu Pramatha Nath Das Gupta, Sadar 1st Joint Sub-Registrar of Mymensingh, is appointed to be Sadar 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Dacca.

No. 88.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Babu Jatish Chandra Mukherji, Sadar 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Dacca, is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of Calcutta.

No. 89.—*The 26th March 1923.*—Maulvi Anwar Ali, Sub-Registrar, attached to the Sadar Registration office at Uomilla, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Rajapur, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 27th February 1923.

No. 90.—*The 26th March 1923.*—Babu Sudhir Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar of Kotulpur, in the district of Bankura, is allowed leave on half average pay for one month, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 75, dated the 8th March 1923.

No. 93.—The 26th March 1923.—Babu Abinash Chandra Ganguli, Sub-Registrar of Kaliakair, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 94.—The 26th March 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Azharul Haq, Sub-Registrar of Goghat, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 41, dated the 29th January 1923.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1584 Com.—The 24th March 1923.—Mr. R. Neish, Manager of the Tittaghur Jute Mills, is appointed, with effect from the 19th April 1923, to be a member of the Boiler Commission, constituted for carrying out the purposes and objects of the Bengal Steam Boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1879, *vice* Mr. John Williamson, on leave.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 25 Mne.—The 19th March 1923.—Mr. E. A. Ward, Branch Pilot, is granted leave on average pay for two months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in Bengal Government notification No. 17 Marine of the 26th February 1923.

No. 26 Marine.—The 22nd March 1923.—Mr. R. D. Layard, second Mate Leadsman, Bengal Pilot Service, is granted leave on average pay for fourteen days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th February 1923.

No. 27 Marine.—The 22nd March 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, Mr. Nigel F. Paton of Messrs. Graham & Co. has been elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to be a Commissioner for the Port of Calcutta, in place of Sir Campbell Rhodes, C.B.E., M.L.A., of Messrs. Hoare Miller & Co., Ltd., resigned.

No. 28 Marine.—The 23rd March 1923.—Mr. W. M. Taylor, Junior Master Pilot, is granted leave on average pay from the 4th to the 15th February 1923 (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 29 Marine.—The 23rd March 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information —

- (1) that under the provisions of section 11 of the Chittagong Port Act, V of 1914 the resignation tendered by Mr. W. A. Marr, I.C.S., of his office of Commissioner for the Port of Chittagong and Vice-Chairman of the Commissioner for that Port is accepted, and that
- (2) under the provisions of section 10 of the said Act, Mr. H. Graham, I.C.S., is appointed to be a Commissioner for the Port of Chittagong. He is also appointed to be the Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners for that Port, *vice* Mr. Marr.

No. 32 Marine.—The 24th March 1923.—Mr. F. T. Hart, senior Master Pilot, is granted by the High Commissioner for India leave for six months on medical certificate, viz., leave on average pay for two months and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, in extension of the leave notified in Bengal Government notification No. 110 Marine, dated the 28th November 1922.

No. 38 Marine.—The 24th March 1923.—Mr. H. G. Fox, Branch Pilot, is granted by the High Commissioner for India leave for six months on half average pay on medical certificate, in extension of the leave notified in Bengal Government notification No. 4T. Marine, dated the 16th May 1922.

2. This cancels Bengal Government notification No. 28 Marine, dated the 9th March 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 18.—The 19th March 1923.—Babu Sarat Chandra Sur, Assistant Executive Engineer, is granted leave on half average pay for two years under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules with effect from the 3rd April 1923 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 19.—The 21st March 1923.—Mr. G. J. St. C. Sedgley, officiating Superintending Engineer, South-Western Circle, is granted combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave for four months and sixteen days or the amount due on the date of relief under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C. S. R., dated the 24th February 1919, and commuted furlough (out of India) for the remaining period under articles 233, 301 (b) and 325 of the new leave rules promulgated with the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 2099 C. S. R., dated the 27th November 1920, with effect from the 15th April 1923 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 20.—The 21st March 1923.—Mr. H. C. Vieyra, Executive Engineer, Canals Division, is appointed to hold charge of the South-Western Circle during the absence on leave of Mr. G. J. St. C. Sedgley, officiating Superintending Engineer, or until further orders.

No. 21.—The 23rd March 1923.—The following notification issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, and published at page 213, Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 10th March 1923, is republished for general information:—

Notification No. 8, dated the 5th March 1923, by the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Mr. A. S. Ramalingan, Assistant Executive Engineer, Bengal, is transferred to Madras, with effect from the afternoon of the 11th December 1922.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 22.—The 23rd March 1923.—Babu Kshirode Chandra Das, Upper Subordinate, is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month and nine days (the entire amount on account of privilege leave at credit), in extension of the leave previously granted.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Chief Engineer, Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS.

VETERINARY.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1494 Vety.—The 21st March 1923.—Mr. Dibakar De, Deputy Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, and officiating Assistant Principal, Bengal Veterinary College, is confirmed in that appointment.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1570 Ex.—The 24th March 1923.—Babu Bhupendra Narayan Deb, Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, acted as Inspector of Excise and Salt in that district in addition to his own duties during the absence, on leave, of Babu Surendra Kumar Das Gupta from the 2nd February to the 3rd March 1923.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 3950 A.—The 23rd March 1923.—Babu Hiran Kumar Basak, District Agricultural Officer, Howrah, is appointed as District Agricultural Officer, Khulna, with effect from the date he joins there.

No. 3950 B.—The 23rd March 1923.—Mr. P. G. Krishnan is appointed as the District Agricultural Officer, Howrah, vice Babu Hiran Kumar Basak, transferred.

No. 4038 A.—The 24th March 1923.—Babu Pramatha Nath Sen Gupta, District Agricultural Officer, Bogra, is granted leave on average salary for seventeen days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 17th February 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 3962 A.—The 23rd March 1923.—Babu Bon Behary Banerjee, District Agricultural Officer, is granted, in extension of leave sanctioned in this office notification No. 146 A., dated the 6th January 1923, combined leave for three months and sixteen days, viz., leave on average salary for sixteen days (on medical certificate) and the remaining period on half average salary under rule 81 (c) and (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 4895.—The 22nd March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 3223, dated the 13th March 1920, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, as liquidator of the Peyong Minjong Co-operative Society (registered No. 957 of 1912), in the district of Darjeeling, I hereby appoint the auditor of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, instead to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 4901.—The 22nd March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 7598, dated the 12th June 1920, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, as liquidator of the Saugsey Rural Co-operative Credit Society (registered No. 430 of 1909), in the district of Darjeeling, I hereby appoint the auditor of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, instead to be the liquidator of the said society.

No. 5079.—The 24th March 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Khirshintikar Co-operative Gramya Bank (registered No. 239 of 1917) in the district of Rajshahi, under-sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Rajshahi, to be liquidator of the said society.

M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2977 L.R.—The 21st March 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Raziuddin Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector and Colonization Officer, Sundarbars, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, for two months and fifteen days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 1st May 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 3158 L.R.—The 24th March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the under-mentioned settlement kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the districts of Pabna and Bogra, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights :—

**Pabna.
Bogra.**

1. Babu Hemanta Kumar Koyral.
2. „ Jogendra Chandra Banarji.
3. „ Haridas Mazumdar.
4. „ Hiralal Karmakar.
5. „ Hari Mohan Datta.
6. „ Basanta Kumar Ganguly.

No. 3176 L.R.—The 26th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 of the Government Management of Private Estates Act, 1892 (Act X of 1892), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following rates be levied for the year commencing the 1st April 1923 and ending the 31st March 1924 :—

1. The rates leviable under section 3 of the Act on all private estates, as defined in clause (3) of section 2, in order to cover, as nearly as possible, the cost of all Government establishments employed and contingent expenditure incurred by Government for the supervision and management of such estates shall be as follows :—

One per cent. on the estates of—

- (1) Nawab Khwaja Habibullah and others.
- (2) Khwaja Attickullah.
- (3) The late Khwaja Mahomed Ashruff.
- (4) Amina Banoo Khanum.
- (5) Khwaja Abdul Karim and Khwaja Abdul Rahim.
- (6) Khwaja Mahomed Ismail.
- (7) Azghari Khanum.
- (8) Akhtar Banoo Khanum.

One and a half per cent. on the Bhowal estate and two and a half per cent. on all other estates.

2. If any estate is under Government management for a portion of the year only, the rate is to be levied only upon the gross income received during the period of such management.

Levy of general rate for a portion of the year.

3. Under section 4 the rate leviable on all private estates, having a current rent and cess demand of Rs. 50,000 and upwards, which are subjected to audit by the Examiner of Local Accounts, shall be as follows :—

Levy of audit rate.

Six annas per hundred rupees on Bhowal estate and four annas on the Nawab estate, Dacca, which have income of over five lakhs.

Ten annas per hundred rupees on other estates including Behari Lal Mukharji's Trust estate in the district of Hooghly, though the rent and cess demands of the estate may fall below Rs. 50,000.

4. Under section 4 the payment of fees shall be obligatory on all estates for legal business done for them by the office of the Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs. This scale of fees is as follows :—

	Rs.
Drawing plaints, written statements and memoranda of appeals	5 to 85
Settling appeals	5 to 85
Settling petitions	5 to 85
Opinion	5 to 85
Compromise	20 to 85
Consultation	20 to 85
Motion	85
Contested motion	85

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 2925 L.A.—The 20th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 3·63 acres in 37 plots, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7953 L.A., dated the 28th August 1922, published at page 1696, part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem, and required by the Eastern Bengal Railway for a trenching ground in the village of Parbatipur, pargana Rakanpur *alias* Hashiabangalipur, zilla Dinajpur.

No. 2975 L.A.—The 21st March 1923.—Mr. G. D. Pyne, Subdivisional Officer of Jhargram, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3045 L.A.—The 22nd March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bogra for a public purpose, viz., for an inspection bungalow at Naakhila, in the village of Chandanbaisha, pargana Tappachapila, zilla Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three plots of land altogether measuring, more or less, 1·45 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT NO. I :

North—By the Manas river,
East, West and South—By the lands of Maheudra Nath Talukdar and others,

PLOT NO. II :

North, South and West—By the lands of Mahendra Nath Talukdar and others,
East—By the land of Ashutosh Kabyatirtha,

PLOT NO. III :

North and West—By the lands of Mahendra Nath Talukdar and others,
East—By the land of Ashutosh Kabyatirtha,
South—By the District Board road,

are required within the aforesaid village of Chandanbaisha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bogra.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3080 L.A.—The 23rd March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for improvement of the Municipal Jallah at Rajendra Banerjee's street in the town of Dacca, in the mahalla of Tantibazar, known as Bashabarikharpur, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2779 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the khal,
East—By the Rajendra Banerjee's street,
South—By the municipal acquired Jallah,
West—By the municipal katcha drain,

is required within the aforesaid mahalla of Tantibazar known as Bashabarikharpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 8106 L.A.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—In line 5 of the declaration No. 4322 L.A., dated the 12th April 1922, published at page 762, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem in respect of the acquisition of land required by the Serajgunge Municipality for widening the Dhanbandi Road No. I, for "village of Dhanbandi" read "villages of Dhanbandi and Shibnathpur," and in line 15 of the declaration for "village of Dhanbandi" read "villages of Dhanbandi and Shibnathpur."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3117 For.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Under the provisions of section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, the Governor in Council declares that it is proposed to constitute as Reserved Forest the lands within the boundaries described below :—

District—Jalpaiguri.

Pargana—Chengmari.

Thana—Damdim.

Name of forest—Rajadanga extensions to Apalchand Forest Reserve.

Approximate area—19.10 acres.

Description of boundaries of patch No. 1 :—

North and West—Apalchand Forest.

East and South—Jotes Nos. 1226 and 1227.

Description of boundaries of patch No. 2 :—

North—Jote No. 1227.

East—Jote No. 441.

South—Jotes Nos. 439 and 440.

West—Apalchand Forest.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Jalpaiguri, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who will under the provisions of Chapter II of the Indian Forest Act enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within the boundaries specified above.

The Governor in Council is also pleased under section 16 of the Indian Forest Act to appoint the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division to hear appeals from the decisions of the Forest Settlement Officer as above appointed.

No. 3131 For.—*The 23rd March 1923.*—Under the provisions of section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, the Governor in Council declares that it is proposed to constitute as Reserved Forest the lands within the boundaries described below :—

District—Jalpaiguri.

Pargana—South Maynaguri.

Thana—Maynaguri.

Name of Forest—Extension to the Lower Tandu Forest Reserve.

Approximate area—19.46 acres.

Description of the boundaries :—

North—Lower Tandu Forest.

East—Jotes Nos. 316 and 1968.

South—Jotes Nos. 316 and 317.

West—Jote No. 354.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Jalpaiguri, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who will, under the provisions of Chapter II of the Indian Forest Act, enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within the boundaries specified above.

The Governor in Council is also pleased, under section 16 of the Indian Forest Act, to appoint the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division to hear appeals from the decisions of the Forest Settlement Officer as above appointed.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JAILS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3032.—The 22nd March 1923.—Military Assistant Surgeon H. A. Young has been appointed temporarily to be the Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, Calcutta, with effect from the 28th September 1922 and until further orders.

This cancels notification No. 2373 Jails, dated the 6th March 1923, published at page 343 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 14th March 1923.

No. 3038.—The 22nd March 1923.—Mr. A. J. Chapple, Deputy Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, is appointed to act as Deputy Superintendent of the Central Jail, Alipore, to control the work of the Jail Press and to superintend the Forms Branch, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the duties, *vice* Mr. C. R. Battersby, placed on special duty.

No. 3081.—The 23rd March 1923.—Military Assistant Surgeon H. A. Young, officiating Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, Calcutta, is on relief appointed temporarily to be the Superintendent of the Central Jail, Midnapore, *vice* Mr. A. H. W. Leonard and until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 8 For.—The 19th March 1923.—Mr. W. E. Hodge, Assistant Conservator of Forests, in charge of the Pankhabari range, Kurseong division, is posted to the charge of that division, with headquarters at Kurseong, with effect from the 25th March 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of the division from Mr. E. O. Shebbeare, Deputy Conservator of Forests.

No. 9 For.—The 19th March 1923.—Mr. R. A. M. Macalpine, Assistant Conservator of Forests, in charge of the Upper Tendu range, Jalpaiguri division, is transferred to the Kalimpong division, with headquarters at Kalimpong, for working plan duty with effect from the 15th April 1923 or subsequent date.

R. C. MILWARD,

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 798 L., dated the 22nd March, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. John William Anderson Bell has been declared under rule 12 (2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 804 L., dated the 22nd March, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. Charles G. Cooper has been declared under rule 12 (2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Indian Jute Mills Association constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 800 L., dated Calcutta, the 22nd March, 1923.—In continuation of notification No. 1176 L., dated the 27th March, 1922, Mr. A. M. Hutchison, M.A. (Cantab.), is appointed to be Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Legislative Department, for another year, with effect from the 1st March, 1923.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

TREASURY NOTICE.

MAULVI CHOWDHURI AFSAR ALI, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, has been placed in charge of Jalpaiguri treasury, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th March 1923, in place of Babu Banka Behari Ghosh, transferred.

W. H. NELSON, *Deputy Commissioner.*

JALPAIGURI, the 21st March 1923.

Orders by the Controller of the Currency.

In continuation of this office notification, dated the 20th February 1923, it is notified that the rate at which contributions to the Indian Civil Service and Indian Military Service Family Pension Funds and the Indian Military Widows' and Orphans' Funds are recoverable during the month of April 1923 is 1s. 4d. the rupee. *This rate also applies to the payment of leave salaries, pensions, and annuities fixed in sterling.*

2. The percentage admissible as Exchange Compensation Allowance on salary paid during the same month is Rs. 6-4 per Rs. 100. The allowance is subject to the maximum of Rs. 138-14.

A. C. MCWATTERS, *Controller of the Currency.*

THE TREASURY, CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1923.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.

CIVIL.

The 20th March 1923.

No. 2710A.—Babu Basanta Kumar Pal, officiating Subordinate Judge of Rangpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Rangpur.

No. 2444A.—Babu Ananga Mohan Lahiri, munsif of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Burdwan.

No. 2450A.—Babu Ananga Mohan Lahiri, munsif of Burdwan, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1877 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Burdwan.

The 23rd March 1923.

No. 2894A.—Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. II, munsif of Munshiganj in the district of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Munshiganj munsifi.

No. 2895A.—Babu Rai Kishore Majumdar, munsif of Sandip in the district of Noakhali, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sandip munsifi.

No. 2892A.—Babu Surendra Chandra Basu, munsif of Madaripur in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Madaripur munsifi.

No. 2895A.—Babu Ras Bibari Mukharji, munsif of Chikandi in the district of Faridpur, now employed at the Sadar station, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Faridpur.

No. 2898A.—Babu Ramlal Banarji, munsif of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Burdwan.

No. 2999A.—Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, additional munsiff of Uluberia in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Uluberia munsiff.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

The 24th March 1923.

It is ordered with the approval of the Governor General in Council that rule 2 of Chapter VIII of "The Rules and Orders of the High Court, 1914" be amended by inserting the following rule with effect from the 9th day of April 1923—

2A. Upon a plaint being admitted the Registrar upon request shall furnish the plaintiff's attorney with the requisite number of printed forms of the writ of summons. The attorney shall cause to be copied into each of such forms at the proper places left blank for the purpose, (1) the full title of the suit as appearing in the plaint, (2) the nature of the suit in the exact words of the concise statement, and (3) in suits under Order XXXVII of Code of the Civil Procedure, on the back of the writ a copy of the negotiable instrument sued on, and shall bring the forms so filled up, after being duly stamped, into the Registry in order that the remaining blanks be filled up in the manner provided by this Chapter and the writs examined, signed, sealed and issued.

ATTORNEYS' FEES.

	As.
For filling up writs of summons per folio	6

L. SANDERSON.
ASUTOSH MOOKERJEE.
N. R. CHATTERJEE.
T. W. RICHARDSON.
H. WALMSLEY.
W. E. GREAVES.
B. B. NEWBOULD.
G. C. RANKIN.
C. C. GHOSE.
P. L. BUCKLAND.
Z. SUHRAWARDY.
A. H. QUMING.
H. G. PEARSON.
B. B. GHOSE.
E. PANTON.
ARTHUR PAGE. C.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 7, Act IX of 1867 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of March 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Court of Hooghly, will hold his sittings as detailed below:—

March 1923.			Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	7
Howrah—21st to 31st	...	...	7
			<u>22</u>

G. K. NAG, Additional Judge.

SMALL CAUSE COURT, SERAMPORE, the 5th March 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the months of April, May and June 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Serampore and Howrah and Subordinate Judge of the First Court of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

April 1923.					Working days.
• Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	...	...	7
Howrah—21st to 30th	...	...	...	...	8
					—
					23
					—
May 1923.					Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 9th	...	...	...	...	8
Serampore—10th to 21st	...	...	...	...	8
Howrah—22nd to 31st	...	...	...	...	8
					—
					24
					—
June 1923.					Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	...	...	8
Howrah—21st to 30th	...	...	...	...	8
					—
					24
					—

Excluding Sundays and holidays.

NAGENDRA NATH GHOSH, *Judge.*

SERAMPORE SMALL CAUSES COURT, *the 19th March 1923.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Act IX of 1887, that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Dacca and Munshiganj, will, in the month of May 1923, sit in the Courts on the undermentioned dates—

For May 1923.

For Munshiganj Small Cause Court—From 21st to 28th May 1923.

For Dacca Small Cause Court—The rest of the working days of the month of May 1923.

J. C. GOSWAMI, *Judge.*

DACCA, *the 24th March 1923.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 547R.G.—Babu Suresh Chandra Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, at the Sadar station of the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, with effect from the 26th February 1923.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 17th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION

No. 875J.G.—Babu Pramada Kumar Basu, Sub-Deputy Collector, was employed as Circle Officer, Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, from 16th November 1922 to 22nd December 1922, with powers under the Bengal Village Self-Government Act.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 17th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1317J.—Maulvi Muhammad Fariduddin, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, who has been posted to the Dacca Division in Government notification No. 3225A, dated the 17th March 1923, is posted to the headquarters station of the Faridpur district.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (Offg.).*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 22nd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1184-G.—Maulvi Khundkar Muazzam Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Chandpur, in Tippera, is transferred to Sundip in the district of Noakhali.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 23rd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1195G.—Quazi Safiuddin Ahmed, Sub-Deputy Collector at Comilla in the district of Tippera, is transferred to the Feni subdivision in the district of Noakhali and appointed a Circle Officer under the Village Self-Government Act at that station.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 23rd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1189G.—Maulvi Salamatullah Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Feni, in the district of Noakhali, is transferred to Chandpur in the district of Tippera and is appointed a Circle Officer under the Village Self-Government Act at that station.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 23rd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 559R.G.—The 26th March 1923.—Babu Binod Mohan Chakrabarti, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, should join at Meherpur in the district of Nadia on the expiration of his leave.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 26th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 32M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Thursday, the 26th April 1923, has been fixed as the date for holding a by-election in ward No. IV Garia of the Tollygunge Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to elect a Commissioner for that ward in place of Babu Jogendra Nath De, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 22nd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1244J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Village Self-Government Act (V of 1919), Babu Priyanath Bhatak and Maulvi Abdul Gani have respectively been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the Damudya union board in police-station Joshairhat in the Madaripur subdivision of the district of Faridpur, *vice* Babu Rajani Santa Guha and Maulvi Nuruddin Ahmed, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 17th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12155.—It is hereby notified for general information that under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Achmita union board in police-station Katiadi in the Kishoreganj subdivision of Mymensingh district:—

Ward No.	Names of members.
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Krishna Kishore Ray. 2. " Har Chandra Ray. 3. " Satish Chandra Ray. 4. " Jogendra Chandra Bhattacharya.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Md. Lal Bhuya. 2. Babu Krishna Kumar Adhikari.

2. Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate, Mymensingh, to be members of the said union board:—

1. Babu Kedar Nath Roy.
2. " Hemendra Mohan Chowdhury.
3. Md. Fuzlur Karim.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 17th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1272J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 read with section 6 (4) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the Magistrate of Dacca to be members of the Chala union board in Harirampur police-station in the Manikganj subdivision of the district of Dacca:—

1. Babu Dwarka Nath Das, *vice* Munshi Khoaj Biswas, deceased.
2. " Sashi Bhusan Sarkar, *vice* Babu Jagat Chandra Sarkar, resigned.

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 20th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1304J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Dacca to be members of the Boali union board, police-station Kaliakair, in the Sadar north subdivision of the district of Dacca:—

1. Babu Tarini Sankar Rakshit.
2. Munshi Jamser Sarkar.
3. " Kudrat Ali Sarkar.

2. Under sub-section (4) of section 6 of the said Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Dacca to be members of the aforesaid union board:—

1. Babu Kamini Kumar Nandi.
2. " Parbati Sankar Rakshit.
3. " Kedar Nath Rakshit.
4. " Basanta Kumar Rakshit.
5. Munshi Mahabbat Ali Sarkar.
6. " Salamat Ali Khan.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 21st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 712L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Ehsad Ali has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Howrah to be a member of the Uluberia union board in Uluberia police-station in the Uluberia subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Munshi Mowahidur Rub, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner (on tour).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 21st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 715L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rules 38 and 24 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Shib Chandra Ghosal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Howrah to be a member for Ward No. II of the Kharuberia union board in Shyampur police-station in the Uluberia subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Beni Madhab Banerjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner (on tour).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 21st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 135L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 431 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, Babu Kartick Chandra Ghosh Bagani and Mir Furrokh Hossain have been duly elected to be members for Wards Nos. I and IV, respectively, of the Boral union committee within thana Sonarpur, in the Sadar subdivision of the 24-Parganas district, in place of Babu Lalit Mohan Ghosh and Munshi Bazlur Rahaman, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 26th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 780M.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, I appoint Babu Bhabani Prasad Neogi, Deputy Collector, to be a member of the Malda District Board, *vice* Maulvi Khondkar Ali Taib, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPGAURI, the 23rd March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3320G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries the officers and gentlemen named below have been appointed to be members of the managing committees for the following District Board dispensaries in the district of Noakhali:—

Names of dispensaries.

Names of members.

I. Feni	1.	The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
	2.	The Subdivisional Officer, Feni	...	
	3.	The Senior Circle Officer, Feni	...	
	4.	The Subdivisional Medical Officer	...	
	5.	The Sub-Registrar, Feni	...	
	6.	The Assistant Manager, Tripura Raj Estate, Feni	...	
	7.	The Sub-Manager, Law Raj Estate	...	
	8.	Babu Chandra Kumar Datta.		
	9.	Khan Shaheb M. Bazlul Haq.		
	10.	Maulvi Abdul Khaleque.		
	11.	„ Mamtazuddin Ahmed.		

Names of dispensaries.	Names of members.
II. Ramganj	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. The Sub-Registrar, Ramganj ... 3. The Sub-Inspector of Schools, Ramganj ... 4. The Muhammadan Marriage Registrar ... 5. Maulvi Muhammad Foez Baksha. 6. Munshi Muhammad Kamel Bhui. 7. " Serajal Haque. 8. Babu Ramani Mohan Majumdar. 9. " Sasi Mohan Chakraborty. 10. " Ananta Mohan Majumdar. 11. Maulvi Anwarulla.
III. Mir Mahamed Ali	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. The Sub-Deputy Collector, Hatiya ... 3. M. Serajal Islam. 4. Munshi Fazler Rahman. 5. " Habib Ulla. 6. " Dana Mia. 7. Babu Bidhu Bhusan Gupta, S.T. 8. " Mohan Krishna Das. 9. " Krishna Bandhu Bhuya.
IV. Joyag	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. Babu Lakhi Chandra Majumdar. 3. " Ambica Charan Ghosh. 4. " Rohini Kumar Ghosh. 5. " Jagat Chandra Chakraborty. 6. " Mahim Chandra Majumdar. 7. " Kamini Kumar Ghosh. 8. " Kali Prasanna Bardhan. 9. Hazi Muhammad Eakub Ali Pandit. 10. Maulvi Muhammad Amjad Bhui.
V. Chhagalnaya	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. The Subdivisional Officer, Feni ... 3. The Sub Registrar, Chhagalnaya ... 4. The Sub-Inspector of Police ... 5. Muhammadan Marriage Registrar ... 6. Babu Nishi Kanta Das, Naib. 7. " Mathura Mohan Chaudhuri. 8. " Nishi Kanta Bose. 9. Maulvi Serajal Haque. 10. Munshi Rajiuddin Tahsildar. 11. M. Pazlar Rahman Majumdar.
VI. Ramgati	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. The Sub-Registrar, Ramgati ... 3. The Sub-Deputy Collector, Hatiya ... 4. The Naib of Karmani Estate ... 5. Babu Dwarika Nath De. 6. " Srebash Pal. 7. Munshi Afazaddin Ahmed. 8. Muhammad Esahaq Meah. 9. Matiar Rahaman. 10. Nazamal Huja Chaudhuri.
VII. Bose's Hat	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. The Sub-Registrar, Bose's Hat ... 3. Babu Bipin Chandra Das. 4. " Girija Kinkar Sen. 5. " Upendra Kishore Choudhuri. 6. " Akhoy Kumar Chakraborti. 7. Maulvi A. Rahman, B.A. 8. Munshi Muhammad Kasim Mia. 9. " Bazler Rahman Choudhuri. 10. Maulvi A. K. Serajal Haq.
VIII. Lakhipur	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali ... 2. The Senior Munsif, Lakhipur ... 3. The Junior Munsif, ditto ... 4. The Sub-Registrar, ditto ... 5. The Secretary, Bar Association ... 6. The Chairman, Union Committee ... 7. Munshi Amjad Ali Patari. 8. Maulvi Abdul Mazid Chaudhuri. 9. " Farid Meah. 10. Babu Rajani Kanta Chakrabarti. 11. " Ramani Mohan Gupta.

Names of dispensaries.

Names of members.

XV. Raipur

- | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|
| 1. | The Civil Surgeon, Noakhali | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. | The Sub-Registrar, Raipur | ... | |
| 3. | The Marriage Registrar, Raipur | ... | |
| 4. | The Head Master, Raipur H. E. School | ... | |
| 5. | Maulvi Emdad Ali Chaudhuri. | | |
| 6. | Babu Harendra Nath Das. | | |
| 7. | „ Aswini Kumar Datta Roy. | | |
| 8. | „ Durga Mohan Banerjee. | | |
| 9. | Hazi Ashraf Ali Bhuiya. | | |
| 10. | Muhammad Ismail Molla. | | |
| 11. | Babu Rajendra Lall Ghosh. | | |
| 12. | „ Chandra Nath Sarkar. | | |

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 5th September 1922.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1266J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers delegated to me by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, I direct, under section 6 (b) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, that possession be taken of the four private ferries in the district of Mymensingh described below, and declare them to be public ferries :—

Name of ferry.	Name of river.	Name of road.	Police-station.
1. Shakhua	Shakhua khal	Karimganje Badla local board road	Karimganje.
2. Kazla	Narsunda river	Ditto ditto	Ditto.
3. Jallabad	Jallabad river	Nakhla Sarshapur local board road	Bajitpur.
4. Tarailbazar ghat	Narsunda river	Karimganje Kawakhali local board road.	Tarail.

2. In exercise of the powers delegated to me by the Bengal Government notification No. 217L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, I further direct, under section 35 of the aforesaid Act, that the said ferries shall be managed by the District Board of Mymensingh and the proceeds of the ferries and all fines levied and compensations received under the said Act in respect thereof shall be paid to the District Fund of Mymensingh, with effect from the date of this notification.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 19th March 1923.



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PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POST OFFICE.

Delhi, the 17th March 1923.

No. 466-P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, namely :—

1. For rule 153 of the said rules and the sub-heading above it the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“I.—*Manner of prepayment of postage and other charges on postal articles.*

153. Where the postage or other fees or sums chargeable on a postal article is prepaid or are prepaid the prepayment shall be made either by means of a proper stamp or stamps provided for the purpose by the orders of the Governor General in Council under section 16 of the Act or by means of a proper impression or impressions of stamping machines or in cash. subject to such terms and conditions as the Director-General may from time to time prescribe.”

2. In rule 154 of the said rules for the words “postage on a postal article” the words “postage and other charges” shall be substituted.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 17th March 1923.

No. 494-P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Wireless Telegraph Rules, 1921, namely :—

In rule 16 of the said rules after clause (i) the following clause shall be added, namely :—

“(j) have a good working knowledge of secondary batteries and be able to identify the positive source of supply preparatory to placing a secondary battery on charge and also to be able to place a secondary battery on charge or on discharge at its normal rate through a water resistance.”

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

INTERNAL TRADE.

Delhi, the 17th March 1923.

No. 1532.—In exercise the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor General in Council is pleased on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Cess Committee to declare that sections 2 to 7 of the said Act shall continue in force until the 31st day of March 1928.

STAMPS.

The 17th March 1923.

No. 1587.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 20, sub-section (2) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 348, dated the 12th January 1923, as subsequently amended, namely:—

In the third column of the second item of the table for the words and figures " $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Rupee, i.e., francs 69 = Rs. 15", the words and figures " $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Rupee, i.e., francs 75 = Rs. 15" shall be substituted; and in the third column of the third item of the table for the words and figures " $\frac{1}{100}$ of a Rupee, i.e., marks 81,000 = Rs. 15" the words and figures " $\frac{1}{100}$ of a Rupee, i.e., marks 1,27,500 = Rs. 15" shall be substituted.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 17th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION.

No. 518-Ex.

Delhi, the 2nd March 1923.

His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has been pleased to make the following amendments in the rules appended to the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1448-E. A., dated the 29th September 1922:—

I. After the words "which would ordinarily be held by a member of one of the services named in the schedule," in rule (1) of those rules, insert the words "or by an officer holding the King's Commission."

II. At the end of rule (1) substitute a comma for a full stop and add the words "or of a service ordinarily filled by officers holding the King's Commission."

III. After the words "Government of India Act," in rule (4), insert the words "or under Army Regulations, India."

IV. Insert the following as rules (5) and (6), the existing rules (5) and (6) being renumbered as rules (7) and (8):—

"(5) to any expenditure on a measure costing more than Rs. 5,00,000 (initial plus one year's recurring) and involving outlay chargeable to the Army or Marine estimates.

(6) (a) To any expenditure on the inception of a Military Works project which is estimated to cost, or forms part of a scheme which is estimated to cost, more than Rs. 10,00,000.

(b) To any expenditure on a Military Works project in excess of the original sanctioned estimate, if—

(i) the excess is more than 10 per cent. of the original sanctioned estimate and the estimated cost of the project thereby becomes more than Rs. 10,00,000;

(ii) the original estimate has been sanctioned by the Secretary of State, and the excess is more than 10 per cent. of that estimate, or more than Rs. 10,00,000.

(c) To any expenditure on a Military Works project, in excess of a revised or completion estimate sanctioned by the Secretary of State.

Provided that, for the purposes of clauses (b) and (c) of the rule, if any section accounting for 5 per cent. or more of the estimated cost of a project sanctioned by the Secretary of State is abandoned the estimated cost of the works in that section shall be excluded from the total sanctioned estimate of a project for the purpose of determining whether the Secretary of State's sanction is necessary."

V. * In clause (d) of existing rule (5) now to be renumbered rule (7) omit the words "and Military services."

VI. Add the following as paragraph 2:—

"(2) The foregoing rules do not apply to expenditure in time of war with a view to its prosecution. The Government of India have full powers with regard to such expenditure, subject only to the general control of war operations which is exercised by the Secretary of State for India in consultation with His Majesty's Government; to the necessity of obtaining the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council to really important special measures required to carry out those operations, where in the judgment of the Government of India time permits a previous reference to him; and to the obligation to keep him as fully informed as circumstances allow of their important actions."

VII. In item 7 of the schedule attached to the rules, for the words "the Imperial branch of the Civil Veterinary Department" substitute "the Indian Veterinary service."

VIII. In item 10 of the schedule attached to the rules, after the words "Indian Audit and Accounts Service" add the words "(Civil and Military)."

ORDERED that a copy be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations to the several Departments of the Government of India; to the Financial Adviser Military Finance; to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy; to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy; to the Auditor General; to all Accountants General; to the Comptroller, Assam; to the Controller of War Accounts; to all Chief Auditors of State Railways; to the Examiner of Press Accounts; to the Examiner of Customs Accounts; to all Government Examiners of Railway Accounts; to the Heads of Departments subordinate to the Finance Department; to the Deputy Controllers of the Currency, Calcutta, Bombay and Delhi; to the Deputy Accountant General, Central Revenues, Delhi; to the Audit Officers, Khyber Railway Construction, Delhi (New Capital) Railway Works Project, Bombay Development Scheme and Indian Stores Department; and to the Auditor of Government of India Sanctions.

ORDERED also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

By order,

A. MACLEOD,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India (offg.).

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Arm. Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 23rd March 1923.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 420.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted commissions, with effect from the dates specified:—

The Calcutta Battalion.

To be Captain.

William Robert Colquhoun Adcock. Dated 30th March 1921.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Dacca Medical School.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders and Dressers at the Dacca Medical School.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will be held on the 23rd April 1923 and subsequent days:—

- (a) No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Government notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.
- (b) All male candidates must forward to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. A fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate, who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to attend the next examination without payment of fresh fee.
- (d) Women candidates are examined free of charge.
- (e) Passed compounders who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at an examination in bandaging, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in minor duties of hospital work. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders, on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognised by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons, shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

M. MACKELVIE, C.I.E., M.B., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.

DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the compounders' class, Medical School, Dacca, will be held on the 26th April 1923 at 10 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, on or before 25th April 1923.

M. MACKELVIE, C.I.E., M.B., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.

DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

Rules for Half-yearly Examination in the Art of Teaching.

MEMORANDUM.

THE half-yearly examination in the Art of Teaching for the teachers of boys' schools teaching through the medium of English, in the Rajshahi Division, will be held at the Jalpaiguri Zilla School on Monday, the 23rd April 1923, and the day following, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular and classical subjects will also be held on that day at the same school.

2. The examination will consist of—

- (a) A practical examination of class management.
- (b) A practical test of ability to teach by giving two lessons to a class. The subject and the scope of the lesson will be communicated to each candidate later on.
- (c) An oral examination in which the candidate will have to answer some questions on the art of teaching, object lessons, class control, organization and discipline.

3. The following books on the art of teaching are recommended :—

(a) For teachers of vernacular and classical subjects—

1. Uchcha Siksha Sahachar, by D. N. Neogi.
2. Nimna Siksha Suhrid, by P. Mukherjee.
3. Uchcha Siksha Suhrid, by P. Mukherjee.
4. Bidyalaya Bidhayak Bibidha Bidhan, by A. N. Adhikari.
5. Bhugol Siksha Pranali, by Imdadul Haque.
6. Teachers' Manual, by Macmillan & Co.

(b) For Matriculate teachers—

1. D. Salmon's Art of Teaching.
2. Wren's Indian Teachers' Guide.
3. Wren's Direct Method of Teaching English.
4. Yate and Rajagopalchari's Direct Method.
5. Imdadul Haque's Bhugol Siksha Pranali.

(c) For graduates and I. A. passed teachers—

1. The books recommended under (b).
2. Landon's Principles and Practice of Teaching and Class Management.
3. Raymont's Principle of Teaching.
4. Suggestions for the Consideration of Teachers (Board of Education, White-hall).
5. Talks to Teachers (James).

Intending candidates from high schools, Government, aided and unaided, are directed to send in their applications, through the headmasters of the schools in which they are employed, to this office at least a fortnight before the date of examination, and teachers of middle schools, through the Deputy Inspectors, at least three weeks before the date. Every candidate will be required to produce his University or other certificates at the time of examination. A statement containing information on the following points should accompany the applications :—

1. Name.
2. Father's name.
3. Age on the 31st March 1922.
4. Name of the candidate's native district, subdivision and village.
5. The last examination which the candidate passed and the year in which the candidate passed it.
6. Period of service as a teacher.
7. Name of the appointment which the candidate now holds and the date from which he has been holding it.
8. Signature of the candidate.

M. AHMED, *Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division (offg.).*

JALPAIGURI, the 1st March 1923.

Bengal Veterinary College.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 9 A.M., on 23rd April 1923. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. D. MACGREGOR, I.V.S.,
Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh.**NOTICE.****Examination of Compounders at Mymensingh S. K. Hospital.**

THE next qualifying examination of Compounders will be held at the S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, on Monday, the 16th April 1923, at 8 A.M., and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government notifications Nos. 1410 and 1411, dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of Civil Surgeon, President.
Mymensingh.

Assistant Surgeon attached to the S. K. Hospital	...	} Members.
Teacher of Compounder class	

No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11, 12 of Government notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(b) All candidates must forward to the undersigned an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. A fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of a fresh fee.

J. N. MITRA, Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.**

IN connection with the forthcoming election for the seat in the Provincial Legislative Council allotted to the Calcutta University under the Reforms Scheme, the franchise in enjoyed by all graduates of this University of not less than seven years' standing. Only such graduates of the University as passed their first Degree Examinations in 1915 (and were, therefore, entitled to be admitted to their Degrees at the annual Convocation held in 1916) or earlier will be eligible to vote at the election. Licentiates of Medicine, who obtained their degrees under the old regulations, will be treated as graduates for the purposes of franchise qualifications.

With a view to enable the undersigned to prepare an electoral roll for the above purpose, graduates of the prescribed standing are requested to furnish the undersigned with the undermentioned particulars on or before the 7th April 1923:—

- (1) Name, in full;
- (2) Address;
- (3) Present occupation;
- (4) Place of residence;
- (5) Name of the first Degree Examination of this University which they passed, as also the year when, and the College (if any) from which, they passed such examination.

The franchise is restricted to qualified graduates who are ordinarily resident in the Presidency of Bengal, in the sense that they are identified with it by actual residence during the greater portion of the year.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

J. C. GHOSH, Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, the 12th March 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**NOTIFICATION.**No. 3037
U.

The following orders of the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are published for general information :—

“ Under section 22, read with section 21, sub-section (3) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to order that with effect from the commencement of the session 1923-24, St Xavier's College, Calcutta, shall be affiliated in Mathematics to the B.A. Honours standard.”

J. CHAKRAVARTI, *Assistant Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 19th March 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.**

IT is hereby announced for general information that a centre will be created at Berhampur in Bengal for holding the B. COM. Examination, 1923.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 28th March 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE Preliminary Examination in Law in July 1923, will commence on Monday, the 2nd July 1923.

The Intermediate Examination in Law in July 1923, will commence on Monday, the 9th July 1923.

The Final Examination in Law in July 1923, will commence on Monday, the 16th July 1923.

Applications and fees for admission to the abovenamed examinations should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations on or before the 1st, 8th and 15th June 1923, respectively.

No applications and fees for the above examinations will be received after the latest dates fixed for the purpose, unless (1) satisfactory explanation is forthcoming and (2) a fine of Rs. 5 is paid.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 28th March 1923.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Preliminary Examination in Law held in January, 1923 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

*(In order of merit.)

1	Barua, Manikchandra	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
2	De, Syamsundar	... Ditto.
3	Bhattacharyya, Abaninath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. N. 78.
4	De, Birendralal	... University Law College
5	Harrie, E.	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
6	Sil, Nityendranath	... University Law College.
7	Bora, Matiram	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. N. 103.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abdul Ghani Mia	... Ripon Law College.
	Abdul Haki	... Dacca Law College.
	Abdul Haque	... Ripon Law College.
	Abdul Jalil	... Ditto.
	Abdul Matin Beharee	... University Law College.
	Abdul Monem	... Ditto.
	Abdul Rashid Konuudi	... Ripon Law College.
	Abdur Rahman Sarder	... Ditto.
	Aboo Darda	... University Law College.
10	Adhikari, Satyendranath	... Ditto.
	Ahmadur Rahman	... Ditto.
	Ahmed Mahtabuddin	... Ripon Law College.
	Amanat Khan	... Ditto.
	Atabuddin Sarkar	... Ditto.
	Azizal Islam	... Ditto.
	Badiruddin Ahmed	... Ditto.
	Badrinarayan Lal	... University Law College.
	Bahidar, Basantakumar	... Ditto.
	Baksi, Sureschandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 14.
20	Bal, Umeshchandra	... University Law College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Anilkumar	... Ditto.
	" Bankimchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 79.
	" Charuchandra	... University Law College.
	" Jitendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Praphulla Mohan	... University Law College.
	" Saileddrachandra	... Dacca Law College.
	" Sailendranath	... University Law College.
	" Surendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 85.
	" Sureschandra	... Ripon Law College.
30	" Susilkumar	... University Law College.
	" Tarapada	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. N. 45.
	Banik, Lalit Mohan	... Ripon Law College.
	Barua, Dharmarajan	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
	Basu, Ananta Prasanna	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 35.
	" Gobindachandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Indubhusan	... University Law College.
	" Jatindra Mohan	... Ditto.
	" Jitendranath	... Ditto.
	" Kalikinkar	... Ditto.
40	" Nalininath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Narendrakumar	... University Law College.
	" Paritoshchandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Praphullachandra	... University Law College.
	" Sridhar	... Ditto.
	" Sundilchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 75.
	Basumallik, Bhupatinath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 107.
	Basuay, Bhupeshchandra	... University Law College.
	Bhagbatnarin Kumar	... Ditto.
	Bhattacharyya, Juanendranath	... Ditto.
50	" Kalichandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Naliniranjan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 73.
	" Paresanath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Shashthicharan	... University Law College.
	Bhaumik, Jaminikanta	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 48.
	" Praphullakumar	... Ripon Law College.
	" Rajenikanta	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 47.
	Bhola Lal	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 43.

	Biswas, Dwijendranath,	... University Law College.
	" Kshitischandra	... Ditto.
60	" Nalinimohan	... Ripon Law College.
	Chakrabarti, Amulyakisor	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 76.
	" Dineschandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Haridas	... University Law College.
	" Heinendramohan	... Ditto.
	" Jagadischandra	... Ditto.
	" Jyotischandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 63.
	" Kshitischandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Manmathanath	... University Law College.
	" Nalinirajan	... Ripon Law College.
70	" Prabirkumar	... University Law College.
	" Surendranath	... Ditto.
	Chattopadhyay, Binaybhushan	... Ditto.
	" Brajendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 34.
	" Manindrakumar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 28.
	" Manilal	... Ripon Law College.
	" Paradakinkar	... University Law College.
	" Prabhasschandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Rajendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 98.
	" Ramanimohan	... University Law College.
80	Chatteraj, Saurinkar	... Ditto.
	Chaudhuri, Bhupendranarayan	... Ditto.
	" Bibhutibhushan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 134.
	" Birendramohan	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
	" Jogeschaudra	... University Law College.
	" Kesabchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 92.
	" Nakuleswar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 100.
	" Nirmalprakas	... University Law College.
	" Satishchandra	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
	" Sudhenduranjan	... Dacca Law College.
90	" Surendranath	... University Law College.
	Dam, Nagendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	Das, Benimadhab	... University Law College.
	" Bijaychandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 90.
	" Dwijendrachandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Kumudbihari	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
	" Madhabchandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Mahendrakumar	... University Law College.
	" Rajendralal	... Ripon Law College.
	" Rohininandan	... University Law College.
100	" Sahadeb	... Ditto.
	" Sailendramohan	... Ditto.
	" Sauatkumar	... Ditto.
	" Saratchandra	... Ditto.
	" Satyendranath	... Ditto.
	Dasharman, Purshottam	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 46.
	Dasgupta, Jagadischandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 84.
	" Subodhchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 54.
	Dasmahapatra, Rohininandan	... University Law College.
	Datta, Anilchandra	... Ditto.
110	" Anukulechandra	... Ditto.
	" Harakumar	... Ditto.
	" Jogeschaudra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Praphollakumar	... University Law College.
	" Pulinbihari	... Ditto.
	" Sasankasekhar	... Ditto.
	Dattachaudhuri, Anathbandhu	... Ditto.
	Dattagupta, Rajanikumar	... Ripon Law College.
	De, Bilutibhushan	... University Law College.
	" Brajagopal	... Ditto.
120	" Goshthabihari	... Ditto.
	" Nalinikanta	... Earle Law College, Gauhati.
	" Sudhanalinikanta	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 60.
	" Sureschandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 11.
	Deb, Kapilendrakashna	... University Law College.
	Fazlur Rahman	... Ripon Law College.
	Gangopadhyay, Kalipada	... University Law College.
	" Mohiniimohan	... Ditto.
	Ghosh, Atulkrishna	... Ditto.
130	" Bibhulicharan	... Ditto.
	" Binaykrishna	... Ditto.
	" Birajmohan	... Ditto.
	" Jitendranath	... Ditto.
	" Jyotirindranath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Kannal Krishna	... University Law College.
	" Kshirodchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 61.
	" Kshirodmohan	... University Law College.
	" Kulendramohan	... Ditto.
	" Prabhasschandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 44.
	" Salikumar	... University Law College.

140	Ghosh, Sarbaribhushan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 97.
	" Sudhendumohan	... University Law College.
	Golam Rahman	... Ditto.
	Goswami, Nilmani	... Ditto.
	" Srischandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Guha, Ushakanta	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 91.
	Guhathakurta, Kanailal	... University Law College.
	Guin, Asutosh	... Ditto.
	Gupta, Ajitkanta	... Ditto.
	" Dwijeschandrag	... Ditto.
150	" Nagendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Rajkisorprasad	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 53.
	Hajra, Girjabhushan	... University Law College.
	Halder, Parbaticharan	... Dacca Law College.
	Himmat Ali	... University Law College.
	Hor, Debendralal	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 58.
	Jahiruddin Biswas	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 51.
	Jamaluddin Ahmed	... Ripon Law College.
	Jha, Ramnarayan	... University Law College.
	Kasiruddin Talukdar	... Ditto.
160	Kazi Mahammed, Badiuzzaman	... Ripon Law College.
	Khandkar Azizur Rahman	... Ditto.
	Konar, Satkari	... University Law College.
	Kumar, Prabodhkrishna	... Ripon Law College.
	Kundu, Bhabanicharan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 22.
	" Girindranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 30.
	" Sudhirochandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 136.
	Laha, Rameschandra	... University Law College.
	Lahiri, Subodhchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 104.
	M. Fazlur Rahman	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 16.
170	Magbul Ahmed	... Ripon Law College
	Mahammed Ibrahim	... Ditto.
	Mahammed Makbul Hossain	... Ditto.
	Mahapatra, Sauriprasad	... University Law College.
	Mahatabuddin Khan	... Ripon Law College
	Mahmud Abdul Gaffoor	... Ditto.
	Maitra, Aswinikumar	... University Law College
	Majibur Rahman	... Ditto.
	Majumdar, Bibekranjan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 55.
	" Jogeschandra	... University Law College.
180	" Kshirodechandra	... Ripon Law College.
	" Surechandra	... University Law College.
	Mal, Purnachandra	... Ditto.
	Mallik, Bibhutibhushan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 54.
	" Madhusudan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 105.
	Md. Abdul Majid	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 108.
	Md. Hasratulla	... University Law College.
	Misra, Gatiwar	... Ditto.
	Mitra, Dhirendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 125.
	" Praphullakumar, II	... University Law College.
190	" Sachindranath, I	... Ditto.
	" Santoshkumar	... Ditto.
	Mitter, Cicil	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 74.
	Mohammad Mozaffar	... Ripon Law College.
	Mohammad Mohsin	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 95
	Montazuddin Ahamed	... Ripon Law College.
	Muhammed Azizal-Haque	... Ditto.
	Mukhopadhyay, Banbihari	... University Law College.
	" Basantakumar	... Ditto.
	" Bhupendrakumar	... Ditto.
200	" Binaykumar	... Ditto.
	" Durgacharan	... Ditto.
	" Gopalchandra	... Ditto.
	" Jangirarajan	... Ditto.
	" Ketramohan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 102.
	" Loknath	... University Law College.
	" Nabakrishna	... Ripon Law College.
	" Narondranarayan	... University Law College.
	" Nikhilkumar	... Ditto.
	" Prabhakar	... Ditto.
210	Mazaffar Ullah	... Ripon Law College.
	Nanda, Jitenbihari	... Ditto.
	" Nagendranath	... University Law College
	Nandi, Manomohan	... Ditto.
	Nath, Rajanikanta	... Ditto.
	" Rajkumar	... Ripon Law College.
	Naziruddin Choudhury	... Ditto.
	Niamot Ali	... University Law College.
	Niyogi, Satyacharan	... Ditto.
	Pal, Bibhutikumar	... Ditto.
220	" Jitendrapath	... Ripon Law College
	" Satishchandra	... Ditto.

	Pandit, Ajitnath	...	University Law College.
	Poddar, Nisikanta	...	Ditto.
	Rakshit, Jitendramohan	...	Ditto.
	Ray, Abanikanta	...	Ditto.
	" Bhabaranjan	...	Ditto.
	" Bimalkumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 77.
	" Bimanbilas	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 49.
	" Biswanath	...	University Law College.
230	" Dwijendranath, I	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jnanendrakumar	...	University Law College.
	" Kshitischandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 66.
	" Radhasyam	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 39.
	" Rajendranath	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Ramkisor	...	University Law College.
	" Sailendranath	...	Ditto.
	" Saktisekharewar	...	Ditto.
	" Sudhirkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Surendrakumar	...	Ripon Law College.
240	" Syamascharan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 41.
	" Upendrachandra	...	University Law College.
	Saha, Girishchandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jagatbandhu	...	University Law College.
	" Manomohan	...	Ditto.
	" Rajendrachandra	...	Ditto.
	Sarkar, Birendranath	...	Ditto.
	" Jogendranath	...	Ditto.
	" Krishnaprasad	...	Ditto.
	" Madhusudan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 101.
250	" Maninathanath	...	University Law College.
	" Prakaschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Pulinbihari	...	Ditto.
	" Sachindranath	...	Ditto.
	" Umeschandra	...	Ditto.
	Sen, Asitkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Charukamal	...	Ditto.
	" Dhirendranath	...	Ditto.
	" Kshitischandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 122.
	" Lalbihari	...	University Law College.
260	" Saileschandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 124.
	Sengupta, Jaminiranjau	...	University Law College.
	" Kumudlochan	...	Ditto.
	" Sitalchandra	...	Ditto.
	Senray, Prabhatchandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 133.
	Sh. Sajjad Ali	...	University Law College.
	Shaikh Mohommad Ali	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 37.
	Shaikh, Mohomad Eunos	...	University Law College.
	Shamsul Huq, I	...	Ditto.
	Sheriff Shamsuddin	...	Ripon Law College.
270	Sinha, Haridas	...	University Law College.
	" Sriachandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 68
	Tapadar Gopalchandra	...	University Law College.
	Tha Zan Hla	...	Ditto.
	Toazuddin Ahmed	...	Ditto.
	Tripathi, Hrishikes	...	Ditto.
276	Zainul Abedin	...	Ditto.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 28th March 1923.

Programme of the Technological Examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute, 1923.

Subject.	Day.	Date.	Hours of examination.
Centre I—Government Weaving Institute, Serampore.			
			A.M. P.M.
Cotton Spinning, Grade II	...	Saturday	... 28th April ... 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Spinning, Final (Section A)	...	Ditto	... 28th " ... 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Dyeing, Grade I	...	Monday	... 30th " ... 10-30 to 1-30
Cotton Dyeing, Final	...	Ditto	... 30th " ... 10-30 to 1-30
Wool Dyeing, Grade I	...	Wednesday	... 2nd May ... 10-30 to 1-30
Jute Weaving, Grade I	...	Thursday	... 3rd " ... 10-30 to 1-30
Section B Chemistry as applied to Cotton Industry.	...	Ditto	... 3rd " ... 10-30 to 1-30
Silk Dyeing, Grade I	...	Friday	... 4th " ... 10-30 to 1-30
Cotton Spinning, Grade I	...	Saturday	... 5th " ... 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Weaving (Plain and Fancy), Grade I	...	Ditto	... 5th " ... 10-30 to 2-30
Jute Weaving, Grade II	...	Ditto	... 5th " ... 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Weaving (Plain and Fancy), Grade II.	...	Ditto	... 12th " ... 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Weaving (Plain and Fancy), Final (Section B).	...	Ditto	... 12th " ... 10-30 to 2-30

Subject.	Day.	Date.	Hours of examination.
Centre II—Government Commercial Institute, 285, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.			
			A.M. P.M.
Electrical Engineering, Grade I ...	Monday	30th April	11 to 2
Electrical Engineering, Grade II, Continuous current.	Ditto	30th "	11 to 2
Electrical Engineering, Final, 1st paper ...	Ditto	30th "	11 to 2
Motor Car Engineering, Grade I ...	Ditto	30th "	11 to 2
Motor Car Engineering, Grade II ...	Ditto	30th "	11 to 2
Motor Car Engineering, Final (Written) ...	Ditto	30th "	11 to 2
Mechanical Engineering, Division I, Grade I.	Tuesday	1st May	11 to 2
Electrical Engineering, Grade II, Alternate current.	Wednesday	2nd "	11 to 2
Electrical Engineering, Final (2nd paper)	Ditto	2nd "	11 to 2
Motor Car Engineering, Final (Drawing)	Ditto	2nd "	11 to 2
Mechanical Engineering, Division I Grade II (written).	Thursday	3rd "	11 to 2
Mechanical Engineering, Division II, Grade II.	Ditto	3rd "	11 to 2
Mechanical Engineering (Divisions 1 & 2), Final.	Ditto	3rd "	11 to 2
Railway Carriage Building, Grade I ...	Ditto	3rd "	11 to 2
Railway Carriage Building, Final (Written)	Ditto	3rd "	11 to 2
Telephony, Grade I ...	Ditto	3rd "	11 to 2
Telephony, Final ...	Friday	4th "	11 to 2
Structural Engineering, Grade I ...	Ditto	4th "	11 to 2
Mechanical Engineering, Division I, Grade II (Drawing)	Saturday	5th "	11 to 3
Mechanical Engineering, Division II, Final (Drawing).	Ditto	5th "	11 to 3
Railway Carriage Building, Final (Drawing).	Ditto	5th "	11 to 3

Centre III—Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.

Cotton Dyeing, Grade I ...	Monday	30th April	10-30 to 1-30
Wool Dyeing, Grade I ...	Wednesday	2nd May	10-30 to 1-30
Silk Dyeing, Grade I ...	Friday	4th "	10-30 to 1-30

E. HOOGEWERF,

Secretary, City and Guilds Examination Committee, Bengal.

40-1A, FREE SCHOOL STREET, CALCUTTA, the 23rd March 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1923.

PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 23rd February, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1923.

An Act to provide for the restriction and control of the transport of cotton in certain circumstances.

WHEREAS it is expedient for the purpose of maintaining the quality and reputation of the cotton grown in certain areas in British India to enable the restriction and control of the transport by rail and the import of cotton into those areas : it is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Cotton Transport Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "certified copy," in relation to a licence, means a copy of the licence certified in the manner described in section 76 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, by the authority by which the licence was granted ;

I of 1872.

(b) "cotton" means every kind of unmanufactured cotton, that is to say, ginned and unginned cotton, cotton waste and cotton seed ;

(c) "cotton waste" means droppings, strippings, fly and other waste products of a cotton-mill other than yarn waste ;

(d) "licence" means a licence granted under this Act ;

(e) "notified station" means a railway station specified in a notification under section 3 ;

(f) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act ; and

(g) "protected area" means an area into which the import of cotton or of any kind of cotton has been prohibited by a notification under section 3.

Power to issue notification prohibiting import of cotton into protected area.

3. (1) The Local Government may, for the purpose of maintaining the quality or reputation of the cotton grown in any area in the Province, by notification in the local official Gazette, prohibit the import of cotton or of any specified kind of cotton into that area save under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a licence :

Provided that no such notification shall be deemed to prohibit the import into any protected area of packages containing any kind of cotton and not exceeding ten pounds avoirdupois weight.

(2) Any such notification may prohibit the delivery to, and the taking of delivery by, any person, at any specified railway station situated in the protected area, of any cotton, the import of which into that area is prohibited when such cotton has been consigned from a railway station not situated in that area, unless such person holds a licence for the import of the cotton into that area.

Refusal to carry unlicensed cotton.

4. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Railways Act, 1890, or any other law for the time being in force, the station master of any railway station or any other railway servant responsible for the booking of goods or parcels at that station may refuse to receive for carriage at, or to forward or allow to be carried on the railway from, that station any cotton consigned to a notified station, being cotton of a kind of which the delivery at such notified station has been prohibited unless both stations are in the same protected area, or unless the consignor produces a certified copy of a licence for the import of the cotton into the protected area in which such notified station is situated.

IX of 1890.

(2) Every certified copy of a licence when so produced shall be attached to the invoice or way-bill, as the case may be, and shall accompany the consignment to its destination, and shall there be dealt with in the prescribed manner.

(3) Where by or under any law in force in the territories of any State in India the import into any area, or the delivery at any railway station, of cotton or of any kind of cotton has been prohibited, the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that the provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply in respect of cotton consigned to any such station as if such area and such station were respectively a protected area and a notified station, and as if any licence granted under such law were a licence granted under this Act.

Procedure where cotton arrives at notified station.

5. (1) Where any cotton, the import of which into any protected area has been prohibited, has been consigned to and arrives at a notified station in any such protected area, the station master or other railway servant responsible for the receipt and delivery to the consignee of goods or parcels, as the case may be, at that station shall, unless both the notified station and the railway station from which the cotton has been consigned are situated in the same protected area, refuse to deliver the cotton until he is satisfied that the consignee holds a licence for the import of the cotton into the protected area in which such notified station is situated; and, if he is not so satisfied, or if within fourteen days the consignee or some person acting on his behalf does not appear in order to take delivery shall return the cotton to the railway station from which it was consigned, together with an intimation that delivery of the cotton has been refused or has not been taken, as the case may be.

(2) Any station master or other railway servant receiving any cotton returned under sub-section (1), or returned with a like intimation from a railway station specified in a notification under sub-section (3) of section 4, shall cause to be served on the consignor in any manner authorised by section 141 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, a notice stating that the cotton has been so returned and requiring the consignor to pay any rate, terminal or other charges due in respect of the carriage of the cotton to and from the railway station to which it was consigned, and such charges shall be deemed to be due from the consignor for all the purposes of section 55 of that Act.

IX of 1890.

Penalties.

6. Any person who, in contravention, of the provisions of this Act or of any notification or rule made hereunder, knowingly takes delivery of any cotton from a notified station or imports, or attempts to import, any cotton into a protected area, and any station master or other railway servant who, in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5, without reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, delivers any cotton to a consignee or other person, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, and upon any subsequent conviction to imprisonment which may extend to three months, or to fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or to both.

Power to make rules.

7. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, make rules to provide for any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the prevention of the import into a protected area by road, river or sea, save under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence, of cotton the import of which into that area has been prohibited by a notification under section 3 ;
- (b) the terms and conditions to be contained in licences and the authorities by which they may be granted ; and
- (c) the manner in which licences and certified copies thereof shall be dealt with on and after the delivery of the cotton to which they relate.

(2) Any such rules may provide that any contravention thereof or of the conditions of any licence, not otherwise made punishable by this Act, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Previous approval of Local Legislature to issue of notifications and rules.

8. No notification under section 3 or rule under section 7 shall be issued by the Local Government of any Governor's Province, unless it has been laid in draft before the Legislative Council of the Province, and has been approved by a resolution of the Legislative Council, either with or without modification or addition, but upon such approval being given the notification or rule, as the case may be, may be issued in the form in which it has been so approved.

Protection for acts done under Act.

9. No suit or other legal proceedings shall be instituted against any person in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 23rd February 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1923.

An Act to amend and consolidate the law relating to the regulation and inspection of mines.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the law relating to the regulation and inspection of mines; it is hereby enacted as follows :—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Mines Act, 1923.
- (2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Sonthal Parganas.
- (3) It shall come into force on the first day of July, 1924.

Saving of Reg. XII of 1887.

2. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect the XII of 1887. provisions of the Upper Burma Ruby Regulation, 1887.

Definition

3. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "agent," when used in relation to a mine, means any person appointed or acting as the representative of the owner in respect of the management of the mine or of any part thereof, and as such superior to a manager under this Act;
- (b) "Chief Inspector" means the Chief Inspector of Mines appointed under this Act;
- (c) "child" means a person under the age of thirteen years;
- (d) a person is said to be "employed" in a mine who works under appointment by or with the knowledge of the manager, whether for wages or not, in any mining operation, or in cleaning or oiling any part of any machinery used in or about the mine, or in any other kind of work whatsoever incidental to, or connected with, mining operations;
- (e) "Inspector" means an Inspector of Mines appointed under this Act, and includes a District Magistrate when exercising any power or performing any duty of an Inspector which he is empowered by this Act to exercise or perform;
- (f) "mine" means any excavation where any operation for the purpose of searching for or obtaining minerals has been or is being carried on, and includes all works, machinery, tramways and sidings, whether above or below ground, in or adjacent to or belonging to a mine;

Provided that it shall not include any part of such premises on which a manufacturing process is being carried on unless such process is a process for coke making or the dressing of minerals;

- (g) "owner," when used in relation to a mine, means any person who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of the mine or of any part thereof, but does not include a person who merely receives a royalty, rent or fine from the mine or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease, grant or license for the working thereof, or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine; but any contractor for the working of a mine or any part thereof shall be subject to this Act in like manner as if he were an owner, but not so as to exempt the owner from any liability;
- (h) "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations, rules or bye-laws;
- (i) "qualified medical practitioner" means any person registered under the Medical Act, 1858, or any Act amending the same or under any Act of any Legislature in British India providing for the maintenance of a register of medical practitioners, and includes, in any area where no such last-mentioned Act is in force, any person declared by the Local Government, by notification in the local official Gazette, to be a qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of this Act; 21 & 22 Vict. c. 90.
- (j) "regulations," "rules" and "bye-laws" mean respectively regulations, rules and bye-laws made under this Act;
- (k) "serious bodily injury" means any injury which involves, or in all probability will involve, the permanent loss of the use of, or permanent injury to, any limb, or the permanent loss of or injury to the sight or hearing, or the fracture of any limb or the enforced absence of the injured person from work for a period exceeding twenty days; and
- (l) "week" means the period between midnight on Saturday night and midnight on the succeeding Saturday night.

CHAPTER II.

INSPECTORS.

Chief Inspector
and Inspectors.

4. (1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint a duly qualified person to be Chief Inspector of Mines for the whole of British India, and duly qualified persons to be Inspectors of Mines subordinate to the Chief Inspector.

(2) No person shall be appointed to be Chief Inspector, or an Inspector, or, having been appointed, shall continue to hold such office who is or becomes directly or indirectly interested in any mine or mining rights in India.

(3) The District Magistrate may exercise the powers and perform the duties of an Inspector subject to the general or special orders of the Local Government:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to empower a District Magistrate to exercise any of the powers conferred by section 19 or section 32.

(4) The Chief Inspector and every Inspector shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

Functions
of
Inspectors.

5. (1) The Chief Inspector may, by order in writing, prohibit or restrict the exercise by any Inspector named, or any class of Inspectors specified, in the order of any power conferred on Inspectors by this Act, and shall, subject as aforesaid, declare the local area or areas within which, or the group or class of mines with respect to which, Inspectors shall exercise their respective powers.

(2) The Inspector shall give information to owners, agents and managers of mines, situate within the local area or areas or belonging to the group or class of mines, in respect of which

XLV of 1860.

he exercises powers under sub-section (1) as to all regulations and rules which concern them respectively and as to the places where copies of such regulations and rules may be obtained.

Powers of Inspectors of Mines.

6. The Chief Inspector and any Inspector may—

- (a) make such examination and inquiry as he thinks fit in order to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act and of the regulations, rules and bye-laws and of any orders made thereunder are observed in the case of any mine;
- (b) with such assistants (if any) as he thinks fit, enter, inspect and examine any mine or any part thereof at any reasonable time by day or night, but not so as unreasonably to impede or obstruct the working of the mine;
- (c) examine into, and make inquiry respecting, the state and condition of any mine or any part thereof, the ventilation of the mine, the sufficiency of the bye-laws for the time being in force relating to the mine and all matters and things connected with or relating to the safety of the persons employed in the mine.

Powers of special officer to enter, measure, etc.

7. Any person in the service of the Government duly authorised by a special order in writing of the Chief Inspector or of an Inspector in this behalf may, for the purpose of surveying, levelling or measuring in any mine, after giving not less than three days' notice to the manager of such mine, enter the mine and may survey, level or measure the mine or any part thereof at any reasonable time by day or night, but not so as unreasonably to impede or obstruct the working of the mine.

Facilities to be afforded to inspectors.

8. Every owner, agent and manager of a mine shall afford the Chief Inspector and every Inspector and every person authorised under section 7 all reasonable facilities for making any entry, inspection, survey, measurement, examination or inquiry under this Act.

Secrecy of information obtained.

9. (1) All copies of, and extracts from, registers or other records appertaining to any mine, and all other information acquired by the Chief Inspector or an Inspector or by any one assisting him, in the course of the inspection of any mine under this Act or acquired by any person authorised under section 7 in the exercise of his duties thereunder, shall be regarded as confidential.

(2) If the Chief Inspector, or an Inspector or any other person referred to in sub-section (1) discloses to any one, other than a Magistrate or an officer to whom he is subordinate, any such information as aforesaid without the consent of the Governor or General in Council or of the Local Government, he shall be guilty of a breach of official trust, and shall be punishable in the manner provided by section 4 of the Indian Official Secrets Act, 1889.

XV of 1889.

(3) No Court shall proceed to the trial of any offence under this section except on complaint made by order of, or under authority from, the Governor General in Council or the Local Government, or made by a person aggrieved by the offence.

CHAPTER III.

MINING BOARDS AND COMMITTEES.

Mining Boards.

10. (1) The Local Government may constitute for the province, or for any part of the province, or for any group or class of mines in the province, a Mining Board consisting of—

- (a) a person in the service of the Government, not being the Chief Inspector or an Inspector, nominated by the Local Government to act as chairman;
- (b) the Chief Inspector or an Inspector;

(c) two persons, neither of whom shall be the Chief Inspector or an Inspector nominated by the Local Government, of whom one shall be a person qualified to represent the interests of persons employed in mines;

(d) two persons nominated by owners of mines or their representatives in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) The chairman shall appoint a person to act as secretary to the Board.

(3) The Local Government may give directions as to the payment of travelling expenses incurred by the secretary or any member of any such Mining Board in the performance of his duty as such secretary or member.

Committees

11. (1) Where under this Act any question relating to a mine is referred to a Committee, the Committee shall consist of—

(a) chairman nominated by the Local Government or by such officer or authority as the Local Government may authorise in this behalf;

(b) a person nominated by the chairman and qualified by experience to dispose of the question referred to the Committee; and

(c) two persons of whom one shall be nominated by the owner, agent or manager of the mine concerned, and the other shall be nominated by the Local Government to represent the interests of the persons employed in the mine.

(2) No Inspector or person employed in or in the management of any mine concerned shall serve as chairman or member of a Committee appointed under this section.

(3) Where an owner, agent or manager fails to exercise his power of nomination under clause (c) of sub-section (1), the Committee may, notwithstanding such failure, proceed to inquire into and dispose of the matter referred to it.

(4) The Committee shall hear and record such information as the Chief Inspector or the Inspector, or the owner, agent or manager of the mine concerned, may place before it, and shall intimate its decision to the Chief Inspector or the Inspector and to the owner, agent or manager of the mine, and shall report its decision to the Local Government.

(5) On receiving such report the Local Government shall pass orders in conformity therewith unless the Chief Inspector or the owner, agent or manager of the mine has lodged an objection to the decision of the Committee, in which case the Local Government may proceed to review such decision and to pass such orders in the matter as it may think fit. If an objection is lodged by the Chief Inspector, notice of the same shall forthwith be given to the owner, agent or manager of the mine.

(6) The Local Government may give directions as to the remuneration, if any, to be paid to the members of the Committee or any of them, and as to the payment of the expenses of the inquiry including such remuneration.

Powers of Mining Boards.

12. (1) Any Mining Board constituted under section 10 and any Committee constituted under section 11 may exercise such of the powers of an Inspector under this Act as it thinks necessary or expedient to exercise for the purpose of deciding or reporting upon any matter referred to it.

(2) Every Mining Board constituted under section 10 and every Committee appointed under section 11 shall have the powers of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purpose of enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents and material objects; and every person required by any such Mining Board or Committee to furnish information before it shall be deemed to be legally bound to do so within the meaning of section 176 of the Indian Penal Code.

V of 1908

XLV of 1860.

Recovery of expenses.

13. The Local Government may direct that the expenses of any inquiry conducted by a Mining Board constituted under section 10 or by a Committee appointed under section 11 shall be borne in whole or in part by the owner or agent of the mine concerned, and the amount so directed to be paid may, on application by the Chief Inspector or an Inspector to a Magistrate having jurisdiction at the place where the mine is situated or where such owner or agent is for the time being resident, be recovered by the distress and sale of any moveable property within the limits of the Magistrate's jurisdiction belonging to such owner, agent or manager.

CHAPTER IV.

MINING OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT OF MINES.

Notice to be given of mining operations.

14. The owner, agent or manager of a mine shall, in the case of an existing mine within one month from the commencement of this Act, or, in the case of a new mine, within three months after the commencement of mining operations, give to the District Magistrate of the district in which the mine is situated notice in writing in such form and containing such particulars relating to the mine as may be prescribed.

Managers.

15. (1) Save as may be otherwise prescribed, every mine shall be under one manager who shall have the prescribed qualifications and shall be responsible for the control, management and direction of the mine, and the owner or agent of every mine shall appoint himself or some other person, having such qualifications, to be such manager.

(2) If any mine is worked without there being a manager for the mine as required by sub-section (1), the owner and agent shall each be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this section.

Duties and responsibilities of owners, agents and managers.

16. (1) The owner, agent and manager of every mine shall be responsible that all operations carried on in connection therewith are conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Act and of the regulations, rules and bye-laws and of any orders made thereunder.

(2) In the event of any contravention of any such provisions by any person whomsoever, the owner, agent and manager of the mine shall each be deemed also to be guilty of such contravention unless he proves that he had taken all reasonable means, by publishing and to the best of his power enforcing those provisions, to prevent such contravention:

Provided that the owner or agent shall not be so deemed if he proves—

- (a) that he was not in the habit of taking, and did not in respect of the matter in question take, any part in the management of the mine; and
- (b) that he had made all the financial and other provisions necessary to enable the manager to carry out his duties; and
- (c) that the offence was committed without his knowledge, consent or connivance.

(3) Save as hereinbefore provided, it shall not be a defence in any proceedings brought against an owner or agent of a mine under this section that a manager of the mine has been appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

CHAPTER V.

PROVISIONS AS TO HEALTH AND SAFETY.

Conservancy.

17. There shall be provided and maintained for every mine latrine and urinal accommodation of such kind and on such scale, and such supply of water fit for drinking, as may be prescribed.

Medical appli-
ances.

18. At every mine in respect of which the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare this section to apply, such supply of ambulances or stretchers, and of splints, bandages and other medical requirements, as may be prescribed, shall be kept ready at hand in a convenient place and in good and serviceable order.

Powers of
Inspectors when
causes of danger
not expressly
provided against
exist or when
employment of
persons is dan-
gerous.

19. (1) If, in any respect which is not provided against by any express provision of this Act or of the regulations, rules or bye-laws or of any orders made thereunder, it appears to the Chief Inspector or the Inspector that any mine, or any part thereof or any matter, thing or practice in or connected with the mine, or with the control, management or direction thereof, is dangerous to human life or safety, or defective so as to threaten, or tend to, the bodily injury of any person, he may give notice in writing thereof to the owner, agent or manager of the mine, and shall state in the notice the particulars in which he considers the mine, or part thereof, or the matter, thing or practice, to be dangerous or defective and require the same to be remedied within such time as he may specify in the notice.

(2) If the Chief Inspector or an Inspector authorised in this behalf by general or special order in writing by the Chief Inspector is of opinion that there is urgent and immediate danger to the life or safety of any person employed in any mine or part thereof, he may, by an order in writing containing a statement of the grounds of his opinion, prohibit, until the danger is removed, the employment in or about the mine or part thereof of any person whose employment is not in his opinion reasonably necessary for the purpose of removing the danger.

(3) Where an order has been made under sub-section (2) by an Inspector, the owner, agent or manager of the mine may, within ten days after the receipt of the order, appeal against the same to the Chief Inspector who may confirm, modify or cancel the order.

(4) The Chief Inspector or the Inspector making a requisition under sub-section (1) or an order under sub-section (2), and the Chief Inspector making an order (other than an order of cancellation) in appeal under sub-section (3), shall forthwith report the same to the Local Government and shall inform the owner, agent or manager of the mine that such report has been so made.

(5) If the owner, agent or manager of the mine objects to a requisition made under sub-section (1) or to an order made by the Chief Inspector under sub-section (2), or sub-section (3), he may, within twenty days after the receipt of the notice containing the requisition or of the order or after the date of the decision of the appeal, as the case may be, send his objection in writing, stating the grounds thereof, to the Local Government, which shall refer the same to a Committee.

(6) Every requisition made under sub-section (1), or order made under sub-section (2), or sub-section (3) to which objection is made under sub-section (5), shall be complied with pending the receipt at the mine of the decision of the Committee:

Provided that the Committee may, on the application of the owner, agent or manager, suspend the operation of a requisition under sub-section (1) pending its decision on the objection.

(7) Nothing in this section shall affect the powers of a Magistrate under section 144 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

V of 1898.

Notice to be
given of accidents.

20. When any accident occurs in or about a mine causing loss of life or serious bodily injury, or when an accidental explosion, ignition, outbreak of fire or irruption of water occurs in or about a mine, the owner, agent or manager of the mine shall give such notice of the occurrence to such authorities, and in such form, and within such time, as may be prescribed.

Power of Government to appoint court of inquiry in cases of accidents.

21. (1) When any accidental explosion, ignition, out-break of fire or irruption of water or other accident has occurred in or about any mine, the Local Government, if it is of opinion that a formal inquiry into the causes of, and circumstances attending, the accident ought to be held, may appoint a competent person to hold such inquiry, and may also appoint any person or persons possessing legal or special knowledge to act as assessor or assessors in holding the inquiry.

(2) The person appointed to hold any such inquiry shall have all the powers of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purpose of enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents, and material objects; and every person required by such person as aforesaid to furnish any information shall be deemed to be legally bound to do so within the meaning of section 176 of the Indian Penal Code.

V of 1908.

XLV of 1900.

(3) Any person holding an inquiry under this section may exercise such of the powers of an Inspector under this Act as he may think it necessary or expedient to exercise for the purposes of the inquiry.

(4) The person holding an inquiry under this section shall make a report to the Local Government stating the causes of the accident and its circumstances, and adding any observations which he or any of the assessors may think fit to make.

Publication of reports.

22. The Local Government may cause any report submitted by a Committee under section 11 or by a court of inquiry under section 21 to be published at such time and in such manner as it may think fit.

CHAPTER VI.

HOURS AND LIMITATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

Hours of employment.

23. No person shall be employed in a mine—

- (a) on more than six days in any one week,
- (b) if he works above ground, for more than sixty hours in any one week,
- (c) if he works below ground, for more than fifty-four hours in any one week.

Supervising staff.

24. Nothing in section 23 shall apply to persons who may by rules be defined to be persons holding positions of supervision or management or employed in a confidential capacity.

Exemption from provisions regarding employment

25. In case of an emergency involving serious risk to the safety of the mine or of persons employed therein, the manager may, subject to the provisions of section 19, permit persons to be employed in contravention of section 23 on such work as may be necessary to protect the safety of the mine or of the persons employed therein:

Provided that, where such occasion arises, a record of the fact shall immediately be made by the manager and shall be placed before the Chief Inspector or the Inspector at his next inspection of the mine.

Children.

26. No child shall be employed in a mine, or be allowed to be present in any part of a mine which is below ground.

Disputes as to age.

27. (1) If any question arises between the Chief Inspector or the Inspector and the manager of any mine as to whether any person is a child, the question shall, in the absence of a certificate as to the age of such person granted in the prescribed manner, be referred by the Chief Inspector or the Inspector for decision to a qualified medical practitioner.

(2) Every certificate as to the age of a person which has been granted in the prescribed manner and any certificate granted by a qualified medical practitioner on a reference under sub-section (1) shall, for the purposes of this Act, be conclusive evidence as to the age of the person to whom it relates.

Register
employees.

of 28. For every mine there shall be kept in the prescribed form and place a register of all persons employed in the mine, of their hours of work, of their days of rest, and of the nature of their respective employments.

CHAPTER VII.

REGULATIONS, RULES AND BYE-LAWS.

Power of
Governor General
in Council to
make regulations.

29. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make regulations consistent with this Act for all or any of the following purposes, namely:—

- (a) for prescribing the qualifications to be required by a person for appointment as Chief Inspector or Inspector ;
- (b) for prescribing and regulating the duties and powers of the Chief Inspector and of Inspectors in regard to the inspection of mines under this Act ;
- (c) for prescribing the duties of owners, agents and managers of mines and of persons acting under them ;
- (d) for prescribing the qualifications of managers of mines and of persons acting under them ;
- (e) for regulating the manner of ascertaining, by examination or otherwise, the qualifications of managers of mines and persons acting under them, and the granting and renewal of certificates of competency ;
- (f) for fixing the fees, if any, to be paid in respect of such examinations and of the grant and renewal of such certificates ;
- (g) for determining the circumstances in which and the conditions subject to which it shall be lawful for more mines than one to be under a single manager or for any mine or mines to be under a manager not having the prescribed qualifications ;
- (h) for providing for the making of inquiries into charges of misconduct or incompetency on the part of managers of mines and persons acting under them and for the suspension and cancellation of certificates of competency ;
- (i) for regulating, subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and of any rules made there- IV of 1884.
under, the storage and use of explosives ;
- (j) for prohibiting, restricting or regulating the employment in mines or in any class of mines of women either below ground or on particular kinds of labour which are attended by danger to the life, safety or health of such women ;
- (k) for providing for the safety of the persons employed in a mine, their means of entrance thereto and exit therefrom, the number of shafts or outlets to be furnished, and the fencing of shafts, pits, outlets, pathways and subsidences ;
- (l) for providing for the safety of the roads and working places in mines, including the fitting and maintenance of pillars and the maintenance of sufficient barriers between mine and mine ;
- (m) for providing for the ventilation of mines and the action to be taken in respect of dust and noxious gases ;
- (n) for providing for the care, and the regulation of the use, of all machinery and plant and of all electrical apparatus used for signalling purposes ;
- (o) for requiring and regulating the use of safety lamps in mines ;
- (p) for providing against dangers arising out of the accumulation of water in mines ;
- (q) for prescribing the notices of accidents and dangerous occurrences, and the notices, reports and returns of mineral output, persons employed and other matters provided for by regulations, to be furnished by owners, agents and managers of mines, and for prescribing the forms of such notices, returns and reports, the persons and authorities to whom they are to be furnished, the particulars to be contained in them, and the time within which they are to be submitted ;

- (r) for prescribing the plans to be kept by owners, agents and managers of mines and the manner and places in which such plans are to be kept for purposes of record ;
- (s) for regulating the procedure on the occurrence of accidents or accidental explosions or ignitions in or about mines ;
- (t) for prescribing the form of, and the particulars to be contained in, the notice to be given by the owner, agent or manager of a mine under section 14 ; and
- (u) for prescribing the notice to be given by the owner, agent or manager of a mine before mining operations are commenced at or extended to any point within fifty yards of any railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, or of any public work or classes of public works which the Local Government may, by general or special order, specify in this behalf.

IX of 1890.

* Power of Local Governments to make rules.

30. The Local Government may, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, by notification in the local official Gazette, make rules consistent with this Act for all or any of the following purposes, namely :—

- (a) for providing for the appointment of chairmen and members of Mining Boards, and for regulating the procedure of such Boards ;
- (b) for providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry under section 21, for regulating the procedure and powers of such courts, for the payment of travelling allowance to the members, and for the recovery of the expenses of such courts from the manager, owner or agent of the mine concerned ;
- (c) for prescribing the scale of latrine and urinal accommodation to be provided at mines, the provision to be made for the supply of drinking water, the supply and maintenance of medical appliances and comforts, the formation and training of rescue brigades, and the training of men in ambulance work ;
- (d) for defining the persons who shall, for the purposes of section 24, be deemed to be persons holding positions of supervision or management or employed in a confidential capacity ;
- (e) for prohibiting the employment in mines of persons or any class of persons who have not been certified by a qualified medical practitioner to be more than thirteen years of age, and for prescribing the manner and the circumstances in which such certificates may be granted and revoked ;
- (f) for prescribing the form of register required by section 28 ;
- (g) for prescribing abstracts of this Act and the vernacular in which the abstracts and the regulations, rules and bye-laws shall be posted as required by sections 32 and 33 ;
- (h) for requiring the fencing of any mine or part of a mine, whether the same is being worked or not, where such fencing is necessary for the protection of the public ;
- (i) for the protection from injury in respect of any mine when the workings are discontinued, of property vested in His Majesty or any local authority or railway company as defined in the Indian Railways Act, 1890 ;
- (j) for requiring notices, returns and reports in connection with any matters dealt with by rules to be furnished by owners, agents and managers of mines, and for prescribing the forms of such notices, returns and reports, the persons and authorities to whom they are to be furnished, the particulars to be contained in them, and the times within which they are to be submitted ; and

IX of 1890.

- (k) generally to provide for any matter not provided for by this Act or the regulations, provision for which is required in order to give effect to this Act.

Prior publication of regulations and rules.

31. (1) The power to make regulations and rules conferred by sections 29 and 30 is subject to the condition of the regulations and rules being made after previous publication.

(2) The date to be specified in accordance with clause (3) of section 23 of the General Clauses Act, 1897, as that after which a draft of regulations or rules proposed to be made will be taken under consideration, shall not be less than three months from the date on which the draft of the proposed regulations or rules is published for general information. X of 1897.

(3) Before the draft of any regulation or rule is published under this section it shall be referred in the case of a regulation to every Mining Board constituted in British India, and in the case of a rule to every Mining Board constituted in the province; and the regulation or rule shall not be so published until each such Board has had a reasonable opportunity of reporting as to the expediency of making the same and as to the suitability of its provisions.

(4) Regulations and rules shall be published in the Gazette of India and the local official Gazette, respectively, and, on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

Bye-laws.

32. (1) The owner, agent or manager of a mine may, and shall, if called upon to do so by the Chief Inspector or Inspector, frame and submit to the Chief Inspector or Inspector a draft of such bye-laws, not being inconsistent with this Act or any regulations or rules for the time being in force, for the control and guidance of the persons acting in the management of, or employed in, the mine, as such owner, agent or manager may deem necessary to prevent accidents and provide for the safety, convenience and discipline of the persons employed in the mine.

(2) If any such owner, agent or manager—

(a) fails to submit within two months a draft of bye-laws after being called upon to do so by the Chief Inspector or Inspector, or

(b) submits a draft of bye-laws which is not in the opinion of the Chief Inspector or Inspector sufficient,

the Chief Inspector or Inspector may—

(i) propose a draft of such bye-laws as appear to him to be sufficient, or

(ii) propose such amendments in any draft submitted to him by the owner, agent or manager as will, in his opinion, render it sufficient,

and shall send such draft bye-laws or draft amendments to the owner, agent or manager, as the case may be, for consideration.

(3) If within a period of two months from the date on which any draft bye-laws or draft amendments are sent by the Chief Inspector or Inspector to the owner, agent or manager under the provisions of sub-section (2), the Chief Inspector or Inspector and the owner, agent or manager are unable to agree as to the terms of the bye-laws to be made under sub-section (1), the Chief Inspector or Inspector shall refer the draft bye-laws for settlement to the Mining Board or, where there is no Mining Board, to such officer or authority as the Local Government may, by general or special order, appoint in this behalf.

(4) (a) When such draft bye-laws have been agreed to by the owner, agent or manager and the Chief Inspector or Inspector, or, when they are unable to agree, have been settled by the Mining Board or such officer or authority as aforesaid, a copy of the draft bye-laws shall be sent by the Chief Inspector or Inspector to the Local Government for approval.

(b) The Local Government may make such modifications of the draft bye-laws as it thinks fit.

- (c) Before the Local Government approves the draft bye-laws, whether with or without modifications, there shall be published, in such manner as the Local Government may think best adapted for informing the persons affected, notice of the proposal to make the bye-laws and of the place where copies of the draft bye-laws may be obtained, and of the time (which shall not be less than thirty days) within which any objections with reference to the draft bye-laws, made by or on behalf of persons affected, should be sent to the Local Government.
- (d) Every objection shall be in writing and shall state—
- (i) the specific grounds of objection, and
 - (ii) the omissions, additions or modifications asked for.
- (e) The Local Government shall consider any objection made within the required time by or on behalf of persons appearing to it to be affected, and may approve the bye-laws either in the form in which they were published or after making such amendments thereto as it thinks fit.

(5) The bye-laws, when so approved by the Local Government, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act, and the owner, agent or manager of the mine shall cause a copy of the bye-laws, in English and in such vernacular or vernaculars as may be prescribed, to be posted up in some conspicuous place at or near the mine, where the bye-laws may be conveniently read or seen by the persons employed; and as often as the same become defaced, obliterated or destroyed, shall cause them to be renewed with all reasonable despatch.

(6) The Local Government may, by order in writing, rescind, in whole or in part, any bye-law so made, and thereupon such bye-law shall cease to have effect accordingly.

Posting up of
extracts from Act,
regulations, etc.

33. There shall be kept posted up at or near every mine in English and in such vernacular or vernaculars as may be prescribed, the prescribed abstracts of the Act and of the regulations and rules.

CHAPTER VIII.

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE.

Obstruction.

34. (1) Whoever obstructs the Chief Inspector, an Inspector or any person authorised under section 7 in the discharge of his duties under this Act, or refuses or wilfully neglects to afford the Chief Inspector, an Inspector or such person any reasonable facility for making any entry, inspection, examination or inquiry authorised by or under this Act in relation to any mine, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

(2) Whoever refuses to produce on the demand of the Chief Inspector or Inspector any registers or other documents kept in pursuance of this Act, or prevents or attempts to prevent or does anything which he has reason to believe to be likely to prevent, any person from appearing before or being examined by an inspecting officer acting in pursuance of his duties under this Act, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to three hundred rupees.

Falsification of
records, etc.

35. Whoever—

- (a) counterfeits, or knowingly makes a false statement in, any certificate, or any official copy of a certificate, granted under this Act, or
- (b) knowingly uses as true any such counterfeit or false certificate, or

- (c) makes or produces or uses any false declaration, statement or evidence knowing the same to be false, for the purpose of obtaining for himself or for any other person a certificate, or the renewal of a certificate, under this Act, or any employment in a mine, or
- (d) falsifies any plan or register or record the maintenance of which is required by or under this Act, or
- (e) makes, gives or delivers any plan, return, notice, record or report containing a statement, entry or detail which is not to the best of his knowledge or belief true.

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

Omission to
furnish plans, etc

36. Any person who, without reasonable excuse the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, omits to make or furnish in the prescribed form or manner or at or within the prescribed time any plan, return, notice, register, record or report required by or under this Act to be made or furnished shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

Contravention
of provisions regard-
ing employ-
ment of labour.

37. Whoever, save as permitted by section 25, contravenes any provision of this Act or of any regulation, rule or bye-law or of any order made thereunder prohibiting, restricting or regulating the employment or presence of persons in or about a mine shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Notice of acci-
dents.

38. Whoever, in contravention of the provisions of section 20, fails to give notice of any accidental occurrence, shall, if the occurrence results in serious bodily injury, be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or, if the occurrence results in loss of life, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

Disobedience of
orders.

39. Whoever contravenes any provision of this Act or any regulation, rule or bye-law or of any order made thereunder for the contravention of which no penalty is hereinbefore provided shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, and, in the case of a continuing contravention, with a further fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for every day on which the offender is proved to have persisted in the contravention after the date of the first conviction.

Contravention
of law with dan-
gerous results.

40. (1) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, whoever contravenes any provision of this Act or of any regulation, rule or bye-law or of any order made thereunder, shall be punishable, if such contravention results in loss of life, with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both; or, if such contravention results in serious bodily injury, with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both; or, if such contravention otherwise causes injury or danger to workers or other persons in or about the mine, with imprisonment which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

(2) Where a person having been convicted under this section is again convicted thereunder, he shall be punishable with double the punishment provided by sub-section (1).

(3) Any Court imposing, or confirming in appeal, revision or otherwise, a sentence of fine passed under this section may, when passing judgment, order the whole or any part of the fine recovered to be paid as compensation to the person injured, or, in the case of his death, to his legal representative:

Provided that, if the fine is imposed in a case which is subject to appeal, no such payment shall be made before the period allowed for presenting the appeal has elapsed, or, if an appeal has been presented, before the decision of the appeal.

Prosecution of owner, agent or manager.

41. No prosecution shall be instituted against any owner, agent or manager for any offence under this Act except at the instance of the Chief Inspector or of the District Magistrate or of an Inspector authorised in this behalf by general or special order in writing by the Chief Inspector.

Limitation of prosecutions.

42. No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act unless complaint thereof has been made within six months of the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed.

Cognizance of offences

43. No Court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence under this Act which is alleged to have been committed by any owner, agent or manager of a mine or any offence which is by this Act made punishable with imprisonment.

Reference to Mining Board or Committee in lieu of prosecution in certain cases.

44. (1) If the Court trying any case instituted at the instance of the Chief Inspector or of the District Magistrate or of an Inspector under this Act is of opinion that the case is one which should, in lieu of a prosecution, be referred to a Mining Board or a Committee, it may stay the criminal proceedings, and report the matter to the Local Government with a view to such reference being made.

(2) On receipt of a report under sub-section (1), the Local Government may refer the case to a Mining Board or a Committee, or may direct the Court to proceed with the trial.

CHAPTER IX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Decision of question whether mine is under this Act

45. If any question arises as to whether any excavation or working is a mine within the meaning of this Act, the Local Government may decide the question, and a certificate signed by a Secretary to the Local Government shall be conclusive on the point.

Power to exempt from operation of Act.

46. (1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exempt any local area or any mine or group or class of mines or any part of a mine or any class of persons from the operation of all or any specified provisions of this Act :

Provided that no local area or mine or group or class of mines shall be exempted from the provisions of section 26 unless it is also exempted from the operation of all the other provisions of this Act.

(2) On the occurrence of any public emergency, the Local Government may, by an order in writing, confer any exemption which might be conferred by the Governor General in Council under sub-section (1). When such an order is made, a copy thereof shall forthwith be sent to the Governor General in Council.

Power to alter or rescind orders.

47. The Governor General in Council and every Local Government may reverse or modify any order passed under this Act by any authority subject to his or its control, as the case may be.

Application of Act to Crown mines.

48. This Act shall apply to mines belonging to the Crown.

Savings.

49. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding whatever shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

Repeals.

50. On and from the commencement of this Act, the enactments mentioned in the Schedule shall be repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof.

THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 50.)

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
1901	VIII	The Indian Mines Act, 1901.	The whole.
1914	IV	The Decentralisation Act, 1914.	So much of the Schedule as relates to the Indian Mines Act, 1901.
"	X	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1914.	So much of the Second Schedule as relates to the Indian Mines Act, 1901.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 23rd February, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. V OF 1923.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to steam-boilers.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to steam-boilers ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Boilers Act, 1923.
- (2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Santhal Parganas.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "accident" means an explosion of a boiler or steam-pipe or any damage to a boiler or steam-pipe which is calculated to weaken the strength thereof so as to render it liable to explode ;
- (b) "boiler" means any closed vessel exceeding five gallons in capacity which is used expressly for generating steam under pressure for use outside such vessel, and includes any mounting or other fitting attached to such vessel which is wholly or partly under pressure when steam is shut off ;
- (c) "Chief Inspector" and "Inspector" mean, respectively, a person appointed to be a Chief Inspector and an Inspector under this Act ;
- (d) "owner" includes any person using a boiler as agent of the owner thereof and any person using a boiler which he has hired or obtained on loan from the owner thereof ;
- (e) "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations or rules made under this Act ;
- (f) "steam-pipe" means any main pipe exceeding three inches in internal diameter through which steam passes directly from a boiler to a prime-mover or other first user, and includes any connected fitting of a steam-pipe ; and
- (g) "structural alteration, addition or renewal" shall not be deemed to include any renewal or replacement of a petty nature when the part or fitting used for replacement is not inferior in strength, efficiency or otherwise to the replaced part or fitting.

Limitation of application.

3. (1) Nothing in this Act shall apply in the case of any boiler or steam-pipe—

- (a) in any steam-ship as defined in section 3 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884, or in any steam-vessel as defined in section 2 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 ; or
- (b) belonging to or under the control of His Majesty's Navy or the Royal Indian Marine Service.

VII of 1884.
I of 1917.

- (2) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that the provisions of this Act shall not apply in the case of boilers or steam-pipes, or of any specified class of boilers or steam-pipes, belonging to or under the control of any railway administered by the Government or by any railway company as defined in clause (5) of section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

IX of 1890.

Power to limit extent.

4. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exclude any specified area from the operation of all or any specified provisions of this Act.

Appointment of
Chief Inspectors
and Inspectors.

5. (1) The Local Government may appoint such persons as it thinks fit to be Inspectors for the province for the purposes of this Act, and may define the local limits within which each Inspector shall exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred and imposed on Inspectors by or under this Act.

(2) The Local Government shall likewise appoint a person to be Chief Inspector for the province, who may, in addition to the powers and duties conferred or imposed on the Chief Inspector by or under this Act, exercise any power or perform any duty so conferred or imposed on Inspectors.

(3) Every Chief Inspector and every Inspector shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

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Prohibition of
use of unregis-
tered or uncerti-
ficated boiler.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, no owner of a boiler shall use the boiler or permit it to be used—

- (a) unless it has been registered in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
- (b) in the case of any boiler which has been transferred from one province to another, until the transfer has been reported in the prescribed manner;
- (c) unless a certificate or provisional order authorising the use of the boiler is for the time being in force under this Act;
- (d) at a pressure higher than the maximum pressure recorded in such certificate or provisional order;
- (e) where the Local Government has made rules requiring that boilers shall be in charge of persons holding certificates of competency, unless the boiler is in charge of a person holding the certificate required by such rules:

Provided that any boiler registered, or any boiler certified or licensed, under any Act hereby repealed shall be deemed to have been registered or certified, as the case may be, under this Act:

Provided, further, that, until the expiration of twelve months from the commencement of this Act, nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit the use of any boiler in any local area in which the registration of, or a certificate or licence for the use of, a boiler was not previously required by law.

Registration.

7. (1) The owner of any boiler which is not registered under the provisions of this Act may apply to the Inspector to have the boiler registered. Every such application shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-section (1), the Inspector shall fix a date, within thirty days or such shorter period as may be prescribed from the date of the receipt, for the examination of the boiler and shall give the owner thereof not less than ten days' notice of the date so fixed.

(3) On the said date the Inspector shall proceed to measure and examine the boiler and to determine in the prescribed manner the maximum pressure, if any, at which such boiler may be used, and shall report the result of the examination to the Chief Inspector in the prescribed form.

(4) The Chief Inspector, on receipt of the report, may—

- (a) register the boiler and assign a register number thereto either forthwith or after satisfying himself that any structural alteration, addition or renewal which he may deem necessary has been made in or to the boiler or any steam-pipe attached thereto, or
- (b) refuse to register the boiler:

Provided that where the Chief Inspector refuses to register a boiler, he shall forthwith communicate his refusal to the owner of the boiler together with the reasons therefor.

(5) The Chief Inspector shall, on registering the boiler, order the issue to the owner of a certificate in the prescribed form authorising the use of the boiler for a period not exceeding twelve months at a pressure not exceeding such maximum pressure as he thinks fit and as is in accordance with the regulations made under this Act.

(6) The Inspector shall forthwith convey to the owner of the boiler the orders of the Chief Inspector and shall in accordance therewith issue to the owner any certificate of which the issue has been ordered, and, where the boiler has been registered, the owner shall within the prescribed period cause the register number to be permanently marked thereon in the prescribed manner.

Renewal
certificate.

of 8. (1) A certificate authorising the use of a boiler shall cease to be in force—

- (a) on expiry of the period for which it was granted ; or
- (b) when any accident occurs to the boiler ; or
- (c) when the boiler is moved, the boiler not being a vertical boiler the heating surface of which is less than two hundred square feet, or a portable or vehicular boiler ; or
- (d) when any structural alteration, addition or renewal is made in or to the boiler ; or
- (e) if the Chief Inspector in any particular case so directs, when any structural alteration, addition or renewal is made in or to any steam-pipe attached to the boiler ; or
- (f) on the communication to the owner of the boiler of an order of the Chief Inspector or Inspector prohibiting its use on the ground that it or any steam-pipe attached thereto is in a dangerous condition.

(2) Where an order is made under clause (f) of sub-section (1), the grounds on which the order is made shall be communicated to the owner with the order.

(3) When a certificate ceases to be in force, the owner of the boiler may apply to the Inspector for a renewal thereof for such period not exceeding twelve months as he may specify in the application.

(4) An application under sub-section (3) shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee and, on receipt thereof, the Inspector shall fix a date, within thirty days or such shorter period as may be prescribed from the date of the receipt, for the examination of the boiler and shall give the owner thereof not less than ten days' notice of the date so fixed :

Provided that, where the certificate has ceased to be in force owing to the making of any structural alteration, addition or renewal, the Chief Inspector may dispense with the payment of any fee.

(5) On the said date the Inspector shall examine the boiler in the prescribed manner, and if he is satisfied that the boiler and the steam-pipe or steam-pipes attached thereto are in good condition shall issue a renewed certificate authorising the use of the boiler for such period not exceeding twelve months and at a pressure not exceeding such maximum pressure as he thinks fit and as is in accordance with the regulations made under this Act :

Provided that if the Inspector—

- (a) proposes to issue any certificate—
 - (i) having validity for a less period than the period entered in the application, or
 - (ii) increasing or reducing the maximum pressure at which the boiler may be used, or
- (b) proposes to order any structural alteration, addition or renewal to be made in or to the boiler or any steam-pipe attached thereto, or
- (c) is of opinion that the boiler is not fit for use,

the Inspector shall, within forty-eight hours of making the examination, inform the owner of the boiler in writing of his opinion and the reasons therefor, and shall forthwith report the case for orders to the Chief Inspector.

(6) The Chief Inspector, on receipt of a report under sub-section (5), may, subject to the provisions of this Act and of the regulations made hereunder, order the renewal of the certificate in such terms and on such conditions, if any, as he thinks fit ; or may refuse to renew it :

Provided that where the Chief Inspector refuses to renew a certificate, he shall forthwith communicate his refusal to the owner of the boiler, together with the reasons therefor.

(7) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent an owner of a boiler from applying for a renewed certificate therefor at any time during the currency of a certificate.

Provisional orders.

9. Where the Inspector reports the case of any boiler to the Chief Inspector under sub-section (3) of section 7 or sub-section (5) of section 8, he may, if the boiler is not a boiler the use of which has been prohibited under clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 8, grant to the owner thereof a provisional order in writing permitting the boiler to be used at a pressure not exceeding such maximum pressure as he thinks fit and as is in accordance with the regulations made under this Act, pending the receipt of the orders of the Chief Inspector. Such provisional order shall cease to be in force—

- (a) on the expiry of six months from the date on which it is granted, or
- (b) on receipt of the orders of the Chief Inspector, or
- (c) in any of the cases referred to in clauses (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of sub-section (1) of section 8,

and on so ceasing to be in force shall be surrendered to the Inspector.

Use of boiler pending grant of certificate.

10. (1) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, when the period of a certificate relating to a boiler has expired, the owner shall, provided that he has applied before the expiry of that period for a renewal of the certificate, be entitled to use the boiler at the maximum pressure entered in the former certificate pending the issue of orders on the application.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall be deemed to authorise the use of a boiler in any of the cases referred to in clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of sub-section (1) of section 8 occurring after the expiry of the period of the certificate.

Revocation of certificate or provisional order.

11. The Chief Inspector may at any time withdraw or revoke any certificate or provisional order on the report of an Inspector or otherwise—

- (a) if there is reason to believe that the certificate or provisional order has been fraudulently obtained or has been granted erroneously or without sufficient examination; or
- (b) if the boiler in respect of which it has been granted has sustained injury or has ceased to be in good condition; or
- (c) where the Local Government has made rules requiring that boilers shall be in charge of persons holding certificates of competency, if the boiler is in charge of a person not holding the certificate required by such rules; or
- (d) where no such rules have been made, if the boiler is in charge of a person who is not, having regard to the condition of the boiler, in the opinion of the Chief Inspector competent to have charge thereof:

Provided that where the Chief Inspector withdraws or revokes a certificate or provisional order on the ground specified in clause (d), he shall communicate to the owner of the boiler his reasons in writing for the withdrawal or revocation, and the order shall not take effect until the expiry of thirty days from the receipt of such communication.

Alterations and renewals to boilers.

12. No structural alteration, addition or renewal shall be made in or to any boiler registered under this Act unless such alteration, addition or renewal has been sanctioned in writing by the Chief Inspector.

Alterations and renewals to steam-pipes.

13. Before the owner of any boiler registered under this Act makes any structural alteration, addition or renewal in or to any steam-pipe attached to the boiler, he shall transmit to the Chief Inspector a report in writing of his intention, and shall send therewith such particulars of the proposed alteration, addition, or renewal as may be prescribed.

Duty of owner
at examination.

14. (1) On any date fixed under this Act for the examination of a boiler, the owner thereof shall be bound—

- (a) to afford to the Inspector all reasonable facilities for the examination and all such information as may reasonably be required of him ;
- (b) to have the boiler properly prepared and ready for examination in the prescribed manner ; and
- (c) in the case of an application for the registration of a boiler, to provide such drawings, specifications, certificates, and other particulars as may be prescribed.

(2) If the owner fails, without reasonable cause, to comply with the provisions of sub-section (1), the Inspector shall refuse to make the examination and shall report the case to the Chief Inspector who shall, unless sufficient cause to the contrary is shown, require the owner to file a fresh application under section 7 or section 8, as the case may be, and may forbid him to use the boiler notwithstanding anything contained in section 10.

Production of
certificates, etc.

15. The owner of any boiler who holds a certificate or provisional order relating thereto shall, at all reasonable times during the period for which the certificate or order is in force, be bound to produce the same when called upon to do so by a District Magistrate, Commissioner of Police or Magistrate of the first class having jurisdiction in the area in which the boiler is for the time being, or by the Chief Inspector or by an Inspector or by any Inspector appointed under the Indian Factories Act, 1911, or by any person specially authorised in writing by a District Magistrate or Commissioner of Police. XII of 1911.

Transfer of
certificates, etc.

16. If any person becomes the owner of a boiler during the period for which a certificate or provisional order relating thereto is in force, the preceding owner shall be bound to make over to him the certificate or provisional order.

Power of entry.

17. An Inspector may, for the purpose of inspecting or examining a boiler or any steam-pipe attached thereto or of seeing that any provision of this Act or of any regulation or rule made hereunder has been or is being observed, at all reasonable times enter any place or building within the limits of the area for which he has been appointed in which he has reason to believe that a boiler is in use.

Report of ac-
cidents.

18. (1) If any accident occurs to a boiler or steam-pipe, the owner or person in charge thereof shall, within twenty-four hours of the accident, report the same in writing to the Inspector. Every such report shall contain a true description of the nature of the accident and of the injury, if any, caused thereby to the boiler or to the steam-pipe or to any person, and shall be in sufficient detail to enable the Inspector to judge of the gravity of the accident.

(2) Every person shall be bound to answer truly to the best of his knowledge and ability every question put to him in writing by the Inspector as to the cause, nature or extent of the accident.

Appeals
to
Chief Inspector.

19. Any person considering himself aggrieved by—

- (a) an order made or purporting to be made by an Inspector in the exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act, or
- (b) a refusal of an Inspector to make any order or to issue any certificate which he is required or enabled by or under this Act to make or issue,

may, within thirty days from the date on which such order or refusal is communicated to him, appeal against the order or refusal to the Chief Inspector.

Appeals to appellate authority.

20. Any person considering himself aggrieved by an original or appellate order of the Chief Inspector—

- (a) refusing to register a boiler or to grant or renew a certificate in respect of a boiler; or
- (b) refusing to grant a certificate having validity for the full period applied for; or
- (c) refusing to grant a certificate authorising the use of a boiler at the maximum pressure desired; or
- (d) withdrawing or revoking a certificate or provisional order; or
- (e) reducing the amount of pressure specified in any certificate or the period for which such certificate has been granted; or
- (f) ordering any structural alteration, addition or renewal to be made in or to a boiler or steam-pipe, or refusing sanction to the making of any structural alteration, addition or renewal in or to a boiler,

may, within thirty days of the communication to him of such order, lodge with the Chief Inspector an appeal to an appellate authority to be constituted by the Local Government under this Act.

Finality of orders.

21. An order of an appellate authority under section 20, and save as otherwise provided in sections 19 and 20, an order of the Chief Inspector or of an Inspector shall be final and shall not be called in question in any Court.

Minor penalties.

22. Any owner of a boiler who refuses or without reasonable excuse neglects—

- (i) to surrender a provisional order as required by section 9, or
- (ii) to produce a certificate or provisional order when duly called upon to do so under section 15, or
- (iii) to make over to the new owner of a boiler a certificate or provisional order as required by section 16,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Penalties of illegal use of boiler

23. Any owner of a boiler who, in any case in which a certificate or provisional order is required for the use of the boiler under this Act, uses the boiler either without any such certificate or order being in force or at a higher pressure than that allowed thereby, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for each day after the first day in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the offence.

Other penalties.

24. Any person who—

- (a) uses or permits to be used a boiler of which he is the owner and which has been transferred from one province to another without such transfer having been reported as required by section 6, or
- (b) being the owner of a boiler fails to cause the register number allotted to the boiler under this Act to be marked on the boiler as required by sub-section (6) of section 7, or
- (c) makes any structural alteration, addition or renewal in or to a boiler without first obtaining the sanction of the Chief Inspector when so required by section 12, or to a steam-pipe without first informing the Chief Inspector, when so required by section 13, or
- (d) fails to report an accident to a boiler or steam-pipe when so required by section 18, or
- (e) tampers with a safety valve of a boiler so as to render it inoperative at the maximum pressure at which the use of the boiler is authorised under this Act,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Penalty for tampering with register mark.

25. (1) Whoever removes, alters, defaces, renders invisible or otherwise tampers with the register number marked on a boiler in accordance with the provisions of this Act or any Act repealed hereby, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

(2) Whoever fraudulently marks upon a boiler a register number which has not been allotted to it under this Act or any Act repealed hereby, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.

Limitation and previous sanction for prosecutions.

26. No prosecution for an offence made punishable by or under this Act shall be instituted except within six months from the date of the commission of the offence, and no such prosecution shall be instituted without the previous sanction of the Chief Inspector.

Trial of offences.

27. No offence made punishable by or under this Act shall be tried by a Court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class.

Power to make regulations.

28. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make regulations consistent with this Act for all or any of the following purposes, namely :—

- (a) for laying down the standard conditions in respect of material, design and construction which shall be required for the purpose of enabling the registration and certification of a boiler under this Act ;
- (b) for prescribing the method of determining the maximum pressure at which a boiler may be used ;
- (c) for regulating the registration of the boilers, prescribing the fees payable therefor, the drawings, specifications, certificates and particulars to be produced by the owner, the method of preparing a boiler for examination, the form of the Inspector's report thereon, the method of marking the register number and the period within which such number is to be marked on the boiler ;
- (d) for regulating the inspection and examination of boilers and steam-pipes, and prescribing forms of certificates therefor ;
- (e) for ensuring the safety of persons working inside a boiler ; and
- (f) for providing for any other matter which is not, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, a matter of merely local or provincial importance.

Power to make rules.

29. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, make rules consistent with this Act and the regulations made thereunder for all or any of the following purposes, namely :—

- (a) for prescribing the qualifications and duties of the Chief Inspector and of Inspectors, for regulating their salary, allowances and conditions of service, for prescribing or constituting authorities to which they shall respectively be subordinate, and the limits of the administrative control to be exercised by such authorities ;
- (b) for regulating the transfer of boilers ;
- (c) for providing for the registration and certification of boilers in accordance with the regulations made under this Act ;
- (d) for requiring boilers to be in charge of persons holding certificates of competency, and for prescribing the conditions on which such certificates may be granted ;
- (e) for prescribing the times within which Inspectors shall be required to examine boilers under section 7 or section 8 ;
- (f) for prescribing the fees payable for the issue of renewed certificates and the method of determining the amount of such fees in each case ;

- (g) for regulating inquiries into accidents ;
- (h) for constituting the appellate authority referred to in section 20, and for determining its powers and procedure ;
- (i) for determining the mode of disposal of fees, costs and penalties levied under this Act ; and
- (j) generally to provide for any matter which is, in the opinion of the Local Government, a matter of merely local importance in the province :

Provided that the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council shall be required to the making of any rule under clause (j).

Penalty for breach of rules.

30. Any regulation or rule made under section 28 or section 29 may provide that a contravention thereof shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Publication of regulations and rules

31. (1) The power to make regulations and rules conferred by sections 28 and 29 shall be subject to the condition of the regulations and rules being made after previous publication.

(2) Regulations and rules so made shall be published in the Gazette of India and the local official Gazette, respectively, and, on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

Recovery of fees, etc

32. All fees, costs and penalties levied under this Act shall be recoverable as arrears of land-revenue.

Applicability to the Crown.

33. Save as otherwise expressly provided, this Act shall apply to boilers and steam-pipes belonging to the Crown.

Power to suspend in case of emergency.

34. In case of any emergency, the Local Government may, by general or special order in writing, exempt any boiler or steam-pipe from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Act.

Repeal of enactments.

35. On and from the commencement of this Act, the enactments mentioned in the Schedule shall be repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof :

Provided that any Chief Inspector or Inspector appointed under any Act so repealed shall be deemed to have been appointed under this Act.

THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 35.)

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal
		<i>Acts of the Governor General in Council.</i>	
1903	1	The Amending Act, 1903	So much of the First Schedule as relates to the Bengal Steam-boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1879.
1920	XXXVIII	The Devolution Act, 1920	So much of the First Schedule as relates to the Bengal Steam-boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1879.

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
<i>Madras Acts.</i>			
1893	III	The Madras Steam-boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1893.	The whole.
1904	I	The Madras Steam-boilers and Prime-movers (Amendment) Act, 1904.	The whole.
1909	VII	The Madras Steam-boilers and Prime-movers (Amendment) Act, 1909.	The whole.
<i>Bombay Acts.</i>			
1917	V	The Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1917	The whole.
1920	X	The Bombay Boiler Inspection (Amendment) Act, 1920.	The whole.
<i>Bengal Acts.</i>			
1879	III	The Bengal Steam-boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1879.	The whole.
1915	II	The Bengal Steam boilers and Prime-movers (Amendment) Act, 1915.	The whole.
<i>United Provinces Act.</i>			
1915	III	The United Provinces Steam boilers Act, 1915.	The whole.
<i>Punjab Act.</i>			
1902	II	The Punjab Steam-boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1902.	The whole.
<i>Central Provinces Acts.</i>			
1907	II	The Central Provinces Boiler Inspection Act, 1907.	The whole.
1919	IV	The Central Provinces Boiler Inspection (Amendment) Act, 1919.	The whole.
<i>Burma Act.</i>			
1910	II	The Burma Steam-boilers and Prime-movers Act, 1910.	The whole.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 5th March, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VIII OF 1923.

An Act to provide for the payment by certain classes of employers to their workmen of compensation for injury by accident.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the payment by certain classes of employers to their workmen of compensation for injury by accident ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title,
extent and com-
mencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Southal Parganas.

(3) It shall come into force on the first day of July, 1924.

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "adult" and "minor" mean respectively a person who is not and a person who is under the age of fifteen years ;

(b) "Commissioner" means a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation appointed under section 20 ;

(c) "compensation" means compensation as provided for by this Act ;

(d) "dependant" means any of the following relatives of a deceased workman, namely, a wife, husband, parent, minor son, unmarried daughter, married daughter, who is a minor, minor brother or unmarried sister, and includes the minor children of a deceased son of the workman and, where no parent of the workman is alive, a paternal grandparent ;

(e) "employer" includes any body of persons whether incorporated or not and any managing agent of an employer and the legal representative of a deceased employer, and, when the services of a workman are temporarily lent or let on hire to another person by the person with whom the workman has entered into a contract of service or apprenticeship, means such other person while the workman is working for him ;

(f) "managing agent" means any person appointed or acting as the representative of another person for the purpose of carrying on such other person's trade or business, but does not include an individual manager subordinate to an employer ;

(g) "partial disablement" means, where the disablement is of a temporary nature, such disablement as reduces the earning capacity of a workman in any employment in which he was engaged at the time of the accident resulting in the disablement, and, where the disablement is of a permanent nature, such disablement as reduces his earning capacity in every employment which he was capable of undertaking at that time ; provided that every injury specified in Schedule I shall be deemed to result in permanent partial disablement ;

- (h) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act ;
- (i) "qualified medical practitioner" means any person registered under the Medical Act, 1858, or any Act amending the same, or under any Act of any Legislature in British India providing for the maintenance of a register of medical practitioners, or, in any area where no such last-mentioned Act is in force, any person declared by the Local Government, by notification in the local official Gazette, to be a qualified medical practitioner for the purpose of this Act ; 21 & 22 Vict.
c. 90.
- (j) "registered ship" means any sea going ship registered under the Bombay Coasting Vessels Act, 1838, or the Indian Registration of Ships Act, 1841, or the Indian Registration of Ships Act (1841) Amendment Act, 1850, or any home trade ship so registered of a registered tonnage of not less than three hundred tons, or any inland steam-vessel as defined in section 2 of the Inland Steam Vessels Act, 1917, of a registered tonnage of not less than one hundred tons ; XIX of 1838
X of 1841.
XI of 1850
1 of 1917.
- (k) "seaman" means any person forming part of the crew of any registered ship, but does not include the master of any such ship ;
- (l) "total disablement" means such disablement, whether of a temporary or permanent nature, as incapacitates a workman for all work which he was capable of performing at the time of the accident resulting in such disablement : provided that permanent total disablement shall be deemed to result from the permanent total loss of the sight of both eyes or from any combination of injuries specified in Schedule I where the aggregate percentage of the loss of earning capacity, as specified in that Schedule against those injuries, amounts to one hundred per cent ;
- (m) "wages" includes any privilege or benefit which is capable of being estimated in money, other than a travelling allowance or the value of any travelling concession or a contribution paid by the employer of a workman towards any pension or provident fund or a sum paid to a workman to cover any special expenses entailed on him by the nature of his employment ;
- (n) "workman" means any person (other than a person whose employment is of a casual nature and who is employed otherwise than for the purposes of the employer's trade or business) who is—
- (i) a railway servant as defined in section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, not permanently employed in any administrative, district or sub-divisional office of a railway and not employed in any such capacity as is specified in Schedule II, or IX of 1890
 - (ii) employed, either by way of manual labour or on monthly wages not exceeding three hundred rupees, in any such capacity as is specified in Schedule II,

whether the contract of employment was made before or after the passing of this Act and whether such contract is expressed or implied, oral or in writing ; but does not include any person working in the capacity of a member of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces or of the Royal Indian Marine Service ; and any reference to a workman who has been injured shall, where the workman is dead, include a reference to his dependants or any of them.

(2) The exercise and performance of the powers and duties of a local authority or of any department of the Government shall, for the purposes of this Act, unless a contrary intention appears, be deemed to be the trade or business of such authority or department.

(3) The Governor General in Council, after giving, by notification in the Gazette of India, not less than three months' notice of his intention so to do, may, by a like notification, direct that the provisions of this Act shall apply in the case of any person (other than a person whose employment is of a casual nature and who is employed otherwise than for the purposes of the employer's trade or business) who is employed by way of manual labour or on monthly wages not exceeding three hundred rupees in any occupation declared by such notification to be a hazardous occupation, or that the said provisions shall apply in the case of any specified class of such persons or in the case of any such person or class to whom any specified injury is caused; and any person in whose case the said provisions are so made applicable shall be deemed to be a workman within the meaning of this Act.

CHAPTER II.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

Employer's liability for compensation.

3. (1) If personal injury is caused to a workman by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, his employer shall be liable to pay compensation in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter;

Provided that the employer shall not be so liable—

(a) in respect of any injury which does not result in the total or partial disablement of the workman for a period exceeding ten days;

(b) in respect of any injury to a workman resulting from an accident which is directly attributable to—

(i) the workman having been at the time thereof under the influence of drink or drugs, or

(ii) the wilful disobedience of the workman to an order expressly given, or to a rule expressly framed, for the purpose of securing the safety of workmen, or

(iii) the wilful removal or disregard by the workman of any safety guard or other device which he knew to have been provided for the purpose of securing the safety of workmen; or

(c) except in the case of death or permanent total disablement, in respect of any workman employed in the construction, repair or demolition of a building or bridge.

(2) If a workman employed in any employment involving the handling of wool, hair, bristles, hides or skins contracts the disease of anthrax, or if a workman whilst in the service of an employer in whose service he has been employed for a continuous period of not less than six months in any employment specified in Schedule III, contracts any disease specified therein as an occupational disease peculiar to that employment, the contracting of the disease shall be deemed to be an injury by accident within the meaning of this section and, unless the employer proves the contrary, the accident shall be deemed to have arisen out of and in the course of the employment.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section a period of service shall be deemed to be continuous which has not included a period of service under any other employer.

(3) The Governor General in Council, after giving, by notification in the Gazette of India, not less than three months' notice of his intention so to do, may, by a like notification, add any description of employment to the employments specified in Schedule III, and shall specify in the case of the employments so added the diseases which shall be deemed for the purposes of this section to be occupational diseases peculiar to those employments respectively, and the provisions of sub-section (2) shall thereupon apply as if such diseases had been declared by this Act to be occupational diseases peculiar to those employments.

(4) Save as provided by sub-sections (2) and (3), no compensation shall be payable to a workman in respect of any disease unless the disease is solely and directly attributable to a specific injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment.

(5) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to confer any right to compensation on a workman in respect of any injury if he has instituted in a Civil Court a suit for damages in respect of the injury against the employer or any other person; and no suit for damages shall be maintainable by a workman in any Court of law in respect of any injury—

(a) if he has instituted a claim to compensation in respect of the injury before a Commissioner; or

(b) if an agreement has been come to between the workman and his employer providing for the payment of compensation in respect of the injury in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Amount of compensation.

4. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the amount of compensation shall be as follows, namely:—

A. Where death results from the injury—

(i) in the case of an adult, a sum equal to thirty months' wages or two thousand five hundred rupees, whichever is less, and

(ii) in the case of a minor, two hundred rupees;

B. Where permanent total disablement results from the injury—

(i) in the case of an adult, a sum equal to forty-two months' wages or three thousand five hundred rupees, whichever is less; and

(ii) in the case of a minor, a sum equal to eighty-four months' wages or three thousand five hundred rupees, whichever is less;

C. Where permanent partial disablement results from the injury—

(i) in the case of an injury specified in Schedule I such percentage of the compensation which would have been payable in the case of permanent total disablement as is specified therein as being the percentage of the loss of earning capacity caused by that injury, and

(ii) in the case of an injury not specified in Schedule I, such percentage of the compensation payable in the case of permanent total disablement as is proportionate to the loss of earning capacity permanently caused by the injury;

Explanation.—Where more injuries than one are caused by the same accident, the amount of compensation payable under this head shall be aggregated but not so in any case as to exceed the amount which would have been payable if permanent total disablement had resulted from the injuries.

D. Where temporary disablement, whether total or partial, results from the injury, a half-monthly payment payable on the sixteenth day after the expiry of a waiting period of ten days from the date of the disablement, and thereafter half-monthly during the disablement or during a period of five years, whichever period is shorter, —

(i) in the case of an adult, of fifteen rupees or a sum equal to one-fourth of his monthly wages, whichever is less, and

(ii) in the case of a minor, of a sum equal to one-third or, after he has attained the age of fifteen years, to one-half of his monthly wages, but not exceeding in any case fifteen rupees:

Provided that there shall be deducted from any lump sum or half-monthly payments to which the workman is entitled the amount of any payment or allowance which the workman has received from the employer by way of compensation during the period of disablement prior to the receipt of such lump sum or of the first half-monthly payment, as the case may be, and no half-monthly payment shall in any case exceed the amount, if any, by which half the amount of the monthly wages of the workman before the accident exceeds half the amount of such wages which he is earning after the accident.

(2) On the ceasing of the disablement before the date on which any half-monthly payment falls due, there shall be payable in respect of that half-month a sum proportionate to the duration of the disablement in that half-month.

Method of calculating wages.

5. For the purposes of section 4 the monthly wages of a workman shall be calculated as follows, namely:—

(a) Where the workman has, during a continuous period of not less than twelve months immediately preceding the accident, been in service of the employer who is liable to pay compensation, the monthly wages of the workman shall be one-twelfth of the total wages which have fallen due for payment to him by the employer in the last twelve months of that period;

(b) in other cases, the monthly wages shall be thirty times the total wages earned in respect of the last continuous period of service immediately preceding the accident from the employer who is liable to pay compensation, divided by the number of days comprising such period:

Provided that the sum arrived at by a calculation under clause (a) or clause (b) shall be increased or decreased, as the case may be, to the amount specified in the second column of Schedule IV against the head specified in the first column thereof within the limits of which such sum is included.

Explanation.—A period of service shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be continuous which has not been interrupted by a period of absence from work exceeding fourteen days.

Review.

6. (1) Any half-monthly payment payable under this Act, either under an agreement between the parties or under the order of a Commissioner, may be reviewed by the Commissioner on the application either of the employer or of the workman accompanied by the certificate of a qualified medical practitioner that there has been a change in the condition of the workman or, subject to rules made under this Act, on application made without such certificate.

(2) Any half-monthly payment may, on review under this section, subject to the provisions of this Act, be continued, increased, decreased or ended, or, if the accident is found to have resulted in permanent disablement, be converted to the lump sum to which the workman is entitled less any amount which he has already received by way of half-monthly payments.

Commutation of half-monthly payments.

7. Any right to receive half-monthly payments may, by agreement between the parties or, if the parties cannot agree and the payments have been continued for not less than six months, on the application of either party to the Commissioner, be redeemed by the payment of a lump sum of such amount as may be agreed to by the parties or determined by the Commissioner, as the case may be.

Distribution of compensation.

8. (1) Compensation payable in respect of a workman whose injury has resulted in death shall be deposited with the Commissioner, and any sum so deposited shall be apportioned among the dependants of the deceased workman or any of them in such proportion as the Commissioner thinks fit, or may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, be allotted to any one such dependant, and the sum so allotted to any

dependant shall be paid to him or, if he is a person under any legal disability, be invested, applied or otherwise dealt with for his benefit during such disability in such manner as the Commissioner thinks fit.

(2) Any other compensation payable under this Act may be deposited with the Commissioner and, when so deposited, shall be paid by the Commissioner to the person entitled thereto.

(3) The receipt of the Commissioner shall be a sufficient discharge in respect of any amount deposited with him under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2).

(4) On the deposit of any money under sub-section (1), the Commissioner may deduct therefrom the actual cost of the workman's funeral expenses, to an amount not exceeding fifty rupees, and pay the same to the person by whom such expenses were incurred, and shall, if he thinks necessary, cause notice to be published or to be served on each dependant in such manner as he thinks fit, calling upon the dependants to appear before him on such date as he may fix for determining the distribution of the compensation. If the Commissioner is satisfied, after any inquiry which he may deem necessary, that no dependant exists, he shall repay the balance of the money to the employer by whom it was paid. The Commissioner shall, on application by the employer, furnish a statement showing in detail all disbursements made.

(5) Where a half-monthly payment is payable under this Act to a person under any legal disability, the Commissioner may, of his own motion or on application made to him in this behalf, order that the half-monthly payment be paid during the disability to any dependant of the workman or to any other person whom he thinks best fitted to provide for the welfare of the workman.

(6) Where, on application made to him in this behalf or otherwise, the Commissioner is satisfied that, on account of neglect of children on the part of a parent or on account of the variation of the circumstances of any dependant or for any other sufficient cause, an order of the Commissioner as to the distribution of any sum paid as compensation or as to the manner in which any sum payable to any such dependant is to be invested, applied or otherwise dealt with, ought to be varied, the Commissioner may make such orders for the variation of the former order as he thinks just in the circumstances of the case :

Provided that no such order prejudicial to any person shall be made unless such person has been given an opportunity of showing cause why the order should not be made, or shall be made in any case in which it would involve the repayment by a dependant of any sum already paid to him.

Compensation
not to be assigned,
attached or charged.

9. Save as provided by this Act, no lump sum or half-monthly payment payable under this Act shall in any way be capable of being assigned or charged or be liable to attachment or pass to any person other than the workman by operation of law, nor shall any claim be set off against the same.

Notice
claim.

and

10. (1) No proceedings for the recovery of compensation shall be maintainable before a Commissioner unless notice of the accident has been given, in the manner hereinafter provided, as soon as practicable after the happening thereof and before the workman has voluntarily left the employment in which he was injured, and unless the claim for compensation with respect to such accident has been instituted within six months of the occurrence of the accident or, in case of death, within six months from the date of death :

Provided that, where the accident is the contracting of a disease in respect of which the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 3 are applicable, the accident shall be deemed to have occurred on the first of the days during which the workman was continuously absent from work in consequence of the disablement caused by the disease :

Provided, further, that the Commissioner may admit and decide any claim to compensation in any case notwithstanding that the notice has not been given, or the claim has not been instituted, in due time as provided in this sub-section, if he is satisfied that the failure so to give the notice or institute the claim, as the case may be, was due to sufficient cause.

(2) Every such notice shall give the name and address of the person injured and shall state in ordinary language the cause of the injury and the date on which the accident happened, and shall be served on the employer or upon any one or several employers, or upon any person directly responsible to the employer for the management of any branch of the trade or business in which the injured workman was employed.

(3) The notice may be served by delivering the same at, or sending it by registered post addressed to, the residence or any office or place of business of the person on whom it is to be served.

Medical
amination.

11. (1) Where a workman has given notice of an accident, he shall, if the employer, before the expiry of three days from the time at which service of the notice has been effected, offers to have him examined free of charge by a qualified medical practitioner, submit himself for such examination, and any workman who is in receipt of a half-monthly payment under this Act shall, if so required, submit himself for such examination from time to time:

Provided that a workman shall not be required to submit himself for examination by a medical practitioner otherwise than in accordance with rules made under this Act, or at more frequent intervals than may be prescribed.

(2) If a workman, on being required to do so by the employer under sub-section (1) or by the Commissioner at any time, refuses to submit himself for examination by a qualified medical practitioner or in any way obstructs the same, his right to compensation shall be suspended during the continuance of such refusal, or obstruction unless, in the case of refusal, he was prevented by any sufficient cause from so submitting himself.

(3) If a workman, before the expiry of the period within which he is liable under sub-section (1) to be required to submit himself for medical examination, voluntarily leaves without having been so examined the vicinity of the place in which he was employed, his right to compensation shall be suspended until he returns and offers himself for such examination.

(4) Where a workman, whose right to compensation has been suspended under sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), dies without having submitted himself for medical examination as required by either of those sub-sections, the Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, direct the payment of compensation to the dependants of the deceased workman.

(5) Where under sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) a right to compensation is suspended, no compensation shall be payable in respect of the period of suspension, and if the period of suspension commences before the expiry of the waiting period referred to in clause (D) of sub-section (1) of section 4, the waiting period shall be increased by the period during which the suspension continues.

(6) Where an injured workman has refused to be attended by a qualified medical practitioner whose services have been offered to him by the employer free of charge or having accepted such offer has deliberately disregarded the instructions of such medical practitioner, then, if it is thereafter proved that the workman has not been regularly attended by a qualified medical practitioner and that such refusal, failure or disregard was unreasonable in the circumstances of the case and that injury has been aggravated thereby, the injury and resulting disablement shall be deemed to be of the same nature and duration as they might reasonably have been expected to be if the workman had been regularly attended by a qualified medical practitioner, and compensation, if any, shall be payable accordingly.

Contracting.

12. (1) Where any person (hereinafter in this section referred to as the principal) in the course of or for the purposes of his trade or business contracts with any other person (hereinafter in this section referred to as the contractor) for the execution by or under the contractor of the whole or any part of any work which is ordinarily part of the trade or business of the principal, the principal shall be liable to pay to any workman employed in the execution of the work any compensation which he would have been liable to pay if that

workman had been immediately employed by him ; and where compensation is claimed from the principal, this Act shall apply as if references to the principal were substituted for references to the employer except that the amount of compensation shall be calculated with reference to the wages of the workman under the employer by whom he is immediately employed.

(2) Where the principal is liable to pay compensation under this section, he shall be entitled to be indemnified by the contractor, and all questions as to the right to and the amount of any such indemnity shall, in default of agreement, be settled by the Commissioner.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a workman from recovering compensation from the contractor instead of the principal.

(4) This section shall not apply in any case where the accident occurred elsewhere than on, in or about the premises on which the principal has undertaken or usually undertakes, as the case may be, to execute the work or which are otherwise under his control or management.

Remedies of
employer against
stranger.

13. Where a workman has recovered compensation in respect of any injury caused under circumstances creating a legal liability of some person other than the person by whom the compensation was paid to pay damages in respect thereof, the person by whom the compensation was paid and any person who has been called on to pay an indemnity under section 12 shall be entitled to be indemnified by the person so liable to pay damages as aforesaid.

Insolvency of
employer.

14. (1) Where any employer has entered into a contract with any insurers in respect of any liability under this Act to any workman, then in the event of the employer becoming insolvent or making a composition or scheme of arrangement with his creditors or, if the employer is a company, in the event of the company having commenced to be wound up, the rights of the employer against the insurers as respects that liability shall, notwithstanding anything in any law for the time being in force relating to insolvency or the winding up of companies, be transferred to and vest in the workman and upon any such transfer the insurers shall have the same rights and remedies and be subject to the same liabilities as if they were the employer, so, however that the insurers shall not be under any greater liability to the workman than they would have been under to the employer.

(2) If the liability of the insurers to the workman is less than the liability of the employer to the workman, the workman may prove for the balance in the insolvency proceedings or liquidation.

(3) Where in any case such as is referred to in sub-section (1) the contract of the employer with the insurers is void or voidable by reason of non-compliance on the part of the employer with any terms or conditions of the contract (other than a stipulation for the payment of premia), the provisions of that sub-section shall apply as if the contract were not void or voidable, and the insurers shall be entitled to prove in the insolvency proceedings or liquidation for the amount paid to the workman ;

Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall not apply in any case in which the workman fails to give notice to the insurers of the happening of the accident and of any resulting disablement as soon as practicable after he becomes aware of the institution of the insolvency or liquidation proceedings.

(4) There shall be deemed to be included among the debts which under section 49 of the Presidency-towns Insolvency Act, 1909, or under section 61 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920, or under section 230 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, are in the distribution of the property of an insolvent or in the distribution of the assets of a company being wound up to be paid in priority to all other debts, the amount due in respect of any compensation the liability wherefor accrued before the date of the order of adjudication of the insolvent or the date of the commencement of the winding up, as the case may be, and those Acts shall have effect accordingly.

III of 1909.
V of 1920
VII of 1913.

(5) Where the compensation is a half-monthly payment, the amount due in respect thereof shall, for the purposes of this section, be taken to be the amount of the lump sum for which the half-monthly payment could, if redeemable, be redeemed if application were made for that purpose under section 7, and a certificate of the Commissioner as to the amount of such sum shall be conclusive proof thereof.

(6) The provisions of sub-section (4) shall apply in the case of any amount for which an insurer is entitled to prove under sub-section (3), but otherwise those provisions shall not apply where the insolvent or the company being wound up has entered into such a contract with insurers as is referred to in sub-section (1).

(7) This section shall not apply where a company is wound up voluntarily merely for the purposes of reconstruction or of amalgamation with another company.

Special provisions relating to masters and seamen.

15. This Act shall apply in the case of workmen who are masters of registered ships or seamen subject to the following modifications, namely :—

(1) The notice of the accident and the claim for compensation may, except where the person injured is the master of the ship, be served on the master of the ship as if he were the employer, but where the accident happened and the disablement commenced on board the ship, it shall not be necessary for any seaman to give any notice of the accident.

(2) In the case of the death of a master or seaman, the claim for compensation shall be made within six months after the news of the death has been received by the claimant or, where the ship has been or is deemed to have been lost with all hands, within eighteen months of the date on which the ship was, or is deemed to have been, so lost.

(3) Where an injured master or seaman is discharged or left behind in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in a foreign country, any depositions taken by any Judge or Magistrate in that part or by any Consular Officer in the foreign country and transmitted by the person by whom they are taken to the Governor General in Council or any Local Government shall, in any proceedings for enforcing the claim, be admissible in evidence—

- (a) if the deposition is authenticated by the signature of the Judge, Magistrate or Consular Officer before whom it is made ;
- (b) if the defendant or the person accused as the case may be, had an opportunity by himself or his agent to cross-examine the witness ; and
- (c) if the deposition was made in the course of a criminal proceeding, on proof that the deposition was made in the presence of the person accused ;

and it shall not be necessary in any case to prove the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed any such deposition and a certificate by such person that the defendant or the person accused had an opportunity of cross-examining the witness and that the deposition if made in a criminal proceeding was made in the presence of the person accused shall, unless the contrary is proved, be sufficient evidence that he had that opportunity and that it was so made.

(4) In the case of the death of a master or seaman leaving no dependants, the Commissioner shall, if the owner of the ship is under any law in force for the time being in British India relating to merchant shipping liable to pay the expenses of burial of the master or seaman, return to the employer the full amount of the compensation deposited under sub-section (1) of section 8 without making the deduction referred to in sub-section (4) of that section.

(5) No monthly payment shall be payable in respect of the period during which the owner of the ship is, under any law in force for the time being in British India relating to merchant shipping, liable to defray the expenses of maintenance of the injured master or seaman.

Returns as to compensation.

16. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct that every person employing workmen, or that any specified class of such persons, shall send at such time and in such form and to such authority, as may be specified in the notification, a correct return specifying the number of injuries in respect of which compensation has been paid by the employer during the previous year and the amount of such compensation, together with such other particulars as to the compensation as the Governor General in Council may direct.

Contracting out.

17. Any contract or agreement, whether made before or after the commencement of this Act, whereby a workman relinquishes any right of compensation from the employer for personal injury arising out of or in the course of the employment, shall be null and void in so far as it purports to remove or reduce the liability of any person to pay compensation under this Act.

Proof of age.

18. Where any question arises as to the age of a person injured by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment in a factory, a certificate granted in respect of such person under section 7 or section 8 of the Indian Factories Act, XII of 1911, before the occurrence of the injury shall be conclusive proof of the age of such person.

CHAPTER III.

COMMISSIONERS.

Reference to Commissioners.

19. (1) If any question arises in any proceedings under this Act as to the liability of any person to pay compensation (including any question as to whether a person injured is or is not a workman) or as to the amount or duration of compensation (including any question as to the nature or extent of disablement), the question shall, in default of agreement, be settled by the Commissioner.

(2) No Civil Court shall have jurisdiction to settle, decide or deal with any question which is by or under this Act required to be settled, decided or dealt with by a Commissioner or to enforce any liability incurred under this Act.

Appointment of Commissioners.

20. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint any person, to be a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation for such local area as may be specified in the notification.

(2) Any Commissioner may, for the purpose of deciding any matter referred to him for decision under this Act, choose one or more persons possessing special knowledge of any matter relevant to the matter under inquiry to assist him in holding the inquiry.

(3) Every Commissioner shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 1860.

Venue of proceedings transfer.

21. (1) Where any matter is under this Act to be done by or before a Commissioner, the same shall, subject to the provisions of this Act and to any rules made hereunder, be done by or before the Commissioner for the local area in which the accident took place which resulted in the injury:

Provided that where the workman is the master of a registered ship or a seaman, any such matter may be done by or before the Commissioner for the local area in which the owner or agent of the ship resides or carries on business.

(2) If a Commissioner is satisfied by any party to any proceedings under this Act pending before him that such matter can be more conveniently dealt with by any other Commissioner, whether in the same province or not, he may, subject to rules made under this Act, order such matter to be transferred to such other Commissioner either for report or for disposal, and, if he does so, shall forthwith transmit to such other Commissioner all documents relevant for the decision of such matter and where the matter is transferred for disposal, shall also transmit in the prescribed manner any money remaining in his hands or invested by him for the benefit of any party to the proceedings:

Provided that no matter other than a matter relating to the actual payment to a workman or the distribution among dependants of a lump sum shall be transferred for disposal under this sub-section to a Commissioner in the same province save with the previous sanction of the Local Government or to a Commissioner in another province save with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, unless all the parties to the proceedings agree to the transfer.

(3) The Commissioner to whom any matter is so transferred shall, subject to rules made under this Act, inquire therein and, if the matter was transferred for report, return his report thereon or, if the matter was transferred for disposal, continue the proceedings as if they had originally commenced before him.

(4) On receipt of a report from a Commissioner to whom any matter has been transferred for report under sub-section (2), the Commissioner by whom it was referred shall decide the matter referred in conformity with such report.

Form of application.

22. (1) No application for the settlement of any matter by a Commissioner shall be made unless and until some question has arisen between the parties in connection therewith which they have been unable to settle by agreement.

(2) Where any such question has arisen, the application may be made in such form and shall be accompanied by such fee, if any, as may be prescribed, and shall contain, in addition to any particulars which may be prescribed, the following particulars, namely:—

- (a) a concise statement of the circumstances in which the application is made and the relief or order which the applicant claims;
- (b) in the case of a claim for compensation against an employer, the date of service of notice of the accident on the employer and, if such notice has not been served or has not been served in due time, the reason for such omission;
- (c) the names and addresses of the parties; and
- (d) a concise statement of the matters on which agreement has and on those on which agreement has not been come to.

(3) If the applicant is illiterate or for any other reason is unable to furnish the required information in writing, the application shall, if the applicant so desires, be prepared under the direction of the Commissioner.

Powers and procedure of Commissioners.

23. The Commissioner shall have all the powers of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purpose of taking evidence on oath (which such Commissioner is hereby empowered to impose) and of enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents and material objects. V of 1908.

Appearance of parties.

24. Any appearance, application or act required to be made or done by any person before or to a Commissioner (other than an appearance of a party which is required for the purpose of his examination as a witness) may be made or done on behalf of such person by a legal practitioner or other person authorised in writing by such person.

Method of recording evidence.

25. The Commissioner shall make a brief memorandum of the substance of the evidence of every witness as the examination of the witness proceeds, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Commissioner with his own hand and shall form part of the record:

Provided that, if the Commissioner is prevented from making such memorandum, he shall record the reason of his inability to do so and shall cause such memorandum to be made in writing from his dictation and shall sign the same, and such memorandum shall form part of the record:

Provided, further, that the evidence of any medical witness shall be taken down as nearly as may be word for word.

Costs.

26. All costs incidental to any proceedings before a Commissioner shall, subject to rules made under this Act, be in the discretion of the Commissioner.

Power to submit cases.

27. A Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, submit any question of law for the decision of the High Court and, if he does so, shall decide the question in conformity with such decision.

Registration of agreements.

28. (1) Where the amount of any lump sum payable as compensation has been settled by agreement, whether by way of redemption of a half-monthly payment or otherwise, or where any compensation has been so settled as being payable to a person under a legal disability or to a dependant, a memorandum thereof shall be sent by the employer to the Commissioner, who shall, on being satisfied as to its genuineness, record the memorandum in a register in the prescribed manner :

Provided that—

- (a) no such memorandum shall be recorded before seven days after communication by the Commissioner of notice to the parties concerned ;
- (b) where a workman seeks to record a memorandum of agreement between his employer and himself for the payment of compensation and the employer proves that the workman has, in fact, returned to work and is earning the same wages as he did before the accident and objects to the recording of such memorandum, the memorandum shall only be recorded, if at all, on such terms as the Commissioner thinks just in the circumstances ;
- (c) the Commissioner may at any time rectify the register ;
- (d) where it appears to the Commissioner that an agreement as to the payment of a lump sum whether by way of redemption of a half-monthly payment or otherwise, or an agreement as to the amount of compensation payable to a person under any legal disability or to any dependant, ought not to be registered by reason of the inadequacy of the sum or amount, or by reason of the agreement having been obtained by fraud or undue influence or other improper means, he may refuse to record the memorandum of the agreement or may make such order, including an order as to any sum already paid under the agreement, as he thinks just in the circumstances.

(2) An agreement for the payment of compensation which has been registered under sub-section (1) shall be enforceable under this Act notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Contract Act, 1872, or in any other law for the time being in force.

IX of 1872.

Effect of failure to register agreement.

29. Where a memorandum of any agreement, the registration of which is required by section 28, is not sent to the Commissioner as required by that section, the employer shall be liable to pay the full amount of compensation which he is liable to pay under the provisions of this Act, and notwithstanding anything contained in the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 4, shall not, unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be entitled to deduct more than half of any amount paid to the workman by way of compensation whether under the agreement or otherwise.

Appeals.

30. (1) An appeal shall lie to the High Court from the following orders of a Commissioner, namely :—

- (a) an order awarding as compensation a lump sum whether by way of redemption of a half monthly payment or otherwise or disallowing a claim in full or in part for a lump sum ;
- (b) an order refusing to allow redemption of a half-monthly payment ;
- (c) an order providing for the distribution of compensation among the dependants of a deceased workman, or disallowing any claim of a person alleging himself to be such dependant ;
- (d) an order allowing or disallowing any claim for the amount of an indemnity under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 12 ; or

- (e) an order refusing to register a memorandum of agreement or registering the same or providing for the registration of the same subject to conditions :

Provided that no appeal shall lie against any order unless a substantial question of law is involved in the appeal and, in the case of an order other than an order such as is referred to in clause (b), unless the amount in dispute in the appeal is not less than three hundred rupees :

Provided, further, that no appeal shall lie in any case in which the parties have agreed to abide by the decision of the Commissioner, or in which the order of the Commissioner gives effect to an agreement come to by the parties :

(2) the period of limitation for an appeal under this section shall be sixty days :

(3) the provisions of section 5 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, shall be applicable to appeals under this section.

IX of 1908.

Recovery.

31. The Commissioner may recover as an arrears of land-revenue any amount payable by any person under this Act, whether under an agreement for the payment of compensation or otherwise, and the Commissioner shall be deemed to be a public officer within the meaning of section 5 of the Revenue Recovery Act, 1890.

I of 1890.

CHAPTER IV.

RULES.

Power of the Governor General in Council to make rules.

32. (1) The Governor General in Council may make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) for prescribing the intervals at which and the conditions subject to which an application for review may be made under section 6 when not accompanied by a medical certificate ;
- (b) for prescribing the intervals at which and the conditions subject to which a workman may be required to submit himself for medical examination under sub-section (1) of section 11 ;
- (c) for prescribing the procedure to be followed by Commissioners in the disposal of cases under this Act and by the parties in such cases ;
- (d) for regulating the transfer of matters and cases from one Commissioner to another and the transfer of money in such cases ;
- (e) for prescribing the manner in which money in the hands of a Commissioner may be invested for the benefit of dependants of a deceased workman and for the transfer of money so invested from one Commissioner to another ;
- (f) for the representation in proceedings before Commissioners of parties who are minors or are unable to make an appearance ;
- (g) for prescribing the form and manner in which memoranda of agreements shall be presented and registered ;
- (h) for the withholding by Commissioners, whether in whole or in part, of half-monthly payments pending decision on applications for review of the same ; and
- (i) for any other matter which is not, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, a matter of merely local or provincial importance.

Power of Local Government to make rules.

33. The Local Government may, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, make rules to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) for regulating the scales of costs which may be allowed in proceedings under this Act ;
- (b) for prescribing and determining the amount of the fees payable in respect of any proceedings before a Commissioner under this Act ;
- (c) for the maintenance by Commissioners of registers and records of proceedings before them ; and

- (d) generally for carrying out the provisions of this Act in respect of any matter which is, in the opinion of the Local Government, a matter of merely local importance in the province.

Publication of rules.

34. (1) The power to make rules conferred by sections 32 and 33 shall be subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

(2) The date to be specified in accordance with clause (3) of section 23 of the General Clauses Act, 1897, as that after which a draft of rules proposed to be made under section 32 or section 33 will be taken into consideration, shall not be less than three months from the date on which the draft of the proposed rules was published for general information.

(3) Rules so made shall be published in the Gazette of India or the local official Gazette, as the case may be, and on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

X of 1897.

SCHEDULE I.

[See sections 2 (1) and 4.]

List of injuries deemed to result in permanent partial disablement.

Injury.	Percentage of loss of earning capacity.
Loss of right arm above or at the elbow	70
Loss of left arm above or at the elbow	60
Loss of right arm below the elbow	60
Loss of leg at or above the knee	60
Loss of left arm below the elbow	50
Loss of leg below the knee	50
Permanent total loss of hearing	50
Loss of one eye	30
Loss of thumb	25
Loss of all toes of one foot	20
Loss of one phalanx of thumb	10
Loss of index finger	10
Loss of great toe	10
Loss of any finger other than index finger	5

Note.—Complete and permanent loss of the use of any limb or member referred to in this Schedule shall be deemed to be the equivalent of the loss of that limb or member.

SCHEDULE II.

[See section 2 (1) (n).]

List of persons who, subject to the provisions of section 2 (1) (n), are included in the definition of workmen.

The following persons are workmen within the meaning of section 2 (1) (n) and subject to the provisions of that section that is to say, any person who is—

- (i) employed in connection with the service of a tramway as defined in section 3 of the Indian Tramways Act 1886; or
- (ii) employed within the meaning of clause (2) of section 2 of the Indian Factories Act, 1911, in any place which is a factory within the meaning of sub-clause (a) of clause (3) of that section; or
- (iii) employed within the meaning of clause (d) of section 3 of the Indian Mines Act, 1923, in any mine which is subject to the operation of that Act; or
- (iv) employed as the master of a registered ship or as a seaman; or
- (v) employed for the purpose of loading, unloading or coaling any ship at any pier, jetty, landing place, wharf, quay, dock, warehouse or shed, on, in or at which steam, water or other mechanical power or electrical power is used; or

XI of 1886.

XII of 1911.

IV of 1923.

(vi) employed in the construction, repair or demolition of—

- (a) a building which is designed to be, is, or has been more than one storey in height above ground level, or
- (b) a building which is used, has been used, or is designed to be used for industrial or commercial purposes and is, has been or is designed to be, not less than twenty feet in height measured from ground level to apex of the roof, or
- (c) a bridge which is, has been or is designed to be more than fifty feet in length; or

(vii) employed in setting up, repairing, maintaining, or taking down any telegraph or telephone line or post or any overhead electric cable; or

(viii) employed in the construction, inspection or upkeep of any underground sewer; or

(ix) employed in the service of any fire brigade.

SCHEDULE III.

(See section 3.)

List of occupational diseases.

Occupational disease.	Employment.
Lead poisoning or its sequelae ...	Any process involving the use of lead or its preparations or compounds.
Phosphorus poisoning or its sequelae	Any process involving the use of phosphorus or its preparations or compounds.

SCHEDULE IV.

(See section 5.)

Table of assumed wages.

Limits.				Assumed wages.			
Where the sum arrived at by a calculation under clause (a) or clause (b) of section 5 is—							
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
less than	9	0	0	but less than	11	0	0
not less than	9	0	0	ditto	13	0	0
"	11	0	0	ditto	17	8	0
"	13	0	0	ditto	22	8	0
"	17	8	0	ditto	27	8	0
"	22	8	0	ditto	32	8	0
"	27	8	0	ditto	37	8	0
"	32	8	0	ditto	42	8	0
"	37	8	0	ditto	50	0	0
"	42	8	0	ditto	60	0	0
"	50	0	0	ditto	70	0	0
"	60	0	0	ditto	80	0	0
"	70	0	0	...	83	5	4
"	80	0	0				

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor-General on the 5th March 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. X OF 1923.

An Act to consolidate the law relating to the Government Paper Currency.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate the law relating to the Government Paper Currency ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Preliminary.

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan and the Santhal Parganas.

Definition.

2. In this Act, "universal currency note" means—

(a) a note of the denominational value of one rupee, two and a half rupees, five rupees, ten rupees, fifty rupees, or one hundred rupees, or

(b) a note of any other denominational value which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, specify in this behalf.

The Currency Department.

Currency Department for issue of currency notes.

3. There shall continue to be a Department of the public service, to be called the Currency Department, whose function shall be the issue of promissory notes of the Government of India, to be called currency notes, payable to bearer on demand, and of such denominational values as the Governor-General in Council may direct.

Controller of the Currency.

4. At the head of the Department there shall be an officer to be called the Controller of the Currency (hereinafter referred to as the Controller).

Power to establish circles of issue, offices of issue, and currency agencies.

5. The Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*,—

(a) establish districts, to be called circles of issue, seven of which circles shall include the towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Rangoon, Lahore, Cawnpore and Karachi, respectively ;

(b) appoint in each circle some one town to be the place of issue of currency notes, as hereinafter provided ;

(c) establish in each such town an office or offices of issue ; and

(d) establish in any town situate in any circle an office, to be called a currency agency.

Deputy Controllers of the Currency and Currency Agents.

6. For each circle of issue there shall be an officer in charge to be called the Deputy Controller of the Currency, and for each Currency Agency an officer to be called the Currency Agent.

Subordination of Officers.

7. For the purposes of this Act—

(a) Deputy Controllers of the Currency shall be subordinate to the Controller ; and

(b) the Currency Agent at any town shall be subordinate to the Deputy Controller of the Currency for the circle of issue in which that town is situate.

Appointment
of Officers.

8. All officers under this Act shall be appointed by the Governor-General in Council.

Supply and Issue of Currency Notes.

Controller and
Deputy Control-
lers to provide
and distribute
currency notes.

9. (1) The Controller shall provide currency notes of the denominational values prescribed under this Act, and shall supply the Deputy Controllers with such notes as they need for the purposes of this Act.

(2) The Deputy Controllers shall supply the Currency Agents subordinate to them, respectively, with such notes as those Agents need for the purposes of this Act.

(3) Every such note, other than a universal currency note, shall bear upon it the name of the town from which it is issued.

Signatures to
currency notes.

10. The name of the Controller or one of the Deputy Controllers, or of some other person authorised by the Controller or by one of the Deputy Controllers, to sign currency notes, shall be subscribed to every such note, and may be impressed thereon by machinery, and when so impressed, shall be deemed to be a valid signature.

Issue of
currency notes
for silver
or gold coin by
officers in charge
of circles.

11. The officers in charge of circles of issue shall, in their respective circles, on the demand of any person, issue, from the office or offices of issue established in their respective circles, currency notes of the denominational values prescribed under this Act, in exchange for the amount thereof—

(a) in rupees or silver half-rupees or in gold coin which is legal tender under the Indian Coinage Act, 1906, or III of 1906.

(b) in rupees made and declared to be a legal tender under the provisions of the Native Coinage Act, 1876. IX of 1876.

Issue of
currency notes
for silver or
gold coin by
Currency Agents.

12. Any Currency Agent to whom currency notes have been supplied under section 9 may, if he thinks fit, on the demand of any person, issue from his agency any such notes in exchange for the amount thereof in any coin specified in section 11.

Issue to
Government
Treasuries of
currency notes for
gold coin not
legal tender or
gold bullion.

13. The officers in charge of circles of issue shall, on the requisition of the Controller, issue to any Government Treasury currency notes in exchange for gold coin which is not legal tender under the Indian Coinage Act, 1906, or for gold bullion at the rate of one rupee for 11·30016 grains troy of fine gold. III of 1906.

Currency Notes where legal tender and where payable.

Currency notes
where legal
tender.

14. A universal currency note shall be a legal tender at any place in British India, and any other currency note shall be a legal tender at any place within the circle from which the note was issued,

for the amount expressed in the note in payment or on account of—

(a) any revenue or other claim, to the amount of one rupee or upwards, due to the Government of India, and

(b) any sum of one rupee or upwards, due by the Government of India or by any body corporate or other person in British India :

Provided that no currency note shall be deemed to be a legal tender by the Government of India at any office of issue.

Currency notes
where payable.

15. A currency note shall be payable at the following offices of issue, namely :—

(a) a universal currency note at any office of issue ;

(b) a currency note other than a universal currency note at any office of issue in the town from which it was issued :

Provided that any such note issued before the 18th day of February 1910, shall also be payable,—

- (i) in the case of a note issued from the office at Cawnpore or Lahore, at any office of issue in Calcutta, and
- (ii) in the case of a note issued from the office at Karachi, at any office of issue in Bombay.

Currency notes issued from currency agencies where deemed to be issued.

16. For the purposes of sections 14 and 15, currency notes issued from any currency agency shall be deemed to have been issued from the town appointed under section 5 to be the place of issue in the circle of issue in which that agency is established.

Provision in case of closure of office.

17. Where an office of issue is closed, the Governor-General in Council shall, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct that, with effect from the date of the closing of such office, all currency notes issued therefrom shall, for the purposes of sections 14 and 15, be deemed to have been issued from such other office as may be specified in such notification.

Reserve.

Paper Currency Reserve.

18. (1) The provisions contained in this section shall not come into operation until such day (hereinafter referred to as the appointed day) as the Governor-General in Council may direct in this behalf.

(2) A Reserve shall be maintained for the satisfaction and discharge of the currency notes in circulation and all such notes shall be deemed to have been issued on the credit of the revenues of India as well as on that of the Reserve.

(3) The Reserve shall consist of two parts, namely :—

- (a) the metallic Reserve, and
- (b) the securities Reserve.

(4) The metallic Reserve shall consist of the total amount represented by the sovereigns, half-sovereigns, rupees, silver half-rupees, and gold and silver bullion for the time being held on that account by the Secretary of State for India in Council and by the Governor-General in Council :

Provided that no amount of gold coin and bullion held by the Secretary of State in the United Kingdom in excess of fifty millions of rupees in value reckoned at the rate hereinafter provided for shall be included in the metallic Reserve.

(5) The securities Reserve shall consist of the securities which are for the time being held on that account by the Secretary of State for India in Council and on behalf of the Governor-General in Council :

Provided that,—

- (a) no securities held by the Secretary of State for India in Council, other than securities of the United Kingdom the date of maturity of which is not more than one year from the date of their purchase, shall be included in the securities Reserve ; and
- (b) the securities held on behalf of the Governor-General in Council shall be securities of the Government of India and shall not exceed in amount two hundred millions of rupees, of which an amount of not more than one hundred and twenty millions of rupees may be securities created by the Government of India and issued to the Controller (such securities being hereinafter referred to as created securities).

(6) For the purposes of this section the expression "currency notes in circulation" means the whole amount of currency notes at any time in circulation :

Provided that currency notes which have not been presented for payment, in the case of notes of the denominational value of fifty or one hundred rupees, within forty years, and in the

case of notes of any denominational value exceeding one hundred rupees, within one hundred years, from the first day of April following the date of their issue, shall be deemed to be not in circulation:

Provided, further, that all such notes shall be deemed to have been issued on the credit of the revenues of India and shall, if presented for payment, be paid from such revenues.

(7) Save as hereinafter provided in section 20, the amount of currency notes in circulation at any time shall not exceed the amount of the metallic Reserve together with the amount of the securities Reserve:

Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Governor-General in Council to direct the issue of currency notes, if or to the extent that such issue would have the effect of raising the amount of notes in circulation to an amount in excess of twice the amount for the time being of the metallic Reserve.

(8) For the purpose of determining—

(a) the amount of the metallic Reserve, gold bullion shall be reckoned at the rate of one rupee for 11·30016 grains troy of fine gold, and silver bullion at the price in rupees at which it was purchased,

(b) the amount of the securities Reserve purchased securities shall be reckoned at the price at which they were purchased and created securities at the market price of similar securities on the date of their issue.

(9) The securities of the Government of India in the Reserve shall be held by the Controller and the Master of the Mint at Calcutta or of such other Mint as the Governor-General in Council may direct in this behalf, in trust for the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Temporary provisions.

19. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after the relation of the amount of the currency notes in circulation to the amount of the Reserve has been brought into conformity with sub-sections (2) to (8) of section 18 and the metallic Reserve is not less than half the amount of currency notes in circulation, the Governor-General in Council shall fix the appointed day.

(2) The provisions contained in this section shall be in force until the appointed day, but shall, as from that day, be deemed to be repealed.

(3) Save as hereinafter provided in section 20, the whole amount of currency notes at any time in circulation shall not exceed the total amount represented by the sovereigns, half-sovereigns, rupees, silver half-rupees and gold bullion, and the sum expended in the purchase of the silver bullion and securities, which are for the time being held by the Secretary of State for India in Council and by the Governor-General in Council as a reserve to provide for the satisfaction and discharge of the said notes, and the said notes shall be deemed to have been issued on the credit of the revenues of India as well as on the security of the said coin, bullion and securities:

Provided that, for the purposes of this sub-section, currency notes which have not been presented for payment, in the case of notes of the denominational value of fifty or one hundred rupees within forty years, and, in the case of notes of any denominational value exceeding one hundred rupees, within one hundred years, from the first day of April following the date of their issue, shall be deemed not to be in circulation:

Provided, further, that all notes which are declared under the first proviso to this sub-section not to be in circulation shall be deemed to have been issued on the credit of the revenues of India and shall, if subsequently presented for payment, be paid from such revenues.

(4) The securities mentioned in sub-section (3) shall be securities of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland or of the Government of India, or securities issued by the Secretary of State for India in Council under the authority of Act of Parliament and charged on the revenues of India, and the value of them at the price at which they are purchased shall not exceed eight hundred and fifty millions of rupees.

Issue of
currency notes for
certain gold coin
or gold or silver
bullion or
securities held by
Secretary of State.

(5) If the Secretary of State for India in Council consents to hold in gold coin or bullion or in silver bullion or in securities of the kinds mentioned in sub-section (4), the equivalent in value to notes issued in India as a reserve to secure the payment of such notes, the Governor-General in Council may from time to time direct that currency notes shall be issued to an amount equal to the value of the coin, bullion and securities so held by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

(6) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Act, any securities created by the Government of India and issued to the Controller shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be securities purchased by the Governor-General in Council, and the market price, on the day such securities were so issued, of similar securities shall be deemed to be the price at which the securities so created were purchased, and all references to securities so purchased, wherever occurring in this Act, shall be deemed also to refer to securities so created, and all references to sums expended in such purchases or to prices paid therefor shall be deemed, in the case of securities so created, to refer to such prices, and this Act shall be construed accordingly.

(7) As long as the value of securities created by the Government of India and issued to the Controller and deemed in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing sub-section to be securities purchased by the Governor-General in Council exceeds one hundred and twenty millions of rupees, all interest derived from the securities in the Reserve shall, with effect from the first day of April, 1923, be applied in reduction of such excess holding of securities and the Auditor-General shall in every year grant a certificate of the amount of such interest and shall also certify whether or not it has been so applied. For the purposes of this sub-section securities so created and issued shall be deemed to carry interest at the same rate as other similar securities.

(8) The securities purchased by the Governor-General in Council shall be securities of the Government of India, and shall be held by the Controller and the Master of the Mint at Calcutta or of such other Mint as the Governor-General in Council may direct in this behalf, in trust for the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Power to issue
currency notes
against bills of
exchange.

20. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 18 or section 19, the Governor-General in Council may authorise the Controller to issue currency notes to an amount in all not exceeding fifty millions of rupees against bills of exchange which will mature within ninety days from the date of such issue and satisfy such other conditions as the Governor-General in Council may, by general or special order, prescribe. Currency notes so issued shall be in addition to those against which the Reserve is held and shall be deemed to have been issued on the credit of such bills and of the revenues of India and shall, when presented, be paid from such revenues.

Power to dis-
pose of coin and
bullion in reserve.

21. Subject to the provisions of sections 18 and 19, the Governor-General in Council may at any time, if he thinks it expedient convert any of the coin or bullion for the time being

held by him as a part of the reserve into coin of any of the kinds mentioned in section 11 or into gold or silver bullion.

Coin or bullion not in India when deemed to be part of the reserve.

22. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Act, any coin or bullion which is held by or on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the United Kingdom or under the control of the Government of any part of His Majesty's Dominions for the purpose of coinage for, or transmission to, the Governor-General in Council, and any coin or bullion which is in course of transmission from the Secretary of State for India in Council or the Government of any part of His Majesty's Dominions to the Governor-General in Council and any coin or bullion which is in the course of transmission from the Governor-General in Council to the Secretary of State for India in Council or the Government of any part of His Majesty's Dominions shall be deemed, during the period such coin or bullion is so held or is so in course of transmission, to be part of the reserve referred to in sections 18 and 19.

Power to sell and replace Indian securities.

23. (1) The Controller may, at any time, when ordered so to do by the Governor-General in Council, sell and dispose of any of the securities held under sub-section (9) of section 18 or sub-section (8) of section 19.

(2) For the purpose of effecting such sales, the Master of the Mint at Calcutta or of such other Mint as aforesaid shall, on a request in writing from the Controller, at all times sign and endorse the securities, and the Controller, if so directed by the Governor-General in Council, may purchase securities of the Government of India to replace such sales.

Account of interest on securities.

24. An account showing the amount of the interest accruing on the securities held as part of the reserve under this Act and the expenses and charges incidental thereto, shall be rendered annually by the Controller to the Governor-General in Council, and published annually in the *Gazette of India*.

Private Bills payable to Bearer on Demand.

Prohibition of issue of private bills or notes payable to bearer on demand.

25. No person in British India shall draw, accept, make or issue any bill of exchange, hundi, promissory note or engagement for the payment of money payable to bearer on demand, or borrow, owe or take up any sum or sums of money on the bills, hundis or notes payable to bearer on demand, of any such person :

Provided that cheques or drafts payable to bearer on demand or otherwise, may be drawn on bankers, shroffs or agents by their customers or constituents, in respect of deposits of money in the hands of those bankers, shroffs or agents and held by them at the credit and disposal of the persons drawing such cheques or drafts.

Penalty for issuing such bills or notes and institution of prosecutions.

26. (1) Any person contravening the provisions of section 25 shall, on conviction by a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class, be punishable with a fine equal to the amount of the bill, hundi, note or engagement in respect whereof the offence is committed.

(2) Every prosecution under this section shall be instituted by the officer in charge of the circle of issue in which the bill, hundi, note or engagement is drawn, accepted, made or issued.

Supplementary Provisions.

Abstracts of accounts.

27. An abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department, showing—

- (a) the whole amount of currency notes in circulation ;
- (b) the amount of coin and bullion reserved, distinguishing gold from silver, and showing separately the amount of coin or bullion held by or on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, or in transit from or to India, or in the custody of the Mint Master during coinage ;
- (c) the nominal value of, and the price paid for, the securities held as part of the reserve, showing separately those held by the Secretary of State for India in Council and those held in India under sub-section (9) of section 18 or sub-section (8) of section 19 ; and
- (d) the amount of currency notes issued against bills of exchange under the provisions of section 20 ;

shall be made up four times in each month by the Controller, and published, as soon as may be, in the *Gazette of India*.

Provision as to lost, mutilated and imperfect notes.

28. Notwithstanding anything contained in any enactment or rule of law to the contrary, no person shall as of right be entitled to recover from the Government of India the value of any lost, mutilated or imperfect currency note :

Provided that the Governor-General in Council may by rule prescribe the circumstances, conditions and limitations under which the value of such notes may be refunded as of grace.

Power to make rules.

29. (1) The Governor-General in Council may make rules to carry out the purposes and objects of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may—

- (a) fix the denominational values for which currency notes shall be issued ;
- (b) provide for the alteration of the limits of any of the circles of issue ;
- (c) declare the places at which currency notes shall be issued ; and
- (d) prescribe the circumstances in, and the conditions and limitations subject to which, the value of lost, mutilated or imperfect currency notes may be refunded at the office of issue.

(3) Every such rule shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and, on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

Repeals.

30. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the last column thereof :

Provided that all securities purchased and notes issued under the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910, and all securities and notes which, under section 30 of that Act, are to be deemed to have been purchased or issued thereunder shall, if undisposed of or in circulation at the commencement of this Act, be deemed to have been respectively purchased and issued under this Act :

II of 1910.

Provided, further, that all currency notes, which, under the said section 30, are to be deemed to have been issued from the office of issue in the town of Cawnpore, shall still be deemed to have been issued from that office.

THE SCHEDULE.

(ENACTMENTS REPEALED.)

[See section 39.]

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal
1910	II	The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910.	So much as has not been repealed.
1911	VII	The Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1911.	The whole
1914	X	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1914.	So much of the Second Schedule as relates to the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910.
1917	XIX	The Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917.	So much as has not been repealed.
1920	XLV	The Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1920.	The whole.
1922	XII	The Indian Finance Act, 1922.	Section 6.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1923.

PART VI.

Bills introduced in the Council of State and Legislative Assembly, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Assembly, and Bills published under Rule 18 of the Indian Legislative Rules.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 24th February 1923 :—

No. 10 OF 1923.

A Bill to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

XI of 1922.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Income-tax (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 7, Act XI of 1922.

2. To sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following explanation shall be added, namely :—

XI of 1922.

“ *Explanation.*—The right of a person to occupy free of rent as a place of residence any premises provided by his employer is a perquisite for the purposes of this sub-section.”

Amendment of section 68, Act XI of 1922.

3. (1) In section 68 of the said Act, in the second proviso, after the words “under that Act” the words “or under the Super-tax Act, 1920” shall be inserted and for the words and figures “section 19 of the said Act” the words “that section” shall be substituted.

(2) The amendments made in the said Act by sub-section (1) shall have effect as if they had been made on the 1st day of April, 1922.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

1. The object of this Bill is to correct the drafting of the Income-tax Act of 1922 in two sections, in which it has been found that the wording of the Act as passed did not give correct effect to the intentions of the Legislature.

2. It was intended when the Act was framed that the perquisite enjoyed by a person in the shape of a rent-free residence should be assessed to income-tax. It has, however, been found that as section 7 (1) of the Act at present stands, a rent-free residence still cannot be taxed. Clause 2 of this Bill gives effect to the intentions of the Legislature.

3. As proviso (2) to section 68 of the Act of 1922 at present stands, it has kept alive for 1922-23 only the adjustments of the assessments of income-tax made in 1921-22, but the intention when the Act of 1922 was framed was to continue the "adjustment system" mentioned in section 19 of the Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), both as regards income-tax and super-tax. Clause 3 of the Bill gives effect to that intention.

BASIL P. BLACKETT.

Dated Delhi, The 21st February 1923.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 1st March, 1923 :—

No. 11 OF 1923.

A Bill to fix the duty on salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, certain parts of British India, to vary the duty leviable on certain articles under the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, to fix the maximum rates of postage under the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, and to fix rates of income-tax.

WHEREAS it is expedient to fix the duty on salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, certain parts of British India, to vary the duty leviable on certain articles under the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, to fix maximum rates of postage under the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, and to fix rates of income-tax. It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title,
extent and duration.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Finance Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including the Southal Parganas and British Baluchistan.

(3) Sections 2, 4 and 6 shall remain in force only up to the 31st day of March, 1924.

Fixation of salt
duty

2. (1) The provisions of section 7 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882, shall, in so far as they enable the Governor-General in Council to impose by rule made under that section a duty on salt manufactured in, or imported into, any part of British India other than Burma and Aden, be construed as if they imposed such duty at the rate of two rupees and eight annas per maund of eighty-two and two-sevenths pounds avoirdupois of salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, any such part, and such duty shall, for all the purposes of the said Act, be deemed to have been imposed by rule made under that section.

(2) Section 2 of the Indian Finance Act, 1922, is hereby repealed.

Amendment of
Act VIII of 1894.

3. (1) In Schedule II to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the amendments specified in the First Schedule to this Act shall be made.

(2) In Schedule III to the same Act, in Item No. 3, for the entry in the fourth column the entry "5 per cent." shall be substituted.

Postal rates.

4. With effect from the first day of April, 1923, the schedule contained in the Second Schedule to this Act shall be inserted in the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, as the First Schedule to that Act.

Amendment of
Act of 1923.

5. In sub-section (7) of section 19 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, for the figures "1923" the figures "1924" shall be substituted.

Income-tax and
super-tax.

6. (1) Income-tax for the year beginning on the first day of April, 1923, shall be charged at the rates specified in Part I of the Third Schedule.

(2) The rates of super-tax for the year beginning on the first day of April, 1923, shall, for the purposes of section 55 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, be those specified in Part II of the Third Schedule.

(3) For the purposes of the Third Schedule, "total income" means total income as defined in clause (15) of section 2 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922.

It is hereby declared that it is expedient in the public interest that the provisions of clauses 2 and 3 of this Bill should have temporary effect under the provisions of the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act, 1918.

VIII of 1894.
VI of 1898.

XII of 1882.

XII of 1922.

VIII of 1894.

VI of 1898.

XI of 1922.

XI of 1922.

XVI of 1918.

SCHEDULE I.

Amendments to be made in Schedule II to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894.

[See section 3 (1).]

1. In Item No. 4 after the words "all sorts" the words "except ochres and other pigment ores" shall be added.

2. For Item No. 14 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"CINCHONA BARK and the alkaloids extracted therefrom including QUININE."

3. In Item No. 29 for the words "spirit, which has been rendered effectually and permanently unfit for human consumption" the words "Denatured Spirit" shall be substituted.

4. In Item No. 30 to the entry in the fourth column the words "or 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, whichever is higher" shall be added.

5. In Item No. 31 the following shall be added to each of the entries in the fourth column, namely :—

"or 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, whichever is higher."

6. In Item No. 34 in the second column the words "and saccharine produce of all sorts" shall be omitted.

7. After Item No. 34 the following heading and items shall be inserted, namely :—

SACCHARINE.

' 34A.	SACCHARINE (except in tablets)	...	Pound	...	20	0
' 34B.	SACCHARINE TABLETS	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	...	25 per cent. or Rs. 20 per	pound of saccharine contents, whichever is higher."

8. In Item No. 43 for the entry in the fourth column, the following shall be substituted, namely :—"24-0 or 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, whichever is higher."

9. For item No. 51 the following items shall be substituted, namely :—

" 51 MACHINERY, namely, such of the following articles as are not specified in any of the following numbers, namely, Nos. 15, 16, 53, 54, 55, 87, 90-A., 96, 103, 111 and 127 :—

- (1) prime-movers, boilers, locomotive engines and tenders for the same, portable engines (including power-driven road rollers, fire engines and tractors), and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts ;
- (2) machines and sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power, not being manual or animal labour, or which before being brought into use require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts ;
- (3) apparatus and appliances, not to be operated by manual or animal labour, which are designed for use in an industrial system as parts indispensable for its operation and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose ;
- (4) control gear, self-acting or otherwise, and transmission-gear designed for use with any machinery above specified, including belting of all materials and driving chains but not driving ropes ;
- (5) bare hard-drawn electrolytic copper wires and cables and other electrical wires and cables, insulated or not ; and poles, troughs, conduits and insulators designed as parts of a transmission system, and the fittings thereof.

Note.—The term "industrial system" used in sub-clause (3) means an installation designed to be employed directly in the performance of any process or series of processes necessary for the manufacture, production or extraction of any commodity.

51A COMPONENT PARTS OF MACHINERY, as defined in No. 51, namely, each parts only as are essential for the working of the machine or apparatus and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose :

Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the machine to which they belong if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable."

10. Item No. 52 and the heading thereto shall be omitted.

11. Item No. 56 shall be omitted.

12. For Item No. 61 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"61 IRON OR STEEL, anchors and cables.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> <p>" " "</p> | <p>beams, joists, pillars, girders and other structural shapes, whether fabricated or not</p> <p>screw piles, bridge work and other descriptions of iron or steel not ordinarily, used for other than building purposes ; including ridging, guttering, flashing and continuous roofing ; also including expanded metal and other descriptions of iron or steel designed for use in the reinforcing of concrete ; but not including builders' hardware, that is to say, grates, stoves, ventilator, door and window fittings and the like ; (See No. 90.)</p> <p>bolts and nuts, including hook bolts and nuts for roofing.</p> <p>hoops and strips.</p> <p>nails, rivets and washers, all sorts.</p> <p>pipes and tubes and fittings therefor, that is to say, bends, boots, elbows, tee sockets, flanges, plugs, valves, cocks and the like.</p> <p>rails, chairs, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, spikes (commonly known as dog-spikes), switches and crossings other than those described in No. 63, also lever-boxes, clips and tie-bars.</p> <p>sheets and plates, all sorts, whether fabricated or not, including discs and circles.</p> <p>wire, including fencing-wire, piano-wire and wire-rope, but excluding wire netting (See No. 92)."</p> |
|---|---|

13. In Item No. 63 the words "engines, tenders" shall be omitted, and for the second proviso, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely :—

"Provided also that nothing shall be deemed to be dutiable hereunder which is dutiable under No. 51 or No. 51A."

14. After Item No. 63 the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"63A COMPONENT PARTS OF RAILWAY MATERIALS, as defined in No. 63, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of railways and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose :

Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the railway material to which they belong, if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable."

15. To Item No. 64 the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that articles of machinery as defined in No. 51 or No. 51A shall, when separately imported, not be deemed to be included hereunder."

16. For Item No. 87 and the heading thereto the following shall be substituted, namely :—

CONVEYANCES.

"87 CONVEYANCES, including tramcars, motor-omnibuses, motor-lorries, motor-vans, passenger lifts, carriages, carts, jinrikshas, bath-chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheel barrows, bicycles, tricycles and all other sorts of conveyances not otherwise specified, and component parts and accessories thereof, except such parts and accessories of the motor vehicles above-mentioned as are also adapted for use as parts or accessories of motor-cars, motor-cycles or motor-scooters (See No. 127)."

17. After Item No. 90 the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"90A ELECTRICAL CONTROL GEAR AND TRANSMISSION GEAR, namely, switches, fuses and current-breaking devices of all sorts and descriptions, designed for use in circuits of less than ten amperes and at a pressure not exceeding 250 volts, and regulators for use with motors designed to consume less than 187 watts ; bare or insulated copper wires and cables, any one core of which has a sectional area of less than one-eightieth part of a square inch, and wires and cables of other metals of not more than equivalent conductivity ; and line insulators, including also cleats, connectors, leading in-tubes and the like, of types and sizes such as are ordinarily used in connection with the transmission of power for other than industrial purposes, and the fittings thereof."

18. To Item No. 96 the following shall be added, namely :—

"and any machines (except such as are designed to be used exclusively in industrial processes which require for their operation less than one quarter of one brake-horse-power."

19. In Item No. 103 after the word "tiles" the words "firebricks not being component parts of any article included in No. 51 or No. 63" shall be inserted, and after the word "specified" the words "including bitumen and other insulating materials" shall be added.

20. In Item No. 127 the words "bicycles and tricycles" and the words "or of bicycles or tricycles" shall be omitted.

21. To Item No. 130 the words "and parts thereof" shall be added.

22. In Item No. 139 the word "and" shall be inserted after the word "cycles" and, the words "bicycles and tricycles" shall be omitted.

SCHEDULE II.

Schedule to be inserted in the Indian Post Office Act, 1898.

(See section 4.)

"THE FIRST SCHEDULE.**INLAND POSTAGE RATES.**

(See section 7.)

Letters

For a weight not exceeding two and a half tolas	...	...	...	One anna.
For every two and a half tolas, or fraction thereof, exceeding two and a half tolas	...	...	...	One anna.

Postcards.

Single	...	...	...	...	Half an anna.
Reply	...	...	...	...	One anna.

Book, Pattern and Sample Packets.

For every five tolas or fraction thereof	Half an anna.
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Registered Newspapers.

For a weight not exceeding eight tolas	Quarter of an anna.
For a weight exceeding eight tolas and not exceeding twenty tolas	...	...	...	Half an anna.
For every twenty tolas, or fraction thereof, exceeding twenty tolas	...	...	...	Half an anna.

Parcels.

For a weight not exceeding twenty tolas	...	...	...	Two annas.
For a weight exceeding twenty tolas and not exceeding forty tolas	...	...	...	Four annas.
For every forty tolas, or fraction thereof exceeding forty tolas	...	...	...	Four annas.

SCHEDULE III.

(See section 6.)

PART I.*Rates of Income-tax.*

Rate.

A. In the case of every individual, every unregistered firm and every undivided Hindu family—				
(1)	When the total income is less than Rs. 2,000	...	...	Nil.
(2)	When the total income is Rs. 2,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 5,000	...	...	Five pies in the rupee.
(3)	When the total income is Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 10,000	...	...	Six pies in the rupee.
(4)	When the total income is Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 20,000	...	...	Nine pies in the rupee.
(5)	When the total income is Rs. 20,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 30,000	...	...	One anna in the rupee.
(6)	When the total income is Rs. 30,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 40,000	...	...	One anna and three pies in the rupee.
(7)	When the total income is Rs. 40,000 or upwards	...	...	One anna and six pies in the rupee.
B. In the case of every company, and every registered firm, whatever its total income				One anna and six pies in the rupee.

PART II.*Rates of Super-tax.*

In respect of the excess over forty thousand rupees of total income :—				Rate.
(1)	in the case of every company	...	...	One anna in the rupee.
(2)	(a) in the case of every Hindu undivided family—			
	(i) in respect of the first twenty-five thousand rupees of the excess	...	...	Nil.
	(ii) for every rupee of the next twenty-five thousand rupees of such excess	...	...	One anna in the rupee.

	Rate.
(b) in the case of every individual and every unregistered firm, for every rupee of the first fifty thousand rupees of such excess.	One anna in the rupee.
(c) in the case of every individual, every unregistered firm and every Hindu undivided family—	
(i) for every rupee of the second fifty thousand rupees of such excess	One and a half annas in the rupee.
(ii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Two annas in the rupee.
(iii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Two and a half annas in the rupee.
(iv) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Three annas in the rupee.
(v) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Three and a half annas in the rupee.
(vi) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Four annas in the rupee.
(vii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Four and a half annas in the rupee.
(viii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Five annas in the rupee.
(ix) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Five and a half annas in the rupee.
(x) for every rupee of the remainder of the excess	Six annas in the rupee.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

1. The object of this Bill is to provide the additional revenue referred to in my speech introducing the Budget for 1923-24 and to continue certain provisions of the Indian Finance Act, 1922 (XII of 1922) which would otherwise cease to have effect from the 1st April 1923.

2. Clause 2 of the Bill provides for the raising of the salt duty from Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 2-8 per maund.

3. Opportunity has been taken to make certain minor amendments in the Tariff Schedule necessitated by administrative reasons. These are embodied in clause 3 (1). The substantive changes made are:—

- (1) The adoption of a new definition of "Machinery and its component parts" and consequential changes in the entries relating to railway and building materials, ships, etc.
- (2) The raising of the duty on saccharine.
- (3) The withdrawal of the concessional rate in respect of tea chests and of lead therefor.

Clause 3 (2) reduces the export duty on raw hides and skins from 15 to 5 per cent. *ad valorem* and dispenses with the system of rebates.

4. Clauses 4 and 6 provide for the continuance of the rates of postage, income-tax and super-tax prescribed by the Indian Finance Act (XII of 1922) while clause 5 provides for the credit to revenue for a further period of one year, *i.e.*, till the 31st March 1924, of interest on securities forming part of the Paper Currency Reserve.

5. The changes mentioned in paragraphs 2 and 3 are intended to come into effect from the 1st March 1923; the rest from April 1st. The Bill provides that the provisions other than those relating to the tariff shall remain in force till the 31st March 1924.

BASIL P. BLACKETT.

The 28th February, 1923.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

**Tour Programme of
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL,
during April 1923.**

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
April.	HOURS.		
10th, Tuesday ...	15-6	Leave Sealdah ...	By special train.
11th, Wednesday ...	5-10	Arrive Siliguri.	
	6-0	Leave Siliguri. ...	By motor car.
	10-15*	Arrive Darjeeling.	

N.B.—*Approximate. All arrivals and departures will be private.

NOTE.—The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Military Secretary.
Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, I.C.S., Private Secretary.
Captain S. B. Horn, Aide-de-Camp (from Santahar).
Captain G. B. Fyldes, Aide-de-Camp.

J. MACKENZIE, LIEUT.-COLONEL,
Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 3rd April 1923.

No. 877 L., dated Calcutta, the 28th March, 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 72B., sub-section (2), of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor declared the Bengal Legislative Council prorogued on the 27th March, 1923.

C. TINDALL,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 3912A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 3640 A.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

No. 3643 A.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Kanti Chandra Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of Rangpur district.

No. 3646 A.—The 27th March 1923.—Mr. J. A. Beale, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ramgarh, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Darjeeling district.

No. 3649 A.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is appointed to have charge of the Banderban subdivision of the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

No. 3689 A.—The 27th March 1923.—The orders of the 26th February 1923 appointing Mr. Amrita Lal Mukharji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Midnapore, to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore, are cancelled.

No. 3692 A.—The 27th March 1923.—Mr. A. deC. Williams, I.C.S., on leave, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore.

No. 3737 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, on leave, is appointed temporarily to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, Dacca.

No. 3743 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Ragala Prasanna Chakrabatti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Banderban, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is appointed to have charge of the Ramgarh subdivision of that district.

POLICE.—No. 3700 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. R. M. Wright, Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Howrah.

No. 3702 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. T. Clear, Superintendent of Police, Murshidabad, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh.

No. 3704 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. D. M. C. Whitmore-Clarke, Officiating Superintendent of Police, Jessore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Superintendent of Police, Murshidabad.

No. 3706 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. Tuni Meerza, Superintendent of Police, Burdwan, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Jessore.

No. 3708 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. G. P. Whalley, Superintendent of Police, Malda, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Burdwan.

No. 3710 A.—The 28th March 1923.—Rai Sahib Srish Chandra Kanjilal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Superintendent of Police, Malda.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 3732A.—The 28th March 1923.—Major the Hon'ble M. G. P. Willoughby, M.C., Commandant of His Excellency the Governor of Bengal's Bodyguard, is allowed combined leave for seven months, with effect from the 1st April 1923, viz., privilege leave for sixty days and furlough for the remaining period under Army Instruction No. 793 of 1921.

No. 3740A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. Probodh Chandra Dè, I.O.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for six months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

POLICE.—No. 3752A.—The 28th March 1923.—Masvi Muhammad Yusuf, probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 6th March 1923.

No. 3697A.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. L. H. Burton, Superintendent of Police, Howrah, is allowed leave on average pay for seven months and fifteen days and leave on half average pay for one year, one month and twenty-six days, or the amount due on the date of relief, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st May 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3555P.—The 31st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a leaflet in English issued by the Executive Committee of the Communist International and the Executive Committee of the Red International of Labour Unions addressed to the workers of all countries on the subject of the Chauri Chaura judgment commencing with the words "Dear comrade" etc., and ending with the words "Executive of the Red International of Labour Unions" and all copies of all other documents containing the matter of the said leaflet on the ground that the said leaflet contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3913A.

POWERS.

No. 3621A.—The 24th March 1923.—Babu Anadi Ranjan Basu, Deputy Magistrate, Faridpur, is vested, under section 407(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear appeals from the decisions of Magistrates of the second and third classes.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENT AND TRANSFER.

No. 1957J.—The 27th March 1923.—Mr. Mazheruddin Ahmed, Bar.-at-Law, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Madaripur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Ram Lal Banarji or until further orders.

Faridpur.

No. 1960J.—The 27th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 (and the proviso to section 357) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Mahadeb Karmakar the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Rangpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him sitting at Lalmonirhat, and

Rangpur.

- (b) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Babu Mahadeb Karmakar is also empowered to take cognizance, under section 190(a) and (b) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, of cases under section 34 of Act V of 1861 and under the Gambling Act arising within that part of Lalmonirhat to which the provisions of the said Acts have been extended.

No. 1965J.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. II, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Munshiganj, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Munshiganj munsifi.

Dacca.

No. 1967J.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, munsif, under orders of transfer to Sandip, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Munshiganj but for the present to be employed at the Sadar station.

Noakhali.
Dacca.

No. 1970J.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Rai Kishor Mazumdar, munsif of Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Noakhali, to be ordinarily stationed at Sandip and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Sandip munsifi. He is also vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Dacca.
Noakhali.

LEAVE.

No. 1948J.—The 7th March 1923.—Babu Upendra Chandra Ghosh, munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on half average pay up to the 13th January 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 19th December 1922.

Dacca.

No. 1949J.—The 10th March 1923.—Babu Ram Lal Baparji, munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 26th February to the 29th March, 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Faridpur.

G. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1113L.S.-G.—The 28th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules:—

RULES UNDER THE BENGAL VILLAGE SELF-GOVERNMENT ACT, 1919, REGULATING THE POWER OF UNION BOARDS TO TRANSFER PROPERTY AND MAKE CONTRACTS.

Transfer of property.

1. No immovable property vested in a union board shall, except with the previous approval of the District Board and in such manner and on such terms and conditions as

the District Board may approve, be transferred by the union board by way of sale, or mortgage, or charge, or exchange, or otherwise than by way of lease.

2. A lease of immovable property vested in a union board may be made by the union board, subject to the following conditions, namely :—

- (a) That a reasonable annual rent shall be reserved and made payable during the whole of the term of the lease; and
- (b) That the lease or agreement for the lease shall not be made for any term without the previous sanction of the union board at a meeting, or for any term exceeding five years without the previous approval of the District Board.

3. Any movable property vested in a union board may be transferred by the union board in any way and on any terms which the union board may, by resolution at a meeting, determine to be expedient and reasonable.

4. Every transfer of immovable property vested in a union board shall be made by an instrument under the common seal, signed by the President and by two of the members of the union board, and where these rules require the previous approval of the District Board, the fact that the transfer is signed with such approval shall be distinctly expressed.

Contracts.

5. A union board as the agent of the District Board or the Local Board may in regard to works or duties the execution of which has been made over to the union board by the District or Local Board, enter into any contract, or agreement in respect of a sum, or involving a value, not exceeding Rs. 200.

6. (1) Every contract made by a union board in respect of a sum, or involving a value above Rs. 25, shall be sanctioned at a meeting.

(2) Where the said sum or value exceeds Rs. 50 the contract shall be in writing, be signed by the President or Vice-President, if any, and two other members of the union board, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the union board.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 5221, dated Calcutta, the 26th March 1923.—This Department notification No. 9058, dated 22nd May 1922, granting additional privilege leave for three months and ordinary privilege leave for one month and eighteen days from 21st November 1921 to Assistant Surgeon Satya Charan Sen, Demonstrator of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, is cancelled.

No. 5172, dated Calcutta, the 24th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Narendra Nath Chaudhuri is appointed to act as House Physician (Medical) Out-door Department Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 16th March 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Gyan Ranjan Banarji.

No. 5174, dated Calcutta, the 24th March 1923.—Babu Pranaba Prasanna Sen Gupta, B.Sc., M.B., Demonstrator in the Biological Department, Medical College, Calcutta, is granted leave for one month and fifteen days, *viz.*, leave on average pay for twenty-nine days (of which one day on account of privilege leave at his credit) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under articles 61 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 5222, dated Calcutta, the 27th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Satis Chandra Ghosh of the General Hospital, Chittagong, is appointed as Teacher of Surgery, Medical School, Dacca, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Gyanendra Nath Chatterji.

No. 5295, dated Calcutta, the 27th March 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Gyanendra Nath Chatterji, Teacher of Surgery, Medical School, Dacca, is posted to the General Hospital, Chittagong, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Satis Chandra Ghosh.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1215 Edn.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Sailendra Lal Mitra, Laboratory Assistant, Presidency College, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Demonstrator in Chemistry in the College, Calcutta, vice Babu Kshitish Chandra Roy, on leave, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1219 Edn.—The 28th March 1923.—Rai Bhupati Nath Das Bahadur, officiating Principal, Dacca Intermediate College, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-three days (entirely on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), with effect from the 26th February 1923, under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1220 Edn.—The 28th March 1923.—Mr. Apurba Krishna Chanda, Vice-Principal, Dacca Intermediate College, is appointed to act as Principal of that College in addition to his own duties, vice Rai Bhupati Nath Das Bahadur, on leave.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1190 Edn.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Hem Chandra Dutta Gupta, Demonstrator, Presidency College, Calcutta, was allowed leave on half average pay for fourteen days, with effect from the 1st February 1923, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1191 Edn.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Ganga Gobinda Basak, Laboratory Assistant, Presidency College, was allowed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Demonstrator in the College, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Hem Chandra Dutta Gupta.

Appointment by the Chancellor.

No. 1243 Edn.—The 29th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, VII of 1921, His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. Bhupendra Nath Basu, M.A., B.L., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the Calcutta University, vice Lt.-Col. Leventon, resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1266 Edn.—The 31st March 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Mr. Bhupendranath Basu, M.A., B.L., to be Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University, vice the Hon'ble Sir Ashutosh Mukerji, Kt., C.S.I., M.A., D.L.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 690 Mis.—The 27th March 1923.—It is notified for general information that under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) sanction the abolition, with effect from the 1st May 1923, of the office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Jhenida at Gopalpur Bazar in the district of Jessore.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 693 Mis.—The 27th March 1923.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to sanction the further retention for one year up to the 28th February 1924, of the temporary office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Boda at Debiganj in the district of Jalpaiguri.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 89.—The 23rd March 1923.—Maulvi Abdur Razzak, Sub-Registrar of Damadya, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th March 1923.

No. 90.—The 23rd March 1923.—Babu Nikunja Behari Sen Gupta, Sub-Registrar, attached to Faridpur Sadar Registration office, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Damadya, in the same district, with effect from the 16th March 1923, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Razzak, on leave.

No. 95.—The 27th March 1923.—Babu Suresh Chandra Patranabis, Sub-Registrar of Barhatta, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Netrakona in the same district.

No. 96.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Harendra Krishna De Chaudhuri, Sub-Registrar, is allowed leave for two months, viz., leave on average pay for one month under rule 81 (b) (ii) and leave on half average pay for one month under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 488, dated the 18th November 1922.

No. 97.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Joynagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 42, dated the 31st January 1923.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3405F.—The 27th March 1923.—Mr. G. W. Davis, Deputy Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. J. Norton, with effect from the 3rd April 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 30 Marine.—The 24th March 1923.—Mr. F. H. A. Lendrum, Senior Master Pilot, is granted leave on average pay for six months (of which twenty-two days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th March 1923.

No. 31 Marine.—The 24th March 1923.—Mr. R. D. Layard, 2nd Mate Leadsman, Bengal Pilot Service, is granted leave on average pay for fourteen days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave notified in Bengal Government notification No. 26 Marine, dated the 22nd March 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**ESTABLISHMENT.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 13.—*The 29th March 1923.*—Mr. B. G. Gwyther, Superintending Engineer, is, on return from the Marine Department, placed on special duty and attached to the office of the Chief Engineer, Bengal, with effect from the 24th February 1923 and until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 14.—*The 29th March 1923.*—Mr. A. R. Lamb, Assistant Accounts officer, office of the Accountant-General, Bengal, is placed on special duty in the Public Works Department, Bengal, and attached to the office of the Chief Engineer, Bengal, with effect from the 27th February 1923 and until further orders.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.)

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 12.—*The 28th March 1923.*—This department notification No. 11, dated the 12th March 1923, transferring Babu Dharendra Nath Ray, Upper Subordinate, from the Chittagong to the Bakarganj Division, is hereby cancelled.

G. G. DEY,

Chief Engineer (offg.)

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.**ESTABLISHMENT.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 23.—*The 26th March 1923.*—Mr. C. Addams-Williams, C.I.E., Chief Engineer, is placed on special duty in addition to his own duties as Chief Engineer, Grand Trunk Canal, to deal with the recommendations of the Retrenchment Committee, Bengal, so far as they relate to the Irrigation Department, with effect from the 8th March 1923.

No. 24.—*The 27th March 1923.*—Rai Sahib Krishna Dhan Banarji, Assistant Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the office of the Superintending Engineer, South-Western Circle, to the Damodar division.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.**AGRICULTURE.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1645 Agri.—*The 28th March 1923.*—Mr. K. McLean, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Bengal, is appointed to act as Fibre Expert to the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 17th October 1922, *vice* Mr. R. S. Finlow, or until further orders.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.)

EXCISE.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1843 Ex.—The 28th March 1923.—Maulvi Sultan Muhammad, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, in charge of the Excise Intelligence Bureau, Calcutta, is transferred temporarily to Bardwan, *vice* Rai Sahib Panchu Gopal Sen, deceased.

Calcutta.
Bardwan.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.)

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 5103.—The 26th March 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Indurdair Co-operative Samiti (registered No. 240D of 1919), in the district of Mymensingh, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Babu Mohini Mohan Bir, Secretary, Kishoreganj Central Bank, Limited, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 5278.—The 28th March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 11882, dated the 16th September 1921, so far as it relates to the appointment of the auditor of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, as liquidator of the Golna Co-operative Bank (registered No. 503 of 1914), in the district of Rangpur, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, instead as liquidator of the said society.

No. 5284.—The 28th March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 3866, dated the 16th March 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, as liquidator of the Sundarkhata Dangapara Co-operative Bank (registered No. 15 of 1918), in the district of Rangpur, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, instead as liquidator of the said society.

No. 5290.—The 28th March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 670, dated the 16th January 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, as liquidator of the Durakati Paschimpara Co-operative Bank (registered No. 470 of 1914), in the district of Rangpur, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, instead as liquidator of the said society.

No. 5296.—The 28th March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 6279, dated the 2nd May 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, as liquidator of the Dimla Co-operative Bank (registered No. 300 of 1916), in the district of Rangpur, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, instead as liquidator of the said society.

No. 5302.—The 28th March 1923.—In supersession of the notification No. 7028, dated the 18th May 1922, so far as it relates to the appointment of the auditor of Co-operative Societies, Nilphamari, as liquidator of the Balagram Paschimpara Co-operative Bank (registered No. 746 of 1917), in the district of Rangpur, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies instead as liquidator of the said society.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

DECLARATION.

No. 3217 L.A.—The 27th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bardwan for a public purpose, viz., for the re-excavation of Dighi tank, in the village of Chouberia, pargana Haveli, zilla Bardwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less,

Bardwan.

4 bighas 10 cottahs and 14 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 1·5 acres, bounded on the—

North and West—By the *doba* of Kunja Behari Ghosh, paddy lands of Kunja Behari Ghosh, Nitai Behari Ghosh, Charu Sheikh, Prokash Chandra Mukherji, Becharam Pal, Ganendra Nath Banerji and Binode Lal Banerji,

East—By the bank of the tank of Benode Lal Banerji and bazar lands of Binode Lal Banerji,

South—By the road-side lands of Memary Madhabpur Road and the bazar lands of Binode Lal Banerji,

is required within the aforesaid village of Chouberia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Burdwan.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3218 L.A.—The 27th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council

Dacca.

that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Pumping Station at Dhopakholia in the mahalla of Naraindia known as Dhopakholia, parganas (1) Jahangirnagar, (2) Zafaruzial, Tappa Naraindia, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 3265 of an acre, bounded on the—

BLOCK I (area 1384):

North and East—By the land already acquired for sewerage outfall works,

South—By the remaining portion of the land of Bhagabat Prasanna Saha Sankhandhi and others,

West—By the Municipal lane,

BLOCK II (area 1881):

North—By the land already acquired for sewerage outfall works and land already acquired for pumping station,

East—By the E. B. Railway land,

South—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 6 and cadastral survey plots Nos. 17 and 237,

West—By the land already acquired for sewerage outfall works,

are required within the aforesaid mahalla of Naraindia known as Dhopakholia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3219 L.A.—The 27th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council

Howrah.

that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the widening of Nabin Senapati Lane, in the village of Kashondea, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 chitaks and 30 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 0·1 of an acre, bounded on the—

North, South and West—By Nabin Senapati Lane,

East—By the land of Babu Annath Nath Banerji and others, and the land and building of Sushilabala Dasi,

is required within the aforesaid village of Kashondea.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 8290 L.A.—The 28th March 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for second down line between Barakar and Sitarampur in the villages of Dedi, Punuri, Kult, Petana, Kendua, Balitara and Manberia, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose ten pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 61 bighas 19 cottahs and 11 chittaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 20.49 acres bounded on the

MILE 140—PLOT A :

North—By the land of Jageswar Majhi,

South, East and West—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

PLOT B.

North—By the lands of Jageswar Majhi, Radhu Majhi, Rakhal Pal, Gopi Majhi, Bhuban Majhi, Ram Mondal, Mili Chashani, Nito Chashani, Iswar Acharyee, Prasanna Molan, Kalipada Mondal, Protap Majhi, Sarbeswar Majhi, Jiban Mandal, Kali Majhi and Jagendra Majhi,

East—By the land of Jageswar Majhi,

South and West—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

PLOT C.

North—By the lands of Kalidas Lark, Bhusan Mondal, Hari Mondal and Gour Majhi,

East—By the village road,

South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the land of Gour Mandal,

MILE 141—PLOT D.

North—By the lands of Gour Majhi, Mritunjay Majhi, Rakha Hari Mandal, Kalidas Lark, Ram Mandal, Bani Mandal, Kali Mondal, Jugal Bouri, Iswar Acharyee, Banowari Muchi, Bhikari Muchi and Kunja Behari Ghosh,

East—By the land of Gour Majhi,

South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the land of Kunja Behari Ghosh,

PLOT E.

North—By the lands of Madari Muchi, village road, Bhupendranath Mandal, Kali Roy, Srinath Chakravarti, Dabidas Chakravarti, Dhan Majhi, Daulat Mistri, Mahabir Jasawar, Bital Kahar, Deo Chand Muchi, Ram Chand Muchi, Begun Muchi, Matai Shaik and Guljar Shaik,

East—By the lands of Madari Muchi, Kali Roy, Srinath Chakravarti, Dabidas Chakravarti, Dhan Majhi and village road,

South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the land of Guljar Shaik,

MILE 142—PLOT F.

North—By the lands of Bhiku Muchi, Safi Mahamad, Behari Garai and Bengal Iron and Steel Company,

East—By the land of Bhiku Muchi,

South and West—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

PLOT G :

North and West—By the land of Bengal Iron and Steel Company.

South and East—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

PLOT H.

North—By the lands of Shuchand Bouri, Pratap Bouri, Sanbhu Bouri, Bhairab Bouri, Chandu Bouri, Babu Lal Shaik and Shibu Bouri,

East—By the land of Shuchand Bouri,

South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the land of Shibu Bouri,

PLOT I :

North—By the lands of Karuna Bouri, Babu Lal Shaik, Goshta Majhi, Shifal Majhi, Rahamatali Shaik, Abdul Shaik, Amritlal Ray, Ranji Bouri, Shiboo Ray, Abinash Pan, Bhiku Bouri and Kali Das Laik,

East—By the land of Karuna Bouri,

South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the lands of Abinash Pan and Bhiku Bouri,

MILE 143—PLOT J :

North—By the lands of Bhiku Bouri, Rahamatali Shaik, Shibu Ghosh, Shufal Pul, Bireswar Ghosh and Sanjilal Pal,

East—By the lands of Bhiku Bouri and Rahamatali Shaik,

South and West By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Dedi, Punuri, Kulti, Petana, Kendua, Balitara and Manberia.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3291 L.A.—The 28th March 1928.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in

Burdwan.

Council that a second additional block of land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for second up line between Asansol and Sitarampur, in the village of Kuarpur, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 bighas 5 cottahs and 15 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 1.42 acres, bounded on the

North—By the lands of C. K. Chatter and Kali Pandey,

East—By the lands of Kali Pandey,

South—By the lands of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the lands of C. K. Chatter,

is required within the aforesaid village of Kuarpur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

No. 10 For.—The 24th March 1928.—Babu Bhola Nath Bhattacharji, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, is posted to the charge of the Lower Tonda Range with headquarters at Ramshahat, with effect from the

Jaipalguri.

1st March 1928.

R. C. MILWARD,

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

MAULVI CHOWDHURI AFSAR ALI, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, has been placed in charge of Jalpaiguri treasury, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th March 1923, in place of Babu Banka Behari Ghosh, transferred.

W. H. NELSON, *Deputy Commissioner.*

JALPAIGURI, *the 21st March 1923.*

HIGH COURT NOTICE.**ORIGINAL SIDE.**

The 28th March 1923.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has made the following appointments from the 27th instant until further orders :—

Mr. J. M. Ghose, Bar.-at-Law, an Assistant Registrar on Rs. 300, to be an Assistant Registrar on Rs. 400—600, *vice* Babu J. C. Mitra, Assistant Registrar on Rs. 400—600, appointed Deputy Registrar until further orders, and Mr. J. S. Cotta, Assistant Registrar on Rs. 200—300, *vice* Mr. J. M. Ghose. Mr. F. Palsett, Shorthand Writer on Rs. 200—450, now drawing Rs. 380, will officiate for Mr. J. S. Cotta, but will draw the pay of his substantive post under rule 31 of the Fundamental Rules. The appointment of Mr. D. K. Bose, Bar.-at-Law, as an Assistant Registrar on Rs. 400—600, terminated on and from the afternoon of the 26th instant.

By order, etc.,

MAURICE REMFRY,
Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the months of April, May and June 1923, or until further orders, that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Serampore and Howrah and Subordinate Judge of the First Court of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

April 1923.				Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	...	7
Howrah—21st to 30th	...	...	...	8
				—
				23
				—
May 1923.				Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 9th	...	...	...	8
Serampore—10th to 21st	...	...	...	8
Howrah—22nd to 31st	...	...	...	8
				—
				24
				—
June 1923.				Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	...	8
Howrah—21st to 30th	...	...	...	8
				—
				24

Excluding Sundays and holidays.

NAGENDRA NATH GHOSH, *Judge.*

SERAMPORE SMALL CAUSES COURT, *the 19th March 1923.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 562R.G.—Babu Ashutosh Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Sadar station of the district of the 24-Parganas.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 26th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 957J.G.—Babu Sanya Charan Halder, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed as Circle Officer, Pingla Circle, in the district of Midnapore.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 27th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 968J.G.—Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is temporarily appointed as Circle Officer, Dhaniakhally Circle, district Hooghly.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 27th March 1923.

ERRATUM.

IN paragraph 2 of this notification No. 620L.S.-G., dated the 8th March 1923, published at pages 347-48, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem for "Rai Sahib Sambhu Charan Datta" read "Babu Gyanada Charan Bose."

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 31st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 33M.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the by-election held on the 17th March 1923 in ward No. III of the Basirhat Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, Babu Nirode Chandra Mukherjee, B.L., has been duly elected to be a Commissioner for that ward, in place of Babu Bihode Behary Basu, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 27th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 816L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 19(2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, Act III of 1883, as amended, Dr. J. W. Tomb is appointed to be member of the Asansol local board in the district of Burdwan, vice Col. F. J. Agabeg, removed.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 27th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 749L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Rabindra Nath Singha Roy has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of the Nandai union board in Kalna police-station in the Kalna subdivision of the district of Burdwan, vice Babu Bijan Gopal Singh Roy, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 752L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sajani Kanta Das Adhikari has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. I of the Paraj union board in Galsi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Nil Madhab Das Adhikari, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 755L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Hari Bilas Bhattacharjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Polba union board in Polba police-station in the Sadar subdivision in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Munshi Muhammad Ishaque, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 758L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Surjya Kumar Santra has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Hajipur union board in Goghat police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Abinash Chandra Bhattacharjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 761L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Kartic Chandra Santra has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Hajipur union board in Goghat police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Sasadhar Kundu, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 764L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Purna Chandra Pal has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Rajbalhat union board in Jangipara police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Umesh Chandra Chatterjee, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 25th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 784 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rules 38 and 24 of the Election Rules for Union Boards made thereunder, Babu Sripati Mandal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member for ward No. I of the Bara Kalikapur union board in Nanur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Radhika Prasad Koar, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 26th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 790 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Shaikh Esabaque Molla has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Ruppur union board in Bolpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Radha Ranjan Das, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 27th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 787 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rules 38 and 24 of the Election Rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Tin Kari Samanta has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member for ward No. II of the Bara Kalikapur union board in Naur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Ramanath Samanta, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 26th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 781 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Tin Kari Nath Banarjee has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. III of the Bongram union board in Labpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Suratheswar Banarjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 27th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1246 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V, 1919, read with rule 39 of the Rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Munshi Julfe Ali to be a member of the Barapara union board, police-station Kotwali, in the district of Tippera, in place of Munshi Mahammed Roshan, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 25th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1244 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Babu Jogendra Chandra Deb to be a member of the Bagsimal union board, police-station Burichang in the district of Tippera in place of Anzor Ali, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 26th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1248 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the Rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Munshi Monohar Ali to be a duly elected member of the Bagsimal union board, police-station Burichang in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Chandra Sekhar Deb, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 25th March 1923.*



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PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

TELEGRAPHS.

Delhi, the 24th March 1923.

No. 520-P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6975-137, dated the 16th September 1909, namely:—

1. After clause (b) of sub-rule (5) of rule 131 of the said rules, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“(c) to an officer of Government in British India by a news agency duly authorised in this behalf by the Governor General in Council or by a Local Government.”

2. In rule 335 of the said rules, for the words “conditions indicated in clause” the words “conditions indicated in rule 131 and in clause” shall be substituted.

S. D'A. CROOKSHANK, Colonel,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 24th March 1923.

No. 1702.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of any copy of any publications issued by the International Working Men's Association (Internationale Arbeiter Assoziation), Berlin, in whatever language they may be printed.

No. 1707.—Erratum.—In the notification of the Government of India in this department, No. 1043, dated the 17th February 1923, published on pages 163 and 164 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, of the same date, for the words "warp or weft" occurring in items 16 and 25, read "warp and weft."

D. T. CHADWICK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 24th March 1923.

No. M.-257.—Mr. R. R. Simpson, M.Sc., Chief Inspector of Mines in India, is granted leave on average pay for eight months (including privilege leave for two months and six days), with effect from the 12th April 1923 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. M.-257 —Mr. D. Penman, B.Sc. (Hons.), M.I.M.E., officiating Inspector of Mines in India, No. 1 Circle, is appointed to officiate as Chief Inspector of Mines in India, *vice* Mr. R. R. Simpson.

No. M.-257.—Mr. W. Kirby, B.Sc., Junior Inspector of Mines in India, is appointed to officiate as Inspector of Mines in India, *vice* Mr. D. Penman.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Orders by the Commissioner of Income-Tax, Bengal.

No. 9557C.T.—The 27th March 1923.—Khan Bahadur Ataur Rahman, Income-Tax Officer, Calcutta, District III, is appointed to be an Assistant Commissioner of Income-Tax for the Dacca Range comprising the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Chittagong, Noakhali and Tippera, with effect from the date he assumes charge of his office at Dacca.

E. N. BLANDY,
Commissioner of Income-Tax, Bengal.



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PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Calcutta.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

In accordance with the Government of Bengal notification No. 1410Medl., dated 7th July 1913, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 11 A.M. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 16th, 17th and 18th April 1923.

2. Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 16th April 1923, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge.

3. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

4. Should any candidate fail to pass the examination he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to rules 9 and 10 of the persons granting the certificates to rules 11 and 14 (3) and to the certificate forms O (13), D, K and F in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid notification as circulated by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Calcutta Hospitals, Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Chief Medical Officers, etc., with his circular No. 25, dated the 22nd July 1913.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 12th February 1923..

NOTIFICATION.

Preliminary test examination for admission into the compounders' class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the compounders' class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, will be held on Saturday, the 28th April 1923, at 11 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Superintendent, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, between the 1st and 15th April 1923.

No fees will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

NOTIFICATION.

Dressers' Examination at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

PASSED compounders, who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this School, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at the Dressership Examination to be held on Thursday, the 19th April 1923. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

NOTE.—This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders on production of a certificate that they have received instructions in a hospital or dispensary recognised by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilisation of dressings and instruments and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders at Mymensingh S. K. Hospital.

THE next qualifying examination of Compounders will be held at the S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, on Monday, the 16th April 1923, at 8 A.M., and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government notifications Nos. 1410 and 1411, dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of Civil Surgeon, President.
Mymensingh.

Assistant Surgeon attached to the S. K. Hospital	...	} Members.
Teacher of Compounder class	...	

No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11, 12 of Government notification No. 1110Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(b) All candidates must forward to the undersigned an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. A fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of a fresh fee.

J. N. MITRA, *Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh.*

S.K. Hospital, Mymensingh.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders class, Mymensingh S. K. Hospital, will be held on Monday, the 23rd April 1923, at 8 A.M.

Candidates desiring to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the undersigned on or before the 20th April 1923.

J. N. MITRA, *Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh.*

Bengal Veterinary College.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 9 A.M., on 23rd April 1923. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. D. MACGREGOR, L.V.S.,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.**AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.****Industries.**

CALCUTTA, THE 28TH MARCH 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 1656Ind.**Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.**

THE Government of Bengal in the Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works have decided that the scope of enquiry laid down in paragraph 2 of Government resolution No. 5579Ind., dated the 18th November 1922, appointing a committee for the investigation into the problem of unemployment among the educated middle classes in Bengal and to suggest remedial measures, will include investigations into the question of unemployment among the Anglo-Indian middle classes as well and suggestions as to its solution.

2. Government have further decided to appoint Mr. Krishna Chandra Ray Chaudhuri, M.L.C., as a member of the Committee, in place of late Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, and the following gentlemen as additional members of the Committee :—

- (i) Mr. G. B. Cozens.
- (ii) Mr. J. W. Traise.
- (iii) Dr. Pramatha Nath Banerjee, M.L.C.

ORDERED that the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and copies thereof forwarded to the President and members of the Committee.

ORDERED also that a copy of the resolution be forwarded to the Education Department of this Government for information.

By order of the Government of Bengal
(Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works),

J. T. DONOVAN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 4175A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 3761A.—*The 28th March 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in continuation of notification No. 184A., dated the 8th January 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the term of appointment of Maulvi Saleh Ahmed as Special Magistrate of Raigpur for a further period of three months.

No. 3838A.—*The 29th March 1923.*—The services of Mr. G. H. W. Davies, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Finance, Commerce and Marine Departments, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India, Home Department.

No. 3841A.—*The 29th March 1923.*—Mr. W. H. Carter, I.C.S., First Additional District and Sessions Judge, Bakarganj, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 3891A.—*The 2nd April 1923.*—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, Dacca, is appointed to be District Judge of that district.

No. 3894A.—The 2nd April 1923.—Mr. Phanindra Mohan Chatterji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 3896A.—The 2nd April 1923.—Mr. T. B. Jameson, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Darjeeling, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

No. 3903A.—The 2nd April 1923.—Mr. Gyanendra Nath Roy, I.C.S., is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, on being relieved of his present appointment as Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bengal, and Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Judicial Department.

No. 3906A.—The 2nd April 1923.—Mr. S. E. Stinton, I.C.S., is appointed to be Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, on being relieved of his present appointment as District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 3909A.—The 2nd April 1923.—Mr. Sarat Kumar Ghose, I.C.S., is appointed to act, until further orders, as Third Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, on being relieved of his present appointment as Second Additional District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 3946A.—The 4th April 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Latif Chandhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Dacca Division.

No. 3953A.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Kunja Lal Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Brahmanbaria, Tippera, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of the Hooghly district.

No. 3960A.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Amar Nath Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 3996A.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. Rajendra Lal Sadhu, officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Faridpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 3998A.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. Banamali Sen, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Rangpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Faridpur.

No. 4012A.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. Tajal Islam Muhammad Nurannabi Chaudhuri, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Noakhali district.

No. 4044A.—The 6th April 1923.—Khan Sahib Tabibur Rahman, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 4049A.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. Iradatulla, officiating Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, Bakarganj, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 4051A.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. Abul Muzaffar Ahmad, officiating Third Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed temporarily to act as Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, Bakarganj.

No. 4106A.—The 7th April 1923.—Mr. G. D. Pyne, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jhargram, Midnapore, is transferred to the headquarters station of that district.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.—No. 4007A.—The 6th April 1923.—The Reverend John Godber, Senior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral and officiating Archdeacon of Calcutta, is appointed to be Chaplain of Darjeeling from the 9th April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 4009A.—The 6th April 1923.—The Reverend C. G. Pearson, Junior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, is appointed to be Senior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, from the 9th April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 4120A.—The 7th April 1923.—The Reverend L. Whitcombe of the Oxford Missionary Society, is appointed to act until further orders as Junior Chaplain, St. John's Church, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st October 1922.

POLICE.—No. 3806A.—The 29th March 1923.—Mr. C. E. Ezechiel, Superintendent of Police, Eastern Bengal Railway, Sealdah, is appointed temporarily to act as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. L. Peters, or until further orders.

No. 3808A.—The 29th March 1923.—In supersession of notification No. 2616A., dated the 9th March 1923, Mr. W. E. Duckfield, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Tippera, is appointed temporarily to act as Superintendent of Police, Eastern Bengal Railway, Sealdah.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 3358A.—The 21st March 1923.—The orders contained in this Government notification No. 326A., dated the 13th January 1923, granting fifteen days' leave on average pay to Maulvi Mustafizur Rahman Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bogra, are cancelled.

No. 3758A.—The 28th March 1923.—Babu Pramad Kumar Basu, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the note thereunder, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 10th October 1922.

No. 3763A.—The 29th March 1923.—Mr. W. N. Delevingne, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for six months and seven days, under articles 81 (b) (i) and 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th April 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 3900A.—The 2nd April 1923.—Mr. F. B. Bradley-Birt, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, is allowed leave for three months (including thirteen days on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st April 1923.

No. 3944A.—The 4th April 1923.—Mr. Praphulla Shankar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for three months under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 9th June 1922.

No. 3951A.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Akshay Kumar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is allowed leave for four months, viz., leave on average pay for twenty-three days or the amount due on the date from which he may avail himself of it, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 3968.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Nagendra Nath Dewan, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rangamati, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 4027A.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Phakir Chandra Chatterji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 3rd July 1923, under the proviso to rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th November 1922.

No. 4034A.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Bisweswar Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for two months, viz., leave on average pay for one month on medical certificate under proviso to article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 23rd December 1922.

No. 4037A.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Uma Prasanna Guha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for four months, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 28th September 1922.

No. 4039A.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Manindra Bhusan Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for one day, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 14th February 1923.

No. 4041A.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Binod Mohan Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks (the entire period being on account of privilege leave), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave previously granted to him.

No. 4094A.—The 7th April 1923.—Maulvi Khundkar Muhammad Hussain, Sub-Deputy Collector on probation, Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days (of which one month and three days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 8th April 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 3803A.—The 29th March 1923.—Mr. F. L. Peters, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range, is allowed leave for one year and seven months with effect from the 3th April 1923, viz., leave on average pay for eight months under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules.

No. 3845A.—The 29th March 1923.—In modification of the orders of the 17th March 1923, Mr. A. E. F. Wood, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for eight months (of which five months and eighteen days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 28th March 1923.

No. 3957A.—The 4th April 1923.—Mr. R. C. Durup de Dombal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for seven months, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and the proviso thereunder, with effect from the 1st May 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 4025A.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Raghobendra Nath Banarji, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for one day (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 18th November 1922.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4099A.—The 7th April 1923.—Mr. E. Holson, officiating Superintendent of Police, Tippera, having passed an examination in Bengali by the proficiency standard in accordance with the rules for the encouragement of the study of oriental languages, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 750 (Rupees seven hundred and fifty).

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3798P.—The 7th April 1923.—In pursuance of section 7, sub-section (1) of the Cinematograph Act, 1918 (of 1918), as amended by the Cinematograph (Amendment) Act, 1919 (XXIII of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Bengal Board of Censors constituted by notification No. 4798P., dated the 16th April 1920, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st

dem. With the exception of the president they shall hold office from the 16th April 1923 to the 15th April 1924 :—

Members of the Board.

(1) The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta	President (<i>ex officio</i>).
(2) Mr. W. S. Cole	} Members.
(3) „ J. B. Backhouse	...	...	...
(4) The Station Staff Officer, Fort William, Calcutta	...	...	...
(5) Mr. S. C. Mahalanabis	...	...	...
(6) Mrs. E. J. Oakley	...	...	...
(7) Mr. W. H. Phelps	}
(8) „ Abdur Rahim, C.I.E., M.L.C.	...	...	...

The Deputy Commissioner of Police, head-quarters, Calcutta, shall be *ex officio* Secretary of the Board.

No. 3818P.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 28 of the Auxiliary Force Act, 1920 (XLIX of 1920), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Advisory Committee for the Jalpaiguri military area. They will hold office up to the 31st March 1924 :—

Members of the Advisory Committee.

1. The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division (*ex officio*).
2. Major W. Kenworthy, military representative.
3. Mr. Cecil Stuart Bateman, representative of the Duars Planters' Association.
4. Mr. E. M. Woodcock, representative of the Terai Planters' Association.
5. Mr. E. Scarth, representative of the Darjeeling Planters' Association.

No. 3819P.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 28 of the Auxiliary Force Act, 1920 (XLIX of 1920), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Advisory Committee for the Calcutta military area. They will hold office up to the 31st March 1924 :—

Members of the Advisory Committee.

1. Member, Board of Revenue (*ex officio*).
2. Captain V. S. Clarke, M.C., military representative.
3. Mr. Nigel F. Paton, representative of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce.
4. Mr. J. A. Tassie, representative of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce.
5. Mr. G. H. F. Eatwell, representative of the Calcutta Trades' Association.
6. Mr. H. B. Turle, representative of the European Association.
7. Mr. W. J. Traise, representative of the Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association.

No. 3820P.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 28 of the Auxiliary Force Act, 1920 (XLIX of 1920), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Advisory Committee for the Dacca military area. They will hold office up to the 31st March 1924 :—

Members of the Advisory Committee.

1. The Commissioner of the Dacca Division (*ex officio*).
2. Captain R. R. Wingate, military representative.
3. Mr. R. L. Bliss, representative of the Chittagong Chamber of Commerce.
4. Mr. A. M. Godden, representative of the Narayanganj Chamber of Commerce.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1120Pl.—The 29th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section I of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Disorderly Houses Act, 1907 (Eastern Bengal and Assam Act, II of 1907), read with section III of the Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam Laws Act, 1912 (VII of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provision of the

said Eastern Bengal and Assam Act, II of 1907, to the local area at Ullapara in the district of Pabna, comprised within the boundaries specified below :—

- North*—The straight line which commencing from the junction of the roads leading to Raiganj and Chowbila from Ullapara and passing eastward meets the big *Bat* tree standing on the common boundary line of the homestead lands of Krishna Lal Sutradhar and Srikanta Maldar just on the Ullapara-Baral road.
- East*—The straight line starting from the said *Bat* tree and passing south-westwards along the Baraiya khal meets the eastern corner of the local Bench office where the Bench office road terminates and thence again passing in a south-easterly direction meets the point where the mela road terminates on the north-west corner of the mela compound.
- South*—The straight line which starting from the said north-west corner of the mela compound and passing westwards meets the common boundary point off the arable lands of Emani Pramanik, Jharu Pramanik and Jaher Pramanik at the junction of two mauzas, viz., Kauak and Char Kauak.
- South-west*—The straight line which commencing from the said common boundary point of the arable lands of Jaher, Jharu and Emani Pramanik and passing across the junction of the road leading to Tarash and Mohanpur from Ullapara meets another junction of the roads leading to Bakua and Pangraha.
- West*—The straight line which passing along thence in a north-easterly direction meets the aforesaid junction of the roads leading to Raiganj and Chowbila from Ullapara.

No. 1131 Pl.—The 31st March 1923.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits and burglars, ordinarily residing in the jurisdiction of police-stations Bhadreswar and Serampore in the district of Hooghly, of police-stations Meteaburuz, Dum Dum and Khorda in the district of the 24-Parganas, of police-station Hanskhali in the district of Nadia, and of the town police-station district Howrah, and commonly known as Jogen Seal's gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences :

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1132 Pl.—The 31st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of Jogen Seal's gang, which has been declared by Notification No. 1131 Pl., dated the 31st March 1923, to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence, any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

No. 1136 Pl.—The 31st March 1923.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits and burglars, ordinarily residing in the jurisdiction of police-station Ketugram, in the district of Burdwan, and of police-station Labpur, in the district of Birbhum, and commonly known as Hydar Sheikh's gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences :

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1137 Pl.—The 31st March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of Hydar Sheikh's gang, which has been declared by Notification No. 1136 Pl., dated the 31st March 1923, to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence any change or intended change of residence, and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

No. 1158 Pl.—The 3rd April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Police Act, 1861 (V of 1861), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint every Deputy-Superintendent of Police in the Bengal Presidency to perform all the duties of a District Superintendent of Police under sections 30 and 30A of the said Act, in the districts to which they are posted as Deputy Superintendents of Police.

No. 1166 Pl.—The 4th April 1923.—Under section 12 of the European Vagrancy Act, 1874 (IX of 1874), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. B. Dodson to be a member of the Committee of Management of the Government Workhouse, Calcutta, *vice* Mr. James W. Roger.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Police.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 21A of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), and clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 15A of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act II of 1866), and with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, directs that the 1st Division Port Police section shall be abolished and that the revised boundaries of the police sections in the Port Police Division in Calcutta shall be, as follows:—

Port Police, Northern Division.

- North*—A line drawn due east across the river Hooghly from a pillar at the southern boundary of Messrs. D. Waldie and Company's Chemical Works and Distillery at Konnagar in the district of Hooghly on the right bank of the river to a pillar on the left bank of the river near Panihati in the district of the 24-Parganas.
- East*—From the pillar on the left bank of the river near Panihati in the district of 24-Parganas to the Cossipore Gun Foundry Ghat and thence to the junction of Strand Road, Strand Bank Road and Port Trust Railway at Ahiritolla Ghat, all lands, buildings and railways as may lie between the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway and the river including the Port Trust Railway Station buildings which lie outside this fencing. From Ahiritolla Ghat to Jagannath Ghat all lands, buildings and railways between the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway and the river. From Jagannath Ghat to Jagannath Ghat cross road, thence along the south side of this road to the junction of the Port Commissioners' and Mint property; thence south along the boundary wall dividing the Port Commissioners' and Mint property to Meerbahar Ghat Street; thence west along the north extremity of Meerbahar Ghat Street to the outer fencing of the Port Trust Railway. From Meerbahar Ghat all lands, buildings, warehouses, wharves, jetties and railways which may lie between the river and a boundary line running east up to the south side of Meerbahar Ghat Street to its junction with Strand Road and thence south along the western limit of Strand Road to the crossing of Howrah Bridge approach road, north side, and thence along the western limit of Strand Road to the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage, including all lands, buildings, etc., which lie between the river and a boundary line running south along the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway, as also the Mukram Lachmi Narain Dharamsala which lies outside this fencing.
- South*—A line drawn from the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage to the north end of the Ganges Jute Mill buildings on Howrah side.
- West*—The river Hooghly and all that floats thereon, including the Howrah Bridge.

Port Police, Southern Division.

- North*—A line drawn from the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage to the north end of the Ganges Jute Mill buildings on the Howrah side.
- East*—From the extreme southern end of Outram Ghat landing stage all lands, buildings, etc., which may lie between the river and a boundary line running south along the outer wire-fencing of the Port Trust Railway to the south bank of Tolly's Nullah, and the Hastings Lift Bridge, thence east along the south bank of Tolly's Nullah up to Hastings Road Bridge and from that along the north-east boundary of Garden Reach Road until it reaches the Port Commissioners' dockyard wall opposite Watgunge Road.
- South*—From the Port Commissioners' dockyard wall opposite Watgunge Road cutting the Government dockyard boundary fence to the river east of the 60 feet dock entrance.
- West*—The river Hooghly and all that floats thereon as far as a line drawn from a masonry pillar placed at the mouth of Budge-Budge khal to a pillar on the Howrah side of the river Hooghly, bearing north-west of the first named pillar.

A.B.—The Budge-Budge Petroleum depot also falls within this jurisdiction.

Dock Police.

A line starting from the river at the Government dockyard boundary fence east of the 60 feet dock entrance, and continuing along this boundary fence to its junction with No. 1 dock boundary wall east, opposite the Watgunge Road; thence south along the Garden Reach Road, west side, to No. 1 Gate Kidderpore Docks, including No. 1 Dock

Police Barracks; thence along Shastitolla Road, west side, to Circular Garden Reach Road. Thence by Circular Garden Reach Road, north side, to Eastern boundary road. Thence by Eastern boundary road, west side, to Harabash Road. Thence by Harabash Road, south side, to Bhukaylash Road, west side, to Remount Road. Thence by Remount Road, south side, to Diamond Harbour Road. Thence by Diamond Harbour Road, west side, to Majerhat Bridge. From Majerhat Bridge by the Eastern Bengal Railway, Budge-Budge Line, south fencing, to the level crossing east of Brace Bridge Station. Thence by Taratolla Road, south side, to Hide Road. Thence by Hide Road, east side wall, to Circular Garden Reach Road. Thence by Circular Garden Reach Road, south side, to Dumayne Avenue. Thence by Dumayne Avenue, east side wall, to wall of Hooghly Jute Mills on Garden Reach Road. Thence by south and east wall of Hooghly Jute Mills to the river.

C. A. TEGART, *Commissioner of Police (offg.)*.

CALCUTTA, the 26th March 1923.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4176A.

POWERS.

No. 3918A.—The 3rd April 1923.—Mr. H. G. Waight, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Kalimpong, Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a munsif and with powers to try rent suits within that sub-division.

No. 3946A.—The 4th April 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Latif Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, on leave, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the Dacca Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 4055A.—The 6th April 1923.—Maulvi Khundkar Muazzam Hussain, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Sundip, Noakhali, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 4092A.—The 7th April 1923.—Bahu Satyenra Nath Fose, Deputy Magistrate on probation, Nadia, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 4103A.—The 7th April 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Ray, Deputy Magistrate, Dacca, is vested with powers under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

L. FIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1990J.—The 29th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Muhammad Hafiz Chaudhuri the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bakarganj, for a period of three years from the 26th April 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar Independent bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1994J.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Basanta Kumar Pal, Additional Munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Raugpur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Banamali Sen, or until further orders.

No. 1997J.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Atul Bihari Mallik, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as an Additional Munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Basanta Kumar Pal, or until further orders.

No. 2132J.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Jogesh Chandra De the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the 26th April 1923,
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2034J.—The 5th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

Murshidabad.

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Lalbagh bench in the said district, and
(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language:—

Babu Nirmal Kumar Singh Nawlakha.

„ Kshitish Chandra Tagore.

No. 2040J.—The 5th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Sharat Shashi Datta the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Dacca, for a period of three years from the 15th May 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district.

Dacca.

- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district, and
(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2047J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Gour Krishna Dasu, munsif of Faridpur, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Howrah.

**Faridpur.
Hooghly.**

No. 2049J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Nata Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Howrah in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Faridpur.

**Hooghly.
Faridpur.**

No. 2053J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Priyabrata Sen, munsif of Jhenidah, in the district of Jessore, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Barisal.

**Jessore.
Bakarganj.**

No. 2060J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen Gupta, B.L., is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at Jhenidah.

Jessore.

No. 2064J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Ramlal Banarji, munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Burdwan, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

**Faridpur.
Burdwan.**

No. 2066J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Surendra Chandra Dasu, munsif of Chikandi, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Madaripur.

Faridpur.

No. 2068J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, munsif of Burdwan, is appointed to be an additional munsif, in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Uluberia, and Serampore, but for the present to be employed at Uluberia and is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153(b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

**Burdwan.
Hooghly.**

No. 2070J.—The 5th April 1923.—Babu Rash Bihari Mukharji, additional munsif of Uluberia and Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Chikandi, but for the present to be employed at the Sadar station.

**Hooghly.
Faridpur.**

No. 2075J.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Manmatha Nath Kundu the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Dinajpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

Dinajpur.

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Raiganj independent bench in the said district, and
(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2127J.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Hemanta Kumar Ray the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the 10th April 1923 in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Jangipur subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Dhulian bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2129J.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Ramlal Das the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the 10th April 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Jangipur subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Dhulian bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

LEAVE.

No. 2013J.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. 1, Subordinate Judge, under orders of transfer to Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is allowed leave on half average pay from the 15th March 1923 to the 30th June 1923 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him under notification No. 8972J., dated 18th December 1922.

No. 2016J.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Banamali Sen, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Rangpur, is allowed leave on half average pay for twenty-seven days from the 2nd March 1923 under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

RESIGNATION.

No. 2045J.—The 5th April 1923.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Maulvi Amiruddin Ahmed of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Raiganj independent bench in the district of Dinajpur.

No. 2051J.—The 5th April 1923.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Maulvi Saiyid Abdul Maula of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar independent bench in the district of Burdwan.

POWERS.

No. 2001J.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Baman Das Mukharji, Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1), of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Mymensingh.

No. 2003J.—The 29th March 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Atul Chandra Ray, an Honorary Magistrate of the Kulti bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Burdwan, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

- (a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and
- (b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Asansol subdivision of the said district.

No. 2028J.—The 4th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Lieutenant R. Burrington the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Rangpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him sitting at Fulchari, occurring within the limits of the Gaibandha subdivision of the said district.

H. P. DUVAL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1155M.—The 4th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Jhalakati Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, made in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend the provisions of sections 243, 244 and 267 of part VI of the said Act to the area of the said municipality, the boundaries of which are given below :—

North—The southern boundary of the village Chandkati and the Baher road up to the prolongation of the Machuabazar khal.

East—The northern portion of Raja Satyananda road and Kalibari road, Baher road, Machuabazar khal up to the southern boundary of Raimongal and the village of Chandkati.

South—The southern boundary of Raimongal up to Machuabazar khal and the river.

West—The Jhalakati Basanda khal.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1156M.—The 4th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sections 221 and 223 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Jhalakati Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, made in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased in modification of notification No. 312M., dated the 28th January 1916, on the subject to direct that section 236 of part VI of the said Act shall be in force only within that area of the municipality which is defined in notification No. 1155M., dated the 4th April 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1174L.S.-G.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendments in the rules published under notification No. 630T.—L. S.-G., dated the 13th October 1919 :—

Amendments.

● For the words "two weeks" wherever they occur in sub-rule (1) of rule 40 substitute the words "one month."

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1186M.—The 9th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Bally Municipality in the district of Howrah :—

1. Major C. G. H. Danby.
2. Dr. Hassan Suhrawardy, M.L.C.
3. Babu Kanai Lal Jatia.
4. Mr. G. Miller.
5. Miss Josephine MacLeod.
6. Babu Monmohan Mukherjee.
7. „ Bijoy Krishna Mukherjee.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1189M.—The 9th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 3 of the Bengal (Aliens) Disqualification Act, 1918 (Bengal Act III of 1918), read with the last item of Part V of Schedule I of the Devolution Act, 1920 (Act XXXVIII of 1920), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt Miss Josephine

MacLeod, an American lady, now residing at Belur Math, which is within the Bally Municipality, district Howrah, from the provisions of that section, with effect from the date of this notification.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1013 Medl.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Sarat Chandra Ray, Head Assistant of the office of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Rai Sahib Mohendra Nath Bhattacharjee, I.S.O., or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1015 Medl.—The 5th April 1923.—On return from leave Major A. H. Proctor, I.M.S., did general duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, from the 12th March 1923 to the 4th April 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1033 Medl.—The 7th April 1923.—Major H. V. Maun, I.M.D., Assistant Superintendent, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 100 (a) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 2593 Medl., dated the 4th March 1922.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1035 Medl.—The 7th April 1923.—Lieutenant L. McCurtis, I.M.D., Senior Demonstrator of Practical Pharmacy, Medical College, Calcutta, is granted leave on average pay (entirely on account of privilege leave) from the 9th December 1922 to the 4th February 1923 (both days inclusive) under article 100 (a) of the Fundamental Rules.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 632 P.H.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. F. C. Griffin, Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, is transferred from the Presidency Division to the Dacca Sanitary Works Division.

Presy. Divn.
Dacca.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 633 P.H.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Banarji, Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, is transferred from the Dacca Sanitary Works Division to the Presidency Division.

Dacca.
Presy. Divn.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 640 P.H.—The 6th April 1923.—Dr. J. B. McVail, M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P., is appointed temporarily to act as Health Officer, Port of Calcutta, *vice* Dr. C. H. Elmes, C.B.E., M.B., CH.B., on leave, with effect from the 12th March 1923, until further orders.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 648 P.H.—The 7th April 1923.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities' Loans Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction the following application from the Chairman of the Sherpur Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, for a loan of Rs. 10,000 from Government, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and repayable in forty equal half-yearly instalments of Rs. 468-4-4 each, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said Municipality.

Mymensingh.

RECEIPT OF LOAN.										REPAYMENT OF LOAN.										FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE MUNICIPALITY.									
The amount which it is proposed to borrow.										The fund or funds on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.										The law or laws under which the said fund or funds is or are levied, received or held.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21									
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)	(q)	(r)	(s)	(t)	(u)									
The period for which the loan is required.	The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow.	The number of instalments in which it is proposed to be repaid.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment to be repaid.	The date proposed for the last instalment to be repaid.	The number of instalments payable and the dates of payment thereof.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment to be repaid.	The date proposed for the last instalment to be repaid.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment to be repaid.	The date proposed for the last instalment to be repaid.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment to be repaid.	The date proposed for the last instalment to be repaid.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment to be repaid.	The date proposed for the last instalment to be repaid.	The amount of each instalment.	The date proposed for the first instalment to be repaid.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.									
Rs. 10,000.	10 per cent.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.	1st June 1923.	20	Rs. 500.	1st June 1923.</													

In addition to the details required on the reverse, clear information be given below under the following heads :—

- (a) If the ordinary surplus is insufficient to meet the charges of the proposed loan, the particular steps which the municipality has taken or has agreed to take in order to make good deficiency.
- The general revision of assessment of both the personal tax and latrine rate was made which has come into force from the beginning of the current year (1922-23). At this revision the rate of personal tax has been enhanced from Re. 1 to Rs. 1-2-0 per cent. And net increase of income only from these taxes and rates after the decision of the Review Committee has arrived at Rs. 4,049.
- (b) The reserve of taxation or other possible means of increase in the revenue of the municipality.
- Ditto, and the income has also been increased on the revision of scale of fees on the offensive and dangerous trades under section 26 of the Bengal Municipal Act.
- (c) A statement of all outstanding loans, specifying, in respect of each loan, the date when taken, the purpose (very briefly), the amount, the annual charges involved and the amount still payable.
- There is no other loan of the municipality.
- (d) Any explanation in regard to receipts and expenditure to show the true financial position of the municipality when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.
- The income of the municipality having been greatly increased by the enhancement of the rate of taxation as stated against (a) and (b) above the financial position has now become highly satisfactory. And the ordinary surplus shewn in the reverse which was also due to exceptional circumstances as stated in the remark column No. 21 cannot be taken into consideration in determining the present financial position of the municipality as it has already lost its effect after the revision of assessment.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 5543, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Benod Bihari Hajra is appointed temporarily to the Uttarpara dispensary, Hooghly district, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Gouri Prasad Bhattacharji.

No. 5546, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Gouri Prasad Bhattacharji of the Uttarpara dispensary, Hooghly district, is appointed as Teacher of Midwifery and Materia Medica, Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Mathura Nath Bhattacharji.

No. 5549, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Mathura Nath Bhattacharji, Teacher of Midwifery and Materia Medica, Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan, is appointed to the Fraser Hospital, Burdwan, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Radha Raman Ghosh.

No. 5551, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Radha Raman Ghosh of the Fraser Hospital, Burdwan, is posted to the Bholanath Bose's dispensary, Barrackpore, temporarily, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Lal Mohan Roy.

No. 5554, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Chandra Aich is placed on supernumerary duty at the Campbell Hospital, Calcutta, until further orders.

No. 5561, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Surendra Nath Ghosh, II, is appointed to act at the Sadar Hospital, Rampur Boalia, Rajshahi, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Asutosh Datta.

No. 5562, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Asutosh Datta, Sadar Hospital, Rampur Boalia, Rajshahi, is granted leave on average pay for four months (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th April 1923 or subsequent date on which he is relieved.

No. 5567, dated Calcutta, the 3rd April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Pratulpati Ganguli is appointed to act at the Contai subdivision and dispensary, Midnapore district, with effect from the 14th March 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Pashupati Basu.

No. 5726, dated Calcutta, the 6th April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Abdul Majed is appointed to act as Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Lalmonirhat, with effect from the 12th March 1923, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Harendra Nath Basu.

B. H. DEARE,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 3569A.—The 5th April 1923.—In continuation of Bengal Public Health Department notification No. 2464A., dated the 10th March 1923, the undermentioned three candidates are also declared to have passed the Sanitary Inspectorship Examination and to be duly qualified for employment as second grade sanitary inspectors under municipalities and district boards:—

(In order of merit.)

10. Nani Gopal Chatterji.
11. Prasanna Kumar Mazumdar.
12. Digindra Kumar Mazumdar.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, M.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.,

Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Appointment by the Chancellor.

No. 1347 Edn.—The 9th April 1923.—In modification of this Department notification No. 1243 Edn., dated the 29th March 1923, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th April 1923, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c) and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. Bhupendranath Basu, M.A., B.L., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1349 Edn.—The 9th April 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Mr. Bhupendranath Basu, M.A., B.L., to be Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 1330 Edn.—The 9th April 1923.—Miss M. M. Millet, officiating Mistress of Geography, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, is appointed to be a Preparatory School Mistress at that school, with effect from the 10th March 1923, *vice* Miss Dorothy Hoar, resigned.

No. 1332 Edn.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. C. A. Tegart, C.I.E., M.V.O., Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is appointed to be President of the committee of management of the Loreto Orphanage, Entally, *vice* Sir Reginald Clarke, C.I.E., on leave.

W. W. HORNELL,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 754 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muniruddin Ahmad to be a Muhammadan Registrar within unions Nos. III to XII of police-station Sandwip in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 755 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muniruddin Ahmad to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within unions Nos. III to XII of police-station Sandwip in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 756 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Hasan Ali to be a Muhammadan Registrar within unions Nos. I and II of police-station Sandwip in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 757 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880) the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Hasan Ali to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within unions Nos. I and II of police-station Sandwip, in the district of Noakhali.

Noakhali.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 764 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Abdul Ghani to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Suti, Shamshirganj and Farakha, in the district of Murshidabad.

Murshidabad.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 765 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Abdul Ghani to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Suti, Shamshirganj and Farakha, in the district of Murshidabad.

Murshidabad.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 771 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Mahmood to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Astagram and Dhaki, in the district of Mymensingh.

Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 772 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Mahmood to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Astagram and Dhaki, in the district of Mymensingh.

Mymensingh.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C. I. E.

No. 775 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Hafez A. S. Narun Nabi temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Watganj and Garden Reach, in the district of the 24-Parganas and Hastings in the town of Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Ali Akram, or until further orders.

24-Parganas.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 776 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of

24-Parganas.

Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Hafez A. S. Nurun Nabi temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Watganj and Garden Reach, in the district of the 24-Parganas and Hastings, in the town of Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Ali Akram, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 781 Mis.—The 6th March 1923.—The officers named below are appointed to be Sub-Registrars in charge of the Sadar Registration offices of the districts mentioned opposite their names :—

Maulvi Aldul Majid—Chittagong.

Babu Satya Ranjan Das Gupta—Midnapore.

„ Kulidas Chakravarti—Murshidabad.

This cancels notification No. 582 Mis., dated the 17th March 1923, published at page 270 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, Part I, of the 21st idem.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 783 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3

24-Parganas.

of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Jagatdal in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 784 Mis.—The 6th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of

24-Parganas.

Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Jagatdal in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 795 Mis.—The 7th April 1923.—It is notified for general information that, under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the

Jessore.

Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education), sanction the abolition, with effect from the 1st May 1923, of the office of the Sub-Registrar of Khalispur in the district of Jessore.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 796 Mis.—The 7th April 1923.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education)

Jessore.

sanction the transfer of the registration jurisdiction of police-station Maheshpur to the jurisdiction of the Kotchandpur Sub-Registry office, in the district of Jessore, with effect from the 1st May 1923. The registration sub-district of Kotchandpur will henceforth be restricted to police-stations Maheshpur and Kotchandpur.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 800 Mis.—The 9th April 1923.—Khan Sahib Saiyid Abul Mansur, Sub-Registrar

Mymensingh.

in charge of the Sadar Registration office at Mymensingh, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for five days in extension of the leave granted to him under Government notification No. 175 Regn., dated the 1st February 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 802 Mis.—The 9th April 1923.—Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh, Sub-Registrar in

Jalpaiguri.

charge of Sadar Registration office at Jalpaiguri, is granted leave on average pay for twelve days on account of privilege leave at his credit, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 24th March 1923.

No. 160 A.—Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmed, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi

Rajshahi.

Sadar, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for two months with effect from the 9th March 1923.

The 26th March 1923.

No. 161A.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 615-A(i), dated the 19th August 1922, Pandit Gariban Misra, head pandit, Darjeeling High School, on Rs. 60—4—160 (since deceased), was on leave for eight months and twelve days, with effect from 2nd January 1922, viz., leave on average pay on medical certificate for eight months under rule 82 (b) read with the proviso under rule 81 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81 (c) (i) of the same rules.

He was permitted to prefix to his leave the X'mas and the New Year's day holidays to his leave.

No. 162A.—Babu Matilal Bhattacharji, assistant head master, Barisal Zilla School, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules, leave for six months with effect from 16th March 1923 or any subsequent date (prior to 16th April 1923) on which he avails himself of it, viz., leave on average pay for nine days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

The 27th March 1923.

No. 163A.—Babu Raj Krishna Biswas, assistant master, Uttarpara Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 86 of the Fundamental Rules, leave for six months with effect from 17th March 1923 or any subsequent date (prior to 23rd idem) on which he avails himself of the leave, viz., leave on average pay for ten days and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

In supersession of this office notification No. 116A., dated the 10th March 1923, Babu Jajneswar Chakravarti, head pandit, Uttarpara Government High School, on Rs. 60—4—160, is appointed to act as assistant master (English teacher) of the same school and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Rajkrishna Biswas, on leave.

The 28th March 1923.

No. 164A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

- (1) Babu Kritibash De, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Labpur, Birbhum, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Birbhum Salar, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jatindra Mohon Singha, on deputation.
- (2) Babu Kshitish Chandra Kushari is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Labpur, Birbhum, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Kritibash De, on deputation.

No. 165A.—In modification of this office notification No. 65A., dated 30th January 1923, Babu Subodh Bose, head master, Cox's Bazar Middle English School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for ninety-seven days, with effect from 4th January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for seventy days in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules as amended by the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1414C.S.R., dated 20th December 1922, and the remaining period on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the same rules.

2. Maulvi Sultan Ahmed, assistant master, Cox's Bazar Middle English School, on Rs. 50—2—80—3—110, is appointed to act as head master of the same school on Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Subodh Bose, on leave.

No. 166A.—Babu Panchu Gopal Das, assistant master of Mathematics, Dacca Intermediate College, on Rs. 150—10—100, is granted, in terms of rule 82(b) of the Fundamental Rules, as amended by the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1414C.S.R., dated the 20th December 1922, leave on average pay for twenty days (of which fifteen days are on account of privilege leave) from the 3rd to the 22nd July 1923, both days inclusive.

He is permitted to affix to his leave the summer vacation of the College extending from 13th April 1923 to 17th July 1923.

No. 167A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 122A., dated the 23rd February 1923, the following arrangements are sanctioned :—

- (1) Maulvi Muhammad Hashem Ali, assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, is appointed to be assistant master, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Jabbar Khan, transferred.
- (2) Maulvi Abdul Jabbar Khan, assistant master, Howrah Zilla School, is appointed to be assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Bhupendra Nath Sarkar, transferred.

(3) Babu Dhupendra Nath Sarkar, assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, is appointed to be assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, Khulna. *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Hashem Ali, transferred.

He will, however, hold, on temporary basis, the post of head master of the Calcutta Model (Middle English) School to which he has been appointed in terms of this office notification No. 155A., dated the 22nd March 1923, until further orders.

(4) Maulvi Hazari Shaikh, assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, is appointed to be assistant master, Jessore Zilla School, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Shaikh Habibar Rahman, Dinajpur. *vice* transferred.

(5) Maulvi Shaikh Habibar Rahman, assistant master, Jessore Zilla School, is appointed to be assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Hazari Shaikh, transferred.

The 29th March 1923.

No. 168A.—Babu Lakshi Kumar Sen Gupta, assistant master, Chittagong Normal School, on Rs. 60—4—160, under orders of transfer to the Jhalakati Government High School, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, read with the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1414 C. S. R., dated the 20th December 1922, leave on half average pay for two months with effect from the 13th February 1923.

No. 169A.—(1) Maulvi Muhammad Irshadullah, English teacher, Dacca Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules leave for one month with effect from 2nd February 1923, viz., leave on average pay for six days and on half average pay for the remaining period.

(2) Maulvi Abdur Rahman is declared to have acted as English teacher, Dacca Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem for the period from 2nd February to 1st March 1923, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Irshadullah.

No. 170A.—Babu Brahma Narayan Adhikari, assistant master, Rangpur Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted in terms of rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules leave on half average pay for four days from the 6th to the 9th December 1922.

No. 171A.—Babu Suresh Chandra Home Chowdhury, officiating assistant master, Rangamati Government High School, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for fourteen days, with effect from 22nd December 1922, viz., leave on full pay for two days in terms of clause 2 (a) of the Local Government notification No. 19463F., dated the 23rd December 1921, and the remaining period leave without allowance in terms of clause 2 (c) of the same notification.

No. 172A.—In modification of this office notification No. 847-A., dated 22nd November 1922, Miss Wears Taylor, assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca (previously a member of class I, Subordinate Educational Service, and now on Rs. 75—5—200), is granted combined leave for three years and five months with effect from 2nd August 1920, viz. :—

- (i) Ordinary privilege leave for three months, under article 271, Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for three months in terms of Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 168-C. S. R., dated 24th February 1919.
- (ii) Furlough on half pay for ten months and thirty days from 2nd February 1921 to 31st December 1921 (both days inclusive) under article 338, Civil Service Regulations.
- (iii) Leave on average pay for four months from 1st January 1922 to 30th April 1922 (both days inclusive) in terms of the proviso and note under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.
- (iv) Leave on half average pay for seven months and one day from 1st May 1922 to 1st December 1922 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, and
- (v) Leave without allowances for thirteen months from 2nd December 1922 to 1st January 1924 (both days inclusive), under rule 85 (a) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 173A.—In modification of this office notification No. 848A., dated 22nd November 1922, Miss Olga Jackson (previously a member of class II of the Subordinate Educational Service and now on Rs. 75—5—200) is granted combined leave for three years and five months with effect from 2nd August 1920, viz. :—

- (i) Ordinary privilege leave for three months under article 271, Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for three months in terms of the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

- (ii) Furlough on half pay for ten months and thirty days from 2nd February 1921 to 31st December 1921 (both days inclusive) under article 338, Civil Service Regulations.
- (iii) Leave on average pay for four months from 1st January 1922 to 30th April 1922 (both days inclusive) in terms of the proviso and note under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.
- (iv) Leave on half average pay for seven months and one day from 1st May 1922 to 1st December 1922 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, and
- (v) Leave without allowances for thirteen months from 2nd December 1922 to 1st January 1924 (both days inclusive), under rule 85 (a) of the Fundamental Rules.

The 4th April 1923.

No. 174A.—Babu Pratap Chandra Kabyatirtha, head pandit, Noakhali R. K. Zilla School, on Rs. 60—4—160, is granted leave for two months with effect from 2nd January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for three days under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81 (d) of the same rules.

He was permitted to prefix the X'mas and the New Year's day holidays to his leave.

2. Babu Guruprasanna Kabyatirtha was appointed to act as head pandit, Noakhali R. K. Zilla School, on Rs. 60 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, for the period from 2nd January 1923 to 28th February 1923, *vice* Babu Pratap Chandra Kabyatirtha, on leave.

No. 175A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Babu Sanjib Chandra Bose, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Kishoreganj, Mymensingh (on probation), is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Ghatal, Midnapore, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Harilal Shaha, about to retire.

(2) Babu Anadi Nath Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bankura Sadar, on Rs. 75—5—200, and now officiating Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Rampurhat, Birbham, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Kishoreganj, Mymensingh, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Sanjib Chandra Bose, on deputation.

(3) Babu Anukul Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narail, Jessore, and now officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Sadar, Howrah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Rampurhat, Birbham, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Satyendra Nath Gupta, on deputation.

No. 176A.—Maulvi Abdul Awal, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandina Tippera, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of clause 2 (a) of the Local Government notification No. 19463 F., dated 23rd December 1921, leave on average pay for seven days with effect from 19th November 1922.

No. 177A.—Maulvi Nural Haque assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for four months, with effect from the 17th January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for three days in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules read with the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1414 C.S.R., dated the 20th December 1922, and the remaining period leave on half average pay under rule 81 (c) of the same rules.

2. Babu Mohini Mohan Sanyal is allowed to continue to act as assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, *vice* Maulvi Nural Haque, on leave, or until further orders.

The 5th April 1923.

No. 178A.—In modification of this office notification No. 683A (1), dated the 31st August 1922, Maulvi Ashraf Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Matlabganj (Tippera), under orders of transfer as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Homna (Tippera), has been allowed to continue as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Matlabganj, until further orders.

No. 179A.—Maulvi Muhammad Shafi, officiating assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for twelve days with effect from 16th January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for three days in terms of rule 2 (a) of the Government of Bengal, Finance Department, notification No. 19463F., dated 23rd December 1921, and the remaining period leave on half pay under rule 2 (b) of the same notification.

No. 180A.—Maulvi Nabi Nowaz Khan Lodi, officiating assistant master, Hare School, on Rs. 75 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for seven days with effect from 5th December 1922, viz., leave on full pay for three days under clause 2 (a) of the Local Government notification No. 19463 F., dated the 23rd December 1921, and leave on half pay for the remaining period under clause 2 (b) of the same notification.

No. 181A.—Maulvi Zahid Ali Khan, assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on half average pay for twenty-four days with effect from the 11th January 1923.

2. Maulvi Abdul Hafeez is appointed to act as assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 18th January 1923, *vice* Maulvi Zahid Ali Khan, on leave.

No. 182A.—Maulvi Syed Nawab Ali, officiating assistant master, Darjeeling High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of clause 2 (c) under the Local Government notification No. 19463-F., dated the 23rd December 1921, extraordinary leave without allowance for twenty-four days with effect from the 11th October 1922.

No. 183A.—Maulvi Abdul Wajid, assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, read with the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1414C.S.R., dated the 20th December 1922, leave on half average pay for three days with effect from the 30th October 1922.

He is permitted to affix to his leave the Puja vacation of the school.

No. 184A.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 782-A., dated 21st October 1922, Maulvi Muhammad Khorshed Hossain, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Khulna, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted leave for four months with effect from 7th October 1922, viz., leave on average pay for two months and eleven days, of which one month and sixteen days on account of privilege leave under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, read with the Government of India, Finance Department resolution No. 1414-C.S.R., dated 20th December 1922, and the remaining period under rule 81 (d) of the same rules.

He is permitted to prefix the Durga Puja holidays to his leave.

The officiating arrangements already made are allowed to continue.

No. 185A.—Maulvi Mahtabuddin Ahmed, assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for two months with effect from 18th January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of the leave, viz., leave on average pay for four days under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules and the remaining period leave on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 186A.—Babu Sureswar Banerjee, assistant master, Utterpara Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of article 271 of the leave rules of July 1920, privilege leave for one month with effect from 21st March 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 187A.—Maulvi Sharfarazuddin Ahmed, assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for fifteen days, with effect from the 1st February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of the leave, viz., leave on average pay for three days under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules and the remaining period leave on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the same rules.

The 6th April 1923.

No. 188A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Babu Brajendra Kumar Sur, assistant, Physical laboratory, Chittagong College, on Rs. 75—5—200, is declared to have acted as Demonstrator in Physics of the same College and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, for the period from 1st July 1922 to 19th January 1923 (both days inclusive), *vice* Babu Narayandas Bose, on deputation.

(2) Babu Sudhir Chandra Roy is declared to have acted as assistant in the Physical laboratory, Chittagong College, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem for the period from 21st August 1922 to 19th January 1923 (both days inclusive), *vice* Babu Brajendra Kumar Sur, on deputation.

* *No. 189A.*—Maulvi Shamsuddin, vernacular teacher, Dacca Madrasah, on Rs. 35—2—75—3—90 (on probation), is appointed to act as assistant mauilvi (Arabic teacher) of the same Madrasah and in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160 on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, *vice* Maulvi Velayet Hossain, on deputation.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 98.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Narendra Nath Chatarji, Sub-Registrar attached to the Calcutta Registration Office, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Raipur, in the district of Bankura, with effect from the 16th March 1923.

**Calcutta.
Bankura.**

No. 99.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Tripura Kanta Das, Sub-Registrar of Teota, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Manikganj in the same district.

Dacca.

No. 100.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Indu Bhusan Ray, Sub-Registrar of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur.

**Dacca.
Rangpur.**

No. 101.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Kanai Lal Mitra, Joint Sub-Registrar of Calcutta, is appointed to be Sadar Joint Sub-Registrar of Howrah.

**Calcutta.
Howrah.**

No. 102.—The 3rd April 1923.—Maulvi Mujibhar Rahman, Sub-Registrar of Budge-Budge, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for three months (entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

24-Parganas.

No. 103.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Amod Lal Barman, Sub-Registrar of Magura, in the district of Khulna, on leave, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Matla, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

**Khulna.
24-Parganas.**

No. 104.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Ananda Lal Ganguli, Sub-Registrar of Matla, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Budge-Budge, in the same district.

24-Parganas.

No. 105.—The 29th March 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Yunus Khan, Sub-Registrar of Adhunagar, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and ten days (eleven days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 7th February 1923 to the 16th March 1923 (both days inclusive).

Chittagong.

No. 106.—The 7th April 1923.—Maulvi Khadim Rasul, Sub-Registrar of Nasirnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 43, dated the 31st January 1923.

Tippera.

No. 107.—The 7th April 1923.—Babu Sashadhar Pramanik, Sub-Registrar, attached to Sadar Registration office, Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Magura, in the district of Khulna, with effect from the 23rd March 1923, *vice* Babu Amod Lal Barman, on leave.

**Rajshahi.
Khulna.**

No. 108.—The 7th April 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Israil, Sub-Registrar, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Mirserai, in the district of Chittagong.

Chittagong.

No. 109.—The 7th April 1923.—Babu Anukul Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar of Mirserai, in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Fatikcheri in the same district.

Chittagong.

J. N. RAY,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal (offg.).

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1706 Com.—The 3rd April 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that Mr. George Robertson, Manager of the Union Jute Company's South Mill, is appointed, under section 4, sub-section (4) of the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Act, 1905, to represent the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Commission in succession to Mr. J. A. Murray, resigned.

No. 1710 Com.—The 3rd April 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that Mr. A. Carnall is appointed, under section 4, sub-section (4) of the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Act, 1905, to represent the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta on the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Commission, *vice* Mr. N. McLeod, on leave.

No. 1299 Com.—The 6th March 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (7) of section 4 of the Indian Non-ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (XVII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that a licence has been granted under sub-section (2) of that section to Messrs. Kettlewell, Bullen and Company, Limited, Calcutta, to carry on the business of winning, extracting, smelting, dressing, refining or dealing by way of wholesale trade in copper, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

No. 1765 Com.—The 7th April 1923.—Whereas under clause 3 of the "Chittagong Electric License, 1920," granted to Mr. M. C. Ghosal for the supply of electric energy within the municipal limits of the town of Chittagong, which was published under the Bengal Government notification No. 4377 Com., dated the 12th October 1921, the said licensee, before exercising any of the powers conferred on him in relation to the execution of works under the license, was required to deposit or secure the sum of Rs. 10,000 within the period of six months from the date of his license;

And whereas the said licensee has failed to furnish the said deposit or security within the period aforesaid;

And whereas the said licensee has taken no action up to the present time to supply electric energy within the municipal limits of the town of Chittagong in compliance with the terms of his license;

And whereas the said licensee has made wilful and unreasonably prolonged default in doing the acts required of him under the law;

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (c) (ii) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910), hereby revokes the said Chittagong Electric License, 1920, granted to Mr. M. C. Ghosal aforesaid.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 34 Marine.—The 3rd April 1923.—Mr. E. R. Kearns, Second Mate Leadsman, is granted leave on average pay for five weeks (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th March 1923 or any subsequent date.

No. 35 Marine.—The 7th April 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, that Mr. J. W. A. Bell, M.L.C., of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company, has been elected a representative of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Calcutta Port Trust, *vice* Mr. W. C. Currie, M.L.C., resigned.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 25.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Debendra Nath Sen Gupta, Assistant Executive Engineer and Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government in the Irrigation Department, is appointed to hold charge of the Canals Division, *vice* Mr. H. C. Vieyra, Executive Engineer, appointed to hold charge of the South Western Circle or until further orders.

No. 26.—The 4th April 1923.—Mr. A. J. G. Maslin, Executive Engineer, Jessore Drainage Division, is appointed to act as Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government in the Irrigation Department, *vice* Babu Debandra Nath Sen Gupta, transferred to the Canals Division, or until further orders.

No. 27.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Ramani Mohan Singh, Assistant Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Executive Engineer, Jessore Drainage Division, in addition to his own, *vice* Mr. A. J. G. Maslin, Executive Engineer, appointed Personal Assistant to Chief Engineer and Secretary, Irrigation Department, or until further orders.

No. 28.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Probhat Chandra Roy, Assistant Executive Engineer, Khulna Division, is granted leave for two months, viz., leave on average pay for one month and sixteen days under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from the 15th March 1923 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 29.—The 6th April 1923.—Mr. H. V. Williams, Assistant Executive Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Grand Trunk Canal (Construction) Division to the Khulna Division.

No. 30.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. Banke Lal Subarwal, Executive Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Khulna to the Cossye Division.

No. 31.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. S. C. Majumdar, Executive Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Cossye to the Khulna Division.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1713 Agri.—The 3rd April 1923.—Mr. S. C. Sarangapani, Assistant Economic Botanist to the Government of Bengal, is appointed to act as Economic Botanist during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Hector or until further orders.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

VETERINARY.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1777 Vety.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Surendra Krishna Mitra, Deputy Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal, and Lecturer, Bengal Veterinary College, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and eleven days from the 5th March 1923 (the entire period being on account of privilege leave on full pay at his credit), combined with the college vacation from the 16th April 1923 to the 30th June 1923, under articles 81 (b) (ii) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

EXCISE.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 1711 Ex.—The 3rd April 1923.—Babu Asoke Jiban Banarji, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is allowed leave for four months, under article 86 of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th March 1923, viz., leave on average pay for one month and twenty-eight days under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (d) of the said rules.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C. I. E.

No. 1 T.—*Mis.*—*The 7th April 1923.*—Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Chainuddin, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Department of Agriculture and Industries, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, with effect from 1st April 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, on medical certificate, in extension of the leave already granted to him under orders of the 19th February 1923.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3316 L.R.—*The 29th March 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by the second proviso to section 10 of the Darjeeling and Kurseong Municipal (Porters') Act, 1883 (Ben. Act V of 1883), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm an order made and published under the said section 10 by the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality, specifying the following rates of hire in respect of all coolies empowered to work by the job or for any period not exceeding twenty-four hours:—

Dandywallas and Rickshawallas.

Rates by day and by night.

I. Within municipal limits except Ghoom, Jorebungalow, North Point and West Point—

	By day.			By night.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Up to half hour	0	2	0	0	3	0
For every additional half an hour or fraction thereof	0	2	0	0	3	0

II. (1) To or from Lebong, Jorebungalow and Ghoom—

(a) Single journey	0	10	0	0	12	0
(b) Double journey	1	0	0	1	4	0

(2) To or from Katapahar—

(a) Single journey	0	8	0	0	10	0
(b) Double journey	0	10	0	0	12	0

For every hour or fraction thereof beyond three hours in both cases, viz. (1) and (2)

0	1	0	0	1	6
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NOTE.—During the May and Puja meets fares to and from Lebong races should be arranged for privately.

III. To or from Jalapahar, North Point and West Point—

(a) Single journey	0	7	0	0	9	0
(b) Double journey, if performed within three hours	0	9	0	0	11	0
For every hour beyond three hours	0	1	0	0	1	6

NOTE—(a) "By day" means from 6 A.M. to 8 P.M. "By night" means from 8 P.M. to 6 A.M.

(b) The above rates do not include hire of dandy or rickshaw, which shall be annas 4 per half an hour with a maximum of Re. 1-8 by day or night.

Porters.

Rates calculated by distance from or to Darjeeling railway station.

To or from—

or from—

Section I—The Bazar	...	{	Grain, salt and similar articles in bags		
			per maund	...	1½ pice.
			Other goods, per maund	...	1 anna.

The same rates to apply to carriage to and from Bazar.

Per coolie load
up to maximum of
one maund.

Rs. A. P.

Section II—Native town and all houses on or between Auckland Road and Victoria Road, south of Chowrasta, and north of "Craigmount."	0	2	0
Section III.—All houses above Auckland Road on the east, below Victoria Road on the west, up to Diocesan Girls' School on the north, and up to Rose Bank on the south ...	0	3	0
Section IV.—All houses within municipal boundaries, not included in above, and all houses within Jalapahar Cantonment ...	0	4	6
Section V.—Lebong Cantonment ...	0	6	0

From or to Ghoom railway station or Jorebunglow—

Jalapahar and Katapahar Cantonment ...	0	4	0
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Rates to places beyond Cantonment and Municipal limits.

Single journey.

Any part of municipality to—

Rs. A. P.

Badamtan ...	Dandywallas	1	0	0
	Porters	0	10	0
Bloomfield (lower bungalow)	Dandywallas	0	12	0
	Porters	0	6	0
Bannockburn ...	Dandywallas	0	12	0
	Porters	0	6	0
Barnesbeg ...	Dandywallas	1	2	0
	Porters	0	9	0
Chongtong ...	Dandywallas	1	6	0
	Porters	0	12	0
Ging ...	Dandywallas	0	12	0
	Porters	0	7	0
Glenburn ...	Dandywallas	1	6	0
	Porters	0	12	0
Ghoom Rock ...	Dandywallas	1	0	0
	Porters	0	10	0
Jorepukri and Simana*	Dandywallas	1	4	0
	Porters	0	10	0
Lopchoo	Dandywallas	1	4	0
	Porters	0	10	0
Lebong Company Tukvar	Dandywallas	1	0	0
	Porters	0	8	0
Mim ...	Dandywallas	1	6	0
	Porters	0	12	0
Peshok	Dandywallas	1	6	0
	Porters	0	12	0
Phoohsering	Dandywallas	0	12	0
	Porters	0	6	0
Pandam	Dandywallas	0	12	0
	Porters	0	6	0
Rangaroon	Dandywallas	1	0	0
	Porters	0	8	0
Rangeet Valley	Dandywallas	1	8	0
	Porters	0	12	0
Rungli	Dandywallas	1	6	0
	Porters	0	12	0
Senchal and Tiger Hill	Dandywallas	1	0	0
	Porters	0	8	0
Sidrapong Power House	Dandywallas	1	0	0
	Porters	0	8	0

Rates to places beyond Cantonment and Municipal limits.

				Single journey.		
Any part of municipality to—				Rs.	A.	P.
Sixth Mile, Teesta Road	..	Dandywallas	...	1	0	0
		Porters	...	0	8	0
Soom	...	Dandywallas	...	1	0	0
		Porters	...	0	8	0
Singtom	...	Dandywallas	...	1	0	0
		Porters	...	0	8	0
Singla	...	Dandywallas	...	1	6	0
		Porters	...	0	14	0
Tukdah Cantonment	...	Dandywallas	...	1	4	0
		Porters	...	0	10	0
Tukvar	...	Dandywallas	...	1	0	0
		Porters	...	0	8	0
Teesta Valley Estate	...	Dandywallas	...	1	6	0
		Porters	...	0	12	0

NOTE.—For loaded return journey—(a) the same day the charge will be 25 per cent. more than the above rates, (b) on subsequent day the full rates above will be charged.

For marches beyond the abovementioned places—

				Per day.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
Dandywallas	...	...	...	1	0	0
Porters	...	...	...	0	10	0

NOTE.—Any porter or dandywalla discharged otherwise than for fault to receive for return journey half of his fare from place of discharge.

N.B.—(1) The above rates are for adults.

- (2) Carriage or haulage of machinery or any package over 4 maunds in weight, to be arranged for by special contract.
- (3) Any person engaging coolies through a Mandal or Sardar shall pay sardari at a rate of two pice per coolie for one day only.
- (4) A sardar engaged to accompany coolies on a march to receive eight anna a day, and for every coolie employed two pice a day.
- (5) A dandywalla may be engaged as a porter, but a porter shall not be compelled to serve as a dandywalla.
- (6) By the Act, the term "coolies" is "limited to porters and to dandywallas and other persons employed in carrying, drawing or propelling any vehicle."
- (7) Halts must be arranged for separately, and travellers can take the daily rates as a guide.

2. This cancels notification No. 2241M., dated the 15th September 1915, which was published at pages 268 to 270 of Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd September 1915.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 3425 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4

(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5 chitaks 35 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.059 of an acre, being a portion of premises No. 9, Chakrabere Road, South Calcutta, bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition

under declaration No. 1827L.A., dated the 16th February 1915, published at pages 267-68, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, and was required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust for Street Scheme No. V in Wards Nos. XXI and XXII of the Calcutta Municipality :—

Boundaries.

North—By that portion of premises No. 9, Chakrabere Road, South, which lies outside the area declared for acquisition in declaration No. 1827L.A., dated the 16th February 1915,

East—By premises No. 10, Chakrabere Road, South,

South—By that portion of premises No. 9, Chakrabere Road, South, acquired for the Calcutta Improvement Trust under the abovementioned declaration,

West—By premises No. 8-4, Chakrabere Road, South.

No. 3494L.A.—The 7th April 1923.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Banarji Subdivisional Officer of Kushtia, in the district of Nadia, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

No. 3501L.A.—The 7th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.0144 of an acre, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 9524L.A., dated the 2nd November 1922, published at page 1998, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, and required by the District Board of the 24-Parganas for the construction of a masonry well in the village of Bazitpur, pargana Balia, zilla 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3384L.A.—The 4th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for additional land to be acquired for widening some portion of Golak Pal's lane in the mahalla of Malitola, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .0041 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 26,

East—By the Nawabpur road,

South—By the Golak Pal's lane,

West—By the land already declared for widening some portion of Golak Pal's lane,

is required within the aforesaid mahalla of Malitola.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3385L.A.—The 4th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Hooghly, for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of *Rammohon Serobar* and sinking of a well in the village of Radhanagore, pargana Jahanabad, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a

piece of land measuring, more or less, 19 bighas 4 cottahs and 11 chitacks of standard measurement, equivalent to 6.36 acres, bounded on the :—

North—By land and house of Dharendra Nath Mukherji, river Darakeswar, land and houses of Birendra Nath Roy and Dharendra Nath Roy Upendra Nath Roy and others and land of Jogendra Nath Roy,

East—By land of Profulla Charan Mukherji, tank of Amrita Lall Mittra and others, garden of Bhuvan Majumdar, land of Jogendra Nath Roy land and house of Upendra Nath Roy and others, land and house of Birendra Nath Roy and Dharendra Nath Roy and lands of late Kali Mittra,

South—By land of Joti Roy, house of Lalit Mohan Dutta and others, Gobor dhan Dutta's garden, lands of late Kali Mittra, Satish Chandr Mittra, Umesh Chandra Mittra and Sibb Sundari Dassi and lands of Amulya Charan and Profulla Charan Mukherji, and Local Board road,

West—By land and house of Upendra Nath Roy and others, land and house of Dharendra Nath Mukherji, garden of Joti Roy, land of Joti Roy house of Lalit Mohan Dutta and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Radhanagore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Hooghly.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3419 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Murshidabad for a public purpose, viz. for the excavation of a tank in the village of Bhaikundi, pargana Asadnagar, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less, 5 bighas of standard measurement, equivalent to 1.6529 acres, bounded on the—

North, East and West—By the land of Shasti Ghosh,

South—By the land of Shasti Ghosh and Local Board road from Joypur to Sherpur,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bhaikundi.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer at Kandī.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3424 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company, Limited, for a public purpose, viz., for brick making at Gokulpur, in the villages of Ashapur, Kushumabag and Gokulpur, pargana Dhafenda, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 38.53 acres, comprising settlement plots Nos. 62, 135, 134, 133, 63, 151, 64, 150, 65, 74, 66, 132, 67, 68, 73, 75, 72, 140, 71, 70, 69, 138, 79, 78, 77, 76, 129, 127, 126, 128, 130 and 136 and portion of plot No. 13 of mauza Ashapur, plots Nos. 54, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 37, 38, 19, 35, 10, 11, 18, 17, 1 and 15 and portions of plots Nos. 57, 52, 51 and 39 of mauza Kushumabag and portion of plot No. 995 of mauza Gokulpur, is required within the aforesaid villages of Ashapur, Kushumabag and Gokulpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Midnapore.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3428 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Corporation for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of a sewerage ditch in Nilmani Datta Lane up to Amherst Street, in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 7 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to .007 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of premises Nos. 29-2 and 29-3, Mirzapur Street,

East—By the Amherst Street,

South—By the remaining portion of 128-1, Amherst Street, and premises Nos. 1-1-1, 1-1, and 1-2, Nilmani Datta Lane,

West—By the sewerage ditch,

is required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3429 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for Barabani additional line at the 8th mile of the Sitarampur Domohani extension, in the villages of Barabani, Bhanwara and Chak-Krismath, parganas Kanthanagar and Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 14 cottahs and 9 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.90 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the land of the W. C. Banerji and Coal Company, and the land of A. C. Chandra,

East—By the land of A. C. Chandra and the land of the Bengal Coal Company

South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the land of the W. C. Banerji and Coal Company,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Barabani, Bhanwara and Chak-Krismath.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3504 L.A.—The 7th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for night-soil transfer depôt in S. P. Banerjee Street in the village of Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .043 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By S. P. Banerjee Street,

East and South—By the lands of Anil Nath Bose, and

West—By the bustee passage,

is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3537 L.A.—The 7th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening a portion and rounding off the corner of Behari Lal Pal Street, in the village of Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 9 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 0·0093 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT No. 1 :

North and East—By Behari Lal Pal Street,
South and West—By the lands of Durgapada and Radhika Pada Ghosal,

PLOT No. 2 :

North—By the land of Bhuban Mohan Pal and Behari Lal Pal Street,
East—By the land of Bhuban Mohan Pal,
South and West—By Behari Lal Pal Street,

are required within the aforesaid village of Baranagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 3421 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—In line 7 of declaration No. 1733 L.A., dated the 19th February 1923, published at pages 251-252, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, in respect of the acquisition of land required by the District Board of Howrah for the excavation of a tank to the west of the Mohiary charitable dispensary in the village of Daree Mohiarae, Part 4th, Chutoorbhooja Katee, pargana Arsa, district Howrah, for the words "9 bighas 7 cottahs 2 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 1179 of an acre" read "7 cottahs 2 chitaks and 9 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 1179 of an acre."

No. 3430 L.A.—The 5th April 1923.—In lines 7 and 10 of the declaration *No. 8321 L.A.*, dated the 8th September 1922, published at page 1769, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th idem, in respect of the acquisition of land required by the District Board of Bakarganj for a tank at Badura, in the village of Badura, pargana Silemabad, zilla Bakarganj, for the figures "627" read "626."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FOREST.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3541 For.—The 7th April 1923.—Mr. R. C. Milward, Conservator of Forests, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for four months (of which sixteen days is on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 28th March 1923.

No. 3555 For.—The 9th April 1923.—The Governor in Council is pleased to notify that the area known as the "Ghish River Reserve" is transferred from the Jalpaiguri Forest Division to the Kalimpong Forest Division.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 380S.R.—The 9th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 9 and 204 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the Board of Revenue makes the following amendment in the rules with regard to the clearance and discharge of salt published under notification No. 3884B. of the 9th July 1907 at pages 1179-1205 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th July 1907 :—

Substitute the following for rule 42 of the said rules, namely :—

"42. In the case of public warehouses the Chief Customs officer shall fix, from time to time, the amount of rent to be paid by the bonder per 1,000 maunds of salt received for storage. Ordinarily, no gola should be made available unless the quantity of salt to be bonded is equal to two-thirds of the storage which the gola is capable of containing :

Provided that in Calcutta the rent to be demanded shall be calculated in accordance with rules to be made by the Collector of Customs on the total quantity of salt actually received in a gola subject to a minimum of two-thirds of the storage capacity of the building."

F. W. ROBERTSON,

Secretary, Board of Revenue, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICES.

MAULVI CHOWDHURI AFSAR ALI, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, has been placed in charge of Jalpaiguri treasury, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th March 1923, in place of Babu Banka Behari Ghosh, transferred.

W. H. NELSON, *Deputy Commissioner.*

JALPAIGURI, the 21st March 1923.

ORDER.

BABU GOPENDRA KUMAR GHOSH CHAUDHURI, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rangpur, is placed in charge of the Rangpur treasury from the forenoon of the 14th April 1923, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

D. S. FRASER, *Collector.*

RANGPUR COLLECTORATE, the 5th April 1923.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 27th March 1923.

No. 3137A.—Babu Nata Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Sadar munsif of Faridpur.

No. 3140A.—Babu Nata Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Faridpur, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Faridpur.

No. 3143A.—Babu Gour Krishna Basu, munsif of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the executive district of Howrah comprising the munsifs of Howrah, Uluberia and Amta.

No. 3146A.—Babu Gour Krishna Basu, munsif of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Howrah munsifi, exclusive of the Howrah and Bally Municipalities.

The 6th April 1923.

No. 3386A.—Babu Monoranjan Ray, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Comilla munsifi.

No. 3387A.—Babu Sailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Manikganj munsifi.

No. 3394A.—Babu Ganendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Berhampore munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the months of April, May and June 1923, or until further orders that the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Serampore and Howrah and Subordinate Judge of the First Court of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below :—

April 1923.				Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	...	7
Howrah—21st to 30th	...	...	...	8
				23
May 1923.				Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 9th	...	...	...	8
Serampore—10th to 21st	...	...	...	8
Howrah—22nd to 31st	...	...	...	8
				24
June 1923.				Working days.
Hooghly—1st to 11th	...	...	...	8
Serampore—12th to 20th	...	...	...	8
Howrah—21st to 30th	...	...	...	8
				24

Excluding Sundays and holidays.

NAGENDRA NATH GHOSH, *Judge.*

SERAMPORE SMALL CAUSES COURT, *the 19th March 1923.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1027J.G.—Babu Sudhir Kumar Sen Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Bankura Sadar.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 2nd April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1 R.G.—This office notification No. 484 R.G., dated the 13th February 1923, posting Babu Sourindra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, to the Meherpur subdivision of the district of Nadia, is hereby cancelled.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 29th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1099 J.G.—Babu Bijoy Krishna Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed as Circle Officer of Serampore, district Hooghly.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 5th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1045 J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mr. S. K. Bose and Rai Amulya Chandra Mitra Bahadur to be non-official visitors of the Burdwan Sadar jail for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 2nd April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1228 J.—In supersession of this office notification No. 2793., dated the 20th January 1923, Babu Sambhu Chand Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division employed on flood relief work in the district of Mogra, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1922.

W. A. MARR, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 7th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1061 J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Lieutenant Bijay Prosad Singh Roy, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Katwa subsidiary jail in the district of Burdwan for the current year or till the termination of his present membership in the Council.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 2nd April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1065 J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Lieutenant Bijay Prosad Singh Roy, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Asansol subsidiary jail in the district of Burdwan for the current year or till the termination of his present membership in the Council.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 2nd April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1049 J.G.—In accordance with the provision of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mrs. S. G. Hart and Mrs. N. N. Dey to be non-official lady visitors of the Burdwan Sadar jail for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 2nd April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1041J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Raja Moniloll Singh Roy and Lieutenant Bijay Prosa Singh Roy, members of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be non-official visitors of the Burdwan Sadar jail for one year or till the termination of their present membership in the Council.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 2nd April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1053J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Lieutenant Bijay Prosad Singh Roy, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Kalna subsidiary jail in the district of Burdwan for the current year or till the termination of his present membership in the Council.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 2nd April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1057J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mrs. M. B. Farakar to be a non-official lady visitor of the Kalna subsidiary jail in the district of Burdwan for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 2nd April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1069J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Miss Fanny Matheson to be a non-official lady visitor of the Asansol subsidiary jail in the district of Burdwan for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 2nd April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 914M.—It is hereby notified for general information that at a bye-election held on the 24th March 1923, Babu Gokul Behari Gupta has been duly elected as a Commissioner for ward No. I of the English Bazar Municipality in the district of Malda, *vice* Babu Bipin Behari Ghose, deceased.

W. A. MARR, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 4th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1342G.—It is hereby notified for general information that Tuesday, the 12th June 1923, has been fixed as the date for holding a bye-election in Fakirtala ward No. III of the Noakhali Municipality in the district of Noakhali to elect a Commissioner for that ward, in place of Babu Mon Mohan Chatterjee, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 3rd April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 28th July 1923, has been fixed as the date for holding the next general election of Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, in place of those who, having been elected at the last general election of Commissioners or subsequently thereto, will complete their term of office under sections 21 and 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1M.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen were duly elected to be Commissioners of the Debhatta Municipality, in the district of Khulna, at the last general election of Commissioners held on the 31st January 1923:—

No. of ward.	Name.
I	... Babu Ambika Charan Mandal.
II	... " Ram Lal Bosu.
III	... " Banko Behari Mandal.
IV	... " Balahari Sardar.
V	... " Babu Sailendra Nath Mandal.
VI	... " Kalipapa Poddar.
VII	... " Tarak Nath Modak.
VIII	... " Bhupal Chandra Biswas.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1310G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19(2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, Babu Hem Bhushan Datta, Circle Officer, is appointed to be member of the Sadar local board, Comilla, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Monoranjan Chaudhury, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 29th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 927L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (1) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babus Bhola Nath Chatterjee and Nemai Chandra Ray have been duly elected to be members of the Asansol local board in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Braja Lal Misra, deceased, and Rai Sahib Mritunjay Chatterjee, resigned, respectively.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 5th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 799L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Bhairab Nath Banerjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. III of the Purandar-pur union board in Suri police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Naik, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 26th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 802L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Amrita Ranjan Mukharjee has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Mallikpur union board in Suri police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Jnanada Kinkar Mukharjee, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 26th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 805 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Quazi Ahamed Mia has been duly elected to be a member for ward No III of the Shahpur union board in Shahpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Quazi Attakul Hoque, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 28th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 808 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Bishnu Chandra Gorain has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. I of the Dabrajpur union board in Dubrajpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Nitya Kishore Ghosh, removed.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 27th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 811 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Satya Gopal Tewari has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. 1 of the Persundi union board in Khayrasole police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Bangso Gopal Tewari, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 27th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 877 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Mahesh Chandra Mondal has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Jagatpur union board in Khanakul police-station in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Kedar Nath Roy, resigned.

N. G. BASAK, *for Commissioner on tour.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 29th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 899 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Dasurathi Ghosh has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Rajyadharpore union board in Serampore police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Mihir Lal Bakuli, removed.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 4th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 905 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rules 38 and 24 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Radhika Prasad Mukharjee has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member for ward No. IV of the Janai union board in Chanditola police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Manmatha Nath Banerjee, resigned.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 4th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 902 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Sheikh Kobat has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Peara-pore union board in Serampore police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Akshoy Kumar Baidya, resigned.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 4th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 940 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the following gentlemen are appointed as members of the Midnapore District Board :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. Superintendent of Police, Midnapore | ... | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. Subdivisional Officer, Contai | ... | ... | |
| 3. Ditto Tamluk | ... | ... | |
| 4. Ditto Ghatal | ... | ... | |
| 5. Ditto Jhargam | ... | ... | |
| 6. Maulvi Syed Golam Ali Eba. | | | |
| 7. Babu Radha Gobinda Pal. | | | |
| 8. „ Srutinath Chakravarti. | | | |
| 9. „ Dwijadas Bhaduri. | | | |
| 10. Mr. W. C. Woodgate. | | | |
| 11. Babu Gyanada Charan Rose. | | | |

This cancels paragraph 2 of notification No. 620 L.S.-G., dated the 8th March 1923 and the erratum dated the 31st March 1923, published at page 440, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th April 1923.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 374 M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Katwa in the district of Burdwan :—

- | | | |
|---|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Katwa | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Subdivisional Medical Officer, Katwa | ... | |
| 3. Babu Manmatha Nath Chatterjee. | | |
| 4. „ Hari Kishore Shaha. | | |
| 5. „ Jogendra Lal Shaha. | | |
| 6. „ Rash Behari Burman. | | |
| 7. Maulvi Abdus Sattar. | | |
| 8. Babu Chandi Das Magumdar. | | |
| 9. „ Sarat Chandra Chatterjee. | | |

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 29th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 377 M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Ghatal, in the district of Midnapore :—

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Assistant Surgeon, Ghatal | ... | |
| 3. Babu Satya Charan Mukharjee. | | |
| 4. „ Ram Krishna Mukharjee. | | |
| 5. „ Suroj Kumar Mukharjee. | | |
| 6. „ Ashutosh Chowdhury. | | |
| 7. „ Bhupati Banerjee. | | |
| 8. „ Sasi Bhushan Dutt. | | |
| 9. „ Debendra Nath Roy. | | |
| 10. „ Bhima Charan Bhattacharjee. | | |

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 29th March 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1152J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Kazipur in the district of Pabna :—

- | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Serajganj | ... | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Sub-Inspector of Police, Kazipur | ... | ... | |
| 3. The Marriage Registrar, Kazipur | ... | ... | |
| 4. Naib, Six annas Estate, Kazipur | ... | ... | |
| 5. Manvi Basir Uddin. | | | |
| 6. Munshi Basiruddin Talukdar. | | | |
| 7. „ Ajit Ulla Sarkar. | | | |
| 8. „ Ebrahim Sarkar. | | | |
| 9. „ Miajan Sarkar. | | | |
| 10. „ Joyenuddin. | | | |
| 11. Babu Baidya Nath Tarafdar. | | | |
| 12. Munshi Khaber Ali Talukdar. | | | |
| 13. „ Afazuddin. | | | |

W. A. MAIR, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 29th March 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the dispensary rules, Md. Amjet Shaikh has been appointed to be a member of the managing committee of the Amritanagar charitable dispensary at Naraganti in the Narail subdivision of the district of Jessore, in place of Babu Sasi Bhushan Sarkar, resigned.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 6th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(b) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the Mandalpur charitable dispensary in the Jangipore subdivision of the Murshidabad district :—

1. Babu Ramtaran Ghosal.
2. „ Kaliprasanna Chatterjee.
3. „ Pankaj Kumar Mukherjee.
4. „ Ramaprasanna Mukherjee.
5. „ Benoy Gopal Ghosh.
6. „ Sasi Bhushan Ray.
7. „ Kalibramha Mukherjee.
8. Munshi Erusat Mandal.
9. „ „ Jalal Bax Mandal.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 6th April 1923.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1923.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 31st March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Delhi, the 30th March 1923.

PART B.

Appointments.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 452.—Colonel H. A. Cameron, C.I.E., Royal Engineers, is appointed Honorary Colonel of the Eastern Bengal Railway Battalion. Dated 18th October 1922.

No. 453.—The Reverend Arthur Willifer Young is appointed Honorary Chaplain to the 1st Battalion, the East Indian Railway Regiment, with effect from the 7th March 1923.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 31st March 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 31st March 1923.

No. 1863.—Mr. W. W. Nind, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, on deputation, reverted to the Customs Department with effect from the 17th February 1923, and was re-posted to Bombay.

No. 1864.—Mr. W. W. Nind, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bombay to Calcutta with effect from the 21st February 1923.

No. 1865.—Mr. G. N. Bower, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, at Calcutta, acted as Collector of Customs at that port from the 8th to the 22nd February 1923.

No. 1872.—The services of Mr. W. W. Nind, an officiating Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 20th March 1923.

No. 1873.—Mr. G. N. Bower, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, at Calcutta, is appointed to act as Collector in the service at that port with effect from the 20th March 1923, until further orders.

No. 1874.—Mr. W. W. Nind, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is appointed to act as a Collector in the service with effect from the 23rd February 1923, until further orders.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 29th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 29th March 1923.

The following Act made by the Governor General under the provisions of section 67B of the Government of India Act is hereby published for general information:—

An Act to fix the duty on salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, certain parts of British India, to vary the duty leviable on certain articles under the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, to fix maximum rates of postage under the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, and to fix rates of income-tax.

WHEREAS it is expedient to fix the duty on salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, certain parts of British India, to vary the duty leviable on certain articles under the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, to fix maximum rates of postage under the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, and to fix rates of income-tax; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, extent and duration 1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Finance Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including the Sonthal Parganas and British Baluchistan.

(3) Sections 2, 4 and 6 shall remain in force only up to the 31st day of March 1924.

XII of 1882. 2. (1) The provisions of section 7 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882, shall, in so far as they enable the Governor General in Council to impose by rule made under that section a duty on salt manufactured in, or imported into, any part of British India other than Burma and Aden, be construed as if, with effect from the first day of March, 1923, they imposed such duty at the rate of two rupees and eight annas per maund of eighty-two and two-sevenths pounds avoirdupois of salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, any such part, and such duty shall, for all the purposes of the said Act, be deemed to have been imposed by rule made under that section.

XII of 1922. (2) With effect from the first day of March, 1923, section 2 of the Indian Finance Act, 1922, is hereby repealed.

VIII of 1894. 3. (1) In Schedule II to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the amendments specified in the First Schedule to this Act shall be made.

Amendment of Act VIII of 1894.

(2) In Schedule III to the same Act, in item No. 3, for the entry in the fourth column the entry "5 per cent." shall be substituted.

VIII of 1894. (3) The amendments made in the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, by this section shall have effect from the first day of March 1923.

VI of 1898. 4. With effect from the first day of April, 1923, the Schedule contained in the Second Schedule to this Act shall be inserted in the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, as the First Schedule to that Act.

Postal rate.

5. In sub-section (7) of section 19 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, for the figures "1923" the figures "1924" shall be substituted. X of 1923.
Amendment of Act X of 1923.

6. (1) Income-tax for the year beginning on the first day of April, 1923, shall be charged at the rates specified in Part I of the Third Schedule.
Income-tax and super-tax.

(2) The rates of super-tax for the year beginning on the first day of April, 1923, shall, for the purpose of section 55 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, be those specified in Part II of the Third Schedule. X1 of 1922.

(3) For the purposes of the Third Schedule, "total income" means total income as defined in clause (15) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1922. X1 of 1922.

SCHEDULE I.

Amendments to be made in Schedule II to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894.

[See Section 3 (1).]

1. In Item No. 4, after the words "all sorts" the words "except ochres and other pigment ores" shall be added.

2. For Item No. 14 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"CINCHONA BARK and the alkaloids extracted therefrom including QUININE."

3. In Item No. 29, for the words "spirit, which has been rendered effectually and permanently unfit for human consumption" the words "Denatured Spirit" shall be substituted.

4. In Item No. 30, to the entry in the fourth column the words "or 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, whichever is higher" shall be added.

5. In Item No. 31, the following shall be added to each of the entries in the fourth column, namely:—

"or 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, whichever is higher."

6. In Item No. 34, in the second column, the words "and saccharine produce of all sorts" shall be omitted.

7. After Item No. 34 the following heading and items shall be inserted, namely:—

SACCHARINE.				
34A.	Saccharine (except in tablets)	...	Pound	... 20 0
34B.	Saccharine tablets	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	... 25 per cent. or Rs. 20 per pound of saccharine contents, whichever is higher."

8. In Item No. 43, for the entry in the fourth column, the following shall be substituted, namely:—"24-0 or 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, whichever is higher."

9. For item No. 51 the following items shall be substituted, namely:—

51 MACHINERY, namely, such of the following articles as are not specified in any of the following numbers, namely, Nos. 15, 16, 53, 54, 55, 87, 90-A., 96, 103, 111 and 127:—

- (1) prime-movers, boilers, locomotive engines and tenders for the same, portable engines (including power-driven road rollers, fire engines and tractors), and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts;
- (2) machines and sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power, not being manual or animal labour, or which before being brought into use require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts;
- (3) apparatus and appliances, not to be operated by manual or animal labour, which are designed for use in an industrial system as parts indispensable for its operation and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose;
- (4) control gear, self-acting or otherwise, and transmission-gear designed for use with any machinery above specified, including belting of all materials and driving chains but not driving ropes;
- (5) bare hard-drawn electrolytic copper wires and cables and other electrical wires and cables, insulated or not; and poles, troughs, conduits and insulators designed as parts of a transmission system, and the fittings thereof.

Note.—The term "industrial system" used in sub-clause (3) means an installation designed to be employed directly in the performance of any process or series of processes necessary for the manufacture, production or extraction of any commodity.

51A COMPONENT PARTS OF MACHINERY, as defined in No. 51, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of the machine or apparatus and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose :

Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the machine to which they belong if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable."

10. Item No. 52 and the heading thereto shall be omitted.

11. Item No. 56 shall be omitted.

12. For Item No. 61 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

61	IRON OR STEEL, anchors and cables.
" "	beams, joists, pillars, girders and other structural shapes, whether fabricated or not, screw-plates, bridge work and other descriptions of iron or steel not ordinarily used for other than building purposes ; including ridging, guttering, flashing and continuous roofing ; also including expanded metal and other descriptions of iron or steel designed for use in the reinforcing of concrete ; but not including builder's hardware, that is to say, grates, stoves, ventilators, door and window fittings and the like ; (See No. 90.)
" "	bolts and nuts, including hook-bolts and nuts for roofing.
" "	hoops and strips.
" "	nails, rivets and washers, all sorts.
" "	pipes and tubes and fittings therefor, that is to say, bends, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges, plugs, valves, cocks and the like.
" "	rails, chairs, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, spikes (commonly known as dog-spikes), switches and crossings, other than those described in No. 63, also lever-boxes, clips and tie bars.
" "	sheets and plates, all sorts, whether fabricated or not, including discs and circles.
" "	wire, including fencing-wire, piano-wire and wire-rope, but excluding wire netting (See No. 97)."

13. In Item No. 63, the words "engines, tenders" shall be omitted, and for the second proviso, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely :—

"Provided also that nothing shall be deemed to be dutiable hereunder which is dutiable under No. 51 or No. 51A."

14. After Item No. 63 the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"63A. COMPONENT PARTS OF RAILWAY MATERIALS, as defined in No. 63, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of railways and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose :

Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the railway material to which they belong if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable."

15. To Item No. 64 the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that articles of machinery as defined in No. 51 or No. 51A shall, when separately imported, not be deemed to be included hereunder."

16. For Item No. 87 and the heading thereto the following shall be substituted, namely :—

CONVEYANCES.

"87 CONVEYANCES, including trams, motor-omnibuses, motor-lorries, motor-vans, passenger lifts, carriages, carts, jinrikshas, bath-chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheel barrows, bicycles, tricycles and all other sorts of conveyances not otherwise specified, and component parts and accessories thereof, except such parts and accessories of the motor vehicles above-mentioned as are also adapted for use as parts or accessories of motor cars, motor cycles or motor scooters (See No. 127)."

17. After Item No. 90 the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"90A ELECTRICAL CONTROL GEAR AND TRANSMISSION GEAR, namely, switches, fuses and current-breaking devices of all sorts and descriptions, designed for use in circuits of less than ten amperes and at a pressure not exceeding 250 volts, and regulators for use with motors designed to consume less than 187 watts ; bare or insulated copper wires and cables, any one core of which has a sectional area of less than one-eightieth part of a square inch, and wires and cables of other metals of not more than equivalent conductivity ; and line insulators, including also cleats, connectors, leading-in tubes and the like, of types and sizes such as are ordinarily used in connection with the transmission of power for other than industrial purposes, and the fittings thereof."

18. To Item No. 96 the following shall be added, namely :—

“and any machines (except such as are designed to be used exclusively in industrial processes) which require for their operation less than one quarter of one brake-horse-power.”

19. In Item No. 103, after the word “tiles” the words “firebricks not being component parts of any article included in No. 51 or No. 63” shall be inserted, and after the word “specified” the words “including bitumen and other insulating materials” shall be added.

20. In Item No. 127, the words “bicycles and tricycles” and the words “or of bicycles or tricycles” shall be omitted.

21. To Item No. 130 the words “and parts thereof” shall be added.

22. In Item No. 139, the word “and” shall be inserted after the word “cycles” and the words “bicycles and tricycles” shall be omitted.

SCHEDULE II.

Schedule to be inserted in the Indian Post Office Act, 1898.

(See section 4.)

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

INLAND POSTAGE RATES.

(See section 7.)

Letters.

For a weight not exceeding two and a half tolas	...	...	One anna.
For every two and a half tolas, or fraction thereof, exceeding two and a half tolas.	...	...	One anna.

Postcards.

Single	...	...	...	Half an anna.
Reply	...	...	...	One anna.

Book, Pattern and Sample Packets.

For every five tolas or fraction thereof	Half an anna.
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Registered Newspapers.

For a weight not exceeding eight tolas	Quarter of an anna.
For a weight exceeding eight tolas and not exceeding twenty tolas	...	...	Half an anna.
For every twenty tolas, or fraction thereof, exceeding twenty tolas	...	...	Half an anna.

Parcels.

For a weight not exceeding twenty tolas	...	...	Two annas.
For a weight exceeding twenty tolas and not exceeding forty tolas	...	...	Four annas.
For every forty tolas, or fraction thereof, exceeding forty tolas	...	...	Four annas.

SCHEDULE III.

(See section 6.)

PART I.

Rates of Income-tax.

	Rate.
A. In the case of every individual, every unregistered firm and every undivided Hindu family—	
(1) When the total income is less than Rs. 2,000	Nil.
(2) When the total income is Rs. 2,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 5,000	Five pies in the rupee.
(3) When the total income is Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 10,000	Six pies in the rupee.
(4) When the total income is Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 20,000	Nine pies in the rupee.
(5) When the total income is Rs. 20,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 30,000	One anna in the rupee.
(6) When the total income is Rs. 30,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 40,000	One anna and three pies in the rupee.
(7) When the total income is Rs. 40,000 or upwards	One anna and six pies in the rupee.
B. In the case of every company, and every registered firm, whatever its total income	One anna and six pies in the rupee.

PART II.

Rates of Super-tax.

	Rate.
In respect of the excess over fifty thousand rupees of total income :—	
(1) in the case of every company ...	One anna in the rupee.
(2) (a) in the case of every Hindu undivided family—	
(i) in respect of the first twenty-five thousand rupees of the excess	Nil.
(ii) for every rupee of the next twenty-five thousand rupees of such excess	One anna in the rupee.
(b) in the case of every individual and every unregistered firm, for every rupee of the first fifty thousand rupees of such excess	One anna in the rupee.
(c) in the case of every individual, every unregistered firm and every Hindu undivided family—	
(i) for every rupee of the second fifty thousand rupees of such excess	One and a half annas in the rupee.
(ii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Two annas in the rupee.
(iii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Two and a half annas in the rupee.
(iv) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Three annas in the rupee.
(v) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Three and a half annas in the rupee.
(vi) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Four annas in the rupee.
(vii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Four and a half annas in the rupee.
(viii) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Five annas in the rupee.
(ix) for every rupee of the next fifty thousand rupees of such excess	Five and a half annas in the rupee.
(x) for every rupee of the remainder of the excess	Six annas in the rupee.

READING,

*Viceroy and Governor General.**The 29th March, 1923.*

This Act has been made by me as Governor General under the provisions of section 67B of the Government of India Act.

READING,

*Viceroy and Governor General.**The 29th March, 1923.*

WHEREAS I, Rufus Daniel, Earl of Reading, am of opinion that a state of emergency exists which justifies a direction by me that the Act to fix the duty on salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, certain parts of British India to vary the duty leviable on certain articles under the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, to fix maximum rates of postage under the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1923, and to fix rates of income-tax, being an Act made by me under the provisions of section 67B of the Government of India Act, shall come into operation forthwith.

Now THEREFORE, in exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to sub-section (2) of that section, I do hereby direct accordingly.

READING,

*Viceroy and Governor General.**The 29th March, 1923.*

L. GRAHAM,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India, in the Finance Department, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 29th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 29th March 1923.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE. ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

No. 562-F.—The following statement is published for general information :—

A statement by His Excellency the Governor General of the reasons which moved him to pass an order under section 57B of the Government of India Act for certification of the Indian Finance Bill as originally introduced in the Legislative Assembly, providing for an increase in the existing salt duty for one year, (i.e.) till the 31st March 1924, to a rate of Rs. 2-8 a maund.

E. M. COOK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

STATEMENT.

In the course of the debates on the Finance Bill I was deeply concerned to find that I and my Government were in disagreement with the majority of the Legislative Assembly in regard to the necessity of imposing an increase in the salt tax from Re. 1-4 to Rs. 2-8 per maund in order to balance the budget and produce financial equilibrium. The Bill as introduced with this provision was not passed by the Legislative Assembly in the form proposed by my Government. It was recommended by me, in the original form proposed to the Council of State where it was passed by a majority of 18 votes. It was returned to the Legislative Assembly in the form recommended to the Council of State and rejected by a majority of 11 votes. I have a high respect for the convictions of the Legislative Assembly, but after careful consideration I find I cannot subscribe to them; and I have decided to exercise the special powers with which I have been invested by His Majesty's Government under the provisions of section 57B of the Government of India Act and to certify the Bill. I have arrived at this decision after much anxious thought and deliberation and I desire to make clear my reasons for taking this action.

Ever since I came to India and learnt the financial conditions I have been deeply impressed by the imperative necessity of placing India's finances on a sound basis and have kept this object continually in view. The first budget after my arrival was that of 1922-23. I then learnt that there had been cumulative deficits in the four preceding years totalling 90 crores. Heavy increases of taxation had been imposed by my predecessor's Government in 1921-22 in order to balance the budget. Taxation had again to be enhanced by my Government in 1922-23 and an increase was also made in the postal and railway charges. It will be remembered that at that time my Government also proposed to double the salt duty. The Legislative Assembly rejected this proposal; I accepted their decision and did not certify the necessary legislation for the purpose. Without dwelling in detail on my reasons it will suffice to mention (a) that my Government were deeply impressed with the need urged by the Legislature for retrenchment in both military and civil expenditure as a necessary step to precede any further taxation of this nature; (b) that food prices were then high and wheat in particular exceptionally high. When we came to frame the budget of the present year we found that notwithstanding the admirable work accomplished by Lord Inchcape and his Committee, and after making very far-reaching reductions in expenditure, we had again to face a deficit not so large indeed as last year, but nevertheless amounting to nearly four crores. We have striven our utmost to restore equilibrium by scrutiny of estimates of revenue and expenditure but have failed. Speaking with all the responsibility falling on me and my Government I am convinced that the position cannot be ameliorated by any addition however tempting in appearance to revenue or by any deduction from expenditure.

My Government held that in view of the past accumulated deficits it was essential in the interests of India to balance its budget. It had every reason to look for the support of the public and the Legislature in this view. Ever since my arrival in this country the Legislature, all sections of the press and public men in deputations, addresses, and speeches have insistently urged on me the vital necessity of securing financial equilibrium. In addition representations had persistently been made that the Government of India should balance its budget in order that it might begin to remit the contributions of 9½ crores from the provincial Governments to the Government of India, a matter vitally important to the progress of those departments which have, under the Reforms Scheme, been committed to the charge of Ministers.

The rehabilitation of India's credit by presenting a balanced budget was not a measure which could be delayed. The need for large capital funds for material development obliges the Indian Government to enter the money market for considerable sums both in England and India; it would be in the highest degree unfortunate if it had been obliged to present a deficit for the sixth year in succession, and when the circumstances

no longer permitted a hope that the deficit was purely temporary or was one which would yield to a determined effort at retrenchment. Reductions have been made in military charges which seemed incredible a year ago. The Government of India have stated that in making these reductions we are taking military risks, but we feel that we are justified by the financial stringency. His Majesty's Government have agreed in principle to the reductions. In the civil departments similar retrenchments of a far-reaching character have been accepted. If after making these efforts we still had to present a deficit, there was every possibility that the fact would react on our position as a borrower. Our hopes for a gradual reduction in our interest charges would be frustrated with results damaging not only to India's progress as a country, but to every industrial and trading interest in the land. The provinces have now their own commitments for capital expenditure on their material development. Their interests would suffer even more severely than those of the Central Government in proportion as their resources are more limited.

The most careful and anxious consideration was given to the possibility of finding an alternative to the salt tax as a means of raising the additional revenue necessary to attain equilibrium. No alternative presented itself to Government nor indeed, when the matter came to be discussed, to the Legislature. The reason is obvious. Those engaged in trade and industry have had laid upon them heavy increases in taxation during recent years. Postal and railway rates have been enhanced. The burden thus placed on commerce and industry will require time for adjustment, and further taxation in these directions would have failed to provide the sum required. I have myself given most careful consideration to the objections which appear to exist against the enhancement of the salt tax whether on economic grounds or those of sentiment. The tax is said to have historic unpopularity; but it existed before British rule. In the period from 1861-1877 it stood in Northern India at Rs. 3. In 1878 the rate was Rs. 2-12. From 1879-1881 and again from 1888-1902 it stood at Rs. 2-8-0 and since 1916 it has been at Rs. 1-4-0. The objection is thus not to the tax itself but to its present enhancement. Every increase in the rate of a tax is unpopular; yet it must be remembered that it has been collected in the ordinary way at the enhanced rate throughout British India since the 1st of March of this year. The economic arguments against the tax appear to stand on shadowy foundations. Perhaps never in the recent history of India has there been a year in which such enhancement will press more lightly on the poor. Wages are still on a favourable basis; but prices of food-stuffs have markedly fallen and with the abundant promise of a rich harvest around us may be expected to decrease still further. Even a slight fall in the price of food-stuffs is of great importance to the poor family. The mill labourer is shown to spend approximately 56 per cent. of his income on food and of this amount salt represents only two-fifths of 1 per cent. The increase in salt tax must have an infinitesimal effect at a period such as this; prices of food grains fell by 20 per cent. between October 1921 and December 1922; between January 1922 and 1923 retail prices of wheat fell by 100 per cent. in important centres of Northern India.

These considerations were duly laid before the Legislative Assembly. That body had from the first admitted in principle the paramount necessity of balancing the budget. Many of the members had emphasised the need of regaining equilibrium as a necessary preliminary to fulfilling our obligations in regard to the gradual reduction of provincial contributions; and it is indeed obvious that no step in this direction can be taken so long as the finances of the Central Government are in deficit. The Assembly was unable to agree on the adoption of any alternative form of taxation which would secure the full amount required. Nevertheless, it rejected the proposal for an enhancement of the salt tax. It was in these circumstances that it became my duty to certify the measure. It must be clearly understood that my action merely imposes an enhancement of the tax until March 31st, 1924, when the matter must again come before the Legislature. It will then have had a year's experience of the operation of the tax, and it will be in a position to determine whether, in view of the condition of the country and having regard to our obligations to the provinces, it will vote for its retention.

I hold strict views regarding the exercise of my special powers; their use can only be justified, in the words of the Government of India Act, when it is essential for the interests of British India. This requirement has throughout been present to my mind. In the present case the interests of India only and no other interests are in question. A balanced budget is absolutely essential to her interests at the present time, and I believe that it is my duty to take the necessary action to secure this in the discharge of the responsibility placed upon me as Governor General by the Imperial Parliament.

It may be that the scheme of reforms introduced by the Government of India Act will be attacked on account of the action taken by me. This would be unfortunate and could only be due to misapprehension; for the constitution is embodied in the Act, and I do not believe that there is any substantial difference as regards the meaning of the important provisions under which I am acting. Unbalanced budgets appear to me to involve dangers to the future of India perhaps inherently greater than any constitutional or political issue, while their immediate effect is to stifle the development in the provision of all those beneficent activities, e.g., Education, Public Health, Industry, which should be the first fruits of the reforms. I am convinced therefore that my action will prove of ultimate benefit in the development of the reforms and the advancement of India and for these I shall continue to labour in the discharge of the high responsibilities entrusted to me as Governor General.

- READING,

Viceroy and Governor General,

The 29th March, 1923.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Railway Department (Railway Board), published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 21st March 1923.

No. 120-T.—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 84 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Railway Board are pleased, in supersession of the rules published with their notification No. 120-T.—18, dated the 20th February 1919, to make the following rules, namely :—

Notices.

1. The notices mentioned in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, shall (IX of 1890.) contain the following particulars, namely :—

- mileage, or station or both, at which the accident occurred ;
- time and date of the accident ;
- number and description of the train or trains ;
- nature of the accident ;
- number of people killed or injured, as far as known ;
- cause of the accident, as far as known ;
- probable detention to traffic.

2. When any accident such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, (IX of 1890.) 1890, occurs in the course of working a railway, the Station-master nearest to the place at which the accident has occurred, or, where there is no Station-master, the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred, shall give notice of the accident by telegraph to the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police of the district in which the accident has occurred, to the Superintendent of Railway Police and to the officer-in-charge of the police-station within the local limits of which it has occurred.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this rule accidents of a description usually attended with loss of human life are meant to include all accidents to passenger trains such, for example, as slight collisions, derailments, cases of running over, obstructions placed on the line, of passengers falling out of trains or of fires in trains, in which no loss of life, or grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or serious injury to property has actually occurred but which by the nature of the accident might reasonably have been expected to occur ; also cases of landslides, or of breaches by rain or flood, which cause the interruption of any important through line of communication for at least 24 hours.

Duties of railway servants.

3. Every railway servant shall report, with as little delay as possible, every accident occurring in the course of working the railway on which he is employed which may come to his notice. Such reports shall be made to the nearest Station-master, or, where there is no Station-master, to the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred.

4. The Station-master, or the railway servant in charge of the section, shall report the accident in accordance with the detailed rules laid down by the railway concerned for the reporting of accidents.

Duties of District Traffic Officers.

5. Whenever a serious accident occurs, the District Traffic Superintendent concerned shall supply by telegraph to the press as soon after the accident as possible brief particulars, as far as these are available as prescribed in rule 1, supplementary telegrams, if necessary, being despatched immediately further information is available. A copy shall be sent simultaneously by "Express" telegram to the Railway Board and the Senior Government Inspector. In stating the cause of the accident the District Traffic Superintendent shall avoid making any statement the correctness of which may subsequently be questioned.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this rule every accident to a train (whether carrying passengers or not) which is attended with loss of human life or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, which is roughly estimated to cost, say, Rs. 10,000 or over, also every accident, such as a landslide, breach by rain or flood, derailment, etc., which causes the interruption of any important through line of communication for at least 24 hours, shall be deemed to be a serious accident.

Duties of the Government Inspector appointed under section 4, sub-section (1) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

6. Whenever the Government Inspector receives notice under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, of the occurrence of an accident which he considers of a sufficiently serious nature to justify such a course he shall as soon as may be notify the Railway Board and the Agent or Manager of the railway concerned of his intention to hold an enquiry and shall at the same time fix and communicate the date, time and place for the enquiry.

*Explanation (1).—*For the purpose of this rule every accident to a train carrying passengers which is attended with loss of human life, or with serious injury to persons, or to property of the value of approximately Rs. 10,000 or upwards, and any other accident which in the opinion of the Government Inspector requires the holding of an enquiry, shall be deemed to be an accident of a sufficiently serious nature to require the holding of an enquiry.

*Explanation (2).—*When an accident requiring the holding of an enquiry occurs at a station where the charges of two or more Government Inspectors meet, the duty of complying with this rule shall devolve on the Government Inspector within whose jurisdiction lies the railway working the station which is the scene of the accident.

7. Whenever the Government Inspector has made an enquiry under rule 6, or when he disagrees with, or considers it necessary adversely to criticise the report of the joint or departmental enquiry of the working of the railway, he shall submit a report in writing through the Senior Government Inspector, to the Local Government or Administration controlling the railway and to the Railway Board or in the case of a railway which is directly administered by the State to the Railway Board only; and shall forward a copy of such report to the Agent or Manager of the railway concerned, and, if a magisterial enquiry is being made, to the Magistrate who is making such enquiry.

8. (1) In the case of all accidents of the nature described in the first explanation to rule 6, a preliminary brief narrative report shall be submitted by the Government Inspector to the Railway Board immediately after the completion of his enquiry. This report shall not contain any reference to persons implicated. The report referred to in rule 7 shall be submitted in the form adopted by the Inspecting Officers of the Board of Trade and shall contain—

- (a) a brief description of the accident;
- (b) a description of the locality of the accident;
- (c) a detailed statement of the evidence taken;
- (d) the conclusions arrived at;
- (e) an appendix stating the damage done;
- (f) (when necessary) a sketch illustrative of the accident.

(IX of 1890.) (2) Reports in connection with accidents which although coming under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, are not accidents of the nature described in the first explanation to rule 6, will be submitted to the Railway Board only if, in the opinion of the Senior Government Inspector, they contain features of special importance or requiring special notice. When the Senior Government Inspector recommends the publication of such a report, it shall be in the form adopted by the Inspecting Officers of the Board of Trade; when not recommended for publication, it may be in the form of a letter explaining, as briefly as possible, the special features which the Senior Government Inspector desires to bring to notice.

9. If the Agent or Manager makes any remarks on the Government Inspector's report under rules 15 and 16 or expresses an intention to do so, the Government Inspector shall inform the Railway Board and the Local Government or Administration controlling the railway of the steps which have been or are proposed to be taken by the railway administration to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents, and whether, in his opinion, further action in the matter is desirable.

10. The Government Inspector shall, as far as possible, assist any Magistrate making an enquiry under rule 20 or a judicial enquiry, whenever he may be called upon to do so.

(IX of 1890.) 11. Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the exercise of any of the powers conferred on Government Inspectors by section 5 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Duties of the Agent or Manager, and of the Head of the Department concerned.

12. Whenever any accident has occurred in the course of working a railway, the Agent or Manager shall give all reasonable aid to the District Magistrate or the Magistrate appointed or deputed under rule 20, and to the Government Inspector, Medical Officers, the police, and others concerned, to enable them promptly to reach the scene of the accident, and shall assist those authorities in making enquiries and in obtaining evidence as to the cause of the accident.

13. Whenever any accident occurring in the course of working a railway has been attended with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, it shall be the duty of the Agent or Manager to afford medical aid to the sufferers, and to see that they are properly and carefully attended to till removed to their home or handed over to the care

of their relatives or friends. In any such case, or in any case in which any loss of human life or grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code has occurred, the nearest local medical officer should be communicated with, if he is nearer than any railway medical officer.

14. When any enquiry under rule 6 or rule 20 or any judicial enquiry is being made, the Agent or Manager shall arrange for the attendance, as long as may be necessary at the office or place of enquiry, of all railway servants whose evidence is likely to be required. If the enquiry is to be held by the Government Inspector under rule 6, the Agent or Manager shall cause notice of the date, hour and place at which the enquiry will begin to be given to the officers mentioned in clauses (a) and (c) of rule 18. He shall also arrange for the attendance of the district officers at the enquiry.

15. Whenever the Agent or Manager receives a copy of the Government Inspector's report under rule 7 he shall at once acknowledge its receipt. If he differs from the views expressed in the report, he shall at the same time submit his remarks thereon, or, if he is not immediately able to do so, he shall in his acknowledgment of the report, inform the Government Inspector of his intention to submit his remarks later. If the Agent or Manager desires to prosecute any person or persons, he shall immediately forward a copy of the report, together with a statement of the persons he wishes to prosecute, to the District Magistrate of the district in which the accident occurred, or to such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

16. Whenever the report of the Government Inspector points to the necessity for or suggests a change in any of the rules or in the system of working, the Agent or Manager shall, when acknowledging the report, intimate the action which has been taken, or which it is proposed to take, to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents, or shall inform the Government Inspector of his intention to report further on the Government Inspector's proposals.

17. (1) Whenever an accident, such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, has occurred in the course of working a railway, the Agent or Manager shall cause an enquiry to be promptly made by a committee of railway officers (to be called a "joint enquiry") for the thorough investigation of the causes which led to the accident: (IX of 1890.)

Provided that such enquiry may be dispensed with—

- (a) if an enquiry is to be held by the Government Inspector under rule 6;
- (b) if the accident has not been attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property; or
- (c) if there is no reasonable doubt as to the cause of the accident; or
- (d) if one department of the railway intimates that it accepts all responsibility in the matter.

(2) Where such enquiry is dispensed with, it shall be the duty of the head of the department of the railway responsible for the accident to make such enquiry (to be called a "departmental enquiry") (as he may consider necessary, and if his staff or the system of working is at fault, to adopt or suggest such measures as he may consider expedient for preventing a recurrence of similar accidents.

18. (1) Whenever a joint enquiry is to be made, the Agent or Manager shall cause notice of the date and hour at which the enquiry will commence to be given to the following officers, namely:—

- (a) the District Magistrate of the district in which the accident occurred, or such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, the Superintendent of Railway Police and the District Superintendent of Police;
- (b) the Government Inspector appointed under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, for the section of the railway on which the accident occurred; and (IX of 1890.)
- (c) the officer-in-charge of the railway police, or if there are no railway police, the officer-in-charge of the police-station in the jurisdiction of which the accident occurred.

(2) The date and hour at which the enquiry will commence shall be fixed, so as to give the officers mentioned in sub-rule (1) sufficient time to reach the place where the enquiry is to be held.

19. (1) As soon as any joint or departmental enquiry has been completed the President of the Committee or the head of the department, as the case may be, shall send to the Agent or Manager a report which in the case of all accidents of the nature described in the explanation to rule 5 must be submitted in the form prescribed by sub-rule (1) of rule 8.

(2) The Agent or Manager shall forward, with his remarks, as to the action it is intended to take in regard to the staff responsible for the accident, or for the revision of the rules or the system of working, a copy of such report—

(a) to the official mentioned in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 18; and

(b) if no enquiry or investigation has been made under rule 20 or if a joint or departmental enquiry has been held first, to the Magistrate or officer appointed under clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 18; and

(c) if any judicial enquiry is being made, to the Magistrate making such enquiry.

(3) Such copies shall be accompanied in the case referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (2), by a statement of the persons, if any, whom the Agent or Manager desires to prosecute, and in the case referred to in clause (c) of the same sub-rule, by a copy of the evidence taken at the enquiry.

Duties of Magistrates.

IX of 1890.) 20. Whenever an accident, such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, has occurred in the course of working a railway, the District Magistrate, or any other Magistrate who may be appointed in this behalf by the Local Government, may either—

(a) himself make an enquiry into the causes which led to the accident; or

(b) depute a subordinate Magistrate, who, if possible, should be a Magistrate of the first class, to make such an enquiry; or

(c) direct an investigation into the causes which led to the accident to be made by the police.

21. Whenever it is decided to make an enquiry under clause (a) or clause (b) of rule 20, the District Magistrate or other Magistrate appointed as aforesaid or the Magistrate deputed under clause (b) of rule 20, as the case may be, shall proceed to the scene of the accident and conduct the enquiry there, and shall at once advise the Agent or Manager of the railway and the Government Inspector by telegraph of the date and hour at which the enquiry will commence, so as to enable the railway administration to summon the requisite expert evidence.

22. A Magistrate making an enquiry under rule 20 may summon any railway servant, and any other person whose presence he may think necessary, and, after taking the evidence and completing the enquiry, shall, if he considers there are sufficient grounds for a judicial enquiry, take the requisite steps for bringing to trial any person whom he may consider to be criminally liable for the accident. Whenever technical points are involved, the Magistrate should call for the opinion of the Government Inspector or other professional persons.

23. The result of every enquiry or investigation made under rule 20 shall be communicated by the Magistrate to the Agent or Manager of the railway and to the Government Inspector.

24. If in the course of any judicial enquiry into an accident occurring in the course of working a railway, the Magistrate desires the assistance of the Government Inspector or of the Agent or Manager of the railway, or the attendance of any officer of the railway, to explain any matter relating to railway supervision, management or working, he will issue a requisition to the Agent or Manager for the attendance at court of an officer competent to explain such matter, stating at the same time the nature of the assistance required. In summoning railway servants, the Magistrate will take care not to summon so large a number of the employees, specially of one class, on the same day, as to cause inconvenience to the working of the railway. In the case of very serious accidents it will generally be advisable for the Magistrate to obtain a report from both the Government Inspector and the Agent or Manager of the railway in regard to the accident before finally concluding the judicial enquiry.

25. On the conclusion of any such judicial enquiry the Magistrate shall send a copy of his decision to the Agent or Manager of the railway, and to the Government Inspector, and shall, unless in any case he thinks it unnecessary to do so, report the result of the enquiry to the Local Government.

Duties of Police Officers.

26. (1) The railway police may make an investigation into the causes which led to any accident occurring in the course of working a railway and shall do so—

(a) whenever any such accident is attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, or has *prima facie* been due to any criminal act or omission; or

(b) whenever the District Magistrate or the Magistrate appointed under rule 20 has given a direction under clause (c) of that rule:

Provided that no such investigation shall be made when an enquiry has been commenced or ordered under clause (a) or clause (b) of rule 20.

(2) The railway police shall report, with as little delay as possible, to the nearest Station-master or, where there is no Station-master, to the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred, every accident, which may come to their notice occurring in the course of working a railway attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property or which has *prima facie* been due to any criminal act or omission.

27. (1) Whenever an investigation is to be made by the railway police—

(a) in a case in which an accident is attended with loss of human life or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code or with serious injury to property; or

(b) in pursuance of a direction given under clause (c) of rule 20,

the investigation shall be conducted by the officer-in-charge of the railway police, or, if that officer should be unable to conduct the investigation himself, then by an officer to be deputed by him.

(2) The officer deputed under sub-rule (1) shall ordinarily be the senior officer available, and shall whenever possible be a gazetted officer, and shall in no case be of rank lower than that of Inspector :

Provided that if the accident has not been attended with loss of life or grievous hurt and if there is no suspicion of any neglect of rules on the part of any servant of the railway the investigation may be carried out by an officer-in-charge of a police-station.

28. The officer who is to conduct an investigation in pursuance of rule 27 shall proceed without delay to the scene of the accident and conduct the investigation there, and shall at once advise the Agent or Manager of the railway and the traffic officer of the district by telegraph of the date and hour at which the investigation will commence so that, if possible, the presence of a railway official may be arranged for to watch the proceedings and to aid the officer making the investigation. The absence of a railway official must not, however, be allowed to delay the investigation, which should be made as soon as possible after the accident has taken place.

29. (1) In every case to which rule 27 applies, immediate information shall be given by the railway police to the district police, who, if so required, shall afford all necessary assistance, and shall, if occasion arises, carry the investigation beyond the limits of the railway premises. But the railway police are primarily entrusted with the duty of carrying on the investigation within such limits.

(2) Subject to any provisions elsewhere contained in these rules, the further prosecution of the case, on the conclusion of the police investigation, shall rest with the railway police.

30. The result of every police investigation shall be reported at once to the District Magistrate or other officer appointed in this behalf by the Local Government to the Agent or Manager of the railway or other officer appointed by him, and to the Government Inspector.

31. Where there are no railway police, the duties imposed by rules 26, 27 and 28, sub-rule (2) of rule 29, and rule 30 on the railway police, or on the officer-in-charge of the railway police, shall be discharged by the district police or by the District Superintendent of Police, as the case may be.

R. H. CASEMENT,

Secretary, Railway Board (offg.).

Orders by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.

No. 9625C.T.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Debabrata Banerjee, Assistant Income-tax Officer, is appointed to be Income-tax Officer of the Hooghly district.

No. 9628C.T.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Nripendra Chandra Saha, Assistant Income-tax Officer, is appointed to be Income-tax Officer of the Tippera district.

No. 30C.T.—The 3rd April 1923.—The officers named below are appointed to be Income-tax Officers and are posted to districts noted against their names with effect from the dates on which they join their appointments :—

1. Mr. E. C. Rondera	... Howrah.
2. Babu Debabrata Banerjee	... Hooghly.
3. Maulvi Shamsuzzoha Ahmed	... Murshidabad, Birbhum and Malda.
4. Babu Suresh Chandra Nundy	... Burdwan.
5. " Sachi Kanta Ghosh	... Midnapore, Bankura.
6. " Jatindra Nath Chatterjee	... Dacca.
7. Maulvi Ashanullah	... Mymensingh.
8. Babu Narendra Narayan Chakravarti	... Chittagong, Noakhali.
9. " Nripendra Chandra Saha	... Tippera.

No. 87C.T.—The 4th April 1923.—Rai Sahib Surendra Nath Banerjea, Income-tax Officer, is appointed Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal, with effect from 1st April 1923.

No. 90C.T.—The 4th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income Tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal, appoints Khan Bahadur Ataur Rahman to be an Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax for the Dacca Range comprising the districts of Dacca, Mýanensingh, Chittagong, Noakhali and Tippera.

In exercise of the further powers conferred by the same sub-section the Commissioner of Income-tax directs that the said officer shall perform his functions in respect of all classes of persons and in respect of all classes of incomes within the areas mentioned above.

• E. N. BLANDY,

Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1923.

PART. IB.

Educational Notices.

Dacca Medical School.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders and Dressers at the Dacca Medical School.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will be held on the 23rd April 1923 and subsequent days:—

- (a) No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Government notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.
- (b) All male candidates must forward to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. A fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate, who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to attend the next examination without payment of fresh fee.
- (d) Women candidates are examined free of charge.
- (e) Passed compounders who have completed a further three months' course of dressing, prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at an examination in bandaging, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in minor duties of hospital work. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders, on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognised by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

M. MACKELVIE, C.I.E., M.B., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.

DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the compounders' class, Medical School, Dacca, will be held on the 26th April 1923 at 10 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, on or before 25th April 1923.

M. MACKELVIE, C.I.E., M.B., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.

DACCA, the 2nd March 1923.

Bengal Veterinary College.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 9 A.M., on 23rd April 1923. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. D. MACGREGOR, I.V.S.,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.**NOTIFICATION.****Mohsin Fund Junior Stipends, 1922.**

No. 1183.—In modification of this office notification, dated the 17th July 1922, so far as it relates to the Mohsin Fund Junior Stipends, published at page 909, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd August 1922, the following students are awarded Mohsin Fund Junior Scholarships on the results of the Matriculation Examination, 1922, conducted by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca. The scholarships take effect from the 1st June 1922 for two years :—

Four stipends of Rs. 5 a month each.

Name of student.	Institution from which passed.	Institution in which the scholarship is made tenable.
1. Abu Musa Azharul Islam Bhuyan	Moslem High School	... Dacca Intermediate College.
2. Abul Khair Morshed Ahmed ...	Pogose School	... Ditto.
3. Musawwirur Rahman Khan ...	Moslem High School	... Jagannath Intermediate College.
4. Mirza Ashraf Ali ...	Ditto	... Dacca Intermediate College.

K. I. HUQUE, *Secretary.*

DACCA, the 23rd March 1923.

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.**NOTIFICATION.****Special Junior Scholarships for Muhammadans.**

No. 1182.—In modification of this office notification, dated the 17th July 1922, published at page 909 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 2nd August 1922, so far as it relates to the Mohsin Fund Junior Stipends, and in view of Government orders contained in their letter No. 550Edn., dated the 17th February 1923, three scholarships of Rs. 10 a month each are awarded to the following students on the results of the Matriculation Examination, 1922, conducted by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca. The scholarships take effect from the 1st July 1922 for two years and are tenable in any Intermediate College within the Dacca University area :—

Three Special Scholarships of Rs. 10 a month each.

Name of student.	Institution from which passed.	Institution in which the scholarship is made tenable.
1. Saifuddin Ahmed	... Moslem High School	... Jagannath Intermediate College.
2. Muhammad Fazlul Huque	... Collegiate School	... Dacca Intermediate College.
3. Elahi Baken Afrad	... Moslem High School	... Ditto.

K. I. HUQUE, *Secretary.*

DACCA, the 23rd March 1923.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Intermediate Examination in Law held in January 1923 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

(Arranged in order of merit.)

1	Ray, Sachindrakumar	...	Ripon Law College.
2	Datta, Brajabilari	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
3	De, Nagendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 20.
4	Pal, Sureschandra	...	University Law College.
5	Deb, Manindramohan	...	Ditto.
6	Basu, Kanailal	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 41.
7	Bhattacharyya, Debendrachandra	...	University Law College.
	Sengupta, Indubhushan	...	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Dhirendranath	...	Ditto.
9	Ray, Bireswar	...	Ripon Law College.
	Raychaudhuri, Bhupalchandra	...	University Law College.
12	Sengupta, Suntranjan	...	Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

(Arranged in alphabetical order.)

	Abdul Gani	...	Ripon Law College.
	Abdul Mannan	...	Ditto.
	Abdur Rahman	...	Ditto.
	Abu Hosain Sirker	...	University Law College.
	Acharyya, Sachindranath	...	Ditto.
	Aktaruddin Ahmed	...	Ripon Law College.
	Ali Azhar	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 10
	Arzauddin Mojumdar	...	Ripon Law College.
	Ash, Nityagopal	...	University Law College.
10	Asmat Ali	...	Ripon Law College.
	Ashokulla Sarkar	...	University Law College.
	Badiuzzaman Ahmad	...	Ditto.
	Badrul Hoque Khan	...	Ripon Law College.
	Bagchi, Nripendranath	...	University Law College.
	" Priyanath	...	Ditto.
	Bandyopadhyay, Abinashchandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Bhupatinath	...	Ditto.
	" Brajeschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Gopalchandra	...	University Law College.
	" Jagadishchandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jatindranath	...	University Law College.
	" Mohiniranjana	...	Ditto.
	" Manindrakumar	...	Dacca Law College.
	" Pasupati, I	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Pasupati, II	...	Ditto.
	" Ramanath	...	University Law College.
	" Sasipada	...	Ditto.
	" Satyakinkar	...	Ripon Law College.
	Barma, Syamaprasad	...	University Law College.
30	Barma, Janmejy	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Niranjana	...	University Law College.
	" Upendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 26.
	Barua, Binindrakumar	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Rohiniranjana	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Saradaprasad	...	Ditto.
	Basu, Harendranath	...	University Law College.
	" Hemendrakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Hirendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 14.
	" Khagendranath	...	University Law College.
40	" Nripendrachandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Phanindranath	...	University Law College.
	" Rabindranath	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Sisirkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Sudhansukumar	...	University Law College.
	Bera, Jnanendranarayan	...	Ditto.
	Bhattacharyya, Dineschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Jitendranath	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jnanachandra	...	University Law College.
	" Kedarnath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 30.
50	" Lakshminarayan	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Lalitmohan	...	University Law College.
	" Nirmalchandra	...	Ditto.
	" Phanibhushan	...	Ditto.
	" Rameschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Saurendrakumar	...	Ripon Law College.

	Bhatta, Ramchandra	...	University Law College.
	Bhaumik, Kisorinoban	...	Ditto.
	" Ksbitischandra	...	Ditto.
	Biswas, Bhupeschandra	...	Ripon Law College.
60	" Gangabishnu	...	University Law College.
	" Krishnachandra	...	Ditto.
	" Prabhaschandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	Chakrabarti, Bijay krishna	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Chandinohan	...	University Law College.
	" Gopalendranarayan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 51
	" Jatischandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jageschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Kuladakumar	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Kumudchandra	...	University Law College.
70	" Manmathanath	...	Ditto.
	" Nalinikumar	...	Ditto.
	" Narendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 21
	" Nikunjabihari	...	University Law College.
	" Niramay	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Nrisinhaprasad	...	University Law College.
	" Prabodhkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Pramathanath	...	Ditto.
	" Purnachandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Rajendrachandra	...	University Law College.
80	" Satischandra	...	Dacca Law College.
	Changdar, Bhupati	...	University Law College.
	Chattri Jag Singh	...	Ditto.
	Chattopadhyay, Bholanath, II	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 28.
	" Birendrachandra	...	University Law College.
	" Dalgobinda	...	Ditto.
	" Durgacharan	...	Ditto.
	" Durgaprasad	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 23.
	" Haribandhu	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 1.
	" Indubhushan	...	University Law College.
90	" Jitendranath, I	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jitendranath, II	...	Ditto.
	" Kaliprasanna	...	University Law College.
	" Nikunjabihari	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 8.
	" Prabhatkumar	...	University Law College.
	" Praphullakumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 60.
	" Praphullanath	...	University Law College.
	" Rabindranath	...	Ditto.
	" Radlingobinda	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Sachindranath	...	Ditto.
100	" Sibaprasanna	...	Ditto.
	" Sudhiskumar	...	University Law College.
	" Tarakdas	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 33.
	Chattoraj, Anadinath	...	University Law College.
	Chaudhuri, Harischandra	...	Ditto.
	" Mahabir	...	Ditto.
	" Narendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 29.
	" Parmanarayan	...	University Law College.
	" Praphullakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Radhabinod	...	Ditto.
110	" Radhanath	...	Ditto.
	" Ramesnarayan	...	Ditto.
	" Surojanjan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 31.
	" Unesachandra	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Das, Bhupendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 16.
	" Birendrakumar	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Harendranath	...	University Law College.
	" Jagatbandhu	...	University Law College.
	" Jatindranath	...	Ditto.
	" Kameswar	...	Ripon Law College.
120	" Mahendrakumar	...	University Law College.
	" Manmathanath	...	Ditto.
	" Nirbhayanarayanlal	...	Ditto.
	" Satischandra, I	...	Ditto.
	" Sukadeb	...	Ditto.
	" Upendralal	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 32.
	Dasgupta, Amarkisor	...	University Law College.
	" Asutosh	...	Ditto.
	" Hemendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. Comb. N. 2.
	Dastidar, Manindranath	...	University Law College.
130	Datta, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
	" Anilechandra	...	Ditto.
	" Bhudebendrakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Bibhutibhushan	...	Ditto.
	" Harekrishna	...	Ditto.
	" Pulinbihari	...	Ditto.
	" Rameschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Sachindranath	...	Ditto.
	" Surendranath	...	Ditto.

140	Dattagupta, Klingschandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	Daw, Shashtthicharau	...	University Law College.
	De, Chunilal	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Girindrakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Mahendrachandra	...	University Law College.
	" Manindranath	...	Ditto.
	" Manohar	...	Ditto.
	" Prabodhchandra	...	Ditto.
	" Priyanath	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Deb, Pramodkumar	...	University Law College.
	" Surendranath	...	Ditto.
150	Debmajumdar, Jagadananda	...	Ditto.
	Dighal, Surendrachandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	Eshak Ali Talukdar	...	Ditto.
	Gangopadhyay, Bisweswar	...	Dacca Law College.
	" Kesabchandra	...	University Law College.
	" Kirankumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 39.
	Ghosh, Amulyaratan	...	University Law College.
	" Bagulacharan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 48.
	" Bijalibhushan	...	University Law College.
	" Bijaybhushan	...	Ditto.
160	" Binodbihari	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Chandramadhab	...	University Law College.
	" Dhurjyatcharan	...	Ditto.
	" Jnanendrakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Kalicharan	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Kshitischandra	...	Ditto.
	" Kumbhar	...	Ditto.
	" Nripendrakumar	...	Dacca Law College.
	" Phanibhushan	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Phamudranath	...	University Law College.
170	" Satishchandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Saurindranarayan	...	University Law College.
	" Sudhirkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Sunilkumar	...	Ditto.
	" Sunitkumar	...	Ditto.
	Ghoshal, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
	" Sasadhar	...	Ditto.
	Gogoi, Harinath	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Goswami, Thakahari	...	University Law College.
	Guha, Jadablal	...	Ripon Law College.
180	" Jatindranath	...	University Law College.
	" Kshitischandra	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Sudhansukumar	...	University Law College.
	" Sukumar	...	Ditto.
	Guhathakurta, Harimohan	...	Ripon Law College.
	Gupta, Biswapati	...	University Law College.
	" Narendranath, II	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 37.
	" Rabinindranath	...	University Law College.
	" Sunilchandra	...	Ditto.
	" Susilkumar	...	Ditto.
190	Guptabhaya, Binodbihari	...	Ripon Law College.
	Horchandhuri, Sailendranath	...	University Law College.
	Jafiruddin Bukai	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Jha, Jayantiprasad	...	University Law College.
	Jiwachh Jha	...	Ditto.
	Kaliraj, Sibadas	...	Ditto.
	Kar, Matilal	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Pradyumanath	...	Ditto.
	Kazi, Zainul	...	Ditto.
	Khan, G. M.	...	University Law College.
200	Khayerzzaman	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 36.
	Khondkar Shamsul Huda	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 15.
	Kolia, Sripatichandra	...	University Law College.
	Laha, Narendranath	...	Ditto.
	Lahiri, Sudharanjan	...	Ditto.
	Mahalanabis, Hemchandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	Mahammad Sharfuddin Khan	...	Ditto.
	Mahanti, Suryamani	...	University Law College.
	Maiti, Panchanan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 11.
	Maitra, Girijanmohan	...	University Law College.
210	" Mitirakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Phanindramohan	...	Ditto.
	" Sudhansusekar	...	Ditto.
	Majumdar, Anandacharan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 50.
	" Dhirendranath	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Jamnikumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 34.
	" Jitendranath	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Kamalakanta	...	Ditto.
	" Manindranarayan	...	University Law College.
	" Surendrakumar	...	Dacca Law College.

220	Mallik, Murarimohan	... Ripon Law College.
	Mandal, Kshetramohan	... Ditto.
	" Nagendranath	... University Law College.
	Maschatuk, Nagendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	Maulik, Balindrachandra	... University Law College.
	Md. Abdul Bari	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 38.
	Md. Abdul Goffur Khan	... Ripon Law College.
	Md. Abu Sayid	... University Law College.
	Md. Ismail Khan	... Ditto.
	Md. Khairuzzaman Hazarika	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
230	Md. Meherali	... University Law College.
	Menhajuddin Khan Lahani	... Ripon Law College.
	Mirbahar, Nagendranath	... University Law College.
	Mitra, Arniyakrishna	... Ditto.
	" Charuchandra	... Ditto.
	" Dhirendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Panchanan	... University Law College.
	" Sunitchandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Mohammad Mohsin	... Ditto.
	Mowla Nowaz	... Ditto.
240	Muhammed Abdul Jabbar	... University Law College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Bibhutibhusan	... Ditto.
	" Bipulchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 9.
	" Chandranath	... University Law College.
	" Chunilal	... Ditto.
	" Gaurisankar	... Ripon Law College.
	" Girindranath	... University Law College.
	" Haripada	... Ditto.
	" Indubhusan	... Ditto.
	" Jatindranath	... Ripon Law College.
250	" Nalinikanta	... University Law College.
	" Nriyagopal	... Ripon Law College.
	" Rampada	... University Law College.
	" Tulcidas	... Ripon Law College.
	Muosi, Surendracharan	... Ditto.
	Mustaphi, Kshitischandra	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Nag, Payodhichandra	... University Law College.
	" Ramanikanta	... Ditto.
	Nagchaudhuri, Praphullachandra	... Ditto.
	Nandi, Chandramohan	... Ditto.
260	" Charuchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 45.
	Nath, Kasiswar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 24.
	Niyogi, Birendraprasad	... University Law College.
	" Prabhatchandra	... Ditto.
	Nurul Amin	... Ripon Law College.
	Pain, Gokulchandra	... University Law College.
	Pal, Adinath	... Ditto.
	" Jatindranath	... Ditto.
	" Jogeschaudra	... Ditto.
	" Kaminimohan	... Ripon Law College.
270	" Nripindrakrishna	... University Law College.
	Palchaudhuri, Bhupendralal	... Ditto.
	" Pranathabhushan	... Ditto.
	Palit, Sarasijkanta	... Ditto.
	Pandit, Nikonjabihari	... Ripon Law College.
	Pattanayak, Pinakdhar	... University Law College.
	Raghupat Sahai	... Ditto.
	Rakshit, Brajendrachandra	... Ripon Law College.
	Ray, Anukulchandra	... University Law College.
	" Baladharchandra	... Ripon Law College.
280	" Birendranarayana	... University Law College.
	" Bireswar, II	... Ditto.
	" Bishunpada	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 42.
	" Durgadas	... University Law College.
	" Kisorimohan	... Ripon Law College.
	" Kshitischandra	... University Law College.
	" Manindranath	... Ditto.
	" Murarimohan	... Ditto.
	" Narendranath	... Ripon Law College.
	" Nirmalchandra	... University Law College.
290	" Panchanan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 17.
	" Priyatosh	... University Law College.
	" Sachinandan	... Ditto.
	" Sasibhusan	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Subodhchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 52.
	Raychaudhuri, Arunprasad	... University Law College.
	" Dasarathi	... Ditto.
	" Kshitischandra	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Lalitmohan	... Ripon Law College.
	" Payodhichandra	... University Law College.
300	Rupool Ameen	... Ditto.
	S. A. T. Abdul Wasey	... Ripon Law College.

	Saha, Siteskumar	...	University Law College.
	Sahu, Abinaschandra	...	Ditto.
	Samaddar, Birajmohan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 18.
	" Hemohandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	Sanyal, Hariprasanna	...	University Law College.
	" Rabindranath	...	Ripon Law College.
	Sarkar, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
	" Bhupatibhushan	...	University Law College.
310	" Charuchandra	...	Ditto.
	" Dineschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Durgapada	...	Ditto.
	" Jatindranath	...	Ditto.
	" Kalisankar	...	Ditto.
	" Nilmadhab	...	Ditto.
	" Pareschandra	...	Ditto.
	" Ramanimohan	...	Ditto.
	" Sachindramohan	...	Ditto.
	" Surendranath	...	Ditto.
320	Sarma, Khageswar	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Sasmal, Sarbeswar	...	Ripon Law College.
	Sayed Abdul Mojib	...	Ditto.
	Sen, Jitendranarayan	...	Ditto.
	" Kaminikumar	...	University Law College.
	" Khagendranarayan	...	Ditto.
	" Mauindrachandra	...	Ditto.
	" Pradyotkumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 19.
	" Prajesprasanna	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 22.
	" Praphullachandra	...	University Law College.
330	" Rakhalchandra	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Ratindranath	...	University Law College.
	" Saileswar	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Subarnakamal	...	University Law College.
	Seengupta, Hirendralal	...	Ripon Law College.
	" Rashihari	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 58.
	" Surendrachandra	...	University Law College.
	Shafuddin Ahmed	...	Ripon Law College.
	Shaikh Mohammad Sakhan Ulah	...	Ditto.
	Shaikh Syedullah	...	University Law College.
340	Samsher Uddin Ahmed	...	Ripon Law College.
	Shivanandan Prasad Mandal	...	University Law College.
	Sinha, Atulchandra	...	Ditto.
	" Bhagawat Prasad	...	Ditto.
	" Gangananda	...	Ditto.
	" Gopendranath	...	Ditto.
	" Panchanan	...	Ditto.
	" Parbaticharan	...	Ditto.
	" Sachindrakumar	...	Ditto.
	" Saradaprasad	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 3.
350	Sinhasarma, Sudhindrachandra	...	University Law College.
	Son, Atulkrishna	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Prabhatranjan	...	University Law College.
	Sayed Abdul Malek	...	Ditto.
	Syed Md. Kobod Aly	...	Ripon Law College.
355	Wajidali Borabhuiya	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, the 11th April 1923.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

* NOTICE.

SCHOOLS applying for the first time for recognition are required to submit their applications, normally, as soon as they open class IX, i.e., in January.

J. C. CHAKRAVORTI, Registrar (offg.).

SENATE HOUSE, the 4th April 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY CONSTITUENCY.

NOTIFICATION.

IN reference to the notification, dated the 13th March 1923, inviting applications from qualified* graduates for registration of their names in the Electoral Roll of the Calcutta University Constituency in connection with the ensuing election of a member on the Bengal Legislative Council, it is hereby notified that *the last date for submitting such applications has been extended to the 20th April 1923.* The applicants are requested to furnish the following particulars not later than the aforesaid date :—

- (1) Name in full.
- (2) Address.
- (3) Present occupation.
- (4) Place of residence.
- (5) Name of the first degree examination of this University which he passed, as also the year when and the College (if any) from which he passed such examination.

*The franchise is restricted to graduates of seven years' standing who are ordinarily resident in the Presidency of Bengal, in the sense that they are identified with it by actual residence during the greater portion of the year.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

J. C. CHAKRAVORTI, *Registrar (offg.).*

SENATE HOUSE, the 4th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Government Commercial Institute Final and Special Examinations, 1923, will be held at the following centres on the dates and at the hours noted below.

1. The Government Commercial Institute, 285, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta—

- (a) Final Examination.
- (b) Special Examinations.

2. Commercial Academy, Dacca (Special Examinations in Shorthand, Typewriting and Book-keeping only)—

Friday	...	4th May	...	Special Examination in Advanced Book-keeping	...	11 A.M.
Saturday	...	5th "	...	Final and Special Examinations in Junior Book-keeping	...	11 "
Monday	...	7th "	...	Final and Special Examinations in shorthand (80 words and 120 words per minute)	...	11 "
				Final and Special Examinations in shorthand (100 and 140 words per minute)	...	2 P.M.
Tuesday	...	8th "	...	Final and Special Examinations in Typewriting (speed tests)	...	11 A.M.
				Final and Special Examinations in Typewriting (tabulating tests)	...	2 P.M.
Wednesday	...	9th "	...	Final Examination	...	11 A.M.
Thursday	...	10th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "
Friday	...	11th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "
Saturday	...	12th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "
Monday	...	14th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "
Tuesday	...	15th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "
Wednesday	...	16th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "
Thursday	...	17th "	...	Ditto	...	11 "

Students of the Government Commercial Institute, *bond fide* private candidates and those from institutions affiliated to this Institute are allowed to appear at these Examinations.

Applications in prescribed forms available at the Institute, together with the necessary fees as under, will be received at this office from 9th to 14th April 1923 :—

	Rs.
Fee for Final Examination	8
Fee for each subject in Special Examination	5

E. HOOGEWERF, for *Director of Industries, Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 29th March 1923.

NOTICE.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed members of the managing committee of the Hindu School, Calcutta, under rule 1 of the rules for the managing committees of Government schools :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|---|
| 1. Principal, Presidency College | ... | ... | President (<i>ex officio</i>). |
| 2. Head Master, Hindu School | ... | ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. Babu Brahmakisor Mukherjee, Assistant Head-Master, Hindu School | ... | ... | Representative of the teaching staff. |
| 4. Kūmar Rajendra Narayan Roy of Jorasanko | ... | } | Non-official members, representatives of parents and guardians. |
| 5. Rai Rasamaya Mitra Bahadur, M.A. | ... | | |
| 6. Mr. J. C. Mitra, M.A., Accountant-General, Bengal | ... | ... | Official member. |

J. R. BARROW, *Principal, Presidency College (offg.)*.

CALCUTTA, the 6th April 1923.

NOTICE.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed members of the managing committee of the Hare School, Calcutta, under rule 1 of the rules for the managing committee of Government schools :—

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|---|
| 1. The Principal, Presidency College | ... | ... | President (<i>ex officio</i>). |
| 2. Head Master, Hare School | ... | ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. Babu Nibaran Chandra Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master | ... | ... | Representative of the teaching staff. |
| 4. Sir Devaprasad Sarvadhikary, Kt., C.I.E., M.A., LL.D., M.L.A. | ... | ... | Non-official members, representatives of parents and guardians. |
| 5. Dr. Abdullah-ul-Mamun Suhrawardy, M.A., Ph.D., M.L.C., Bar-at-law | ... | ... | |
| 6. Rai Bahadur Dr. Saratchandra Banerjee, M.A., D.L. | ... | ... | Official member. |

J. R. BARROW, *Principal, Presidency College (offg.)*.

CALCUTTA, the 6th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

AN examination in English Idiom and Pronunciation for teachers of secondary schools who have to teach English or other subjects through the medium of English will be held at the office of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, 40-1A, Free School Street, Calcutta, on Monday, the 18th June 1923, at 11 A.M.

2. Teachers who intend to present themselves for examination should send at least one week before the examination a statement containing the following information, and should also bring with them their University certificates, on the day of the examination :—

1. Name in full.
2. Name of father in full.
3. Name of native village and district.
4. Last University examination passed.
5. Year of passing.
6. Signature of the applicant.
7. Designation and full address.

3. Candidates should also state whether they have sat for this examination before, and if so, how often, giving dates.

4. No candidate shall be allowed to appear at the examination more than once in a calendar year, or more than three times in all.

T. O. D. DUNN,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.

CALCUTTA, the 4th April 1923.

NOTICE.

THE following is the list of Bengal candidates declared by the Cambridge Syndicate to have passed the Cambridge Local Examination, held in December 1922, and is published for general information.

W. F. PAPWORTH,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 7th April 1923.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY LOCAL EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER 1922.

CLASS LISTS FOR COLONIAL CENTRES

The small italic letters denote that the Candidate to whose name they are prefixed was distinguished in the following subjects, respectively :—

<i>a</i> = Arithmetic (Junior only).	<i>d</i> = Drawing.	<i>hy</i> = Hygiene.	<i>pr</i> = Persian.
<i>ag</i> = Agricultural Science.	<i>dh</i> = Dutch.	<i>k</i> = Sanskrit.	<i>ph</i> = Physics.
<i>am</i> = Applied Mathematics.	<i>e</i> = English Language and Lit.	<i>l</i> = Latin.	<i>r</i> = Religious Knowledge.
<i>ar</i> = Arabic.	<i>f</i> = French.	<i>m</i> = Mathematics.	<i>s</i> = Shorthand.
<i>bg</i> = Bengali.	<i>g</i> = Geography.	<i>ml</i> = Malay.	<i>tm</i> = Tamil.
<i>b</i> = Botany.	<i>gk</i> = Greek.	<i>ms</i> = Mensuration and Surveying.	<i>sc</i> = Experimental Science.
<i>bk</i> = Book-keeping.	<i>gn</i> = German.	<i>mu</i> = Music.	<i>sp</i> = Spanish.
<i>ch</i> = Chemistry.	<i>h</i> = History.	<i>n</i> = Natural History.	<i>u</i> = Urdu.
<i>cn</i> = Chinese.	<i>hn</i> = Hindi.	<i>nk</i> = Needlework.	

N.B.—Junior students are not eligible for marks of distinction unless they are under 16 years of age, and Senior students are not eligible unless they are under 18 years of age.

S.C. Those candidates to whose index-numbers the letters s.c. are prefixed have gained School Certificates.

JUNIOR BOYS.

Students under 16 years of age who have obtained honours.

CLASS I.

Number and Centre.	Name.	School.	Principal of School.
s. c. 118 Bengal (Asansol) ...	da Fonseca, L. J.	St. Patrick's High School, Asansol...	Rev. D. M. Lonergan.

CLASS II.

s. c. 141 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Vyse, J. C.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock, M.A., LL.B.
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CLASS III.

s. c. 117 Bengal (Asansol) ...	McReddie, J. I.	St. Patrick's High School, Asansol	Rev. D. M. Lonergan.
s. c. 119 Ditto ...	Smith, M. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
s. c. 121 Ditto ...	Roberts, O. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
s. c. 131 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Talati, B.	St. Joseph's High School	Rev. J. L. Maher.
s. c. 132 Ditto ...	Knight, W. V.	Ditto	Ditto.
135 Ditto ...	Morris, S.	Ditto	Ditto.
s. c. 200 Bengal (Kurseong) ...	Butterwick, M. E.	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong	Rev. J. P. McCormack.
220 Bengal (North Point) ...	Bryant, C. H.	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling	Rev. J. de Gheldere.
230 Ditto ...	Mason, D. M.	Ditto	Ditto.

Students under 16 years of age who have satisfied the examiners, but are not included in the foregoing Classes.

s. c. 113 Bengal (Asansol) ...	Holmes, J. P.	St. Patrick's High School, Asansol	Rev. J. M. Lonergan.
115 Ditto ...	Ryan, T. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
120 Ditto ...	Extrems, K. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
125 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	David, D. H.	Calcutta Boys' School	Rev. G. Allen Odgers, B.A.
127 Ditto ...	Laha, C.	Ditto	Ditto.
s. c. 130 Ditto ...	Delanougere, R.	St. Joseph's High School	Rev. J. L. Maher.
133 Ditto ...	Lewis, L.	Ditto	Ditto.
134 Ditto ...	Konwen, E. M.	Ditto	Ditto.
s. c. 136 Ditto ...	Atkinson, T. C.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock, M.A., LL.B.
s. c. 137 Ditto ...	Banan, M. C.	Ditto	Ditto.

Students under 16 years of age who have satisfied the examiners, but are not included in the foregoing classes—*contd.*

Number and Centre.	Name.	School.	Principal of School.
S. C. 138 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Cooper, B. N.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock M.A., LL.B.
139 Ditto ...	Bicketta, C. B.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 140 Ditto ...	Smith, V. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
168 Bengal (Darjeeling)	Bailey, H. E.	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling	J. S. Adams, M.A.
169 Ditto ...	Butler, C. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
170 Ditto ...	Ghosh, A. K.	Ditto	Ditto.
172 Ditto ...	Murphy, P. W.	Ditto	Ditto.
183 Bengal (Kalimpong) ...	Smith, G. I.	St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong.	J. Simpson.
S. C. 190 Bengal (Kurseong)	Beeby, W. H.	Victoria School, Kurseong	P. M. O'Riordan, M.A.
191 Ditto ...	Chalke, W. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
192 Ditto ...	Charlton, C. H.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 193 Ditto ...	Doyle, E. L.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 194 Ditto ...	Manson, C. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
195 Ditto ...	Milwright, F. R.	Ditto	Ditto.
197 Ditto ...	Sidney, A. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
199 Ditto ...	Alexcius, N. J.	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong.	Rev. J. P. McCormack.
S. C. 201 Ditto ...	Carpenter, R. M.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 202 Ditto ...	Glenn, U. G. D.	Ditto	Ditto.
203 Ditto ...	McDonald, D. M.	Ditto	Ditto.
221 Bengal (North Point)	Carson, L. H.	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling	Rev. J. de Ghelders.
222 Ditto ...	Corbett, D. F.	Ditto	Ditto.
223 Ditto ...	de Glanville, S. E.	Ditto	Ditto.
224 Ditto ...	Denton, E. P.	Ditto	Ditto.
227 Ditto ...	Ingels, G. S.	Ditto	Ditto.
228 Ditto ...	James, L. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
231 Ditto ...	Shave, I. D.	Ditto	Ditto.
232 Ditto ...	Standring, J. M.	Ditto	Ditto.

Students not under 16 years of age who have passed the examination as juniors.

122 Bengal (Asansol) ...	Monk, G. E.	St. Patrick's High School, Asansol	Rev. D. M. Lonergan.
123 Ditto ...	McLean, W. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
143 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Bonnaud, K. A.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock, M.A., LL.B.
146 Ditto ...	Chew, H.	Calcutta Boys' School	Rev. G. Allen Odgers B.A.
S. C. 149 Ditto ...	Bigg, B. S.	St. Joseph's High School	Rev. J. L. Maher.
S. C. 150 Ditto ...	Bloemick, L. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
151 Ditto ...	Cox, S.	Ditto	Ditto.
152 Ditto ...	D'Costa, D. F.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 153 Ditto ...	Dunsmuir, W. V.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 154 Ditto ...	Dustour, R.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 155 Ditto ...	O'Leary, J. P.	Ditto	Ditto.
156 Ditto ...	Perris, P. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 157 Ditto ...	Robertson, W. L.	Ditto	Ditto.
158 Ditto ...	Sopher, S. S.	Ditto	Ditto.
159 Ditto ...	Walters, H. E.	Ditto	Ditto.
160 Ditto ...	Gellatly, A. K.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock, M.A., LL.B.
161 Ditto ...	Hodgen, G. P. F.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 162 Ditto ...	Prins, H. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
164 Ditto ...	Verhecan, H. S.	Ditto	Ditto.
165 Ditto ...	Young, G. W. F.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 166 Ditto ...	Anania, H.	St. Joseph's High School	Rev. J. L. Maher.
167 Ditto ...	Owen, E. W.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock, M.A., LL.B.
173 Bengal (Darjeeling).	Barnard, C. F. G.	St. Paul's School Darjeeling	J. S. Adams, M.A.
S. C. 174 Ditto ...	Blaker, G. N.	Ditto	Ditto.
176 Ditto ...	de Tivoli, C.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 184 Bengal (Kalimpong).	Francis, J.	St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong.	J. Simpson.
S. C. 186 Ditto ...	Lacey, R. H.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 188 Ditto ...	Radcliffe, D.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 189 Ditto ...	Stannmore, E. J. H.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 204 Bengal (Kurseong) ...	Dias, H. H.	Victoria School Kurseong	P. M. O'Riordan, M.A.
205 Ditto ...	Irwin, L. G.	Ditto	Ditto.
207 Ditto ...	Lofts, A. E.	Ditto	Ditto.
208 Ditto ...	Macdonald, J. D.	Ditto	Ditto.
209 Ditto ...	Morgan, F.	Ditto	Ditto.
210 Ditto ...	Yakchee, C. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C. 212 Ditto ...	Deefholts, A. L.	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong.	Rev. J. P. McCormack.
213 Ditto ...	Fox, P. I.	Ditto	Ditto.

Students not under 18 years of age who have passed the examination as Juniors—*concl'd.*

	Number and Centre.	Name.	School.	Principal of School.
S. C.	214 Bengal (Kurseong)...	Hogan, L. M. °	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong	Rev. J. P. McCormack.
S. C.	215 Ditto ...	Keane, P. M.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C.	216 Ditto ...	Mascarenhas, S. E.	Ditto	Ditto.
S. C.	217 Ditto ...	Martin, E. C	Ditto	Ditto.
	233 Bengal (North Point)	Farrell, R. H.	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling	Rev. J. de Gheldere.

SENIOR BOYS.

Students under 18 years of age who have obtained honours.

CLASS I.

101	Bengal (Kurseong)...	L, m, Gardiner, W. V. ...	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong.	Rev. J. P. McCormack
110	Bengal (North Point)	r, h, l Friend-Pereira, J. C.	St. Joseph's College, North Point...	Rev. J. de Gheldere.

CLASS III.

57	Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Khan, A. D.	St. Xavier's College, Calcutta	Rev. J. Fallon.
58	Ditto ...	l Lahiri, P. B.	Ditto	Ditto.
63	Ditto ...	u Rahim, J. A. M.	Ditto	Ditto.
66	Ditto ...	Zachariah, M.	Ditto	Ditto.
67	Ditto ...	Griffiths, C. de B.	St. Joseph's High School, Calcutta	Rev. J. L. Maher.
72	Ditto ...	Lathwood, H. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
103	Bengal (Kurseong) ...	Vears, E. S.	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong.	Rev. J. P. McCormack.

Students under 18 years of age who have satisfied the examiners, but are not included in the foregoing classes.

41	Bengal (Asansol) ...	Bazely, P. T.	St. Patrick's High School, Asansol	Rev. D. M. Lonorgan.
42	Ditto ...	Brogan, P. D.	Ditto	Ditto.
43	Ditto ...	Caston, T. R.	Ditto	Ditto.
44	Ditto ...	Contra, C. H.	Ditto	Ditto.
45	Ditto ...	Rodnette-Mills, R. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
52	Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Brown, D. W.	St. Xavier's College, Calcutta	Rev. J. Fallon.
53	Ditto ...	Chambers, C. H. N.	Ditto	Ditto.
54	Ditto ...	Continho, A. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
55	Ditto ...	g Graves-Smith, W. I.	Ditto	Ditto.
59	Ditto ...	l Levi, V.	Ditto	Ditto.
61	Ditto ...	Moses, A. V.	Ditto	Ditto.
62	Ditto ...	Nalladaroo, J. N.	Ditto	Ditto.
64	Ditto ...	Rebeiro, E. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
69	Ditto ...	Juils, A. R.	St. Joseph's High School, Calcutta	Rev. J. L. Maher.
70	Ditto ...	King, R. W.	Ditto	Ditto.
71	Ditto ...	Knight, A. O.	Ditto	Ditto.
76	Ditto ...	Woodhouse, I. J.	Ditto	Ditto.
78	Ditto ...	Basil, V. A.	La Martinière, Calcutta	W. R. C. Adcock, M.A., LL.B.
79	Ditto ...	Bunyan, G. I.	Ditto	Ditto.
80	Ditto ...	Dooley, R. F.	Ditto	Ditto.
83	Ditto ...	Whitaker, W. M.	Ditto	Ditto.
84	Ditto ...	White, T. G. S.	Ditto	Ditto.
85	Ditto ...	Everard, B. W.	Ditto	Ditto.
95	Bengal (Darjeeling)	Gasper, V. E. L.	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling	J. S. Adams, M.A.
96	Ditto ...	Kirby, D. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
98	Ditto ...	Ralph, J. N.	Ditto	Ditto.
102	Bengal (Kurseong)	r George, M. C.	Goethals Memorial School, Kurseong.	Rev. J. P. McCormack.
104	Ditto ...	Marshall, C. W.	Victoria School, Kurseong	P. M. O'Riordan, M.A.
106	Ditto ...	Orr-Ewing, R. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
106	Bengal (North Point)	Chapman, R. E.	St. Joseph's College, North Point	Rev. J. de Gheldere
107	Ditto ...	Christopher, N. A.	Ditto	Ditto.
112	Ditto ...	Hall, J. E.	Ditto	Ditto.
114	Ditto ...	Mason, I. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
115	Ditto ...	Nierges, T. E.	Ditto	Ditto.
116	Ditto ...	Wilks, H. B.	Ditto	Ditto.

Students not under 18 years of age who have satisfied the examiners.

Number and Centre.	Name.	School.	Principal of School.
51 Bengal (Asansol) ...	Mayers, C. D. ...	St. Patrick's High School, Asansol	Rev. D. M. Lonergan.
87 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Deefholts, C. A. ...	St. Xavier's College, Calcutta ...	Rev. J. Fallon.
89 Ditto ...	Schneider, T. W. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
91 Ditto ...	Alexander, P. J. ...	St. Joseph's High School, Calcutta	Rev. J. L. Maher.
92 Ditto ...	Cummins, C. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
99 Bengal (Darjeeling)	Harvey, N. A. F	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling ...	J. S. Adams, M.A.
118 Bengal (North Point)	Fell, M. G. ...	St. Joseph's College, North Point...	Rev. J. de Gheldere.
120 Ditto ...	Martin, J. F. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

Exemption from the Previous Examination of the University of Cambridge.**Index-numbers of Senior Students who are entitled to complete exemption.**

10	45	80	125	217	280	428	487	513	550	646	913
11	52	89	127	221	304	431	488	516	552	648	919
12	53	101	131	223	306	432	490	517	553	667	926
16	54	102	138	225	383	473	491	520	555	774	931
20	55	103	139	226	393	474	493	522	557	829	944
25	57	104	151	227	395	475	495	528	558	850	962
27	58	105	153	228	405	476	496	529	559	877	980
30	59	110	160	232	406	478	499	533	564	879	1096
32	66	112	162	233	408	479	500	534	565	890	1122
33	67	116	174	246	419	480	501	535	566	881	1249
35	69	118	210	253	412	481	503	536	567	882	1252
41	72	121	211	262	413	483	504	539	569	884	1253
42	76	122	212	274	415	484	505	543	570	888	1257
43	78	123	215	276	424	485	506	544	575	889	1259
44	79	124	216	277	426	486	511	549	641	909	...

Students who are proceeding to the University will, on application to the Secretary of the Syndicate, be informed whether they are entitled to exemption from Part I, or Part II, or Part III although they are not entitled to exemption from the whole of the previous examination.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY LOCAL EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER 1922.**CLASS LISTS FOR COLONIAL CENTRES.**

The small italic letters denote that the Candidate to whose name they are prefixed was distinguished in the following subjects, respectively:—

<i>a</i> = Arithmetic (Junior, only).	<i>d</i> = Drawing.	<i>hy</i> = Hygiene.	<i>pr</i> = Persian.
<i>ag</i> = Agricultural Science.	<i>dh</i> = Dutch.	<i>k</i> = Sanskrit.	<i>ph</i> = Physics.
<i>am</i> = Applied Mathematics.	<i>e</i> = English Language and Lit.	<i>l</i> = Latin.	<i>r</i> = Religious Knowledge.
<i>ar</i> = Arabic.	<i>f</i> = French.	<i>m</i> = Mathematics.	<i>s</i> = Shorthand.
<i>bg</i> = Bengali.	<i>g</i> = Geography.	<i>ml</i> = Malay.	<i>tm</i> = Tamil.
<i>b</i> = Botany.	<i>gk</i> = Greek.	<i>ms</i> = Mensuration and Surveying.	<i>sc</i> = Experimental Science.
<i>bk</i> = Book-keeping.	<i>gn</i> = German.	<i>mu</i> = Music.	<i>sp</i> = Spanish.
<i>ch</i> = Chemistry.	<i>h</i> = History.	<i>n</i> = Natural History.	<i>u</i> = Urdu.
<i>cn</i> = Chinese.	<i>hn</i> = Hindi.	<i>nk</i> = Needlework.	

N.B.—Junior Students are not eligible for marks of distinction unless they are under 16 years of age, and senior students are not eligible unless they are under 18 years of age.

S.C.—Those candidates to whose index-numbers the letters *s.c.* are prefixed have gained School Certificates.

JUNIOR GIRLS.**Students under 16 years of age who have obtained honours.****CLASS III**

Number and Centre.	Name.	School.	Principal of School.
s. c. 2241 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Sen, A. ...	Loreto House, 7, Middleton Row, Calcutta.	Mother M. A. Peart.
s. c. 2286 Bengal (Darjeeling)	Cooke, B. W.	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling	Mother M. Anunciata.

Students under 16 years of age who have satisfied the examiners, but are not included in the foregoing class.

Number and Centre.	Name	School.	Principal of School.
2221 Bengal (Asansol) ...	Adams, M.	Loreto Convent, Asansol	Mother M. Gerard Hickey.
2222 Ditto ...	r Bolton, A.	Ditto	Ditto.
2223 Ditto ...	Collard, M.	Ditto	Ditto.
2224 Ditto ...	r Deversaux, P.	Ditto	Ditto.
2226 Ditto ...	Nilsen, T	Ditto	Ditto.

Students under 16 years of age who have satisfied the examiners, but are not included in the foregoing class—concl.

Number and Centre.		Name.	School.	Principal of School.
2232	Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Cargin, E. M. ...	Loreto House, 7 Middleton Row, Calcutta. ...	Mother M. A. Peart.
s.c. 2234	Ditto ...	David, D. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2235	Ditto ...	Demetrius, C. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2237	Ditto ...	Gora, V. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2239	Ditto ...	Picachy, M. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2240	Ditto ...	Saint Yves, V. J. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2242	Ditto ...	Wintgens, V. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2244	Ditto ...	Ekaireb, S. E. D. ...	Jewish Girls' School, Calcutta ...	Mrs J. E. Clarke, B.A.
2245	Ditto ...	Babington, A. M. ...	St. Teresa's Convent School Kidderpore.	Sister Mary Teresa.
2249	Ditto ...	Britter, M. B. ...	Pratt Memorial School, Calcutta ...	Sister Caroline Elizabeth B.A.
2250	Ditto ...	Cohen, F. A. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2251	Ditto ...	Dozey, P. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2253	Ditto ...	Johnston, P. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2255	Ditto ...	Moses, D. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2282	Bengal (Darjeeling)	Barkley, E. J. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Anunciata.
s.c. 2283	Ditto ...	Buckley, N. M. ...	Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Sister Norah.
2284	Ditto ...	Chapman, E. H. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Anunciata.
s.c. 2285	Ditto ...	Ewing, M. E. ...	Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Sister Norah.
s.c. 2288	Ditto ...	Dixie, G. S. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Anunciata.
2289	Ditto ...	Gillson, A. H. ...	Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Sister Norah.
2290	Ditto ...	Donne-Stuart, J. M. M. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Anunciata.
s.c. 2291	Ditto ...	Jebb, H. A. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2292	Ditto ...	Nahapiet, K. H. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2293	Ditto ...	Richardson, R. F. ...	Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Sister Norah.
2295	Ditto ...	Pascal, M. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Anunciata.
2309	Bengal (Kurseong)...	Belletti, E. M. ...	St. Helen's, Kurseong ...	Sister M. Imelda.
2312	Ditto ...	Harman, E. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2313	Ditto ...	Hippolite, W. H. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2314	Ditto ...	Rowland, W. A. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2315	Ditto ...	Watkinson, O. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2317	Ditto ...	Small, F. I. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2318	Ditto ...	Young-Craig, B. A. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2319	Ditto ...	Meckenzie, D. S. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

Students not under 16 years of age who have passed the Examination as Juniors.

2227	Bengal (Asansol) ...	Madeira, M. ...	Loreto Convent, Asansol ...	Mother M. Gerard Hickey.
2259	Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Gomes, M. J. F. ...	Loreto School, Dharamtolla ...	Mother M. Philomena.
2260	Ditto ...	Robertson, O. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2262	Ditto ...	Mahalanobis, R. ...	Loreto House, 7, Middleton Row, Calcutta.	Mother M. A. Peart.
2263	Ditto ...	Webster, M. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
s.c. 2265	Ditto ...	Clayton, D. S. ...	Calcutta Girls' High School ...	Miss A. F. Hunt, B.Sc.
2266	Ditto ...	Gringall, E. B. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2274	Ditto ...	Doig, K. C. ...	Pratt Memorial School, Calcutta ...	Sister Caroline Elizabeth, B.A.
2277	Ditto ...	Griffith, E. N. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2297	Bengal (Darjeeling) ...	Baylis, M. C. L. ...	Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Sister Norah.
2298	Ditto ...	Carr, E. W. ...	Queen's Hill Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Miss L. V. Long.
2299	Ditto ...	West, M. C. B. ...	Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Sister Norah.
2301	Ditto ...	Manuk, A. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2302	Ditto ...	Martin, L. A. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Anunciata.
2303	Ditto ...	O'Donel, M. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2306	Bengal (Kalimpong)...	Baldwin, R. S. H. ...	St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong.	J. Simpson.
s.c. 2307	Ditto ...	Hall, R. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2308	Ditto ...	Taylor, E. G. N. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
2320	Bengal (Kurseong) ...	Belletti, A. G. ...	St. Helen's, Kurseong ...	Sister M. Imelda.
2321	Ditto ...	Webb, M. J. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

SENIOR GIRLS.

Students under 18 years of age who have obtained honours.

CLASS III.

1362	Bengal (Kurseong) r, e, h	Hennan, M. R. ...	Dow Hill School, Kurseong ...	Miss E. E. Davies.
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Students under 18 years of age who have satisfied the examiners, but are not included in the foregoing classes.

Number and Centre.	Name.	School.	Principal of School.
1310 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Aukin, B. ...	Loreto House School, Calcutta ...	Mother Mary Agatha Peart.
1311 Ditto ...	Bryan, W. E. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1312 Ditto ...	Crowe, M. L. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1313 Ditto ...	Debenham, A. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1314 Ditto ...	Kelly, I. C. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1316 Ditto ...	Minahan, N. P. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1317 Ditto ...	Murray-Dobinson, D. T. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1318 Ditto ...	Niderhain, D. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1319 Ditto ...	Mauro, E. B. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1320 Ditto ...	Perriton, C. C. M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1322 Ditto ...	Williams, H. L. C. ...	Calcutta Girls' High School ...	Miss A. F. Hunt, B.Sc.
1330 Ditto ...	Duckworth, A. M. ...	Pratt Memorial School, Calcutta ...	Sister Caroline Elizabeth, B.A.
1331 Ditto ...	Gurnett, M. W. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1334 Ditto ...	Solomon, D. V. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1335 Ditto ...	Solomon, M. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1352 Bengal (Darjeeling)	Parton, K. L. ...	Loreto Convent, Darjeeling ...	Mother M. Annuciata.

Students not under 18 years of age who have satisfied the Examiners.

1338 Bengal (Calcutta) ...	Nicchi, E. ...	Loreto House School, Calcutta ...	Mother Mary Agatha Peart.
1339 Ditto ...	Blond, I. M. ...	Calcutta Girls' High School ...	Miss A. F. Hunt, B.Sc.
1340 Ditto ...	Clayton, M. C. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
1359 Bengal (Darjeeling)	Gasper, I. ...	Queen's Hill Girls' High School, Darjeeling.	Miss L. V. Long.

Exemption from the Previous Examination of the University of Cambridge.

Index-numbers of Senior Students who are entitled to complete exemption if they enter Girton College or Newnham College.

1285	1330	1331	1335	1340	1359	1389	1431	1448	1541
1547	1549	1551	1552	1554	1556	1559	1579	1575	1679

Students who are proceeding to Girton College or Newnham College will, on application to the Secretary of the Syndicate, be informed whether they are entitled to exemption from Part I, or Part II, or Part III although they are not entitled to exemption from the whole of the Previous Examination.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the river Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending 31st March 1923.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above zero of F.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
25th March	7 A.M.	36.50	36.50	34.95	P. W. D. datum 6.25 ft. above Kidderpore old dock sill.
26th "	7 "	36.40	36.40	34.95	
27th "	7 "	36.25	36.25	34.95	
28th "	7 "	36.25	36.20	34.90	B. M. on College step
29th "	7 "	36.15	36.15	34.85	64.93.
30th "	7 "	36.15	36.15	34.80	Value of zero 0.00 P. W. D.
31st "	7 "	36.20	36.20	34.80	

		Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year	Highest water-level	on 15th September 1922	61.76
Ditto	Lowest "	on 27th and 28th April and 9th May 1923	64.70
Record	Highest "	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do.	Ditto "	69.08 on 9th September 1886	64.27
Do.	Ditto "	68.80 on 25th August 1906	63.47
Do.	Ditto "	68.21 on 26th August 1890	63.40
Do.	Lowest "	67.63 on 26th April 1884	62.82
Do.	Ditto "	68.13 on 14th and 15th April 1883	63.22
Do.	Ditto "	69.02 on 21st and 22nd April 1897	64.21
Do.	Ditto "	69.28 on 6th and 7th May 1908	64.47

N.B. -The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

JADAB CHANDRA GHOSH, for Subdivisional Officer,
BOALIA, the 31st March 1923. I. D., Jungipur.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 31st March 1923.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
25th March	7 A.M.	6.1	6.1	4.8	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench-mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghat and Chandpore ghat. Its reduced level is 26.84.
26th "	7 "	5.9	5.9	5.0	
27th "	7 "	5.8	5.8	5.4	
28th "	7 "	5.7	5.7	6.0	
29th "	7 "	5.7	5.7	6.4	
30th "	7 "	5.8	5.8	6.5	
31st "	7 "	6.1	6.1	6.8	

The previous year	Highest water-level	24.6 on 16th August 1922.
Ditto	Lowest "	4.3 on 14th March 1922.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	Highest "	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	Ditto "	25.71 on 20th and 21st August 1893.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	Ditto "	25.6 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra only)	Ditto "	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Record	Lowest "	1.0 on 8th February 1914.
Do.	Ditto "	2.42 on 18th March 1908.
Do.	Ditto "	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1894.
Do.	Ditto "	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1886.
Do.	Ditto "	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 3rd October 1902.

R. C. GUHA, Subdivisional Officer,
RAJBARI, the 31st March 1923. P. W. D., Fqridpur.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Water-works station on the river Bariganga for the week ending 24th March 1923.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1923.							
18th Mar.	52.45	12.0	54.4	18.0	52.4	52.6	H. T. at 12.15. F. T. at 18.10.
19th "	52.8	12.50	54.5	6.15	52.6	52.8	F. T. at 6.30 H. T. at 13.10.
20th "	52.85	13.45	54.6	7.10	52.8	53.0	F. T. at 7.25. H. T. at 13.52.
21st "	52.85	14.35	54.5	7.50	52.7	53.2	F. T. at 8.5. H. T. at 14.45.
22nd "	52.8	15.20 ^a	54.0	8.40	52.4	53.3	F. T. at 8.52. H. T. at 15.35.
23rd "	52.85	16.10	53.8	9.35	52.25	53.35	F. T. at 9.50. H. T. at 16.22.
24th "	52.7	17.0	53.5	10.25	52.0	53.5	F. T. at 10.37. H. T. at 17.15.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

					High.
27th August	1906	...	...	...	70.5
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
2nd "	1919	...	...	...	66.8
8th September	1920	...	...	...	66.9
28th July	1921	...	...	...	68.4
10th August	1922	...	...	...	68.00
					Low.
23rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
13th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.0
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40
26th "	1919	...	...	...	50.4
18th "	1920	...	...	...	50.9
19th "	1921	...	...	...	50.9
8th March	1922	...	...	...	51.05

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works = 18.51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

ILLEGIBLE, for *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

CALCUTTA, the 19th March 1923.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

THE following return made by the Secretary to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce is published in compliance with the provisions of clause 2 of section 58 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899 :—

Mr. J. Campbell Forrester, M.L.C., of Messrs. Smith Forrester & Co., has been elected to represent the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Calcutta Corporation in place of Mr. W. R. Rae, resigned.

S. N. MALLIK, *Acting Chairman.*

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 7th April 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1923.

PART VI.

*Bills Introduced in the Council of State and Legislative Assembly,
Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and
Assembly, and Bills published under Rule 18 of the Indian Legis-
lative Rules.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th March, 1923 :—

No. 13 OF 1923.

THE CANTONMENTS BILL.

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*A Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the
administration of cantonments.*

PRELIMINARY.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the administration of cantonments; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Cantonments Act, 1923.
(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan.

(3) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct that this Act, or any provisions thereof which he may specify, shall come into force on such date as he may appoint in this behalf.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (i) "Assistant Health Officer" means the medical officer appointed by the Officer Commanding the District to be the Assistant Health Officer for a cantonment;
- (ii) "Board" means a Cantonment Board constituted under this Act;
- (iii) "brigade area" means one of the brigade areas, whether occupied by a brigade or not, into which India is for military purposes for the time being divided, and includes for all or any of the purposes of this Act any area which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare to be a brigade area for such purpose or purposes;
- (iv) "building" means any house, hut, out-house, shed, stable or other roofed structure, for whatever purpose or of whatever material constructed, or any part thereof, and includes a well, but does not include a tent or other portable and temporary shelter;
- (v) "Cantonment Authority" means a Board or, in the case of a cantonment where a Board has not been constituted or has ceased to exist, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment;
- (vi) "casual election" means an election held to fill a casual vacancy;
- (vii) "casual vacancy" means a vacancy occurring otherwise than by efflux of time in the office of an elected member of a Board;
- (viii) "Command" means one of the Commands into which India is for military purposes for the time being divided, and includes any area which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare to be a Command for all or any of the purposes of this Act;
- (ix) "Commanding Officer of the cantonment" means the military officer for the time being in command of the forces in a cantonment, or, if that officer is the Officer Commanding the District, the military officer who would be in command of those forces in the absence of the Officer Commanding the District;
- (x) "dairy" includes any farm, cattle-shed, milk-stores, milk-shop or other place from which milk is supplied or is kept for purposes of sale or is manufactured for sale into butter, ghee, cheese or curds, and, in relation to a dairyman who does not occupy any premises for the sale of milk, includes any place in which he keeps the vessels used by him for the storage or sale of milk;
- (xi) "dairyman" includes the keeper of a cow, buffalo, goat, ass or other animal, the milk of which is offered or is intended to be offered for sale for human consumption, and any purveyor of milk and any occupier of a dairy;

- (xii) "Executive Engineer" means the Public Works officer of that grade, or the military Works officer of the corresponding grade, having charge of the military works in a cantonment, and includes the officer of whatever grade in immediate executive engineering charge of a cantonment;
- (xiii) "Executive Officer" means the person appointed under this Act to be the Executive Officer of a cantonment;
- (xiv) "Health Officer" means the senior executive medical officer in military employ on duty in a cantonment;
- (xv) "hill cantonment" means any cantonment declared by the Local Government, by notification in the local official Gazette, to be a hill cantonment for the purposes of this Act;
- (xvi) "hut" means any building, no material portion of which above the plinth level is constructed of masonry or of squared timber framing or of iron framing;
- (xvii) "infectious or contagious disease" includes cholera, leprosy, enteric fever, small-pox, tuberculosis, diphtheria, plague, influenza, and any other epidemic, endemic or infectious disease which the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare to be an infectious or contagious disease for the purposes of this Act;
- (xviii) "inhabitant," in relation to a cantonment, means any person ordinarily residing or carrying on business or owning or occupying immovable property therein, and in case of a dispute means any person declared by the District Magistrate to be an inhabitant;
- (xix) "intoxicating drug" means opium, ganja, bhang, charas and any preparation or admixture thereof, and includes any other intoxicating substance or liquid which the Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare to be an intoxicating drug for the purposes of this Act;
- (xx) "market" includes any place where persons assemble for the purpose of selling meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, live-stock or any other article of food;
- (xxi) "military officer" means—
- (a) a person who, being an officer within the meaning of the Army Act or the Air Force Act, is commissioned and in pay as an officer doing military or air force duty with His Majesty's military or air forces, or is an officer doing such duty in any arm, branch or part of those forces; or
 - (b) a person doing military or air force duty as a warrant officer with either of those forces or with any arm, branch or part thereof, whether he is or is not an officer within the meaning of the Army Act or the Air Force Act;
- (xii) "nuisance" includes any act, omission, place or thing which causes, or is likely to cause injury, danger, annoyance or offence to the sense of sight, smell or hearing, or which is or may be dangerous to life or injurious to health or property;
- (xxiii) "occupier" includes an owner in occupation of, or otherwise using, his own land or building;
- (xiv) "Officer Commanding the District" means the Officer Commanding any one of the districts into which India is for military purposes for the time being divided, or any brigade area which does not form part of any such district, or any area which the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare to be such a district for all or any of the purposes of this Act;
- (xv) "ordinary election" means an election held to fill a vacancy in the office of an elected member of a board arising by efflux of time;

44 and 45
Vict., c. 58.

44 and 45
Vict., c. 58.

- (xxvi) "owner" includes any person who is receiving or is entitled to receive the rent of any building or land, whether on his own account or on behalf of himself and others or as an agent or trustee or who would so receive the rent or be entitled to receive it if the building or land were let to a tenant;
- (xxvii) "party wall" means a wall forming part of a building and used or constructed to be used for the support or separation of adjoining buildings belonging to different owners, or constructed or adapted to be occupied by different persons;
- (xxviii) "private market" means a market which is not maintained by the Cantonment Authority and which is licensed by it under the provisions of this Act;
- (xxix) "private slaughter-house" means a slaughter-house which is not maintained by the Cantonment Authority and which is licensed by it under the provisions of this Act;
- (xxx) "public market" means a market maintained by a Cantonment Authority;
- (xxxi) "public place" means any place which is open to the use and enjoyment of the public, whether it is actually used or enjoyed by the public or not;
- (xxxii) "public slaughter-house" means a slaughter-house maintained by a Cantonment Authority;
- (xxxiii) "shed" means a slight or temporary structure for shade or shelter;
- (xxxiv) "slaughter-house" means any place ordinarily used for the slaughter of animals for the purpose of selling the flesh thereof for human consumption;
- (xxxv) "soldier" means a person who is a soldier or airman within the meaning of the Army Act or the Air Force Act, and who is not a military officer;
- (xxxvi) "spirituous liquor" means any fermented liquor, any wine, or any alcoholic liquid obtained by distillation or the sap of any kind of palm tree, and includes any other liquid containing alcohol which the Local Government, with the previous sanction of Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare to be a spirituous liquor for the purposes of this Act;
- (xxxvii) "street" includes any way, road, lane, square, court, alley, passage or open space in a cantonment, whether a throughfare or not and whether built upon or not, over which the public have a right of way and also the road-way or foot-way over any bridge or causeway;
- (xxxviii) "vehicle" means a wheeled conveyance of any description which is capable of being used on a street, and includes a motor-car, motor lorry, motor-omnibus, cart, locomotive, tram-car, hand-cart, truck, motor-cycle, bicycle, tricycle and rickshaw; and
- (xxxix) "water-works" includes all lakes, tanks, streams, cisterns, pumps, wells, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-trucks, sluices, mains, pipes, culverts, hydrants, stand-pipes, and conduits, and all machinery, lands, buildings, bridges, and things, used for or intended for the purpose of supplying water to a cantonment.

41 and 45
 Vict., c. 53.

CHAPTER II.

DEFINITION AND DELIMITATION OF CANTONMENTS.

Definition
 of
 cantonments.

3. (1) The Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare any place or places in which any part of His Majesty's regular forces or regular air-force is quartered or which, being in the vicinity of any such place or places, is or are required for the service of such forces to be a cantonment for the purposes of this Act and of all other enactments for the time being in force, and with the like sanction, may, by a like notification, declare that any cantonment shall cease to be a cantonment.

(2) The Local Government, with the like sanction, may, by a like notification, define the limits of any cantonment for the aforesaid purposes.

Alteration of limits of cantonments.

4. (1) The Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare its intention to include within a cantonment any local area situated in the immediate vicinity thereof or to exclude from a cantonment any local area comprised therein.

(2) Any inhabitant of a cantonment or local area in respect of which a notification has been published under sub-section (1) may, within six weeks from the date of the notification, submit in writing to the Local Government through the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, an objection to the notification, and the Local Government shall take such objection into consideration.

(3) On the expiry of six weeks from the date of the notification, the Local Government may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, after considering the objections, if any, which have been submitted under sub-section (2), by notification in the local official Gazette, include the local area in respect of which the notification was published under sub-section (1), or any part thereof, in the cantonment or, as the case may be, exclude such area or any part thereof from the cantonment.

The effect of including area in cantonment.

5. When, by a notification under section 4, any local area is included in a cantonment, such area shall thereupon become subject to this Act and to all other enactments for the time being in force throughout the cantonment and to all notifications, rules, regulations, bye-laws, orders and directions issued or made thereunder.

Disposal of cantonment fund when area ceases to be a cantonment.

6. (1) When, by a notification under section 3, any cantonment ceases to be a cantonment and the local area comprised therein is immediately placed under the control of a local authority, the cantonment fund and property vesting in the Cantonment Authority shall vest in such local authority and the liabilities of the Cantonment Authority shall be transferred to such local authority.

(2) When, in like manner, any cantonment ceases to be a cantonment and the local area comprised therein is not immediately placed under the control of a local authority, the balance of the cantonment fund and other property vesting in the Cantonment Authority shall vest in His Majesty, and the liabilities of the Cantonment Authority shall be transferred to the Secretary of State in Council.

Disposal of cantonment fund when area ceases to be included in a cantonment.

7. (1) When by a notification under section 4, any local area forming part of a cantonment ceases to be under the control of a particular Cantonment Authority and is immediately placed under the control of some other local authority such portion of the cantonment fund and other property vesting in the Cantonment Authority, and such portion of the liabilities of the Cantonment Authority, as the Governor General in Council may, by general or special order, direct, shall be transferred to that other local authority.

(2) When, in like manner, any local area forming part of a cantonment ceases to be under the control of a particular Cantonment Authority and is not immediately placed under the control of some other local authority, such portion of the cantonment fund and other property vesting in the Cantonment Authority shall vest in His Majesty, and such portion of the liabilities of the Cantonment Authority shall be transferred to the Secretary of State in Council, as the Governor General in Council may, by general or special order, direct.

Application of funds and property transferred under sections 6 and 7.

8. Any cantonment fund or portion of a cantonment fund or other property of a Cantonment Authority vesting in His Majesty under the provisions of section 6 or section 7 shall be applied in the first place to satisfy any liabilities of the Cantonment Authority transferred under such provisions to the

Secretary of State in Council and in the second place for the benefit of the inhabitants of the local area which has ceased to be a cantonment or, as the case may be, part of a cantonment.

Limitation of operation of Act.

9. The Local Government may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, by notification in the local official Gazette, exclude from the operation of any part of this Act any part of a cantonment, or direct that any provisions of this Act shall, in the case of any cantonment specified in the notification in which there is no Board, apply with such modifications as may be so specified.

CHAPTER III.

CANTONMENT AUTHORITIES AND CANTONMENT BOARDS.

Cantonment Authorities.

Cantonment Authority and Executive Officer.

10. (1) For every cantonment beyond the limits of a Presidency town there shall be Cantonment Authority and an Executive Officer.

(2) Where a cantonment is situated within the limits of a Presidency-town, the functions assigned to any authority by or under this Act shall, subject to the provisions of any other law for the time being in force, be discharged by such authority as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint in this behalf.

Local Government to decide whether Cantonment Board shall be constituted.

11. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, order in respect of any cantonment that a Cantonment Board shall be constituted therein, and may, by a like notification, order that any Board so constituted shall cease to exist.

Incorporation of Cantonment Authority

12. (1) Every Board shall, by the name of the Board of the place by reference to which the cantonment is known, be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal with power to acquire and hold property both moveable and immoveable and to contract and shall, by the said name, sue and be sued.

(2) In the case of any cantonment where there is no Board, the Cantonment Authority shall be a corporation sole by the name of the Cantonment Authority of the place by reference to which the cantonment is known, and as such Cantonment Authority shall have perpetual succession and an official seal with power to acquire and hold property both moveable and immoveable and to contract and shall, by the said name, sue and be sued.

Appointment of Executive Officer.

13. The Executive Officer of every cantonment shall be appointed by the Governor General in Council and, in a cantonment where there is a Board, shall be the Secretary, but shall not be a member, thereof.

Constitution of Cantonment Board.

14. (1) Every Board shall consist of the following members, namely:—

- (a) the Commanding Officer of the cantonment;
- (b) a Magistrate of the first class nominated by the District Magistrate;
- (c) the Health Officer;
- (d) the Executive Engineer;
- (e) such military officers not exceeding four in number as may be nominated by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment by order in writing:

Provided that the Commanding Officer of the cantonment may, if he thinks fit, with the sanction of the Officer Commanding the District, nominate in place of any military officer whom he is empowered to nominate under this clause any person, whether in the service of the Government or not, who is ordinarily resident in the cantonment or the vicinity thereof, to represent any interest or community not otherwise represented on the Board;

- (f) such number of members elected under this Act as is equal to the number of members nominated under clauses (b) to (e) :

Provided that where the total civil population of a cantonment is, according to the latest census, less than two thousand five hundred in number, the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare that the provisions of clauses (e) and (f) shall not apply in the case of that cantonment, and may, with the concurrence of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, by a like notification nominate as members of the Board not more than three persons who are resident in the cantonment or in the vicinity thereof and who either own land or house property in the cantonment or carry on business therein.

(2) Every election, nomination or appointment of a member of a Board and every vacancy in the membership thereof shall be notified by the Local Government in the local official Gazette.

Term of office
of members.

15. (1) Save as otherwise provided in this section, the term of office of a member of a Board shall be three years and shall commence from the date of the notification of his election or nomination under sub-section (2) of section 14, or from the date on which the vacancy has occurred in which he is elected or nominated, whichever date is later.

(2) The term of office of an *ex-officio* member of a Board shall continue so long as he holds the office in virtue of which he is such a member.

(3) The term of office of a member elected to fill a casual vacancy shall commence from the date of election and shall continue so long only as the member in whose place he is elected would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred.

(4) An outgoing member shall, unless the Local Government otherwise directs, continue in office until the election or nomination of his successor is notified under sub-section (2) of section 14.

(5) Any outgoing member may, if qualified, be re-elected or re-nominated.

Filling
vacancies.

16. (1) Vacancies arising by efflux of time in the office of an elected member of a Board shall be filled by an ordinary election to be held on such date as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct.

(2) A casual vacancy shall be filled by a casual election the date of which shall be fixed by the Local Government by notification in the local official Gazette, and shall be, as soon as may be, after the occurrence of the vacancy :

Provided that no casual election shall be held to fill a vacancy occurring within three months of any date on which the vacancy will occur by efflux of time, but such vacancy shall be filled at the next ordinary election.

Vacancies
special cases.

17. (1) If from any cause at an ordinary election no member is elected, or if the elected member is unwilling to serve on the Board, the outgoing member shall, if qualified and willing to serve, be deemed to have been re-elected.

(2) If in any such case the outgoing member is not qualified or is not willing to serve, or if at a casual election no member is elected, the vacancy shall be filled by nomination by the Local Government with the concurrence of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command.

(3) The term of office of a member nominated or deemed to have been re-elected under this section shall expire at the time at which it would have expired if he had been elected at the ordinary or casual election, as the case may be.

Oath or affirmation.

18. (1) Every person who is, by virtue of his office, or who is nominated or elected to be, a member of a Board shall, before taking his seat, make at a meeting of the Board an oath or affirmation of his allegiance to the Crown in the following form, namely :—

"I, A. B., having ^{become} ~~been elected~~ ^{been nominated} a member of this Board, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, his heirs and successors, and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter."

(2) If any such person fails to make the oath or affirmation within such time as the Local Government considers reasonable, the Local Government shall, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare his seat to be vacant.

Resignation.

19. (1) Any nominated or elected member of a Board who wishes to resign his office may forward his resignation in writing through the President of the Board to the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, who shall forward it for orders to the Local Government.

(2) If the Local Government accepts the resignation, such acceptance shall be communicated to the Board and thereupon the seat of the member resigning shall become vacant.

President and Vice-President

20. (1) The Commanding Officer of the cantonment shall be the President of the Board.

(2) There shall be a Vice-President of every Board elected from among the members at a meeting thereof.

Term of office of Vice-President.

21. (1) The term of office of a Vice-President shall be—

- (a) in the case of a person who is not in the service of the Government, three years or the residue of his term of office as a member, whichever is less, or
- (b) in the case of a person in the service of the Government, the residue of the term of his office as a member.

(2) A Vice-President may resign his office by notice in writing to the President and, on the resignation being accepted by the Board, the office shall become vacant.

Duties of President.

22. (1) It shall be the duty of the President of every Board—

- (a) unless prevented by reasonable cause, to convene and preside at all meetings of the Board and to regulate the conduct of business thereat;
- (b) to exercise supervision and control over the financial and executive administration of the Board;
- (c) to perform all the duties and exercise all the powers specifically imposed or conferred on the President by or under this Act; and
- (d) subject to any restrictions, limitations and conditions imposed by this Act, to exercise executive power for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act and to be directly responsible for the fulfilment of the purposes of this Act.

(2) The President may, by order in writing, empower the Vice-President to exercise all or any of the powers and duties referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1) other than any power, duty or function which he is by resolution of the Board expressly forbidden to delegate.

(3) The exercise or discharge of any powers, duties or functions delegated by the President under this section shall be subject to such restrictions, limitations and conditions, if any, as may be laid down by the President and to the control of, and to revision by, the President.

(4) Every order made under sub-section (2) shall forthwith be communicated to the Board and to the Officer Commanding the District.

Duties of
Vice-President.

23. It shall be the duty of the Vice-President of every Board—

- (a) in the absence of the President and unless prevented by reasonable cause, to preside at meetings of the Board and when so presiding to exercise the authority of the President under sub-section (1) of section 22;
- (b) during the incapacity or temporary absence of the President or pending his appointment or succession, to perform any other duty and exercise any other power of the President; and
- (c) to exercise any power and perform any duty of the President which may be delegated to him under sub-section (2) of section 22.

Duties of the
Executive Officer.

24. The Executive Officer shall perform all the duties imposed upon him by or under this Act and shall be responsible for the custody of all the records of the Cantonment Authority, and shall arrange for the performance of such duties relative to the proceedings of the Board or of any Committee of the Board, or of any Committee of Arbitration constituted under this Act, as those bodies may respectively impose on him, and shall comply with every requisition of the Cantonment Authority on any matter pertaining to the administration of the cantonment.

Special power
of the Executive
Officer.

25. The Executive Officer may, in cases of emergency, direct the execution of any work or the doing of any act which would ordinarily require the sanction of the Cantonment Authority and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, necessary for the service or safety of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing such work or doing such act shall be paid from the cantonment fund:

Provided that—

- (a) he shall not act under this section in contravention of any order of the Cantonment Authority prohibiting the execution of any particular work or the doing of any particular act, and
- (b) he shall report forthwith the action taken under this section and the reasons therefor to the Cantonment Authority.

Elections.

Electoral rolls.

26. (1) Where a Board is to be constituted in any cantonment, the Cantonment Authority shall prepare and publish an electoral roll showing the names of persons qualified to vote at elections to the Board. Such roll shall be prepared, revised and finally published in such manner and on such date in each year as the Local Government may by rule prescribe.

(2) Every person whose name appears in the final electoral roll shall, so long as the roll remains in force, be entitled to vote at an election to the Board, and no other person shall be entitled.

(3) When a cantonment has been divided into wards, the electoral roll shall be divided into separate lists for each ward.

(4) If a new electoral roll is not published in any year on the date prescribed, the Local Government may direct that the old electoral roll shall continue in operation until the new roll is published.

Qualification of
electors.

27. (1) The following persons shall, if not otherwise disqualified, be entitled to be enrolled as electors, namely:—

- (a) every person who in any year has on or before such date as may be fixed by the Local Government in this behalf by notification in the local official Gazette (hereinafter in this section referred to as the aforesaid date) been assessed directly and on his own account to taxes under this Act (other than octroi, toll or terminal tax), the aggregate value whereof is not less than such amount as the Local Government may by rule prescribe, and who on the aforesaid date is not in arrears in the payment of any such tax;

(b) every person who has for a period of not less than twelve months immediately preceding the aforesaid date resided in the cantonment and on the aforesaid date—

- (i) is the owner or the mortgagee in possession or the lessee of any building or land in the cantonment, of an annual value calculated in such manner and of not less than such amount, as the Local Government may by rule prescribe; or
- (ii) is carrying on any business in the cantonment from which he derives an annual income calculated in such manner, and of not less than such amount, as the Local Government may by rule prescribe; or
- (iii) is a graduate of any University established by law in British India; or
- (iv) is a retired or pensioned officer, whether commissioned or non-commissioned, of His Majesty's forces;

(c) every person who has, during a period of not less than twelve months immediately preceding the aforesaid date, resided in the cantonment and has during that period been assessed to income-tax.

(2) A person, notwithstanding that he is otherwise qualified, shall not be entitled to be enrolled as an elector if he on the aforesaid date—

- (i) is not a British subject, or
- (ii) is less than 21 years of age, or
- (iii) has been adjudged by a competent Court to be of unsound mind, or
- (iv) is an undischarged insolvent, or
- (v) has been sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or to transportation or has been ordered to find security for good behaviour under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or has been sentenced by a Criminal Court for any offence under Chapter IXA of the Indian Penal Code:

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Provided that the Local Government may, by order in writing, remove any disqualification incurred by a person under clause (v).

(3) If any person having been enrolled as an elector in any electoral roll subsequently becomes subject to any of the disqualifications referred to in clauses (i), (iii), (iv) and (v) of subsection (2) his name shall be removed from the electoral roll unless, in the case referred to in clause (v), the disqualification is removed by the Local Government.

Qualification for
being a member of
the Board.

28. (1) Save as hereinafter provided, every person whose name is entered on the electoral roll of a cantonment shall be qualified for election as a member of the Board in that cantonment.

(2) No person shall be qualified for election or nomination as a member of a Board, if he—

- (a) has been dismissed from Government service and is debarred from re-employment therein, or is a dismissed servant of the Cantonment Authority;
- (b) is debarred from practising as a legal practitioner by order of any competent authority;
- (c) holds any place of profit in the gift of or at the disposal of the Board, or is a stipendiary Magistrate or police officer, or is the servant or employer of a member of the Board; or
- (d) is interested in a subsisting contract made with, or in work being done for, the Board except as a shareholder (other than a director) in an incorporated company; or
- (e) is disqualified under any other provision of this Act;

Provided that—

- (i) any of the disqualifications referred to in clauses (a) and (b) may be removed by an order of the Local Government in this behalf, and
- (ii) a person shall not be deemed to have any interest in such a contract or work as is referred to in clause (d) by reason only of his having a share or interest in—
 - (a) any lease or sale or purchase of immoveable property or any agreement for the same, or
 - (b) any agreement for the loan of money or any security for the payment of money only, or
 - (c) any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the Board is inserted, or
 - (d) the sale to the Board of any articles in which he regularly trades or the purchase from the Board of any articles, to a value in either case not exceeding Rs. 1,500 in the aggregate in any year during the period of the contract or work.

Interpretation.

29. For the purposes of sections 26, 27 and 28—

- (a) "person" means an individual human being, and
- (b) a person shall be deemed to pay a tax directly if he pays the tax either himself or through a legally appointed agent.

Joint families,
etc.

30. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the Local Government may make rules conferring on the manager or representative of an undivided family or of any company or firm or other association or body or on any trustee of any land a right to be enrolled as an elector or to be nominated as a candidate at elections to a Board.

Power to make
rules regulating
elections.

31. (1) The Local Government may, either generally or specially for any cantonment or group of cantonments, make rules consistent with this Act to regulate all or any of the following matters, for the purpose of the holding of elections under this Act, namely :—

- (a) the division of a cantonment into wards, or of the inhabitants of a cantonment into classes, or both ;
- (b) the determination of the number of members to be elected by each ward or class of persons ;
- (c) the method by which the annual value of buildings and lands shall be calculated for the purposes of section 27 ;
- (d) the preparation, revision and final publication of electoral rolls ;
- (e) the registration of electors, the nomination of candidates, the time and manner of holding elections and the method by which votes shall be recorded ;
- (f) the authority by which and the manner in which disputes relating to electoral rolls or arising out of elections shall be decided, and the powers and duties of such authority, and the circumstances in which such authority may declare a casual vacancy to have been created or any candidate to have been elected ;
- (g) any other matter relating to elections or election disputes in respect of which the Local Government is empowered to make rules under this Chapter or in respect of which this Act makes no provision or makes insufficient provision and provision is, in the opinion of the Local Government, necessary.

(2) The power of the Local Government to make rules under this section shall be subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication and of their not taking effect until they have been confirmed by the Governor General in Council and published by the Local Government in the local official Gazette.

(3) The Governor General in Council in confirming a rule made under this section may make any alteration therein which appears to him to be necessary.

Members.

Member not to vote on matter in which he is interested.

32. No member of a Board shall vote at a meeting of the Board on any question relating to his own conduct or on any matter, other than a matter affecting generally the inhabitants of the cantonment, which affects his own pecuniary interest or the valuation of any property in respect of which he is directly or indirectly interested, or of any property of or for which he is a manager or agent.

Liability of members.

33. Every member of a Board shall be liable for the loss, waste or misapplication of any money or other property belonging to the Board if such loss, waste or misapplication is a direct consequence of his neglect or misconduct while such member; and a suit for compensation for the same may be instituted against him either by the Board or by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Removal of members.

34. (1) The Local Government may remove from a Board any member thereof who—

- (a) has absented himself for more than three consecutive months from the meetings of the Board and is unable to explain such absence to the satisfaction of the Board; or
- (b) is an undischarged insolvent; or
- (c) is adjudged by a competent Court to be of unsound mind, or is deaf and dumb or a leper; or
- (d) has been sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or to transportation or has been ordered to furnish security for his good behaviour under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or has been sentenced by a Criminal Court for any offence under Chapter IXA of the Indian Penal Code; or
- (e) is interested in a subsisting contract made with, or in work being done for, the Board in such a manner as to be disqualified under section 28 for election or nomination as a member; or
- (f) has knowingly contravened the provisions of section 32; or
- (g) being a legal practitioner, acts or appears on behalf of any other person against the Board or against the Secretary of State in Council in any suit or other proceeding relating to land in the cantonment which is vested in His Majesty, or acts or appears on behalf of any person in any criminal proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the Board against such person.

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(2) The Local Government may remove from a Board any member who, in the opinion of the Local Government, has flagrantly abused in any manner his position as a member of the Board as to render his continuance as a member detrimental to the public interests.

(3) No member shall be removed from a Board under this section unless he has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against his removal.

Consequences of removal.

35. (1) A member removed under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 34 shall, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for re-election or nomination.

(2) A member removed under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 34, shall not be eligible for re-election or nomination until he has obtained his discharge.

(3) A member removed under sub-section (2) of section 34 shall not be eligible for re-election or nomination until the expiry of three years from the date of his removal.

(4) A member removed under any other provision of section 34 shall not be eligible for re-election or nomination until he is declared so eligible by the Local Government by notification in the local official Gazette.

Servants.

Disqualification
of person as ser-
vant of Canton-
ment Authority.

36. (1) No person who has directly or indirectly by himself or his partner any share or interest in a contract with, by or on behalf of a Cantonment Authority or in any employment under, by or on behalf of a Cantonment Authority, otherwise than as a servant of the Cantonment Authority, shall become or remain a servant of such Cantonment Authority.

(2) A servant of a Cantonment Authority who knowingly acquires or continues to have directly or indirectly by himself or his partner any share or interest in a contract with, by or on behalf of the Cantonment Authority or, in any employment under, by or on behalf of, the Cantonment Authority, otherwise than as a servant of the Cantonment Authority shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 168 of the Indian Penal Code.

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(3) Nothing in this section shall apply to any share or interest in any contract with, by or on behalf of, or employment under, by or on behalf of, a Cantonment Authority if the same is a share in a company contracting with, or employed by, or on behalf of, the Cantonment Authority or is a share or interest acquired or retained with the permission of the Officer Commanding the District in any lease or sale to, or purchase by, the Cantonment Authority of land or buildings or in any agreement for the same.

Procedure.

Meetings

37. (1) Every Board shall ordinarily hold at least one meeting in every month on such day as may be fixed, and of which notice shall be given in such manner as may be provided, by regulations made by the Board under this Chapter.

(2) The President may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition in writing by not less than one-fourth of the members of the Board, convene a special meeting.

(3) Any meeting may be adjourned until the next or any subsequent day and an adjourned meeting may be further adjourned in like manner.

Business to be
transacted.

38. Subject to any regulation made by the Board under this Chapter, any business may be transacted at any meeting :

Provided that no business relating to the imposition, abolition, or modification of any tax shall be transacted at a meeting unless notice of the same and of the date fixed therefor has been sent to each member not less than seven days before that date.

Quorum.

39. (1) The quorum necessary for the transaction of business of a meeting of a Board shall be five or one-half of the number of members of the Board actually holding office at the time whichever is the greater number.

(2) If a quorum is not present, the President shall adjourn the meeting and the business which would have been brought before the original meeting if there had been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and may be transacted at, an adjourned meeting, whether there is a quorum present or not.

Presiding
officer.

40. In the absence of both the President and the Vice-President from any meeting, the senior member present who is in the service of Government shall preside.

Minutes.

41. (1) Minute of the proceedings of each meeting shall be recorded in a book and shall be signed by the President before the close of the meeting, and shall, at such times and in such place as may be fixed by the Board, be open to inspection free of charge by any inhabitant of the cantonment.

(2) Copies of the minutes shall, as soon as possible after each meeting, be forwarded for the information of the Officer Commanding the District and the District Magistrate.

Meetings to be
public.

42. Every meeting of a Board shall be open to the public unless in any case the President, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes, otherwise directs.

Method of deciding questions.

43. (1) All questions coming before a meeting shall be decided by the majority of the votes of the members present and voting.

(2) In the case of an equality of votes, the President shall have a second or casting vote.

(3) The dissent of any member from any decision of the Board shall, if the member so requests, be entered in the minutes together with a short statement of the grounds for such dissent.

Power to make regulations.

44. (1) A Board may make regulations consistent with this Act and with the rules made thereunder to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the time and place of its meetings ;
- (b) the manner in which notice of the meetings shall be given ;
- (c) the conduct of proceedings at meetings and the adjournment of meetings ;
- (d) the custody of the common seal of the Board and the purposes for which it shall be used ; and
- (e) the appointment of committees for any purpose and the determination of all matters relating to the constitution and procedure of such committees, and the delegation to such committees, subject to any conditions which the Board thinks fit to impose, of any of the powers or duties of the Board under this Act other than a power to make regulations or bye-laws.

(2) No regulation made under clause (e) of sub-section (1) shall take effect until it has been approved by the Local Government.

(3) No regulation made under this section shall take effect until it has been published in such manner as the Local Government may direct.

Joint action with other local authority.

45. (1) A Cantonment Authority may—

(a) join with any other local authority—

- (i) in appointing a joint committee for any purpose in which they are jointly interested and in appointing a chairman of such committee ;
- (ii) in delegating to such committee power to frame terms binding on the Cantonment Authority and such other local authority as to the construction and future maintenance of any joint work or to exercise any power which might be exercised by either of the said authorities ; and
- (iii) in making rules for regulating the proceedings of any such committee relating to the purposes for which it has been appointed ; or

(b) with the previous sanction of the Local Government, enter into an agreement with any other local authority regarding the levy of octroi, terminal tax or terminal toll whereby the said tax or toll respectively leviable by the authorities so contracting may be levied together instead of separately within the limits of the aggregate area comprising the areas subject to the control of the said authorities.

(2) If any difference of opinion arises between any authorities acting together under this section, the decision thereon of the Local Government or of an officer appointed by the Local Government in this behalf shall be final.

(3) When any agreement such as is referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) has been entered into—

(a) the other local authority with which the Cantonment Authority has made such agreement shall have the same powers to establish octroi limits and octroi stations and places for the collection of the terminal tax and terminal toll within the cantonment, and shall have the same

power of collecting such tax or toll on animals, vehicles and goods brought within such limits or to such stations or brought to or taken from such places, and the provisions of any enactment in force relating to the levy of such tax or toll by such other local authority shall apply in the same manner, as if the limits, places and stations so established were comprised within the area ordinarily subject to its control; and

- (b) the total of the collection of such tax and toll made in the cantonment and in the area ordinarily subject to the control of such other local authority and the costs thereby incurred shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), be divided between the cantonment fund and the fund subject to the control of such other local authority, in such proportion as may have been determined by the agreement.

Control.

Power of Government to require production of documents.

46. The Governor General in Council or the Local Government may at any time require a Cantonment Authority—

- (a) to produce any record, correspondence, plan or other document in its possession or under its control;
- (b) to furnish any return, plan, estimate, statement, account or statistics relating to its proceedings, duties or works;
- (c) to furnish or obtain and furnish any report.

Inspection

47. The Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, may depute any person in the service of the Government to inspect or examine any department of the office of, or any service or work undertaken by, or thing belonging to, a Cantonment Authority, and to report thereon, and the Cantonment Authority and its officers and servants shall be bound to afford the person so deputed access at all reasonable times to the premises and property of the Cantonment Authority and to all records, accounts and other documents the inspection of which he may consider necessary to enable him to discharge his duties.

Powers of Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command.

48. The Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, may, by order in writing,—

- (a) call for any book or document in the possession or under the control of the Cantonment Authority;
- (b) require the Cantonment Authority to furnish such statements, accounts, reports and copies of documents relating to its proceedings, duties or works, as he thinks fit.

require execution of work, etc.

49. If, on receipt of any information or report obtained under section 47 or section 48, the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, is of opinion—

- (a) that any duty imposed on a Cantonment Authority by or under this Act has not been performed or has been performed in an imperfect, inefficient or unsuitable manner, or
- (b) that adequate financial provision has not been made for the performance of any such duty;

he may, after consulting the Local Government, direct the Cantonment Authority within such period as he thinks fit, to make arrangements to his satisfaction for the proper performance of the duty, or, as the case may be, to make financial provision to his satisfaction for the performance of the duty:

Provided that, unless in the opinion of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, the immediate execution of such order is necessary, he shall, before making any direction under this section, give the Cantonment Authority an opportunity of showing cause why such direction should not be made.

Power to provide for enforcement of direction under section 49.

50. If, within the period fixed by a direction made under section 49, any action the taking of which has been directed under that section has not been duly taken, the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, may make arrangements for the taking of such action and may direct that all expenses connected therewith shall be defrayed out of the cantonment fund.

Power to override decision of Board

51. (1) If the President dissents from any decision of the Board, he may, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes, by order in writing, direct the suspension of action thereon for any period not exceeding one month and, if he does so, shall forthwith refer the matter to the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command.

(2) If the District Magistrate considers any decision of a Cantonment Authority to be prejudicial to the public health, safety or convenience he may, after giving notice in writing of his intention to the Cantonment Authority, refer the matter to the Local Government; and pending the disposal of the reference to the Local Government, no action shall be taken on the decision.

(3) If any Magistrate who is a member of a Board, being present at a meeting, dissents from any decision which he considers prejudicial to the public health, safety or convenience, he may, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes and after giving notice in writing of his intention to the President, report the matter to the District Magistrate; and the President shall, on receipt of such notice, direct the suspension of action on the decision for a period sufficient to allow of a communication being made to the District Magistrate and of his taking proceedings as provided by sub-section (2).

Power of Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, on reference under section 51 or otherwise.

52. (1) The Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, may at any time—

- (a) direct that any matter or any specific proposal other than one which has been referred to the Local Government under sub-section (2) of section 51 be considered or re-considered by the Cantonment Authority; or
- (b) direct the suspension, for such period as may be stated in the order, of action on any decision of a Cantonment Authority, other than a decision which has been referred to him under sub-section (1) of section 51, and thereafter cancel the suspension or direct that the decision shall not be carried into effect or that it shall be carried into effect with such modifications as he may specify.

(2) When any decision of a Board has been referred to him under sub-section (1) of section 51, the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, may, by order in writing,—

- (a) cancel the order given by the President directing the suspension of action; or
- (b) extend the duration of the order for such period as he thinks fit; or
- (c) direct that the decision be carried into effect by the Board with such modifications as he may specify.

Powers of Local Government on a reference made under section 51

53. When any decision of a Cantonment Authority has been referred to the Local Government under sub-section (2) of section 51, the Local Government may, after consulting the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, by order in writing,—

- (a) direct that no action be taken on the decision; or
- (b) direct that the decision be carried into effect either without modification or with such modifications as it may specify.

Supereession of Board.

54. (1) If, in the opinion of the Local Government, any Board is not competent to perform or persistently makes default in the performance of the duties imposed on it by or under this Act or otherwise by law or exceeds or abuses its powers, the Local Government may, with the previous sanction of the Governor

General in Council, by an order published together with the statement of the reasons therefor in the local official Gazette, declare the Board to be incompetent or in default or to have exceeded or abused its powers, as the case may be, and supersede it for such period as may be specified in the order.

(2) When a Board is superseded by an order under subsection (1)—

- (a) all members of the Board shall, on such date as may be specified in the order, vacate their offices as such members but without prejudice to their eligibility for election or nomination under clause (c);
- (b) during the supersession of the Board, all powers and duties conferred and imposed upon the Board by or under this Act or otherwise by law shall be exercised and performed by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment subject to such reservation, if any, as the Local Government may prescribe in this behalf; and
- (c) before the expiry of the period of supersession elections shall be held and nominations made for the purpose of reconstituting the Board.

Validity of Proceedings.

Validity of Proceedings, etc.

55. (1) No act or proceeding of a Board or of any committee of a Board shall be invalid by reason only of the existence of a vacancy in the Board or committee.

(2) No disqualification or defect in the election, nomination or appointment of a person acting as the President or a member of a Board or of any such committee shall vitiate any act or proceeding of the Board or committee if the majority of the persons present at the time of the act being done or the proceeding being taken were duly qualified members thereof.

(3) Any document or minutes which purport to be the record of the proceedings of a Board or of any committee of a Board shall, if made and signed substantially in the manner prescribed for the making and signing of the record of such proceedings, be presumed to be a correct record of the proceedings of a duly convened meeting, held by a duly constituted Board or committee, as the case may be, whereof all the members were duly qualified.

CHAPTER IV.

SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS AND INTOXICATING DRUGS.

Unauthorised sale of spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug.

56. If within a cantonment, or within such limits adjoining a cantonment as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, define, any person not subject to military or air-force law or any person subject to military or air-force law otherwise than as a military officer or a soldier knowingly barter, sells or supplies, or offers or attempts to barter, sell or supply, any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug for the use of any soldier or follower or soldier's wife, without the written permission of Commanding Officer of the cantonment or of some person authorised by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment to grant such permission, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with both.

Unauthorised possession of spirituous liquor.

57. If within a cantonment, or within any limits defined under section 56,—

- (a) any person subject to military or air-force law otherwise than as a military officer or a soldier, or
- (b) the wife or servant of any such person or of a soldier,

has in his or her possession, except on behalf of the Government or for the private use of a military officer, more than one quart of any spirituous liquor, other than fermented malt-liquor, without the written permission of the Commanding Officer of the cantonment or of some person authorised by the

Commanding Officer of the cantonment to grant such permission, he or she shall be punishable, in the case of a first offence, with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a subsequent offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Arrest of persons and seizure and confiscation of things for offences against the two last foregoing

56. (1) Any police officer or excise officer may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest any person whom he finds committing an offence under section 56 or section 57, and may seize and detain any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug within the cantonment or within any limits defined under that section which, at the time of the alleged commission of the subsequent offence, belonged to, or was in the possession of, such person.

(2) Where a person accused of an offence under section 56 has been previously convicted of an offence under that section, an officer in charge of a police station may, with the written permission of a Magistrate, seize and detain any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug within the cantonment or within any limits defined under that section which, at the time of the alleged commission of the subsequent offence, belonged to, or was in the possession of, such person.

(3) The Court convicting a person of an offence under section 56 or section 57 may order the confiscation of the whole or any part of anything seized under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2).

(4) Subject to the provisions of Chapter XLIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, anything seized under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) and not confiscated under sub-section (3) shall be restored to the person from whom it was taken.

V of 1898.

Saving of articles sold or supplied for medicinal purposes.

59. The foregoing provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article in good faith for medicinal purposes by a medical practitioner, chemist or druggist authorized in this behalf by a general or special order of the Commanding Officer of the cantonment.

CHAPTER V.

TAXATION.

Imposition of Taxation.

General power of taxation.

50. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, impose in any cantonment any tax which under any enactment in force on the date of the notification, may be imposed in any municipality within the province.

Extension of Act XX of 1856 to certain cantonments.

61. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, extend the provisions of the Bengal Chaukidari Act, 1856, to any cantonment which is not included in a municipality and which is situated in any part of British India in which that Act is in force, and the Executive Officer of any cantonment to which that Act is so extended may exercise all the powers of the Magistrate thereunder subject only to the control of the District Magistrate and the Local Government.

XX of 1856.

(2) The Local Government may order that a cantonment to which the provisions of the Bengal Chaukidari Act, 1856, have been extended shall be divided into any number of cantonment divisions and may determine the nature of the tax to be levied in each such division according to section 10 of that Act.

XX of 1856.

(3) While a tax assessed according to the circumstances, and the property to be protected, of the persons liable thereto, or according to the annual value of houses and grounds, is levied under the Bengal Chaukidari Act, 1856, in a cantonment, a tax on persons practising any profession or art or carrying on any trade or calling or a tax on buildings or lands shall not be leviable in the cantonment in pursuance of a notification under section 60 of this Act.

XX of 1856.

Framing of preliminary proposals.

62. (1) When the Local Government proposes to impose any tax under section 60, it shall, by notification in the local official Gazette, give notice of its intention.

(2) Every notification issued under sub-section (1) shall specify—

- (a) the tax which it is proposed to impose ;
- (b) the persons or classes of persons to be made liable and the description of the property or other taxable thing or circumstance in respect of which they are to be made liable ; and
- (c) the rate at which the tax is to be levied.

Procedure subsequent to framing proposals.

63. (1) Any inhabitant of the cantonment may, within fifteen days from the date of the notification under section 62, submit to the local Government an objection in writing to all or any of the proposals framed therein, and the Local Government shall take any objection so submitted into consideration.

(2) After the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the notification and after considering all objections submitted thereto under sub-section (1), the Local Government may impose the tax either in the original form or, if any such objection has been so submitted, in that form or in such modified form as it thinks fit.

Definition of annual value.

64. For the purposes of this Chapter, "annual value" means—

- (a) in the case of railway stations, hotels, colleges, schools, hospitals, factories and other such buildings, one-twentieth of the sum obtained by adding the estimated present cost of erecting the building to the estimated value of the land appertaining thereto, and
- (b) in the case of a building or land not provided for in clause (a), the gross annual rent for which such building (exclusive of furniture or machinery therein) or such land is actually let, or where the building or land is not let or in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority is let for a sum less than its fair letting value, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year :

Provided that, where the annual value of any building is, by reason of exceptional circumstances, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, excessive if calculated in the aforesaid manner, the Cantonment Authority may fix the annual value at any less amount which appears to it to be just.

Incidence of taxation.

65. (1) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the notification imposing the tax, every tax on the annual value of buildings or lands or of both shall be leviable primarily upon the actual occupier of the property upon which the said tax is assessed, if he is the owner of the buildings or lands or holds them on a building or other lease from the Secretary of State or Council or from the Cantonment Authority or on a building lease from any person.

(2) In any other case, the tax shall be primarily leviable as follows, namely :—

- (a) if the property is let, upon the lessor ;
- (b) if the property is sub-let, upon the superior lessor ;
- (c) if the property is unlet, upon the person in whom the right to let the same vests.

(3) On failure to recover any sum due on account of such tax from the person primarily liable, there may be recovered from the occupier of any part of the buildings or lands in respect of which the tax is due such portion of the sum due as bears to the whole amount due the same ratio which the rent annually payable by such occupier bears to the aggregate amount of rent so payable in respect of the whole of the said buildings or lands, or to the aggregate amount of the letting value thereof, if any, stated in the authenticated assessment list.

(4) An occupier who makes any payment for which he is not primarily liable under this section shall, in the absence of any contract to the contrary, be entitled to be re-imbursed by the person primarily liable for the payment.

Assessment List.

Assessment list.

66. When a tax on the annual value of buildings or lands or both is imposed, the Cantonment Authority shall cause an assessment list of all buildings or lands in the cantonment, or of both, as the case may be, to be prepared in such form as the Governor General in Council may by rule prescribe.

Publication of assessment list.

67. When the assessment list has been prepared, the Cantonment Authority shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the list or a copy thereof may be inspected, and every person claiming to be the owner, lessee or occupier of any property included in the list, and any authorized agent of such person, shall be at liberty to inspect the list and to make extracts therefrom free of charge.

Revision of assessment list.

68. (1) The Cantonment Authority shall, at the same time, give public notice of a date, not less than one month thereafter, when it will proceed to consider the valuations and assessments entered in the assessment list, and, in all cases in which any property is for the first time assessed or the assessment is increased, it shall also give notice thereof to the owner and to any lessee or occupier of the property.

(2) Any objection to a valuation or assessment shall be made in writing to the Cantonment Authority before the date fixed in the notice, and shall state in what respect the valuation or assessment is disputed, and all objections so made shall be recorded in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Cantonment Authority.

(3) The objections shall be inquired into and investigated, and the person making them shall be allowed an opportunity of being heard either in person or by authorized agent, by an Assessment Committee appointed by the Cantonment Authority.

(4) The Assessment Committee shall consist of not less than three persons, and, where there is a Board, it shall not be necessary to appoint to the Assessment Committee any member thereof.

Authentication of a assessment list.

69. (1) When all objections made under section 68 have been disposed of, and the revision of the valuation and assessment has been completed, the assessment list shall be authenticated by the signature of the members of the Assessment Committee who shall, at the same time, certify that they have considered all objections duly made and have amended the list so far as is required by their decisions on such objections.

(2) The assessment list so authenticated shall be deposited in the office of the Cantonment Authority and shall there be open, free of charge, during office hours to all owners, lessees and occupiers of property comprised therein or the authorised agents of such persons, and a public notice that it is so open shall forthwith be published.

Evidential value of assessment list.

70. Subject to such alterations as may thereafter be made in the assessment list under the provisions of this Chapter and to the result of any appeal made thereunder, the entries in the assessment list authenticated and deposited as provided in section 69 shall be accepted as conclusive evidence—

(i) for the purpose of assessing any tax imposed under this Act, of the annual value or other valuation of all buildings and lands to which such entries respectively refer, and

(ii) for the purposes of any tax imposed on buildings or lands, of the amount of each such tax leviable thereon during the year to which such list relates.

Amendment of assessment list.

71. (1) The Cantonment Authority may, at any time, amend the assessment list by inserting the name of any person whose name ought to have been or ought to be inserted, or by

inserting any property which ought to have been or ought to be inserted, or by altering the assessment on any property which has been erroneously valued or assessed through fraud, accident or mistake, whether on the part of the Cantonment Authority or of the Assessment Committee or of the Assessee, or, in the case of a tax payable by an occupier, by a change in the tenancy, after giving notice to any person affected by the amendment of a time, not less than one month from the date of service, at which the amendment is to be made.

(2) Any person interested in any such amendment may tender an objection to the Cantonment Authority in writing before the time fixed in the notice, and shall be allowed an opportunity of being heard in support of the same in person or by authorised agent.

Preparation of
new assessment
list.

72. The Cantonment Authority shall prepare a new assessment list every year, and for this purpose the provisions of sections 66 to 71 shall apply in like manner as they apply for the purpose of the preparation of an assessment list for the first time.

Notice of trans-
fers.

73. (1) Whenever the title of any person primarily liable for the payment of a tax on the annual value of any building or land to or over such building or land is transferred, the person whose title is transferred and the person to whom the same is transferred shall, within three months after the execution of the instrument of transfer or after its registration, if it is registered, or after the transfer is effected, if no instrument is executed, give notice of such transfer to the Executive Officer.

(2) In the event of the death of any person primarily liable as aforesaid, the person on whom the title of the deceased devolves shall give notice of such devolution to the Executive Officer within six months from the death of the deceased.

(3) The notice to be given under this section shall be in such form as the Executive Officer may direct and the transferee or other person or whom the title devolves shall, if so required, be bound to produce before the Executive Officer any documents evidencing the transfer or devolution.

(4) Every person who makes a transfer as aforesaid without giving such notice to the Executive Officer shall continue liable for the payment of all taxes assessed on the property transferred until he gives notice or until the transfer has been recorded in the registers of the Cantonment Authority, but nothing in this section shall be held to affect the liability of the transferee for the payment of the said tax.

Notice of erec-
tion of buildings.

74. (1) If any building is erected or re-erected within the meaning of section 179, the owner shall give notice thereof to the Executive Officer within thirty days from the date of its completion or occupation whichever is earlier.

(2) Any person failing to give the notice required by sub-section (1), shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees or ten times the amount of the tax payable on the said building, as erected or re-erected, as the case may be, in respect of a period of three months, whichever is greater.

Remission and Refund.

Demolition,
etc., of buildings.

75. If any building is wholly or partly demolished or destroyed or otherwise deprived of value, the Cantonment Authority may, on the application of the owner, remit or refund such portion of the tax as it thinks fit.

Remission of
tax.

76. In a cantonment other than a hill cantonment, when any building or land has remained vacant and unproductive of rent for ninety or more consecutive days during any year, the Cantonment Authority shall remit or refund, as the case may be, such portion of the tax in respect of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days during which the said building or land has remained vacant and unproductive of rent,

Power to require entry in assessment list of details of building.

77. For the purpose of obtaining a partial remission or refund of tax, the owner of a building composed of separate tenements may request the Cantonment Authority, at the time of the assessment of the building, to enter in the assessment list, in addition to the annual value of the whole building, a note recording in detail the annual value of each separate tenement. When any tenement, the annual value of which has been thus separately recorded, has remained vacant and unproductive of rent for ninety or more consecutive days during any year, such portion of the tax in respect of that year on the whole building shall be remitted or refunded as would have been remitted or refunded if the tenement had been separately assessed :

Provided that no such remission shall be made unless notice in writing of the circumstances in which it is claimed has been given to the Cantonment Authority, and no remission or refund shall take effect in respect of any period commencing more than fifteen days before the delivery of such notice.

What buildings, etc., are to be deemed vacant.

78. (1) For the purposes of sections 76 and 77 no building, tenement or land shall be deemed vacant if maintained as a pleasure resort of town or country house, or be deemed unproductive of rent if let to a tenant who has a continuing right of occupation thereof, whether he is in actual occupation or not.

(2) The burden of proving all facts entitling any person to claim relief under section 75, or section 76, or section 77 shall be upon him.

Notice to be given of every occupation of vacant building or house.

79. (1) The owner of any building, tenement or land in respect of which a remission or refund of tax has been given under section 76 or section 77 shall give notice of the re-occupation of such building or land within fifteen days of such re-occupation.

(2) Any owner failing to give the notice required by subsection (1) shall be punishable with fine which shall not be less than twice the amount of the tax payable on such building, tenement or land in respect of the period during which it has been re-occupied and which may extend to fifty rupees or to ten times the amount of the said tax, whichever sum is greater.

Charge on Immoveable Property.

Tax on buildings and land to be a charge thereon.

80. A tax assessed on the annual value of any building or land shall, subject to the prior payment of the land revenue, if any, due to the Government thereon, be a first charge upon the building or land.

Octroi, Terminal Tax and Toll.

Inspection of imported goods, etc.

81. Every person bringing or receiving any goods, vehicles or animals within the limits of any cantonment in which octroi or terminal tax or toll is leviable, shall, when so required by an officer duly authorized by the Cantonment Authority in this behalf, so far as may be necessary for ascertaining the amount of tax chargeable, —

(a) permit that officer to inspect, examine or weigh such goods, vehicles or animals; and

(b) communicate to that officer any information, and exhibit to him any bill, invoice or document of a like nature, which such person may possess relating to such goods, vehicles or animals.

Evasion of octroi or terminal tax.

82. (1) A person introducing or attempting to introduce within the limits of a cantonment or abetting the introduction therein, of any goods, vehicles or animals, for which the octroi, terminal tax or toll leviable has neither been paid nor tendered, shall be punishable with fine which may extend either to ten times the value of such octroi, terminal tax or toll, or to fifty rupees, whichever is greater, and which shall not be less than twice the value of such octroi, terminal tax or toll, as the case may be.

(2) In case of non-payment of any octroi or terminal tax or toll on demand the officer empowered to collect the same may seize any goods, vehicles or animals on which the octroi, terminal tax or toll is chargeable or any part or number thereof which is of sufficient value to satisfy the demand.

(3) The Cantonment Authority, after the lapse of five days from the seizure, and after the issue of a notice in writing to the person in whose possession the goods, vehicles or animals were at the time of seizure, fixing the time and place of sale, may cause the property so seized, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be sold by auction to satisfy the demand and any expenses occasioned by the seizure, custody and sale thereof, unless the demand and expenses are in the meantime paid :

Provided that the Executive Officer may, in any case, order that any article of a perishable nature which cannot be kept for five days without serious risk of damage, or which cannot be kept save at a cost which together with the amount of octroi, terminal tax or toll is likely to exceed its value, shall be sold after the lapse of such shorter time as he may, having regard to the nature of the article, think proper.

(4) If at any time before the sale has begun, the person whose property has been seized tenders to the Executive Officer the amount of all expenses incurred and of the octroi, terminal tax or toll, the Executive Officer shall release the property seized.

(5) The surplus, if any, of the sale proceeds shall be credited to the cantonment fund, and shall, on application made to the Cantonment Authority within one year after the sale, be paid to the person in whose possession the property was at the time of seizure, and, if no such application is made, shall be the property of the Cantonment Authority.

Lease of octroi
terminal tax or
toll.

83. It shall be lawful for the Cantonment Authority, with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, to lease the collection of any octroi, terminal tax or toll for any period not exceeding one year; and the lessee and all persons employed by him in the management and collection of the octroi, terminal tax or toll shall, in respect thereof,—

- (a) be bound by any orders made by the Cantonment Authority for their guidance ;
- (b) have such power exercisable by officers or servants of the Cantonment Authority under this Act as the Cantonment Authority may confer upon them ; and
- (c) be entitled to the same remedies and be subject to the same responsibilities as if they were employed by the Cantonment Authority for the management and collection of the octroi, terminal tax or toll, as the case may be :

Provided that no article distrained may be sold except under the orders of the Cantonment Authority.

Appeals.

Appeals against
assessment.

84. (1) An appeal against the assessment or levy of, or against the refusal to refund, any tax under this Act shall lie to the District Magistrate or to such other officer as may be empowered by the Local Government in this behalf :

Provided that, where there is a Board and the person to whom the appeal would ordinarily lie is, or was when the tax was imposed, a member of the Board, the appeal shall lie to the Commissioner of the Division, or in a province where there are no Commissioners, to the District Judge.

(2) If, on the hearing of an appeal under this section, any question as to the liability to, or the principle of assessment of, a tax arises on which the officer hearing the appeal entertains reasonable doubt, he may, either of his own motion or on the application of the appellant, draw up a statement of the facts of the case and the point on which doubt is entertained and refer the statement with his own opinion on the point for the decision of the High Court.

(3) On a reference being made under sub-section (2), the subsequent proceedings in the case shall be as nearly as may be

in conformity with the rules relating to references to the High Court contained in Order XLVI of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

V of 1908.

Costs of appeal.

85. In every appeal the costs shall be in the discretion of the officer hearing the appeal.

Recovery of costs from Cantonment Authority.

86. If the Cantonment Authority fails to pay any costs awarded to any appellant within ten days after the date of the order for payment thereof, the officer awarding the costs may order the person having the custody of the balance of the cantonment fund to pay the amount.

Conditions of right to appeal.

87. No appeal shall be heard or determined under this Chapter unless—

(a) the appeal is, in the case of a tax assessed on the annual value of buildings or lands or both, brought within thirty days next after the date of the authentication of the assessment list under section 69 (exclusive of the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the relevant entries therein, or, as the case may be, within thirty days of the date on which an amendment is finally made under section 71, and, in the case of any other tax, within thirty days next after the date of the receipt of the notice of assessment or of alteration of assessment or, if no notice has been given, within thirty days next after the date of the presentation of the first bill in respect thereof :

Provided that an appeal may be admitted after the expiration of the period prescribed therefor by this section if the appellant satisfies the Court before whom the appeal is preferred that he had sufficient cause for not preferring it within that period ;

(b) the amount, if any, in dispute in the appeal has been deposited by the appellant in the office of the Cantonment Authority.

Finality of appellate orders.

88. The order of an appellate authority confirming, setting aside or modifying an order in respect of any valuation or assessment or liability to assessment or taxation shall be final :

Provided that it shall be lawful for the appellate authority, upon application or on its own motion, to review any order passed by it in appeal if application in this behalf is made within three months from the date of the original order.

Payment and Recovery of Taxes

Time and manner of payment of taxes.

89. Save as otherwise expressly provided under this Act any tax imposed under the provisions of this Act shall be payable on such dates and in such instalments, if any, as the Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, direct.

Presentation of bill.

90. (1) When any tax has become due, the Executive Officer shall cause to be presented to the person liable for the payment thereof a bill for the amount due.

(2) Every such bill shall specify the particulars of the tax and the period for which the charge is made.

Notice of demand.

91. (1) If the amount of the tax for which any bill has been presented is not paid to the Cantonment Authority within fifteen days from the presentation thereof, the Executive Officer may cause to be served upon the person liable for the payment of the same a notice of demand in the form set forth in Schedule I.

(2) For every notice of demand which the Executive Officer causes to be served on any person under this section, a fee of such amount, not exceeding one rupee, as shall in each case be fixed by the Executive Officer shall be payable by the said person and shall be included in the costs of recovery.

Recovery of tax. **92.** (1) If the person liable for the payment of any tax does not, within fifteen days from the service of the notice of demand, pay the amount due, or show sufficient cause for non-payment of the same to the satisfaction of the Executive Officer, such sum, with all costs of recovery, may be recovered under a warrant, issued in the form set forth in Schedule II, by distress and sale of the moveable property of the defaulter :

Provided that the Executive Officer shall not recover any sum the liability for which has been remitted on appeal under this Chapter.

(2) Every warrant issued under this section shall be signed by the Executive Officer.

Distress.

93. (1) It shall be lawful for any servant of the Cantonment Authority to whom a warrant issued under section 92 is addressed to distrain, wherever it may be found, any moveable property of the person therein named as defaulter, subject to the following conditions, exceptions and exemptions, namely :—

- (a) the following property shall not be distrained :—
 - (i) the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of the defaulter, his wife and children,
 - (ii) tools of artisans,
 - (iii) books of account, or
 - (iv) when the defaulter is an agriculturist his implements of husbandry, seed-grain, and such cattle as may be necessary to enable the defaulter to earn his livelihood ;
- (b) the distress shall not be excessive, that is to say, the property distrained shall be as nearly as possible equal in value to the amount recoverable under the warrant, and if any property has been distrained which, in the opinion of the Executive Officer, should not have been distrained, it shall forthwith be returned.

(2) The person charged with the execution of a warrant of distress shall forthwith make an inventory of the property which he seizes under such warrant, and shall, at the same time, give a written notice in the form set forth in Schedule III to the person in possession thereof at the time of seizure that the said property will be sold as therein mentioned.

Disposal of distrained property.

94. (1) When the property seized is subject to speedy and natural decay, or when the expense of keeping it in custody is, when added to the amount to be recovered, likely to exceed its value, the Executive Officer shall give notice to the person in whose possession the property was at the time of seizure that it will be sold at once and shall sell it accordingly unless the amount mentioned in the warrant is forthwith paid.

(2) If the warrant is not in the meantime suspended by the Executive Officer, or discharged, the property seized shall, after the expiry of the period named in the notice served under subsection (2) of section 93, be sold by order of the Executive Officer.

(3) The surplus of the sale proceeds, if any, shall forthwith be credited to the cantonment fund, and notice of such credit shall be given at the same time to the person from whose possession the property was taken, and, if the same be claimed by written application to the Cantonment Authority within one year from the date of the notice, a refund thereof shall be made to such person. Any surplus not claimed within one year as aforesaid shall be the property of the Cantonment Authority.

(4) For every distraint made under this Chapter, a fee of such amount, not exceeding one rupee, as shall in each case be fixed by the Executive Officer shall be charged, and the said fee shall be included in the costs of recovery.

Recovery from a person about to leave cantonment.

95. (1) If the Executive Officer has reason to believe that any person from whom any sum is due on account of any tax is about to remove from the cantonment, he may direct the immediate payment by such person of the sum so due or about to become due and cause a bill for the same to be served on such person.

(2) If, on the service of such bill, such person does not forthwith pay the sum so due or about to become due, the amount shall be leviable by distress and sale in the manner hereinbefore provided in this Chapter, except that it shall not be necessary to serve upon the defaulter any notice of demand and the warrant for distress and sale may be issued and executed without any delay.

Power to institute suit for recovery.

96. Instead of proceeding against a defaulter by distress and sale as hereinbefore provided in this Chapter, or after a defaulter has been so proceeded against unsuccessfully or with only partial success, any sum due or the balance of any sum due, as the case may be, from such defaulter on account of a tax may be recovered from him by a suit in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Special Provisions relating to Taxation.

Power to prohibit or exempt from taxation.

97. Every Cantonment Authority shall be deemed to be a Municipal Committee for the purposes of sections 3 and 4 of the Municipal Taxation Act, 1881.

XI of 1881.

Power to make special provision for conservancy in certain cases.

98. A Cantonment Authority may make special provision for the cleansing of any factory, hotel, club or group of buildings or lands used for any one purpose and under one management, and may fix a special rate and the dates and other conditions for periodical payment thereof, which shall be determined by a written agreement with the person liable for the payment of the conservancy or scavenging tax in respect of such factory, hotel, club or group of buildings or lands :

Provided that, in fixing the amount, proper regard shall be had to the probable cost to the Cantonment Authority of the services to be rendered.

Exemption from ordinary tax when provision made under section 98.

99. When, in pursuance of section 98, a Cantonment Authority has fixed a special rate for the cleansing of any factory, hotel, club or group of buildings or lands, such premises shall be exempted from the payment of any conservancy or scavenging tax imposed in the cantonment.

Exemption of poor persons.

100. A Cantonment Authority may exempt for a period not exceeding one year at a time from the payment of any tax or any portion of a tax imposed under this Act any person who is in its opinion by reason of poverty unable to pay the same.

Composition.

101. (1) A Cantonment Authority may, with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, allow any person to compound for any tax.

(2) Every sum due by reason of the composition of a tax under sub-section (1) shall be recoverable as if it were a tax.

Irrecoverable debts.

102. A Cantonment Authority may write off any sum due on account of any tax or of the costs of recovering any tax if such sum is, in its opinion, irrecoverable.

Obligation to disclose liability

103. (1) The Executive Officer may, by written communication, call upon any inhabitant of the cantonment to furnish such information as may be necessary for the purpose of ascertaining—

(a) whether such inhabitant is liable to pay any tax imposed under this Act ;

(b) at what amount he should be assessed ;

(c) the annual value of the building or land which he occupies and the name and address of the owner or lessee thereof.

(2) If any person, when called upon under sub-section (1) to furnish information, omits to furnish it or furnishes information which is not true to the best of his knowledge or belief, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Immaterial error not to effect liability.

104. No assessment and no charge or demand on account of any tax or fee shall be impeached or affected by reason only of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay such tax or fee, or in the description of any property or thing, or any mistake in the amount of the assessment, charge or demand, if the directions contained in this Act and the rules and bye-laws made thereunder have in substance and effect been complied with; but any person who sustains any special damage by reason of any such mistake shall be entitled to recover compensation for the same by suit in a Court of competent jurisdiction.

Distrainment not to be invalid by reason of immaterial defect.

105. No distress levied under this Chapter shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any person making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account only of any defect of form in the notice of demand, warrant of distress or other proceeding relating thereto; nor shall any such person be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but any person who sustains any special damage by reason of any such irregularity shall be entitled to recover compensation for the same by suit in a Court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER VI.

CANTONMENT FUND AND PROPERTY.

Cantonment Fund.

Cantonment fund.

106. There shall be formed for every cantonment a cantonment fund, and there shall be placed to the credit thereof of the following sums, namely:—

- (a) all sums received by or on behalf of the Cantonment Authority, and
- (b) subject to any deductions made under section 545 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or under any other law for the time being in force, or under any order of the Local Government, all fines recovered from persons convicted of offences committed within the cantonment—
- (i) under this Act or any rule or bye-law made thereunder or
- (ii) under section 34 of the Police Act, 1861 or under any corresponding enactment for the time being in force, or
- (iii) under Chapter XIII or Chapter XIV of the Indian Penal Code, or
- (iv) under section 156 of the Army Act, or
- (v) under the provisions of any enactment wherein or whereunder provision is made for a fine being credited to the cantonment fund, or
- (vi) under any other enactment for the time being in force in respect of which the Governor General in Council may, by general or special order, direct that fines realised thereunder shall be credited to the cantonment fund.

V of 1898.

V of 1961.

XLV of 1860.

44 and 45
Vict., c 8.

Custody of cantonment fund.

107. (1) Where in or near a cantonment there is a Government treasury, or sub-treasury, or a branch of the Imperial Bank of India, the cantonment fund shall be kept in such treasury, sub-treasury or bank, as the case may be.

(2) Where there is no such treasury, sub-treasury or bank, the cantonment fund may be deposited with any bank to which the Government treasury business has been entrusted, and, in the absence of such a bank, with any banker or person acting as a banker who has given such security for the safe custody of the fund and the payment on demand of the fund so kept as the Local Government may in each case direct.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), a Cantonment Authority may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government, place in fixed deposit with the Imperial Bank of India any surplus funds in

its hands which may not be required for immediate use, or may invest the same in securities of the Government of India or a Local Government or in such other securities as the Local Government may approve in this behalf, and may vary such investments for others of a like nature and may dispose of such securities as may be necessary.

(4) The income resulting from any fixed deposit or from any such security as is referred to in sub-section (3) or from the proceeds of the sale of any such security shall be credited to the cantonment fund.

Property.

Property.

108. Subject to any special reservation made by the Governor General in Council or the Local Government, all property of the nature hereinafter in this section specified which has been acquired or provided or is maintained by a Cantonment Authority, shall vest in and belong to that Cantonment Authority, and shall be under its direction, management and control, that is to say,—

- (a) all markets, slaughter-houses, manure and nightsoil depôts, and buildings of every description ;
- (b) all water-works for the supply, storage or distribution of water for public purposes, and all bridges, buildings, engines, materials, and things connected therewith or appertaining thereto ;
- (c) all sewers, drains, culverts and water-courses, and all works, materials and things appertaining thereto ;
- (d) all dust, dirt, dung, ashes, refuse, animal matter, filth and rubbish of every kind, and dead bodies of animals, collected by the Cantonment Authority from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, cesspools or elsewhere, or deposited in places appointed by the Cantonment Authority for such purpose ;
- (e) all lamps and lamp-posts and apparatus connected therewith or appertaining thereto ;
- (f) all land or other property transferred to the Cantonment Authority by His Majesty, or by gift, purchase or otherwise for local public purposes ; and
- (g) all streets and the pavements, stones and other materials thereof, and also all trees, erections, materials, implements, and things existing on or appertaining to streets.

Application of
cantonment fund
and property.

109. The cantonment fund and all property vested in a Cantonment Authority shall be applied for the purposes, whether express or implied, for which, by or under this Act or any other law for the time being in force, powers are conferred or duties or obligations are imposed upon the Cantonment Authority :

Provided that the Cantonment Authority shall not incur any expenditure for acquiring or renting land beyond the limits of the cantonment or for constructing any work beyond such limits, except—

- (a) with the sanction of the Local Government, and
- (b) on such terms and conditions as the Local Government may impose :

Provided, further, that priority shall be given in the order hereinafter set forth to the following liabilities and obligations of a Cantonment Authority, that is to say,—

- (a) to the liabilities and obligations arising from a trust legally imposed upon or accepted by the Cantonment Authority ;
- (b) to the repayment of, and the payment of interest on, any loan incurred under the provisions of the Local Authorities Loans Act, 1914 ;
- (c) to the payment of establishment charges ; and
- (d) to the payment of any sum the payment of which is expressly required by the provisions of this Act or any rule or bye-law made thereunder.

Acquisition of
immoveable prop-
erty.

110. When there is any hindrance to the permanent or temporary acquisition upon payment of any land required by a Cantonment Authority for the purposes of this Act, the Local Government may, at the request of the Cantonment Authority, proceed to acquire it under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, and on payment by the Cantonment Authority of the compensation awarded under that Act and of the charges incurred by the Government in connection with the proceedings, the land shall vest in the Cantonment Authority.

I of 1894

Power to make
rules regarding
cantonment fund
and property.

111. The Governor General in Council may make rules consistent with this Act to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the conditions on which property may be acquired by Cantonment Authorities or on which property vested in a Cantonment Authority may be transferred by sale, mortgage, lease, exchange or otherwise; and
- (b) any other matter relating to the cantonment fund or cantonment property in respect of which no provision or insufficient provision is made by or under this Act, and provision is, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, necessary.

CHAPTER VII.

CONTRACTS.

Contracts by
whom to be exe-
cuted.

112. Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, every Cantonment Authority shall be competent to enter into and perform any contract necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Sanction.

113. (1) No lease or other contract which is to remain in operation for more than twelve months shall be executed by or on behalf of a Cantonment Authority without the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the District.

(2) Every contract—

- (a) for which budget provision does not exist, or
- (b) which involves a value or amount exceeding one hundred rupees,

shall require the sanction of the Cantonment Authority.

(3) Every contract other than a contract such as is referred to in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall be sanctioned by the Cantonment Authority or by the Executive Officer on behalf of the Cantonment Authority.

Execution of
contracts.

114. (1) Every contract made by or on behalf of a Cantonment Authority, the value or amount of which exceeds fifty rupees, shall be in writing and every such contract shall, where there is a Board, be signed by two members, of whom the President or the Vice-President shall be one, and be countersigned by the Executive Officer and be sealed with the common seal of the Board, or, where there is no Board, be signed by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment and be sealed with the official seal of the Cantonment Authority :

Provided that where there is a Board, the Executive Officer may in a case of urgency, with the previous sanction of the President of the Board, execute on behalf of the Board any contract the value or amount of which does not exceed two hundred rupees.

(2) Where an Executive Officer executes a contract on behalf of a Board under sub-section (1), he shall submit a report of his action and of the reasons therefor to the Board at its next meeting.

Contracts improp-
erly executed
not to be binding
on a Cantonment
Authority.

115. If any contract is executed by or on behalf of a Cantonment Authority otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, it shall not be binding on the Cantonment Authority.

CHAPTER VIII.

DUTIES AND DISCRETIONARY FUNCTIONS OF CANTONMENT AUTHORITIES.

Duties of Cantonment Authority.

116. It shall be the duty of every Cantonment Authority so far as the funds at its disposal permit to make reasonable provisions within the cantonment for—

- (a) lighting streets and other public places ;
- (b) watering streets and other public places ;
- (c) cleansing streets, public places and drains, abating nuisances and removing noxious vegetation ;
- (d) regulating offensive, dangerous or obnoxious trades, callings and practices ;
- (e) removing, on the ground of public safety, health or convenience, undesirable obstruction and projections in streets and other public places ;
- (f) securing or removing dangerous buildings and places ;
- (g) acquiring, maintaining, changing and regulating places for the disposal of the dead ;
- (h) constructing, altering and maintaining streets, culverts, markets, slaughter-houses, latrines, privies, urinals, drains, drainage works and sewerage works ;
- (i) planting and maintaining streets on roadsides and other public places ;
- (j) providing or arranging for, a sufficient supply of pure and wholesome water, guarding from pollution water used for human consumption, and preventing polluted water from being so used ;
- (k) registering births and deaths ;
- (l) establishing and maintaining a system of public vaccination ;
- (m) establishing, and maintaining or supporting, public hospitals and dispensaries, and providing public medical relief ;
- (n) establishing and maintaining primary schools ;
- (o) rendering assistance in extinguishing fires, and protecting life and property when fires occur ;
- (p) maintaining and developing the value of property vested in or entrusted to the management of the Cantonment Authority ; and
- (q) fulfilling any other obligation imposed upon it by or under this Act or any other law for the time being in force.

Discretionary functions of Cantonment Authority.

117. A Cantonment Authority may, within the cantonment, make provision for—

- (a) laying out in areas, whether previously built upon or not, new streets, and acquiring land for that purpose and for the construction of buildings, and compounds of buildings, to abut on such streets ;
- (b) constructing, establishing or maintaining public parks, gardens, offices, dairies, bathing or washing places ; drinking fountains, tanks, wells and other works of public utility ;
- (c) reclaiming unhealthy localities ;
- (d) furthering educational objects by measures other than the establishment and maintenance of primary schools ;
- (e) taking a census and granting rewards for information which may tend to secure the correct registration of vital statistics ;
- (f) making a survey ;

- (g) giving relief on the occurrence of local epidemics by the establishment or maintenance of relief works or otherwise ;
- (h) securing or assisting to secure suitable places for the carrying on of any offensive, dangerous or obnoxious trade, calling or occupation ;
- (i) establishing and maintaining a farm or other place for the disposal of sewage ;
- (j) constructing, subsidising or guaranteeing tramways or other means of locomotion, and electric lighting or electric power works ;
- (k) adopting any measure, other than a measure specified in section 116 or in the foregoing provisions of this section, likely to promote the safety, health or convenience of the inhabitants of the cantonment ; or
- (l) the doing of anything on which expenditure is declared by the Local Government, or by the Cantonment Authority with the sanction of the Local Government, to be an appropriate charge on the cantonment fund.

CHAPTER IX.

PUBLIC SAFETY AND SUPPRESSION OF NUISANCE.

General Nuisance.

Penalty for
causing nuisance.

118. (1) Whoever—

- (a) in any street or other public place within a cantonment—
 - (i) is drunk and disorderly or drunk and incapable of taking care of himself ; or
 - (ii) uses any threatening, abusive or insulting words, or behaves in a threatening or insulting manner, with intent to provoke a breach of the peace, or whereby a breach of the peace is likely to be occasioned ; or
 - (iii) eases himself, or wilfully or indecently exposes his person ; or
 - (iv) loiters, or begs importunately for alms ; or
 - (v) exposes or exhibits, with the object of exciting charity, any deformity or disease or any offensive sore or wound ; or
 - (vi) carries meat exposed to public view ; or
 - (vii) is found gaming ; or
 - (viii) pickets animals, or collects carts ; or
 - (ix) being engaged in the removal of night-soil or other offensive matter or rubbish, wilfully or negligently permits any portion thereof to spill or fall, or neglects to sweep away or otherwise effectually to remove any portion thereof which may spill or fall in such street or place ; or
 - (x) without proper authority affixes upon any building, monument, post, wall, fence, tree or other thing, any bill, notice or other document ; or
 - (xi) without proper authority defaces or writes upon or otherwise marks any building, monument, post, wall, fence, tree or other thing ; or
 - (xii) without proper authority removes, destroys, defaces or otherwise obliterates any notice or other document put up or exhibited under this Act ; or
 - (xiii) without proper authority displaces, damages, or makes any alteration in, or otherwise interferes with, the pavement, gutter, stormwater-drain, flags or other materials of any such street, or any lamp, bracket, direction-post, hydrant or water-pipe maintained by the Cantonment Authority in any such street or public place, or extinguishes a public light ; or

- (xiv) carries any corpse not decently covered or without taking due precautions to prevent risk of infection or injury to the public health or annoyance to passers by or to persons dwelling in the neighbourhood ; or
- (xv) carries night-soil or other offensive matter or rubbish at any hour prohibited by the Cantonment Authority by public notice, or any pattern of cart or receptacle which has not been approved for the purpose by the Cantonment Authority, or fails to close such cart or receptacle when in use ; or
- (b) carries night-soil or other offensive matter or rubbish along any route in contravention of any prohibition made in this behalf by the Cantonment Authority by public notice ; or
- (c) deposits, or causes or permits to be deposited, earth or materials of any description, or any offensive matter or rubbish, in any place not intended for the purpose in any street or other public place or waste or unoccupied land under the management of the Cantonment Authority ; or
- (d) having charge of a corpse fails to bury, burn or otherwise lawfully dispose of the same within twenty-four hours after death ; or
- (e) makes any grave or buries or burns any corpse in any place not set apart for such purpose ; or
- (f) keeps or uses, or knowingly permits to be kept or used, any place as a common gaming house, or assists in conducting the business of any common gaming house ; or
- (g) at any time or place at which the same has been prohibited by the Cantonment Authority by public or special notice, beats a drum or tom tom, or blows a horn or trumpet, or beats any utensil, or sounds any brass or other instrument, or plays any music ; or
- (h) disturbs the public peace or order by singing, screaming or shouting ; or
- (i) lets loose any animal so as to cause, or negligently allows any animal to cause, injury, danger, alarm or annoyance to any person ; or
- (j) being the occupier of any building or land in or upon which an animal dies, neglects within three hours of the death of the animal, or, if the death occurs at night, within three hours after sun-rise, either—
 - (i) to report the occurrence to the Executive Officer or to an officer, if any, appointed by him in this behalf with a view to securing the removal and disposal of the carcase by the public conservancy establishment, or
 - (ii) to remove and dispose of the carcase in accordance with any general directions given by the Cantonment Authority by public notice or any special directions given by the Executive Officer on receipt of such report as aforesaid ; or
- (k) save with the written permission of the Cantonment Authority and in such manner as it may authorize, stores or uses night-soil, manure, rubbish or any other substance emitting an offensive smell ; or
- (l) uses or permits to be used as a latrine any place not intended for that purpose ;

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

(2) Whoever does not take reasonable means to prevent any child under the age of twelve years, being in his charge, from easing himself in any street or other public place within the cantonment shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees.

(3) The owner or keeper of any animal found picketed or straying without a keeper in a street or other public place in a

cantonment shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

(4) Any animal found picketed as aforesaid may be removed by any officer or servant of the Cantonment Authority or by any police officer to a pound as if the animal had been found straying.

Dogs.

Registration
and control of
dogs.

119. (1) A Cantonment Authority may make bye-laws to provide for the registration of all dogs kept within the cantonment.

(2) Such bye-laws shall—

- (a) require the registration, by the Officer Commanding each military unit, of all dogs kept in the lines occupied by that unit;
- (b) require that every registered dog shall wear a collar to which shall be attached a metal token to be issued by the registration authority, and fix the fee payable for the issue thereof;
- (c) require that any dog which has not been registered or which is not wearing such token shall, if found in any public place, be detained at a place set apart for the purpose; and
- (d) fix the fee which shall be charged for such detention and provide that any such dog shall, be liable to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of unless it is claimed, and the fee in respect thereof is paid, within one week;

and may provide for such other matters as the Cantonment Authority thinks fit.

(3) A Cantonment Authority may—

- (a) cause to be destroyed, or to be confined for such period as that Authority may direct, any dog or other animal which is, or is reasonably suspected to be, suffering from rabies, or which has been bitten by any dog or other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies;
- (b) by public notice direct that, after such date as may be specified in the notice, dogs which are without collars or without marks distinguishing them as private property and are found straying on the streets or beyond the enclosures of the houses of their owners, if any, may be destroyed, and cause them to be destroyed accordingly.

(4) No damages shall be payable in respect of any dog or other animal destroyed or otherwise disposed of under this section.

(5) Whoever, being the owner or person in charge of any dog, neglects to restrain it so that it shall not be at large in any street without being muzzled and without being secured by a chain lead, in any case in which—

- (a) he knows that the dog is likely to annoy or intimidate any person, or
- (b) the Cantonment Authority has, by public notice during the prevalence of rabies, directed that dogs shall not be at large without muzzles and chain leads,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

(6) Whoever in a cantonment—

- (a) allows any ferocious dog which belongs to him or is in his charge to be at large without being muzzled, or
- (b) sets on or urges any dog or other animal to attack, worry or intimidate any person, or

- (c) knowing or having reason to believe that any dog or animal belonging to him or in his charge has been bitten by an animal suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies, neglects to give immediate information of the fact to the Executive Officer or gives information which is false,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

Traffic.

Rule of the road.

120. Whoever in driving, leading or propelling a vehicle along a street fails, except in a case of actual necessity,—

- (a) to keep to the left when passing a vehicle coming from the opposite direction, or
(b) to keep to the right when passing a vehicle going in the same direction as himself,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Prevention of Fire, etc.

Use of inflammable materials for building purposes.

121. (1) A Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, direct that within such limits in the cantonment as may be specified in the notice, the roofs and external walls of huts or other buildings shall not, without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, be made or renewed of grass, mats, leaves or other inflammable materials, and may, by notice in writing, require any person who has disobeyed any such direction as aforesaid to remove or alter the roofs or walls so made or renewed.

(2) A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner of any building in the cantonment which has an external roof or wall made of any such material as aforesaid to remove such roof or wall within such time as may be specified in the notice, notwithstanding that a public notice under sub-section (1) has not been issued or that such roof or wall was made with the consent of the Cantonment Authority or before the issue of such public notice:

Provided that in the case of any such roof or wall in existence before the issue of such a public notice or made with the consent of the Cantonment Authority, that authority shall make compensation, not exceeding the original cost of constructing the roof or wall, for any damage caused by the removal.

Stacking or collecting inflammable materials.

122. A Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit in any case where such prohibition appears to it to be necessary for the prevention of danger to life or property, the stacking or collecting of wood, dry grass, straw or other inflammable materials, or the placing of mats or thatched huts or the lighting of fires in any place in the cantonment, or within any limits therein, which may be specified in the notice.

Care of naked lights.

123. No person shall set a naked light on or near any building in any street or other public place in a cantonment in such manner as to cause danger of fire:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit the use, subject to the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, of lights for purposes of illumination on the occasion of a festival or public or private entertainment.

Regulation of cinematographic and dramatic performances.

124. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Cinematograph Act, 1918, no exhibition of pictures or other optical effects by means of a cinematograph or other like apparatus for the purpose of which inflammable films are used, and no public dramatic performance or pantomime, shall be given in any cantonment elsewhere than in premises for which a licence has been granted by the Cantonment Authority under this section.

(2) If the owner of a cinematograph or other apparatus uses the apparatus or allows it to be used, or if any person takes any part in any public dramatic performance or pantomime, in contravention of the provisions of this section, or if

the occupier of any premises allows them to be used in contravention of the provisions of this section or of any condition of any licence granted under this section, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to fifty rupees for each day after the first during which the offence continues.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit the giving of any exhibition or any dramatic performance or pantomime in any theatre or institute which is the property of Government where the exhibition, performance or pantomime is held with the permission and under the control of the military authorities.

Discharging fireworks, fire-arms, etc.

125. Whoever in a cantonment discharges any fire-arm or lets off fireworks or fire-balloons or engages in any game in such manner as to cause or to be likely to cause danger to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be liable to fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Power to require building, wells, etc., to be rendered safe.

126. Where in a cantonment any building, or wall, or any thing affixed thereto, or any well, tank, reservoir, pool, depression, or excavation, or any bank or tree, is, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, for want of sufficient repairs, protection or enclosure, dangerous to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner thereof to repair, protect or enclose the same in such manner as it thinks necessary; and, if the danger is, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, imminent, it shall forthwith take such steps as it thinks necessary to avert the same.

Enclosure of waste land used for improper purposes

127. A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or part owner, or person claiming to be the owner or part owner, of any building or land in the cantonment, or the lessee, or the person claiming to be the lessee of any such land, which, by reason of disuse or disputed ownership or other cause, has remained unoccupied and has become the resort of idle and disorderly persons or of persons who have no ostensible means of subsistence or cannot give a satisfactory account of themselves, or is used for gaming or immoral purposes, or otherwise occasions or is likely to occasion a nuisance, to secure and enclose the same within such time as may be specified in the notice.

CHAPTER X.

SANITATION AND THE PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DISEASE.

Sanitary Authorities.

Responsibility for sanitation.

128. The following officers shall, for the purposes of sanitation, have control over, and be responsible for maintaining in a sanitary condition, those parts of a cantonment, respectively, which are specified in the case of each, that is to say:—

- (a) the Commanding Officer of the cantonment—all buildings and lands which are occupied or used for military purposes;
- (b) the Officer Commanding the air forces in the cantonment—all buildings and lands which are occupied or used for air-force purposes;
- (c) the head of any civil department or railway administration occupying as such any part of the cantonment—all buildings and lands in his charge as head of that department or administration.

General duties
of Health Officer.

129. (1) The Health Officer shall exercise a general sanitary supervision over the whole cantonment and shall submit monthly to the Cantonment Authority a report as to the sanitary condition of the cantonment, together with such recommendations in connection therewith as he thinks fit.

(2) The Assistant Health Officer shall perform such duties in connection with the sanitation of the cantonment as are, subject to the control of the Cantonment Authority, allotted to him by the Health Officer.

Conservancy and Sanitation.

Public latrines,
urinals, and con-
servancy estab-
lishments.

130. All public latrines and urinals provided or maintained by a Cantonment Authority shall be so constructed as to provide separate compartments for each sex and not to be a nuisance, and shall be provided with all necessary conservancy establishments, and shall regularly be cleansed and kept in proper order.

Power of Can-
tonment Autho-
rity to undertake
private conser-
vancy arrange-
ments.

131. (1) On the application or, with the consent of the occupier of any building or land, or, where the occupier of any building or land fails to make arrangements to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority for the matters referred to in this section, without such consent, and after giving notice in writing to the occupier, a Cantonment Authority may undertake the house scavenging of any building or land in the cantonment for such period as it thinks fit on such terms as it may prescribe in this behalf.

(2) Where the Cantonment Authority has undertaken the duties referred to in this section, all matter removed in the performance of such duties shall be the property of that Authority.

(3) For the purposes of this section, "house scavenging" means the removal of filth or rubbish or other offensive matter from a privy, latrine, urinal, drain, cess-pool, or other common receptacle for such matter.

Deposit and dis-
posal of rubbish,
etc.

132. (1) Every Cantonment Authority shall provide or appoint, in proper and convenient situations, public receptacles, depots or places for the temporary deposit or disposal of household rubbish, offensive matter, carcases of dead animals, and sewage.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, issue directions as to the time at which, the manner in which, and the conditions subject to which, any matter referred to in sub-section (1) may be removed along a street or may be deposited or otherwise disposed of.

(3) All matter deposited in receptacles, depots or places provided or appointed under this section shall be the property of the Cantonment Authority.

Cess-pools, re-
ceptacles for filth,
etc.

133. The Executive Officer of any Cantonment may, by notice in writing,—

- (a) require any person having the control whether as owner, lessee or occupier of any land or building in the cantonment—
 - (i) to close any cess-pool appertaining to the land or building which is, in the opinion of the Executive Officer, a nuisance, or
 - (ii) to keep in a clean condition, in such manner as may be prescribed by the notice, any receptacle for filth or sewage accumulating on the land or in the building, or
 - (iii) to prevent the water of any private latrine, urinal, sink or bath-room, or any other offensive matter, from soaking, draining or flowing, or being put, from the land or building upon any street or other public place, or into any water-course or into any drain not intended for the purpose, or

(iv) to collect and deposit for removal by the conservancy establishment of the Cantonment Authority, within such time and in such receptacle or place, situate at not more than one hundred feet from the nearest boundary of the premises, as may be specified in the notice, any offensive matter or rubbish which such person has allowed to accumulate or remain under, in or on such building or land ; or

(b) require any person to desist from making or altering any drain leading into a public drain, or

(c) require any person having the control of a drain in the cantonment to cleanse, purify, repair or alter the same, or otherwise put it in good order, within such time as may be specified in the notice.

Filling up of
tank, etc.

134. (1) Where any well, tank, cistern, reservoir, receptacle or other place in the cantonment where water is stored or accumulates, whether within any private enclosure or not, is in such a condition as to create a nuisance or, in the opinion of the Health Officer, or the Assistant Health Officer, is or is likely to be a breeding place for mosquitoes, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier thereof within such period as may be specified in the notice, to fill up or cover the well, cistern, reservoir or receptacle, or to fill up the tank, or to drain off or remove the water, as the case may be.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may, if it thinks fit, with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the District, meet the whole or any portion of the expenses incurred in complying with a requisition under sub-section (1).

Provision
latrines, etc.

135. A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of any building or land in the cantonment to provide, in such manner as may be specified in the notice, any latrine, urinal, cess-pool, dust-bin or other receptacle for filth, sewage, or rubbish, or any additional latrine, urinal, cess-pool or other receptacle as aforesaid, which should, in its opinion, be provided for the building or land.

Sanitation
factories, etc.

136. Every person employing, whether on behalf of the Government or otherwise, more than ten workmen or labourers, and every person managing or having control of a market, school, theatre or other place of public resort, in a cantonment shall give notice of the fact to the Cantonment Authority, and shall provide such latrines and urinals, and shall employ such number of sweepers, as the Cantonment Authority thinks fit, and shall cause the latrines and urinals to be kept clean and in proper order :

• Provided that nothing in this section shall apply in the case of a factory to which the Indian Factories Act, 1911, applies.

XII of 1911.

Private latrines.

137. A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing,—

(a) require the owner or other person having the control of any private latrine or urinal in the cantonment not to put the same to public use ; or

(b) where any plan for the construction of private latrines or urinals has been approved by the Cantonment Authority, and copies thereof may be obtained free of charge on application,—

(i) require any person repairing or constructing any such private latrine or urinal not to allow the same to be used until it has been inspected by or under the direction of the Health Officer and approved by him as conforming with such plan, or

(ii) require any person having control of any such private latrine or urinal to re-build or alter the same in accordance with such plan ; or

- (c) require the owner or other person having the control of any such private latrine or urinal which, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, constitutes a nuisance, to remove the latrine or urinal; or
- (d) require any person having the control whether as owner, lessee or occupier of any land or building in the cantonment—
 - (i) to have any latrines provided for the same shut out by a sufficient roof and wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or dwelling in the neighbourhood, or
 - (ii) to cleanse in such a manner as the Cantonment Authority may specify in the notice any latrine or urinal belonging to the land or building; or
- (e) require any person being the owner and having the control of any drain in the cantonment to provide, within ten days from the service of the notice, such covering as may be specified in the notice.

Removal of congested buildings.

138. (1) Where it appears to a Cantonment Authority that any block of buildings in the cantonment is in an unhealthy condition by reason of the manner in which the buildings are crowded together, or of the narrowness or closeness of the street, or of the want of proper drainage or ventilation, or of the impracticability of cleansing the buildings or other similar cause, it may cause the block to be inspected by a committee consisting of—

- (a) the Health Officer,
- (b) the Civil Surgeon of the district or, if his services are not available, some other medical officer of the Government, and
- (c) the Executive Engineer or a person deputed by the Executive Engineer in this behalf.

(2) The committee shall make a report in writing to the Cantonment Authority regarding the sanitary condition of the block, and, if it considers that the condition thereof is likely to cause risk of disease to the inhabitants of the building or of the neighbourhood or otherwise to endanger the public health, it shall clearly indicate on a plan verified by the Executive Engineer or the person deputed by him to serve on the committee, the buildings which should in its opinion wholly or in part be removed in order to abate the unhealthy condition of the block.

(3) If, upon receipt of such report, the Cantonment Authority is of opinion that all or any buildings indicated should be removed, it may, by notice in writing, require the owners thereof to remove them:

Provided that the Cantonment Authority shall make compensation to the owners for any buildings so removed which may have been erected under proper authority:

Provided, further, that the Cantonment Authority may, if it considers it equitable in the circumstances so to do, pay to the owners such sum as it thinks fit as compensation for any buildings so removed which have not been erected under proper authority.

(4) For the purposes of this section "buildings" includes enclosure walls and fences appertaining to buildings.

Overcrowding of dwelling houses.

139. (1) Where it appears to a Cantonment Authority that any building or part of a building in the cantonment which is used as a dwelling house is so overcrowded as to endanger the health of the inmates thereof, it may, after such enquiry as it thinks fit, by notice in writing require the owner or occupier of the building or part thereof, as the case may be, within such time not being less than one month as may be specified in the notice, to abate the overcrowding of the same by reducing the number of lodgers, tenants, or other inmates to such number as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Any person who fails, without reasonable cause, to comply with a requisition made upon him under sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty

rupees, and, in the case of a continuing offence, to an additional fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the failure has continued.

Power
require repair
alteration
building.

140. (1) Where any building in a cantonment is so ill-constructed or dilapidated as to be, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, in an insanitary state, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, within such time as may be specified in the notice, to execute such repairs or to make such alterations as it thinks necessary for the purpose of removing such defects.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted on the building to which it relates.

(3) A notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been complied with if the owner of the building to which it relates has, instead of executing the repairs or making the alterations directed by the notice, removed the building.

Power
require land
building to be
cleansed.

141. (1) The Executive Officer may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any building or land in the cantonment, which appears to him to be in the filthy or insanitary state, within twenty-four hours to cleanse the same or otherwise put it in a proper state, in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(2) If, within three months from the date of the service of a notice under sub-section (1), any building or land in respect of which the notice was issued is again in a filthy or insanitary state, the owner, lessee or occupier, as the case may be, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

Power to order
disuse of house.

142. If a Cantonment Authority is satisfied that any building or part of a building in the cantonment which is intended for or used as a dwelling place is unfit for human habitation, it may cause a notice to be posted on some conspicuous part of the building prohibiting the owner or occupier thereof from using the building or room for human habitation, or allowing it to be so used, until it has been rendered fit for such use to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority.

Removal of
noxious vegeta-
tion.

143. A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee, or occupier of any land in the cantonment to clear away and remove any thing or noxious vegetation or undergrowth which appears to it to be injurious to health or offensive to persons residing in the neighbourhood.

Agriculture and
irrigation.

144. Where, in the opinion of a Cantonment Authority, the cultivation in the cantonment of any description of crop or the use therein of any kind of manure or the irrigation of any land therein in any specified manner is likely to be injurious to the health of persons dwelling in the neighbourhood, the Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit such cultivation, use or irrigation after such date as may be specified in the notice, or may, by a like notice, direct that it shall be carried out subject to such conditions as the Cantonment Authority thinks fit:

Provided that if, when a notice is issued under this section, any land to which it relates has been lawfully prepared for cultivation or any crop is sown therein or is standing thereon, the Cantonment Authority shall, if it directs that the notice is to take effect on a date earlier than that by which the crop would ordinarily be sown or reaped, as the case may be, make compensation to all persons interested in the land or crop for the loss, if any, incurred by them respectively by reason of compliance with the notice.

Burial and Burning Grounds.

Power to call
for information
regarding burial
and burning
grounds.

145. A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or person in charge of any burial or burning ground in the cantonment to supply such information as may be specified in the notice concerning the condition, management or position of such ground.

Permission for
use of new burial
or burning ground.

146. (1) No place in a cantonment which has not been used as a burial or burning ground before the commencement of this Act shall be so used without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority.

(2) Such permission may be granted subject to any conditions which the Cantonment Authority thinks fit to impose for the purpose of preventing annoyance to, or danger to the health of, persons residing in the neighbourhood.

Power to re-
quire closing of
burial or burning
ground.

147. (1) Where a Cantonment Authority, after making or causing to be made local inquiry, is of opinion that any burial or burning ground in the cantonment has become offensive to, or dangerous to the health of, persons living in the neighbourhood, it may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government, by notice in writing, require the owner or person in charge of such ground to close the same from such date as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Where the Local Government sanctions the issue of any notice under sub-section (1), it shall declare the conditions on which the burial or burning ground may be reopened, and a copy of such declaration shall be annexed to the notice.

(3) Where the Local Government sanctions the issue of any such notice, it shall require a new burial or burning ground to be provided at the expense of the cantonment fund or, if the community concerned is willing to provide a new burial or burning ground, the Local Government shall require a grant to be made from the cantonment fund towards the cost of the same.

(4) No corpse shall be buried or burnt in any burial or burning ground in respect of which a notice issued under this section is for the time being in force.

Exemption
from operation of
sections 145 to
147.

148. The provisions of sections 145, 146 and 147 shall not apply in the case of any burial ground which is for the time being managed by or on behalf of the Government.

Removal of
corpses.

149. A Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prescribe routes in the cantonment by which alone corpses may be removed to burial or burning grounds.

Prevention of Infectious or Contagious Diseases.

Obligation to
give information
of infectious or
contagious
diseases.

150. Whoever, being in charge of, or in attendance whether as a medical practitioner or otherwise upon, any person in a cantonment, whom he knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from a contagious or infectious disease, or being the owner, lessee or occupier of any building in a cantonment in which he knows that any such person is so suffering, shall, if he fails to give information, or if he gives false information, to the Cantonment Authority respecting the existence of such disease, be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees :

Provided that no person shall be punishable under this section for failure to give information if he had reasonable cause to believe that the information had already been duly given :

Provided, further, that this section shall not apply in the case of venereal disease where the person suffering therefrom is under specific and adequate medical treatment and is, by reason of his habits and conditions of life and residence, unlikely to spread the disease.

Special mea-
sures in case of
outbreak of infec-
tious or epidemic
diseases.

151. (1) In the event of a cantonment being visited or threatened by an outbreak of any infectious or contagious disease among the inhabitants thereof or of any epidemic disease among any animals therein, the Officer Commanding the District if he thinks that the provisions of this Act or of any law for the time being in force in the cantonment are insufficient for the purpose, may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government,—

(a) take such special measures, and

(b) by public notice, make such temporary regulations to be observed by the public or by any class or section of the public,

as he thinks necessary to prevent the outbreak or the spread of the disease.

(2) Whoever commits a breach of any temporary regulation made under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 188 of the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 1860.

Power to require names of dairyman's customers.

152. Where it is certified to the Executive Officer by a medical practitioner that the outbreak or spread of any infectious or contagious disease in the cantonment is, in the opinion of such medical practitioner, attributable to the milk supplied by any dairyman, the Executive Officer may, by notice in writing, require the dairyman, within such time as may be specified in the notice, to furnish him with a full and complete list of the names and addresses of all his customers within the cantonment or to give him such information as will enable him to trace the persons to whom the dairyman has sold milk.

Power to require names of a washerman's customers.

153. Where it is certified to the Executive Officer by the Health Officer that it is desirable, with a view to prevent the spread of any infectious or contagious disease in the cantonment, that the Health Officer should be furnished with a list of the customers of any washerman, the Executive Officer may, by notice in writing, require the washerman, within a time to be specified in the notice, to furnish the Health Officer with a full and complete list of the names and addresses of all owners within the cantonment of clothes and other articles which the washerman washes or has washed during the six weeks immediately preceding the date of the notice.

Report after inspection of dairy or washerman's place of business.

154. Where, after inspection, the Health Officer is of opinion that any infectious or contagious disease is caused or is likely to arise in the cantonment from the consumption of the milk supplied from a dairy or from the washing of clothes or other articles in any place, or from any process employed by a washerman, he shall report the matter to the Executive Officer.

Action on report submitted by Health Officer.

155. Upon receipt of a report submitted by the Health Officer under section 154, the Executive Officer may, by notice in writing,—

- (a) prohibit the supply of milk from the dairy until the notice has been withdrawn; or
- (b) prohibit the washerman from washing clothes or other articles in any such place or by any such process as aforesaid until the notice has been withdrawn or unless he uses such place in such manner, or washes by such process, as the Executive Officer may direct in the notice.

Examination of milk or washed clothes.

156. The Health Officer may take possession of any milk clothes or other articles which are or have recently been in the possession of any dairyman on whom a notice has been served under section 152, or of any clothes or other articles which are or have recently been in the possession of any washerman, on whom a notice has been served under section 153, and may subject the same or cause the same to be subjected to such chemical or other process as he may think necessary, and the Cantonment Authority shall pay from the cantonment fund all the costs of the process and shall also pay to the owner of the milk, clothes or other articles such sum as compensation for any loss occasioned by such process as may appear to it to be reasonable.

Contamination of public conveyance.

157. Whoever in a cantonment—

- (a) uses a public conveyance while suffering from an infectious or contagious disease, or
- (b) uses a public conveyance for the carriage of a person who is suffering from any such disease, or
- (c) uses a public conveyance for the carriage of the corpse of a person who has died from any such disease,

shall be bound to take proper precautions against the communication of the disease to other persons using or who may

thereafter use the conveyance and to notify such use to the owner, driver or person in charge of the conveyance and further to report without delay to the Executive Officer the number of the conveyance and the name of the person so notified.

Disinfection of
public convey-
ance.

158. (1) Where any person suffering from, or the corpse of any person who has died from, an infectious or contagious disease has been carried in a public conveyance which ordinarily plies in a cantonment, the driver thereof shall forthwith report the fact to the Executive Officer who shall forthwith cause the conveyance to be disinfected if that has not already been done.

(2) No such conveyance shall be brought again into use until the Executive Officer has granted a certificate stating that it can be used without causing risk of infection.

Penalty for
failure to report.

159. Whoever fails to make to the Executive Officer any report which he is required to make by section 157 or section 158, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Driver of conveyance not bound to carry person suffering from infectious or contagious disease.

160. Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, no owner, driver or person in charge of a public conveyance shall be bound to convey or to allow to be conveyed in such conveyance in or in the vicinity of a cantonment any person suffering from an infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died from such disease unless and until such person pays or tenders a sum sufficient to cover any loss and expense which would ordinarily be incurred in disinfecting the conveyance.

Disinfection of
building or articles therein.

161. Where a Cantonment Authority is, upon the advice of the Health Officer, of opinion that the cleansing and disinfection of any building or part of a building in the cantonment or of any articles in any such building or part which are likely to retain infection, or the renewal of the flooring of any such building or part of such building, would tend to prevent or check the spread of any infectious or contagious disease, he may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier to cleanse and disinfect the said building, part or articles, as the case may be, or to renew the said flooring, within such time as may be specified in the notice :

Provided that where, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, the owner or occupier is from poverty or any other cause unable effectually to carry out any such requisition, the Cantonment Authority may, at the expense of the cantonment fund, cleanse and disinfect the building, part or articles, or, as the case may be, renew the flooring.

Destruction of
infectious hut or shed.

162. (1) Where the destruction of any hut or shed in a cantonment is, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, necessary to prevent the spread of any infectious or contagious disease, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner to destroy the hut or shed and the materials thereof within such time as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Where the President of a Board or, where there is no Board, the Commanding Officer of the cantonment is satisfied that the destruction of any hut or shed in the cantonment is immediately necessary for the purpose of preventing the spread of any infectious or contagious disease, he may order the owner or occupier of the hut or shed to destroy the same forthwith or may himself cause it to be destroyed after giving not less than two hours' notice to the owner or occupier thereof.

(3) The Cantonment Authority shall pay compensation to the owner of any hut or shed destroyed under this section.

Temporary
shelter for inmates
of disinfected or
destroyed building
or shed.

163. The Cantonment Authority shall provide free of charge temporary shelter or house accommodation for the members of any family in which an infectious or contagious disease has appeared who have been compelled to leave their dwelling by reason of any proceedings taken under section 161 or section 162, and who desire such shelter or accommodation as aforesaid to be provided for them.

Disinfection of building before letting the same.

164. (1) Where in a cantonment any building or part of a building is intended to be let in which any person has, within the six weeks immediately preceding, been suffering from an infectious or contagious disease, the person letting the building or part shall before doing so disinfect the same in such manner as the Cantonment Authority may, by public or special notice, direct, together with all articles therein liable to retain infection.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the keeper of an hotel, lodging house or sarai shall be deemed to let to any person who is admitted as a guest therein that part of the building in which such person is permitted to reside.

Disposal of infected article without disinfection.

165. No person shall, without previous disinfection of the same, give, lend, sell, transmit or otherwise dispose of to another person any article or thing which he knows or has reason to believe has been exposed to contamination by any infectious or contagious disease and is likely to be used in, or taken into, a cantonment.

Means of disinfection.

166. (1) Every Cantonment Authority shall—

(a) provide proper places with necessary attendants and apparatus for the disinfection of conveyances, clothing, bedding or other articles which have been exposed to infection;

(b) cause conveyances, clothing or other articles brought for disinfection to be disinfected either free of charge or on payment of such charges as it may fix.

(2) A Cantonment Authority may notify places at which articles of clothing, bedding, conveyances or other articles which have been exposed to infection shall be washed, and, if it does so, no person shall wash any such thing at any place not so notified without having previously disinfected such thing.

(3) The President of a Board or, where there is no Board, the Commanding Officer of the cantonment, may direct the destruction of any clothing, bedding or other article in the cantonment likely to retain infection and may give such compensation as he thinks fit for any article so destroyed.

Making or selling of food, etc., or washing clothes by infected person.

167. Whoever, while suffering from, or in circumstances in which he is likely to spread, any infectious or contagious disease,—

(a) makes, carries or offers for sale in a cantonment or takes any part in the business of making, carrying or offering for sale therein any article of food or drink or any medicine or drug for human consumption, or any article of clothing or bedding for personal use or wear, or

(b) takes any part in the business of the washing or carrying of clothes,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Power to restrict or prohibit sale of food or drink.

168. When a cantonment is visited or threatened by an outbreak of any infectious or contagious disease, the Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, restrict in such manner or prohibit for such period, as may be specified in the notice, the sale or preparation of any article of food or drink for human consumption specified in the notice or the sale of any flesh of any description of animals so specified.

Control over wells, tanks, etc.

169. (1) If a Cantonment Authority is of opinion that the water in any well, tank or other place is likely, if used for drinking, to engender, or cause the spread of, any disease, it may,—

(a) by public notice, prohibit the removal or use of such water for drinking.

(b) by notice in writing, require the owner or person having control of such well, tank or place to take such steps as may be directed by the notice to prevent the public from having access to or using such water; or

(c) take such other steps as it may consider expedient to prevent the outbreak or spread of any such disease.

(2) In the event of a cantonment or any part of a cantonment being visited or threatened by an outbreak of any infectious or contagious disease, the Health Officer or any person authorized by him in this behalf may, without notice and at any time, inspect and disinfect any well, tank or other place from which water is, or is likely to be, taken for the purposes of drinking, and may further take such steps as he thinks fit to ensure the purity of the water or to prevent the use of the same for drinking purposes.

Disposal of infectious corpse.

170. Where any person has died in a cantonment from any infectious or contagious disease, the Executive Officer may, by notice in writing,—

- (a) require any person having charge of the corpse to convey the same to a mortuary thereafter to be disposed of in accordance with law; or
- (b) prohibit the removal of the corpse from the place where death occurred except for the purpose of being buried or burned or of being conveyed to a mortuary.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

Maintenance or aiding of hospitals or dispensaries.

171. (1) A Cantonment Authority may—

- (a) provide and maintain either within or without the cantonment as many hospitals and dispensaries as it thinks fit; or
- (b) make, upon such terms as it thinks fit to impose, a grant-in-aid to any hospital or dispensary, whether within or without the cantonment, not maintained by it.

(2) Every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under sub-section (1) shall have attached to it a ward or wards for the treatment of persons suffering from infectious or contagious diseases.

(3) A medical officer, appointed in such manner as the Local Government may direct, shall be in charge of every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under this section.

Medical supplies, appliances, etc.

172. (1) Every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 171 shall be maintained in accordance with any general or special orders of the Governor General in Council or the Local Government for the conduct of hospitals and dispensaries or in accordance with the said orders modified in such manner as the Governor General in Council or the Local Government, as the case may be, thinks fit.

(2) The Cantonment Authority shall cause every such hospital or dispensary to be provided with all requisite drugs, instruments, apparatus, furniture and appliances and with sufficient cots, bedding and clothing for in-patients.

Free patients.

173. At every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 171, the sick poor of the cantonment, and other inhabitants of the cantonment suffering from infectious or contagious diseases, and, with the sanction of the Cantonment Authority, any other sick persons, may receive medical treatment free of cost, and if treated as in-patients shall be either dieted gratuitously or, if the medical officer in charge so directs, shall be granted subsistence allowance on such scale as the Cantonment Authority may fix:

Provided that the subsistence allowance shall not be less than the lowest allowance for the time being fixed for the subsistence of judgment debtors by the Local Government under section 57 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

Paying patients.

174. Any sick person who is ineligible to receive medical treatment free of cost in any hospital or dispensary under section 173 may be admitted to treatment therein upon such terms as the Cantonment Authority thinks fit.

Power to order person to attend hospital or dispensary.

175. (1) If the medical officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 171 has reason to believe that any person living in the cantonment is suffering from an infectious or contagious disease, he may, if he thinks necessary, by notice in writing, call upon such person to attend at the hospital or dispensary at such time as may be specified in the notice and not to quit it without the permission of the medical officer in charge, or may take such other measures or give such other directions in the matter as he thinks necessary.

(2) On the arrival of any such person at the hospital or dispensary, the medical officer may examine him for the purpose of satisfying himself whether or not such person is suffering from an infectious or contagious disease, and, if he is found to be so suffering, the medical officer may cause him to be detained in the hospital until he is free from the infection or contagion or may, if, having regard to the nature of the disease or the condition of the person suffering therefrom, or the general environment and circumstances of such person, he considers that the attendance of such person at the hospital or dispensary is inexpedient, discharge such person and take such measures or give such directions in the matter as he thinks necessary.

Power to exclude from cantonment persons refusing to attend hospital or dispensary.

176. (1) If the medical officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 171 reports in writing to the Commanding Officer of the cantonment that any person having received a notice under section 175 has refused or omitted to attend at the hospital or dispensary, or that such person, having attended the hospital or dispensary, has quitted it without the permission of such medical officer, or has failed to comply with any direction given under section 175, the Commanding Officer of the cantonment may, by order in writing, direct such person to remove from the cantonment within twenty-four hours and not to re-enter it without his permission in writing.

(2) No person who has under sub-section (1) been ordered to remove from and not to re-enter a cantonment shall enter any other cantonment in British India without the written permission of the Commanding Officer of that cantonment.

Control of Traffic for hygienic purposes.

Routes for pilgrims and others.

177. (1) A Cantonment Authority may provide or prescribe suitable routes for the use of persons passing through the cantonment—

- (a) on their way to or from fairs or places of pilgrimage or other places of public resort; or
- (b) during times when an infectious or contagious disease is prevalent;

and may, by public notice, require such persons as aforesaid to use such routes and no others.

(2) All routes provided or prescribed under sub-section (1) shall be clearly and sufficiently indicated by the Cantonment Authority.

Special Conditions regarding Essential Services.

Conditions of service of sweepers.

178. (1) Whoever, being a sweeper employed by a Cantonment Authority, in the absence of a written contract authorising him so to do and without reasonable cause, resigns his employment or absents himself from his duty, without having given one month's notice to the Cantonment Authority, or neglects or refuses to perform his duties, or any of them, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one month.

(2) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct that on and from such date as may be specified in the notification, the provisions of this section shall apply in the case of any specified class of servants employed by a Cantonment Authority whose functions intimately concern the public health or safety.

(3) For the purposes of this section, "sweeper" includes any menial servant employed by a Cantonment Authority in the removal or disposal of filth or rubbish.

* CHAPTER XI.

CONTROL OVER BUILDINGS, STREETS, BOUNDARIES,
TREES, ETC.*Buildings.*

Notice of new
buildings.

179. (1) Whoever intends to erect or re-erect any building in a cantonment shall give notice in writing of his intention to the Cantonment Authority.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, a person shall be deemed to erect or re-erect a building who—

- (a) makes any material alteration or enlargement of any building, or
- (b) converts into a place for human habitation any building not originally constructed for that purpose, or
- (c) converts into more than one place for human habitation a building originally constructed as one such place, or
- (d) converts two or more places of human habitation into a greater number of such places, or
- (e) converts into a stable, cattle-shed or cow-house any building originally constructed for human habitation, or
- (f) makes any alteration which he has reason to believe is likely to affect prejudicially the stability or safety of any building or the condition of any building in respect of drainage, sanitation or hygiene, or
- (g) makes any alteration to any building which increases or diminishes the height of or area covered by, or the cubic capacity of, the building, or which reduces the cubic capacity of any room in the building below the minimum prescribed by any bye-law made under this Act.

Conditions of
valid notice.

180. (1) A person giving the notice required by section 179 shall specify the purpose for which it is intended to use the building to which such notice relates.

(2) No notice shall be valid until the information required under sub-section (1) and any further information and plans which may be required under by-laws made under this Act have been furnished to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority along with the notice.

Power
Cantonment
Authority
sanction
refuse.

181. The Cantonment Authority may either refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection, as the case may be, of the building, or may sanction it either absolutely or subject to such directions as it thinks fit to make in writing in respect of all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the free passage or way to be left in front of the building ;
- (b) the space to be left about the building to secure free circulation of air and facilitate scavenging and the prevention of fire ;
- (c) the ventilation of the building, the minimum cubic area of the rooms, and the number and height of the storeys of which the building may consist ;
- (d) the provision and position of drains, latrines, urinals, cess pools or other receptacles for filth ;
- (e) the level and width of the foundation, the level of the lowest floor and the stability of the structure ;
- (f) the line of frontage with neighbouring buildings if the building abuts on a street ;
- (g) the means to be provided for egress from the building in case of fire ;
- (h) the materials and method of construction to be used for external and party walls for rooms, floors, fire-places and chimneys ;

(i) the height and slope of the roof above the uppermost floor upon which human beings are to live or cooking operations are to be carried on; and

(j) any other matter affecting the ventilation and sanitation of the building;

and the person erecting or re-erecting the building shall obey all such written directions in every particular.

(2) If the Cantonment Authority decides to refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of the building, it shall communicate in writing the reasons for such refusal to the person by whom the notice was given.

(3) Where the Cantonment Authority neglects or omits, for six weeks after the receipt of a valid notice, to make and deliver to the person who has given the notice any order of any nature specified in this section, and such person thereafter, by a written communication, calls the attention of the Cantonment Authority to the neglect or omission, then, if such neglect or omission continues for a further period of fifteen days from the date of such communication, the Cantonment Authority shall be deemed to have given sanction to the erection or re-erection, as the case may be, unconditionally.

(4) The Cantonment Authority may refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building either on grounds affecting the particular building or in pursuance of a general scheme sanctioned by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, restricting the erection or re-erection of buildings within specified limits for the prevention of overcrowding or in the interests of persons residing within such limits or for any other public purpose.

Compensation.

182. (1) No compensation shall be claimable by any person for any damage or loss which he may sustain in consequence of the refusal of the Cantonment Authority of sanction to the erection of any building or in respect of any direction issued by it under sub-section (1) of section 181.

(2) The Cantonment Authority shall make compensation to the owner of any building for any damage or loss sustained by him in consequence of the prohibition of the re-erection of any building or of its requiring any land belonging to him to be added to the street, or if the refusal is on the ground that the building is unsuitable in plan or design to the locality or is intended for a purpose unsuitable to the locality:

Provided that the Cantonment Authority shall not be liable to make any compensation in respect of the prohibition of the re-erection of any building which for a period of three years or more immediately preceding such refusal has not been in existence or has been unfit for human habitation.

Lapse of sanction.

183. Every sanction for the erection or re-erection of a building given or deemed to have been given by the Cantonment Authority as hereinbefore provided shall be available for one year from the date on which it is given, and, if the building so sanctioned is not begun by the person who has obtained the sanction or some one lawfully claiming under him within that period, it shall not thereafter be begun without fresh sanction obtained in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Illegal erection and re-erection.

184. Whoever begins, continues or completes the erection or re-erection of a building—

(a) without having given a valid notice as required by sections 179 and 180, or before the building has been sanctioned or is deemed to have been sanctioned, or

(b) without complying with any direction made under sub-section (1) of section 181, or

(c) when sanction has been refused, or has ceased to be available,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Power to stop
erection or re-
erection or to
demolish.

185. A Cantonment Authority may, at any time, by notice in writing, direct the owner, lessee or occupier of any land in the cantonment to stop the erection or re-erection of a building in any case in which the Cantonment Authority considers that such erection or re-erection is an offence under section 184, and may in any such case in like manner direct the alteration or demolition, as it thinks necessary, of the building, or any part thereof, so erected or re-erected :

Provided that the Cantonment Authority may instead of requiring the alteration or demolition of any such building or part thereof, accept by way of composition such sum as it thinks reasonable.

Power to make
bye-laws.

186. A Cantonment Authority may make bye-laws prescribing—

- (a) the manner in which notice of the intention to erect or re-erect a building in the cantonment shall be given to the Cantonment Authority and the information and plans to be furnished with the notice ;
- (b) the type or description of buildings which may or may not, and the purpose for which a building may or may not, be erected or re-erected in any specified area or areas ;
- (c) the minimum cubic capacity of any room or rooms in a building which is to be erected or re-erected ; and
- (d) the fees payable on provision by the Cantonment Authority of plans or specifications of the type of buildings which may be erected in the cantonment or any part thereof.

Projections and
obstructions

187. (1) No owner or occupier of any building in a cantonment shall, without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, add to or place against or in front of the building any projection or structure overhanging, projecting into, or encroaching on, any street or any drain, sewer or aqueduct therein.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any such building to alter or remove any such projection or encroachment as aforesaid :

Provided that in the case of any projection or encroachment lawfully in existence at the commencement of this Act, the Cantonment Authority shall make compensation for any damage caused by the removal or alteration.

(3) The Cantonment Authority may, by order in writing, give permission to the owners or occupiers of buildings in any particular street to put up open verandahs, balconies or rooms projecting from any upper storey thereof to an extent beyond the line of the plinth or basement wall at such height from the level ground or street as may be specified in the order.

Unauthorised
buildings over
drains, etc.

188. A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require any person who has, without its permission in writing, newly erected or re-erected any building over any public sewer, drain, culvert, water-course or water pipe in the cantonment to pull down or otherwise deal with the same as it thinks fit.

Drainage and
sewer connec-
tions.

189. (1) A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of any building or land in any street, at his own expense and in such manner as the Cantonment Authority thinks fit, to put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for receiving and carrying rain water from the building or land and for discharging the same or to establish and maintain any other connection or communication between such building or land and any drain or sewer.

(2) For the purpose of efficiently draining any building or land in the cantonment, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of the building or land—

- (a) to pave, with such materials and in such manner as it thinks fit, any courtyard, alley or passage between two or more buildings, or
- (b) to keep any such paving in proper repair.

Power to attach
brackets for
lamps.

190. A Cantonment Authority may attach to the outside of any building, or to any tree, in the cantonment brackets for lamps in such manner as not to occasion injury thereto or inconvenience.

Streets.

Temporary
occupation
of street, land, etc.

181. A Cantonment Authority may, by order in writing, permit the temporary occupation of any street, or of any land vested in the Cantonment Authority, for the purpose of depositing any building materials or making any temporary excavation therein, or erection thereon, subject to such conditions, as it may prescribe for the safety or convenience of the public, and may charge a fee for such permission and may in its discretion withdraw such permission.

Closing and
opening of streets.

192. (1) A Cantonment Authority shall not permanently close any street or open any new street without the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the District.

(2) A Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, temporarily close any street or any part of a street for repair or for the purpose of carrying out any work connected with drainage, water-supply or lighting or any other work which it is by or under this Act required or permitted to carry out :

Provided, that where, owing to any works or repairs or from any other cause, the condition of any street or of any water-works, drain, culvert or premises vested in the Cantonment Authority, is such as to be likely to cause danger to the public, the Cantonment Authority shall—

(a) take all reasonable means for the protection of the adjacent buildings and land and provide reasonable means of access thereto ;

(b) cause sufficient barriers or fences to be erected for the security of life and property, and cause such barriers or fences to be sufficiently lighted from sunset to sunrise.

Names of
streets and num-
bers of buildings.

193. (1) A Cantonment Authority may cause a name to be given to any street and to be affixed on any building in the cantonment in such place as it thinks fit, and may also cause the number to be affixed to any such building.

(2) Whoever destroys, pulls down, defaces or alters any such name or number or puts up any name or number differing from that put up by the order of the Cantonment Authority shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Boundaries and Trees.

Boundary walls,
hedges and fences.

194. (1) No boundary wall, hedge or fence of any material or description shall be erected in a cantonment without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority.

(2) A Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of any land in the cantonment—

(a) to remove from the land any boundary wall, hedge or fence which is, in its opinion, unsuitable, unsightly or otherwise objectionable ; or

(b) to construct on the land sufficient boundary walls, hedges or fences of such material, description or dimensions as may be specified in the notice ; or

(c) to maintain the boundary walls, hedges or fences of such land in good order :—

Provided that, in the case of any such boundary wall, hedge or fence which was erected with the consent or under the orders of the Cantonment Authority or which was in existence at the commencement of this Act, the Cantonment Authority shall make compensation for any damage caused by the removal thereof.

(3) The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any such land to cut or trim any hedge on the land in such manner and within such time as may be specified in the notice.

Felling, lopping
and trimming of
trees.

195. (1) Where, in the opinion of a Cantonment Authority, the felling of any tree of mature growth standing in a private enclosure in the cantonment is necessary for any reason, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of the land to fell the tree within such time as may be specified in the notice.

(2) A Cantonment Authority may—

(a) cause to be lopped or trimmed any tree standing on land in the cantonment which belongs to the Government; or

(b) by public notice require all owners, lessees or occupiers of land in the cantonment, or by notice in writing require the owner, lessee or occupier of any such land, to lop or trim, in such manner as may be specified in the notice, all or any trees standing on such land or to remove any dead trees from such land.

Digging
of public land.

196. Whoever, without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, digs up the surface of any open space in the cantonment, which is not private property, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and in the case of a continuing offence, to an additional fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the offence continues.

Improper use
of land.

197. (1) If, in the opinion of a Cantonment Authority, the working of a quarry in the cantonment, or the removal of stone, earth or other material from the soil in any place in the cantonment, is dangerous to persons residing in or frequenting the neighbourhood of such quarry or place, or creates, or is likely to create, a nuisance, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, prohibit the owner, lessee or occupier of such quarry or place or the person responsible for such making or removal, from continuing or permitting the working of such quarry or the moving of such material, or require him to take such steps in the matter as the Cantonment Authority may direct for the purpose of preventing danger or abating the nuisance arising or likely to arise therefrom.

(2) If, in any case referred to in sub-section (1) the Cantonment Authority is of opinion that such a course is necessary in order to prevent imminent danger, it may, by order in writing, require a proper hoarding or fence to be put up for the protection of passers by.

CHAPTER XII.

MARKETS, SLAUGHTER-HOUSES, TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.

Public markets
and slaughter-
houses.

198. (1) A Cantonment Authority may provide and maintain, either within or without the cantonment, public markets and public slaughter-houses, to such number as it thinks fit, together with stalls, shops, sheds, pens and other buildings or conveniences for the use of persons carrying on trade or business in or frequenting such markets or slaughter-houses, and may provide and maintain in any such markets buildings, places, machines, weights, scales and measures for the weighing or measurement of goods sold therein.

(2) When such market or slaughter-house is situated beyond cantonment limits, the Cantonment Authority shall have the same power for the inspection and proper regulation of the same as if it were situated within those limits.

(3) The Cantonment Authority may at any time, by public notice, close any public market or public slaughter-house or any part thereof.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorise the establishment of a public market or public slaughter-house within the limits of any area administered by any local authority other than the Cantonment Authority without the permission of such local authority or otherwise than on such conditions as such local authority may approve.

Use of public market.

199. (1) No person shall, without the general or special permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, sell or expose for sale any animal or article in any public market.

(2) Any person contravening the provisions of this section, and any animal or article exposed for sale by such person, may be summarily removed from the market by or under the orders of the Executive Officer or any officer or servant of the Cantonment Authority authorised by it in this behalf.

Levy of stallages, rents and fees.

200. A Cantonment Authority may—

- (a) charge for the occupation or use of any stall, shop, standing, shed or pen in a public market, or public slaughter-house, or for the right to expose goods for sale in a public market or for weighing or measuring goods sold therein, or for the right to slaughter animals in any public slaughter-house, such stallages, rents and fees as it thinks fit; or
- (b) with the sanction of the Officer Commanding the District, farm the stallages, rents and fees leviable as aforesaid or any portion thereof for any period not exceeding one year at a time; or
- (c) put up to public auction, or, with the sanction of the Officer Commanding the District, dispose of by private sale, the privilege of occupying or using any stall, shop, standing, shed or pen in a public market or public slaughter-house for such term and on such conditions as it thinks fit.

Stallages, rents, etc., to be published.

201. A copy of the table of stallages, rents and fees, if any, leviable in any public market or public slaughter-house, and of the bye-laws made under this Act for the purpose of regulating the use of such market or slaughter-house, printed in the English language and in such other language or languages as the Cantonment Authority may direct, shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the market or slaughter-house.

Private markets and slaughter-houses.

202. (1) No place in a cantonment other than a public market shall be used as a market, and no such place other than a public slaughter-house shall be used as a slaughter-house, unless such place has been licensed as a market or slaughter-house, as the case may be, by the Cantonment Authority:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply in the case of a slaughter-house established and maintained by the Government.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall be deemed—

- (a) to restrict the slaughter of any animal in any place on the occasion of any festival or ceremony, subject to such conditions as to prior or subsequent notice as the Executive Officer with the previous sanction of the District Magistrate may, by public or special notice, impose in this behalf; or
- (b) to prevent the Executive Officer, with the sanction of the Cantonment Authority, from setting apart places for the slaughter of animals in accordance with religious custom, when such animals are slaughtered for consumption by the troops or for the purpose of the sale of the flesh thereof to the troops.

(3) Whoever omits to comply with any condition imposed by the Executive Officer under clause (a) of sub-section (2) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day after the first during which the offence is continued.

Conditions of grant of licence for private market or slaughter-house.

203. (1) A Cantonment Authority may charge such fees as it thinks fit to impose for the grant of a license to any person to open a private market or private slaughter-house in the cantonment, and may grant such licence subject to such conditions, consistent with this Act and any bye-laws made thereunder, as it thinks fit to impose.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may refuse to grant any such licence without giving reasons for such refusal.

Penalty for
keeping open
private market
or slaughter-
house without
licence, etc.

204. (1) Any person who keeps open for public use any private market or private slaughter-house without obtaining a licence therefor or while the licence therefor is suspended, or after the same has been cancelled, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the offence is continued.

(2) When a licence to open a private market or private slaughter-house is granted or refused or is suspended or cancelled, the Cantonment Authority shall cause a notice of the grant, refusal, suspension or cancellation to be posted in English, and in such other language or languages as it thinks necessary, in some conspicuous place by or near the entrance to the place to which the notice relates.

Penalty for
using unlicensed
market or
slaughter-house.

205. Whoever, knowing that any market or slaughter-house has been opened to the public without a licence having been obtained therefor when such licence is required by or under this Act, or that the licence granted therefor is for the time being suspended or that it has been cancelled, sells or exposes for sale any article in such market or slaughters any animal in such slaughter-house, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the offence is continued.

Prohibition and
restriction of use
of slaughter-
houses.

206. (1) Where, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, it is necessary on sanitary grounds so to do, it may, by public notice, prohibit for such period, not exceeding one month, as may be specified in the notice, or for such further period, not exceeding one month, as it may specify by a like notice, the use of any private slaughter-house specified in the notice, or the slaughter therein of any animal of any description so specified.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted in the slaughter-house to which it relates.

Power to
inspect slaughter-
houses.

207. (1) Any servant of a Cantonment Authority, authorised by order in writing in this behalf by the President of the Cantonment Board, if any, or the Health Officer, may, if he has reason to believe that any animal has been, is being, or is about to be slaughtered in any place in contravention of the provisions of this Chapter, enter into and inspect any such place at any time, whether by day or by night.

(2) Every such order shall specify the place to be entered and the locality in which the same is situated and the period, which shall not exceed seven days, for which the order is to remain in force.

Power to make
bye-laws.

208. A Cantonment Authority may, with the approval of the Local Government, make bye-laws consistent with this Act to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the days on, and the hours during, which any private market or private slaughter-house may be kept open for use ;
- (b) the regulation of the design, ventilation and drainage of such markets and slaughter-houses, and the material to be used in the construction thereof ;
- (c) the keeping of such markets and slaughter-houses and lands and buildings appertaining thereto in a clean and sanitary condition, the removal of filth and refuse therefrom, and the supply therein of pure water and of a sufficient number of latrines and urinals for the use of persons using or frequenting the same ;

- (d) the manner in which animals shall be stalled at a slaughter-house;
- (e) the manner in which animals may be slaughtered;
- (f) the disposal or destruction of animals offered for slaughter which are, from disease or any other cause, unfit for human consumption; and
- (g) the destruction of carcases which from disease or any other cause are found after slaughter to be unfit for human consumption.

Trades and occupation.

Provision of
washing places.

209. (1) A Cantonment Authority may provide suitable places for the exercise by washerman of their calling, and may require payment of such fees for the use thereof as it thinks fit.

(2) Where the Cantonment Authority has provided such places as aforesaid it may, by public notice, prohibit the washing of clothes by washermen at any other place in the cantonment;

Provided that such prohibition shall not be deemed to apply to the washing by a washerman of his own clothes or of the clothes of any other person who is an occupier of the place at which they are washed.

(3) Whoever contravenes any prohibition contained in a notice issued under sub-section (2) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

License required
for carrying on of
certain occupa-
tions.

210. (1) No person of any of the following classes, namely:—

- (a) butchers and vendors of poultry, game or fish;
- (b) persons keeping pigs for profit, and dealers in the flesh of pigs which have been slaughtered in India;
- (c) persons keeping milch cattle or milch goats for profit;
- (d) persons keeping for profit any animals other than pigs, milch cattle or milch goats;
- (e) dairymen, buttermen and makers and vendors of ghee;
- (f) makers of bread, biscuits or cake, and vendors of bread, biscuits or cake made in India;
- (g) vendors of fruit or vegetables;
- (h) manufacturers of aerated or other potable waters or of ice or ice-cream, and vendors of the same;
- (j) vendors of any medicines, drugs or articles of food or drink for human consumption (other than the flesh of pigs, milk, butter, bread, biscuits, cake, fruit, vegetables, aerated or other potable waters or ice or ice-cream) which are of a perishable nature;
- (k) vendors of water to be used for drinking purposes;
- (l) washermen;
- (m) dealers in hay, straw, wood, charcoal or other inflammable material;
- (n) dealers in fire works, kerosene oil, petroleum or any other inflammable oil or spirit;
- (o) tanners and dyers;
- (p) persons carrying on any trade or occupation from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise;
- (q) vendors of wheat, rice and other grain or of flour; and
- (r) makers and vendors of sugar or sweetmeats;

shall carry on his trade, calling or occupation in any part of a cantonment unless he has applied for and obtained a license in his behalf from the Cantonment Authority.

(2) A license granted under sub-section (1) shall be valid for one year, and the grant of such license shall not be withheld by the Cantonment Authority unless it has reason to believe that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be offensive or dangerous to the public.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1),—

- (a) no person who was, at the commencement of this Act, carrying on his trade, calling or occupation in any part of a cantonment shall be bound to apply for a licence for carrying on such trade or occupation in that part until he has received from the Cantonment Authority not less than three months' notice in writing of his obligation to do so, and if the Cantonment Authority refuses to grant him a licence, it shall pay compensation for any loss incurred by reason of such refusal;
- (b) no person shall be required to take out a licence for the sale or storage of petroleum or for the sale or possession for sale of poisons or white arsenic in any case in which he is required to take out a licence for such sale, storage or possession for sale by or under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, or the Poisons Act, 1919.

VIII of 1899
XII of 1919.

(4) The Cantonment Authority may charge for the grant of licences under this section such fees as it may fix with the previous sanction of the Local Government.

Conditions
which may
be attached
to
licences.

211. A licence granted to any person under section 210 shall specify the part of the cantonment in which the licensee may carry on his trade, calling or occupation, and may regulate the hours and manner of transport within the cantonment of any specified articles intended for human consumption, and may contain any other conditions which the Cantonment Authority thinks fit to impose in accordance with bye-laws made under this Act.

General provisions.

Power to vary
licence.

212. If a Cantonment Authority is satisfied that any place used under a licence granted under this Chapter is a nuisance or is likely to be dangerous to life, health or property, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier thereof to discontinue the use of such place or to effect such alterations, additions, or improvements as will, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, render it no longer a nuisance or dangerous.

Carrying on
trade, etc., with-
out licence or in
contravention of
section 212.

213. Whoever carries on any trade, profession or calling for which a licence is required without obtaining a licence therefor or while the licence therefor is suspended or after the same has been cancelled, and whoever, after receiving a notice under section 212, uses or allows to be used any building or place in contravention thereof, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to forty rupees for every day after the first during which the offence is continued.

Feeding animals
on dirt, etc.

214. Whoever feeds or allows to be fed on filthy or deleterious substances any animal, which is kept for the purpose of supplying milk to, or which is intended to be used as food for, the inhabitants of a cantonment or allows it to graze in any place in which grazing has, for sanitary reasons, been prohibited by public notice by the Cantonment Authority, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Entry, Inspection and Seizure.

Powers of entry
and seizure.

215. (1) The President or the Vice-President of a Board, the Executive Officer, the Health Officer, the Assistant Health Officer, or any other officer or servant of a Cantonment Authority authorised by it in writing in this behalf,—

- (a) may at any time enter into any market, building, shop, stall or other place in the cantonment for the purpose of inspecting, and may inspect, any animals, article or thing intended for human food or drink or for

medicine, whether exposed or hawked about for sale or deposited in or brought to any place for the purpose of sale, or of preparation for sale, or any utensil or vessel for preparing, manufacturing or containing any such article, or thing, and may enter into and inspect any place used as a slaughter-house and may examine any animal or article therein ;

- (b) may seize any such animal, article or thing which appears to him to be diseased or unwholesome or unfit for human food or drink or medicine, as the case may be, or to be adulterated or to be not what it is represented to be, or any such utensil or vessel which is of such a kind or in such a state as to render any article prepared, manufactured or contained therein unwholesome or unfit for human food or for medicine, as the case may be.

(2) Any article seized under sub-section (1) which is of a perishable nature may, under the orders of the Health Officer or the Assistant Health Officer, forthwith be destroyed if, in his opinion, it is diseased, unwholesome or unfit for human food, drink or medicine, as the case may be.

(3) Every animal, article, utensil, vessel or other thing seized under sub-section (1) shall, if, it is not destroyed under sub-section (2), be taken before a Magistrate.

(4) The owner or person in possession, at the time of seizure under sub-section (1), of any animal or carcass which is diseased or of any article or thing which is unwholesome or unfit for human food, drink or medicine, as the case may be, or is adulterated or is not what it is represented to be, or of any utensil or vessel which is of such kind or in such state as is described in clause (b) of sub-section (1), shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, and the animal, article, utensil, vessel or other thing shall be liable to be forfeited to the Cantonment Authority or to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for the preparation of food, drink or medicine, as the case may be.

Explanation I.—If any such article, having been exposed or stored in, or brought to, any place mentioned in sub-section (1) for sale as ghee, contains any substance not exclusively derived from milk, it shall be deemed, for the purposes of this section, to be an article which is not what it is represented to be.

Explanation II.—Meat subjected to the process of blowing shall be deemed to be unfit for human food.

Explanation III.—The article of food or drink shall not be deemed to be other than what it is represented to be merely by reason of the fact that there has been added to it some substance not injurious to health, provided that—

- (a) such substance has been added to the article because the same is required for the preparation or production thereof as an article of commerce in a state fit for carriage or consumption and not fraudulently to increase the bulk, weight or measure of the food or drink or conceal the inferior quality thereof, or
- (b) in the process of production, preparation or conveyance of such article of food or drink, the extraneous substance has unavoidably become intermixed therewith, or
- (c) the owner or person in possession of the article has given sufficient notice by means of a label distinctly and legibly written or printed thereon or therewith, or by other means of a public description, that such substance has been added, or
- (d) such owner or person has purchased the article with a written warranty that it was of a certain nature, substance and quality and had no reason to believe that it was not of such nature, substance and quality, and has exposed it or hawked it about or brought it for sale in the same state and by the same description as that in and by which he purchased it.

Import of Cattle and Flesh.

Import of cattle
and flesh.

216. (1) No person shall, without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, bring into a cantonment any animal intended for human consumption, or the flesh of any animal slaughtered outside the cantonment otherwise than in a slaughter-house maintained by the Government or the Cantonment Authority.

(2) Any animal or flesh brought into a cantonment in contravention of sub-section (1) may be seized by the Executive Officer or by any servant of the Cantonment Authority and sold or otherwise disposed of as the Cantonment Authority may direct, and, if it is sold, the sale-proceeds may be credited to the cantonment fund.

(3) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to apply to cured or preserved meat or to animals driven or meat carried through a cantonment for consumption outside thereof, or to meat brought into a cantonment by any person for his immediate domestic consumption :

Provided that the Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, direct that the provisions of this section shall apply to cured or preserved meat of any specified description or brought from any specified place.

CHAPTER XIII.

WATER SUPPLY, DRAINAGE AND LIGHTING.

Water Supply.

Maintenance of
water supply.

217. (1) In every cantonment where a sufficient supply of pure water for domestic use is not maintained by the Government, the Cantonment Authority shall provide or arrange for the provision of such supply.

(2) The Cantonment Authority shall, as far as possible, make adequate provision that such supply shall be continuous throughout the year and that the water shall be at all times pure and fit for human consumption.

Control
sources
public
supply.

218. (1) The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, declare any lake, stream, spring, well, tank, reservoir or other source, whether within or without the limits of the cantonment (other than a source of water supply under the control of the Military Works Services or the Public Works Department) from which water is or may be made available for the use of the public in the cantonment to be a source of public water supply.

(2) Every such source shall be under the control of the Cantonment Authority.

Power to require
maintenance or
closing of private
source of
public drinking
water supply.

219. The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or any person having the control of any source of public water supply which is used for drinking purposes—

- (a) to keep the same in good order and to clear it from time to time of silt, refuse and decaying vegetation, or
- (b) to protect the same from contamination in such manner as the Cantonment Authority may direct, or
- (c) if the water therein is proved to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority to be unfit for drinking purposes, to take such measures as may be specified in the notice to prevent the public from having access to or using such water :

Provided that, in the case of a well, such person as aforesaid may, instead of complying with the notice, signify in writing his desire to be relieved of all responsibility for the proper maintenance of the well and his readiness to place it under the control and supervision of the Cantonment Authority for the use of the public, and, if he does so, he shall not be bound to carry out the requisition and the Cantonment Authority shall undertake the control and supervision of the well.

Supply
water.

220. (1) The Cantonment Authority may permit the owner, lessee or occupier of any building or land to connect the building or land with a source of public water supply by means of communication pipes of such size and description as it may prescribe for the purpose of obtaining water for domestic use.

(2) The occupier of every building so connected with the water supply shall be entitled to have for domestic use, in return for the water tax, if any, such quantity of water as the Cantonment Authority may determine.

(3) All water supplied in excess of the quantity to which such supply is limited under sub-section (2) and in a cantonment in which a water tax is not imposed, all water supplied under this section, shall be paid for at such rate as the Cantonment Authority may fix.

(4) The supply of water for domestic use shall not be deemed to include any supply—

(a) for animals or for washing vehicles, where such animals or vehicles are kept for sale or hire;

(b) for any trade, manufacture or business;

(c) for fountains, swimming baths or any ornamental or mechanical purpose;

(d) for gardens or for purposes of irrigation;

(e) for making or watering roads or paths;

or

(f) for building purposes.

Power to re-
quire water sup-
ply to be taken.

221. If it appears to the Cantonment Authority that any building or land in the cantonment is without a proper supply of pure water, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of the building or land to obtain from a source of public water supply such quantity of water as is adequate to the requirements of the persons usually occupying or employed upon the building or land, and to provide communication pipes of the prescribed size and description, and to take all necessary steps for the above purposes.

Supply of
water under
agreement.

222. (1) The Cantonment Authority may, by agreement, supply, from any source of public water supply, the owner, lessee or occupier of any building or land in the cantonment with any water for any purpose, other than a domestic purpose, on such terms and conditions, consistent with this Act and the rules and bye-laws made thereunder, as may be agreed upon between the Cantonment Authority and such owner, lessee or occupier.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may withdraw such supply or curtail the quantity thereof at any time if it should appear necessary to do so for the purpose of maintaining sufficient supply of water for domestic use by inhabitants of the cantonment.

Cantonment
Authority not
liable for failure
of supply.

223. Notwithstanding any obligation imposed on Cantonment Authorities under this Act, a Cantonment Authority shall not be liable to any forfeiture, penalty or damages for failure to supply water or for curtailing the quantity thereof if the failure or curtailment, as the case may be, arises from accident or from drought or other unavoidable cause unless, in the case of an agreement for the supply of water under section 222, the Cantonment Authority has made express provision for forfeiture, penalty or damages in the event of such failure or curtailment.

Conditions of
universal applica-
tion.

224. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained or contained in any agreement under section 222, the supply of water by a Cantonment Authority to any building or land shall be, and shall be deemed to have been, granted subject to the following conditions, namely:—

(a) the owner, lessee, or occupier of any building or land in or on which water supplied by the Cantonment Authority is wasted by reason of the pipes, drains or other works being out of repair shall, if he has knowledge thereof, give notice of the same to such officer as the Cantonment Authority may appoint in this behalf;

(b) the Executive Officer or any other officer or servant of the Cantonment Authority authorised by it in writing in this behalf may enter into or on any premises supplied with water by the Cantonment Authority, for the purpose of examining all pipes, taps, works and fittings connected with the supply of water and of ascertaining whether there is any waste or misuse of such water;

(c) the Cantonment Authority may cut off the connection between any source of public water supply and any building or land to which water is supplied for any purpose therefrom, or turn off such supply if—

(i) the owner or occupier of the building or land neglects to pay the water tax or other charges connected with the water supply within one month from the date on which such tax or charge falls due for payment;

(ii) the occupier refuses to admit the Executive Officer or other authorised officer or servant of the Cantonment Authority into the building or land for the purpose of making any examination or inquiry authorised by clause (b) or prevents the making of such examination or inquiry;

(iii) the occupier wilfully or negligently misuses or causes waste of water;

(iv) the occupier wilfully or negligently injures or damages his meter or any pipe or tap conveying water from the water-works;

(v) any pipes, taps, works or fittings connected with the supply of water to the building or land be found on examination by the Executive Officer, to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause a waste of water;

(d) the expense of cutting off the connection or of turning off the water in any case referred to in clause (c) shall be paid by the owner or occupier of the building or land,

(e) no action taken under or in pursuance of clause (c) shall relieve any person from any penalty or liability which he may otherwise have incurred.

Supply to persons outside Cantonment.

225. A Cantonment Authority may allow any person not residing within the limits of the cantonment to take or be supplied with water for any purpose from any source of public water supply on such terms as it may prescribe and may at any time withdraw or curtail such supply.

Penalty.

226. Whoever—

(a) uses for other than domestic purposes any water supplied by a Cantonment Authority for domestic use, or

(b) where water is supplied by agreement with a Cantonment Authority for a specified purpose, uses that water for any other purpose,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and the Cantonment Authority shall be entitled to recover from him the price of the water misused.

Water, Drainage and other Connections.

Power of Cantonment Authority to lay wires, connections etc.

227. A Cantonment Authority may carry any cable, wire, pipe, drain, sewer or channel of any kind,—

(a) for the purpose of carrying out, establishing or maintaining any system of water supply, lighting, drainage or sewerage, through, across, under or over any road or street, or any place laid out or intended as a road or street, or, after giving reasonable notice in writing to the owner or occupier, into, through, across, under or over any land or building, or up the side of any building, situated within the cantonment, or

(b) for the purpose of supplying water or of the introduction or distribution of outfall of water or for the removal or outfall of sewage, after giving reasonable notice in writing to the owner or occupier, into, through, across, under or over any land or building, or up the side of any building, situated outside the cantonment;

and may at all times do all acts and things which may be necessary or expedient for repairing or maintaining any such cable, wire, pipe, drain, sewer or channel in an effective state for the purpose for which the same may be used or is intended to be used:

Provided that no nuisance shall be caused in excess of what is reasonably necessary for the proper execution of the work:

Provided, further, that compensation shall be payable to the owner or occupier for any damage sustained by him which is directly occasioned by the carrying out of any such operation.

Wire, &c., laid above surface of ground.

228. In the event of any cable, wire, pipe, drain, sewer or channel being laid or carried above the surface of any land or through, over or up the side of any building, such cable, wire, pipe, drain, sewer or channel shall be so laid or carried as to interfere as little as possible with the rights of the owner or occupier to the due enjoyment of such land or building, and compensation shall be payable by the Cantonment Authority in respect of any substantial interference with the right to any such enjoyment.

Connection with main not to be made without permission.

229. No person shall, for any purpose whatsoever, without the permission of the Cantonment Authority, at any time make or cause to be made any connection or communication with any cable, wire, pipe, drain, sewer or channel constructed or maintained by, or vested in, a Cantonment Authority.

Power to prescribe ferrules and to establish meters, etc.

230. A Cantonment Authority may prescribe the size of the ferrules to be used for the supply of gas, if any, and may establish meters or other appliances for the purpose of testing the quantity of any water, or the quantity or quality of any gas supplied to any premises by the Cantonment Authority.

Power of inspection.

231. The ferrules, communication pipes, connections, meters, stand-pipes and all fittings thereon or connected therewith leading from water mains or from pipes, drains, sewers or channels into any house or land, to which water or gas is supplied by a Cantonment Authority, and the pipes, fittings and works inside any such house or within the limits of any such land, shall in all cases be executed subject to the inspection and to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority.

Power to fix rates and charges.

232. A Cantonment Authority may fix the charges to be made for the establishment by them or through their agency of communications from, and connections with, mains, or pipes for the supply of water, or gas, or for meters or other appliances for testing the quantity or quality thereof supplied, and may levy such charges accordingly.

Application of this Chapter to Government Water Supplies.

Government water supply.

233. (1) Where in any cantonment there is a water supply under the control of the Military Works Services or the Public Works Department, the Officer of the Military Works Services or of the Public Works Department, as the case may be, in charge of such water-supply (hereinafter in this section and in section 234 referred to as the Officer) may publish in the cantonment in such manner as he thinks fit a notice declaring that any lake, stream, spring, well, tank, reservoir or other source, whether within or without the limits of the cantonment (other than a source of public water-supply under the control of the Cantonment Authority) is a source of public water-supply and may, for the purpose of keeping any such source in

good order or of protecting it from contamination or from use, require the Cantonment Authority to exercise any power conferred upon that authority by section 219.

(2) In the case of any water-supply such as is referred to in sub-section (1), the following provisions of this Chapter, namely, the provisions of sections 220, 222, 223, 224, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231 and 232 shall, as far as may be, be applicable in respect of the supply of water to the cantonment, and for the purpose of such application references to the Cantonment Authority shall be construed as references to the Officer and references to the Executive Officer or other officer or servant of the Cantonment Authority shall be construed as references to such person as may be authorised in this behalf by the Officer.

Recovery of charges.

234. In any case in which the provisions of section 233 apply, the water-tax, if any, imposed in the cantonment and all other charges arising out of the supply of water which may be imposed under the provisions of this Chapter as applied by section 233 shall be recovered by the Cantonment Authority and all monies so recovered, or such proportion thereof as the Local Government may in each case determine, shall be paid by the Cantonment Authority to the Officer.

CHAPTER XIV.

REMOVAL AND EXCLUSION FROM CANTONMENTS AND SUPPRESSION OF SEXUAL IMMORALITY.

Power to remove brothels and prostitutes.

235. The Commanding Officer of a cantonment may, on receiving information that any building in the cantonment is used as a brothel or for purposes of prostitution, by order in writing setting forth the substance of the information received, summon the owner, lessee, tenant or occupier of the building to appear before him either in person or by an authorised agent, and if the Commanding Officer of the cantonment is then satisfied as to the truth of the information, he may, by order in writing, direct the owner, lessee, tenant or occupier, as the case may be, to discontinue such use of the building within such period as may be specified in the order.

Penalty for loitering and importuning for purposes of prostitution.

236. (1) Whoever in a cantonment loiters for the purpose of prostitution or importunes any person to the commission of sexual immorality, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

(2) No prosecution for an offence under this section shall be instituted except on the complaint of the person importuned, or of a military officer in whose presence the offence was committed, or of a member of the Military or Air Force Police, being employed in the cantonment and authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment, in whose presence the offence was committed, or of a police officer not below the rank of a sub-inspector who is employed in the cantonment and authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment.

Removal of lewd persons from cantonment.

237. If the Commanding Officer of a cantonment is, after such inquiry as he thinks necessary, satisfied that any person residing in or frequenting the cantonment is a prostitute or has been convicted of an offence under section 236, or of the abetment of such an offence, he may cause to be served on such person an order in writing requiring him to remove from the cantonment within such time as may be specified in the order and prohibiting him from re-entering it without the permission in writing of the Commanding Officer of the cantonment.

Removal and exclusion from cantonment of disorderly persons

238. (1) A Magistrate of the first class, having jurisdiction in a cantonment, on receiving information that any person residing in or frequenting the cantonment—

(a) is a disorderly person who has been convicted more than once of gaming or who keeps or frequents a common gaming house, a disorderly drinking shop or a disorderly house of any other description, or

- (b) has been convicted more than once, either within the cantonment or elsewhere, of an offence punishable under Chapter XVII of the Indian Penal Code, or XLV of 1860.
- (c) has been convicted, either within the cantonment or elsewhere, of any offence punishable under section 156 of the Army Act, or 44 and 46
Vict., c. 58.
- (d) has been ordered under Chapter VIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, either within the cantonment or elsewhere, to execute a bond for his good behaviour, V of 1898.

may record in writing the substance of the information received and may issue a summons to such person requiring such person to appear and show cause why he should not be required to remove from the cantonment and be prohibited from re-entering it.

(2) Every summons issued under sub-section (1) shall be accompanied by a copy of the record aforesaid and the copy shall be served along with the summons on the person against whom the summons is issued.

(3) The Magistrate shall, when the person so summoned appears before him, proceed to inquire into the truth of the information received and take such further evidence as he thinks fit, and if, upon such inquiry, it appears to him that such person is a person of any kind described in sub-section (1) and that it is necessary for the maintenance of good order in the cantonment that such person should be required to remove therefrom and be prohibited from re-entering the cantonment, the Magistrate shall report the matter to the Commanding Officer of the cantonment, and if the Commanding Officer of the cantonment so directs, shall cause to be served on such person an order in writing requiring him to remove from the cantonment within such time as may be specified in the order and prohibiting him from re-entering it without the permission in writing of the Commanding Officer of the cantonment.

Removal and
exclusion from
cantonment of
seditious person

239. (1) If any person in a cantonment causes or attempts to cause or does any act which he knows is likely to cause disloyalty, disaffection or breaches of discipline amongst any portion of His Majesty's forces or is a person who, the Commanding Officer of the cantonment has reason to believe, is likely to do any such act, the Commanding Officer of the cantonment may make an order in writing setting forth the reasons for the making of the same and requiring such person to remove from the cantonment within such time as may be specified in the order and prohibiting him from re-entering it without the permission in writing of the Commanding Officer of the cantonment :

Provided that no order shall be made under this section against any person unless he has had a reasonable opportunity of showing cause why the order should not be made.

(2) Every order made under sub-section (1) shall be sent to the Superintendent of Police of the district, who shall cause a copy thereof to be served on the person concerned.

(3) Upon the making of any order under sub-section (1), the Commanding Officer of the cantonment shall forthwith send a copy of the same to the Local Government.

(4) The Local Government may, of its own motion, and shall, on application made to it in this behalf within one month of the date of the order by the person against whom the order has been made, call upon the District Magistrate to make, after such inquiry as the Local Government may prescribe, a report regarding the justice of the order and the necessity therefor.

(5) The Local Government may, at any time after the receipt of a copy of an order sent under sub-section (3) of, where a report has been called for under sub-section (4), on receipt of that report, if it is of opinion that the order should be varied or rescinded, refer the case to the Governor General in Council, who shall pass such orders thereon as he thinks fit.

(6) Any person who has been excluded from a cantonment by an order made under this section may, at any time after the expiry of one month from the date thereof, apply to the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, for the rescission of the

same and, on such application being made, the said Officer may, after making such inquiry, if any, as he thinks necessary, either reject the application or rescind the order.

Penalty.

240. Whoever—

- (a) fails to comply with an order issued under this Chapter within the period specified therein, or, whilst an order prohibiting him from re-entering a cantonment without permission is in force, re-enters the cantonment without such permission, or
- (b) knowing that any person has, under this Chapter, been required to remove from the cantonment and has not obtained the requisite permission to re-enter it, harbours or conceals such person in the cantonment,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and, in the case of a continuing offence, with an additional fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day after the first during which he has persisted in the offence.

CHAPTER XV.

POWERS, PROCEDURE, PENALTIES AND APPEALS.

Entry and Inspection.

Powers of entry.

241. It shall be lawful for the President or the Vice-President of a Board, or the Executive Officer, or the Health Officer or Assistant Health Officer, or any person specially authorised by the Health Officer or the Assistant Health Officer, or for any other person authorised by general or special order of a Cantonment Authority in this behalf, to enter into or upon any building or land with or without assistants or workmen in order to make any enquiry, inspection, measurement, valuation or survey, or to execute any work, which is authorised by or under this Act, or which it is necessary to make or execute for any of the purposes or in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Act or of any rule, bye-law or order made thereunder :

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to confer upon any person any power such as is referred to in section 207 or section 215 or to authorise the conferment upon any person of any such power.

Powers of inspection by member of a Board.

242. With the previous sanction of the President, any member of a Board may inspect any work or institution constructed or maintained, in whole or part, at the expense of the Board, and any register, book, accounts or other document belonging to, or in the possession of, the Board.

Power of inspection, etc.

243. (1) A Cantonment Authority may, by general or special order, authorise any person—

- (a) to inspect any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool, pipe, sewer or channel in or on any building or land in the cantonment, and, in his discretion, to cause the ground to be opened for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from the drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool, pipe, sewer or channel, as the case may be ;
- (b) to examine works under construction in the cantonment, to take levels or to remove, test, examine, replace or read any meter.

(2) If, on such inspection, the opening of the ground is found to be necessary for the prevention or removal of a nuisance, the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier of the land or building, but if it is found that no nuisance exists or but for such opening would have arisen, the ground or portion of any building, drain or other work opened, injured or removed for the purpose of such inspection shall be filled in, reinstated, or made good, as the case may be, by the Cantonment Authority.

Power to enter
lands adjoining
land where work
is in progress.

244. (1) The Executive Officer of a cantonment may, with or without assistants or workmen, enter on any land within fifty yards of any work authorised by or under this Act for the purpose of depositing thereon any soil, gravel, stone or other materials, or of obtaining access to such work, or for any other purpose connected with the carrying on of the same.

(2) The Executive Officer shall, before entering on any land under sub-section (1), give the occupier, or, if there is no occupier, the owner not less than three days' previous notice in writing of his intention to make such entry, and shall state the purpose thereof, and shall, if so required by the occupier or owner, fence off so much of the land as may be required for such purpose.

(3) The Executive Officer shall, in exercising any power conferred by this section, do as little damage as may be, and compensation shall be payable by the Cantonment Authority to the owner or occupier of such land, or to both, for any such damage whether permanent or temporary.

Breaking into
premises.

245. It shall be lawful for any person, authorised by or under this Act to make any entry into any place, to open or cause to be opened any door, gate or other barrier—

(a) if he considers the opening thereof necessary for the purpose of such entry; and

(b) if the owner or occupier is absent, or being present refuses to open such door, gate or barrier.

Entry to be
made in the day
time.

246. Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, no entry authorised by or under this Act shall be made except between the hours of sunrise and sunset.

Owner's consent
ordinarily to be
obtained.

247. Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, no building or land shall be entered without the consent of the occupier, or if there is no occupier, of the owner thereof, and no such entry shall be made without giving the said occupier or owner, as the case may be, not less than four hours' written notice of the intention to make such entry:

Provided that no such notice shall be necessary if the place to be inspected is a stable for horses or a shed for cattle, or a latrine, privy or urinal, or a work under construction.

Regard to be
had to social and
religious usages.

248. When any place used as a human dwelling is entered under this Act, due regard shall be paid to the social and religious customs and usages of the occupants of the place entered, and no apartment in the actual occupancy of a female shall be entered or broken open until she has been informed that she is at liberty to withdraw and every reasonable facility has been afforded to her for withdrawing.

Penalty
for obstruction.

249. Whoever obstructs or molests any person employed by a Cantonment Authority, who is not a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code or any person with whom the Cantonment Authority has lawfully contracted, in the execution of his duty or of anything which he is empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of any of the provisions of this Act or of any rule, bye-law or order made thereunder, or in fulfilment of his contract, as the case may be, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

XLV of 1860.

Powers and Duties of Police Officers.

Arrest without
warrant.

250. Any member of the police force employed in a cantonment may, without a warrant, arrest any person committing in his view a breach of any of the provisions of this Act which are specified in Schedule IV:

Provided that—

(a) in the case of the breach of any such provision as is specified in Part B of Schedule IV, no person shall be so arrested who consents to give his name and address, unless there is reasonable ground for doubting the accuracy of the name or address so given, the burden of proof of which shall lie on the arresting officer, and no person so arrested shall be detained after his name and address have been ascertained; and

(b) no person shall be so arrested for an offence under section 236 except—

- (i) at the request of the person importuned or of a military officer in whose presence the offence was committed ; or
- ii) by or at the request of a member of the Military or Air Force Police, being employed in the cantonment and authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment, in whose presence the offence was committed, or of any police officer not below the rank of a sub-inspector who is employed in the cantonment and authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment.

Duties of police officers.

251. It shall be the duty of all police officers to give immediate information to the Cantonment Authority of the commission of any offence against the provisions of this Act or of any rule or bye-law made thereunder, and to assist all cantonment officers and servants in the exercise of their lawful authority.

Notices.

Notices to fix reasonable time.

252. Where any notice, order or requisition made under this Act or any rule or bye-law made thereunder requires anything to be done for the doing of which no time is fixed in this Act or in the rule or bye-law, the notice, order or requisition shall specify a reasonable time for doing the same.

Authenticity and validity of notices issued by Cantonment Authority.

253. Every notice, order or requisition issued by a Cantonment Authority under this Act or any rule or bye-law made thereunder shall be signed—

- (a) where there is a Board, either by the President of the Board or by the Executive Officer, or, where there is no Board, by the Executive Officer ; or
- (b) by the members of any committee especially authorised by the Cantonment Authority in this behalf.

Service of notice, etc

254. (1) Every notice, order or requisition issued under this Act or any rule or bye-law made thereunder shall, save as otherwise expressly provided, be served or presented—

- (a) by giving or tendering the notice, order or requisition, or sending it by post, to the person for whom it is intended ; or
- (b) if such person cannot be found, by affixing the notice, order or requisition on some conspicuous part of his last known place of abode or business, if within the cantonment, or by giving or tendering the notice, order or requisition to some adult male member or servant of his family, or by causing it to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the building or land, if any, to which it relates.

(2) When any such notice, order or requisition is required or permitted to be served upon an owner, lessee or occupier of any building or land, it shall not be necessary to name the owner, lessee or occupier therein, and the service thereof shall, save as otherwise expressly provided, be effected either—

- (a) by giving or tendering the notice, order or requisition, or sending it by post, to the owner, lessee or occupier, or, if there are more owners, lessees or occupiers than one, on any one of them ; or
- (b) if no such owner, lessee or occupier can be found, by giving or tendering the notice, order or requisition to the authorised agent, if any, of any such owner, lessee or occupier, or to an adult male member or servant of the family of any such owner, lessee or occupier, or by causing it to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the building or land to which it relates.

(3) When the person on whom a notice, order or requisition is to be served is a minor, service upon his guardian or upon an adult male member or servant of his family shall be deemed to be service upon the minor.

Method of giving notice.

• **255.** Every notice which, by or under this Act, is to be given or served as a public notice or as a notice which is not required to be given to any individual therein specified shall, save as otherwise expressly provided, be deemed to have been sufficiently given or served if a copy thereof is affixed in such conspicuous part of the office of the Cantonment Authority, or in such other public place, during such period, or is published in such local newspaper or in such other manner, as the Cantonment Authority may direct.

Powers of Cantonment Authority in case of non-compliance with notice, etc.

256. In the event of non-compliance with the terms of any notice, order or requisition issued to any person under this Act, or any rule or bye-law made thereunder, requiring such person to execute any work or to do any act, it shall be lawful for the Cantonment Authority, whether or not the person in default is liable to punishment for such default or has been prosecuted or sentenced to any punishment therefor, after giving notice in writing to such person, to take such action or such steps as may be necessary for the completion of the act or work required to be done or executed by him, and all the expenses incurred on such account shall be recoverable by the Cantonment Authority.

Recovery of Money.

Liability of occupier to pay in default of owner.

257. (1) If any such notice as is referred to in section 256 has been given to any person in respect of property of which he is the owner, the Cantonment Authority may require any occupier of such property or of any part thereof to pay to it, instead of to the owner, any rent payable by him in respect of such property, as it falls due, up to the amount recoverable from the owner under section 256:

Provided that if the occupier, on application made to him by the Cantonment Authority, refuses truly to disclose the amount of his rent or the name or address of the person to whom it is payable, the Cantonment Authority may recover from the occupier the whole amount recoverable under section 256.

(2) Any amount recovered from an occupier instead of from an owner under sub-section (1) shall, in the absence of any contract between the owner and the occupier to the contrary, be deemed to have been paid to the owner.

Relief to agents and trustees

258. (1) Where any person, by reason of his receiving the rent of immovable property as an agent or trustee, or of his being as an agent or trustee the person who would receive the rent if the property were let to a tenant, would under this Act be bound to discharge any obligation imposed on the owner of the property for the discharge of which money is required, he shall not be bound to discharge the obligation unless he has, or but for his own improper act or default might have had, funds in his hands belonging to the owner sufficient for the purpose.

(2) The burden of proving any fact entitling an agent or trustee to relief under sub-section (1) shall lie upon him.

(3) Where any agent or trustee has claimed and established his right to relief under this section, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require him to apply to the discharge of such obligation as aforesaid the first monies which may come to his hands on behalf, or for the use, of the owner, and, on failure to comply with the notice, he shall be deemed to be personally liable to discharge the obligation.

Method of recovery.

259. All money recoverable by a Cantonment Authority under this Act shall, save as otherwise expressly provided, be recoverable either by suit or, on application to a Magistrate, by the distress and sale of the moveable property of the person from whom it is recoverable, and, if payable by the owner of any property as such, it shall, until it is paid, be a charge on the property.

Committees of Arbitration.

Application for
a Committee of
Arbitration.

260. In the event of any disagreement as to the liability of a Cantonment Authority to pay any compensation under this Act, or as to the amount of any compensation so payable, the person claiming such under this Act compensation may apply to the Cantonment Authority for the reference of the matter to a Committee of Arbitration, and the Cantonment Authority shall forthwith proceed to convene a Committee of Arbitration to determine the matter in dispute.

Procedure for
convening Com-
mittee of Arbit-
ration.

261. When a Committee of Arbitration is to be convened the Cantonment Authority shall cause a public notice to be published stating the matter to be determined, and shall forthwith send copies of the order to the District Magistrate, and to the other party concerned, and shall, as soon as may be, nominate such members of the Committee as it is entitled to nominate under section 262, and, by notice in writing, call upon the other persons who are entitled to nominate a member or members of the Committee to nominate such member or members in accordance with the provisions of that section.

Constitution of
Committee of
Arbitration.

262. (1) Every Committee of Arbitration shall consist of five members, namely :—

- (a) a Chairman who shall be a person not in the service of the Government or the Cantonment Authority, and who shall be nominated by the Commanding Officer of the cantonment;
- (b) two persons nominated by the Cantonment Authority; and
- (c) two persons nominated by the other party concerned, who shall be persons ordinarily resident and liable to pay taxes in the cantonment.

(2) If the Cantonment Authority or the other party concerned or the Commanding Officer of the cantonment fails within seven days of the date of issue of the notice referred to in section 261 to make any nomination which it or he is entitled to make or, if any member who has been so nominated neglects or refuses to act and the Cantonment Authority or other person, by whom such member was nominated, fails to nominate another member in his place within seven days from the date on which it or he may be called upon to do so by the District Magistrate, the District Magistrate shall forthwith appoint a member or members, as the case may be, to fill the vacancy or vacancies.

No person to be
nominated who
has direct
interest and
whose services
are not immedi-
ately available.

263. (1) No person who has a direct interest in the matter under reference, or whose services are not immediately available for the purposes of the Committee, shall be nominated a member of a Committee of Arbitration.

(2) If, in the opinion of the District Magistrate, any person who has been nominated has a direct interest in the matter under reference, or is otherwise disqualified for nomination, or if the services of any such person are not immediately available as aforesaid, and if the Cantonment Authority or other person by whom any such person was nominated fails to nominate another member within seven days from the date on which it or he may be called upon to do so by the District Magistrate, such failure shall be deemed to constitute a failure to make a nomination within the meaning of section 262.

Meetings and
powers of Com-
mittees of Arbit-
ration.

264. (1) When a Committee of Arbitration has been duly constituted, the Cantonment Authority shall, by notice in writing, inform each of the members of the fact, and the Committee shall meet as soon as may be thereafter.

(2) The Chairman of the Committee shall fix the time and place of meetings and shall have power to adjourn any meeting from time to time as may be necessary.

(3) The Committee shall receive and record evidence, and shall have power to administer oaths to witnesses, and, on requisition in writing signed by the Chairman of the Committee, the District Magistrate shall issue the necessary processes for the attendance of witnesses and the production of

documents required by the Committee and may enforce the said processes as if they were processes for attendance or production before himself.

Decisions
Committees
Arbitration.

265. (1) The decision of every Committee of Arbitration shall be in accordance with the majority of votes taken at a meeting at which the Chairman and at least three of the other members are present.

(2) If there is not a majority of votes in favour of any proposed decision, the opinion of the Chairman shall prevail.

(3) The decision of a Committee of Arbitration shall be final and shall not be questioned in any Court.

Prosecutions.

Prosecutions.

266. Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, no Court shall proceed to the trial of any offence made punishable by or under this Act, except on the complaint of, or upon information received from, the Cantonment Authority concerned or a person authorised by the Cantonment Authority by a general or special order in this behalf.

Composition of
offences.

267. (1) A Cantonment Authority, or any person authorised by it, by general or special order in this behalf, may, either before or after the institution of the proceedings, compound any offence made punishable by or under this Act other than an offence under Chapter XIV :

Provided that no offence shall be compoundable which is committed by failure to comply with a notice, order, or requisition issued by or on behalf of the Cantonment Authority, unless and until the same has been complied with in so far as compliance is possible.

(2) Where an offence has been compounded, the offender, if in custody, shall be discharged and no further proceedings shall be taken against him in respect of the offence so compounded.

General Penalty provisions.

General penalty.

268. Whoever, in any case in which a penalty is not expressly provided by this Act, fails to comply with any notice, order, or requisition issued under any provision thereof, or otherwise contravenes any of the provisions of this Act, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and, in the case of a continuing failure or contravention, with an additional fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day after the first during which he has persisted in the failure or contravention.

Cancellation
and suspension of
licences.

269. Where any person to whom a licence has been granted under this Act or any agent or servant of such person commits a breach of any of the conditions thereof, or of any bye-law made under this Act for the purpose of regulating the manner or circumstances in, or the condition subject to, which anything permitted by such licence is to be or may be done, the Cantonment Authority may, without prejudice to any other penalty which may have been incurred under this Act, by order in writing, cancel the licence or suspend it for such period as it thinks fit.

Recovery of
amount payable
in respect of
damage to cantonment
property.

270. Where any person has incurred a penalty by reason of having caused any damage to the property of a Cantonment Authority, he shall be liable to make good such damage, and the amount payable in respect of the damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Magistrate by whom the person, incurring such penalty is convicted, and, on non-payment of such amount on demand, the same shall be recovered by distress and sale of the moveable property of such person, and the Magistrate shall issue a warrant for its recovery accordingly.

Limitation.

Limitation for
prosecution.

271. No Court shall try any person for an offence made punishable by or under this Act, unless complaint in respect of the same has been made to a Magistrate within six months of the commission of the offence.

Suits.

Protection of
Cantonment
Authority, Exe-
cutive Officer, etc.

272. No suit or prosecution shall be entertained in any Court against any Cantonment Authority or authority appointed under sub-section (2) of section 10, or against any Commanding Officer of a cantonment, or against any member of a Board, or against any officer or servant of a Cantonment Authority, for anything in good faith done, or intended to be done under this Act or any rule or bye-law made thereunder.

Notice to be
given of suits.

273. (1) No suit shall be instituted against any Cantonment Authority or against any member of a Board, or against any officer or servant of a Cantonment Authority, in respect of any act done, or purporting to have been done, in pursuance of this Act or of any rule or bye-law made thereunder, until the expiration of two months after notice in writing has been left at the office of the Cantonment Authority, and, in the case of such member, officer, or servant, unless notice in writing has also been delivered to him or left at his office or place of abode, and unless such notice states explicitly the cause of action, the nature of the relief sought, the amount of compensation claimed, and the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff, and unless the plaint contains a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

(2) If the Cantonment Authority, member, officer or servant has, before the suit is instituted, tendered sufficient amends to the plaintiff, the plaintiff shall not recover any sum in excess of the amount so tendered, and shall also pay all costs incurred by the defendant after such tender.

(3) No suit, such as is described in sub-section (1), shall, unless it is an action for the recovery of immoveable property or for a declaration of title thereto, be instituted after the expiry of six months from the date on which the cause of action arises.

(4) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall be deemed to apply to a suit in which the only relief claimed is an injunction of which the object would be defeated by the giving of the notice or the postponement of the institution of the suit or proceeding.

Appeals and Revision.

Appeals from
executive orders.

274. (1) Any person aggrieved by any order described in the second column of Schedule V may appeal to the authority specified in that behalf in the third column thereof.

(2) No such appeal shall be admitted if it is made after the expiry of the period specified in that behalf in the fourth column of the said Schedule.

(3) The period specified as aforesaid shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, with respect to the computation of periods of limitation thereunder.

IX of 1908.

Petition
of appeal.

275. (1) Every appeal under section 274 shall be made by petition in writing accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against.

(2) Any such petition may be presented to the authority which made the order against which the appeal is made, and that authority shall be bound to forward it to the appellate authority, and may attach thereto any report which it may desire to make by way of explanation.

Suspension of
action pending
appeal.

276. On the admission of an appeal from an order, other than an order contained in a notice issued under clause (a) of section 137, section 140, section 176, or section 236, all proceedings to enforce the order and all prosecutions for any contravention thereof shall be held in abeyance pending the decision of the appeal, and, if the order is set aside on appeal, disobedience thereto shall not be deemed to be an offence.

Revision.

277. (1) Where an appeal from an order dismissing a servant of the Cantonment Authority whose salary is not less than one hundred rupees per mensem has been disposed of by the Officer Commanding the District, the servant so dismissed may within thirty days from the date thereof apply for revision of the decision to the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, whose decision thereon shall be final.

(2) Where an appeal from an order made by the Cantonment Authority has been disposed of by the District Magistrate, the Cantonment Authority may, within thirty days from the date thereof, apply, through the Officer Commanding the District, to the Local Government, or to such authority as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, for a revision of the decision.

(3) The provisions of this Chapter with respect to appeals shall apply, as far as may be, to applications for revision made under this section.

Finality of
appellate orders.

278. Save as otherwise provided in section 277, every order of an appellate authority shall be final.

Right of
appellant to be
heard.

279. No appeal shall be decided under this Chapter unless the appellant has been heard, or has had a reasonable opportunity of being heard in person or through a legal practitioner.

CHAPTER XVI.

RULES AND BYE-LAWS.

Power to make
rules.

280. (1) The Governor General in Council may, after previous publication, make rules to carry out the purposes and objects of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) the manner in which, and the authority to which, application for permission to occupy land belonging to Government in a cantonment is to be made;
- (b) the authority by which such permission may be granted and the conditions to be annexed to the grant of any such permission;
- (c) the appointment, control, supervision, suspension, removal, dismissal and punishment of servants of Cantonment Authorities;
- (d) the circumstances in which security shall be demanded from servants of Cantonment Authorities and the amount and nature of such security;
- (e) the grant of leave, absentee or acting allowance to servants of Cantonment Authorities;
- (f) the creation and management of Provident Funds, and the circumstances in which, and the conditions subject to which, contributions thereto shall be made from cantonment funds and by servants of Cantonment Authorities;
- (g) the keeping of accounts by Cantonment Authorities and the manner in which such accounts shall be audited and published;
- (h) the definition of the persons by whom, and manner in which, money may be paid out of a cantonment fund;
- (i) the preparation of estimates of income and expenditure by Cantonment Authorities and the definition of the persons by whom, and the conditions subject to which, such estimates may be sanctioned;
- (j) the regulation of the procedure of Committees of Arbitration; and
- (k) the prescribing of registers, statements and forms to be used and maintained by any authority for the purposes of this Act.

Supplemental
provisions re-
specting rules.

281. (1) A rule under section 280 may be made either generally for all cantonments or for the whole or any part of any one or more cantonments.

(2) All rules so made shall be published in the Gazette of India and in such other manner, if any, as the Governor General in Council may direct and, on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

Power to make
bye-laws.

232. Subject to the provisions of this Act and of the rules made thereunder, a Cantonment Authority may, in addition to any bye-laws which it is empowered to make by any other provision of this Act, make bye-laws to provide for all or any of the following matters in the cantonment, namely:—

- (1) the registration of births, deaths and marriages, and the taking of a census ;
- (2) the enforcement of compulsory vaccination ;
- (3) the regulation of the collection and recovery of taxes, tolls and fees under this Act and for the refund of taxes ;
- (4) the regulation or prohibition of any description of traffic in the streets ;
- (5) the manner in which vehicles standing, driven, led or propelled in the streets between sunrise and sunset shall be lighted ;
- (6) the seizure and confiscation of ownerless animals straying within the limits of the cantonment ;
- (7) the prevention and extinction of fire ;
- (8) the construction of scaffolding for building operations to secure the safety of the general public and of persons working thereon ;
- (9) the regulation in any manner not specifically provided for in this Act of the construction, alteration, maintenance, preservation, cleaning and repairs of drains, ventilation-shafts, pipes, waterclosets, privies, latrine, urinals, cesspools and other drainage works ;
- (10) the regulation or prohibition of the discharge into, or deposit in, drains of sewage, polluted water and other offensive or obstructive matter ;
- (11) the regulation or prohibition of the stabling or herding of animals, or of any class of animals, so as to prevent danger to public health ;
- (12) the proper disposal of corpses, the regulation and management of burial and burning places and other places for the disposal of corpses, and the fees chargeable for the use of such places where the same are provided or maintained by Government or at the expense of the cantonment fund ;
- (13) the permission, regulation or prohibition of the use or occupation of any street or place by itinerant vendors or by any person for the sale of articles or the exercise of any calling or the setting up of any booth or stall, and the fees chargeable for such use or occupation ;
- (14) the regulation and control of encamping grounds, pounds, washing-places, serais, hotels, dak-bungalows, lodging-houses, boarding-houses, buildings let in tenements, residential clubs, restaurants, eating-houses, cafes, refreshment-rooms and places of public recreation, entertainment or resort ;
- (15) the regulation of the ventilation, lighting, cleansing, drainage and water-supply of the buildings used for the manufacture or sale of aerated or other potable waters and of butter, milk, sweet-meats and other articles of food or drink for human consumption ;
- (16) the matters regarding which conditions may be imposed by licences granted under section 210 ;
- (17) the control and supervision of places where dangerous or offensive trades are carried on so as to secure cleanliness therein or to minimise any injurious, offensive or dangerous effects arising or likely to arise therefrom ;
- (18) the regulation of the erection of any enclosure, fence, tent, awning or other temporary structure of whatsoever material or nature on any land situated within the cantonment ;

- (18) the laying out of streets, and the regulation and prohibition of the erection of buildings without adequate provisions being made for the laying out and location of streets ;
- (19) the regulation of the use of public parks and gardens and other public places, and the protection of avenues, trees, grass and other appurtenances of streets and other public places ;
- (20) the regulation of the grazing of animals ;
- (21) the fixing and regulation of the use of public bathing and washing places ;
- (22) the regulation of the posting of bills and advertisements, and of the position, size, shape or style of name-boards, signboards and sign-posts ;
- (23) the fixation of a method for the sale of articles whether by measure, weight, piece or any other method ;
- (24) the rendering necessary of licences within the cantonment—
 - (a) for person working as job porters for the conveyance of goods ;
 - (b) for animals or vehicles let out on hire ;
 - (c) for the proprietors or drivers of vehicles, boats or other conveyances, or of animals, kept or plying for hire ; and
 - (d) for persons impelling or carrying such vehicles or other conveyances ;
- (25) the prescribing of the fee payable for any licence required under clause (24), and of the conditions—subject to which such licences may be granted, revised, suspended or withdrawn ;
- (26) the regulation of the charges to be made for the services of such job porters and of the hire of such animals, vehicles or other conveyances, and for the remuneration of persons impelling or carrying such vehicles or conveyances as are referred to in clause (24) ;
- (27) the regulation or prohibition, for purposes of sanitation or the prevention of disease or the promotion of public safety or convenience, of any act which occasions or is likely to occasion a nuisance, and for the regulations or prohibition of which no provisions is made elsewhere by or under this Act ;
- (28) the circumstances and the manner in which owners of buildings or land in the cantonment, who are temporarily absent from, or are not resident in, the cantonment, may be required to appoint as their agents, for all or any of the purposes of this Act or of any rule or bye-law made thereunder, persons residing within or near the cantonment ;
- (29) the prevention of the spread of infectious or contagious diseases within the cantonment ;
- (30) the segregation in, or the removal and exclusion from, the cantonment, or the destruction, of animals suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease ;
- (31) the supervision, the regulation, conservation, and protection from injury, contamination or trespass of sources and means of public water-supply and of appliances for the distribution of water whether within or without the limits of the cantonment ;
- (32) the manner in which connections with water-works may be constructed or maintained, and the agency which shall or may be employed for such construction and maintenance ;
- (33) the regulation of all matters and things relating to the supply and use of water including the collection and recovery of charges therefor and the prevention of evasion of the same ;

- (35) the maintenance of schools, and the furtherance of education generally ;
- (36) the regulation or prohibition of the cutting or destruction of trees or shrubs, or of the making of excavations, or of the removal of soil or quarrying, where such regulation or prohibition appears to the Cantonment Authority to be necessary for the maintenance of a water supply, the preservation of the soil, the prevention of land slips, the formation of ravines or torrents, the protection of land against erosion, or the deposit thereon of sand, gravel or stones ;
- (37) the rendering necessary of licences for the use of premises within the cantonment as stables or cow-houses or as accommodation for sheep, goats or fowls ; and
- (38) generally for the regulation of the administration of the cantonment under this Act.

Penalty for breach of bye-laws. **283.** Any bye-law made by a Cantonment Authority under this Act may provide that a contravention thereof shall be punishable—

- (a) with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees ; or
- (b) with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees and, in the case of a continuing contravention, with an additional fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day during which such contravention continues after conviction for the first such contravention ; or
- (c) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the contravention continues after the receipt of a notice from the Cantonment Authority by the person contravening the bye-law requiring such person to discontinue such contravention.

Supplemental provisions regarding bye-laws.

284. (1) Any power to make bye-laws conferred by this Act is conferred subject to the condition of the bye-laws being made after previous publication and of their not taking effect until they have been approved and confirmed by the Local Government and published in the local official Gazette.

(2) The Local Government in confirming a bye-law may make any change therein which appears to it to be necessary.

(3) The Local Government may, after previous publication of its intention, cancel any bye-law which it has confirmed, and thereupon the bye-law shall cease to have effect.

Rules and bye-laws to be available for inspection and purchase.

285. (1) A copy of all rules and bye-laws made under this Act shall be kept at the office of the Cantonment Authority and shall, during office hours, be open free of charge to inspection by any inhabitant of the cantonment.

(2) Copies of all such rules and bye-laws shall be kept at the office of the Cantonment Authority for sale to the public.

CHAPTER XVII.

SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

Extension of certain provisions of the Act and rules to places beyond cantonments.

286. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, and subject to any conditions as to compensation or otherwise which it thinks fit to impose, extend to any area beyond a cantonment and in the vicinity thereof, with or without restriction or modification, any of the provisions of Chapters IX, X, XI, XII, XIII, XIV and XV or of any rule or bye-law made under this Act for the cantonment which relates to the subject matter of any of those Chapters, and every enactment, rule or bye-law so extended shall thereupon apply to that area as if the area were included in the cantonment.

Registration.

287. (1) Paragraphs 2 and 3 of section 54, and sections 59, 107 and 123 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, with respect to the transfer of property by registered instrument, shall, on and from the commencement of this Act, extend to every cantonment. IV of 1882.

(2) Where a cantonment has not been constituted a sub-district or district for the purpose of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, under section 9 of that Act, the Registrar of the district in which the cantonment is situated shall cause a copy of such entries in Indexes Nos. I and II as relate to immovable property within the cantonment to be forwarded to the Cantonment Authority annually or at such shorter intervals as the Local Government may prescribe. XVI of 1908.

Validity of notices and other document

288. No notice, order, requisition, licence, permission in writing or other such document issued under this Act shall be invalid merely by reason of any defect of form.

Admissibility of document or entry as evidence.

289. A copy of any receipt, application, plan, notice, order or other document or of any entry in a register, in the possession of a Cantonment Authority shall, if duly certified by the legal keeper thereof or other person authorized by the Cantonment Authority in this behalf, be admissible in evidence of the existence of the document or entry and shall be admitted as evidence of the matters and transactions therein recorded in every case where, and to the same extent to which, the original document or entry would, if produced, have been admissible to prove such matters.

Evidence by officer or servant of the Cantonment Authority.

290. No officer or servant of a Cantonment Authority shall, in any legal proceeding to which the Cantonment Authority is not a party, be required to produce any register or document the contents of which can be proved under section 289 by a certified copy, or to appear as a witness to prove any matter or transaction recorded therein save by order of the Court made for special cause.

Repeals.

291. The enactments mentioned in Schedule VI are repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof:

Provided that licences and permits given under the Cantonments Act, 1910, and in force at the commencement of this Act, shall be deemed to have been given under this Act. XV of 1910.

SCHEDULE I.

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

(See section 91.)

To _____ residing at _____
 Take notice that the Cantonment Authority demands from _____
 the sum of _____ due from _____ on account of _____
 (here describe the property, occupation, circumstance or thing in respect of which the
 sum is payable) leviable under _____ for the period of _____
 commencing on the _____ day of _____ 19, and ending on the
 day of _____ 19, and that if, within fifteen days from the service of this notice,
 the said sum is not paid to the Cantonment Authority at _____, or
 sufficient cause for non-payment is not shown to the satisfaction of the Executive Officer,
 a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 19.

(Signed)

Executive Officer
 Cantonment.

SCHEDULE II.

FORM OF WARRANT.

(See section 92.)

(Here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

Whereas A. B. of _____ has not paid, and has not shown satisfactory cause
 * (Here describe the liability.) for the non-payment of, the sum of _____ due on account _____ for the
 period of _____ commencing on the
 day of _____ 19 _____, and ending with the
 day of _____ 19 _____, which sum is leviable under _____.

And whereas fifteen days have elapsed since the service on him of notice of demand for the same;

This is to command you to distrain, subject to the provisions of the Cantonments Act 192 _____, the moveable property of the said A. B. to the amount of the said sum of Rs. _____; and forthwith to certify to me together with this warrant all particulars of the property seized by you thereunder.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 19 _____.

(Signed)

Executive Officer,
 Cantonment.

SCHEDULE III.

FORM OF INVENTORY OF PROPERTY DISTRAINED AND NOTICE OF SALE.

(See section 93.)

To _____
 residing at _____

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the inventory annexed hereto, for the value of _____ due for the liability* mentioned in the
 * (Here describe the liability.) margin for the period commencing with the _____ day of _____ 19 _____, and ending
 with the _____ day of _____ 19 _____, together with Rs. _____ due for
 service of notice of demand and that unless within five days from the date of the service of this notice you pay to the Cantonment Authority the said amount together with the costs of recovery, the said property will be sold.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 19 _____.

(Signature of officer executing the warrant.)

INVENTORY.

(Here state particulars of property seized.)

SCHEDULE IV.

CASES IN WHICH POLICE MAY ARREST WITHOUT WARRANT.

(See section 250.)

1	2
Section.	Subject.
PART A.	
118 (1) (a) (i)	Drunkenness, etc.
167	Making or selling of food, etc., or washing of clothes, by infected person.

1	2
Section.	Subject.
PART B.	
118 (1) (a) (ii)	... Using threatening or abusive words, etc.
118 (1) (a) (iii)	... Indecent exposure of person, etc.
118 (1) (a) (iv)	... Begging.
118 (1) (a) (v)	... Exposing deformity, etc.
118 (1) (a) (vi)	... Gaming.
118 (1) (a) (vii)	... Destroying notice, etc.
118 (1) (a) (viii)	... Breaking direction-post, etc.
118 (1) (f)	... Keeping common gaming-house, etc.
118 (1) (g)	... Beating drum, etc.
118 (1) (h)	... Singing, etc., so as to disturb public peace or order.
119 (b)	... Letting loose, or setting on, ferocious dog.
125	... Discharging fire-arms, etc., so as to cause danger.
176 (1)	... Remaining in, or re-entering, cantonment after notice of expulsion for failure to attend hospital or dispensary.
193 (2)	... Destroying, etc., name of street or number affixed to building.
214	... Feeding animal on filth, etc.
236	... Loitering or importuning for sexual immorality.
240 (a)	... Remaining in, or returning to, a cantonment after notice of expulsion.

SCHEDULE V.

(See section 274.)

APPEALS FROM ORDERS.

1	2	3	4
Section.	Executive Order.	Appellate Authority.	Time allowed for appeal.
126	Cantonment Authority's notice to repair, protect or enclose a building, wall or anything affixed thereto, or well, tank, reservoir, pool, depression or excavation.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from service of notice.
134	Cantonment Authority's notice to fill up well, tank, etc., or to drain off or remove water.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from service of notice.
137	Cantonment Authority's notice to provide sufficient drainage, etc.	Officer Commanding the District.	Fifteen days from service of notice.
140	Cantonment Authority's notice requiring a building to be repaired or altered so as to remove sanitary defects.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from service of notice.
176	Order of Commanding Officer of cantonment, on report of Medical Officer, directing a person to remove from the cantonment and prohibiting him from re-entering it without permission.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from service of notice.
181	Cantonment Authority's refusal to sanction the erection or re-erection of a building.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from date of refusal.
185	Cantonment Authority's notice to alter or demolish a building.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from service of notice.
188	Cantonment Authority's notice to pull down or otherwise deal with a building newly erected or rebuilt without permission over a sewer, drain, culvert, water-course or water-pipe.	Officer Commanding the District.	Thirty days from service of notice.
206	Cantonment Authority's notice prohibiting or restricting the use of a slaughter-house.	District Magistrate ...	Twenty-one days from service of notice.
238	Magistrate's notice directing disorderly person to remove from cantonment and prohibiting him from re-entering it without permission.	District Magistrate ...	Thirty days from service of notice.

SCHEDULE VI.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

(See section 291.)

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
1910	XV	The Cantonments Act, 1910	So much as has not been repealed.
1914	X	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1914	So much of the First and Second Schedules as relates to the Cantonments Act, 1910.
1919	XVIII	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1919	So much of the First Schedule as relates to the Cantonments Act, 1910.
1919	XXII	The Cantonments (Amendment) Act, 1919.	The whole.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

A Committee, which was appointed by the Government of India in January 1921 to consider what changes were necessary in order to introduce into the administration of cantonments the spirit of the reformed scheme of Government, recommended a complete revision and amalgamation of the Cantonments Act (Act XV of 1910) and the Cantonment Act, 1912, in order to bring into conformity with ordinary municipal law the system under which military cantonments are administered.

The recommendations of the Committee have now been examined by the Government of India and the conclusions arrived at are embodied in the Bill.

The main features of the Bill are as follows :-

- (a) It is proposed to take power to municipalize the government of those cantonments which contain a substantial civil population having no essential connexion with or dependence upon the military administration. In other cantonments where these circumstances do not fully exist the administration of cantonment affairs will be vested in the hands of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, who, for the purposes of the Act, will be constituted a corporation sole. The general effect will be that the Cantonment Authority will cease to be the purely executive agency of Government, which it is at present. In the larger cantonments the existing Cantonment Committee will be replaced by a Cantonment Board which will be municipal in character and an essentially local self-government body.
- (b) The reformed Cantonment Authorities will have a separate legal persona, will be capable of suing and being sued in their own name and of making contracts. They will also be empowered to make bye-laws to govern local matters of administration which require different treatment in different cantonments.
- (c) The cantonment fund under the reformed system will be a local fund vested in the Cantonment Authority.
- (d) In the reformed cantonments where a Board is constituted a proportion of the Cantonment Board will be elected representatives of the civil inhabitants of the cantonment. An official majority will, however, be maintained.
- (e) The Cantonment Magistrate, as such, will be eliminated. In his place an "Executive Officer" will be appointed. He will be paid by Government. He will perform, amongst other things, the duties of Secretary of the Board, and he will have no judicial powers or functions.
- (f) The Local Governments will exercise certain larger powers of superintendence and control over cantonment affairs than they do at present.
- (g) The military authorities will retain certain special powers in matters affecting the health, welfare and discipline of troops.

E. BURDON.

DELHI :

The 17th March, 1923.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1923.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 4333A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 4143A.—The 9th April 1923.—Raju Annada Charan Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed temporarily to act as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

Burdwan.
Birbhum.—No. 4160A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. A. L. Blank, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Asansol; Burdwan, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector, Birbhum, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. B. Blackwood, I.C.S., or until further orders.

Hooghly.
Burdwan.—No. 4162A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. G. G. Hooper, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Hooghly, is appointed to have charge of the Asansol subdivision of the Burdwan district.

No. 4177A.—The 10th April 1923.—The Sub-Deputy Collectors named below are appointed to be Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors on probation and are posted to the stations mentioned opposite their names :—

Babu Ananga Mohan Chakrabatti, B.A., to continue until further orders as Circle Officer	...	Rangpur.
Babu Haran Chandra Sen, B.A.	...	Jangipur, Murshidabad.
Babu Mahatap Chandra Ghosh, M.A., B.L.	...	Howrah.
Babu Hira Lal Sen, B.A., to continue until further orders as Assistant Settlement Officer	...	Nadia.

No. 4182A.—The 10th April 1923.—The officers named below are appointed to be Sub-Deputy Collectors on probation :—

Babu Umesh Chandra Banarji, B.A.	...	Settlement Kanango.
Babu Kunja Mohan De, B.A.	...	Ditto.
Babu Jnanendra Nath Chakrabatti, B.A.	...	District Kanango.

2. The postings of these officers are under consideration.

No. 4240A.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Dhurjati Kumar Datta, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 4244A.—The 11th April 1923.—Maulvi Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Jessore district.

No. 4247A.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Nagendra Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Birbhum district.

No. 4250A.—The 11th April 1923.—Maulvi Abdul Bari, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Birbhum, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Tippera district.

No. 4258A.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, is transferred to the Asansol subdivision of the Burdwan district.

No. 4261A.—The 12th April 1923.—Mr. G. D. Pyne, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jhargram, Midnapore, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Howrah district.

This cancels the orders of the 7th April 1923 posting Mr. Pyne to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district.

POLICE.—No. 4133A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. C. J. Leonard, Superintendent, River Police, Narayanganj, is appointed temporarily to act as Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal.

This cancels notification No. 2007A., dated the 27th February 1923.

No. 4135A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. R. E. A. Ray, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Dacca and Mymensingh, is appointed to act, until further orders, as an Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

No. 4147A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. W. Cook, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is appointed temporarily to act as a Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 4152A.—The 9th April 1923.—Babu Banku Behari Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, under orders of transfer to Madaripur, Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 22nd March 1923.

No. 4157A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. J. R. Blackwood, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for seven months, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th April 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 4166A.—The 10th April 1923.—Mr. Mahima Nath Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed leave for six months, viz., leave on average pay for two months and twenty days or the amount due on the date of relief, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under article 81 (d) of those rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 4232A.—The 10th April 1923.—The orders contained in the Appointment Department notification No. 1953A., dated the 26th February 1923, granting leave on average pay for thirty-seven days to Babu Jogesh Chandra Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector and Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Dacca Division, are cancelled.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4268 A.—The 12th April 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that the first half-yearly Departmental Examination in 1923 of Assistant Magistrates, Deputy and Sub-Deputy Collectors in the Regulation and non-Regulation districts, of Cantonment Magistrates and of officers of the Police, Medical, Forest, Public Works, Excise, Educational, Imperial Customs, Agricultural and Civil Veterinary Departments, will be held on Monday, the 21st May 1923, and the four following days, viz., 22nd, 23rd, 25th and 26th May 1923.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4269 A.—The 12th April 1923.—In continuation of notification No. 4268 A., dated the 12th April 1923, the following programme of the first half-yearly Departmental Examination for Civil, Police, Public Works, Irrigation, Excise, Forest, Military, Medical, Educational, Imperial Customs, Agricultural and Veterinary Officers is published for their information.

The examination will be held at the Town Hall (ground-floor), Calcutta.

The time fixed for the *viva voce* examinations will be communicated to the candidates individually.

Programme of Examination.

Monday, the 21st May 1923—

10 A.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

2-15 P.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

Tuesday, the 22nd May 1923—

10 A.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

2-15 P.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

Wednesday, the 23rd May 1923—

10 A.M.—

Translation from English (two hours), 10—12.

Dictation (one-half hour), Lower Standard, 12—12-30.

Dictation (one-half hour), Higher Standard, 12-30—1.

2-15 P.M.—

Translation from vernacular (two hours).

Friday, the 25th May 1923—

10 A.M.—

Law, Part I (Criminal Law and Law of Evidence), without books (three hours).

Criminal Law for police officers, without books (three hours).

Law for excise officers, without books (three hours).

Forest Law, without books (three hours).

Canal Law, Part A, without books (three hours).

Law paper for the qualifying test of military officers for cantonment magistracy, without books (three hours).

2-15 P.M.—

Law, Part II (Revenue Law), without books (three hours).

Criminal Law for police officers, with books (three hours).

Law for excise officers, with books (three hours).

Canal Law, Part B, without books (three hours).

Land Revenue Systems, without books (three hours).

Cantonment Act and Rules, with books (three hours).

Saturday, the 26th May 1923—

10 A.M.—

Law, Part III (General Law), with books (three hours).

Procedure and accounts for forest officers, with books (three hours).

Higher Standard Law for cantonment magistracy, with books (three hours).

Canal officers' examination in cases (time to be determined by the Examination Committee).

2-15 P.M.—

Accounts for Civil officers (including excise officers), with and without books (three hours).

Accounts for police officers, with books (three hours).

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4315 A.—The 12th April 1923.—The following is published for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SYLLABUS OF SUBJECTS FOR THE INDIAN (IMPERIAL) POLICE EXAMINATION TO BE HELD IN INDIA IN 1923.

CLASS I.—Obligatory.

1. English.
2. Geography and Indian History.
3. Mathematics (elementary).
4. General knowledge (questions on current events, general history and similar subjects with which any educated boy should be acquainted).

CLASS II.—Optional.

1. Sanskrit.
2. Arabic.
3. Persian.
4. Latin.
5. French.
6. Physics and Chemistry.
7. Higher Mathematics.
8. Political Economy.
9. English language and literature.
10. General survey of Constitutional law.
11. Criminal law, including Criminal Procedure.

The maximum number of marks obtainable for each of the above subjects, whether Obligatory or Optional, is 2,000.

All subjects of Class I must be taken up; not more than two of the subjects of Class II may be taken up.

The standard in subjects of Class I except Mathematics will be the Intermediate. The standard in Mathematics will be below the Intermediate as explained in the appendix. The standard in the Optional subjects will be that of the B.A. (pass) of an Indian University. Candidates will be required to reach these standards in each of the four Obligatory subjects, but candidates who fail in only one Obligatory subject but make 6,000 marks or more in the aggregate will take their place in the list of qualified candidates according to the aggregate of the marks obtained.

NOTE.—Papers set for the Indian (Imperial) Police Examination in India in previous years from 1921 are obtainable at a price of 8 annas per year from the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, Calcutta.

APPENDIX.

COMPULSORY MATHEMATICS.

The course is as follows:—

- (1) *Arithmetic*.—The whole of Arithmetic. (The use of Algebraical symbols and processes will be permitted.)
- (2) *Algebra*.—The four simple rules, Fractions, Greatest Common Measure, Least Common Multiple, Factors, Remainder Theorem, Proportion, Simple Equations of one or more unknown quantities with easy problems, Quadratic Equations, with easy problems and theory of Quadratic Equations, Graphs and their applications.

[Candidates should be provided with squared paper.]

- (3) *Geometry*.—Practical and Theoretical Geometry.

The questions on Practical Geometry will be set on the constructions contained in the annexed Schedule A, together with easy extensions of them. All figures should be drawn accurately, for which purpose every candidate should provide himself with a graduated scale, a pair of set squares, a protector, a compass and a hard pencil.

The questions on Theoretical Geometry will consist of Theorems contained in the annexed Schedule B, together with easy extensions and deductions with numerical illustrations. Any proof of a proposition will be accepted which appears to the Examiners to form part of a systematic treatment of the subject; the order in which the Theorems are stated in Schedule B is not imposed as the sequence of their treatment. In the proof of the Theorems hypothetical constructions will be permitted.

[Candidates will be provided with squared paper.]

SCHEDULE A.

Bisections of angles and of straight lines.

Construction of perpendiculars to straight lines.

Construction of an angle equal to a given angle.

Construction of parallels to a given straight line.

Simple cases of the construction from sufficient data of triangles and quadrilaterals.

Division of straight lines into a given number of equal parts or into parts in any given proportions.

Construction of a triangle equal in area to a given polygon.

Construction of tangents to a circle and of common tangents to two circles.

Simple cases of the construction of circles from sufficient data.

Construction of a fourth proportional to three given straight lines and a mean proportional to two given straight lines.

Construction of regular figures of 3, 4, 6 or 8 sides in or about a given circle.

Construction of a square equal in area to a given polygon.

SCHEDULE B.

Angles at a point.

If a straight line stands on another straight line, the sum of the two angles so formed is equal to two right angles; and the converse.

If two straight lines intersect, the vertically opposite angles are equal.

Parallel Straight Lines.

When a straight line cuts two other straight lines, if—

(i) a pair of alternate angles are equal, or

(ii) a pair of corresponding angles are equal, or

(iii) a pair of interior angles on the same side of the cutting line are together equal to two right angles,

then the two straight lines are parallel; and the converse.

Straight lines which are parallel to the same straight line are parallel to one another.

Triangles and rectilineal figures.

The sum of the angles of a triangle is equal to two right angles.

If the side of a convex polygon are produced in order the sum of the angles so formed is equal to four right angles.

If two triangles have two sides of the one equal to two sides of the other, each to each, and also the angles contained by these sides equal, the triangles are congruent.

If two triangles have two angles of the one equal to two angles of the other, each to each, and also one side of the one equal to the corresponding side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

If two sides of a triangle are equal, the angles opposite to these sides are equal; and the converse.

If two triangles have the three sides of the one equal to the three sides of the other each to each, the triangles are congruent.

If two right-angled triangles have their hypotenuses equal, and one side of the one equal to one side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

If two sides of a triangle are unequal, the greater side has the greater angle opposite to it; and the converse.

Of all the straight lines that can be drawn to a given straight line from a given point outside it, the perpendicular is the shortest.

The opposite sides and angles of a parallelogram are equal; each diagonal bisects the parallelogram and the diagonals bisect one another.

If there are three or more parallel straight lines and the intercepts made by them on any straight line that cuts them are equal, then the corresponding intercepts on any other straight line that cuts them are also equal.

Areas.

Parallelograms on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.
 Triangles on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.
 Equal triangles on the same or equal bases are of the same altitude.
 Illustrations and explanations of the geometrical theorems corresponding to the following Algebraical identities:—

$$\begin{aligned} k(a+b+c+\dots) &= ka+kb+kc+\dots \\ (a+b)^2 &= a^2+2ab+b^2. \\ (a-b)^2 &= a^2-2ab+b^2. \\ a^2-b^2 &= (a+b)(a-b). \end{aligned}$$

The square on a side of a triangle is greater than, equal to, or less than, the sum of the squares on the other two sides, according as the angle contained by those sides is obtuse, right or acute. The difference in the case of inequality is twice the rectangle contained by one of the two sides and the projection on it of the other.

Loci.

The locus of a point which is equidistant from two fixed points is the perpendicular bisector of the straight line joining the two fixed points.

The locus of a point which is equidistant from two intersecting straight lines consists of the pair of straight lines which bisect the angles between the two given lines.

The Circle.

A straight line drawn from the centre of a circle to bisect a chord which is not the diameter is at right angles to the chord; conversely the perpendicular to a chord from the centre bisects the chord.

There is one circle, and one only, which passes through three given points not in a straight line.

In equal circles (or in the same circle), (i) if two arcs subtend equal angles at the centres, they are equal; (ii) conversely, if two arcs are equal they subtend equal angles at the centres.

In equal circles (or in the same circle), (i) if two chords are equal, they cut off equal arcs; (ii) conversely, if two arcs are equal the chords of the arcs are equal.

Equal chords in a circle are equidistant from the centre; and the converse.

The tangents at any point of a circle and the radius through the point are perpendicular to one another.

If two circles touch, the point of contact lies on the straight line through the centres.

The angle which an arc of a circle subtends at the centre is double that which it subtends at any point on the remaining part of the circumference.

Angles in the same segment of a circle are equal; and if the line joining two points subtends equal angles at two other points on the same side of it, the four points lie on a circle.

The angle in a semi-circle is a right angle, the angle in a segment greater than a semi-circle is less than a right angle, and the angle in a segment less than a semi-circle is greater than a right angle.

The opposite angles of any quadrilateral inscribed in a circle are supplementary, and the converse.

If a straight line touch a circle and from the point of contact a chord be drawn, the angles which this chord makes with the tangent are equal to the angles in the alternate segments.

If two chords of a circle intersect either inside or outside the circle, the rectangle contained by the parts of the one is equal to the rectangle contained by the parts of the other.

Proportion: Similar Triangles.

If a straight line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle, the other two sides are divided proportionally; and the converse.

If two triangles are equiangular, their corresponding sides are proportional; and the converse.

If two triangles have one angle of the one equal to one angle of the other and the sides about these angles proportional, the triangles are similar.

In any right-angle triangle the perpendicular to the hypotenuse from opposite vertex divides the triangle into two triangles which are similar to the whole triangle and to each other.

The internal bisector of an angle of a triangle divides the opposite sides internally in the ratio of the sides containing the angle and likewise the external bisector externally.

The ratio of the areas of similar triangles is equal to the ratio of the squares on corresponding sides.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1255 Pl.—The 11th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898),

Midnapore.

and in supersession of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Gopibullavpur police-station, in the district of Midnapore, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall include in it the villages specified in the following schedule, namely :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopibullavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopibullavpur.
Hatibari	1	Bhandarigeriya	57
Jharapara	2	Baglihi	58
Akhubera	3	Amarda	59
Talakgerya	4	Dambaru	60
Ncagaon	5	Bansidharpur	61
Kantabani	6	Baharagura	62
Panburuj	7	Satma	63
Kendrabadi	8	Dahi	64
Nanabad	9	Jalbeti	65
Dahamunda	10	Bhathandia	66
Gargaria	11	Kartanala	67
Kortia	12	Felbarya	68
Teghari	13	Madnasol	69
Jhili	14	Dhanukbar	70
Gursur	15	Manichbaria	71
Mundasol	16	Ital	72
Sardiha	17	Janaghati	73
Panisol	18	Rajra	74
Chhotakachambila	19	Chansesar	75
Barakachambila	20	Narsinghapur	76
Pairakuli	21	Kanchanpur	77
Dangra	22	Pakaria	78
Moubhandar	23	Atangi	79
Srimantapur	24	Masnakati	80
Fuldihi	25	Gournaoagram	81
Nekragudri	26	Dahi Kanthalia	82
Tentuldangra	27	Kantale	83
Asnasol	28	Kuizhuri	84
Raibani	29	Begunadihi	85
Rambhagaon	30	Murakata	86
Fulberia	31	Bagbura	87
Baramenia	32	Naharia	88
Mankri	33	Naukhala	89
Hijalgaria	34	Banshia	90
Pitalbani	35	Chaliadihi	91
Chhota Khariasol	36	Gohalbura	92
Bara Khariasol	37	Asurara	93
Phulsundari	38	Taltikri	94
Bara Simla	39	Pansinia	95
San Simla	40	Dakhinasol	96
Kanikola	41	Jamugaria	97
Bamanbera	42	Jamagara	98
Sanghati	43	Partakundia	99
Danoisol	44	Parta	100
Sangro	45	Baita	101
Satperia	46	Chauli	102
Knarbila	47	Amalia	103
Chnagora	48	Jugdha	104
Tentuli	49	Chhota Naharia	105
Kaimi	50	Damgram	106
Malkunda	51	Lutijhuri	107
Bhaliyadahari	52	Jaurisol	108
Sarbani	53	Mahulbani	109
Digari Tentuli	54	Janka	110
Halhali	55	Kashihijli	111
Arjanbani	56	Bhadua	112

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Swargā Chhira	113	Shobhapur	185
Sasra	114	Chorchita	186
Baitalpara	115	Pansjora	187
Nodhasuli	116	Nayaband	188
Akhrasol	117	Kirtnosol	189
Chhera	118	Nayagan	190
Bamunsai	119	Kismat Bhainai	191
Talpada	120	Bhamal	192
Asanbani	121	Asadtalia	193
Bhaliyaghati	122	Natima	194
Panchkahalia	123	Talgaon	195
Bhalokajuri	124	Raghunathpur	196
Asanbani	125	Bora	197
Jharianala	126	Gobindapur	198
Betkalap	127	Gokulpur	199
Kharipuria	128	Sarbesarpur	200
Kumarmundi	129	Dangarsai	201
Phengasol	130	Ekur	202
Tiakata	131	Damrasol	203
Bankisol	132	Gundurughura	204
Sansinga	133	Babi	205
Barasinga	134	Muralati	206
Tilakjuri	135	Baranania	207
Mundakali	136	Gurma	208
Satnalia	137	Kolsol	209
Kendulia	138	Nyakragunji or Thakurganj	210
Dhulia	139	Karangadihi	211
Gohaldanra	140	Aradangri	212
Kanthalia	141	Hatmanuhan	213
Kankurbaria or Tikaitpur	142	Kharikasol	214
Aghua	143	Chanaberia	215
Tikaitpur	144	Tikaitpur	216
Bhodua	145	Babli	217
Bhadua	146	Nota	218
Gordoar	147	Phulberia	219
Indibura	148	Buridahi	220
Hatimara	149	Nischinta	221
Ghorapineha	150	Dangra	222
Dhanghori	151	Nayagan	223
Uparpanija	152	Dhadangri	224
Talpanija	153	Shmashandighi	225
Banskatia	154	Ghutia	226
Alkusheria	155	Nimjangra	227
Sirisnala	156	Nadari	228
Panitentulia	157	Ekdali	229
Gholbarmania	158	Tentulia	230
Chhapi Barmania	159	Tentuldengra	231
Barmania	160	Mahuli	232
Bengmuta	161	Akua	233
Katrapara	162	Jamua	234
Khairbani No. 2	163	Askola	235
Paikjit	164	Bhatpara	236
Mahuldanga	165	Sijua	237
Kauma	166	Baliarpur	238
Balidanria	167	Mafiara	239
Gurpukhuri	168	Dholbhanga	240
Sialia	169	Dhakundi	241
Satparia	170	Jambani	242
Teparia	171	Dakshinkundia	243
Bindhasol	172	Syamsundarpur	244
Uparbhandaria	173	Saharakhuta	245
Talbhandaria	174	Srirampur	246
Gobindapur	175	Gurgau	247
Kondudani	176	Bhulanpur	248
Ghuthuni	177	Bagdahi	249
Dengakoeru	178	Ramkrishnapur	250
Ukta	179	Mara Dahini	251
Itamundia	180	Math Raghunathpur	252
Humtia	181	Bandhgara	253
Dukhasol	182	Tribikrampur	254
Morko	183	Sumitrapur	255
Karbania	184	Suka Amrasol	256

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list, number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Khairbani	257	Dahi	329
Jagannathpur	258	Sandahi	330
Kancha Amrasol,	259	Jatiabandhi	331
Kuimdihi	260	Salbani	332
Brahmanghati	261	Kanpur	333
Guhiasol	262	Mundakati	334
Narashimul	263	Niramishi	335
Kaptisol	264	Dinabandhupur	336
Machabandha	265	Tasarara	337
Patbandha	266	Shalkia	338
Chunghati	267	Chheliaganj	339
Kalajaria	268	Dahi	340
Bhalukuria	269	Shushunibera	341
Dolmachi	270	Tapsia	342
Mathakhahi	271	Garigan	343
Andharkuli	272	Kendana	344
Swargachhira	273	Baghuasol	345
Naraddamadihi	274	Tentulbinda	346
Bara Balarampur	275	Andharia	347
Kasturibani	276	Shankrari	348
Chhota Balarampur	277	Gunidahi	349
Bhulukasol	278	Bara Beldiha	350
Betnal	279	Pindrapal	351
Solabaria	280	Swargachhira	352
Suliapada	281	Tamlipal	353
Narisol	282	Sinnulia	354
Chandpura	283	Bandhgara	355
Kharibad	284	Barakuchia	356
Pandachhenoha	285	Bhalukkhulia	357
Bhatbhanga	286	Bholmatia	358
Saria	287	Jharia	359
Purnapani	288	Jhikria	360
Amjuri	289	Pithapura	361
Mahulbani	290	Kantabani	362
Kurumborya	291	Agarbani	363
Paikrasol	292	Jagannathpur	364
Dhobadahi	293	Bhattagopalpur	365
Dhulia	294	Pirasimul	366
Nischinta	295	Alampur	367
Baakati	296	Akna	368
Phulbaria	297	Muchinasha	369
Raikand	298	Malincha	370
Karnibura	299	Kali Ambi	371
Kharrapara	300	Bangara	372
Dumaria	301	Pachakhali	373
Asui	302	Upar Nischinta	374
Kamargan	303	Tal Nischinta	375
Lharampur	304	Sankuchia or Chhotakuchia	376
Nayabasan	305	Barageria	377
Bhutkahalia	306	Chakua	378
Balia	307	Lakhipara	379
Nohatikri	308	Shibanandapur	380
Asanbani	309	Bhaliasol	381
Ambi	310	Panchparia	382
Baramania	311	Patajania	383
Goursahi	312	Rantua Urf Kalsa	384
Naupara	313	Nayagram	385
Dheragaria	314	Bandarchhara	386
Chandias	315	Kayadangar	387
Chingra	316	Jarakasum	388
Sankalbani	317	Matial	389
Sardiha	318	Beldiha	390
Gohalura	319	Ningushani	391
Mahuldiha	320	Bajnaguri	392
Jugdiha	321	Chormundi	393
Balidiha	322	Gopiballabhpur	394
Poradiha	323	Kapasla Mahanala	395
Bangalisai	324	Digli	396
Baharuna	325	Guyabag	397
Jagannathpur	326	Jambani	398
Talgram	327	Bhola	399
Patladiha	328	Makartalia	400

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopibullavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopibullavpur.
Rainchandrapur	401	Bakra	473
Dangarpara	402	Sardagao	474
Parulia	403	Kultikri	475
Dangarpara	404	Barmania	476
Chatra	405	Khusunia	477
Belduar	406	Topgaria	478
Mahuli	407	Kurichamot	479
Mahipal	408	Mahapal	480
Jharangi	409	Gosainpal	481
Teghari	410	Tikaitpur	482
Pachakhali	411	Kadamkhandi	483
Gilakatia	412	Tentulia	484
Rangiam	413	Tentulkuria	485
Kalaberia	414	Tiyakati	486
Gararsol	415	Belgaja	487
Kayasol	416	Kaukriddahi	488
Kurchibani	417	Chithamatia	489
Dudhia	418	Kumarmundi	490
Daldali	419	Shirisbani	491
Pitanau	420	Dumuria	492
Kandnasol	421	Bansidharpur	493
Phulakendu	422	Bakanda	494
Sonarimara	423	Kamlasol	495
Putulia	424	Kadamkhandi	496
Tentonota	425	Toulat	497
Patharnasha	426	Karkatasol	498
Jhatia	427	Burnapani	499
Pandisol	428	Chitamatia	500
Dhansol	429	Reharaghatu	501
Urabhanga	430	Barasol	502
Bhandadihi	431	Bara Jhauri	503
Pindrasol	432	Chhota Jhauri	504
Kendugeria	433	Khaudisil	505
Bhila	434	Dudhia	506
Bhutburasol	435	Mrginidahi	507
Shalgerya	436	Upar Baghuasol	508
Taldangri	437	Tal Baghuasol	509
Dhuturkuria	438	Chaulbanta	510
Patharchakri	439	Asurgaria	511
Mahishanata	440	Palashbani	512
Kalitola	441	Chhota Rangamatia	513
Panihamara or Phaniamara	442	Bara Rangamatia	514
Gopinathpur	443	Gobindanagar	515
Tikaitpur	444	Gopalpur	516
Kathuaghati	445	Bhera	517
Kuliana	446	Chota Dhan Kamra	518
Hatipata	447	Pindrageria	519
Gundurghura	448	Pandapata	520
Amsol	449	Bara Dhankamra	521
Siarkatia	450	Chhota Tarki	522
Khariparia	451	Bara Tarki	523
Chhatina	452	Barapat	524
Nimdiha	453	Chandalbandh (Chamar-	
Nanglo	454	bandh)	525
Humtia	455	Singdhu	530
Parashia	456	Rukhni	531
Naldangar	457	Khas Jangal	532
Guhiyadangar	458	Patina	533
Deula	459	Taldangra	534
Basudebpur	460	Phulbani	535
Shashan	461	Bihankunria	536
Chhatinasol	462	Damudarpur	537
Sonahara	463	Rajpahari	538
Nohumalia	464	Dangaria	539
Amradahi	465	Shonakonia	540
Mahuli	466	Teghara	541
Sasasol	467	Kalinja	542
Handibhanga	468	Bhol	543
Dumkundia	469	Petbindhi	544
Kaptisol	470	Moloi	545
Phulbaria	471	Chapli	546
Rakshini	472	Dumuria	547

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Bhaktapat	548	Tabhabani	620
Jotigobra	549	Harina	621
Taradiha	550	Angarkundia	622
Matihana	551	Baramohati	623
Panuyan	552	Bara Kharbandhi	624
Salbani	553	Bara Jamsol	625
Jahanpur	554	Chhota Jamsol	626
Harki	555	Banshda	627
Paramahuli	556	Krishnanagar	628
Ghoroidanga	557	Nadangeriadihi	629
Teghari	558	Birjharla	630
Kujra	559	Barparia	631
Bayadangar	560	Shaltariadihi	632
Shirshi	561	Deuli	633
Jhatara	562	Saltarijal	634
Ambi	563	Ladangeriajal	635
Belaberya	564	Chhota Kharbandi	636
Ashui	565	Dhobadhabani	637
Muchinala	566	Kajla	638
Ranjia	567	Balipal	639
Kayma	568	Baghageria	640
Bhadua	569	Jarka	641
Mahuli	570	Sankapat	642
Dahi	571	Phutkya	643
Rampura	572	Chhota Asanbani	644
Parshana	573	Marunia	645
Bhandardiha	574	Nischinta	646
Kushmar	575	Kawanachana	647
Nakhra	576	Bhandarbila	648
Tentulia	577	Dangarbila	649
Talgabra	578	Banksol	650
Phutipal	579	Kunarda	651
Shimulia	580	Kalabani	652
Bajari	581	Ramchandrapur	653
Kanthalia	582	Jambadia	654
Dainmari	583	Dhagari	655
Gohalmara	584	Khas Jangal	656
Khamar	585	Kendudangri	657
Taljambari	586	Sidakara	658
Dhabani	587	Dudhianala	659
Nakoihuri	588	Sonakundra	660
Khudmarai	589	Tiakati	661
Padima	590	Chholakhali	662
Gonsaibera	591	Karkatasol	663
Harparya	592	Bhalukbasadihi	664
Digarbandh	593	Murakati	665
Belda	594	Dhanghari	666
Gaighata	595	Murabani	667
Ragra	596	Bhalukbasajal	668
Durgapur	597	Mahulbani	669
Kaptidanga	598	Shirshi	670
Jashua	599	Sindurgaura	671
Kukrakhupi	600	Krishtanagar	672
Bahunmara	601	Anandapur	673
Andhari	602	Dahipal	674
Basudebpur	603	Kuldiha	675
Angargerya	604	Barakanda	676
Kismat Maidpur	605	Chandpal	677
Chak Maidpur	606	Pachakhali	678
Chhota Ramgar	607	Kuraria	679
Raipal	608	Kubla	680
Hijla	609	Gonshaipal	681
Kuldiha	610	Haripal	682
Junsola	611	Ranagar	683
Baghuasol	612	Banshiaberya	684
Shuriam	613	Rangamatia	685
Kalabaria	614	Kendugari	686
Bara Asanbani	615	Singla	687
Chainsol	616	Bhagabanchak	688
Mahapal	617	Hanumanta Nenguria	689
Pancharukhi	618	Aigankanda	690
Amdapal	619	Baincha	691

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Asti	692	Nilachigerya	764
Nekrasol	693	Dahi	765
Babla	694	Satpukharia	766
Shimulia	695	Jagannathpur	767
Jamira	696	Jordiha	768
Shaltazja	697	Jamsol	769
Salbani	698	Bhangaband	770
Didihadanri	699	Chunpara	771
Kuchladanri	700	Chhatri	772
Baliamara	701	Dhausol	773
Chiladan	702	Palaidanga	774
Chamtadnan	703	Teliakhuli	775
Khorda	704	Jambedia	776
Itamaria	705	Balibhasa	777
Nepura	706	Kunabansa	778
Amladanri	707	Dudhkundi	779
Kathuapal	708	Nimpura	780
Tikaitpur	709	Chhota Barni or Gobindapur	781
Chabukya	710	Bansidharpur	782
Gordhara	711	Hanriphanga	783
Chuapal	712	Kulghagari	784
Dakshin Danrya	713	Shushanigeria	785
Kasturia	714	Birbhasa	786
Ramanandapur	715	Bamda	787
Kismat Ramanandapur	716	Shuknakhali	788
Haripur	717	Darkhuli	789
Birua	718	Naikansol	790
Radhakantapur	719	Angarhali	791
Mahishagot	720	Bakra	792
Bidyadharpur	721	Chunpara	793
Brahmanganj	722	Tungadhua	794
Dhanghari	723	Rhurkundi	795
Andhari	724	Bara Kanyadiha	796
Tentulia	725	Chhota Kanyadiha	797
Baliaghata	726	Pratappur	798
Telkand	727	Marnisol	799
Manbhangadandi	728	Talai	800
Sapuasarlia Karki	729	Patharkati	801
Sapuasarlia Nikasi	730	Manikjhatia	802
Jurki	731	Katnimara	803
Bhagaban Chak	732	Kalikanala	804
Kadamadandi	733	Itamaro	805
Kuraria	734	Nischinta	806
Baharadanri	735	Tarajuti	807
Upur Katmundi	736	Bhalkisol	808
Ketaki	737	Baghmari	809
Gopakata	738	Baidapura	810
Birdahi	739	Shiyalya	811
Chak Garital	740	Nekrasuli	812
Tikaitpur	741	Shushnigerya	813
Kendudanga	742	Tentala Harinchati	814
Danrikasol	743	Chhorda	815
Gokulpur	744	Khayarapati	816
Madhupur	745	Baramania	817
Rangametya	746	Murakata	818
Chakganjpal	747	Goshtakul	819
Kalshona	748	Keudi	820
Bhatuapara	749	Mechya	821
Kashidanga	750	Khudmarai	822
Barada	751	Bankati	823
Paktia	752	Randeupur	824
Kismat Paktia	753	Saotaldiha	825
Kanyaduba	754	Dhumuria Shirishbani	826
Naoagan	755	Gobrahan	827
Tal Kathmundi	756	Barapakuria	828
Banpura	757	Ketkijharia	829
Sonakhali	758	Atadiha	830
Salbani	759	Belyabera	831
Khamarmahuli	760	Garghata	832
Bhaluk Khafia	761	Pathra	833
Kuraria	762	Parasuli	834
Gurkunda	763	Mangalmari	835

Names of villages	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Kharipal	836	Daktia	908
Sardarpakuria	837	Charar	909
Talpakuria	838	Dangra	910
Gobindapur	839	Phulbani	911
Jhilidam	840	Nagdona	912
Jugisol	841	Mandar	913
Tiyakati	842	Baghuasol	914
Bhururchati	843	Mukundapur	915
Pindragerya	844	Taradiha	916
Gholai	845	Birkanda	917
Gholai	846	Arsabandi	918
Jarasal	847	Amjhatia	919
Keshurgerya	848	Santra	920
Gohaldiha	849	Kusumtikri	921
Chirakuti	850	Kendubani	922
Bhalukkhulya	851	Kadamdiha	923
Gurigot	852	Upar Kaliabandhi	924
Indrakuri	853	Tal Kaliabandhi	925
Durgahuri Jangal	854	Dhopasol	926
Purnapani	855	Srirampur	927
Bhangagar	856	Dangra	928
Shankral	857	Dangarsai	929
Pafraguri	858	Dagra	930
Gopalpur	859	Dulangpal	931
Tilakhghagia	860	Chheliasinga	932
Rangudiha	861	Rohini	933
Hatiasol	862	Hatibandhi	934
Kasiapada	863	Kutisai	935
Rajbandh	864	Harekrishnapur	936
Ektali	865	Barmania	937
Barabarani	866	Sripur	938
Kismat Joridiha	867	Akashpura	939
Sijdiha	868	Khamar	940
Satbhandaria	869	Ranjitpur	941
Mahishabhangra	870	Padima	942
Marunia	871	Bhurkundi	943
Nischinta	872	Thengamara	944
Uparbarna	873	Chhatni	945
Mundakati	874	Tikarpara	946
Bara Asanbani	875	Paharajpur	947
Ghatia or Gurur	876	Gundurghura	948
Tafbarani	877	Tetuli	949
Gajisol	878	Bishnupur	950
Chhoti Asanbani	879	Anchri	951
Mahuli	880	Bahadurpur	952
Narada	881	Nabakishorpur	953
Chhotabaria	882	Purulia	954
Bhamal	883	Dhitpur	955
Kusumbandhi	884	Salbani	956
Bikrampur	885	Masurh	957
Ukhradan	886	Paiknagari	958
Nuniasol	887	Baburbani	959
Dhopasol	888	Mangobindapur	960
Relageria	889	Olda	961
Kakua	890	Nayagan	962
Jakua	891	Naldam	963
Dainmari	892	Nehar	964
Muchlaband	893	Mujra	965
Kumartop	894	Chhoti Salbani	966
Asanbani	895	Satkuli	967
Tulsibani	896	Ghorapara	968
Jangalkurachi	897	Hatiasol	969
Patasol	898	Kumrasol	970
Rakshani	899	Dehaganj	971
Lata	900	Manipal	972
Baligerya	901	Simulia	973
Ahira	902	Laudaha	974
Pashra	903	Jhilimili	975
Ohanda	904	Tal Ghorapara	976
Kultikri	905	Tentuldihla	977
Mahuli	906	Dahabar	978
Gourberya	907	Rampura	979

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Kalrui	... 980	Khandarpara	... 994
Nailhat	... 981	Bachhurkhdya	... 995
Thuria	... 984	Bhaliaghata	... 996
Baishbatia	... 985	Murakati	... 997
Gobrasol	... 986	Rukhnimara	... 998
Deulbar	... 987	Khas Jangal No. 17	... 1000
Rangamatia	... 988	Pratappur	... 1001
Tiyakati	... 989	Bashialhol	... 1002
Dolighatra	... 990	Pathardahara	... 1003
Biriberia	... 991	Darkhuli	... 1021
Raghunathpur	... 992	Baishakhipal	... 1003
Kiajharua	... 993	Babndumru	... 1004

No. 12561P.—The 11th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Nayagram police-station, in the district of Midnapore, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall include in it the villages specified in the following schedule, namely:—

Schedule.

Names of villages	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.	Names of villages	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Kadokota	... 526	Chhota Jharua	... 1046
Katash	... 527	Jadabpur	... 1047
Payrahari	... 528	Aushupal	... 1048
Kashia	... 529	Milam	... 1049
Sonadhua	... 982	Kukrakhipi	... 1050
Ichhapura	... 983	Chunpara	... 1051
Tapohan	... 999	Nimainagar	... 1052
Murakati	... 1004	Raiparia	... 1053
Chilinda	... 1005	Sonaguna	... 1054
Telia	... 1006	Kurchibani	... 1055
Gulpha	... 1007	Uthanayagram	... 1056
Kuldiha	... 1008	Khasjangal	... 1057
Dulki	... 1009	Naldam	... 1058
Tilajura	... 1010	Kaptibhol	... 1059
Chandabila	... 1011	Harimari	... 1060
Ataldiha	... 1012	Jangal Khas	... 1061
Narda	... 1013	Benasuli	... 1062
Bhalukgajri	... 1014	Chhota Khakri	... 1063
Gornughata	... 1015	Jangal Khas	... 1064
Pukhuria	... 1016	Chipapiti	... 1065
Uparbankinala	... 1017	Banahiasol	... 1066
Nichubankinala	... 1018	Ambisol	... 1067
Sanuningui	... 1019	Rangiam	... 1068
Gokharpal	... 1020	Hadhadi	... 1069
Damlasol	... 1022	Panchkahania	... 1070
Tungadhua	... 1023	Parashia	... 1071
Pachakhali	... 1024	Dhansola Bara	... 1072
Baranigui	... 1025	Bheliadiha	... 1073
Raisol	... 1026	Marchi	... 1074
Purnapani	... 1027	Hatitop	... 1075
Amlakora	... 1028	Haripura	... 1076
Jamsol	... 1029	Tentulia	... 1077
Jangal Khas	... 1030	Chhota Talpada	... 1078
Barakhakri	... 1031	Astia	... 1079
Kadamdha	... 1032	Banisol	... 1080
Bhalukghara	... 1033	Bhurkundisol	... 1081
Rangamatia	... 1034	Tentulmuri	... 1082
Totasai	... 1035	Dhansol Chhota	... 1083
Barajbaria	... 1036	Rangamatia	... 1084
Athelpur	... 1037	Jangal Khas No. 50	... 1085
Chaltabara	... 1038	Ranchandrapur	... 1086
Kanthi	... 1039	Khayrasol	... 1087
Bahuichati	... 1040	Barasol	... 1088
Baghdoba	... 1041	Banksol	... 1089
Banshat	... 1042	Khas Jangal	... 1090
Bhaliachati	... 1043	Ghoratoria	... 1091
Narasinghapur	... 1044	Jambani	... 1092
Kamapukhuria	... 1045	Garkhela	... 1093

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Srirampur	1094
Tikrapara	1095
Banshkuti	1096
Raipal	1097
Telia	1098
Bhola	1099
Kendubani Chhota	1100
Khas Jangal No. 49	1101
Pathrasol	1102
Madhupura	1103
Kuilanta	1104
Tulsibani	1105
Chanddar-rekha	1106
Lohabaria	1107
Kuldiha	1108
Chilkipada	1109
Biswanathpur	1110
Jaradabi	1111
Ghanghana	1112
Hatitop	1113
Rakhalban	1114
Balimuri	1115
Dulhiasol	1116
Bhalukbasa	1117
Ramkrishnapur	1118
Baksa	1119
Panchami	1120
Nagripada	1121
Bamadiha	1122
Bamanda	1123
Keshar-rekha	1124
Mohanpur	1125
Norari	1126
Dhobanisol	1127
Kuldiha	1128
Arra	1129
Dumaria	1130
Dhumsai	1131
Jarighat	1132
Jambani	1133
Baramara	1134
Jhānurisol	1135
Salbani	1136
Paika	1137
Salgaria	1138
Baligeria	1139
Bhalukchua	1140
Rangametiā	1141
Jangal Khas	1142
Banskhali	1143
Pinrachuni or Dhiral	1144
Tasarbani	1145
Tungādhua	1146
Kundalbani	1147
Jamdahara	1148
Dhabagobindapur	1149
Gambharia	1150
Khudgar	1151
Jhagri	1152
Amdiba	1153
Satpoutia	1154
Shahasralinga Urf Sastani	1155
Nenguria	1156
Garduara	1157
Bedjharā	1158
Dudhiasol	1159
Balichaunria	1160
Batibhara	1161
Audharisol	1162
Panchgachia or Gachhia	1163
Chandua	1164
Palasia	1165

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Rokhni	1166
Bhururbani	1167
Jharabani	1168
Benachui	1169
Majhibar	1170
Kusuakuti	1171
Bara Talpada	1172
Salbani	1173
Dokra	1174
Dihikhelar	1175
Saripura	1176
Kendubani	1177
Charpada	1178
Bara Kati	1179
Paligeria	1180
Patharbandh	1181
Kusumsol	1182
Belaguri	1183
Belajhor	1184
Baramchati	1185
Khemasol	1186
Dhobasol	1187
Dolgram	1188
Gopalpur	1189
Pitambarpur, or Chitampur	1190
Murakhunta	1191
Kunpada	1192
Sitarampur	1193
Murgapahari	1194
Jayghunta	1195
Dhansulia	1196
Harimaiti	1197
Salpatra	1198
Radhapara	1199
Nekrasol	1200
Sathatia	1201
Asurhata	1202
Rokhnisol Chhota	1203
Amladangri	1204
Babuidanga	1205
Bhaluktara	1206
Goursai	1207
Kushtikri	1208
Salbani	1209
Gambharia	1210
Gobindapur	1211
Jharabani	1212
Kendubani Chhota	1213
Jugisol	1214
Kaiphulia	1215
Ketakineshia	1216
Batijharā	1217
Kurmipathra	1218
Chaukapathna	1219
Gurianisol	1220
Bagrisol	1221
Sarasgeria	1222
Shiyalia	1223
Barabandh	1224
Marapada	1225
Kharsola	1226
Kuji	1227
Taldiba	1228
Gohaldiha	1229
Bhatbhanga	1230
Narasinhapur	1231
Baburampathra Urf Pathra	1232
Jharia	1233
Mahuli	1234
Kadikota	1235
Kakrasol	1236
Baradhansola	1237

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Kharikamathani	... 1238
Salpathra	... 1239
Bamunbandh	... 1240
Raibera	... 1241
Kamlatota	... 1242
Dalkisol	... 1243
Khas Jangal	... 1244
Baura	... 1245
Nayagram	... 1246
Dahi	... 1247
Gokulnagar	... 1248
Kamlapur	... 1249
Jarka	... 1250
Tuphria	... 1251
Shitalpura	... 1252
Khanamuri	... 1253
Amjam	... 1254
Berajal	... 1255
Chunghulia	... 1256
Shirishbani	... 1257
Banspat	... 1258
Jadukota	... 1259
Methya	... 1260
Kusumkurya	... 1261
Raraya	... 1262
Sonamui	... 1263
Tikrapara	... 1264
Birkatla	... 1265
Kunarpur	... 1266
Margajra	... 1267
Bagmachha	... 1268
Jagannathpur	... 1269
Lalpur	... 1270

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Gopiballavpur.
Karasai	... 1271
Salbani	... 1272
Dumurbani	... 1273
Chhechanmari	... 1274
Murabani	... 1275
Dojala	... 1276
Bhussal	... 1277
Angrugerya	... 1278
Shuknakhali	... 1279
Gopinathpur	... 1280
Pochagorya	... 1281
Jambani	... 1282
Kandaghasa	... 1283
Junbani	... 1284
Phuldaha	... 1285
Hijlibani Riverblock	... 1286
Kapatghati	... 1287
Jhaipuruntanpal	... 1288
Jinaipal	... 1289
Jamirapal	... 1290
Khudmarai	... 1291
Pathria	... 1292
Raisol	... 1293
Gengtabani	... 1294
Bhangaband	... 1295
Paschimbila	... 1296
Atmajhia	... 1297
Ghutiasalukbani	... 1298
Pahiapal	... 1299
Ramgur	... 1300
Jhaipur Panchkanya	... 1301
Lakhaidahi	... 1302

No. 1290 PL.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Balagarh police-station, in the district of Hooghly, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall include the villages specified in the following schedule, namely:—

Schedule.

Names of villages	Jurisdiction list number of thana Balagarh.
Nischintapur	... 4
Ichapur	... 5
Elampur	... 6
Sayera	... 7
Fatehpur	... 8
Mirdanga	... 9
Badbagachi	... 10
Sultanpur	... 11
Ditto Char	... 12
Guptipara	... 13
Ditto Char	... 14
Krishnabati (Part)	... 15
Ditto Char	... 16
Parashurampatti	... 17
Krishnabati	... 18
Ditto New Char	... 19
Rampur Char	... 20
Rampur	... 21
Rasulpur	... 22
Ditto Char	... 23
Aida Kishnat	... 24
Guptipara, 2nd portion	... 25
Goalpara	... 26
Kamardanga	... 27

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Balagarh.
Digria	... 28
Muragach	... 29
Babira	... 30
Paigachi	... 31
Abulpur	... 32
Sizdulpur Char	... 33
Bankipur	... 34
Jashra	... 35
Nataguri	... 36
Rajaipur	... 37
Chandpur	... 38
Tildanga	... 39
Jitarpur	... 40
Golaknathpur or Khetpur	... 41
Bakulia	... 42
Chhota Nakua	... 43
Jadupur or Bara Nakua	... 44
Alisagaria	... 45
Jote Narayan	... 46
Durmashgari	... 47
Gopalbati	... 48
Kulipara	... 49
Basuki	... 50
Gangadharpur	... 51

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Balagarh.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list number of thana Balagarh.
Inchara	52	Banipukhar	111
Demargacha	53	Dahia	112
Dhopapara	54	Jagulia	113
Matukpur	55	Kailaspur	114
Batna	56	Goipara or Thoipara	115
Karina	57	Salarpur	116
Bejpara	58	Kamarpara	117
Mahammadpur	59	Konadanga	118
Kalyansri	60	Naupara	119
Jagulia or chak Potagachi	61	Babla	120
Ditto	62	Kowgachee	121
Hamjampur	63	Basna	122
Dahar Tearnoi	64	Teliupara	123
Mojdia	65	Dakchara	124
Tearnoi	66	Basantapur	125
Mosora	67	Pratappur	126
Debipur	68	Barail	127
Belgachi	69	Rukashpur	128
Muragori	70	Paneswarpur	129
Somra	71	Muktarpur	130
Baligari	72	Seja	131
Bhelurgori	73	Khamargachi	132
Kolara	74	Daityapur	133
Shukhoria	75	Panikhola	134
Baikanthpur	76	Gornai	135
Bhawanipur Char	79	Kamalpur	136
Arazi Bhawanipur	80	Arazi Aschitpur	137
Bhawanipur	81	Boga	138
Sripur	82	Chandigachi	139
Chandra	83	Mitrapur	140
Baruipara	84	Dadpur	141
Tamilpara	85	Aschitpur	142
Balagari	86	Damardaha	143
Rajballavpur	87	Simulia	144
Khurd Shah Mahammadpur	88	Naricha	145
Jirat	89	Sadhobangali	146
Hathkanda	92	Dachukloi	147
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L. BIRLEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 1230 Pl.—The 11th April 1923.—Substitute the name "Birgati" for the name "Pirganj" in line 14 of notification No. 910 Pl., dated the 17th March 1923, published at page 360, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st March 1923.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4334A.

POWERS.

No. 4150A.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. Rakhal Chandra Sen, Assistant Magistrate, Lalbagh, Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

No. 4238A.—The 11th April 1923.—Maulvi Saiyid Furrokh Mirza, Deputy Magistrate, Lalbagh, Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 2146J.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Kali Kumar Mazumdar the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Pabna, for a period of three years from the 20th April 1923, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Serajganj subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Ullapara bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2153J.—The 10th April 1923.—Babu Raman Das Mukharji, Subordinate Judge of Hooghly, is appointed temporarily to act as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Mymensingh, *vice* Mr. Iradatulla, on deputation or until further orders.

No. 2218J.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Digendra Nath Banarji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Jalpaiguri, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2220J.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Reverend A. E. Summers the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Jalpaiguri, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district, and
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district.

No. 2222J.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Rai Mritunjay Ray Chaudhuri Bahadur the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Rangpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar independent bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2226J.—The 11th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Haripada Mitra the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bankura, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

Bankura.

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Vishnupur independent bench in the said district.

No. 2228J.—The 11th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon each of the Honorary Magistrates named below of the Sherpur bench the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Mymensingh, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Jamalpur subdivision of the said district—

Mymensingh.

Babu Rajendra Chandra Das Gupta.

„ Satindra Kumar Chaudhuri.

No. 2234J.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Monoranjan Ray, munsif of Kasba, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Comilla.

Tippera.

No. 2236J.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Sailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Manikganj.

Tippera.
Dacca.

No. 2238J.—The 11th April 1923.—Mr. Mazheruddin Ahmed, Bar-at-Law, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Kasba.

Tippera.

No. 2246J.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Abinash Chandra Ghosh Hazra, munsif of Contai, in the district of Midnapore, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Serampore.

Midnapore.
Hooghly.

No. 2248J.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Gyanendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Murshidabad, to be ordinarily stationed at Berhampore.

Hooghly.
Murshidabad.

No. 2250J.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Narayan Chandra Basu, munsif of Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Contai.

Murshidabad.
Midnapore.

No. 2252J.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Satya Gopal Mukharji, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Contai, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Narayan Chandra Basu, or until further orders.

Midnapore.

No. 2282J.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Janaki Prasad Aich, an Honorary Magistrate of the Katwa bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Burdwan, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

Burdwan.

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Katwa subdivision of the said district, and to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2284J.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Maulvi Abdul Samad Khan, an Honorary Magistrate of the Bolpur bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Birbhum, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district, and

Birbhum.

(b) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2286J.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. H. W. B. Moreno, the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district, and

- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sealdah bench in the said district.

No. 2316J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Mahendra Nath Lahiri, munsif of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Pabna.

No. 2318J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Patuakhali. He is also vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

No. 2321J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Pratul Chandra Ray, munsif of Patuakhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Pabna and Bogra, to be ordinarily stationed at Bogra.

No. 2324J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Ashutosh Mitra, munsif of Arambagh, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed temporarily to act as a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Amta, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Phani Bhusan Banarji or until further orders.

No. 2326J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Kishori Lal Chatarji, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Basirhat, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Pashupati Mukharji, or until further orders.

No. 2328J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Rajendra Chandra Sen Gupta, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Ghatal, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Satya Charan Mukharji or until further orders.

No. 2340J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Satyendra Nath Palit, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Rajshahi, to be ordinarily stationed at Nawabganj, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Kshirodeswar Banarji or until further orders.

No. 2332J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Rajendra Chandra Sen Gupta, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Tamluk, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Gajanan Banarji or until further orders.

No. 2334J.—The 12th April 1923.—Babu Santosh Kumar Mitra, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Murshidabad, to be ordinarily stationed at Jangipur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Banku Behari Chatarji or until further orders.

No. 2356J.—The 14th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Deb Kumar Ray Chaudhuri the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Faridpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Gopalganj bench in the said district.

No. 2358J.—The 14th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below, the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Faridpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Gopalganj bench in the said district and

- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language—

Babu Hirish Chandra De.

„ Narendra Nath Das Gupta.

No. 2363J.—The 16th April 1923.—Babu Rajkumar Basu, munsif of Sudharam, in the district of Noakhali, on leave, is appointed to act as Additional Subordinate Judge of Dacca and Tippera, but for the present to be employed at Dacca.

Noakhali.
Dacca and
Tippera.

No. 2365J.—The 16th April 1923.—Babu Ananga Mohan Lahiri, munsif, is posted to the district of Burdwan, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

Burdwan.

LEAVE.

No. 2258J.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Gopal Chandra Biswas, munsif of Lakhmipur, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed additional privilege leave for the period from the 3rd to the 12th April 1923 (both days inclusive) under the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 1680.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Noakhali.

No. 2259J.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Kshiradeswar Banarji, munsif of Nawabganj, in the district of Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923.

Rajshahi.

No. 2260J.—The 6th April 1923.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif, is allowed furlough on average salary for two months and twenty-eight days under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 20990.S.R., dated the 27th November 1920, with effect from the 2nd January 1923, in modification of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th January and 22nd February 1923.

No. 2261J.—The 7th April 1923.—Babu Gajanan Banarji, munsif of Tamruk, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 19th March to the 12th April 1923 (both days inclusive), under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Midnapore.

No. 2262J.—The 21st March 1923.—In supersession of the orders of the 7th March 1923, Babu Malati Nath Basu, munsif of Kushtea, in the district of Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay from the 10th December 1922 to the 22nd May 1923 under the proviso to article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th November 1922.

Nadia.

No. 2263J.—The 21st March 1923.—Babu Ananga Mohan Lahiri, munsif, is allowed furlough on average pay for the period from the 2nd January to the 29th March 1923, under the Government of India, Finance Department Resolution No. 20990.S.R., dated the 27th November 1920.

No. 2264J.—The 26th March 1923.—Babu Ram Lal Banarji, munsif of Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 28th February to the 29th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in modification of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 10th March 1923.

Faridpur.

No. 2265J.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Srish Chandra De, munsif of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 27th to the 29th March 1923, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Faridpur.

No. 2266J.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Pashupati Mukharji, munsif of Basirhat, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on half average pay for three weeks, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st March 1923.

24-Parganas.

No. 2267J.—The 29th March 1923.—Babu Narayan Chandra Basu, munsif of Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed combined leave for sixty days, viz., privilege leave, on half pay for one month and twenty-six days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, and ordinary furlough for the remaining period, under articles 301 (b) and 325, of the leave rules of July 1920, with effect from the 19th March 1923.

Murshidabad.

No. 2268J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Phani Bhushan Banarji, munsif of Amta, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave for two months, viz., one month and nine days on average pay under rule 81 (b) (ii) and the remaining period on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th March 1923.

Hooghly.

No. 2269J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Banku Bihari Chatterji, munsif of Jangipur, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 9th to the 29th March 1923 (both days inclusive) under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

Murshidabad.

No. 2270J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Satya Oharan Mukharji, munsif of Ghatal, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave for the period from the 1st to the 20th March 1923 (both days inclusive), viz., four days on average pay under rule 81 (b) (ii) and the remaining period on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 2271J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Satish Chandra Sen, munsif of Diamond Harbour, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on half average pay for six days, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 12th March 1923.

No. 2272J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Mahendra Nath Mukhati, munsif of Pirojpur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 16th February to the 1st March 1923 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in modification of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 22nd February 1923.

No. 2273J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Jagat Nath Basu Ray, munsif of Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave for three months, viz., leave on average pay on medical certificate for two months, under proviso to article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for one month, under article 81 (d) of those rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th February 1923.

No. 2274J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Tarak Nath Basu, munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on half average pay for one month, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 19th December 1922.

No. 2275J.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Surendra Nath Ray, munsif of Narail, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 8th December 1922 to the 3rd February 1923 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in modification of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 5th January 1923.

No. 2353J.—The 14th April 1923.—In supersession of notification No. 2016J., dated the 3rd April 1923, Babu Banamali Sen, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Rangpur, is allowed leave for three months, with effect from the 2nd March 1923, viz., leave on half average pay from the 2nd March 1923 to 1st April 1923 under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (b) (ii) of those rules on medical certificate.

RESIGNATION.

No. 2240J.—The 11th April 1923.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. D. Mudie of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Bhatpara bench, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

H. P. DUVAL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1193M.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. A. Stapylton to be a Commissioner of the Chittagong Municipality, *vice* Mr. G. H. Stevenson, resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1195M.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Titagarh Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 27 of the Act, electing Mr. R. N. Neish to be Chairman of that Municipality, *vice* Mr. J. Williamson, resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1216 M.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 43 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), as amended by section 2 of the Calcutta and Suburban Police (Amendment) Act, 1907 (Bengal Act III of 1907), and upon the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioners of Calcutta, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare Corporation Street in wards 13 and 14 to be a main thoroughfare for the purposes of that clause.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1277 M.—The 12th April 1923.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government), in exercise of the power conferred on them by section 86 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Katwa Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, made at a meeting, propose to make the following order.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st June 1923, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 86 (a) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Katwa Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, made at a meeting, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) sanction the levy, by the Commissioners of the said municipality, of a tax, under section 131 of the Act, on carriages, horses and other animals.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1293 L.S.G.—The 14th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 22 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to approve the election by the members of the Bogra District Board of the Hon'ble Mr. Altaf Ali to be their Chairman.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

CORRIGENDUM.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1275 M.—The 12th April 1923.—In notification No. 1186 M., dated the 9th April 1923, regarding the appointment of Commissioners of the Bally Municipality, published at page 453 of Part 1 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th idem, for "Babu Bejoy Krishna Mukherjee" read "Babu Bejoy Krishna Mukherjee, B.L."

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1057 Medl.—The 10th April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Harendra Kumar Das, officiating Civil Surgeon, is transferred from Chittagong Hill Tracts to Bakarganj, *vice* Captain H. Hingston, M.D., I.M.S., transferred.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1059 Medl.—The 10th April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Lalit Mohan Ray of Bhola-nath Bose's dispensary, Barackpore, is appointed temporarily to act as a Civil Surgeon and is posted to Chittagong Hill Tracts, *vice* Dr. Harendra Kumar Das, transferred.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1061 Medl.—The 10th April 1923.—On being relieved of his duties at the Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Lieutenant H. L. O. Fleming, I.M.D., is appointed to act as assistant to the Superintendent, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 17th March 1923, *vice* Major H. V. Mann, I.M.D.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1065 Medl.—The 11th April 1923.—Captain J. C. De, I.M.S., substantively *pro tempore* Resident Medical Officer, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, is appointed to act as a Civil Surgeon and is posted to Chittagong, *vice* Lt.-Col. H. B. Steen, M.S., M.D., I.M.S.

Calcutta.
Chittagong.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1067 Medl.—The 11th April 1923.—Captain N. C. Kapur, I.M.S., is appointed to be substantively *pro tempore* Resident Medical Officer, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, *vice* Captain J. C. De, I.M.S.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1073 Medl.—The 12th April 1923.—Major J. J. A. Brachio, I.M.D., Civil Surgeon, Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 100 (a) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and paragraph 4 of the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 1079 C.S.R., dated the 26th October 1921, with effect from the 1st April 1923 (or from any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his charge).

Birbhum.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1088 Medl.—The 14th April 1923.—Major J. D. Sandes, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Professor of Clinical Medicine, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician, Medical College Hospitals, *vice* Lt.-Col. D. McCay, M.D., I.M.S.

Calcutta.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (*offg.*).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 696 P.H.—The 12th April 1923.—For the purposes of Paris Sanitary Convention, 1912, and with reference to the rules framed under section 6, sub-section (I), clause (p) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, as amended by the Indian Ports (Amendment) Act, 1911, and published under Bengal Government notification No. 16 Marine, dated the 6th March 1917, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) declare Karachi to be an infected port on account of plague.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 743 P.H.—The 16th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 351 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to confirm the additional by-law framed by the Commissioners of the Bogra Municipality and published for information with notification No. 178 P.H., dated the 1st February 1923.

Bogra.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 745 P.H.—The 16th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 351 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to confirm the additional by-laws framed by the Commissioners of the Anikpala Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, and published for information with notification No. 155 P.H., dated the 29th January 1923.

24-Parganas.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (*offg.*).

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1358 Edn.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Pramatha Nath Das Gupta, officiating District Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, on being relieved of the officiating appointment, is appointed to act as District Inspector of Schools, Noakhali, in the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Maulvi Khabiruddin Ahmad, on deputation.

Mymensingh.
Noakhali.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1366 Edn.—The 12th April 1923.—Mr. M. P. West, Principal, Dacca Training College, is allowed leave on average pay for three months and thirteen days under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st July 1923.

Dacca.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1385Edn.—The 16th April 1923.—Rai Sahib Aswini Kumar Das, District Inspector of Schools, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as District Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad, from the 20th April 1923 to the 10th June 1923, in the vacancy caused by the absence, on leave, of Babu Suraj Mohan Roy. He is substantively appointed to the post with effect from the 11th June 1923, the date on which Babu Suraj Mohan Roy retires on the expiry of his leave.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1386Edn.—The 16th April 1923.—Babu Benode Bihary Das, District Inspector of Schools, Khulna, is appointed to act as District Inspector of Schools, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 20th April 1923 to the 10th June 1923, in the vacancy caused by the absence, on deputation, of Rai Sahib Aswini Kumar Das. He is substantively appointed to the post with effect from the 11th June 1923, *vice* Rai Sahib Aswini Kumar Das, under orders of transfer.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1387Edn.—The 16th April 1923.—Maulvi Kazi Moztafuddin Ahmed, Sub-divisional Inspector of Schools, Contai, now officiating District Inspector of Schools, Nadia, is appointed to act as District Inspector of Schools, Khulna, with effect from the 7th June 1923 or from the date of his relief, *vice* Babu Benode Bihary Das, under orders of transfer, or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1378Edn.—The 14th April 1923.—Maulvi Mirza Abu Jaffar, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Presidency Division, was allowed leave on average pay for twenty-two days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 5th March 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 816Mir.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Ishaq temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Charbhadrasan, in the district of Faridpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Khondkar Mofakhar Hossain or until further orders.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 817Mir.—The 12th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kaffs Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Ishaq temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Charbhadrasan, in the district of Faridpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Khondkar Mofakhar Hossain or until further orders.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 7th April 1923.

No. 190A.—Babu Gopal Chandra Mukherjee, officiating assistant master, Comilla Zilla School, on Rs. 75 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of clause 2 (a) of the Local Government notification No. 19463F., dated the 23rd December 1921, leave on full pay for two days, with effect from the 15th March 1923.

No. 191A.—Babu Syama Charan Batabyal, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Namur circle, in the district of Birbhum, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for seven days, with effect from the 2nd January 1923.

No. 192A.—Munshi Muhammad Hossain, assistant master, Hooghly Branch School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for one month and fourteen days, with effect from the 11th September 1922, viz., leave on average pay for two days under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules and the remaining period leave on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the same rules.

No. 193A.—Babu Shasi Kumar Basu, assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for thirteen days, with effect from 27th November 1922.

2. Babu Suthir Chandra Chakravarty is appointed to act as assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, during the absence on leave of Babu Shasi Kumar Basu.

The 19th April 1923.

No. 194A.—Pending the arrival of Moulvi A. M. Siddiquor Rahaman, Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarty is appointed to act as assistant master, Arnfenitola Government High School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, with effect from the 24th February 1923, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Sen, on deputation.

No. 195A.—Babu Akshoy Kumar Mondal is appointed to act as assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Kshitish Chandra Sarkar, on deputation.

No. 196A.—Babu Dhurjati Prasad Kavyatirtha, second pandit, Hooghly Collegiate School, on Rs. 50—2—80—3—110, is appointed to act as head pandit, Uttarpara Government High School and in the scale of Rs. 60—4—160, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jajneswar Chakravarty, on deputation, or until further orders.

The 10th April 1923.

No. 197A.—Maulvi Shaikh Nazimuddin, assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for two months and fifteen days, with effect from 7th February 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it; viz., leave on average pay for three days under rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules and the remaining period on half average pay under rule 81 (d) of the same rules.

2. Maulvi Muhammad Abdur Rauf is appointed to act as assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, on Rs. 75 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Shaikh Nazimuddin, on leave.

No. 198A.—Babu Panchugopal Das, assistant master of Mathematics, Dacca Intermediate College, on Rs. 150—10—400, is granted, in terms of rule 82 (b) of the Fundamental Rules, as amended by the Government of India, Finance Department resolution No. 1414 C.S.R., dated the 20th December 1922, leave on average pay for twenty days (of which fifteen days are on account of privilege leave), from the 2nd to the 21st July 1923, both days inclusive.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave the summer vacation of the college extending from 13th April 1923 to 1st July 1923.

This cancels this office notification No. 166A., dated the 29th March 1923.

No. 199A.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Sen, officiating assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, on being relieved of his present officiating appointment, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narail, Jessore, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Anukul Chandra Bose, transferred.

The 11th April 1923.

No. 200A.—Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque, assistant master, Jessore Zilla School on Rs. 75—5—200 (now under orders of transfer to the Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad), is granted, in terms of the Government of India, Finance Department resolution No. 2099 C.S.R., commuted furlough on average salary for forty days, with effect from the 14th November 1922.

He is permitted to affix to his leave the X'mas and the New Year's day holidays.

No. 201A.—Babu Anukul Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narail, Jessore, on Rs. 75—5—200 (now officiating Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Rampurhat, Birbhum), is granted, in terms of rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for fifteen days (the entire period is on account of privilege leave), with effect from 1st January 1923 or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of it.

No. 202A.—An exchange of appointments is sanctioned between :—

- Jessore.**
24-Parganas.
- (1) Maulvi Sheikh Habibur Rahman, assistant master, Jessore Zilla School (on probation), and
 - (2) Maulvi Muhammad Golam Jilani, assistant master, Baraset Government High School (on probation).

This cancels the transfer of Maulvi Sheikh Habibur Rahman to the Dinajpur Zilla School and of Maulvi Hazari Sheikh (assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School) to the Jessore Zilla School, sanctioned in this office notification No. 167A., dated the 28th March 1923.

The 12th April 1923.

No. 203A.—In partial modification of this office notifications No. 782A., dated the 21st October 1922, and No. 184A., dated the 5th April 1923, Maulvi

Khulna.
Muhammad Khorshed Hossain, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Khulna, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted leave for four months, with effect from 7th October 1922, viz., leave on average pay for three months and eleven days (of which a period of two months and sixteen days is on account of privilege leave) under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the remaining period on half average pay under rule 81(d) of the same rules.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Durga Paja holidays.

The officiating arrangements already made are allowed to continue.

No. 204A.—Maulvi Tabarukullah, Special Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bakarganj, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for 3 months, (the entire period being on account of privilege leave) with effect from the 7th January 1923.

No. 205A.—Babu Jogendra Chandra Das, assistant master, Rangamati Government High School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on half average pay for one month and twenty-six days in extension of the leave granted to him in this office notification No. 514A., dated 12th July 1922.

2. The officiating arrangements already made are allowed to continue.

No. 206A.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 14A., dated 9th January 1923, Babu Bisweswar Chatterji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Onda circle, in the district of Bankura, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for thirty-four days (of which twenty-seven days are on account of privilege leave), with effect from 5th February 1923.

He is also permitted to affix Sunday, the 11th March 1923, to his leave.

No. 207A.—Maulvi Dilwar Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Indas circle, in the district of Bankura, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for four months, with effect from the 1st January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for three months and twenty-five days, (of which two months and nineteen days is on account of privilege leave) under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81(d) of the same rules.

No. 208A.—Maulvi Ataur Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bajitpur, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three weeks (the entire period on account of privilege leave), with effect from the 3rd December 1922.

He is permitted to affix to his leave the X'mas and the New Year's day holidays.

No. 209A.—Babu Sanjib Chandra Bose, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Kishoreganj, Mymensingh, on Rs. 150—10—250 (on probation), is granted, in terms of article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month and fifteen days, with effect from the 24th January 1923.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Saraswati puja holidays.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 110.—*The 10th April 1923.*—Maulvi Syed Amir Hussain, Sub-Registrar, is allowed leave on half average pay for four months, under rule 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 506, dated the 23rd November 1922.

No. 111.—*The 10th April 1923.*—Babu Bhupati Ranjan Sen, Sub-Registrar, attached to Sadar Registration office at Chittagong, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Anwara, in the same district, with effect from the 8th February 1923, *vice* Maulvi Saleh Ahmad, on leave.

No. 112.—*The 11th April 1923.*—Babu Charu Chandra Lahiri, Sub-Registrar of Adamdighi, in the district of Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th April 1923, or from any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 113.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Maulvi Chaudhuri Barhanuddin Ahmad Siddiq, Sub-Registrar of Pakulla, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 24th January 1923.

No. 114.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Babu Rabindra Lal Acharya, Sub-Registrar, attached to Sadar Registration office, Dacca, is appointed to act until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Pakulla, in the district of Mymensingh, with effect from the 24th January 1923, *vice* Maulvi Chaudhuri Barhanuddin Ahmad Siddiq, on leave.

No. 115.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Maulvi Amiruddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Pirganj, in the district of Dinajpur, is allowed privilege leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 116.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Babu Ambica Charan Sen, Sub-Registrar, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Kalna, in the district of Burdwan.

No. 117.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Babu Jogesh Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar of Kalna, in the district of Burdwan, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Katwa, in the same district.

No. 118.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Babu Janaki Prasad Aich, Sub-Registrar of Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Raniganj, in the same district.

No. 119.—*The 12th April 1923.*—Babu Lalit Mohan Chatterji, Sub-Registrar of Raniganj, in the district of Burdwan, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Potashpur, in the district of Midnapore.

No. 120.—*The 14th April 1923.*—Babu Janaki Prasad Aich, Sub-Registrar of Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, was allowed leave on average pay for twenty-nine days (entire period being on account of privilege leave a credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the afternoon of the 26th February 1923.

No. 121.—*The 14th April 1923.*—Maulvi Ulfatul Karim, Sub-Registrar, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 25, dated the 20th January 1923.

No. 122.—*The 14th April 1923.*—Maulvi Muhammad Sarwarjan, Sub-Registrar, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fourteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 17, dated the 16th January 1923.

No. 123.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Babu Kishori Mohan Basu, Sub-Registrar, under orders of transfer to Khanakul, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 31, dated the 26th January 1923.

No. 124.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Maulvi Kazi Abdul Majid, Sub-Registrar, attached to Sadar Registration office, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th April 1923 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 125.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Babu Kishori Mohan Basu, Sub-Registrar, on leave, under orders of transfer to Khanakul, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Joynagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

This cancels this Department notification No. 573, dated the 18th December 1922, appointing Babu Kishori Mohan Basu as Sub-Registrar of Khanakul.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1933 Com.—The 16 h April 1923.—The following notice published by Messrs. P. N. Ghosh, of Townend; Darjeeling; R. E. Wren, of Hope Cottage, Kurseong; S. C. Ghosh, Dastidar of Gabha, Barisal; and Subadar Kharg Bahadur Thapa, of Giddapahar, Kurseong, in the *Englishman* of the 24th, 26th and 27th March 1923, is republished in accordance with the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, framed by the Government of India, under section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910). Any objection, suggestion or representation which may be received from any person by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, up to the 24th June 1923, in respect of the proposed grant of license, will be considered by Government.

A. MARR,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal.***The Kalimpong-Kurseong Electric License, 1923.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. P. N. Ghosh of Townend, Darjeeling, R. E. Wren of Hope Cottage, Kurseong, S. C. Ghosh, Dastidar of Gabha, Barisal, and Subadar Kharg Bahadur Thapa of Giddapahar, Kurseong, have applied for a license under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, for the supply of electrical energy to the public within the Darjeeling district excluding the Darjeeling Municipal area for the purposes and upon and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the draft License of which the following is a copy.

License for the supply of energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

License is hereby granted to Messrs. P. N. Ghosh of Townend, Darjeeling, R. E. Wren of Hope Cottage, Kurseong, S. C. Ghosh, Dastidar of Gabha, Barisal, and Subadar Kharg Bahadur Thapa of Giddapahar, Kurseong, to supply electrical energy in the area with the powers and upon the terms and conditions as specified below :—

SHORT TITLE.

1. This license may be cited as "The Kalimpong-Kurseong Electric License, 1923."

INTERPRETATION.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or by the Rules thereunder meanings are assigned, shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license—

- (1) The Act shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.
- (2) The expression "The licensee" shall mean and include the said Messrs. P. N. Ghosh of Townend, Darjeeling, R. E. Wren of Hope Cottage, Kurseong, S. C. Ghosh, Dastidar of Gabha, Barisal, and Subadar Kharg Bahadur Thapa of Giddapahar, Kurseong, and their permitted assigns, and
- (3) The expression "deposited map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with the Government in pursuance of the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Commerce Department and by the applicants under the name and style of Messrs. P. N. Ghosh of Townend, Darjeeling, R. E. Wren, Hope Cottage, Kurseong, S. C. Ghosh, Dastidar of Gabha, Barisal, and Subadar Kharg Bahadur Thapa of Giddapahar, Kurseong.

SECURITY.

3. The period within, which under clause 1 (a) of the Scheme to the Act the licensees shall show to the satisfaction of the Government that they are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations imposed upon them by the license throughout the area of supply shall be three years, and the period within which under clause 1 (b) of the Schedule to the Act the licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under that clause, be six months and rupees five thousand respectively.

AREA OF SUPPLY.

4. The area above referred to within which the supply of energy is authorised by this license (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area bounded as follows :—

North—By Simanabasti village, Sukeapukri, Lepchajagat, a straight line from the third milestone Ghoom Road to 45th milestone Darjeeling Hill Cart Road, a straight line from the 45th milestone Darjeeling Hill Cart Road to Senchal 8,515 feet Ridge, a straight line from Senchal Ridge to 3rd milestone on Peshoke Road, a straight line from the 3rd milestone Peshoke Road down to the Rungu River, eastern bank of the Rungu River to the junction of the Rivers Rungu and the Great Rungit, Great Rungit, Tista, Rangpo and Rishi Rivers.

South—By Naxalbari Hat, Barajharu, Chhotojharu, Lakshan, Rupsing, Kadamguri, Chandhar, Balason, Garbhaga, boundary line of the Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri districts near Siliguri eastern bank of the Mahanady and Galma Rivers, western bank of the Tista River, and the boundary line of the Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri districts.

East—By Narchu River.

West—By the boundary line between Nepal and British India along the bank of the Mechi River.

The boundaries whereof are delineated on the deposited map.

5. The generating station shall be situated in the area of supply, and the supply will be alternating current, three-phase, at a pressure of 230 volts for lighting, heating and small motors and 400 volts for bigger motors. The frequency will be 50 periods per second.

LIMITS WITHIN WHICH THE SUPPLY OF ENERGY IS TO BE COMPULSORY.

6. (1) The works to be executed to the satisfaction of the Government under clause IV of the Schedule to the Act are the following :—

Distributing mains in—

Kurseong.

Portion of the Darjeeling Hill Cart Road.

Dow Hill Road.

Portion of Matigara-Kurseong Road.

Burdwan Road.

Kurseong Bazar Road.

Kalimpong.

Portion of Rishi Road.

Durpindara Road.

Road to Bambasti.

Kalimpong Bazar Road.

(2) If the licensees fail to comply with the provisions of sub-clause (1) the license may be revoked.

LIMITS OF PRICES TO BE CHARGED IN RESPECT OF THE SUPPLY OF ENERGY.

7. The prices to be charged by the licensees for the energy supplied by them shall not exceed the following maxima, namely :—

As. 8 per Kilowatt hour for lighting.

As. 4 " " power.

As. 2 " " heating.

One rupee per month per Kilowatt installed when the installation is not used or so little used that the revenue per Kilowatt installed falls below one rupee per month, fraction of a Kilowatt in each installation being taken as one Kilowatt for this purpose, or in the case of a method of charge approved by the Government in accordance with section 23, sub-section (3) and sub-section (4) of the Act, such maxima as the Government may fix on approving the matter.

PURCHASE OF UNDERTAKING.

8. (1) The option of the purchase given by section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act, shall first be exerciseable on the expiration of 50 years from the date of the notification of the license and on the expiration of every subsequent period of twenty years. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 (1) of the Act, of lands, buildings, works, materials and plants of the licensees therein mentioned, to be added under the second proviso of that sub-section to such value on account of compulsory purchase shall be 25 per cent.

(2) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (2), clause (c) (ii) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the generating station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 36 Marine.—The 9th April 1923.—Mr. A. W. Michie, Branch Pilot, is appointed to the command of the S. P. V. "Lady Fraser," with effect from the afternoon of the 24th April 1923, *vice* Mr. J. K. Chase, Branch Pilot, reverted to the running list.

No. 37 Marine.—The 9th April 1923.—The following notification issued by the Government of India is republished for general information:—

No. 1859, dated Delhi, the 31st March 1923.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce (Merchant Shipping).

The following Order in Council is published for general information:—

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 12th day of February, 1923.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by sub-section (1) of section 84 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, it is enacted that whenever it appears to His Majesty the King in Council that the tonnage regulations of the said Act have been adopted by any foreign country and are in force there, His Majesty in Council may order that the ships of that country shall, without being re-measured in His Majesty's Dominions, be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other national papers, in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship;

AND WHEREAS it appears to His Majesty that the tonnage regulations of the said Act have been adopted by the Government of His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Japan and are in force in the Japanese Dominions:

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. This Order may be cited as the Japanese Tonnage Order, 1923.

2. Ships which have their ports of registry either in the territories of Japan or in other localities under the control of Japan and which are equipped with certificates of registry or other national papers duly issued by the competent Japanese authorities on or after the 1st October 1914, or which, not having been re-measured in accordance with the Regulations of 1914, are equipped with certificates of registry or other national papers duly issued by the competent Japanese authorities in accordance with the Regulations of 1884, shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in such certificates of registry or other national papers in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship.

3. The Order of Her Majesty in Council dated the 27th day of January, 1885, made under the provisions of the Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Act, 1862, with regard to the tonnage of ships of Japan is hereby revoked.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

No. 38 Marine.—The 10th April 1923.—It is hereby notified under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, that Mr. R. B. Wilson, C.I.E., of Messrs. Birkmyre Brothers, has been elected a representative of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Calcutta Port Trust, *vice* Mr. R. O. Law of the same firm who has applied for permission to be absent from the Commissioners' meetings for three and a half months from the beginning of April 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 15.—*The 10th April 1923.*—Mr. H. F. D. Jacob, Executive Engineer, Electrical Division, is granted, under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on half average pay for the period from the 2nd January 1923 to the 14th March 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 16.—*The 10th April 1923.*—Mr. W. J. Truster, Assistant Electrical Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the Electrical Division during the absence on leave of Mr. H. F. D. Jacob, Executive Engineer, Electrical Division, from the 2nd January 1923 to the 14th March 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 17.—*The 11th April 1923.*—Mr. H. F. D. Jacob, Executive Engineer, Electrical Division, is granted leave for seven months, viz., leave on average pay for three months and fifteen days under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (c) (i) of those rules, on medical certificate, with effect from the 15th April 1923, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 32.—*The 16th April 1923.*—The Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the formation of new division under the Southern Circle, to be designated the Dredger Division.

No. 33.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Mr. W. G. Melvin, temporary Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the Dredger Division until further orders.

No. 34.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Babu Surendra Kumar Guha, Assistant Executive Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Grand Trunk Canal (Construction) Division to the Dredger Division.

No. 35.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Babu Raman Mohan Singha, Assistant Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Jessore Drainage to the Dredger Division.

No. 36.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Mr. H. V. Williams, Assistant Executive Engineer, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Khulna to the Dredger Division.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

INDUSTRIES.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 27T.-A.I.—*The 14th April 1923.*—Mr. E. Hoogewerf, Principal, Government Weaving Institute, Serampore, now officiating as Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions, Bengal, is appointed to act as Deputy Director of Industries, Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. T. Weston.

Hooghly.
Calcutta.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

AGRICULTURE.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 3T.-Agri.—The 7th April 1923.—Rai Rajeswar Das Gupta, Bahadur, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Burdwan Division, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (of which twenty-one days are on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st April 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 11T.-A.I.—The 11th April 1923.—Babu Raj Kumar Das, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is appointed to hold charge of the district during the absence, on leave, of Babu Asoke Jiban Banarji, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, for four months, with effect from the 16th March 1923 or until further orders.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 23T.-A.I.—The 14th April 1923.—Sir Hari Ram Goenka, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E., is appointed to be a member of the Committee of Management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 4557A.—The 4th April 1923.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Das, District Agricultural Officer, Pabna, is granted an extension of leave on average salary for the period from the 24th December 1922 to the 5th January 1923.

No. 4936A.—The 10th April 1923.—Babu Manindra Nath Dutta, District Agricultural Officer, Midnapore, is granted leave on average pay under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for one month, with effect from the 15th March 1923, in extension of the leave sanctioned in this office notification No. 14165A., dated the 22nd December 1922.

No. 4948A.—The 10th April 1923.—Babu Amrita Lal Shome, District Agricultural Officer, Kishoreganj, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th April 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 5542.—The 6th April 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Tarapur Silk-reeling Co-operative Society (registered No. 184 of 1917) in the district of Birbhum under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 11 of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Circle Officer, Rampurhat, to be Liquidator of the said Society.

No. 5636.—The 10th April 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Gorar Kanda Gramya Dhana Bhandar (registered No. 76 of 1912) in the district of Mymensingh under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Circle Officer, Jamalpur, to be Liquidator of the said Society.

No. 5822.—The 12th April 1923.—In modification of the previous order as contained in the notification No. 12955, dated 4th October 1921, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Ullapara, as liquidator of the marginally noted societies, in the district of Pabna, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Serajganj, instead as liquidator of the said societies.

- (1) Dewantaratia Gramya Rindan Samiti.
(2) Dhalai Gramya Rindan Samiti.
(3) Bighalkandi Gramya Rindan Samiti.

No. 5824.—The 12th April 1923.—In modification of the previous orders as contained in notifications Nos. (1) 676, dated 16th January 1922, (2) 4963, dated 31st March 1922, (3) 9421, dated 7th July 1922, and (4) 12961, dated 4th October 1921, so far as they relate to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Ullapara, as liquidator of the marginally noted societies in the district of Pabna, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Serajganj, instead as liquidator of the said societies.

- (1) Horedigholia Gramya Rindan Samiti.
(2) Ghosuria Gramya Rindan Samiti.
(3) Angaru Islamia Jautha Bank.
(4) Suja Lahshmi Bhandar.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

and No. 186 Exc.—The 10th April 1923.—Babu Gajendra Nath Kar, Inspector of Excise Salt, Bankura, is posted to the Russa distillery in Calcutta temporarily for training.

2. Babu Dwijendra Nath Chatterjee, No. 11, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is posted temporarily to Bankura on the termination of his deputation at Nagaon.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3564 L.R.—The 10th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (1) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands comprised within the administrative boundaries of the district of Murshidabad excluding the areas already surveyed in pursuance of Government notifications No. 9076 L.R., dated the 13th September 1915, No. 7311 L.R., dated the 6th September 1918, No. 12239, dated the 15th December 1915, Nos. 2003-10 and 2012 T.R., dated the 7th October 1912, No. 1356 L.R., dated the 11th July 1913, No. 10130 L.R., dated the 31st October 1914, No. 289 L.R., dated the 11th January 1915, No. 322 L.R., dated the 21st January 1911, No. 972 L.R., dated the 27th January 1914, and Nos. 9981-82 L.R., dated the 26th October 1914.

The particulars to be recorded in the survey and record-of-rights shall be the following:—

- (a) the name of each tenant or occupant;
- (b) the class to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rents or rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat or under-raiyat, and, if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

- (e) the situation and quantity, and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier ;
- (d) the name of each tenant's landlord ;
- (e) the name of each proprietor, with the character and extent of his interest and the situation, quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the lands, if any, which are his private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act ;
- (f) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared ;
- (g) the mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court, or otherwise ;
- (h) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases ;
- (i) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—
 - (i) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, *jhil*, tank or well, or any other source of supply, and
 - (ii) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land ;
- (j) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy ;
- (k) any right of way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared ;
- (l) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid and, if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority.

No. 3698 L.R.—The 14th April 1923.—Maulvi Mirza Muhammad Abdul Aziz, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as Khas Mahal Circle Officer in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules for two months (on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 1st May 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

M. G. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

DECLARATION.

No. 3574 L.A.—The 10th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Government in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for broad gauge engine shed at Parbatipur at mile No. 112 of the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the villages of Parbatipur (pargana Rokanpur alias Hashiabangalipur) and Rampur (pargana Swaruppur), zilla Dinajpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 36.16 acres, bounded as described below :—

BLOCK I :

North—By District Board road and land, —

East and South—By railway land, .

West—By lands of Jamuruddin and Umaruddin, Samauldin Mandal, Basanta Kumar Dass and Chandra Narayan Pramanic,

BLOCK II :

North—By District Board road and land,

East, South and West—By railway land, ..

BLOCK III :

North—By lands of Emaratullah Sarkar, Eradatullah, Ralono Bi Bewa, Rahim, uddin Sarkar, Rahamatulla and Mosor Bibi,

East—By railway land,

South—By District Board road and land,

West—By lands of Emaratullah Sarkar and others,

BLOCK IV :

North and East—By land of Rahamatulla,

South—By District Board road and land,

West—By railway land,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Parbatipur and Rampur

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dinajpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3655 L.A.—The 12th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for broad gauge engine shed at Parbatipur at mile No. 113 of the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the villages of Parbatipur (pargana Rokanpur *alias* Hashiabangalipur) and Rampur (pargana Swaruppur), zilla Dinajpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 43.47 acres, bounded as described below :—

BLOCK I :

North—By lands of Chandra Narayan Pramanic, Bosofaddir Shah and Kharga Narayan,
East—By railway land,
South—By lands of Emaratullah Sarkar, Eradatullah, Rahom Bi Bewa, Rahimuddin Sarkar, Rahamatullah and Mosor Bi Bi,
West—By lands of Emaratullah Sarkar, Eradatullah, Mohomudali Sarkar, Banomali Hazra, Basgit Sha and Kharga Narayan.

BLOCK II :

North—By land of Kholi Pramanic,
East—By lands of Rahamatulla, Mosor Bibi, Nachuddin Pramanic, Sher Mahomed Paikar, Namirullah Pramanic and Asatullah Pramanic,
South—By land of Rahamatulla,
West—By railway land,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Parbatipur and Rampur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dinajpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3660 L.A.—The 12th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for a bickfield on the Saraswati channel in the villages of Basudebpur, Shibpur, Sankhanagar, Gajaghanta, Alikhoja and Nawdapara, parganas Arsha and Paonan, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land about 7,900 feet in length and of varying width from 566 feet to 270 feet, running generally from east to west and lying on both sides of the Saraswati channel and including it, extending from bridge No. 12 over the Saraswati channel on the Hooghly-Katwa Railway to the bridge No. 95 over the same channel on the main line of the East Indian Railway, and measuring more or less, 389 bighas 13 cottaks and 10 chitaks, of standard measurement, equivalent to 128.82 acres, is required within the aforesaid villages of Basudebpur, Shibpur, Sankhanagar, Gajaghanta, Alikhoja and Nawdapara.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired, are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Eputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3712 L.A.—The 14th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Dacca for a public purpose, viz., for opening a drain in the villages of Hajipur and Enatnagar, parganas Bikrampur, Tappa Daulatpur and Kashipur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .27 of an acre, bounded on the—

Dacca.

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 56,

East—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 45 and 46 of mauza Enatnagar and parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of mauza Hajipur,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 32,

West—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 45 and 46 of mauza Enatnagar and parts of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 7, 6, 5, 41 and 40 of mauza Hajipur,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Hajipur and Enatnagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Narayanganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3715 L.A.—The 14th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Basirhat Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for Pail depôt, in the village of Saipala, pargana Baha, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.0165 of an acre, bounded on the—

24-Parganas.

North and East—By the drain of Salimadd road,

South and West—By the land of Shekh Abdul Ahed,

is required within the aforesaid village of Saipala.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Basirhat Municipality.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3725 L.A.—The 16th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Dacca for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank at Nangalbanda, in the village of Nangalbanda, parganas Tappa Bhowal and Tappa Govindapur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.766 of an acre, bounded on the—

Dacca.

North—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 624 and 617,

East—By the cadastral survey plot No. 634,

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 642.

West—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 621 and 620 and remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 619,

is required within the aforesaid village of Nangalbanda.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Narayanganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3728 L.A.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for the proposed Public Street No. 1 (Central Avenue), in Ward No. 1 of the Calcutta Municipality in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less, 3 cottaks and 15 chittaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.065 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By premises No. 3, Maharaja Sir Narendra Krishna Street,

East—By the remaining portion of premises No. 2-1, Maharaja Sir Narendra Krishna Street,

South—By premises No. 2, Maharaja Sir Narendra Krishna Street,

West—By Maharaja Sir Narendra Krishna Street,

is required within the aforesaid Ward No. 1 of the Calcutta Municipality in the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 966 L., dated the 10th April, 1923.—It is hereby notified in pursuance of rule 12(2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules that Mr. Arthur d'Anvers Willis has been declared under rule 12(2) of the said rules to have been duly elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

C. TINDALL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 11TH APRIL 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Criminal Sessions of the year 1923 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the thirtieth day of April instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

M. M. ALI NAKEY, *Sheriff.*

সরিক আফিস; সন ১৯২৩ সাল তারিখ ১১ই এপ্রিল।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম হার্গের অধীন মহর কলিকাতার ও অস্থায়ী স্থানের কোজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জজ আর্গাম্বী সন ১৯২৩ সালের ৩০শে এপ্রেল ছোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯২৩ সালের দ্বিতীয় ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে কোজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে, ইতি।—

এম: এম: আলিনাকি,

সরিক।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 7th April 1923.

No. 3423A.—Babu Mahendra Nath Lahiri, munsif of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Pabna munsifi.

No. 3424A.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Patuakhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Patuakhali munsifi.

The 10th April 1923.

No. 3459A.—Babu Dharendra Nath Basu, munsif of Contai, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Contai munsifi.

The 11th April 1923.

No. 3518A.—Mr. H. G. Waight, Subdivisional Magistrate exercising the powers of a munsif at Kalimpong, in the district of Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Kalimpong subdivision.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY, *Registrar.*

ORIGINAL SIDE.

The 11th April 1923.

BABU NARSING CHANDRA MUKHERJEE, an Assistant Registrar on Rs. 300, on the Original Side, has been granted leave on average pay for two months, with effect from the 13th March 1923, under articles 81 (b) (ii) and 86 of the Fundamental Rules, by the Hon'ble the Chief Justice. His Lordship has appointed Mr. J. C. Owen, an Assistant on the Original Side, to act for him from 22nd to 29th March 1923 and Babu Surendra Nath Chatterjee, also an Assistant on the Original Side, to act for him from the 1st April instant.

By order,

MAURICE REMFRY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION:

No. 14R.G.—Babu Harendra Kumar Ghosh, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Chowkidari Circle Officer of the Sadar subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 11th April 1923*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 15R.G.—Babu Bijay Kumar Datta Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas district, is transferred to the Barasat subdivision of the district and appointed to be Chowkidari Circle Officer of Barasat and Barrackpore subdivisions.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 11th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 16R.G.—Babu Phani Lal Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, 24-Parganas district, is transferred to the Diamond Harbour subdivision of the district as Chowkidari Circle Officer.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 11th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 17R.G.—Babu Keshab Chandra Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, at Sadar station of the 24-Parganas district, is transferred to the Basirhat subdivision of the district as Chowkidari Circle Officer.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 11th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 18R.G.—Babu Sudhindra Mohan Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, 24-Parganas, is transferred to the Basirhat subdivision of the district as second officer.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 11th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 19R.G.—Babu Hari Das Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Basirhat, 24-Parganas district, is transferred to the Diamond Harbour subdivision of the district.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 11th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1207J.G.—Babu Amar Nath Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, on leave, is temporarily posted to the headquarters station of the district of Howrah.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 9th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1547J.—Maulvi Abdul Latif Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, who has been posted to the Dacca Division in Government notification No. 3946A., dated the 4th April 1923, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

A. N. MOBERLY, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 9th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1452G.—Maulvi A. K. Kabiruddin Ahmed Khan, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is transferred temporarily to Feni, in the district of Noakhali.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1219J.G.—Babu Shoy Chand Banerji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, Midnapore Sadar, is transferred to Bankura and appointed to be Circle Officer of Raipur Circle in that district.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 10th April 1923.

ERRATUM.

No. 1000L.S.-G.—In this office notification No. 940L.S.-G., dated the 7th April 1923, published at page 480, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th idem, for "Mr. W. C. Woodgate" read "Mr. G. W. Woodgates."

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 12th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1133J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mrs. Saila Bala Bose to be a non-official lady visitor of the Uluberia subsidiary jail, in the district of Howrah, for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1142J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby reappoint Babu Raj Kumar Ghosal to be a non-official visitor of the Uluberia subsidiary jail, in the district of Howrah, till 31st March 1925.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1150J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2), Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Miss Mackenzie and Mrs. H. Dey to be non-official lady visitors of the Howrah District Jail for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1158J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Nitya Dhone Mukherjee and Dr. H. Suhrawardy, members of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be non-official visitors of the Howrah District Jail till the termination of their present membership in the Council.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1146J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (1) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Babu Fanindra Nath De, member of the Bengal Legislative Council, to be a non-official visitor of the Uluberia subsidiary jail in the district of Howrah, till the termination of his present membership in the Council.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1137J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of Rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Dr. Nagendra Nath Hazra to be a non-official visitor of the Uluberia subsidiary jail in the district of Howrah, with effect from 1st May 1923 till 31st March 1925, *vice* Mr. James Ross, removed.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1154J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Khan Sahib Golam Robbani, Bafu Gopal Chandra Mukherjee and Babu Tincari Sing to be non-official visitors of the Howrah District Jail for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1247J.G.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Maulvi Abul Kasem to be a non-official visitor of the Burdwan District Jail for a period of two years.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 10th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 429M.—In continuation of this office notification No. 1547M., dated 29th November 1922; announcing the names of gentlemen who were duly elected Commissioners of the Asansol Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Gopeswar Chattaraj has been declared to have been duly elected as a Commissioner in Ward No. III of the said municipality by the munsif of Asansol, *vice* Dr. N. Choudrie whose election has been declared null and void.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 9th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 977M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, Babu Jurimull Goenka is appointed to be a member of the Sadar Kurseong Local Board in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Babu Srilall Goenka, resigned.

W. A. MARR, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., RAJSHAHI, the 12th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

It is notified for general information that under rule 33 of the rules framed under clause (a) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (III of 1885) as promulgated by notification No. 3457L.S.-G., dated the 3rd December 1904, the 13th June 1923 is fixed to hold a by-election to elect a member for the Sadar Local Board for thana Beldanga in the district of Murshidabad in place of the Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindru Chandra Nandi, K.C.I.E., resigned.

W. S. ADIE, Magistrate.

BERHAMPUR, the 12th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 956L.S.-G.—In pursuance of Government notification, dated the 15th May, published at page 131, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 1886 and as the Government in their notification No. 3118L.S.-G., dated the 11th July 1921, have fixed the number of

Local board.	Number of members.
Sadar ...	24
Asansol ...	21
Kalna ...	18
Katwa ...	18

Members of local boards in the district of Burdwan as shown in the margin* with effect from the next reconstitution of the local boards, it is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 19 of the rules made by Government under section 138 (a) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, the number of members to be

elected for each group of unions created under the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), which has now been formed as an electoral unit in each of the police-stations within the area of Sadar, Kalna and Katwa local boards and also in each of the police-stations within the area of the Asansol local board where the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, has not been introduced, will be distributed as follows :—

Police-station in which the group of unions situated.	Number of groups.	Names of unions in each group.	Number of member to be elected for each group.
Sadar Local Board.			
Raina	I	Hijaina, Narigram, Notu, Aharbelma, Magra	1
	II	Sehara, Uchalan, Kaiti, Paita, Pahalampur	1
	III	Palasan, Rayna, Bara Bainan, Arni, Gotan	1
Khandighosh	IV	Lodna, Berugram, Khandighosh, Susanga, Sakari	1
	V	Ukrid, Sugrai, Koir, Gopalbera	1
Ausgram	VI	Adulia-Amarpur, Kota, Ramnagar, Ausgram, Bhalki, and Jungle Mahal	1
	VII	Eral, Dignagar, Berunda, Bhedia, Ukta, Ghushkara, Billyagram	1
Galsi	VIII	Mankar, Haswa, Pardaha and Nowah	1
	IX	Paraj, Potena, Adra, Galsi, Uchgram	1
	X	Kurkupur, Khano, Satinandi, Bhuri, Masidpur	1
Sahebganj	XI	Mahata, Sahebganj, Banpash, Baghar, Mahachanda, Bamunara	1
	XII	Khetia, Eruar, Bamsor, Nota, Balgona, Bara Belun and Amarun	1
Satgachia	XIII	Bandul, Gobindapur, Nabastha, Kuchat, Bara Palasan	1
	XIV	Bijur, Gopegantar, Debipur, Satgachia, Bohar	1
Memari	XV	Barsut, Daluihazar, Nimo, Amadpur, Memari, Dulgapur	1
Jamalpur	XVI	Berugram, Jote Sriram, Jargram, Chakdighi, Jamalpur	1
	XVII	Paratal, Ajhapur, Panchra, Jaugram, Abujhati	1
Burdwan	XVIII	Belkhash, Saraitikar, Kurman, Rojan, Baikpenthapur	1
Kalna Local Board.			
Kalna	I	Kankuria, Atgharia, Sultanpur	1
	II	Dhatrigram, Nandai, Krishnadebpur	1
	III	Bara Dhamas, Baidyapur, Badla	1
	IV	Bagnapara, Anukhal, Akalpansh	1
	V	Pindira, Kalyanpur	1
Purbasthali	VI	Pila, Patuli, Majida	1
	VII	Nimdah, Muksimpara, Dogachia	1
	VIII	Purbasthali, Kalekhantola, Jahannagar	1
	IX	Nadanghat, Bagpur, Samudragarh	1
Manteswar	X	Baghasan, Manteshwar, Putsuri	1
	XI	Mahmudpur, Kusngram, Susani	1
	XII	Jamna, Pipilon, Majargram	1

Police-station in which the group of unions situated.	Number of groups.	Names of unions in each group.	Number of member to be elected for each group.
Katwa Local Board.			
Katwa	I	... Masigram, Srikhanda, Alampur	1
	II	... Gidhgram	1
	III	... Karui, Sribati, Singi, Agradwip	1
	IV	... Khejurdih, Jagadanandapur, Karajgram	1
Ketugram	I	... Ankhola, Agardanga, Bergram, Kandra	1
	II	... Rajur, Palita, Pandugram	1
	III	... Billeswar, Nabagram, Ketugram	1
	IV	... Gangatikuri, Naihati, Mangram	1
Mangolkot	I	... Simulia, Majhigram, Bhalugram, Kaichar	1
	II	... Khirgram, Nigan	1
	III	... Paligram, Chanak, Lakhuria	1
	IV	... Mongalkot, Gollistha, Jhifu	1

Name of local board	Name of police-station.	Number of members to be elected for each police-station.
Asansol	Asansol	1
	Neamotpur	1
	Barakar	1
	Salanpur	1
	Baraboni	1
	Jamuria	1
	Raniganj	2
	Ondal	2
	Faridpur	2
	Kanksa	2

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 8th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 945 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 3 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Ramapada Roy has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Howrah to be a member of the Kalna union board in Amta police-station in the Ulubaria subdivision of the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Narain Chandra Banerji, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1401 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Munshi Ijjat Ali to be a duly elected member of the Barippur union board, police-station Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, in place of Munshi Ershadulla, deceased.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 7th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 38 of the Rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards under the said Act, Babu Narendra Nath Mitra has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Aranghata union board in police-station of Ranaghat in the Ranaghat subdivision of the Nadia district, in place of Babu Probodh Chandra Chakravarty, deceased.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 9th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1565J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Munshi Samiruddin Khan has been elected to be a member of the Chanhat union board, in Dhamrai police-station in the Sadar North subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Maulvi Mohammed Azizur Rahman, resigned.

A. C. GUPTA, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1567J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Madhusudan Dhar has been elected to be a member of the Amta union board in Dhamrai police-station in the Sadar North subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Beni Mathab Sarkar *alias* Kishori Mohan Sarkar, resigned.

A. C. GUPTA, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 984L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Anandamay Dutta has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of the Nowah union board in Galsi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Ram Kumar Dutta, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 990L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sasi Bhushan Goswami has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of the Ausgram union board in Ausgram police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Banerji, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 987L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Satish Chandra Chatterjee has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of the Galsi union board in Galsi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Ram Kinkar Ganguli, resigned.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 966L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Mrinal Chandra Kar has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Baikunthapur union board in Burdwan police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Kar, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 10th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1674J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Hairmara union board in Raipura police-station in the Narayanganj subdivision of the district of Dacca :—

Ward No.	Name of members.
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Mati Lal Pal. 2. Mujuddin Sarker. 3. Jinnat Ali-Taluqdar.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Ibrahim Khan. 5. Asrab Ali Munshi. 6. Minnat Ali Munshi.

2. Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the said Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate, Dacca, to be members of the aforesaid union board :—

1. Babu Amrita Lal Pal.
2. Sonagazi Sarker.
3. Muksud Ali Sarker.

A. N. MOBERLY, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACC A DIVN., DACC A, the 11th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1575J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (4) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Dacca to be members of the Mirzanagar union board in Raipura police-station in the Narayanganj subdivision of the district of Dacca :—

1. Amiruddin Bepari,
2. Kalimuddin Chowdhury.
3. Abdul Aziz Sarker.
4. Maulvi Wajuddin Ahammed.
5. Asrab Ali Sarker.
6. Cherag Ali Sarker.

2. Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the said Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Dacca to be members of the aforesaid union board :—

1. Munshi Abdul Gani.
2. Maulvi Abdul Kader.
3. Bahu Jagat Chandra Pal.

A. N. MOBERLY, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACC A DIVN., DACC A, the 11th April 1923.



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PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 7th April 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Simla, the 6th April 1923.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 497.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a commission, with effect from the date specified :—

1st Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

To be Lieutenant.

Robin Victor Alexander Stock. Dated 24th January 1923.

INDIAN TERRITORIAL FORCE.

No. 498.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed officers on probation, with effect from the 1st February 1923 :—

11th Battalion, 19th Hyderabad Regiment.

As Platoon Commanders.

Kumar Adhikram Mazumdar.
Durga Pada Banerjee.
Rajendra Lal Mukherjee.
Pratul Chandra Roy Chowdhury.
Nital Gopal Sinha.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 500.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to resign his commission, with effect from the date specified, and to retain his rank and wear uniform of the corps on retirement:—

2nd Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. Tomes, V. D. Dated 5th March 1923.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 31st March 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 27th March 1923.

No. F. 939-I.—22.—Mr. G. H. W. Davies of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, with effect from the 4th April 1923, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Orders by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.

No. 12-1.—The 3rd April 1923.—The following Assistant Income-tax officers, at present employed at Calcutta, are transferred to the districts noted against their names:—

1. Babu Debi Sanker Bhattacharji	..	...	Dacca.
2. „ Nripendra Behari Bannerji	...	...	Mymensingh.
3. Maulvi Sheriff Shams-uddin ...	...	...	Chittagong.
4. Babu Bhupati Mohan Sen ...	...	...	Midnapore.
5. „ Phanindra Lal Bhattacharji	...	...	Burdwan.
6. „ Krishna Hari Mazumdar	Murshidabad (Berhampore).

E. N. BLANDY,

Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.



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PART IB.

Educational Notices.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Post Graduate Research Scholarships to be awarded in 1923

Two Post Graduate Scholarships will be awarded for the encouragement of original research to candidates who have high and special qualifications and appear to be likely to conduct original research with success. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 100 a month, and each is tenable for a maximum period of three years.

2. Ordinarily one scholarship will be awarded annually to a student who proposes to carry on original research in scientific subjects, including such branches as natural and physical science, chemistry, mathematical science, etc., and another scholarship will similarly be awarded for research in literary subjects, including such branches as languages, comparative philology, palaeography, epigraphy, philosophy, history, archaeology, anthropology, etc. No application for a research scholarship will be considered unless a candidate submits certificates showing that he has the capacity for undertaking the research proposed and a programme of work indicating a definite course of enquiry.

3. Election will be made in the first instance for one year only, with effect from 1st July 1923, but a scholarship may be renewed from year to year, up to the limit of three years, provided the scholar has throughout the year vigorously prosecuted original research in the subject selected by him.

4. Each candidate for a scholarship should submit his application, through the head of the institution in which he last studied, to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and must produce evidence of having passed the M.A. or M.Sc. examination from a college or other institution in Bengal or of having obtained some other equivalent or higher degree, such as Doctor in Science or Master in Engineering in 1920 or 1921 or 1922. He must state as definitely as possible the subject or part of a subject in which he intends, if elected to a scholarship, to carry on his original investigation. He must also state the name of the institution in which he proposes to work with evidence that the authorities of the institution are able and willing to provide facilities for him, or if no institution is mentioned, the circumstances or conditions under which he proposes to work should be stated.

5. Applications for this year's scholarships should be submitted on or before the 21st May 1923 in prescribed forms which are obtainable from the Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1923.

Government Commercial Course Final and Special Examination, 1922.

THE following candidates are declared eligible for prizes and medals :—

FINAL EXAMINATION.

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1. Santosh Prasad Roy | ... Sen Prize of Rs. 100 offered by Sir Campbell Rhodes. |
| 2. Gora Chand Boral | ... Prize of Rs. 75 offered by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce. |
| 3. Dantu Sreeramurty | ... Prize of Rs. 50 offered by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce. |
| 4. Aswini Kumar Karmakar | ... Prize of Rs. 50 offered by the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce. |

SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS.

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| Prakash Chandra Das | ... Prize of Rs. 50 offered by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce for Advanced book-keeping. |
| Tarak Nath Dutt | ... Prize of Rs. 50 offered by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce for shorthand. |
| Haradhan Mukherjee | ... First Prize. A gold medal for Typewriting offered by the Remington Typewriter Co. |
| Prasutosh Biswas | ... Second prize. A silver medal for Typewriting offered by the Remington Typewriter Co. |
| Nando Lal Mukherjee | ... Third prize. A silver medal for Typewriting offered by the Remington Typewriter Co. |

PRIZES OFFERED BY THE GOVERNMENT COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE.

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Benoy Krishna Chatterjee | ... A prize of Rs. 15 for Shorthand. |
| Manindra Lal Chakravarty | ... A prize of Rs. 15 for Junior book-keeping. |
| P. V. Ramana Rao | ... A prize of Rs. 20 for <i>ex tempore</i> debate on a subject not made known beforehand. |

G. K. SEN, *Secretary,*

Government Commercial Institute Board (offg.).

CALCUTTA, the 4th April 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE undermentioned candidate is declared to have passed in Class III the M. A. Examination in History, held in November 1922. His name should be read as seventh in order of merit in Class III in the list of successful candidates published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 3rd January 1923 :—

"Banchhanidhi Das ... University Student (Roll Cal. History 31)."

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 9th April 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE undermentioned candidate has been admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The subject of the thesis submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners is stated against the name of the candidate.

Name of the candidate.

Subject of the thesis.

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| Tarinicharan Chaudhuri | .. (a) Synthesis of Boranilide and its Derivatives : Theories on the formation of Condensation products. |
| | (b) Researches in the Reduction of Nitro-benzene by sugar : Constitution of Azo-compounds. |

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 11th April 1923.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Griffith Memorial Prize for 1922 is divided equally among the authors of the following theses :—

Name of the author.	Name of the thesis.
1. Dr. Sahayram Rose, D.Sc. ...	"Monograph of Bengal Polyporaceae".
2. " Tarinicharan Chaudhuri, M.A., Ph.D., A.I.C., (Lond.)	"Synthesis of Boranilide and its Derivatives Theory on the formation of Condensation products".
3. Saradakanta Gangopadhyay, M.A.	"Bhaskaracharya and simultaneous indeterminate equations of the first degree".

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 9th April 1923.

S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders class, Mymensingh S. K. Hospital, will be held on Monday the 23rd April 1923, at 8 A.M.

Candidates desiring to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the undersigned on or before the 20th April 1923.

J. N. MITRA, *Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh.*

Bengal Veterinary College.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required by the rules, at 9 A.M., on 23rd April 1923. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. D. MACGREGOR, I.V.S.,
Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.



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PART IV.

Bills Introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Report of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 996L., dated the 14th April, 1923.—The following Report of the Select Committee on the Calcutta Port (Amendment) Bill, 1923 (with the Bill, as amended by the Committee), is hereby published for general information :—

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE CALCUTTA PORT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923.

We, the undersigned members of the Select Committee, to which the Bill further to amend the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, was referred, have considered the Bill, and have the honour to submit this, our report, with the Bill, as amended by us, annexed hereto. In reprinting the Bill, all changes made by us have, so far as possible, been underlined.

2. The more important changes are as follows :—

Clause 1.—The usual drafting amendment has been made in clause 1.

Clause 2 (new section 24B, sub-section (2)).—This proposed sub-section as drafted appears to us to be unduly restricted. As in the case of the Bombay Port Trust, the object of the provision is to limit the class of securities in which the Reserve Fund may be invested, and not to compel the investment of the entire amount of this money. Such a course would be inconvenient in working. We have altered this provision so as to make the intention more clear.

We have nothing to suggest in regard to clause 3.

New clause 3 A.—We suggest the insertion of clause 3A, containing a proposed new section 30A, so as to define more clearly the powers of the Commissioners to establish a Provident Fund for their employees and to distinguish between payments out of such Provident Fund and the payment of bonuses based on length of service which may be made to the employees out of the general revenues of the Port Commissioners. It is understood that application will be made to the Government of India for the notification of this Provident Fund under the Indian Provident Funds Act.

Clause 4.—Sub-clause (b), that is to say, new clause (g) in sub-section (1) of section 31 of the Act, has been recast so as to bring it into conformity with the new clause 3 A of the Bill.

Clause 6.—We consider that the powers of the Commissioners to incur expenditure during any one year in excess of the sum sanctioned in the Budget Estimate should be limited to an expenditure of a lakh and-a-half of rupees when such sums can be met from the ascertained savings on the estimate as a whole. We have inserted a provision to this effect.

We do not consider that the other provisions of the Bill as introduced need any amendment.

3. The Bill was published in English in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st November, 1922.

4. We do not consider that the Bill has been so altered as to require re-publication.

5. We recommend that the Bill, as amended by us, be passed.

J. DONALD, *Member in charge.*

A. MARR.

G. N. ROY.

S. C. STUART-WILLIAMS.

S. R. DAS.

FANINDRA LAL DE.

H. S. SUHRAWARDY.

W. L. CAREY.

RESHEE CASE LAW.

THE CALCUTTA PORT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1923:

(as amended by the Select Committee).

[NOTE.—All alterations made by the Select Committee have, so far as possible, been underlined.]

A

BILL

further to amend the Calcutta Port Act, 1890.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, in the manner hereinafter appearing;

Ben. Act III
of 1890.

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under section 80A, sub-section (3), of the Government of India Act, to the passing of this Act;

5 & 6, Geo.
V, c. 61; 6 &
7, Geo. V, c.
87; 9 & 10,
Geo. V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Calcutta Port (Amendment) Act, 1923.

New sections
24B and 24C.

2. After section 24A of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890 (hereinafter called the said Act), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“24B. (1) The Commissioners in meeting may, from time to time, set aside such sums out of their revenue surplus, as they think fit, as a reserve fund or funds for the purpose of providing against any temporary decrease of revenue or increase of expenditure from transient causes or for purposes of replacement, or for meeting expenditure arising from loss or damage from fire, ship-wreck or other accident or for any other emergency arising in the ordinary conduct of their work under this Act:

Provided that the sums set aside as a reserve fund or funds shall not exceed such amount, annual or in the aggregate, as shall from time to time be prescribed by the Local Government.

(2) Such reserve fund or funds may be invested only in the promissory notes and other securities of the Government of India, or in the debentures issued by the Commissioners under this Act.”

24C. (1) For the purposes of any investment which the Commissioners are authorised to make by this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners in meeting to reserve and set apart any debentures or securities to be issued by them on account of any loan to which the approval of the Local Government has been given:

* Power to reserve debentures or securities for Commissioners.

(Clauses 3—4.)

Provided that in the case of any issue offered to the public, the intention so to reserve and set apart such debentures or securities shall have been notified as a condition of the issue of the loan.

- (2) The issue of any such debentures or securities direct to and in the name of the Commissioners themselves, shall not operate to extinguish or cancel such debentures or securities, but every debenture or security so issued shall be valid in all respects as if issued to, and in the name of, any other person.
- (3) The purchase by the Commissioners or the transfer, assignment or endorsement to the trustees of the sinking fund or the Commissioners, of any debenture or security issued by the Commissioners, shall not operate to extinguish or cancel any such debenture or security, but the same shall be valid and negotiable in the same manner and to the same extent as if held by, or transferred, assigned or endorsed to any other person."

Amendment of
section 30

3. In the proviso to section 30 of the said Act, for the words, letter and brackets "except clause (g) thereof" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"except clauses (g) and (h) thereof."

Insertion of new
section 30A

3A. After section 30 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

30A. The Commissioners may, with the approval of the Local Government,—

Power to Commissioners to establish a provident fund and to grant long service bonuses.

- (i) establish a provident fund for the benefit of their officers and servants appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and compel all or any of such officers and servants to contribute to, and make supplementary contributions to, such provident fund and make payments thereout in accordance with the rules of such fund; and
- (ii) make payments out of their general revenues of bonuses, based on the length of service of the officers and servants appointed in accordance with this Act, to such officers and servants or to the widows or dependent children of such of them as may die while still in the service of the Commissioners.

Amendment of
section 31.

4. In section 31 of the said Act,—

(1) in sub-section (1)—

(a) the word "and" at the end of clause (f) shall be omitted;

(Clauses 5, 6.)

(b) after clause (f) the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“(g) for prescribing the rates and the conditions under which contributions may be paid by the Commissioners and their officers and servants to the provident fund which may be established under section 30A, and for determining the conditions of payments from the fund and the conditions of payments under clause (ii) of section 30A of bonuses based on length of service; and

(c) the existing clause (g) shall be re-numbered as clause (h);

2) in sub-section (2) for the word, letter and brackets “clause (g)” the word, letter and brackets “clause (h)” shall be substituted;

3) in sub-section (3) for the words, letter and brackets “or clause (g)” the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“and under clauses (g) and (h).”

Amendment of
section 71.

5. For sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) The estimate as sanctioned by the Commissioners shall, not later than the first day of March next following, be submitted to the Local Government, who may, at any time prior to the first day of April next following, either disallow or modify such estimate, or any portion thereof, and return the same for amendment.”

New
72A.

section

6. After section 72 of the said Act, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“72A. The Commissioners in meeting shall be at liberty, in any year, to expend, in addition to the sums sanctioned by the estimate for that year as approved by the Local Government,—

(a) any sum or sums chargeable to revenue, the expenditure of which shall in their opinion be necessary and which could not reasonably have been anticipated at the time of the preparation of the estimate, if and when such sums are covered by their revenue earnings received up to the time of such expenditure;

(Clauses 7, 8.)

- (b) any sum or sums on any object not included in or estimated for in the estimate, if and when such sums can be met from ascertained savings on the estimate as a whole :

Provided that in pursuance of the provisions of this clause—

(i) not more than fifty thousand rupees shall be expended on any one object, and

(ii) without the sanction of the Local Government, not more than one lakh and fifty thousand rupees shall be expended in any one year.

The Commissioners shall submit annually to the Local Government a statement of all such expenditure.

New section substituted for section 73.

7. For section 73 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“73. Subject to the provisions of section 72A, ^{Adherence to estimate.} no sum exceeding ^{ing} twenty thousand rupees shall, except in cases of pressing emergency, be expended by, or on behalf of, the Commissioners unless such sum is included in an estimate at the time in force which has been finally approved by the Local Government.”

Amendment of section 74.

8. In section 74 of the said Act, for the words “five thousand rupees” the words “twenty thousand rupees” shall be substituted.

C. TINDALL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1923.

PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor-General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 16th March, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. XVI OF 1923.

An Act further to amend the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

V of 1873.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Government Savings Banks (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 3, Act V of 1873.

2. In section 3 of the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the definition of "Secretary" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

V of 1873.

" 'Secretary' means, in the case of a Post Office Savings Bank, the Postmaster-General appointed for the area in which the Savings Bank is situate."

Substitution of new section for section 4, Act V of 1873.

3. For section 4 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

" 4. -If a depositor dies and probate of his will or letters of administration of his estate or a certificate granted under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, is not within three months of the death of the depositor produced to the Secretary of the Government Savings Bank in which the deposit is, then—

VII of 1889.

(a) if the deposit does not exceed three thousand rupees, the Secretary may pay the same to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it or to administer the estate of the deceased, or

(b) if the deposit does not exceed one hundred rupees, any officer employed in the management of a Government Savings Bank, who is empowered in this behalf by a general or special order of the Governor General in Council, may, subject to any general or special orders of the Secretary in this behalf, pay the deposit to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it or to administer the estate."

Amendment of sections 6 and 7, Act V of 1873.

4. In sections 6 and 7 of the said Act, after the words "Secretary of any such Bank" the words "or any officer empowered under section 4" shall be inserted.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1923.

PART VI.

Bills Introduced in the Council of State and Legislative Assembly, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Assembly, and Bills published under Rule 18 of the Indian Legislative Rules.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 27th March, 1923:—

No. 16 OF 1923.

A Bill to provide for the prevention of deferred rebates and for the prevention of rate wars and resort to retaliatory or discriminating practices in the Coastal traffic of India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the growth of an Indian Merchant Marine by guaranteeing fair and healthy competition and by checking monopolies;

AND WHEREAS for this purpose it is expedient to provide for the prevention of the grant of deferred rebates to or resort to retaliatory or discriminating practices and for the prevention of rate wars by common carriers engaged in the coasting trade of British India; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Intent and commencement.

1. This Act may be called the Prevention of Deferred Rebates Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "a common carrier" means a common carrier engaged in the transportation by water of passengers or property between any two ports in British India or between any port in British India and any port or place in the Continent of India;

- (b) "deferred rebates," means a return of any portion of the freight money by a carrier to any shipper, as a consideration for the giving of all or any portion of his shipments to the same or any other carrier or for any other purpose, the payment of which is deferred beyond the completion of the service for which it is paid, and is paid only if, either during the period for which computed or the period of deferment or both, the shipper has complied with the terms of the rebate agreement or arrangement;
- (c) "a subject" means a person and includes a corporation, partnership or association existing under or authorised by the laws of British India or of the dominions of princes and chiefs in alliance with His Majesty;
- (d) "the coasting trade of India" means the carriage by water of goods or passengers; and
- (e) "minimum rate" means a rate which covers cost of service and includes a fair return on capital invested after meeting depreciation and other essential charges.

Prohibition of deferred rebates and discriminating agreements.

3. No common carrier by water shall, directly or indirectly in respect to the coasting trade of India,—

- (a) pay or allow or enter into any combination, agreement or understanding, express or implied, to pay or allow a deferred rebate to any shipper,
- (b) retaliate against any shipper by refusing or threatening to refuse space accommodations when such are available, or resort to other discriminating or unfair methods, because such shipper has patronised any other carrier or has filed a complaint charging unfair treatment or for any other reason, and
- (c) make any unfair or unjust discriminatory contract with any shipper based on the volume of freight carried or unfairly treat or unjustly discriminate against any shipper in the matter of—
- (1) cargo space accommodation or other facilities, due regard being had for the proper loading of the vessel and the available tonnage,
 - (2) the loading and landing of freight in proper condition, or
 - (3) the adjustment and settlement of claims.

Governor General in Council to decide whether deferred rebates or discriminating agreements have been resorted to.

4. The Governor General in Council, without prejudice to the right of parties to move the Courts, upon his own initiative may, or upon complaint, shall, after due notice to all parties interested and bearing, determine whether any person, joint stock company, corporation or association engaged in the coasting trade of India—

- (1) has violated any provision of section 3, or
- (2) is a party to any combination, agreement or understanding, express or implied, that involves in respect to the coasting trade of India a resort to deferred rebates and retaliatory or discriminating practices mentioned in section 3.

Power to Governor General in Council to prohibit entry into ports

5. If the Governor General in Council determines that any such person, joint stock company, corporation or association violated any such provision or is a party to any such combination, agreement or understanding, he may thereafter refuse such person, joint stock company, corporation or association the right of entry for any common carrier directly or indirectly under his or its control, into any port of British India until the Governor General in Council certifies that the violation has ceased or such combination, agreement or understanding has been terminated.

Common carrier to file copy of agreement with another common carrier.

6. Every common carrier shall file immediately with the Governor General in Council a true copy or, if oral, a true and complete memorandum, of every agreement with another such carrier, or modification or cancellation thereof, to which he may be a party, or conform in whole or in part, fixing or regulating transportation rates or fares; giving or receiving special rates, accommodations, or other special privileges or advantages; controlling, regulating, preventing or destroying competition; pooling of apportioning earnings, losses or traffic; allotting ports or restricting or otherwise regulating the number and character of sailings between ports; limiting or regulating in any way the volume or character of freight or passenger traffic to be carried; or in any manner providing for an exclusive, preferential or co-operative arrangement.

Carrier to file scales of maximum and minimum rates.

7. Every carrier shall also file with the Governor General in Council a scale of maximum and minimum rates.

Rates filed not to be departed from.

8. No carrier shall depart from the scale filed in accordance with section 7, except with the approval of the Governor General in Council. Whenever the Governor-General in Council finds that any rate or fare is unjust or unreasonable, it may determine, prescribe and order the enforcement of a just and reasonable maximum and minimum scale of rates and fares.

Reduced rates not to be increased without consent of Governor General in Council.

9. Whenever a carrier reduces its rates on the carriage of any species of freight to or from competitive points below a fair and remunerative basis with the intent of driving out or otherwise injuring a competitive carrier by water, it shall not increase such rates unless after a hearing the Governor General in Council finds that such proposed increase rests upon changed conditions other than the elimination of said competition.

Power to Governor General in Council to cancel or modify agreements.

10. The Governor General in Council may by order disapprove, cancel, or modify any agreement or any modification or cancellation thereof, whether or not previously approved by him, that he finds to be unjustly discriminatory or unfair as between carriers, shippers, exporters and importers or to operate to the detriment of the commerce of British India or to be in violation of this Act and shall approve all other agreements, modifications, or cancellations.

Penalties.

11. Whoever violates any provision of this Act or refuses or fails to carry out the orders of the Governor General in Council shall be liable to a fine of not less than ten thousand rupees or simple imprisonment to a term of not less than six months, or both.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to remove some of the main obstacles that lie in the way of the development of an Indian Merchant Marine. They mainly consist of methods whereby a shipper is practically bound to confine all his shipments to vessels belonging to a particular shipping company or to the members of a shipping conference, and rate wars waged for stifling all competition by ruthless and unfair rate-cutting. Not merely is the freedom of the shipper to ship his goods by any vessel he may choose thus destroyed, but the progress of trade along desirable channels is also checked. A "disloyal" shipper is penalised by (a) refusal of space, (b) discrimination in the contract of freight, (c) the loading and landing of freight, (d) the adjustment and settlement of claims and various other discriminatory methods. It is the purpose of this Bill to do away with such practices so that an Indian Merchant Marine may grow unhampered.

T. V. SESHAGIRI AYYAR.

Dated the 27th, January, 1923:

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 21st March, 1923:—

No. 12 OF 1923.

A Bill for the removal of doubts regarding the right of women to be enrolled and practise as Legal practitioners.

WHEREAS it is expedient to remove certain doubts which have arisen as to the right of women to be enrolled and to practise as legal practitioners; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Legal Practitioners (Women) Act, 1923.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Santhal Parganas.

Definition.

2. In this Act, "legal practitioner" means a legal practitioner as defined in section 3 of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879.

XVIII of 1879.

Women not to be disqualified by reason only of sex.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in any enactment in force in British India or in the letters patent of any High Court or in any rule or order made under or in pursuance of any such enactment or letters patent, no woman shall, by reason only of her sex, be disqualified from being admitted or enrolled as a legal practitioner or from practising as such; and any such rule or order which is repugnant to the provisions of this Act shall, to the extent of such repugnancy, be void.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Letters Patents of the several High Courts empower them to admit proper persons as Advocates, Vakils and Attorneys, and to make rules for their qualification and admission. Sections 6 and 13 of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879, similarly give powers to the High Courts and the Chief Controlling Revenue authorities to make rules for the qualification and admission of persons as Pleaders and Mukhtars, and as Revenue Agents, respectively. Sections 6 and 31 of the Bombay Pleaders Act, 1920 (Bombay Act XVII of 1920) contain similar provisions as regards Pleaders in that Presidency. Conflicting decisions have been given by High Courts as to the right of women, who are otherwise qualified, to be enrolled and to practise as legal practitioners.

The Government of India consulted Local Governments and other authorities on the question of whether women should be as eligible as men to enter upon a career as legal practitioners. The general opinion expressed was that in the present conditions of India, this question should be decided by Indian opinion. An opportunity of obtaining the views of the Assembly upon the question arose in connection with the motion moved by Dr. H. S. Gour for the reference of his Bill further to amend the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879, to a Select Committee. During the course of the debate upon that Resolution, it was indicated that the acceptance of the motion by the Assembly would be regarded as an acceptance of the principle that no woman shall, by reason only of her sex, be disqualified from being admitted or being enrolled as a legal practitioner, or from practising as such in any court of law. The motion was accepted and in accordance with the undertaking given in the course of the debate on the motion the present Bill has been prepared to give effect to this view.

The 7th March, 1923.

W. M. HAILEY.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 31.—*The 16th April 1923.*—In paragraph 2 of the Bengal Government Resolution No. 1-I., dated the 6th February 1923, published at pages 193-94 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th February 1923, appointing a Committee to investigate into the causes of floods in Northern Bengal, substitute "Mr. A. J. G. Maffin" for "Mr. D. N. Sen Gupta" before "Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department."

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

RECRUITMENT FOR THE BENGAL CIVIL SERVICE (EXECUTIVE) AND OTHER SERVICES BY COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

APPOINTMENT DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 11TH APRIL 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 4184A.

READ—

Notification of this Government, No. 5798A., dated the 27th May 1922, publishing the rules for the recruitment of the Bengal Civil Service (Executive) and other services by competitive examination and the orders issued thereunder.

Reports of the Selection Committee and of the President, Examining Board.

In notification No. 8126A., dated the 24th July 1922, it was announced that the following appointments would be made as a result of the examination—eight to the Bengal Civil Service (Executive), one to the Bengal Excise Service, and forty to the Subordinate Civil Service. Subsequently the Governor in Council found it necessary, in view of financial stringency, to limit the number of appointments in the Subordinate Civil Service to twenty, and an announcement to that effect was published on the 23rd November 1922.

After considering the report of the Retrenchment Committee the Governor in Council decided that as the candidates had already sat for the examination no further reduction should be made in the number of appointments. Of the eight candidates selected for the Bengal Civil Service (Executive), one was found to be medically unfit; and the Excise Department having abolished a post and no longer requiring a recruit, the candidate selected for the Excise Service was provided with a post in the Bengal Civil Service (Executive) in place of the candidate declared medically unfit. No appointment will therefore be made to the Bengal Excise Service. Another selected candidate for the Bengal Civil Service (Executive) was found to be medically unfit at the time of the examination, but will be given a further opportunity to pass the medical test in June. If he is then found unfit the vacancy will not be filled.

Of the candidates who have been selected for the Subordinate Civil Service, there are five who will be given a further opportunity of passing the medical test in June. Fifteen appointments are now made, and if any of these five are unable to pass the medical test in June, the Governor in Council will then decide whether the vacancies will be filled by the appointment of qualified surplus officers of other departments, or by the selection of further candidates who appeared at the examination, or will not be filled at all.

The candidates named below have been appointed—

To the Bengal Civil Service (Executive).

Name.	Father's name.	Roll No.
1. Babu Dohabrata Mallik, B.A. ...	Babu Mantil Mallik	83
2. " Dhirendra Mohan Gupta, B.A. ...	" Jatindra Mohan Gupta	125
3. " Basanta Kumar Bandopadhyaya, B.A. ...	" Madhusudan Bandopadhyaya	46
4. " Narendra Nath Chaudhuri, B.A. ...	" Sarada Prasad Chaudhuri	47
5. Maulvi Muhammad Barkatulla, M.A. ...	Haji Muhammad Azam Ali (deceased)	141
6. " Hamid Hasan Nomani, B.A. ...	Maulvi H. M. Mahmud	172
7. " Saiyid Abdul Majid, M.A. ...	" Saiyid Wajid Ali (deceased)	142

To the Subordinate Civil Service.

Name.		Father's name.	Roll No.
1.	Babu Kamal Krishna Adhikari, M.A.	Babu Durgadas Adhikari	45
2.	" Bankim Chandra Adhya, M.A.	" Gauridas Adhya (deceased)	40
3.	" Bimala Kanta Lahiri, M.A.	" Suryya Kanta Lahiri	51
4.	" Sudhansu Bimal Das Gupta, M.A.	" Sarat Chandra Das Gupta	117
5.	" Sachindra Nath Mitra, M.A.	" Phargbhush Mitra (deceased)	121
6.	" Sisir Kumar Har, B.A.	" Prasanna Kumar Har	63
7.	" Fauindra Kumar Bandopadhyaya, B.Sc.	" Kali Kumar Bandopadhyaya	39
8.	" Prabhakar Das, B.A.	Dr. Ranamali Das	31
9.	" Jatindra Nath Chakrabatti, M.A.	Babu Girish Chandra Chakrabatti (deceased)	112
10.	" Kalipada Nayak, B.A.	" Rajani Kanta Nayak	8
11.	Maulvi Muhammad Mohsin, B.A.	Munshi Muhammad Meherulla (deceased)	171
12.	" Muhammad Ershad, B.A.	Maulvi Muhammad Ismail	149
13.	" Muhammad Hussin Ali, B.A.	" Muhammad Osmanali	155
14.	" Abdul Hafeez, B.A.	Kazi Abdul Hameed	190
15.	" Ibrahim Ali Khan, B.A.	Maulvi Niamat Ali Khan	144

Their seniority in the services will be in the order given above, which is in accordance with the marks obtained. They are appointed on probation for a period of two years. During this period they will be required to undergo the necessary training and to pass the riding test and the departmental examinations. Their confirmation will depend on their passing the examination by the higher standard and on their general fitness.

ORDER.—Ordered that the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that copies of it, with copies of Government Servants' Conduct Rules, Departmental Examination Rules, and other papers, be forwarded to each of the selected candidates for information.

Ordered that a copy of the resolution be forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions and other departments of Government for information.

Ordered that a copy of the resolution be forwarded to the Accountant-General, Bengal, for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

**COMMITTEE TO EXAMINE THE QUESTION OF HOUSING ACCOMMODATION
IN CALCUTTA AND THE FACILITY OF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CAL-
CUTTA AND THE SUBURBS:**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

(Local Self-Government.)

CALCUTTA, THE 12TH APRIL 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 1232-M.

In 1919, the Government of Bengal appointed a committee to enquire into the serious increase in house rents in Calcutta, to examine the charges of profiteering made against landlords, and to submit proposals for remedial measures if it was considered practical and desirable to control or limit the rise in rents. The committee submitted their report in February 1920. While deprecating rent control, the committee recommended that measures should be initiated for the development of areas, urban and suburban, in order to relieve the congestion in Calcutta, for improving facilities for traffic, for the extension and electrification of the suburban railway systems, and for providing means for rapid transit between Calcutta and its environs. The Calcutta Rent Act was enacted in May 1920, and the committee's proposals for dealing with the ultimate causes of the lack of housing accommodation were examined by Government and subsequently forwarded to a committee known as the Communications Committee appointed in 1919-20 by the Government of India (Railway Board) to consider a scheme for an electric circular railway for Calcutta and generally to make proposals for solving the problem of rapid transit to and from Calcutta.

2. The committee prepared a valuable and suggestive report, which dealt in detail with the whole question of the expansion and development of Calcutta.

They recommended *inter alia* that a central railway station should be provided in the heart of Calcutta, so as to enable suburban passengers to reach the business centre without a change of vehicle, and they were of opinion that this direct connection between the city and the suburban stations could only be obtained by means of an east and west tube railway, running perhaps from Sealdah or its vicinity *via* Bowbazar, Dalhousie Square, Clive Street, Harrison Road, Strand Road Junction, and thence under the Hooghly to the East Indian Railway (possibly at Lillooah).

They advised that an expert should be selected at once to investigate and settle all details in connection with the provision of a tube railway connection between the Eastern Bengal and East Indian Railways.

As regards the electrification of the suburban railway system, the committee were of opinion that apart from the question of tube railways, electrification was a financial proposition which each of the systems concerned must settle independently.

3. In January 1921 the Government of India (Railway Board) appointed Mr. Dalrymple-Hay, Consulting Engineer to Tube Railway in London, to examine the question of opening tube railways in Calcutta and to submit a

preliminary report with estimates. Mr. Dalrymple-Hay sent his chief assistant Mr. Ogilvie to obtain all necessary information and to make such enquiries as would enable him to report on the question of the construction of tube railways in Calcutta and the adjoining municipality of Howrah. Mr. Ogilvie returned to London in June 1921, and Mr. Dalrymple-Hay's report was submitted in November 1921. The total cost of construction was estimated at £ 3,326,154, and it was estimated that the time required for the completion of the tunnels and works and the final adjustment of the permanent way would be four and-a-half years. In forwarding a copy of the report to the Local Government the Government of India, Railway Department (Railway Board), accepted the view expressed by the Calcutta Communications Committee that the scheme, if ever carried out, must be financed locally as a provincial undertaking.

4. The Calcutta Rent Act of 1920 will expire on the 5th May 1923, and a Bill has just been passed to extend the present Act until the end of March 1924. In respect of the better class of house, the supply at present shows some signs of overtaking the demand, but in Calcutta the pressure on the housing accommodation is permanently excessive, and a return to the normal is not sufficient. Moreover, rents are still very high as the result of causes, which were operating also in 1920. Several of the remedies which were then proposed have been examined, but the development of Calcutta on the lines suggested above involves enormous expenditure which Government, local authorities such as the Corporation and the Improvement Trust, and private companies, are in no position to undertake. Calcutta still remains in the position she occupied in 1920—a modern city hedged in by railways and canals and surrounded by insanitary and undeveloped suburbs, which are associated with their centre merely by contiguity or concentricity and not linked therewith by adequate radial roads. Rent control in the circumstances which exist can be justified as a temporary expedient but, it has the demerit of producing an artificial adjustment and thus a false security, which must divert attention from the bolder remedies, which the position demands. The reports of the two committees, to which reference has been made, clearly indicate desirable lines of advance, but at the present juncture it is hardly possible to undertake schemes of such magnitude. There are nevertheless certain minor remedies which would undoubtedly mitigate, though they can not finally solve, the difficulties of the present position.

The substitution of motor transport for the bullock and buffalo cart, the introduction of motor omnibus services by private companies, with possibly some system of guaranteed dividends, the relegation of slow cart traffic to certain routes, the question of tramway extensions, the more rapid development of the suburbs by the local authorities and by building societies organized on a co-operative basis, improved standard designs for houses of the smaller kind so as to accelerate construction in prepared areas by "mass" methods, the formation of garden suburbs on the outskirts of Calcutta in the vicinity of suburban railway stations—these are matters which need not wait upon the execution of those other more costly schemes which are also essential for the development of Calcutta.

5. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) have therefore decided that a committee should be appointed—

- (1) to examine the conditions which operate to produce a permanent lack of equilibrium between supply and demand in respect of housing accommodation in Calcutta; and
- (2) generally to suggest what measures, whether legislative or of other kinds, appear likely to offer some practicable solution, in spite of financial stringency, of the housing problem and to enable an improvement to be made in the communications between Calcutta and the suburbs.

The committee will consist of the following members :—

1. Mr. C. F. Bédrel, C.I.E., *President*.
2. The Chairman of the Calcutta Improvement Trust.
3. The Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation.
4. The Chairman of the Port Commissioners.
5. Babu Ram Taran Basierjee.
6. The Agent, E. B. Railway.
7. Raja Reshee Case Law, C.I.E., M.L.C.
8. Mr. W. J. Traise.
9. Mr. F. E. Winnill.
10. Mr. J. Campbell Forrester.
11. Babu M. L. Ganguly. Assessor to the Corporation.
12. Mr. C. W. Gurner, I.C.S., District Magistrate of Howrah.
13. The Chairman of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality.
14. The Chairman of the Garden Reach Municipality.
15. Babu Ramdeo Chokani.
16. Mr. A de Bois Shrosbree.
17. Mr. Mahboob Ali, M.L.C.
18. Mr. J. H. de C. Ballardie.
19. Babu U. N. Kar.
20. Mr. D. J. Cohen, M.L.C.

Mr. Gurner has kindly consented to act as Secretary in addition to his present duties.

By order of the Government of Bengal

(Ministry of Local Self-Government).

S. W. GOODE.

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Third Forecast of the Wheat Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

[Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1920-21, the area under wheat in Bengal has represented some 0.4 per cent. of the total area under wheat in India. The ratio of the irrigated wheat acreage to total wheat acreage in (a) British India and (b) in the territory now reported on has, in the five years ending, 1920-21, averaged (a) 43.8 and (b) 15.0 per cent., respectively.]

Character of the season.—Since the issue of the second forecast, the crop is reported to have improved in the districts of Burdwan, Bogra, Dacca and Faridpur, but to have deteriorated somewhat in Darjeeling. The recent rainfall though beneficial to some extent came too late to be of material value. On the whole the season has not been favourable for the crop.

Area sown.—According to District Officer's estimates, the total area sown amounts to 124,400 acres this year as against 124,100 acres reported both in the special and final forecasts of last year.

Outturn.—From the district estimates the provincial outturn works out at 75 per cent. of the normal this year against 67 and 68 per cent. reported, respectively, in the special and final forecasts of last year.

Taking the normal yield to be 8½ maunds per acre, the gross yield of the crop for the province is estimated at 28,600 tons this year as against 26,000 and 26,300 tons reported, respectively, in the special and final forecasts of last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

DACCA, the 9th April 1923.

[This is issued in place of the special wheat forecast under the Government of India Order No. 935-270, dated the 15th November 1922.]

APPENDIX I.

Third Forecast of the Wheat Crop of Bengal, 1922-23.

District.	Estimated normal area under the wheat crop.	Estimated area under wheat.		Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn what would be the average outturn per acre cropped.		Date on which the harvesting of the crop was begun this year, and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year (1921-22).	This year (1922-23).	Last year.	This year.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
Nadia ...	23,100	13,100	11,700	42	63	Beginning of March. Normal.	The decrease in area is due to want of timely rain. The weather was not favourable for the growth of the crop owing to insufficient rainfall which has reduced the outturn.
Murshidabad ...	35,500	21,600	21,800	47	67	March to April. Normal...	The weather conditions continued dry after sowing and the absence of moisture in the soil affected the growth and caused damage to the extent of about 33 per cent.
Jessore ...	2,800	900	700	50	50	March	The weather has not been favourable. The fall in outturn is due to want of timely rain.
Burdwan ...	1,600	2,300	2,300	67	117	End of February to middle of March.	Since the submission of the second forecast, the weather was unusually cool until the third week of March owing to there being more than usual number of rainy days. The outturn is above the normal owing to good rain.
Hirbhum ...	4,800	3,100	3,100	50	83	Middle of March	The weather has been fairly favourable. Want of rain has affected the outturn.
Bankura ...	4,900	2,600	2,400	76	100	Middle of February	The weather has been favourable. A normal outturn is expected.
Midnapore ...	800	800	800	75	67	March. Normal	The weather has not been favourable. Want of rain during the period of growth affected the crop.
Hooghly ...	400	1,700	900	67	67	End of March. Normal ...	The weather has not been favourable for want of timely rain.
Rajshahi ...	18,600	9,200	10,000	83	67	Middle of March. Normal	The increase in area is due to the fact that the crop has been largely grown in the flood affected area. Want of rain retarded the growth of the crop and has affected the outturn.
Dinajpur ...	1,200	1,300	1,600	67	59	.....	The increase in area is due to increase in price. The weather has not been favourable.
Jalpaiguri ...	800	800	500	92	92	End of March	The weather has been fairly favourable in the Alipore subdivision, but unfavourable in the Sadar subdivision. Want of occasional showers has caused decrease in outturn.
Darjeeling ...	2,900	2,500	2,500	83	83	.....	The weather has been fairly favourable.
Rangpur ...	2,400	2,400	2,400	100	100	Beginning of March	The weather has been good and a normal outturn is expected.
Bogra ...	100	200	300	70	80	Last week of March. Late	The weather has not been favourable owing to want of rain during the period of growth.
Fabna ...	6,800	6,200	6,300	80	67	Middle of March. Normal	The decrease in area as compared with the second forecast is due to revision. The weather was favourable at the outset, but continued drought since the sowing time retarded the growth and damaged about two-thirds of the crop.
Malda ...	42,000	48,000	48,000	75	75	Ditto	The weather was not favourable. Continued drought somewhat retarded the growth of the crop causing some damage. The rainfall in February benefited only a part of the crop.
Dacca ...	4,100	3,500	3,500	60	64	End of March. Normal ...	Want of timely rain affected the growth of the crop.
Mymensingh ...	500	200	800	83	100	.....	The weather has been favourable and a normal outturn is expected.
Faridpur ...	2,700	2,800	2,900	40	68	March. Normal	The weather was a little favourable since the submission of the second forecast. The rainfall in February helped the growth of the crop. Want of timely rain damaged the crop by about 33 per cent.
TOTAL BENGAL	161,100	124,100	124,400	68	75		



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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 2 A.D.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Under the provisions of section 93 of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Gyanendra Nath Roy, I.C.S., of his office of member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

No. 5 A.D.—*The 16th April 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 24 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Herbert Philip Duval, I.C.S., to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

No. 4427A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL—No. 4337A.—*The 17th April 1923.*—Babu Sourendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Rajshahi Divn. Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Rajshahi Division.

- No. 4340A.—The 17th April 1923.**—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatterji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.
Burdwan Divn.
- No. 4343A.—The 17th April 1923.**—Maulvi Nazimuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.
Presy. Divn.
- No. 4346A.—The 17th April 1923.**—Maulvi Abul Khair Serajul Islam Zahid, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.
Presy. Divn.
- No. 4349A.—The 17th April 1923.**—Maulvi Mazharul Islam, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Balurghat, Dinajpur, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Chittagong district.
**Dinajpur.
Chittagong.**
- No. 25A.D.—The 17th April 1923.**—Babu Satyendra Nath Dutt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Nadia district.
Nadia.
- No. 38A.D.—The 19th April 1923.**—Mr. Suresh Chandra Ghatak, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of that district, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Harold Graham, I.C.S.
Chittagong.
- No. 45A.D.—The 19th April 1923.**—Mr. A. A. Patterson, I.C.S., on leave, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Howrah.
Howrah.
- No. 51A.D.—The 19th April 1923.**—Mr. Bijay Gopal Chatterji, officiating District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly, is appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge, Nadia, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. A. Seaton, I.C.S., or until further orders.
**Hooghly.
Nadia.**
- No. 54A.D.—The 19th April 1923.**—Mr. Krishna Kumar Sen, Additional District and Sessions Judge, Pabna and Bogra, is appointed temporarily to act as Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, Dacca.
**Pabna and Bogra.
Dacca.**
- No. 56A.D.—The 19th April 1923.**—Babu Prabodh Chandra Basu, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Dacca, is appointed to act until further orders as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Faridpur.
**Dacca.
Faridpur.**
- No. 60A.D.—The 20th April 1923.**—Mr. H. C. Liddell, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly and Howrah, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly.
**Hooghly and
Howrah.
Hooghly.**
- No. 69A.D.—The 20th April 1923.**—Mr. T. M. Dow, I.C.S., officiating District and Sessions Judge, Khulna, is appointed to act as Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill Tracts, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. G. B. Stevens, I.C.S., or until further orders.
**Khulna.
Chittagong Hill
Tracts.**
- No. 72A.D.—The 20th April 1923.**—Mr. A. deC. Williams, I.C.S., officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore, is appointed to act until further orders as District and Sessions Judge, Khulna.
**Burdwan and
Midnapore.
Khulna.**
- No. 75A.D.—The 20th April 1923.**—Mr. Amrita Lal Mukharji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Midnapore, is appointed to act until further orders as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore.
**Midnapore.
Burdwan and
Midnapore.**
- No. 84A.D.—The 21st April 1923.**—Babu Rajnarayan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.
Bakarganj.
- No. 87A.D.—The 21st April 1923.**—Babu Suresh Chandra Sen (No. II), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.
Bakarganj.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 4363A.—The 18th April 1923.—Babu Sudhira Kumar Sen Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for two months under article 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 27th November 1922.

The orders of the 19th March 1923 posting the officer to the Burdwan Division are cancelled.

No. 4368A.—The 18th April 1923.—Labu Bijay Krishna Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 10th February 1923.

No. 48A.D.—The 19th April 1923.—Mr. W. A. Seaton, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Nadia, is allowed leave for two years and four months with effect from the 4th May 1923 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, viz., leave on average pay for eight months (including a period of four days on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under article 81 (a) of those rules.

No. 4376A.—The 19th April 1923.—Mr. L. B. Burrows, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bengal, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for five months.

No. 65A.D.—The 20th April 1923.—Mr. C. G. R. Stevens, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave on average pay for five months (including a period of ten days on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th May 1923, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

POLICE.—*No. 4374A.—The 19th April 1923.*—Mr. J. E. Armstrong, Deputy Inspector-General, of Police, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on average pay for fifteen days.

No. 4396A.—The 20th April 1923.—Rai Sahib Sriish Chandra Kanjilal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on average pay for five days (on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and note thereunder, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 6th December 1922.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 7P.D.—The 16th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99 A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the third schedule of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), the Governor in Council declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of issue No. 3, volume I of a newspaper in English entitled the "Indian Independence," dated the 1st March 1923, printed at Berlin and commencing with the words "The Issues before India" and ending with the words "an officer has been imprisoned for taking the life of an Indian" and all other documents containing extracts therefrom on the ground that the said newspaper contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A, Indian Penal Code.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1330 Pl.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Tetulia police-station, in the district of Jalpaiguri, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to

declare that the said police-station shall include in it the villages specified in the following schedule, namely :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list No. of thana Rajganj.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list No. of thana Rajganj.
Tetulia ...	19	Bhajanpur gird (2nd portion) ...	24
Bhajanpur ...	20	Nagaf Bhajanpur ...	26
Bhajanpur Debnagar ...	23		

No. 1331 Pl.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Rajganj police-station, in the district of Jalpaiguri, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall include in it the villages specified in the following schedule, namely :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list No. of thana Rajganj.	Names of villages.	Jurisdiction list No. of thana Rajganj.
Baikunthpur Jangal Mahal* ...	1	Araji Bhelakoba III ...	12
Dabgram ...	2	Chhat Sikarpur ...	13
Binnaguri ...	3	Araji Binnaguri ...	14
Simulguri ...	4	Panikauri ...	15
Lilatibari ...	5	Ambari Falakata ...	16
Manta Dari ...	6	Sannyasikata ...	17
Sikarpur ...	7	Khangi Kismat ...	18
Gujrimari ...	8	Sukani Kismat ...	21
Chhat Gujrimari ...	9	Sukani ...	22
Araji Bhelakoba I ...	10	Kukurjan ...	25
Ditto II ...	11		

* A portion of this village containing an area of 18 acres has been transferred to Darjeeling district, vide Government notification No. 4971, dated the 20th June 1918.

No. 1347 Pl.—The 19th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 492 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint all Deputy Superintendents of Police at the headquarters of the district of the 24-Parganas and all inspectors of police who have been appointed to prosecute cases before the Courts of Magistrates of the 24-Parganas to be public prosecutors in the Courts of Session of the 24-Parganas in respect of cases of applications for bail.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4428A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS

No. 4335 A.—The 17th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in continuation of notification No. 1740A., dated the 19th February 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the term of appointment of Babu Kshirode Lal Mukharji as special Magistrate for the districts of Hooghly and Howrah for a further period of three months.

POWERS.

No. 4325 A.—The 16th April 1923.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Banarji, Deputy Magistrate, Dinajpur, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 4327A.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Babu Dharendra Kumar Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate, Pirojpur, Bakarganj, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

No. 4329A.—*The 16th April 1923.*—Babu Sudhansu Ranjan De, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 4337A.—*The 17th April 1923.*—Babu Sourendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has under the orders of this date been posted to the Rajshahi Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 4340A.—*The 17th April 1923.*—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatterji, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has under the orders of this date been posted to the Burdwan Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 4343A.—*The 17th April 1923.*—Maulvi Nazimuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, who has under the orders of this date been posted to the Presidency Division, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 4370A.—*The 18th April 1923.*—Babu Dwijendra Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate, Burdwan, is vested with powers under section 190 (1) (c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 4377A.—*The 19th April 1923.*—Babu Sudhindra Mohan Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 4379A.—*The 19th April 1923.*—Babu Gadadhar Singh Ray, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Chuadanga, Nadia, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 4383A.—*The 20th April 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Girish Chandra Das, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Midnapore, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 4387A.—*The 20th April 1923.*—Babu Sachindra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate, Bakarganj, is vested with powers under section 133 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 4389A.—*The 20th April 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Sachindra Nath Mukharji, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Bakarganj, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 2371J.—*The 16th April 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Mr. W. H. Bates the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Asansol subdivision of the district, and

(b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Raniganj bench in the said district.

No. 2381J.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Ashutosh Ghosh the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Nadia, for a period of three years from the 28th April 1923,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kachia bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2416J.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Juanendra Nath Adok, a member of the Begumpur union board, in the Serampore subdivision, in the district of Hooghly, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section.

No. 2417J.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Juanendra Nath Adok, a member of the Begumpur union board, in the Serampore subdivision, in the district of Hooghly, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board, for the purposes of that section.

No. 2526J.—The 21st April 1923.—Babu Ashwini Kumar Das Gupta, munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sarada Prasad Banarji, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 2509J.—The 20th April 1923.—Babu Sarada Prasad Banarji, Subordinate Judge, Mymensingh, is allowed combined leave for two months, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it, under article 233, Civil Service Regulations, viz., privilege leave for twenty-nine days or the amount due on the date of his relief under article 271, Civil Service Regulations, and ordinary furlough for the remaining period under article 325, Civil Service Regulations.

H. P. DUVAL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1318M.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, sub-section (2), clause (a) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen, who are Commissioners of the Corporation of Calcutta, to be members of the General Committee of the Corporation:—

Mr. T. Emerson, C.I.E.
 „ A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq, M.L.C.
 „ D. J. Cohen, M.L.C.
 Rev. B. A. Nag.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1326M.—The 19th April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Fagol Dafadar to be a Commissioner of the Birnagar Municipality, in the district of Nadia, *vire* Munshi Aroon Mondal, deceased.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1359L.S.-G.—The 21st April 1923.—Babu Giris Chandra Sen, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Local Self-Government and Education Departments, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, with effect from the 4th April 1923, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1363 L.S.-G.—*The 21st April 1923.*—Babu Joges Chandra Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to act as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Local Self-Government and Education Departments, with effect from the 11th April 1923, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Giris Chandra Sen, or until further orders.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1372 M.—*The 23rd April 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by sections 5 and 16 of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Mr. J. H. Lindsay, I.C.S., to be a member of the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta, *vice* Mr. W. D. R. Prentice, I.C.S., resigned.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1375 L.S.-G.—*The 23rd April 1923.*—In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (f) and (m) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendment in the rules published under notification No. 1918 L.S.-G., dated the 24th June 1920 :—

Amendment.

For the words and figures in brackets at the end of rule 16 substitute the following, namely—

"(columns 13 and 20 to 26 of the payment side of Form No. 2, or columns 13 and 25 to 31 of the same side of the Form No. 3, as the case may be)."

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, Kt.

No. 1381 M.—*The 23rd April 1923.*—In pursuance of the proviso to section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) hereby give notice that they intend to declare the town of Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, within the limits mentioned below, to be a municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of publication of the notification within the area affected.

2. The boundaries of the proposed municipality will be as follows :—

Boundaries.

North—The southern side of the Local Board Road (which is excluded), commencing from the point to the north-east where the above-mentioned road starts from the Public Works Canal outflow in Komarnoi, westwards to the point where the same road meets the District Board Road No. 97, and from that junction a straight line due west up to the large railway culvert, of 5' x 20', which is about 600 yards north of the present Gaibandha railway station.

West—Commencing from the above-mentioned railway culvert, a straight line running south-west, through land at present under cultivation, to a point on District Board Road No. 8, whence the Station Approach Road (an abandoned District Board Road), takes off, and thence south and slightly west to mile post No. I on the District Board Road No. 24, from Gaibandha to Gheraghat, and thence south and slightly east, through land at present under cultivation, to mile post No. I of the District Board Road No. 25, from Gaibandha to Gobindaganj.

South—Commencing from the last above-mentioned mile post on District Board Road No. 25, a straight line east-south-east, through land at present under cultivation, crossing the railway line, to a point on District Board Road No. 49, from Gaibandha to Jamarbari, 250 feet south of mile post No. I of that road, and thence a straight line, east-north-east, through land at present under cultivation, up to a point on the left, or further, bank of the river Ghagat, opposite to which point is the point where the present Gaibandha Union Committee Road ends on the right bank of the Ghagat river.

East—From the above-mentioned point on the left bank of the river Ghagat, along the curves of the left bank of that river, in a north-easterly direction up to the point at the outflow of the Public Works Canal at Komarnoi, where the first mentioned Local Board Road commences.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

MEDICAL.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1142Medl.—The 23rd April 1923.—First class Military Assistant Surgeon W. G. H. Warner, Deputy Superintendent, Mifford Hospital, Dacca, is

Dacca.

Berhampore, vice Captain W. J. Gillson, I.M.D.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 1144Medl.—The 23rd April 1923.—Captain W. J. Gillson, I.M.D., Deputy Superintendent, Central Mental Hospital, Berhampore, is appointed

Dacca.

to be Deputy Superintendent, Mifford Hospital, Dacca, vice First class Military Assistant Surgeon W. G. H. Warner.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banarji, Kt.

No. 761P.H.—The 21st April 1923.—For the purpose of the Paris Sanitary Convention, 1912, and with reference to the rules framed under section 6, sub-section (1), clause (p) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, as amended by the Indian Ports (Amendment) Act, 1911, and published under Bengal Government notification No. 16Mne., dated the 6th March 1917, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) hereby declare Charbar in the Persian Gulf to be an infected port on account of plague.

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal.

No. 6085, dated Calcutta, the 14th April 1923.—In supersession of this department notification No. 9032, dated 20th May 1922, Assistant Surgeon Bidyananda Datta, Patuakhali subdivision and dispensary, Bakarganj district, is granted leave on average pay for six days from 1st to 6th April 1922 (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 6087, dated Calcutta, the 14th April 1923.—In supersession of this department

notifications noted on the margin Assistant Surgeon Bidyananda Datta, Patuakhali subdivision and dispensary, Bakarganj district, is granted leave on average pay for

two months and fifteen days from 16th April 1922 to 30th June 1922, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 6258, dated Calcutta, the 19th April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Binod Bihari Hajra is appointed temporarily to the Bholanath Bose's dispensary, Barrackpore, vice Assistant Surgeon Lalit Mohan Ray.

• This cancels notification No. 6543, dated the 3rd April 1923.

No. 6261, dated Calcutta, the 19th April 1923.—Assistant Surgeon Radha Raman Ghosh, Fraser Hospital, Burdwan, is appointed to the Uttatpara dispensary, Hooghly district, vice Assistant Surgeon Gauri Prasad Bhattacharji.

D. MCCAY, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1402Edn.—The 17th April 1923.—Mrs. Sarojini Datta, Lecturer, Bethune College Calcutta, in the Bengal Educational Service, is allowed leave on medical certificate on average pay for thirty-eight days under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th February 1923.

Calcutta.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1433 Edn.—The 19th April 1923.—Mr. C. J. Henderson, Principal, Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for five months, with effect from the 1st July 1923, in combination with the summer vacation of the school of 1923, under rules 81 (b) (i) and 82 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for one month under rule 81 (d).

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1427 Edn.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Birendra Nath Sen, head master, Bankura Zilla School, is appointed to be head master, Dinajpur Zilla School, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, vice Babu Chandra Kanta Ghosh, transferred.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1428 Edn.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Chandra Kanta Ghosh, head master, Dinajpur Zilla School, is appointed to be head master, Bankura Zilla School, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, vice Babu Birendra Nath Sen, transferred.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 1447 Edn.—The 23rd April 1923.—Maulvi Shamsuddin Ahmad, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Rajshahi Division, was allowed leave on average pay for three months and three days (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), in extension of the leave granted to him under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

2. This cancels notification No. 531 Edn., dated 16th February 1923.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 853 Mis.—The 21st April 1923.—Babu Hari Charan Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhargram, in the district of Midnapore, is appointed temporarily to act as Sub-Registrar of Jhargram, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 28th January 1923, during the absence on military training of Babu Birendra Krishna Basu.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, C.I.E.

No. 850 Mis.—The 21st April 1923.—It is notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to sanction the further retention for one year, with effect from the 15th April 1923, of the office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Sibpur, having concurrent jurisdiction with the Sub-Registry office at Raipura in the district of Dacca.

J. N. ROY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 17th April 1923.

No. 210A.—Maulvi Syed Muzaffar Hossain is declared to have acted as assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month, for the 24th November 1922, vice Maulvi Muhammad Khalil, on leave.

No. 211A.—In supersession of this office notification No. 15, dated the 9th January 1923, Babu Charu Chandra Das Gupta, assistant master, Dacca, Ashanullah School of Engineering, Dacca, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave, under rule 82(b) of the Fundamental Rules, for fifteen days with effect from 2nd January 1923, viz., leave on average pay for thirteen days and leave on half average pay for two days.

He is also permitted to prefix to his leave the X'mas and the New Year's day holidays.

No. 212A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned:—

- (1) Babu Aswini Kumar Bhattacharjee, assistant headmaster, Darjeeling High School, is appointed to act as assistant headmaster, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Matilal Bhattacharjee, on leave.

Darjeeling.
Barisal.

He is also appointed permanently to be assistant headmaster of the Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the date on which Babu Matilal Bhattacharjee retires from the service of Government on the expiry of his leave.

- (2) Babu Surendra Mohan Choudhury, assistant master, Malda Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now officiating assistant headmaster, Calcutta Training School, on Rs. 150—10—250, is appointed to act as assistant headmaster, Darjeeling High School, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Aswini Kumar Bhattacharjee, transferred.

Malda.
Calcutta.
Darjeeling.

He is also appointed on probation for one year to be assistant headmaster of the Darjeeling High School, with effect from the date on which Babu Aswini Kumar Bhattacharjee is permanently transferred.

- (3) Babu Dharendra Nath Choudhury, assistant headmaster, Rangamati High School, is appointed to act as assistant headmaster, Faridpur Zilla School, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Girija Kanta Bagchi.

Chittagong.
Faridpur.

- (4) Babu Surendra Nath Sen, assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is appointed to act as assistant headmaster, Rangamati High School, and in the scale of Rs. 150—10—250, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Dharendra Nath Choudhury, transferred.

Dinajpur.
Rangamati.

No. 213A.—Babu Jnan Ranjan Dutta Gupta, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gobindaganj circle, Rangpur, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of clause 2 (a) of the Local Government notification No. 19463F., dated 23rd December 1921, leave on full pay for seventeen days with effect from 7th December 1922.

Rangpur.

He is permitted to affix to his leave the X'mas and the New Year's day holidays.

Babu Tejendra Chandra Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gaibanda, Rangpur, is permitted to remain in charge of the Gobindaganj sub-inspectorate in addition to his own duties during the absence, on leave, of Babu Jnan Ranjan Dutta Gupta.

No. 214A.—In modification of the orders published in this office notification No. 86A, dated the 8th February 1923, Maulvi Muhammad Yunus, officiating assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of clause 2 (b) of the Local Government notification No. 19463F., dated the 23rd December 1921, leave on half pay for the period from 4th to 31st December 1922 (both days inclusive).

Calcutta.

No. 215A.—Maulvi Sharafat Ali Khan, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, on Rs. 150—10—250, is granted, in terms of article 333 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave on medical certificate for one month with effect from the 7th October 1922.

Mymensingh.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Durga Puja holidays under article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 216A.—Babu Mahendra Nath Sen, assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted, in terms of article 201 (a) of the Leave Rules of July 1920, leave on half average salary for one month with effect from 22nd November 1922.

Dinajpur.

2. Babu Ramesh Chandra Sikdar is declared to have acted as assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem, in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from 29th November 1922, *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Sen, on leave.

No. 217A.—An exchange of appointments is sanctioned between (1) Babu Ghuni Lal Kundu, head master, Pabna Guru Training School, on Rs. 75—5—200, and (2) Maulvi Muhammad, Zainal Abedin I, head master, Thakurgaon Guru Training School, on Rs. 75—5—200.

No. 218A.—In partial modification of the orders published in this office notifications No. 455A., dated the 10th June 1921, No. 856-A., dated the 3rd November 1921, No. 59-A., dated the 16th January 1922, and No. 799 A., dated the 25th October 1922, Babu Annada Charan Maitra, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Joynagar circle, in the district of 24-Pargannas, formerly in class VI, Subordinate Educational Service, now on Rs. 75—5—200, is granted leave for thirteen months from the 17th June 1921, viz., combined leave for six months and fifteen days under article 232 of the Leave Rules of July 1920, of which privilege leave for nineteen days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, commuted furlough for two months and ten days in terms of the Government of India, Finance Department resolution No. 2099 C.S.R., dated the 27th November 1920, and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 301(a) of the Leave Rules of July 1920, and leave on half average pay for six months and fifteen days under rule 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules.

The officiating arrangement already sanctioned is allowed to continue.

No. 219A.—Pending the arrival of Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque, Maulvi Jamaluddin Ahmed is declared to have acted as assistant master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, on an allowance of Rs. 75 per month in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200 for the period from 15th to 22nd December 1922 (both days inclusive).

No. 220A.—Maulvi Nabi Nawaz Khan Lodi, son of late Haji Manyor Khan Lodi, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be assistant master, Hare School, on Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the 5th November 1922, *vice* Maulvi Abul Hossain, whose lien has been forfeited.

The 18th April 1923.

No. 221A.—In modification of this office notification No. 49A(i), dated the 24th January 1923, Babu Amrita Lal Gupta, assistant master, Hindu School, on Rs. 75—5—200, now officiating Lecturer in History, Chittagong College, in the scale of Rs. 150—10—400, is granted leave for three months and seven days, with effect from 22nd November 1922, viz., leave on average pay for twelve days (the entire period on account of privilege leave) under rule 82(b) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81(d) of the same rules.

2. The officiating arrangement already sanctioned is allowed to continue.

The 20th April 1923.

No. 222A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Babu Pashupati Nath Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bishnupur, Bankura, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bankura Sadar, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Anadi Nath Roy, transferred.

(2) Maulvi S. M. Abdul Gafur, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bankura Sadar, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bishnupur, Bankura, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Pashupati Nath Roy, on deputation.

No. 223A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

(1) Babu Mphani Mohan Sanyal, officiating assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, on Rs. 75—5—200, is allowed to continue in the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Najibuddin Ahmed, deceased, or until further orders.

(2) Maulvi Abdus Samad is appointed to act as assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, and in the scale of Rs. 75—5—200, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Sen, transferred.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

No. 126.—The 17th April 1923.—Babu Jamini Kanta Bakshi, Sub-Registrar of Midnapore, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (one month and twenty-eight days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 127.—The 18th April 1923.—Babu Lalit Mohan Chatterji, Sub-Registrar of Burdwan, in the district of Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th March 1923.

No. 128.—The 18th April 1923.—Maulvi Saiyid Abul Motahar, Sub-Registrar attached to Sadar Registration Office at Hooghly, is appointed to act until further orders as Sub-Registrar of Raniganj, in the district of Burdwan, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th March 1923, *vice* Babu Lalit Mohan Chatterji on leave.

No. 129.—The 18th April 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Shujaiddin, Sub-Registrar, is posted temporarily to Alipore in the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 130.—The 18th April 1923.—Babu Narendra Nath Basu, Sub-Registrar of Magrahat, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for two months (entire period being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the afternoon of the 7th April 1923.

No. 131.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Jitendra Kumar Banerji, Sub-Registrar of Patardhat, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (fourteen days being on account of privilege leave at his credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 132.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Prafulla Kumar Basu, Sub-Registrar, is allowed leave on average pay for one month (of which twenty-nine days being on account of privilege leave at credit), under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 548, dated the 9th December 1922.

No. 133.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Probhat Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar of Muradnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 80, dated the 19th March 1923.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

DECLARATION.

No. 1955 Com.—The 18th April 1923.—Whereas certain land was acquired by Government, under the provisions of Act I of 1894 and Act XVIII of 1885, for a public purpose, viz., for such portion of the Jotejanāki siding as lies between chainage 112·84 and chainage 144·17 and such portion of the Banali Branch, East Indian Railway, as lies between chainage 121·92 and chainage 138·53, and as are edged with pink on the plan L. A. M. A. No. 465, and whereas coal mines at Bogra colliery are situate under the said land, and whereas the Bogra Coal Company, Limited, have given notice to Government, in accordance with the provisions of Act XVIII of 1885, that the said Company intend to work the seams known as Sathgram top and bottom seams, and whereas the mines have been inspected by the officer appointed by Government for the purpose under section 5 (1) of Act XVIII of 1885, and whereas it appears to the Government that the working out of the coal of the mines underlying the said land is likely to cause damage to the surface of the said land and to the works constructed thereon, and whereas the said Bogra Coal Company, Limited, have agreed not to work and get minerals underlying the land acquired for their siding, or underlying the land acquired for the branch or other lines with which the siding is connected, or underlying the land of the branch or branches connecting the said siding with the main line, in such a manner as to injure or to endanger the safety of the undertaking or any part thereof, nor to claim any compensation for any restricted working:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare, under section 5, sub-section (2), clause (b) of the abovementioned Act XVIII of 1885, that the working shall be carried on by the said Bogra Coal Company, Limited, in the manner and subject to the restrictions below specified, viz. :—

- (1) No gallery shall be driven nor shall any coal be extracted under the area hatched with yellow on the plan.
- (2) No gallery shall be driven nor shall any coal be extracted where the distance from the natural surface of the ground or the bottom of an artificial cutting to the top of the excavation, if made, is less than 50 feet.
- (3) Where the distance from the natural surface of the ground or the bottom of an artificial cutting to the top of the excavation, if made, is 50 feet or more—
 - (a) In the Sathgram top seam, galleries, not exceeding 12 feet in width by 9 feet in height, may be driven at distances apart not less than 50 feet, centre to centre, forming pillars not less than 38 feet square, to be left unworked.
 - (b) In the Sathgram bottom seam, galleries, not exceeding 12 feet in width by 12 feet in height, may be driven at distances apart not less than 62 feet, centre to centre, forming pillars not less than 50 feet square, to be left unworked.
- (4) Main haulage roads may be driven in both seams not more than 14 feet in width.
- (5) Manholes, not exceeding six feet in height by 3 feet in width by 4 feet in depth, may be made where required by any rules made under the Indian Mines Act, 1901.
- (6) Any inrush of water, quicksand or soft material shall be reported to the Chief Inspector of Mines without delay.
- (7) These restrictions apply to the Sathgram top and bottom seams only at Bogra colliery and to the area edged with pink on the plan.

The Bogra Coal Company, Limited, shall give notice under section IV of the Land Acquisition (Mines) Act, 1885, of their intention to work any other seam under such area or to work coal under any other area of acquired land, and that in all the above cases, except to comply with the above conditions, no further excavation shall be made in any of the galleries which already have been driven, the actual heights and widths of which have been carefully recorded on the plan marked L. A. M. A. No. 465 signed by the Chief Inspector of Mines.

The plan referred to may be seen in the office of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India by the parties concerned.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 39 Marine.—The 16th April 1923.—Mr. N. E. Garnett, Mate Pilot, is granted leave on average pay for ten days with effect from the afternoon of the 20th March 1923, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 40 Marine.—The 20th April 1923.—Mr. D. L. Vine, Senior Master Pilot, is granted, under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three months in extension of the leave granted to him in Bengal Government notification No. 4 Marine, dated the 15th January 1923.

A. MARR,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 18.—The 12th April 1923.—Mr. W. J. Trusler, Assistant Electrical Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the Electrical Division during the absence on leave of Mr. H. F. D. Jacob, Executive Engineer, Electrical Division.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 19.—The 13th April 1923.—Mr. C. B. Bayley, Assistant Secretary to this Government in the Public Works Department, is granted leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days (of which four days is on account of privilege leave at his credit), under article 81 (b) (ii) and leave on half average pay for eight months and six days under article 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd April 1923.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 20.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Priya Nath Chakrabatti, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave for a period of four months (entirely on account of privilege leave at his credit), in extension of the leave previously granted.

G. G. DEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 21.—The 19th April 1923.—Conductor J. G. Harton, Upper Subordinate, is granted, under paragraphs 435 and 436 of Army Regulations, India, Volume I, read with article 223 (c) (iii) of Army Regulations, India, Volume II, leave for a period of one year in extension of the combined leave granted in notification No. 39, dated the 5th July 1922.

G. G. DEY,

Chief Engineer (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 37.—The 17th April 1923.—In modification of this department notifications No. 65, dated the 30th November 1922, and No. 12, dated the 18th February 1923, published at pages 2147 and 244 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 6th December 1922 and 21st February 1923, respectively, Mr. Banke Lal Subarwal, Executive Engineer, Khulna Division, is granted under article 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules leave on average pay for four months and sixteen days (of which four months and five days on account of privilege leave at his credit), with effect from the 7th October 1922.

No. 88.—The 20th April 1923.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Dutta Gupta, Assistant Engineer, is granted leave on average pay for nineteen days and leave on half average pay for three days, under articles 81(b)(ii) and 81(d) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd December 1922.

G. T. HUNTINGFORD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

CO-OPERATIVE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 40 T.A.I. Co-op.—The 16th April 1923.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Chakravarty, Sub Deputy Collector, employed as Inspector of Co-operative Societies, was on leave on average pay from the 13th to the 25th February 1923, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, and on leave on half average pay on the 26th and 27th February 1923, under article 81 (d) of the said rules.

This cancels the Government notification No. 680 Co-op., dated 12th February 1923.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 61 T.A.I. Co-op.—The 19th April 1923.—Babu Jatindra Krishna Ghose, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as Inspector of Co-operative Societies, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and a half (the entire period being on account of privilege leave at his credit) under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules and the note thereunder with effect from the 5th March 1923.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

EXCISE.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Nawab Salyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

No. 112 T.A.I. Ex.—The 23rd April 1923.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) are pleased to make, with effect from the 1st May 1923, the following amendment in notification No. 596 S.R., dated the 30th March 1915, published at pages 562-578, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st *idem*, as subsequently amended, viz. :—

In paragraph 29 of the said notification for "Rs. 20" as the rate of duty on ganja per seer, substitute "Rs. 21."

J. T. DONOVAN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 6027.—The 18th April 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Kalakanda Rindau Samiti (registered No. 122 of 1914) in the district of Mymensingh, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Jamalpur, to be liquidator of the said Society.

No. 6080.—The 19th April 1923.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Sultanpur Jontha Bank (registered No. 230 of 1916), in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Comilla, to be Liquidator of the said Society.

J. M. MITRA,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 1 Exc.—The 21st April 1923.—Babu Sripati Mohan Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, in charge of the Maniktolla Laboratory, is granted under article 86 of the Fundamental Rules combined leave for six months, with effect from the 16th day 1923.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3757 L.R.—The 17th April 1923.—Babu Upendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to be Khas Tahsildar of Hatiya in the district of Noakhali, with effect from the date on which he takes over charge of his duties.

No. 87 L.R.—The 18th April 1923.—The following new clause is added as clause 10A of the form of lease for raiyatwari settlements in the Sundarbanis in the district of Bakarganj, which was published with notification No. 861 T.R., dated the 29th May 1916 and 1401 L.R., dated the 16th February 1916:—

“The above rent will be liable to enhancement from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Bengal Tenancy Act, or any other law for the time being in force, but will not be enhanced within fifteen years of the date on which the lease is granted.”

No. 3906 L.R.—The 23rd April 1923.—Under the provisions of section 3(17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Maulvi Kasem Ali Khan, settlement kanungo, is authorised to discharge in the district of Khulna the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

No. 3908 L.R.—The 23rd April 1923.—Maulvi Muhammad Raziuddin Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Collector under—

- (1) the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822),
- (2) the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825),
- (3) the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825 (XI of 1825),
- (4) the Bengal Land Revenue (Settlement and Deputy Collectors) Regulation, 1833 (IX of 1833),

to be exercised in respect of Government estates, in the district of 24-Parganas.

No. 3909 L.R.—The 23rd April 1923.—Under section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Raziuddin Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, to be a Deputy Collector, who shall exercise in the Government estates in the district of the 24-Parganas all the powers of a Collector in respect to such matters under the said Act as may be delegated to him by the Collector.

No. 3910 L.R.—The 23rd April 1923.—Under section 3(17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Maulvi Muhammad Raziuddin Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to discharge in the district of the 24-Parganas the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer under Chapter VI, Part I of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act.

M. C. MOULDER,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LAND ACQUISITION.

No. 3771 L.A.—The 18th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, .65 of an acre, which was covered by declaration No. 5693 L.A., dated the 6th June 1922, published at page 1117, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem, and required for the post office at Sabhar, in the villages of Dakhindariapur and Salhar, parganas Sahaulia Tappa Paril and Chandprotap Nayara, zilla Dacca.

No. 3783 L.A.—The 18th April 1923.—Babu Bimal Chandra Sinha, Deputy Collector, Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in the Madaripur subdivision of the district of Faridpur.

No. 3794 L.A.—The 19th April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, .012 of an acre, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 1551 L.A., dated the 25th February 1921, published at page 361, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd March 1921 and required by the Dacca Municipality for a mofar's passage in the mohalla of Armonitola, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca.

No. 3849 L.A.—The 21st April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, .6395 of an acre, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 2911 L.A., dated the 25th March 1919, published at page 487, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, and required by the District Board of Bogra for the excavation of a drain in the village of Sutrapur, pargana Shelbarsha, zilla Bogra.

No. 3896 L.A.—The 21st April 1923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 12 cottas, 7 chittaks and .11 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to .2058 of an acre, being a portion of premises No. 47-14, Gariahat Road and bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 9827 L.A., dated the 16th November 1920, published at pages 2104-06, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, as subsequently amended by the notifications and the erratum noted in the margin, and required for section B of scheme No. XV of the Calcutta Improvement Trust (new main sewer road from Chella to Ballygunge Station), in ward No. XXI, of the Calcutta Municipality :—

- (1) Notification No. 10127 L.A., dated the 22nd November 1921.
- (2) Notification No. 2966 L.A., dated the 17th March 1922.
- (3) Erratum No. 9588 L.A., dated the 6th November 1922.

Boundaries.

North—By the remaining portion of premises No. 47-14, Gariahat road,
East—By premises No. 47-15, Gariahat road,
South—By premises No. 47-5, Gariahat road,
West—By premises No. 47-13, Gariahat road.

M. C. MCALPIN,
 Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3811 L.A.—The 19th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for alignment No. VI (Ashitola diagonal) in ward No. II of the Calcutta Municipality, a plan of which has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council, under section 63 of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, being a portion of premises No. 30, Manick Bose Ghat Street, measuring, more or less, 2 cottas 4 chittaks and 35 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to .0379 of an acre, and bounded on the—

North—By Manick Bose Ghat Street,
East—By the remaining portion of premises No. 30, Manick Bose Ghat Street,
South and West—By premises Nos. 21, 21-1 and 22, Manick Bose Ghat Street,

is required within the aforesaid ward No. II of the Calcutta Municipality, in the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the 1st Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3814 L.A.—The 19th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Kanohrapara Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for municipal office and primary school at Kanohrapara, in the village of Bijpur, pargana Habishahar, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 18 cottahs and 15 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 0.3130 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and East—By the remaining land of Sarat Chandra Patra,

South—By the pucca drain,

West—By Rai Sahib K. C. Ghattak road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bijpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Kanohrapara Municipality.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3836 L.A.—The 20th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for an additional approach to the newly opened burial ground at Jurain, Dacca, in the village of Jurain, parganas Jahangirnagar, Sibpur, Syampur and Durgapur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.7902 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 31, 30, 27, 25 and 66,

East—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 65, 30, 27, 25 and 21,

South—By the Narainganj road,

West—By the remaining portions of the cadastral survey plots Nos. 31 and 30 and cadastral survey plots Nos. 20 and 20.

is required within the aforesaid village of Jurain.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3839 L.A.—The 20th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the school compound of the Jalpaiguri Girls' Middle Vernacular School, in the village of Kharia, pargana Baikunthapur, zilla Jalpaiguri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.25 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and West—By Girls' Middle Vernacular School compound,

South and East—By municipal road and land of Balaji Lal Modak,

is required within the aforesaid village of Kharia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3800 L.A.—The 19th April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the quarters of the Excise Warehouse Sub-Inspector of Kolaghat in the village of Barbarisha, pargana Mandalghat, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 08 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the excise warehouse office with its compound,

East and South—By the lands of Ishan Mana,

West—By the excise warehouse office with its compound and the land already declared for acquisition under declaration No. 5738 L.A., dated the 9th June 1922,

is required within the aforesaid village of Barbarisha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector of Tamluk.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3843 L.A.—The 21st April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Chittagong for a public purpose, viz., for a tank to be reserved for drinking water in the village of Pairong, thana Banskhal, zilla Chittagong it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.78 acres, bounded on the—

North—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 1445, 2409, 2407,

East—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 2406, 2413, 2412, 2417,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 2419, 2428, 2429, 2430,

West—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444 and 1445,

is required within the aforesaid village of Pairong.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3918 L.A.—The 23rd April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Brahmanbaria Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the road south of Guru Charan Roy's house, in mauza Brahmanbaria, pargana Satrakhandal, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 2 cottahs and 7 chitaks of standard measurement, equivalent to 04 of an acre, bounded on the—

BLOCK A :

North—By remaining part of cadastral survey plot No. 1546,

East, South and West—By municipal road (cadastral survey plot No. 1582),

BLOCK B :

North—By municipal road (cadastral survey plot No. 1582),

East—By cadastral survey plot No. 1598,

South—By remaining parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1606, 1604 and 1603,

West—By cadastral survey plot No. 1607,

BLOCK C :

North—By municipal road (cadastral survey plot No. 1582),

East—By remaining part of cadastral survey plot No. 1585,

South—By remaining parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1583, 1584 and 1585,

West—By cadastral survey plot No. 1598,

are required within the aforesaid village of Brahmanbaria.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3912L.A.—The 23rd April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the dumping depôt No. 2 at Maligalli in the town of Dacca, in the mahalla of Maligalli, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.392 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 39,

East—By Walter Road;

South—By the cadastral survey plot No. 42,

West—By the land already declared for dumping depot No. 2,

is required within the aforesaid mahalla of Maligalli.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3915L.A.—The 23rd April 1923.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Chittagong for a public purpose, viz., for a tank, with a piece of land, to be reserved for drinking water, in the villages of Dhemsha and Rupkania, thana Satkania, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3.56 acres, bounded on the—

North—By bank of a tank (cadastral survey plot No. 9875) and parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 9879, 9883, 9884, 9886 and 9888,

East—By parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 9883, 3, 72 and 3897, and the remaining portions of cadastral survey plots 15, 3814 and 3815 and a road,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 3812, 3811, 3810 and 3809,

West—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 15720, 15719, 15718 and 9835,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Dhemsha and Rupkania.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 3774L.A.—The 18th April 1923.—In lines 5 to 8 and 16 to 19 of declaration

Birbhum.

No. 6593L.A., dated the 6th August 1920, published at page 1426, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th idem, in respect of the

acquisition of land required for the construction of the Kāsta-Pariorpur Railway, in the district of Birbhum, for the words "villages of Narayanpur, Bhimgarh, Matiala Chorar, Borotikuri, Deel, Kendgoria, Barkola, Tatar, Usufpur, Rasa, Dolgobindapur, Kakartola, Kaithi, Barrah, Arjunsuli, Parsandi and Arang Bahadurpurganj" read "villages of Nāranpur, Bhimgaria, Metala, Chorhar, Jamrand *alias* Jamband, Barha-Tikuri, Mahamadpur, Kendgaria, Barkola *alias* Barkunda, Tatar *alias* Jalgir Domoha Tatoo, Ishābpur, Mandira, Rasa, Dolgobindapur, Kakartola, Kaithi, Barrah, Arjunsali, Parsandi and Arangbahadurganj." Also in line 8 for the words "pargana Shahalampur" read "parganas Shahalampur, Barrah and Shergarh" and in line 11 for the figures and words "372.36 acres" read "371.93 acres."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3902Cin.—The 23rd April 1923.—Mr. S. C. Sen, B.Sc. (Cal.), B.A. (Cantab), is confirmed as Assistant Quinologist at the Government Quinine Factory at Mungpoo, with effect from the 2nd November 1922.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

No. 5507, dated Calcutta, the 20th April 1923.—Lt.-Col. H. B. Steen, I.M.S., made over charge of the Chittagong Jail to Captain J. C. De, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 5th April 1923.

No. 5550, dated Calcutta, the 20th April 1923.—Lieut. F. H. Gleeson, I.M.D., made over charge of the Bankura Jail to Mr. K. K. Chatterjee, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, on the afternoon of the 4th April 1923 and the latter was relieved by Major H. V. Mann, I.M.D., on the forenoon of the 5th April 1923.

No. 5637, dated Calcutta, the 20th April 1923.—Military Assistant Surgeon H. A. Young made over charge of the Presidency Jail to Lt.-Col. W. G. Hamilton, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 10th April 1923.

F. S. C. THOMPSON,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

BABU BROJA BANDHU BHOWMIK, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Bankura Treasury from the 17th April 1923 and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries.

G. S. DUTT, Collector.

BANKURA, the 17th April 1923.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 11TH APRIL 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Criminal Sessions of the year 1923 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the thirtieth day of April instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

M. M. ALI NAKEY, Sheriff.

সরফ আকিস, সন ১৯২৩ সাল তারিখ ১১ই এপ্রেল।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়াম হাঙ্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতা ও অন্তর্গত স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্ত আগামী সন ১৯২৩ সালের ৩০শে এপ্রেল সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতা হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯২৩ সালের দ্বিতীয় ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেন তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে, ইতি।—

এমঃ এমঃ আলিনাক্তি,

সরফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 19th April 1923.

No. 3874A.—Babu Gajanan Banarji, munsiff of Sealdah, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of that portion of the Sealdah munsifi which lies outside the limits of the jurisdiction of the Small Cause Court proper at Sealdah.

No. 3877A.—Babu Ashutosh Ray, munsiff of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Chittagong.

No. 3878A.—Babu Harendra Kumar Maitra, munsiff of Tamluk, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Tamluk munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. G. A. EDGLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1373J.—Babu Ananga Mohon Chakrabarti, Sub-Deputy Collector and Chaukidar Circle Officer, Rangpur, is transferred temporarily to the Gaibandha subdivision of that district.

W. A. MARR, *Commissioner (offg.).*COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 17th April 1923.*

ERRATUM.

No. 1078 L.S. G.—In this office notification No. 639 L.S. G., dated 10th March 1923 published at page 388 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 21st idem, for "Akbar Mia" read "Ali Akbar Mia."

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.).*COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 14th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 33R.G.—Babu Gadadhar Singh Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, Uluadanga, Nadia, is transferred to the Jhenidah subdivision of the Jessore district and is appointed to be Chaukidari Circle Officer of the subdivision.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 18th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 34R.G.—Maulvi Motaharal Haq, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, Khulna Sadar, is transferred to the Magura subdivision of the Jessore district, as second officer.

K. C. DE, *Commissioner.*COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 18th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 35R.G.—Maulvi Samiruddin Bhuiyan, Sub-Deputy Collector, Magura, Jessore, is appointed to be Chaukidari Circle Officer of that subdivision.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 36R.G.—Babu Surendra Nath Banarji, No. III, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bongaon, Jessore, is appointed to be Chaukidari Circle Officer of that subdivision.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 37R.G.—Babu Ratan Lal Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Narail, Jessore, is appointed to be Chaukidari Circle Officer of that subdivision.

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 18th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1380J.—Babu Surendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to the headquarters station of the Pabna district.

W. A. MARR, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 18th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1649J.—Babu Birendra Kishore Kar, Sub-Deputy Collector, on probation, Mymensingh, is allowed, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for six weeks (on account of privilege leave at his credit) with effect from the 26th April 1923 or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

This cancels this office notification No. 7646J., dated the 2nd December 1922.

A. N. MOBERLY, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 18th April 1923.

ERRATUM.

No. 1721J.—In paragraph 2 of this office notification No. 1140J., dated the 14th March 1923, published at pages 389-90, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, for "1. Maulvi Alimuzzaman Chaudhuri" against the Goalundo Local Board read "1. Maulvi Alimuzzaman Choudhury."

A. C. GUPTA, Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 21st April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1724J.—The following officers were transferred temporarily to the Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district from the 7th March to the 6th April 1923 :—

- (1) Babu Charu Chandra Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, Faridpur, Sadar.
- (2) Maulvi Khandkar Muhammad Hussain, Sub-Deputy Collector, Faridpur, Sadar.

A. N. MOBERLY, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 21st April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1370J.G.—Babu Dharjati Kumar Dutta, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted temporarily to Howrah Sadar.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 21st April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1346J.G.—Maulvi Asad Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer of Labpur circle, in the district of Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days (entirely on account of privilege leave at credit), under article 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd May 1923 or from any subsequent date he may avail himself of it.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 21st April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1351J.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following ladies are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Rajshahi Central Jail for the periods mentioned against their names:—

Mrs. Constance Morison	...	...	For two years.
Miss Isabel Morison	...	...	Ditto.

W. A. MARR, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, the 15th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 248J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the 16th June 1923 from 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. has been fixed for holding a by-election in thanas Kotwali and Nabadwip, in the district of Nadia, for the election of a member of the Sadar Local Board, *vice* Mr. M. Pal Chowdhury, resigned.

The election will be held at the Kotwali police-station.

H. G. BLONFIELD, District Magistrate.

NADIA MAGISTRACY, KRISHNAGAR, the 18th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 10451.S.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (1) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885) as amended, Babu Broja Kishore Aditya has been duly elected to be a member of the Vishnupur local board in the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Mohini Mohan Singh Deb, deceased.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1016L.S.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Rakha Hari Sarkar has been appointed by the Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Mollikpur union board in Suri police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Pratap Chandra Chattarji, deceased.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 14th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1013 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 38 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Nrisingha Lal Thakur has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Koma union board in Suri police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Durga Pada Mukharji, deceased.

A. W. COOK, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 14th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1020 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 38 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Hari Pada Ghose has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. III of the Nanur union board in Nanur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Munshi Chowdhury Besaratulla, removed.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 15th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1029 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 38 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Ashu Toan Ghose has been duly elected to be a member for ward No. II of the Jamna union board in Nanur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Kulada Nandan Mitra, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 15th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1019 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 12 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 39 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Surendra Narayan Mandal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Dokholbati union board in Rampurhat police-station, in the Rampurhat subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Pran Krishna Das Mahanta, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 14th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1022 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 1 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 38 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Babu Rajani Kant Mandal has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Rampurhat union board in Rampurhat police-station in the Rampurhat subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Rai Salib Kamala Prasanna Roy, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner on tour*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 14th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1034 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 1 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 39 of the election rules for union boards made thereunder, Munshi Jonabali Dafad has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be a member of the Jain union board in Nanur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Munshi Bilat Dafadar, deceased.

N. G. BASAK, for *Commissioner (on tour)*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 18th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1037 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Baburam Mondal has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be a member of the Dwarhatta-Gopinathpur union board in Haripal police-station in the Serampore sub-division of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Maulvi Enamuddin Mollah, removed.

N. G. BASAK, for Commissioner (*op tour*).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 18th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1628 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 38 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has declared Babu Ananda Chandra De and Munshi Sobdar Bepari to be duly elected members of the Araishida union board, police-station Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babus Surendra Chandra Choudhuri and Jamini Kanta Choudhuri, removed.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (*offg.*).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 19th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1626 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the Rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Munshi Sabud Ali to be a member of the Araishida union board, police-station Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, in place of Babu Kunja Mohan Roy, removed.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 19th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1624 G.—Under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, read with rule 39 of the rules for the election and appointments of members of union boards, the District Magistrate of Tippera has appointed Munshi Abdul Khaleque to be member of the Sajdapur union board, police-station Sarail, in the district of Tippera, in place of Munshi Najib Ali, resigned.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (*offg.*).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 19th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1645 G.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Bengal Government, notification No. 3403 L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes the following four new public ferries in the district of Noakhali:—

- (i) A new ferry over the Meghna river from Brindar khal at Bamni on the east side to Char Jubilee in thana Sudharam, Char Amanulla and Char Batta in thana Sandip on the west side. It is to be known as "Brindar khal ferry."
- (ii) A new ferry over the Meghna river between Santal khal in Sandip and Dhona Mia's dona in Burir Char in thana Hatiya to be known as "Sandip to Burir Char ferry."
- (iii) A new ferry over the Jafirdona khal in Jaliar Char in thana Ramgoti to be known as "Jarirdona ferry."
- (iv) A new ferry over the Bamni river between Char Narain khal in thana Shonagazi and west dona and Char Peerbox in Badu in thana Sandip to be known as "Char Narain ferry."

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Government notification No. 217 L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of the Act that the above-mentioned ferries be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of those ferries and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Noakhali with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, Commissioner (*offg.*).

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 20th April 1923.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1005 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 5 (7) of the rules issued under Government notification No. 764 T. M. of the 7th September 1910, the following draft by-law framed by the District Board of Hooghly under sections 139 and 140 of the Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, contained in notification No. 232 L.S.-G., dated the 25th January 1923, and published at page 189, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th February 1923, is confirmed, no objections having been received thereto :—

"25A. No person shall drive a motor lorry or other conveyance propelled by mechanical power, weighing together with its load, if any, more than two tons over any District Board or Local Board bridges or culverts."

In the penalty by-law 46 (1) after the figures '25' in column 1 insert the figures and letter '25A'.

A. W. COOK, Commissioner (offg.).

COMMRS'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 18th April 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1923.

PART. IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 14th April 1923, is republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 11th April 1923.

No. F.-274.—In continuation of the Home Department notification No. F.-274-Public, dated the 17th August 1922, the following revised ninth Note to the Warrant of Precedence for India, which has been approved by His Majesty the King-Emperor of India and which has received His Royal Sign Manual, is published for general information :—

GEORGE R.I.

George V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come :—

WHEREAS it hath been represented to Us that it is expedient that the ninth Note to Our Royal Warrant dated the 9th day of February 1922, regulating the rank and precedence of persons holding appointments in India, should be altered, We do therefore declare that it is Our will and pleasure that in lieu of the said Note contained in Our said recited Warrant the following Note shall be henceforth observed with respect to the rank and precedence of persons therein named, namely :—

9. The following may be given by courtesy precedence as shown below, provided that they do not hold appointments in India :—

Peers according to their precedence in England.
Knights of the Garter, the Thistle and St. Patrick.
Privy Councillors.
Members of the Council of the Secretary of State for India.
Baronets of England, Scotland, Ireland and the United Kingdom, according to date of Patents.
Knights Grand Cross of the Bath.
Knights Grand Commander of the Star of India.
Knights Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.
Knights Grand Commander of the Indian Empire.
Knights Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order.
Knights Grand Cross of the Order of the British Empire.

Immediately after Members of the Governor-General's Executive Council, Article 9.

Immediately after the Commissioner in Sind Article 15.

Knights Commander of the Bath.
 Knights Commander of the Star of India.
 Knights Commander of St. Michael and St. George.
 Knights Commander of the Indian Empire.
 Knights Commander of the Royal Victorian Order.
 Knights Commander of the Order of the British Empire.
 Knights Bachelor.

} Immediately after
 Residents of the 2nd
 Class, Article 31.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace this twenty-sixth day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three and in the thirteenth year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
 PEEL.

C. W. GWYNNE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 14th April 1923, are republished for general information.

L. BIRLEY,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Simla, the 13th April 1923.

PART IB.

RESIGNATIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 530.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

The Eastern Bengal Railway Regiment.

Lieutenant B. G. Smith. Dated 7th December 1922.

E. BURDON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Orders by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.

No. 1.—*The 16th April 1923.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal, appoints each of the officers specified in the first column of the first schedule annexed hereto to be an Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, and also appoints each of the officers specified in the first column of the second schedule annexed hereto to be an Income-tax Officer.

2. In exercise of the further powers conferred by the same sub-section the Commissioner directs that the said officers shall perform their functions in respect of the classes of persons and the classes of income indicated opposite their names or designations in the second and third columns of the first and second schedules, respectively, in respect of the areas mentioned in the fourth column thereof.

3. Notifications Nos. 1 of the 1st April 1922, 3 of the 18th May 1922, 4 and 5 of the 5th May 1922, 6 of the 23rd June 1922, 9 and 10 of the 25th July 1922, 11 and 12 of the 12th September 1922, 13 and 14 of the 20th November 1922, 15 of the 28th November 1922, 16 of the 5th December 1922, 17 of the 15th December 1922, 87-C. T. of the 4th March 1923, 9207-C. T. of the 17th March 1923, and 90-C. T. of the 4th April 1923 published at pages 105 and 106, 229, 235, 272, 330, 484, 480, 484, 489 and 490, 492, 116 and 136, respectively, of Part IA of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the respective dates, the 5th April 1922, the 24th May 1912, the 31st May 1923, the 28th June 1922, the 2nd August 1922, the 20th September 1922, the 29th November 1922, the 6th December 1922, the 13th December 1922, the 20th December 1922, the 21st March 1923 and the 11th April 1923) are hereby cancelled.

SCHEDULE I.

Serial No.	Name or designation of Officer.	Classes of persons.	Classes of Incomes.	Areas.
1	2	3	4	5
1	Commissioner of the Presidency Division.	All classes of persons excepting classes specified in column 2 against items 23 and 24 of the Second Schedule.	All classes ...	The Presidency Division except (1) so much of the district of the 24-Parganas as came within the operation of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1896, by the Bengal Government notification dated the 21st September 1890, as amended by the Bengal Government notification No. 3070 P. L., dated the 15th September 1921, and (2) the district of Murshidabad.
2	Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	The whole of the Rajshahi Division except the district of Malda.
3	Commissioner of the Dacca Division.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	The districts of Faridpur and Bakarganj.
4	Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Bardwan Range, comprising the districts of Howrah, Hooghly, Bankura, Midnapore, Bardwan, Birbhum, Murshidabad and Malda.
5	Khan Bahadur Abur Rahman	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Dacca Range, comprising the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Tippera, Noakhali and Chittagong.
6	Collector of each district in Bengal except Dacca, Mymensingh, Tippera, Noakhali, Chittagong, Howrah, Hooghly, Bankura, Midnapore, Bardwan, Birbhum, Murshidabad and Malda.	Ditto ...	Incomes not exceeding Rs. 20,000 per annum.	Within their respective districts.
7	Additional Collectors of Bakarganj and 24-Parganas.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
8	Mr. T. T. Williams ...	All classes of persons ...	All classes ...	(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (7) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899. (2) So much of the district of the 24-Parganas as came within the operation of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1896, by the Bengal Government notification dated the 21st September 1890, as amended by the Bengal Government notification No. 3070 P. L., dated the 15th September 1921.
		Also the classes of persons specified in column 2 against items 23 and 24 of the Second Schedule.	Ditto ...	All districts in the Presidency of Bengal.
9	Mr. W. B. Kirkwood, Assistant Commissioner of Income-Tax.			

SCHEDULE II.

1	2	3	4	5
1	Babu Nikhil Ranjan Mukherjee	All classes of persons excepting classes specified in column 2 against items 23 and 24 of this Schedule.	All classes ...	Calcutta District I, comprising Calcutta Police Suburban Sections M. Cossipore, N. Chitpore, O. Manikata and P. Bellaghata specified in the Bengal Government notification dated the 30th November 1917, issued under section 15A (1) (b) and (c) of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1896, and published in the <i>Calcutta Gazette</i> of the 2nd January 1918, Part I, pages 15-17, and amended by the Bengal Government notifications published in the <i>Calcutta Gazette</i> , dated the 30th July 1921, Part I, pages 1189-87, and in the <i>Calcutta Gazette</i> , dated 26th October 1921, Part I, page 1793, and Wards 1, 2, 3 and 5 specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899.
2	Babu Raghupati Ghatak	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Calcutta District II, comprising Wards 4, 6, 8, 11, 13, 16 and 17 specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899.

Serial No.	Name or designation of Officer.	Classes of persons.	Classes of income.	Areas.
1	2	3	4	5
3	Babu Jyotish Chandra Gupta	All classes of persons excepting classes specified in column 2 against items 23 and 24 of this Schedule.	All classes	Calcutta District III, comprising Wards 8, 10 and 12 specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899.
4	Babu Kalipada Mukherjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
5	Mr. Thanwordas Tirthidas Thadani.	Ditto	Ditto	Calcutta District IV, comprising so much of Ward 7 specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, as is bounded on the south by Canning Street, exclusive of any portion of Olive Row.
6	Mr. W. A. Philippe	Ditto	Ditto	Calcutta District V, comprising so much of Ward 7 specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, as is bounded on the north by Canning Street and also that portion of Olive Row lying north of Canning Street.
7	Babu Aswini Kumar Dutta Gupta.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
8	Babu Benoy Bhushan Sen	Ditto	Ditto	Calcutta District VI, comprising Wards 14, 15 and 16 to 23, inclusive, specified in Schedule III to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, and in so much of the district of the 24 Parganas as is included within the limits of Calcutta Police Suburban Sections U Tollygunj and X Garden Reach specified in Bengal Government notification, dated the 30th November 1917, referred to in the fourth column of item 2 as subsequently amended.
9	Mr. E. O. Roudou	Ditto	Ditto	District of Howrah.
10	Babu Debabrata Banerjee	Ditto	Ditto	District of Hooghly.
11	Manji Shamsuzzoha Ahmed	Ditto	Ditto	Districts of Murshidabad, Birbhum and Malda.
12	Babu Suresh Chandra Nandi	Ditto	Ditto	District of Bardwan.
13	„ Sachkanta Ghosh	Ditto	Ditto	Districts of Midnapore and Bankura.
14	„ Jatinra Nath Chatterjee	Ditto	Ditto	District of Dacca.
15	Manji Ahsanulla	Ditto	Ditto	District of Mymensingh.
16	Babu Narendra Narayan Chakravarty.	Ditto	Ditto	Districts of Chittagong and Noakhali.
17	„ Nripendra Chandra Shaha.	Ditto	Ditto	District of Tippera.
18	Collector of each district in Bengal with the exceptions mentioned in column 1 of item 6 of the First Schedule.	Ditto	Income exceeding Rs. 20,000 per annum.	Within their respective districts.
19	Additional Collectors of Bakerganj and 24 Parganas	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
20	Every Subdivisional Officer and every Sadar Subdivisional Officer in districts in Bengal with the exceptions mentioned in column 1 of item 6 of the First Schedule.	Ditto	Income not exceeding Rs. 20,000 per annum.	Within their respective subdivisions and Sadar subdivisions.
21	Babu Chitta Ranjan Mukherjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri.	Ditto	Ditto	Within the district of Jalpaiguri.
22	Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling.	Ditto	Ditto	Within the Sadar subdivision of the district of Darjeeling.
23	Mr. O. K. Martin	All persons by whom tax is payable under the head Salaries and whose salaries are audited by the Accountant-General, Bengal.	All classes	All districts in the Presidency of Bengal.
24	Babu Sisir Kumar Dutta	All persons by whom tax is payable under the head Salaries whose salaries are audited by the Accountant-General, Central Revenue, the Accountant-General, Post and Telegraphs, the Comptroller, Army Factory Accounts, the Comptroller of Military Accounts, Presidency and Assam District, and the Chief Auditor, Eastern Bengal Railway, (or) Salaried employees of the Calcutta University, the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, the East Indian Railway, and the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta.	Ditto	Ditto

No. 895 A.C.T.—The 17th April, 1923.—Babu Jagannath Prasad Gupta, Assistant Income-tax Officer, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-three days, under article 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th April 1923.

E. N. BLANDY,
Commissioner of Income-tax, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1923.

PART IB.

Educational Notices.

Pleaders' Survey Examination Board.

Results of the examination held in February 1923.

THE following candidates are declared to have passed the examination prescribed in Bengal Government notification No. 3157J., dated the 25th November 1909 :—

Name of Pleader.	Court at which practising
1. Jati Mohan Sikdar	Bhanga.
2. Bhuban Bandhu Mazumdar	Kushtia.
3. Asvini Kumar Ghosh	Howrah.
4. Smarajit Mohan Ghosh	Dacca.
5. Surath Lal Das	Do.
6. Khirode Lal Roy	Do.
7. Ambika Prasanna Roy	Mymensingh.
8. Hemendra Kumar Das Gupta	Dacca.
9. Harihar Biswas	Do.
10. Manindra Nath Ghosal	Serganpdr.
11. Surendra Kumar Mitra	Narayanganj.
12. Sachindra Nath Dutt	Darbhanga.
13. Pulin Behari Ganguli	Bhagalpur.

T. H. RICHARDSON,

Secretary, Pleaders' Survey Examination Board.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, the 16th April 1923.

Board of Control for Apprentices' Training.

Results of the Diploma examination in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, 1923.

(In order of merit.)

Name.	Institution.
1. E. Clapp	Bengal Engineering College.
2. Kalp Prasad Mukherjee	Ditto.
3. Jatindra Mohan Ganguli	Ditto.
4. Kali Kumar De	Ditto.
5. Prodyot Chandra Roy Chowdhury.	Ditto.
6. Yusuf Ali	Ditto.
7. Durga Pada Roy Chowdhury	Ditto.
8. Jitendra Mohan Saha Chowdhury	Ditto.
9. Jitendra Nath Goswami	Ditto.
10. Sajal Kanta Das	Ditto.
11. Indu Bhusan Pal	Ditto.
12. Sudhir Kumar Mitra	Ditto.
13. Bhabes Chandra Mukherjee...	Ditto.

T. H. RICHARDSON,

Secretary, Board of Control for Apprentices Training.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, the 10th April 1923.

NOTIFICATION.

Admission to the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, Session 1923-24.

APPLICATIONS for admission to the Licentiate Class of the Campbell Medical School will be received in the prescribed form (obtainable in the office of the Superintendent) from the candidates from Presidency and Rajshahi Divisions only, between the 1st May and 10th June 1923.

Applications should be supported by the true copy of certificates of (a) passing the Matriculation or its accepted equivalent or passing I.A. or I.Sc. Examination, (b) marks gained at such examination and (c) that of good moral character from a Deputy Magistrate or a gentleman of equal position, or from the Principal or head master of the college or school in which the candidate last studied.

No applications before or after the date fixed and no incomplete application will be entertained.

A. LEVENTON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

Bengal Veterinary College.

NOTICE.

The undermentioned students are declared to have passed in order of merit the Diploma Examination of the Bengal Veterinary College held in April 1923 :—

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Edwin Morgan Theagoratum Chinniah. | 18. Hem Chandra Dey. |
| 2. Hem Chandra Sen. | 19. Biswa Nath Das. |
| 3. Gottigary Venkataswamy Ramaya. | 20. Mohammad Ishaque. |
| 4. Mukunda Lal Sen Gupta. | 21. Chintamani Misra. |
| 5. Lalit Kumar Acharya. | 22. Suraj Narain Datt. |
| 6. Hrisi Keah Gura. | 23. Jitendra Nath Sen Gupta. |
| 7. Mushtaq Hussain. | 24. Jyotirananda Chowdhuri. |
| 8. Lall Bahadur Mukhia. | 25. Saw Hla U. |
| 9. Aung Tun U. | 26. Nanda Kishore Pande. |
| 10. Mahanand Minj. | 27. Suresh Chandra Bose. |
| 11. Sital Chandra Mitra. | 28. Jitendra Prasanna Sen. |
| 12. Jagadamba Prashad Singha. | 29. Sachindra Lal Guha. |
| 13. Mohammad Muzaffar. | 30. Khoudker Mafizuddin Ahmed. |
| 14. Promode Ranjan Ghosh. | 31. Kamakhya Prasad Neogi. |
| 15. Swami Saran. | 32. Sushil Kumar Sarkar. |
| 16. Narayan Dass Chatterjee. | 33. Sah Deo Singh. |
| 17. Abani Mohan Sanyal. | |

A. D. MACGREGOR, M.R.C.V.S., I.V.S., Principal,

Bengal Veterinary College (offg.).

BELGACHIA, the 19th April 1923.

THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTION.

Calcutta University Constituency.

NOTIFICATION.

In reference to the notification dated the 4th April 1923 inviting applications from qualified graduates* of this University for registration of their names in the Electoral Roll of the Calcutta University constituency, it is hereby notified that the last date for submitting such applications has been further extended to 14th May 1923.

All qualified graduates who have not yet applied for registration are requested to furnish the undersigned with the following particulars not later than the aforesaid date :—

1. Name, in full (as it appears on the diploma of the applicant).
2. Address, in full.
3. Name of the first Degree examination passed.
4. Year of passing.
5. College (if any) from which passed.
6. Whether he actually resides in the Presidency of Bengal during the greater portion of the year; if so, where?
7. Present occupation.

* The franchise is restricted to graduates of seven years' standing (having passed the first Degree examination in 1916 or earlier) who are ordinarily resident in the Presidency of Bengal, in the sense that they are identified with it by actual residence during the greater portion of the year.

Licentiate of Medicine are treated as graduates for the purposes of franchise.

By order of the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

J. C. CHAKRAVORTI, Registrar (offg.).

SENATE HOUSE, the 20th April 1923.

[N.B.—This cancels all rules published before 1923.]

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF BENGAL.

Rules for the guidance of students seeking admission.

1. Two classes of students are admitted for study in the College—

(a) "Regular," or those who enter for the full University course.

The admission to this class is restricted to students (male and female) who are natives of, or whose parents are domiciled in, the area within the territorial limits of the Calcutta University, and the Provinces of Bihar and Orissa, Assam and Central Province and those who come out of the Dacca or the Rangoon University as provided for in rule 5.

(b) "Military Class" (only students of European or Eurasian parentage are admitted to this class). (See separate Prospectus for Military students.)

The admission to this class is regulated by the Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

2. The minimum preliminary qualification for admission to the—

(a) "Regular Class" is the Pass Certificate of the I. Sc. Examination of the Calcutta University with Physics and Chemistry or any Examination equivalent to it.

3. The session commences on the 15th June.

4. All new students must apply for admission to the Principal, Medical College, Calcutta, in the prescribed form available in this office, on or before the 25th May, except in the case of Biharis, Uriyas, Chota Nagpuris and Assamese students, who should apply to the Inspectors-General of Civil Hospitals of their respective provinces for admission within such date as the latter may prescribe. Students who come out of the Dacca and the Rangoon Universities and the candidates from the Central Provinces should apply to the Director of Public Instruction of the respective Provinces.

Selected candidates must pay the following fees within the time prescribed by the Principal, failing which their names will be struck off the selected list :—

				Rs.	A.
Admission fee	...	...	...	20	0
Fees for Summer term	...	...	...	62	8
Athletic Club fee	...	...	...	2	0
Total				84	8

5. The number of Regular students to be admitted each year is generally 120, but the Principal may, at his discretion, increase or decrease this number. Preference for admission will usually be given to candidates who have superior qualifications, but the final selection lies entirely with the Principal.

One-fourth of the total number to be admitted shall be Muhammadans. Twelve candidates will be nominated by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals of Bihar and Orissa, one by the Government of Central Provinces and six candidates by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals of Assam, six candidates of the Dacca University by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and two of the Rangoon University by the Director of Public Instruction, Burma. These candidates must possess the qualifications mentioned in rule 2 (a). In addition, the Bihar and Orissa Government will nominate six scholars, who must have passed the I. Sc. Examination with Physics and Chemistry. These nominations must reach the Principal, Medical College, Calcutta, before the 10th June in each year, failing which the Principal will fill up vacancies with local candidates.

6. (a) Female students will be admitted to the College provided they possess the requisite preliminary qualification, and provided there is a vacancy in the Surnomoyee Hostel in which all female students must reside.

(b) Female students belonging to provinces other than Bengal will have to pay rents for their seats in the Surnomoyee Hostel.

7. Failed students must apply for admission and pay fee within a week from the date of the publication of their results, otherwise their prior claim lapses.

8. All Regular students must pay an annual fee of Rs. 125 in two instalments, viz., Rs. 62-8 for the Summer term and Rs. 62-8 for the Winter term. They must also pay the annual athletic club fee of Rs. 2 along with their fees for Summer term. Fees once paid cannot be refunded.

9. The fees for each term are to be paid in one instalment. Except in the case of new students, the fees for Summer term are due on the 15th June and those for the Winter term on the 1st November, and must be paid on those dates or on such subsequent dates as the Principal may direct, after which a daily fine of annas 4 will be levied along with the fee in each case of default.

10. Female students are not liable to pay the athletic club fee.

11. Students relegated to a further course of study after their failure at the Preliminary Scientific M. B. and at the First M. B. Examinations shall pay Rs. 80 for the whole session in one instalment within the time prescribed above.

12. Students who fail at the Final M. B. Examination shall pay fees for the whole session at the following rates in one instalment by the 1st June :—

	Rs.
For one subject	25
For two subjects	50
For three or more subjects	75

13. Students taking up subjects outside the curriculum of the year in which they are studying shall pay Rs. 30 for each subject, including lectures and practical classes.

14. The fees for Casual students or for certificates issued to Regular students leaving the College before completing their study, or for those issued to Military students, shall be Rs. 40 per each course of lectures and practical classes and Rs. 30 for every three months of hospital practice.

15. In calculating the sum to be paid under rule 14 by a Regular student, the amount of College fees paid by him, or in the case of a student enjoying a stipendiary scholarship and free tuition, the amount which would have been paid by him had he been a paying student shall be deducted.

16. The fees payable by a Muhammadan student requiring certificates in the same way will be calculated on the same principle, i.e., he will be allowed a deduction for the full annual fee, half of which has been paid by himself and half by the Mohsin Fund.

17. Students of the Military class requiring certificates in the same way will be required to pay the rate of fees laid down in paragraph 14 for the full curriculum or for such portion as they have attended. No deduction will be made in this case as they are not free students in the sense in which that term is defined in Bengal Government Resolution (Education) No. 601 of the 7th December 1880.

18. The fee for post-graduate students undergoing a course of training in the Pathological, Bacteriological, Physiological or Chemical Laboratory is Rs. 90 for a period not exceeding six months.

19. Holders of scholarships, awarded by the Government of Bengal are not required to pay the annual fee of Rs. 125 for the year in which they hold such scholarships. All holders of other scholarships, whether granted by other Local Governments, Local Bodies, or Dufferin Fund, shall pay the same fees as Regular students.

20. The following are the curricula of the College :—

REGULAR STUDENTS.

First-year Class.

Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Zoology and Practical Classes in all these subjects. A Test Examination in all the subjects will be held at the end of the first-year class and the students who fail in this examination will not be sent up for the Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination and they will at once be transferred to the Membership course of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal. Those students who will be sent up for the Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination but fail twice in one year in the said examination will also be transferred to the Membership course of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal after the second chance.

N.B.—The first-year's course also includes Anatomy in which there will be a test examination at the end of the year upon which will depend the promotion of a student to the second-year class.

Second-year Class.

Anatomy, Physiology, Materia Medica, Practical Pharmacy and Dissections to be followed by examinations for award of College scholarships and a test examination in Anatomy only. Students failing to pass the test examination in Anatomy will not be eligible for any scholarship and will not be promoted to the third-year class.

Third-year Class.

Anatomy, Physiology, Materia Medica, Organic Chemistry, Dissections and Practical Classes in Physiology and Organic Chemistry to be followed by Honour Examination of the College in the above subjects for scholarships, medals and Certificates of Honour of the College and by the First M. B. Examination of the Calcutta University. Students who fail four times in two years at the First M. B. Examination will not be allowed to go on with the M. B. Course, but they may take up the Membership course of the State Medical Faculty in Bengal.

N.B.—Both in Preliminary Scientific M. B. and First M. B. Examinations "failure" means and includes "failure to pass" and "failure to appear."

Fourth-year Class.

Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery, Pathology, Medical Jurisprudence, Hygiene, Dental Surgery, Hospital Practice (12 months), Clinical Methods and 20 Demonstrations, Practical Surgery and Bandaging and 30 Demonstrations, to be followed by a special examination in Pathology and Midwifery for the selection of class assistants.

Fifth-year Class.

Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery, Hygiene, Ophthalmic Surgery, Operative Surgery, Venereal Disease, Practical Pathology and Bacteriology, Practical Midwifery, and 20 Demonstrations, Hospital Practice (12 months), to be followed by Honour Examination at the College in all the subjects for the award of medals and Certificates of Honour.

Sixth-year Class.

Hospital Practice (12 months), to be followed by the Second M. B. Examination.

21. The following are the scholarships and rewards obtainable by students:—

- (a) Ten College scholarships, of Rs. 12 each, tenable for one year, together with free tuition, are awarded to ten students on the result of the Test Examination at the end of the first year class, provided such students also pass the Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination of the Calcutta University at the first attempt.
- (b) Ten College scholarships, of Rs. 12 each, tenable for one year, together with free tuition, are awarded to ten students on the results of the second year Scholarship and Test Examinations.
- (c) Ten scholarships, of Rs. 12 each, tenable for three years, together with free tuition, are awarded to ten students on the results of the Honour Examination of the third-year class, provided such students also pass the First M. B. Examination of the Calcutta University at the first attempt.

NOTE.—Only students of Bengal are allowed to compete for these scholarships.

- (d) Six Government scholarships (one for each year) of the value of Rs. 25 each will be awarded to the female students of the Regular class who do not get the Dufferin or other scholarships.

- (e) Special scholarships for Bihar and Uriya students—

Six scholarships of Rs. 25 each to six students from Bihar and Orissa, tenable for six years from the date on which the students enter the College, are awarded by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals of Bihar and Orissa.

- (f) *Mohsin Scholarships*.—Six stipends of the value of Rs. 15 each, tenable in the Medical College, Calcutta, are annually awarded by the Director of Public Instruction, from the Mohsin Endowment Fund to deserving poor Bengal Muhammadan students in the following manner:—

Two scholarships, on admission, tenable for one year only on the result of the I. Sc. Examination.

Two scholarships, tenable for two years, on the result of the Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination.

Two scholarships, tenable for three years, on the result of the First M. B. Examination.

- (g) A limited number of scholarships will be granted to Muhammadan students on straitened circumstances who must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are too poor to pay the College fees.

22. If on account of the death, resignation or dismissal of any College scholar, scholarship falls vacant, such scholarship will be awarded to the next best student in the list of the last Scholarship Examination, or to such other students as the Principal may consider fit.

23. Holders of the College scholarships, any other Government scholarships or Trust Fund scholarships administered by Government are not eligible for the Durga Charan Laha Scholarship. Similarly, a student already holding a scholarship, either on the result of the University Examination or granted by Government, is not eligible to compete for the College scholarships.

Regular students, who at any time are referred for a second year of study in all subjects of one curriculum, are thereby rendered ineligible for any of the stipendiary scholarships awarded by the Government of Bengal. They are, however, eligible for the special scholarships and class prizes and medals and Certificates of Honour of the College.

25. Certificates of Honour, to the number of three in each subject, may be awarded by the Professors, subject to the sanction of the Principal, to such students who have not obtained the medal, but are deemed worthy of it.

26. The following is the list of prizes and special scholarships:—

Kind of Reward.	Subject.	To whom open.	Condition of grant.	When awarded.	Value.	Tenure.
Scholarship.	Midwifery ...	Regular students of fourth year's curriculum who are bona-fide natives of India of Hindu or Muhammadan parentage.	On the result of the Special Examination in Midwifery.	At the end of the fourth year.	Rs. 12 0 per month.	One year.
Chatterjee Scholarship.	Histology ...	Regular students of Native Indian extraction.	(a) The best in Histology, Normal and Morbid, at the end of fourth year. (b) Good conduct.	Annually in June.	15 0 per month.	Ditto.
Gunny Scholarship.	.....	Regular students ...	The best in all subjects at the College examinations of the first to fourth years, inclusive.	Annually in May.	22 0 per month.	Ditto.
Promotor's Prize ...	Anatomy ...	Ditto ...	The best student in Anatomy at the end of the second year.	Annually ...	24 0	...
Rhoda Nath Bose's Prize.	Medicine or Surgery.	Ditto ...	The most successful of the fourth year at bed-side diagnosis of disease in Medicine or Surgery.	Ditto ...	25 0	...
Government Prize in Clinical Medicine.	Clinical Medicine.	Regular students and others.	The best clinical clerk of fourth and fifth years.	.....	25 0	...
Government Prize in Clinical Surgery.	Clinical Surgery.	Ditto ...	The best clinical dresser of fourth and fifth years.	.....	Instruments ...	...
Duke of Edinburgh's Prize.	Surgery ...	Regular students ...	To the best of the fourth and fifth years.	.....	28 0	...
Rays Testimonial Prize.	Anatomy ...	Regular and Military pupils.	On the result of the third-year examination in Anatomy.	Annually ...	66 0	...
Mr. Farley Little Memorial Scholarship.	Medicine ...	Regular and Military	To the student who stands first at the Honour Examination in Medicine at the end of the fifth year.	Annually at the end of the fifth year.	20 0 per month.	One year.
Banerji Behari Gupta Scholarship.	.....	To a native of the Tangra subdivision.	Awardable to a student of the Tangra subdivision, preferably of village Bhatgram, who has passed his Matriculation Examination from the Pogose School, Dacca.	Annually on admission.	10 0 per month.	Ditto.
Maharaja of Gwalior Prize.	Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination.	Regular students ...	Highest marks at the Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination and provided that the winner does not get any other prize.	Annually ...	10	...
Dr. Chandra's Scholarship.	Materia Medica and Therapeutics.	(1) Senior students of the Medical College. (2) Re-senior students of the Medical College studying in a Medical College in India or Europe. (3) Any Graduate or Licentiate in Medicine of whatever standing.	Examination and Thesis. Winner need not complete course of study in India.	Ditto ...	20 0 per month.	One or two years.
Mrs. Mary Chandra's Scholarship.	Ditto ...	Female medical students of the 2nd year.	To the Female medical student who stands first at the second year's examination. No restriction on place of study afterwards.	Annually at the end of the second year.	20 0 per month.	Two years.
Ananda Lal Sen's Prize.	Midwifery ...	Regular students ...	Who stands second in the Examination for the class certificate.	Annually at the end of the 4th year class.	20 0 Annual.	...
Deane's Prize	Medicine ...	Ditto ...	On the result in Practical and Clinical medicine to the best regular student of the 5th year class.	Annually in the 5th year class.	...	...

27. The following is the list of College medals:

Name.	Subject.	To which class.	Conditions.	When awarded.
Goddard	Anatomy	Regular students	To the best student of second year in the subject.	End of second year
Macnamara	Chemistry	Ditto	To the best student of the first year class.	Ditto
Chen	Ditto	Regular Military pupils	The best student of first year	End of first year.
Do.	Botany	Regular students	Ditto ditto	Ditto
Do.	Comparative Anatomy	Ditto	Ditto ditto	Ditto
Do.	Physiology Materia Medica Anatomy	Regular Military pupils	The best student of third year and the best student of the first and second year Military pupils.	End of third year
Do.	Medicine Surgery Midwifery Medical Jurisprudence Pathology Ophthalmic Medicine Hygiene Dental Surgery	Regular students and pupils	The best regular student of fifth year, the best student of the third and fourth year Military pupils.	End of fifth year
Ortle	Medical Jurisprudence	Regular students	The best student at the oral and practical portion of the post Examination of the Final M. B. held in April.	End of sixth year
Calver	Medicine	Ditto	To the student who stands second in the Honours Examination in Medicine at the end of the fifth year.	Annually at the end of the fifth year.
Sutherland	Medical Jurisprudence	Ditto	To the second best student in practical Medical Jurisprudence at the Final M. B. Examination.	End of the sixth year.

F. A. F. BARNARDO, C.I.E., C.B.E., M.A., M.D., F.R.C.S., ETC., LT.-COL., I.M.S.

CALCUTTA:

Principal, Medical College, Calcutta

The 20th April 1923.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1923.

PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor-General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 16th March, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. XII OF 1923.

An Act further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the European Vagrancy Act, 1874, the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, and the Central Provinces Courts Act, 1917, in order to provide for the removal of certain existing discriminations between European British subjects and Indians in criminal trials and proceedings.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the European Vagrancy Act, 1874, the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, and the Central Provinces Courts Act, 1917, in order to provide for the removal of certain existing discriminations between European British subjects and Indians in criminal trials and proceedings: It is hereby enacted as follows:—

V of 1898.
IX of 1874
IX of 1908
C. P. Act
1 of 1917

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1923.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint.

Amendment of section 4, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

2. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the said Code), for clause (i) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

V of 1898.

European British subject.

“(i) European British subject” means—

- (i) any subject of His Majesty of European descent in the male line born, naturalised or domiciled in the British Islands or any Colony, or
- (ii) any subject of His Majesty who is the child or grandchild of any such person by legitimate descent.”

(2) In clause (j) of the same sub-section, after the word “Rangoon” the words “and the Courts of the Judicial Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Oudh and Sind” shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 22, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

3. In section 22 of the said Code, the words and brackets “(other than the presidency towns)” shall be omitted, and for the words “European British subjects” the words “persons resident within British India and not being the subjects of any foreign State” shall be substituted.

Repeal of sections 23 and 24, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Amendment of section 29, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Insertion of new section 29A in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Trial of European British subjects by second and third class Magistrates.

Insertion of new section 34A in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Sentences which Courts and Magistrates may pass upon European British subjects.

Repeal of section 111, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Amendment of section 206, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Repeal of section 214, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Amendment of section 215, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Amendment of section 266, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Amendment of section 274, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Substitution of new section for section 275, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Jury for trial of European and Indian British subjects and others.

Amendment of section 284, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

4. Sections 23 and 24 of the said Code shall be omitted.

5. In sub-section (1) of section 29 of the said Code, for the words and figures "provisions of section 447" the words "other provisions of this Code" shall be substituted.

6. After section 29 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"29A. No Magistrate of the second or third class shall inquire into or try any offence which is punishable otherwise than with fine not exceeding fifty rupees where the accused is an European British subject who claims to be tried as such."

7. After section 34 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"34A. Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 31, 32 and 34—

(a) no Court of Session shall pass on any European British subject any sentence other than a sentence of death, penal servitude, or imprisonment with or without fine, or of fine, and

(b) no District Magistrate or other Magistrate of the first class shall pass on any European British subject any sentence other than imprisonment which may extend to two years, or fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or both."

8. Section 111 of the said Code shall be omitted.

9. In sub-section (1) of section 206 of the said Code the words and figures "Subject to the provision of section 443" shall be omitted.

10. Section 214 of the said Code shall be omitted.

11. In section 215 of the said Code, the words and figures "or section 214" shall be omitted.

12. In section 266 of the said Code, after the word "includes" the following words shall be inserted, namely:— "the Courts of the Judicial Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Oudh and Sind and".

13. In sub-section (2) of section 274 of the said Code, for the word "three" the word "five" shall be substituted; and to the same sub-section the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that, where any accused person is charged with an offence punishable with death, the jury shall consist of not less than seven persons and, if practicable, of nine persons."

14. For section 275 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"275. (1) In a trial by jury before the High Court or Court of Session of a person who has been found under the provisions of this Code to be an European or Indian British subject, a majority of the jury shall, if such person before the first juror is called and accepted so requires, consist in the case of an European British subject, of persons who are Europeans or Americans and, in the case of an Indian British subject, of Indians.

(2) In any such trial by jury of a person who has been found under the provisions of this Code to be an European (other than an European British subject) or an American, a majority of the jury shall, if practicable and if such European or American before the first juror is called and accepted so requires, consist of persons who are Europeans or Americans."

15. In section 284 of the said Code, for the words "two or more shall be chosen, as the Judge thinks fit," the words "not less than three and, if practicable, four shall be chosen" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 284A in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Assessors for trial of European and Indian British subjects and others.

16. After section 284 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"284A. (1) If a trial with the aid of assessors of a person who has been found under the provisions of this Code to be an European or Indian British subject, if the European or Indian British subject accused, or, where there are several European British subjects accused or several Indian British subjects accused, all of them jointly, before the first assessor is chosen so require, all the assessors shall, in the case of European British subjects, be persons who are Europeans or Americans or, in the case of Indian British subjects, be Indians."

(2) In a trial with the aid of assessors of a person who has been found under the provisions of this Code to be an European (other than an European British subject) or an American, all the assessors shall, if practicable and if such European or American before the first assessor is chosen so requires, be persons who are Europeans or Americans."

Insertion of new section 285A in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

17. After section 285 the following heading and section shall be inserted, namely:—

"DD.—Joint trials.

Trial of European or Indian British subject or European or American jointly with others

285A. In any case in which an European or American is accused jointly with a person not being an European or American, or an Indian British subject is accused jointly with a person not being an Indian, and such European, Indian British subject or American is committed for trial before a Court of Session, he and such other person may be tried together, but if he requires to be tried in accordance with the provisions of section 275 or section 284A and is so tried, and the other person accused requires to be tried separately, such other person shall be tried separately in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter."

Substitution of new section for section 312, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Number of special jurors.

18. For section 312 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"312. The High Court may prescribe the number of persons whose names shall be entered at any one time in the special jurors list:

Provided that no definite number of Europeans or of Americans or of Indians shall be so prescribed."

Amendment of section 326, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

19. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 326 of the said Code, after the words "for any such trial" the following words shall be added, namely:—

"and including, where any accused person is an European or an American, as many Europeans or Americans as may be required for the purpose of choosing jurors or assessors for the trial."

(2) To the same section the following sub-sections shall be added, namely:—

"(3) Where the accused requires and is entitled to be tried under the provisions of section 275, there shall be chosen by lot, in the manner prescribed by or under section 276, from the whole number of persons returned the jurors who are to constitute the jury until a jury containing the proper number of Europeans or Europeans and Americans or of Indians, as the case may be, has been obtained:

Provided that, in any case in which the proper number of Europeans or Americans cannot otherwise be obtained, the Court may, in its discretion for the purpose of constituting the jury, summon any person excluded from the list on the ground of his being exempted under section 320.

(4) Where, under the proviso to sub-section (3), the Court proposes to summon as a juror any person in His Majesty's Army, the provisions of section 317 shall apply in like manner as they apply for the purpose of the summoning of military jurors for a trial under section 316."

Repeal of section 336, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

20. Section 336 of the said Code shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 390, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

21. In section 390 of the said Code, after the word "shall" the words "subject to the provisions of section 391" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 391, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

22. In sub-section (1) of section 391 of the said Code, for the words "is sentenced to whipping in addition to imprisonment in a case which is subject to appeal" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(a) is sentenced to whipping only and furnishes bail to the satisfaction of the Court for his appearance at such time and place as the Court may direct, or

(b) is sentenced to whipping in addition to imprisonment."

Amendment of section 408, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

23. In section 408 of the said Code, clause (a) of the proviso shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 413, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

24. In section 413 of the said Code, the words "or the District Magistrate or other Magistrate of the first class" and the words "or of whipping only" shall be omitted; and after the words "one month only or" the words "in which a Court of Session or District Magistrate or other Magistrate of the first class passes a sentence" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 414, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

25. In section 414 of the said Code, the words "of imprisonment not exceeding three months only, or" and the words "or of whipping only" shall be omitted.

Repeal of section 416, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

26. Section 416 of the said Code shall be omitted.

Substitution of new Chapter for Chapter XXXIII, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

27. For Chapter XXXIII, including sections 443 to 463 of the said Code the following Chapter and sections shall be substituted, namely:—

"CHAPTER XXXIII."

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO CASES IN WHICH EUROPEAN AND INDIAN BRITISH SUBJECTS ARE CONCERNED.

Determination regarding applicability of this Chapter.

443. (1) Where, in the course of the trial outside a presidency-town of any offence punishable with imprisonment, the accused person, at any time before he is committed for trial under section 213 or is asked to show cause under section 242 or enters on his defence under section 256, as the case may be, claims that the case ought to be tried under the provisions of this Chapter, the Magistrate inquiring into or trying the case, after making such inquiry as he thinks necessary, and after allowing the accused person reasonable time within which to adduce evidence in support of his claim, shall if he is satisfied—

(a) that the complainant and the accused persons or any of them are respectively European and Indian British subjects or Indian and European British subjects, or

(b) that, in view of the connection with the case of both an European British subject and an Indian British subject, it is expedient for the ends of justice that the case should be tried under the provisions of this Chapter,

record a finding that the case is a case which ought to be tried under the provisions of this Chapter, or, if he is not so satisfied, record a finding that it is not such a case.

(2) Where the Magistrate rejects the claim, the person by whom it was made may appeal to the Sessions Judge, and the decision of the Sessions Judge thereon shall be final and shall not be questioned in any Court in appeal or revision.

(3) Where the Magistrate rejects the claim, he shall stay the proceedings until the expiration of the period allowed for the presentation of the appeal or, if an appeal is presented, until it has been decided.

Definition of
"complainant."

444. For the purposes of section 443, "complainant" means any person making a complaint or, in relation to any case of which cognizance is taken under clause (b) of section 190, sub-section (1), any person who has given information relating to the commission of the offence within the meaning of section 154 :

Provided that a Public Prosecutor, a public servant, a member, officer or servant of any local authority, a railway servant as defined in section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, or an officer or servant of any company, association or other body to which the Local Government may, by general or special order published in the local official Gazette, declare the provisions of this section to apply, shall not, by reason only of the fact that he has made a complaint of, or given information of, an offence in his capacity as such Public Prosecutor, public servant, railway servant, member, officer or servant, be deemed to be a complainant within the meaning of this section, nor shall a police-officer be so deemed by reason only of the fact that a report under section 173 relating to a case has been made by or through him.

Procedure in
summons cases.

445. (1) Where a Magistrate or a Sessions Judge decides under section 443 that a case ought to be tried under the provisions of this Chapter and the case is a summons-case, the Magistrate trying the same shall direct that the case be referred to a Bench of two Magistrates and shall send a copy of such order to the District Magistrate, who shall forthwith provide for the constitution of a Bench of two Magistrates of the first class, of whom one shall be an European and the other an Indian, for the trial of the case.

(2) Where the Magistrates constituting the Bench by which a case is tried under this section differ in opinion, the case, together with their opinions thereon, shall be laid before the Sessions Judge, who may examine any party or recall and examine any witness who has already given evidence in the case, and may call for and take any further evidence, and shall thereafter pass such judgment, sentence or order in the case as he thinks fit and as is according to law.

(3) Any person convicted by a Bench under this section shall have the same right of appeal as if he had been convicted by a Magistrate of the first class, and any person convicted by a Sessions Judge under sub-section (2) shall have the same right of appeal to the High Court as if he had been convicted by the Sessions Judge at a trial held by the Sessions Judge under this Code.

(4) In any case in which it is impracticable to constitute a Bench in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) in any district, the District Magistrate shall transfer the case for trial by a like Bench to such other district as the High Court may, by general or special order, direct.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct that all summons-cases tried under the provisions of this Chapter in any district specified in the notification shall be tried as if they were warrant-cases in accordance with the provisions hereinafter in this Chapter laid down for the trial of warrant-cases.

Procedure in
warrant-cases.

446. (1) Where a Magistrate or a Sessions Judge decides under section 443 that a case ought to be tried under the provisions of this Chapter and the case is a warrant-case, the Magistrate inquiring into or trying the case shall, if he does not discharge the accused under section 209 or section 253, as the case may be, commit the case for trial to the Court of Session, whether the case is or is not exclusively triable by that Court.

(2) Where an accused is committed to the Court of Session under sub-section (1), the Court shall proceed to try the case as if the accused had required to be tried in accordance with the provisions of section 275, and the provisions of that section and the other provisions of Chapter XXIII, so far as they are applicable, shall apply accordingly :

Provided that where the trial before the Court of Session would, in the ordinary course be with the aid of assessors and the accused, or all of them jointly, require to be tried in accordance with the provisions of section 284A, the trial shall be held with the aid of assessors all of whom shall, in the case of European British subjects, be persons who are Europeans or Americans or, in the case of Indian British subjects, be Indians.

Court to inform
accused persons
of their rights in
certain cases.

447. If at any stage of an inquiry or trial under this Code it appears to the Magistrate that the case is or might be held to be a case which ought to be tried under the provisions of this Chapter, he shall forthwith inform the accused person of his rights under this Chapter.

References to
Sessions Judge to
be construed as
references to High
Court in Rangoon.

448. For the purpose of the trial in Rangoon of any person under the provisions of this Chapter, references to the Sessions Judge shall be construed as references to the High Court of Judicature at Rangoon.

Special provi-
sions relating to
appeal

449. (1) Where—

- (a) a case is tried by jury in a High Court or Court of Session under the provisions of this Chapter, or
- (b) a case which would otherwise have been tried under the provisions of this Chapter is under this Code committed to or transferred to the High Court and is tried by jury in the High Court, or
- (c) a case is tried by jury in the High Court in a presidency-town and the High Court grants leave to appeal on the ground that the case would, if it had been tried outside a presidency-town, have been triable under the provisions of this Chapter,

then, notwithstanding anything contained in section 418 or section 423, sub-section (2), or in the letters patent of any High Court, an appeal may lie to the High Court on a matter of fact as well as on a matter of law.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the letters patent of any High Court, the Local Government may direct the Public Prosecutor to present an appeal to the High Court from an original order of acquittal passed by the High Court in any such trial as is referred to in sub-section (1).

(3) An appeal under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall, where the High Court consists of more than one judge, be heard by two judges of the High Court."

Amendment of
section 478, Code
of Criminal Pro-
cedure, 1898.

28. In sub-section (2) of section 478 of the said Code, the words and figures "subject to the provisions of section 443" shall be omitted; and, after the word and figures "Chapter XVIII" the words and figures "and of Chapter XXXIII in cases where that Chapter applies" shall be inserted.

Amendment of
section 480, Code
of Criminal Pro-
cedure, 1898.

29. In section 480 of the said Code,—

- (a) in sub-section (1), the words "whether he is a European British subject or not" shall be omitted; and

- (b) in sub-section (2), for the words and figures "section 443 or section 444" the words and figures "section 29A or in Chapter XXXIII" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 491, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

30. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 491 of the said Code,—
- (a) for the words "Any of the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras and Bombay" the words "Any High Court" shall be substituted; and
- (b) for the words "ordinary original civil jurisdiction" the words "appellate criminal jurisdiction" shall be substituted.

(2) In sub-section (2) of the same section for the words "Each of the said High Courts" the words "The High Court" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 491A in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Powers of High Court outside the limits of appellate jurisdiction.

31. In Chapter XXXVII of the said Code, after section 491 the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"491A. Any High Court established by letters patent may exercise the powers conferred by section 491 in the case of any European British subject within such territories, other than those within the limits of its appellate criminal jurisdiction, as the Governor General in Council may direct."

Insertion of new section 526A in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

High Court to transfer for trial to itself in certain cases.

32. After section 526 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"526A. (1) Where any person subject to the Naval Discipline Act or to the Army Act or to the Air Force Act is accused of any offence such as is referred to in proviso (a) to section 41 of the Army Act, the Advocate General shall, if so instructed by the competent authority, apply to the High Court for the committal or transfer of the case to that High Court and thereupon the High Court shall order that the case be committed for trial to or be transferred to itself and shall thereafter proceed to try the case by jury.

29 and 30
Vic. c. 109.
44 and 45
Vic. c. 58.

(2) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare any officer to be the competent authority for the purpose of issuing instructions under sub-section (1) in regard to any class of cases specified in the notification."

Insertion of new Chapter XLIVA in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

33. After Chapter XLIV of the said Code the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely:—

"CHAPTER XLIVA.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO EUROPEAN AND INDIAN BRITISH SUBJECTS AND OTHERS.

Procedure of claim of a person to be dealt with as European or Indian British subject, or as European or American.

528A. (1) Where, in any case to which the provisions of Chapter XXXIII do not apply, any person claims to be dealt with as an European or Indian British subject, or where any person claims to be dealt with as an European (other than an European British subject) or an American, he shall state the grounds of such claim to the Magistrate before whom he is brought for the purpose of the inquiry or trial; and such Magistrate shall inquire into the truth of such statement and allow the person making it a reasonable time within which to prove that it is true, and shall then decide whether he is or is not an European British subject, or an Indian British subject or an European or an American as the case may be, and shall deal with him accordingly.

(2) When any such claim is rejected by the Magistrate and the person by whom it was made is committed by the Magistrate for trial before the Court of Session, and such person repeats the

claim before such Court, such Court shall, after such further inquiry if any as it thinks fit, decide the claim, and shall deal with such person accordingly.

(3) When any Court before which any person is tried rejects any such claim as aforesaid the decision shall form a ground of appeal from the sentence or order passed in such trial.

Failure to plead status a waiver.

528B. If in any such case an European or Indian British subject or an European (other than an European British subject) or an American does not claim to be dealt with as such by the Magistrate before whom he is tried or by whom he is committed, or if, when such claim has been made before and rejected by the committing Magistrate, it is not repeated before the Court to which such person is committed, he shall be held to have relinquished his right to be dealt with as an European British subject or an Indian British subject, or an European or an American as the case may be, and shall not assert it in any subsequent stage of the case.

Trial of person as belonging to class to which he does not belong.

528C. Where a person, not being an European British subject, is dealt with as an European British subject or, not being an Indian British subject, is dealt with as an Indian British subject or, not being an European (other than an European British subject) or American, is dealt with as an European or American, and such person does not object, the inquiry, commitment, trial, or sentence, as the case may be, shall not, by reason of such dealing, be invalid.

Application of Acts conferring jurisdiction on Magistrates or Courts of Session.

528D. (1) Unless there is something repugnant in the context, all enactments made by the Governor General in Council or the Indian Legislature which confer on Magistrates or on the Court of Session jurisdiction over offences shall be deemed to apply to European British subjects, although such persons are not expressly referred to therein.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorise any Court to exceed the limits prescribed by this Code as to the amount of punishment which it may inflict on an European British subject or to confer jurisdiction on any Magistrate of the second or third class for the trial of such subjects."

Amendment of section 534, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

34. For section 534 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Omission to give information under section 147.

"534. An omission to inform under section 147 any person of his rights under Chapter XXXIII shall not affect the validity of any proceeding."

Amendment of section 4, Act IX of 1874.

35. In section 4 of the European Vagrancy Act, 1874 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the words "the nearest Justice of the Peace exercising the powers of a Magistrate of the first class under the Code of Criminal Procedure" the words "the nearest Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

Amendment of sections 5, 8 and 29, Act IX of 1874.

36. In sections 5, 8 and 29 of the said Act, for the word "Justice" the words "Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

Amendment of sections 7, 9, 10 and 24, Act IX of 1874.

37. In sections 7, 9, 10 and 24 of the said Act, for the words "Justice of the Peace exercising powers as aforesaid" the words "Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted; and, in section 10 of the said Act, the words "Justice of the Peace," where they first occur, shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 19, Act IX of 1874.

38. In section 19 of the said Act, for the words "Justice of the Peace," wherever they occur, the words "Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 30, Act
IX of 1874.

30. In section 30 of the said Act, the words "beyond the limits of the said towns", the words and brackets "(other than those contained in Chapter XXXVIII of the same Code)", and the words "If from any cause he is committed or held to bail by a Justice of the Peace to take his trial before a High Court, he shall not be at liberty to object to the jurisdiction of such Justice of the Peace or High Court on the ground of anything contained in the former part of this section" shall be omitted.

Amendment of
section 33, Act
IX of 1874.

33. In section 33 of the said Act, the words "Justices of the Peace exercising the powers of a Magistrate of the first class" shall be omitted.

Amendment of
the First Schedule
to Act IX of
1874.

41. In the First Schedule to the said Act, for the words "Justice of the Peace for exercising the powers of a Magistrate of the class" the words "Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
First Schedule
to Act IX of
1908.

42. In the First Schedule to the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, the following item shall be inserted after item 150, namely:—

IX of 1908

150A.—Under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, from a finding rejecting a claim under section 443 of that Code.	Seven days ...	The date of the finding.
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Amendment of
section 3, Central
Provinces Courts
Act, 1917.

43. In section 3 of the Central Provinces Courts Act, 1917, the words "except in reference to proceedings against European British subjects and persons jointly charged with the European British subjects" shall be omitted.

C. P. Act I
of 1917.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 16th March, 1923, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. XV OF 1923.

An Act to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

XI of 1922.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Income-tax (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 7, Act XI of 1922.

2. To sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following explanation shall be added, namely:—

XI of 1922.

"*Explanation.*—The right of a person to occupy free of rent as a place of residence any premises provided by his employer is a perquisite for the purposes of this sub-section."

Amendment of section 68, Act XI of 1922.

3. (1) In section 68 of the said Act, in the second proviso,—

(a) for the words and figures "to all assessments made under that Act in the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1922," the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"to income-tax leviable under that Act in respect of the year beginning on the first day of April, 1921, and to super-tax chargeable under the Super-tax Act, 1920, in that year"; and

(b) for the words and figures "section 19 of the said Act" the words "that section" shall be substituted.

(2) The amendments made in the said Act by sub-section (1) shall have effect as if they had been made on the 1st day of April, 1922.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1923.

PART VI.

Bills introduced in the Council of State and Legislative Assembly, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Assembly, and Bills published under Rule 18 of the Indian Legislative Rules.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 27th March, 1923 :—

NO. 15 OF 1923.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1908; It is hereby enacted as follows :— IX of 1908.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Limitation (Amendment) Act, 1923.

Amendment of section 19 of Act IX of 1908.

2. In section 19 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following amendments shall be made, namely :— IX of 1908.

(a) In sub-section (1), for the words "an acknowledgment" the words "a clear and unconditional acknowledgment" shall be substituted, and for the words "signed by" the words "signed and dated by" shall be substituted;

(b) sub-section (2) shall be omitted;

(c) Explanation I shall be omitted; and

(d) for Explanation II the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"Explanation II.—For the purposes of this section 'signed' means signed either personally or by an agent duly authorised in writing in this behalf."

Amendment of
section 20, Act IX
of 1908

3. (a) For sub-section (1) of section 20 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"where anything is paid either as interest or part of the principal of a debt or legacy before the prescribed period by the debtor or by his agent duly authorised in writing in this behalf, the entry as to such payment being signed and dated by the payer, a fresh period of limitation shall be computed from the date of payment."

(b) Sub-section (2) of the same section shall be omitted.

Amendment of
section 21, Act IX
of 1908

4. In sub-section (1) of section 21 of the said Act, after the word "authorised" wherever it occurs, the words "in writing" shall be inserted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the proposed amendment is to decrease litigation, perjury, forgery and fraud. At present many facts are required to be proved by oral evidence which the Courts may or may not believe and the result is always uncertain.

Under the proposed amendment, a clear and unconditional acknowledgment duly signed and dated by the person liable or by his agent duly authorised in writing will be required to extend time. Debtors should not be taken by surprise by an ambiguous or undated writing which might be used to extend the period of limitation.

In section 20, there is always a dispute whether the payment was made on account of interest as such. Under the amended section, part payment of principal and payment of interest have been placed on equal footing. Similar amendment has been made in section 21. Authority of an agent to extend time under any of the sections referred to in this Bill must always be in writing and not oral.

I hope the proposed amendments, if passed into law, will considerably reduce litigation and the multiplicity of witnesses will be avoided.

GIRDHARILAL AGARWALA, M.L.A.

Dated the 7th December, 1922.

H. MONCRIEFF SMITH,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1923.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

[Not Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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NOTIFICATION.

No. 1486 Edn.—17th 21st April 1923.—The Report on the Bruce Institution for the year 1922 is published for general information.

W. W. HORNELL,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

REPORT ON THE BRUCE INSTITUTION FOR THE YEAR 1922.

Control.—(1) During the year under review, Mr. W. W. Hornell, C.I.E., who was on leave, returned to India in November relieving Mr. W. C. Wordsworth as Honorary Secretary.

(2) The following were appointed to be Governors :—

- (a) The Rev. E. B. Joyner, vice the Rev. A. Lincoln Shute, D.D., resigned.
- (b) Mrs. J. H. Rundlett, vice Mr. James Wyness, resigned.

(3) Mr. Maurice Remfry, whose term of office had expired, was reappointed Governor.

(4) The following were the Governors at the end of the year :—

The Hon. the Chief Justice of Bengal	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
The Most Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta	...	
The Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal	...	
The Chairman of the Calcutta Municipality	...	
The Director of Public Instruction (Honorary Secretary)	...	
The Hon. Mr. Justice H. G. Pearson	...	
The Rev. J. Godber (Archdeacon of Calcutta)	...	
The Rev. T. Vander Schueren, S.J.	...	
The Rev. E. B. Joyner	...	
Maurice Remfry, Esq.	...	
W. F. Papworth, Esq. (Inspector of European Schools)	...	
Mrs. J. H. Bundlett	...	

II. Capital and Income.—At the end of the year the capital of the Institution amounted to Rs. 10,46,200 in 3½ per cent. stock-certificate of the year 1865, and in addition temporary investment from savings stood at Rs. 23,200, as in the previous year, of which Rs. 13,200 was in Government securities and the balance, Rs. 10,000, in a Treasury Bill. The annual interest is Rs. 37,079, which is banked with the Imperial Bank of India. The year opened with a cash balance of Rs. 20,840-8-5 and closed with one of Rs. 20,652-3-6.

III. Election to Vacancies, etc.—(1) The annual election of wards was held on Friday, the 20th January. For the 15 vacancies advertised 52 applications were received, but as it was found that funds would permit of a larger number of wards being elected, 22 girls were elected on the recommendation of a sub-committee consisting of the Rev. J. Godber, the Rev. T. Vander Schueren, S.J., the Rev. A. Lincon Shute, D.D., and Mr. Maurice Remfry. Of the girls elected, 12 were placed in the Loreto Convent, Entally (5 in the 1st, and 7 in the 2nd, Boarding School), 2 in the Loreto Convent, Assisol, 3 in the Calcutta Girls' High School, 1 in the Pratt Memorial School, 1 in St. Paul's Mission School and 1 in Dow Hill School, Kurseong. Two girls did not join.

(2) Of the 19 girls withdrawn during the year, 11 had attained the age of 17, the limit ordinary allowed under the rules, and 8 were withdrawn for other reasons.

(3) Of the girls who had been withdrawn during the preceding year, and in respect of whom reports have been received during the year under review, one is employed as a telephone girl and one as a typist in private firms, another after finishing her course in shorthand and typewriting has taken up a post at the Methodist Mission in Rajputana. Three have completed their course in shorthand and typewriting, and are trying for appointments. One is a teacher at a School in Calcutta, and one has joined the Dow Hill Training College, Kurseong.

(4) At the close of the year there were 83 wards on the rolls against 82 in the previous year. They were distributed as follows:—

Loreto Convent, EgtaMy	{ 1st Boarding 20 }	... 42
ditto Asansol	{ 2nd Boarding 22 }	... 7
St. Mary's Convent, Naini Tal	...	... 3
Calcutta Girls' High School	...	... 11
Pratt Memorial School	...	... 7
LaMartiniere for Girls	...	... 1
Calcutta Free School	...	... 6
St. Paul's Mission Home	...	... 4
Stewart School, Cuttack	...	... 1
Dow Hill School, Kurseong	...	... 1
Total		... 83

(5) The following table affords particulars as to the class and religion of the wards at the close of the year :—

CLASS.	Roman Catholic	Church of England.	Non-Conformists.	TOTAL.
1. Orphans, or deserted by their parents	8	4	8	12
2. Fatherless or motherless, or deserted by their fathers or mothers	38	13	5	56
3. Those who have both parents alive	7	3	5	15
TOTAL	53	20	18	91

(6) The health of the wards were generally satisfactory. There were no deaths.

IV. Education and Maintenance.—(1) The nature of the education given to the wards was that prescribed for Higher Grade Schools under the Code of Regulations for Europeans Schools in Bengal, and in a few cases, for Secondary Schools.

(2) The Governors are anxious that their wards should not be allowed to drift until they leave school, and have accordingly asked the Visiting-Governor to report, in consultation with the School Authorities, and the girls themselves who have, or are about to attain the age of 15, some definite proposals where this seems desirable, so that the last two years of their school-life may be spent to the best advantage and be a preparation for earning a living.

(3) Two wards were sent up for the Senior Cambridge Local Examination held in December 1921, and one passed. Two were sent up for the Junior Cambridge, and one passed. One was sent up for the Elementary School Certificate Examination and one for the Commercial Course Examination, and both passed. Several wards appeared at the Cambridge Local Examinations held in December 1922; the results are not yet known.

(4) Under the rules a girl is not ordinarily allowed to remain on the Fund after the age of 17, when an outfit of Rs. 100 is generally given on application, to enable her to make a start in life. In cases where wards wish to be trained as teachers and have the support of the school authorities, or where some other special training is recommended, or they are preparing for higher examinations, some extension of the period of benefit is generally allowed. One ward was granted a year's extension to enable her to sit for the Senior Cambridge Local Examination. Two were granted extensions for two years each, and one for one year, to enable them to undergo a Commercial Course.

(5) The monthly average cost for the education and maintenance of each ward amounted to Rs. 25-2 against Rs. 25-12-6 in the preceding year.

(6) The amounts paid under the different heads of expenditure were as noted below :—

1922.	Rs.	A.	P.	1921.	Rs.	A.	P.
Education and Maintenance	31,226	8	0	Education and Maintenance	32,163	0	0
Office Establishment	942	4	3	Office Establishment	913	0	0
Contingencies	78	4	0	Contingencies	111	8	0
Advertisement and Printing	562	4	0	Advertisement and Printing	459	4	0
Cost of outfits	3,100	0	0	Cost of outfits	2,300	0	0
Other charges	218	0	0	Other charges	100	0	0
Holiday fees	331	0	0				
Special donation for clothing	1,500	0	0				
Total	37,958	4	3	Total	36,026	12	0

V. Inspection.—Mr. W. F. Papworth was appointed visiting governor for the first half, and Mrs. J. H. Rudlett for the second half, of the year. They visited all the schools in Calcutta in which there were Bruce wards, and saw each ward. On their recommendation certain wards were allowed to take up a commercial course in place of the ordinary school course. Mr. Papworth reported that the general health of the wards was good and that the children appeared well cared for, neat and cheerful. He strongly urged that no girl be allowed to receive a secondary education unless her school record in the primary section (i.e. up to and including standard IV) clearly indicated that she was worth it, and that care should be taken to see that no girl received the type of education for which she was obviously unfitted.

VI. Meetings.—Four meetings were held during the year, and among the various resolutions passed the following may be recorded :—

- That a girl on election should ordinarily be sent to an Elementary School whether or not at school or already in a Secondary School.
- That a girl on election may, for good reason shown, be permitted to join a secondary school if the mother or any one else pays the extra fee, or if the school is prepared to accept her for the Elementary School allowance.
- That for a girl joining a Secondary School, the Governors should not pay more than the Elementary School allowance while she is in the lower or non-secondary classes.
- That for girls in Secondary Schools in classes beyond Standard IV, payment should always be made at the secondary rate.
- That arrangements should be made to remove promising girls from Elementary to Secondary, and unpromising girls from Secondary to Elementary Schools after Standard IV.

(f) That wards should not be restricted to Schools in Bengal.

(g) That for wards ordered to file bills by medical authority, the extra expenditure necessary may be regarded as a fair charge upon the funds of the Institution, and that this expenditure be continued until the end of the school year in which it is certified that they are fit to return to their original schools.

That for a Bruce ward transferred, with the consent of the Governor, from a higher grade to a secondary school, or *vice versa*, a second outfit grant of Rs. 50 may be paid to the receiving school. No second outfit grant shall otherwise be given.

W. W. HORNELL,

Honorary Secretary to the Governors.

CALCUTTA, the 12th March 1923.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE WATER-HYACINTH
COMMITTEE, BENGAL.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Agriculture.

DARJEELING, THE 16TH APRIL 1923.

RESOLUTION—No. 41T.-A.I.

Minister in charge : The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.

In pursuance of a resolution carried at a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council the Government of Bengal in June 1921 appointed a committee to enquire into the spread of the water hyacinth in Bengal and to suggest measures for its eradication. The committee have submitted a report in which they have not been able to come to a unanimous conclusion on the important question of the measures to be taken for the eradication of the pest, but they have unanimously recommended that an investigation be undertaken in the first instance into the life history of the water hyacinth and its mode of propagation, and later on into practical methods of checking its growth and the possibility of its economic utilization. Pending further investigation, the committee recommend the encouragement of the collection of the hyacinth and its destruction by fire as the only means of immediate amelioration of the situation created by the pest. They are also of opinion that concerted action, which should be secured by legislation, is necessary. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) regret that the committee's lack of unanimity renders it very difficult to decide on the most desirable action to be taken. They agree with the committee that concerted action is necessary for the eradication of the pest and that, until some chemical method of effectively combating it is evolved, its collection and destruction by fire is the most practical way of dealing with it. They will also consider the question of legislation, and they are enquiring from the Government of Burma about the results obtained from the operation of the Burma Water Hyacinth Act, 1917 (I of 1917). The Government of Assam are also being invited to co-operate with this Government in any measures, legislative or experimental, which it may be decided to adopt. The Hon'ble Minister is also impressed with the necessity for the whole-hearted co-operation of the public in any measure of mechanical eradication of the water hyacinth which may serve even as a temporary palliative. The local bodies and municipalities and the Eastern Bengal and Assam Bengal Railway authorities have in the past interested themselves in measures for dealing with the pest, but owing to the lack of concerted action their efforts have not so far been productive of encouraging results. The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works) hope to win their co-operation in such measures as they may now take.

2. The committee were not unanimous about the efficacy of the spray demonstrations of which were given by its inventor, Mr. T. S. Griffiths. Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose and some members of the committee hold that the demonstrations were inconclusive. The experiments conducted on a small scale at Dacca under the supervision of the Imperial Mycologist and Economic Botanist to the Government of Bengal do, however, afford grounds for the belief that the fluid used by Mr. Griffiths, although harmless to human

beings and animals, results on application in the destruction of the water hyacinth.

Steps have accordingly been taken to communicate with Mr. Griffiths to ascertain the terms on which he would be prepared to undertake an extensive demonstration of the efficacy of his spray during the current year.

3. The Minister in charge desires to convey his thanks to the President and members of the committee for the trouble and care with which they investigated the question at so much personal inconvenience and sacrifice.

By order of the Government of Bengal
(Ministry of Agriculture and Public Works),

J. T. DONOVAN,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Boalia for the week ending 14th April 1923.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above zero of P.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
8th April	7 A.M.	36.20	36.20	35.35	P. W. D. datum 6.25 ft. above Hudderspole of dock sill.
9th "	7 "	36.20	36.20	35.30	
10th "	7 "	36.25	36.25	35.25	
11th "	7 "	36.35	36.30	35.20	P. M. on College stg 64.93.
12th "	7 "	36.35	36.35	35.25	Value of zero 0.00 P. W. D.
13th "	7 "	36.40	36.40	35.25	
14th "	7 "	36.40	36.40	35.25	

			Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year	...	Highest water-level	on 15th September 1922	61.75
Ditto	...	Lowest	on 27th and 28th April and 9th May 1922	54.70
Record	...	Highest	on 26th August 1879	64.41
Do.	...	Ditto	on 9th September 1886	64.27
Do.	...	Ditto	on 25th August 1906	63.47
Do.	...	Ditto	on 25th August 1900	63.40
Do.	...	Lowest	on 25th April 1884	52.82
Do.	...	Ditto	on 14th and 16th April 1888	53.82
Do.	...	Ditto	on 21st and 22nd April 1897	54.21
Do.	...	Ditto	on 6th and 7th May 1908	54.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

JADAB CHANDRA GHOSH, for Subdivisional Officer,

BOALIA, the 14th April 1923.

I. D., Jangipur.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 14th April 1923.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1923.					
8th April	7 A.M.	6.8	6.8	6.9	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench-mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghat and Chandpore ghat. Its reduced level is 26.84.
9th "	7 "	6.7	6.7	7.3	
10th "	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.4	
11th "	7 "	6.7	6.7	7.4	
12th "	7 "	6.9	6.9	7.4	
13th "	7 "	7.1	7.1	7.6	
14th "	7 "	7.6	7.6	7.9	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	24.6 on 16th August 1922.
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	4.3 on 14th March 1922.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest	...	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1899.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H. F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	...	25.56 on 31st July 1900.
Record	...	Lowest	...	1.5 on 8th February 1911.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 18th March 1908.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 2nd to 9th March 1884.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	8.16 on 8th to 11th March 1886.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	8.16 on 16th, 17th and 20th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 3rd October 1898.

R. C. GUHA, Subdivisional Officer,

RAJBARI the 15th April 1923.

P. W. D., Faridpur.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Water-works station on the river
Brahmaputra for the week ending 7th April 1923.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 7 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1923.							
1st April	52.9	11-0	54.3	17-20	52.25	52.35	H. T. at 11-0. L. T. at 17-20.
2nd "	53.1	11-48	54.4	6-0	52.8	52.9	H. T. at 6-0. L. T. at 11-48.
3rd "	53.3	12-30	54.8	8-50	53.3	53.15	H. T. at 7-5. L. T. at 12-30.
4th "	53.7	13-20	55.0	7-35	53.5	53.75	H. T. at 7-35. L. T. at 13-20.
5th "	53.8	14-55	54.85	8-15	53.4	53.75	H. T. at 8-30. L. T. at 14-55.
6th "	53.6	14-50	54.7	9-0	53.0	53.8	H. T. at 9-15. L. T. at 14-50.
7th "	53.5	15-35	54.5	9-50	52.8	54.0	H. T. at 10-0. L. T. at 15-35.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

					High.
27th August	1906	...	...	...	70.5
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
18th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1913	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1914	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
2nd "	1919	...	...	...	66.8
8th September	1920	...	...	...	66.9
28th July	1921	...	...	...	68.4
10th August	1922	...	...	...	68.00
					Low.
23rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
13th "	1908	...	...	...	51.08
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.10
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40
28th "	1919	...	...	...	50.4
18th "	1920	...	...	...	50.9
19th "	1921	...	...	...	50.3
8th March	1922	...	...	...	51.05

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works=48.51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

B. CHATTERJI, for Executive Engineer,
Faulna Division

CALCUTTA, the 21st April 1923.

